

# APPENDIX D: HAND AUGER LOGS

# HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 30/09/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:25

Sheet 1 of 1

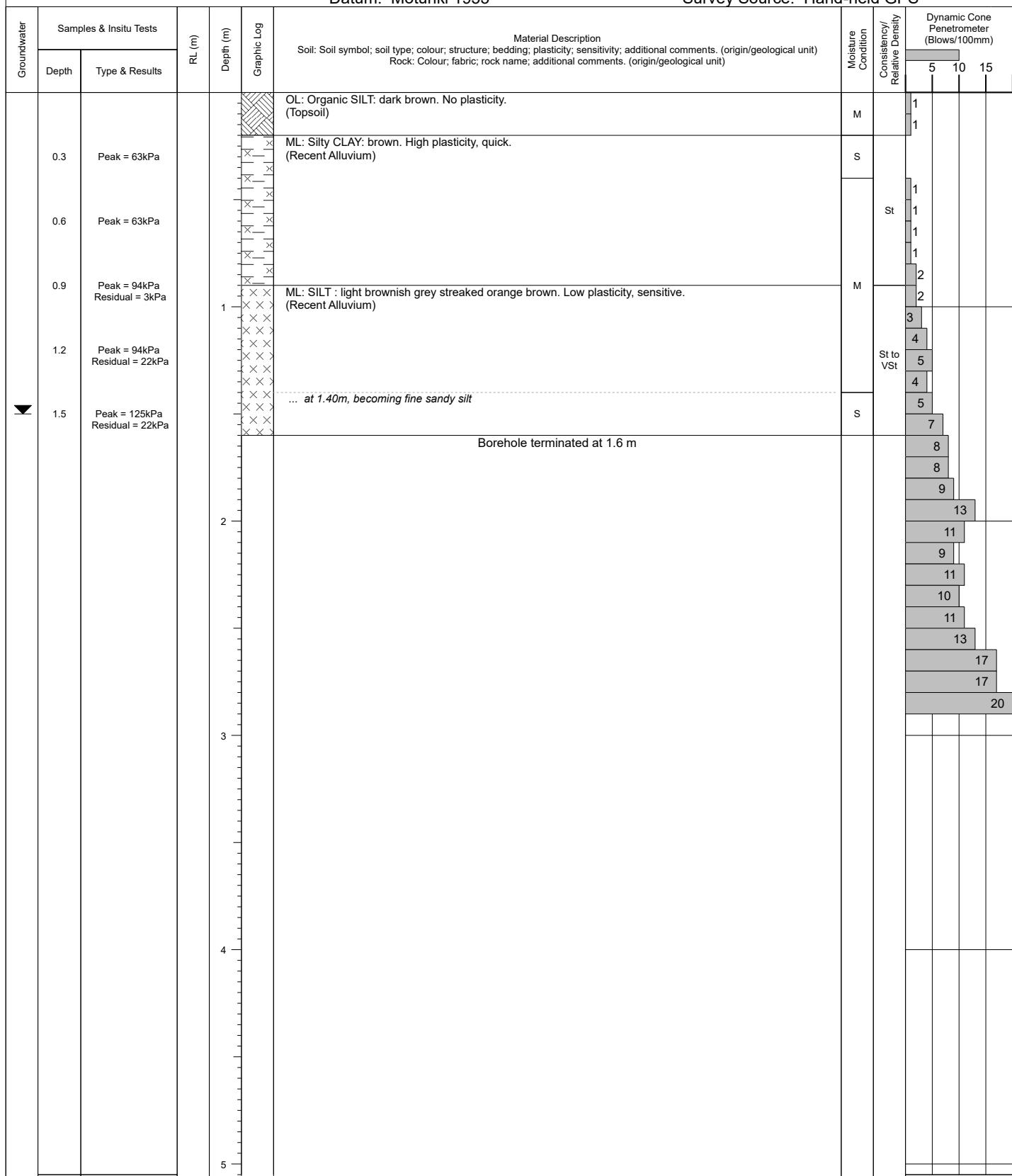


Position: 486817.2mE; 694818.6mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS



# HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 30/09/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:25

Sheet 1 of 1

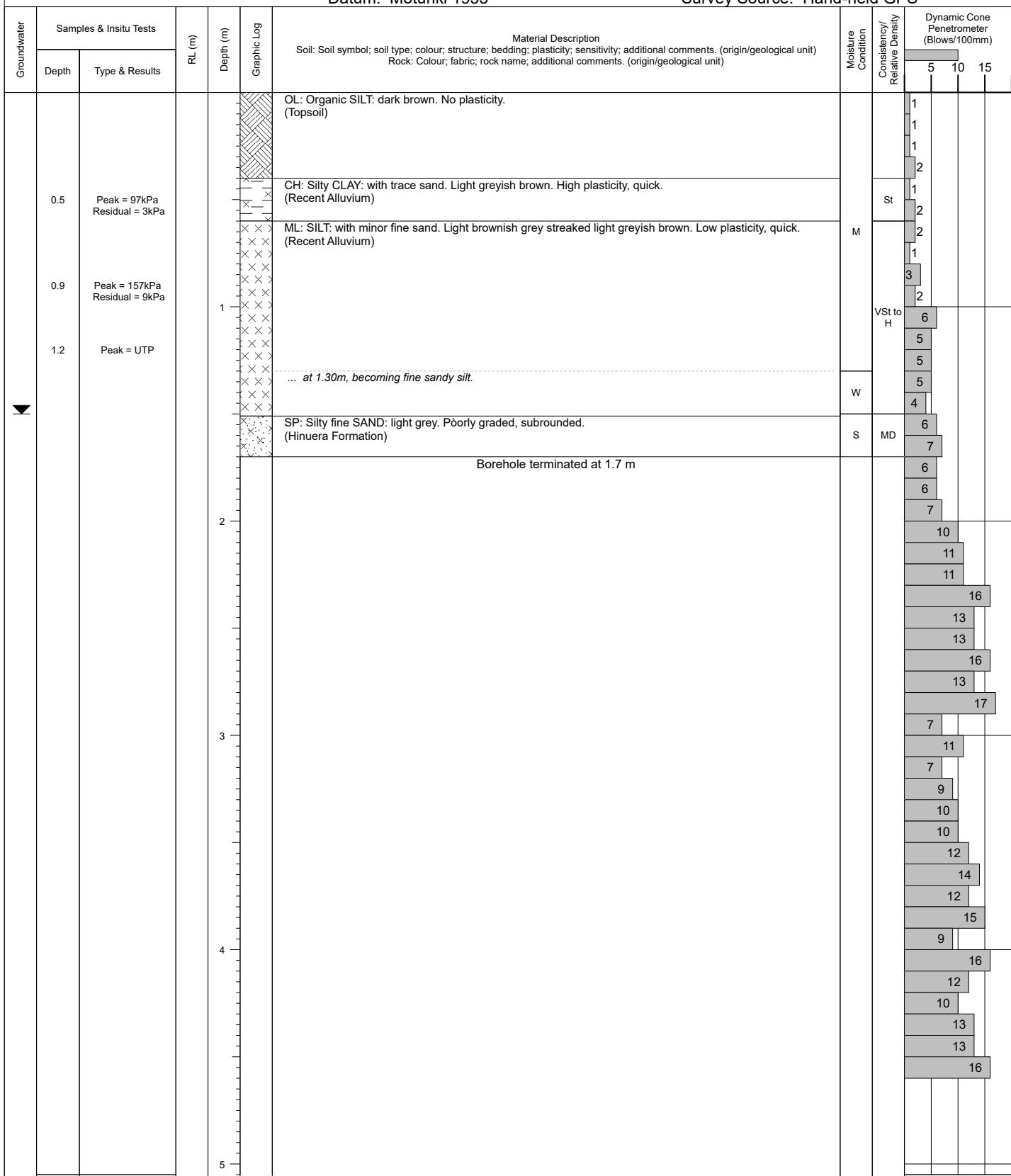


Position: 486830.9mE; 694767.3mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS



Termination Reason: Hole collapse

Shear Vane No: 1911

DCP No: 27

Remarks: Groundwater encountered. at 1.5m

# **HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-03**

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

## Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 30/09/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: B

Scale: 1:25

Sheet 1 of 1



Position: 486813.8mE 694711.5mN

## Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Datum: Moturiki 1953 Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Datum: Mean Sea Level

Survey Source: Hand held GPR

Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency/Relative Density	Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (Blows/100mm)		
	Depth	Type & Results							5	10	15
▼	0.3  Peak = 31kPa  0.6 Peak = 78kPa Residual = 6kPa  0.9 Peak = 66kPa Residual = 16kPa  1.2 Peak = 100kPa Residual = 19kPa	1  1  1  1  1	OL: Organic SILT: dark brown. No plasticity. (Topsoil)  ML: Clayey SILT: brown. Low plasticity, sensitive to extra sensitive. (Recent Alluvium)  SP: Silty fine SAND: light brownish grey streaked light orange brown. Poorly graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation)	M  W  S	1	1	2	2			
					2	1	1	1			
					3	1	1	3			
					4	5	6	7			
					5	7	7	7			
					6	5	7	6			
	2.0  Peak = UTP	2  2  2	ML: SILT: light grey. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)	H	9	13	13				
					8	8	8				
					7	5	4				
					8	7	8				
Borehole terminated at 2.2 m	3  3  4  4  5	8  8  8  7  9  11  10  10  6  4  9  10  11  8  10  11  10  12  8  6	8  8  8  7  5  4  4  7  8  7  8  9  11  10  10  6  4  9  10  11  8  10  11  10  12  8  6	11	10	10					
				10	10	10					
				11	6	4					
				12	8	8					
				13	10	10					
				14	11	11					
				15	10	10					
				16	12	12					
				17	8	8					
				18	6	6					

Termination Reason: Hole collapse

Shear Vane No. 1911

DCP No. 34

Remarks: Groundwater encountered encountered at 1.1m

# HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-04

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:25

Position: 487051.5mE; 695042.2mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency/Relative Density	Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (Blows/100mm)		
	Depth	Type & Results							5	10	15
▼	0.3	Peak = 66kPa Residual = 3kPa		1		OL: Organic SILT: dark brown. No plasticity. (Topsoil)	M	1 1	1		
						ML: SILT: with minor sand. Light brownish grey streaked light orange brown. Low plasticity, sensitive to quick. (Recent Alluvium)			1		
						... at 1.00m, becoming fine sandy silt			2		
	0.6	Peak = 97kPa Residual = 13kPa		2		SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with minor silt and trace fine gravel. Light brown. Well graded, subangular. (Hinuera Formation)	W	5 5	5		
						ML: Fine sandy SILT: light brownish grey streaked light orange brown. Low plasticity, sensitive. (Hinuera Formation)			6		
	1.6	Peak = 125kPa Residual = 19kPa		3		ML: SILT: light orange brown streaked orange brown. Low plasticity, extra sensitive. (Hinuera Formation)	VSt to H	8 7 7 5 4	7		
						ML: Clayey SILT: light grey. Low plasticity, moderately sensitive to sensitive. (Hinuera Formation)			6		
	2.2	Peak = 110kPa Residual = 13kPa		4		ML: SILT: light orange brown streaked orange brown. Low plasticity, extra sensitive. (Hinuera Formation)	S	6 4 5 3 6 6 4 6 8	6		
						ML: Clayey SILT: light grey. Low plasticity, moderately sensitive to sensitive. (Hinuera Formation)			7		
	2.5	Peak = 66kPa Residual = 22kPa		5		ML: SILT: light orange brown streaked orange brown. Low plasticity, extra sensitive. (Hinuera Formation)	VSt to H	10 7 6 6 8 9 9 11 11 11 13 13 7 6 7 6 7	8		
						ML: Clayey SILT: light grey. Low plasticity, moderately sensitive to sensitive. (Hinuera Formation)			9		
<p style="text-align: center;">Borehole terminated at 3.2 m</p>											

Termination Reason: Equipment refusal.

Shear Vane No: 1911

DCP No: 34

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 1.2m.

# HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-05

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 30/09/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:25



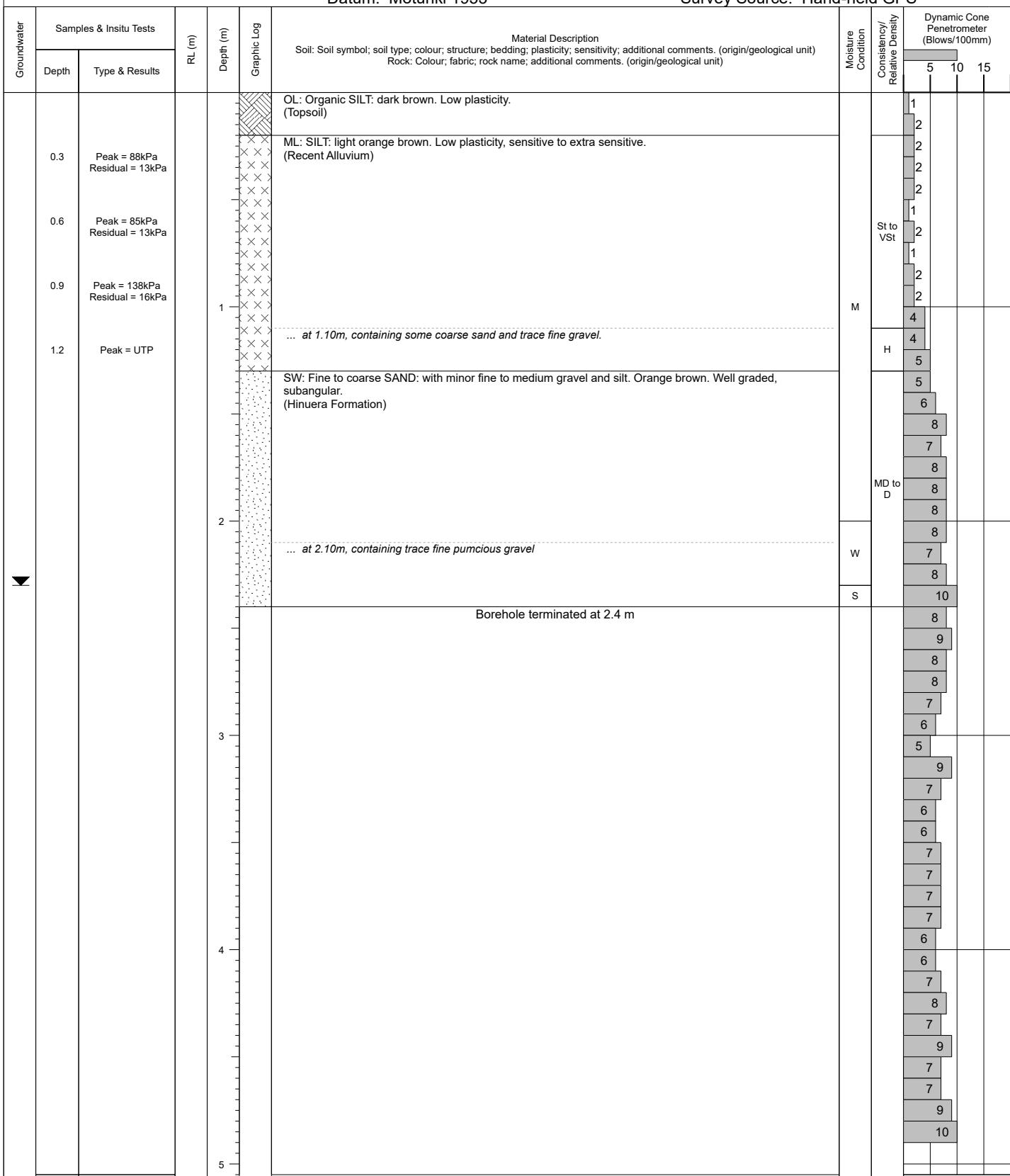
Sheet 1 of 2

Position: 487103.7mE; 694813.2mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS



Termination Reason: Hole collapse.

Shear Vane No: 1911

DCP No: 34

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 2.3m.

# **HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-06**

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

## Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 30/09/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: B

Scale: 1:25

Sheet 1 of 1



Position: 487191.2mE 694844.8mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Position: 487191.2mE; 694844.8mN      Projection: Mount Eden 2000  
Datum: Moturiki 1953      Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Termination Reason: Equipment refusal

Shear Vane No. 1911

DCP No. 34

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 1.3m

# HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-07

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:25

Sheet 1 of 1

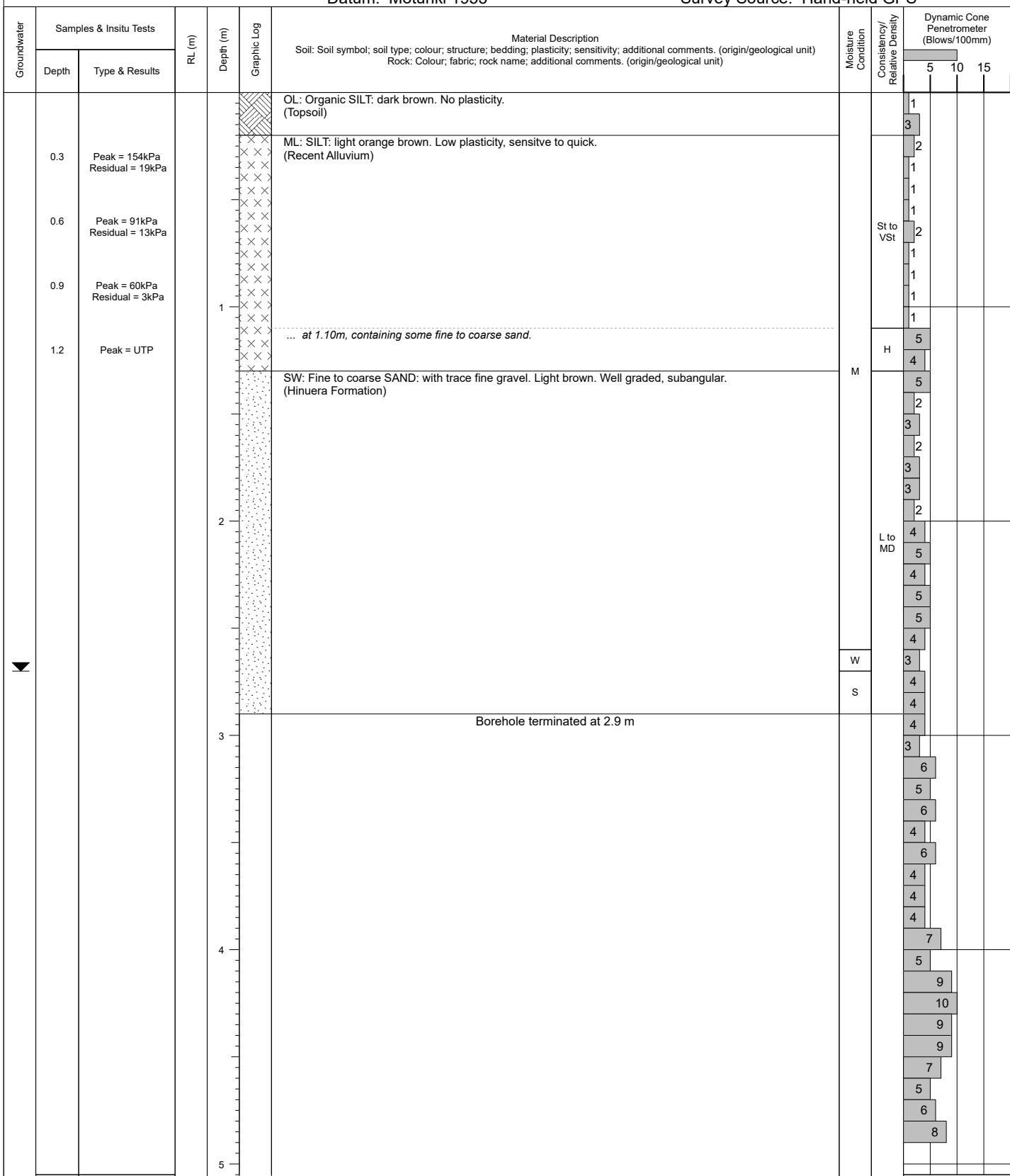


Position: 487262.8mE; 694868.4mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS



Termination Reason: Hole collapse.

Shear Vane No: 1911

DCP No: 34

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 2.7m.

# **HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-08**

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

## Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:25

Sheet 1 of 1



Position: 487472.9mE: 694424.3mN

## Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Sheet 1 of 1

Soil Test Log							Geological Log			Soil Properties			Site Information			
Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description			Moisture Condition	Consistency/ Relative Density	Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (Blows/100mm)					
	Depth	Type & Results				Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)					Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)			5	10	15
	0.3	Peak = 63kPa Residual = 9kPa				OL: Organic SILT: dark brown. No plasticity. (Topsoil)								2	2	1
	0.6	Peak = 110kPa Residual = 13kPa				ML: SILT: brown. Low plasticity, sensitive. (Recent Alluvium)								2	2	2
	0.9	Peak = 94kPa Residual = 53kPa				... at 0.90m, containing some coarse pumicious sand.								3	2	4
	1					SW: Fine to coarse SAND : with some fine lithic gravel and trave fine pumiceous gravel. Light orange brown (Hinuera Formation)								6	6	7
	2					... from 1.50m to 1.60m, lens of fine sand with minor silt.								5	7	7
	2					... at 2.20m, containing some silt								6	4	8
	3					... at 3.10m, becoming light grey, no longer containing lithic gravel.								4	4	8
	3					Borehole terminated at 3.4 m								5	5	8
	4													7	7	7
	5													4	4	7

Termination Reason: Hole collapse

Shear Vane No. 1911

DCP No. 34

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 3.3m

# **HAND AUGER BOREHOLE LOG - HA25-09**

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

## Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:25

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Sheet 1 of 1

Position: 487588.6mE: 694480.4mN

## Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Datum: Moturiki 1953 Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency Relative Density	Dynamic Cone Penetrometer (Blows/100mm)		
	Depth	Type & Results							5	10	15
						OL: Organic SILT: dark brown. No plasticity. (Topsoil)			2		
	0.3	Peak = 78kPa Residual = 6kPa				ML: SILT: brown Low plasticity, moderately sensitive to sensitive. (Pakiri Formation)		1			
	0.6	Peak = 78kPa Residual = 6kPa						1			
	0.9	Peak = 78kPa Residual = 6kPa		1		... from 0.80m to 1.70m, becoming clayey silt.		1			
	1.2	Peak = 141kPa Residual = 16kPa						1			
	1.5	Peak = UTP						1			
	1.8	Peak = UTP						2			
	2.1	Peak = UTP		2		... at 2.20m, containing some fine gravel.		2			
	2.4	Peak = 219kPa Peak = >219kPa				... at 2.50m, containing some fine to coarse sand.		2			
	2.7	Peak = 204kPa Residual = 28kPa						2			
	3.0	Peak = 219kPa Peak = >219kPa		3		... at 3.10m, containing minor fine pumiceous gravel.		2			
	3.3	Peak = 154kPa Residual = 41kPa						3			
	3.6	Peak = 219kPa Peak = >219kPa						3			
	3.9	Peak = 201kPa Residual = 47kPa		4				3			
						SW: Silty fine to coarse SAND: with minor fine lithic and pumiceous gravel. Orange brown Well graded, subrounded. (Pakiri Formation)		8			
						... at 4.40m, becoming fine to medium lithic gravel.		10			
								7			
						Borehole terminated at 4.5 m		10			
				5				12			
								12			
								14			

Termination Reason: Refusal on gravel.

Shear Vane No: 1911

DCP No: 34

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered

# APPENDIX E: MACHINE AUGER LOGS

## BOREHOLE LOG - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

## Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 03/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: I A

Checked by: B

### Scale

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Sheet 1 of 2

Position: 487615.0mE 695140.2mN

Projected by: EA

checked by: B

## Scalability

1:50

Sheet 1 of 2

Position: 487015.0ME, 095140.2MM

Projection: Mount Eden 2000  
Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand held GPS

Termination Reason: Target depth reached.

Shear Vane No. =

reached.

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered

# BOREHOLE LOG - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 03/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:50

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Sheet 2 of 2

Position: 487615.0mE; 695140.2mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Well	Groundwater	Samples & In-situ Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition Consistency/ Relative Density	Weathering RS CW HW MW SW UW	Recovery EW VW W MS S VS ES	RQD	Estimated Strength	Defect Spacing (mm) <20 20-60 60-200 200-600 >600	Drilling Method/ Support	Structure & Other Observations Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks		
		Depth	Type & Results														
		10.5	SPT: = 16 (2, 2 / 3, 4, 5, 4)				CH: CLAY: with some fine to coarse sand. light brownish grey. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 10.35m, becoming trace fine to coarse sand										
		12.0	SPT: = 19 (2, 4 / 3, 5, 5, 6)				SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand, and trace fine pumiceous gravel. Grey. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation)										
		13.5	SPT: = 7 (2, 2 / 1, 2, 2, 2)				SP: Fine SAND: with some silt and trace pumiceous sand. Light orange brown. Poorly graded. (Hinuera Formation) ... from 11.85m to 11.95m, containing some medium pumiceous gravel.										
		15.0	SPT: = 3 (1, 0 / 0, 1, 1, 1)				SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with minor fine coarse pumiceous sand. Grey. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 12.90m, becoming grey streaked orange brown.										
		16.5	SPT: = 33 (6, 6 / 7, 9, 10, 7)				SP: Silty fine SAND: dark grey. Poorly graded. (Hinuera Formation)										
		18.0	SPT: = 10 (2, 2 / 1, 2, 3, 4)				ML: SILT: dark grey. Low plasticity (Hinuera Formation) ML: SILT: with minor fine sand. Light brownish grey. Low plasticity (Hinuera Formation) CH: Silty CLAY: dark grey. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)										
		19.5	SPT: = 18 (1, 2 / 3, 3, 6, 6)				SP: Silty fine SAND: light grey. Poorly graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 17.45m, becoming light grey streaked light greyish blue.										
		20					ML: SILT: light brown streaked bluish grey. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)										
							SP: Silty fine SAND: light grey streaked bluish grey and light brown. Poorly graded subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... from 18.50m to 18.70m, containing some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and fine pumiceous gravel.										
							... at 19.10m, becoming light grey.										
							Borehole terminated at 19.95 m										

Termination Reason: Target depth reached.

Shear Vane No: -

DCP No: -

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.

# PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project ID: HAM2023-0124

Date: 03/10/2025



BH25-01: 0.00m - 3.45m



BH25-01: 3.45m - 6.45m

This borehole report must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination.

# PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project ID: HAM2023-0124

Date: 03/10/2025



BH25-01: 6.45m - 9.75m



BH25-01: 9.75m - 12.90m

# PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project ID: HAM2023-0124

Date: 03/10/2025



BH25-01: 12.90m - 16.50m



BH25-01: 16.50m - 19.95m

# BOREHOLE LOG - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

## Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: B

## Scale

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Sheet 1 of 2

Position: 486662.0mE: 695107.5mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Position: 188882.0112, 333197.0000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

#### Defect /p/ Structure & Other Observations

Termination Reason: Target depth reached.

Shear Vane No: -

DCP No: -

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered



# PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project ID: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025



BH25-02: 0.00m - 3.45m



BH25-02: 3.45m - 7.05m

# PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project ID: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025



BH25-02: 7.05m - 10.95m



BH25-02: 10.95m - 14.45m

# PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project ID: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025

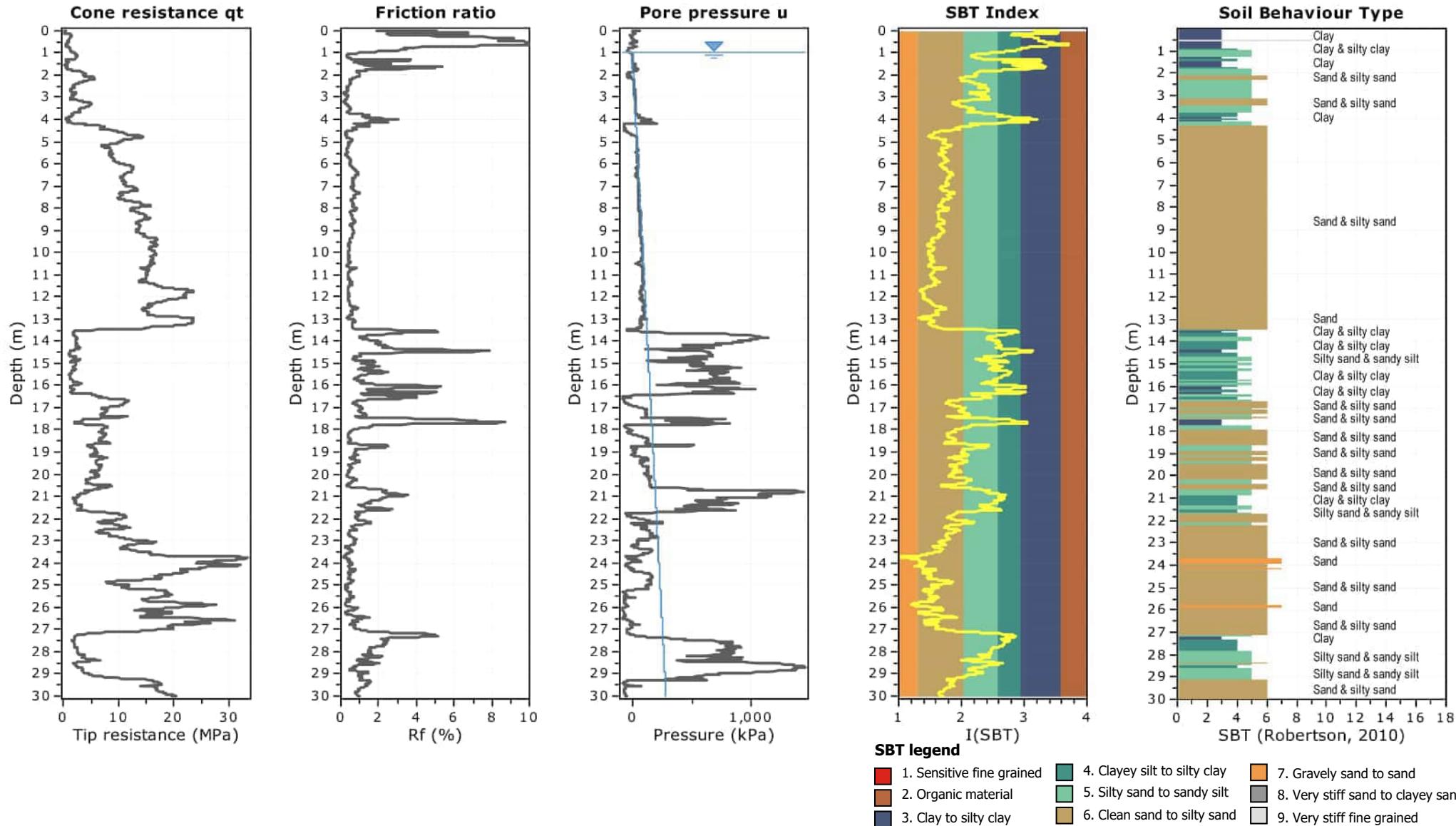


BH25-02: 14.45m - 17.55m



BH25-02: 17.55m - 19.95m

## APPENDIX F: CPT LOGS



**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

**CPT: CPT23-02**

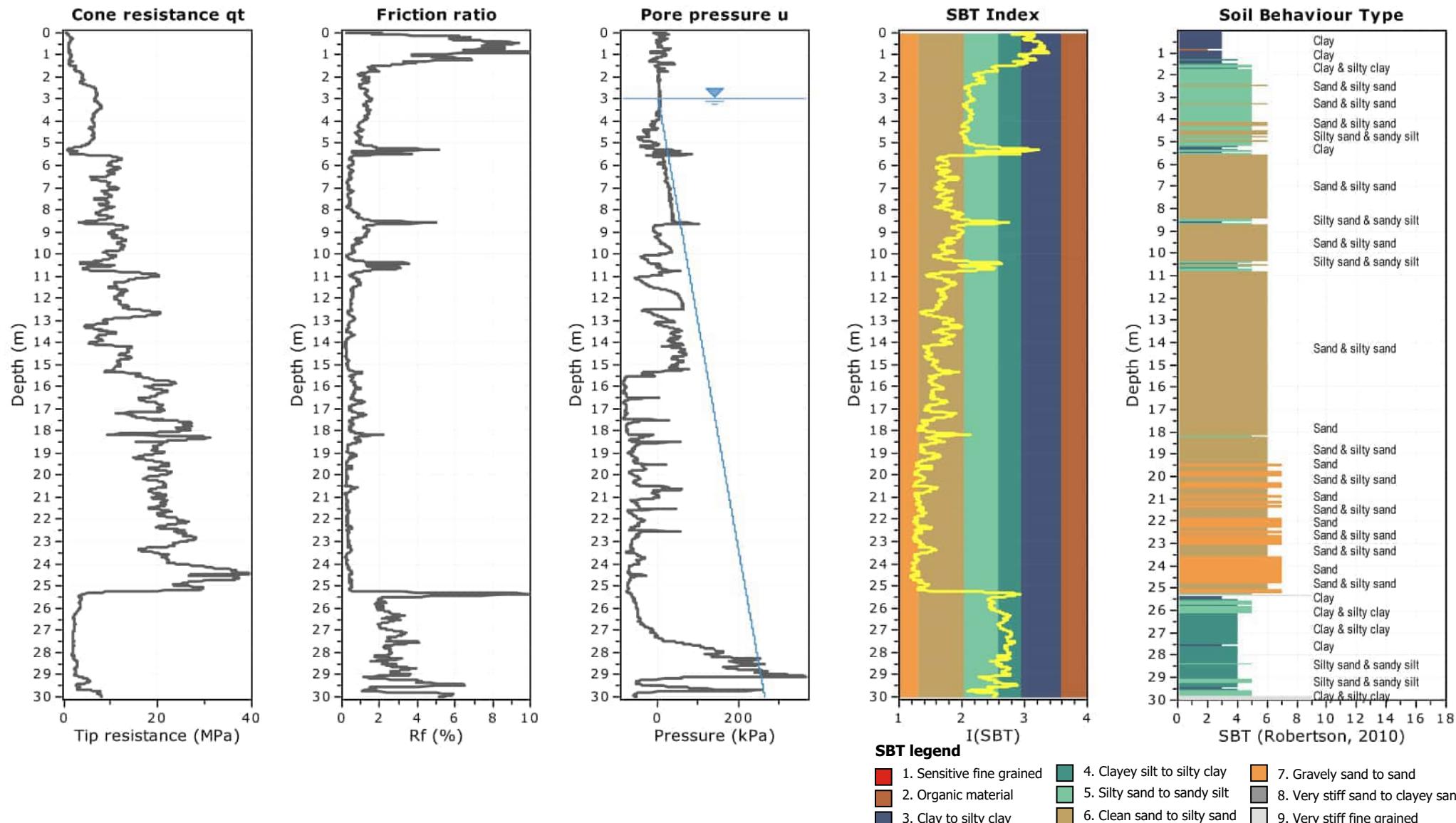
Total depth: 30.02 m, Date: 29/04/2025

Surface Elevation: 0.00 m, Est. GWL: 3.00 m

Coords: X:0.00, Y:0.00

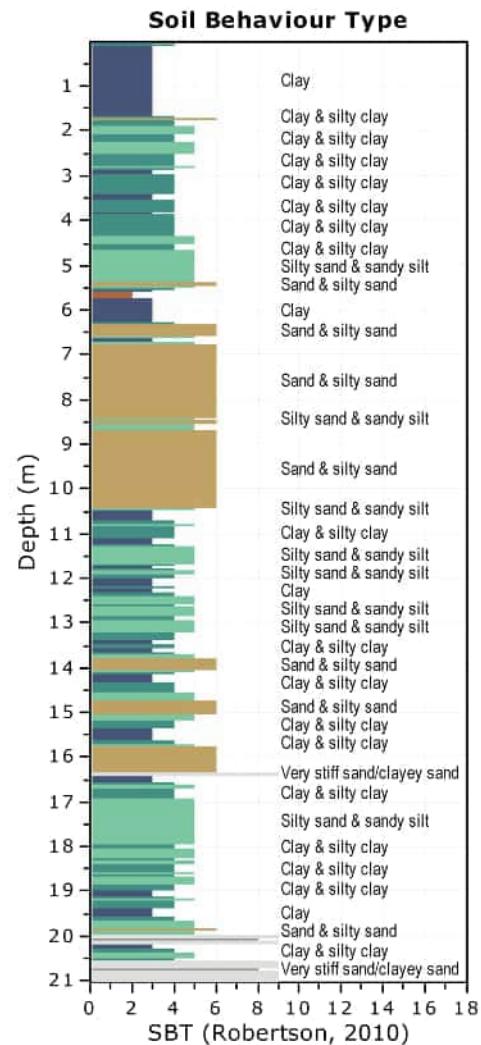
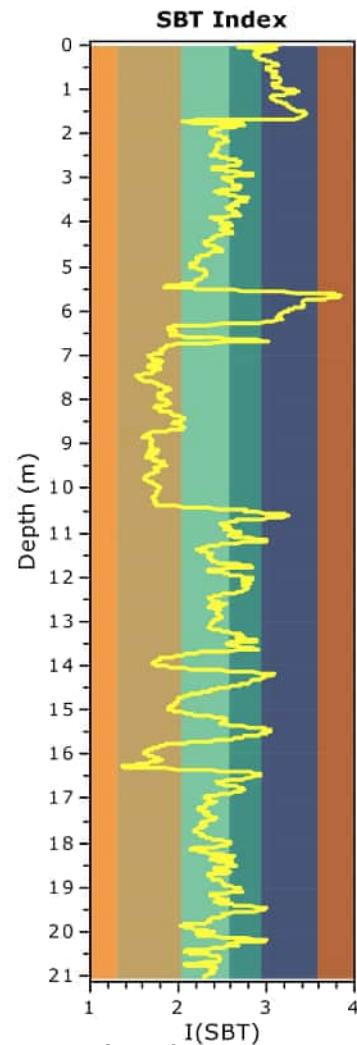
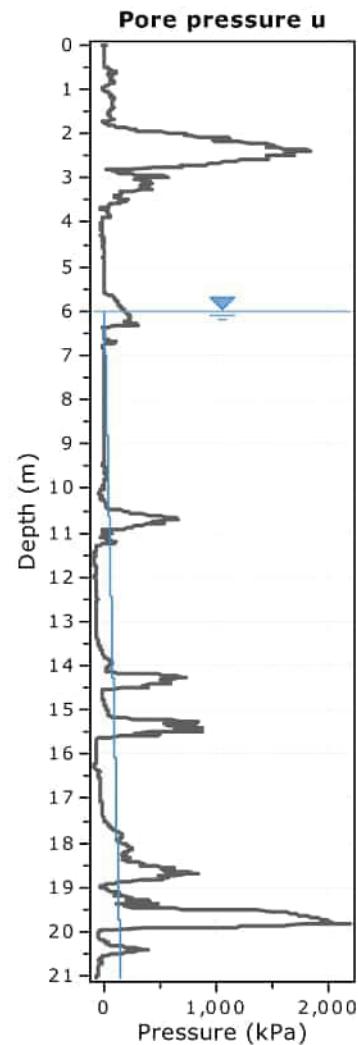
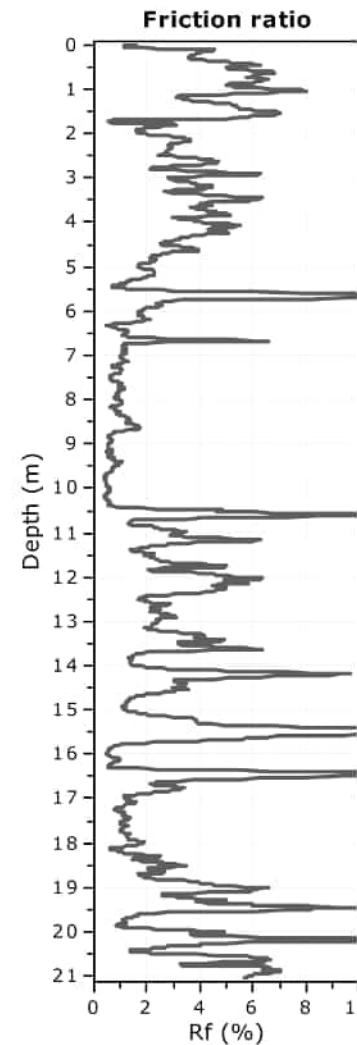
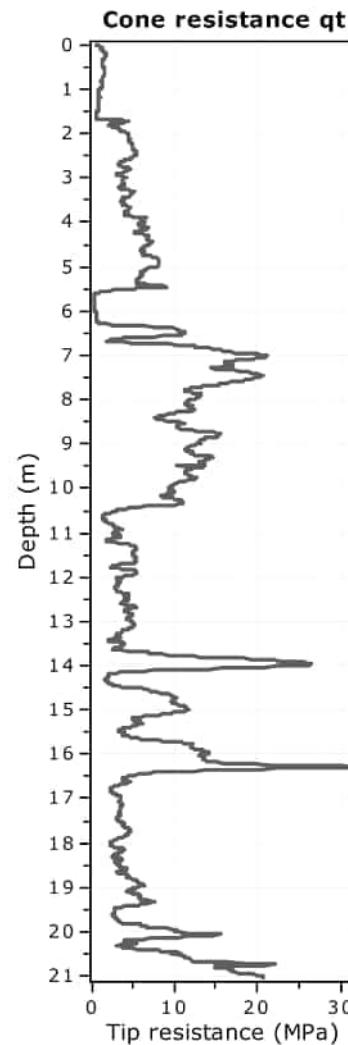
Cone Type:

Cone Operator:



**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata



**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

**CPT: CPT24-04**

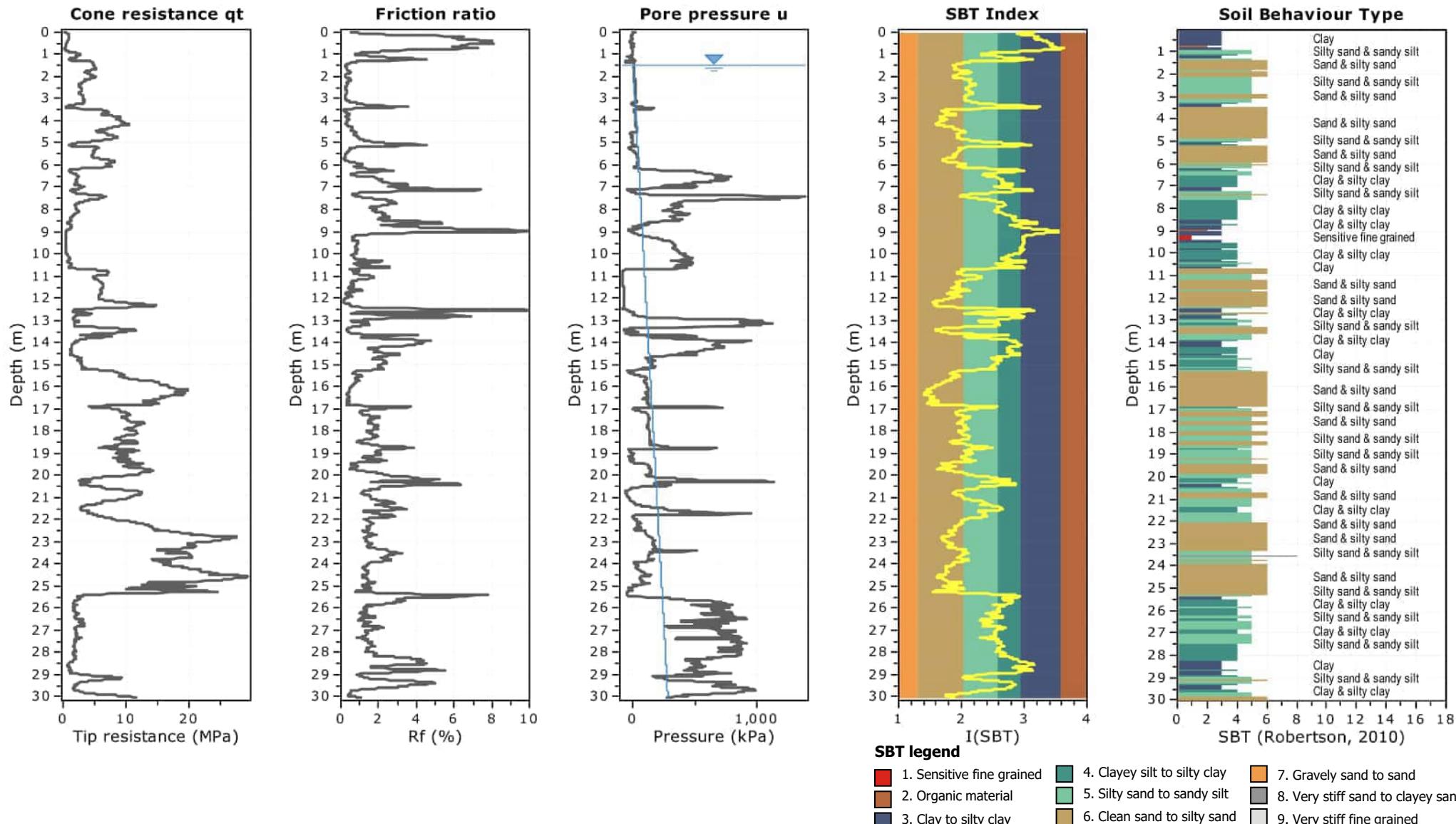
Total depth: 30.04 m, Date: 29/04/2025

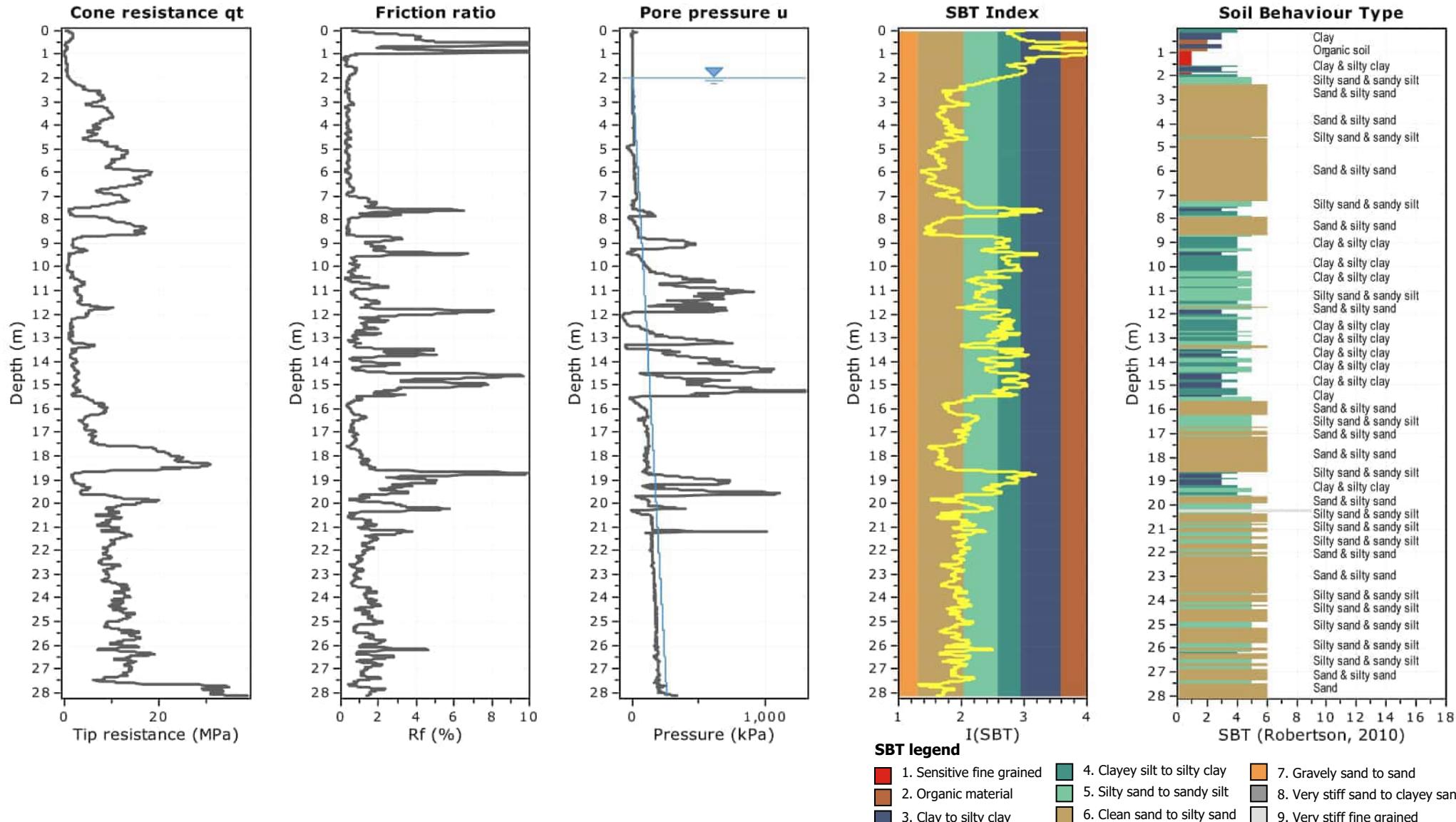
Surface Elevation: 0.00 m, Est. GWL: 1.50 m

Coords: X:0.00, Y:0.00

Cone Type:

Cone Operator:





**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

**CPT: CPT24-06**

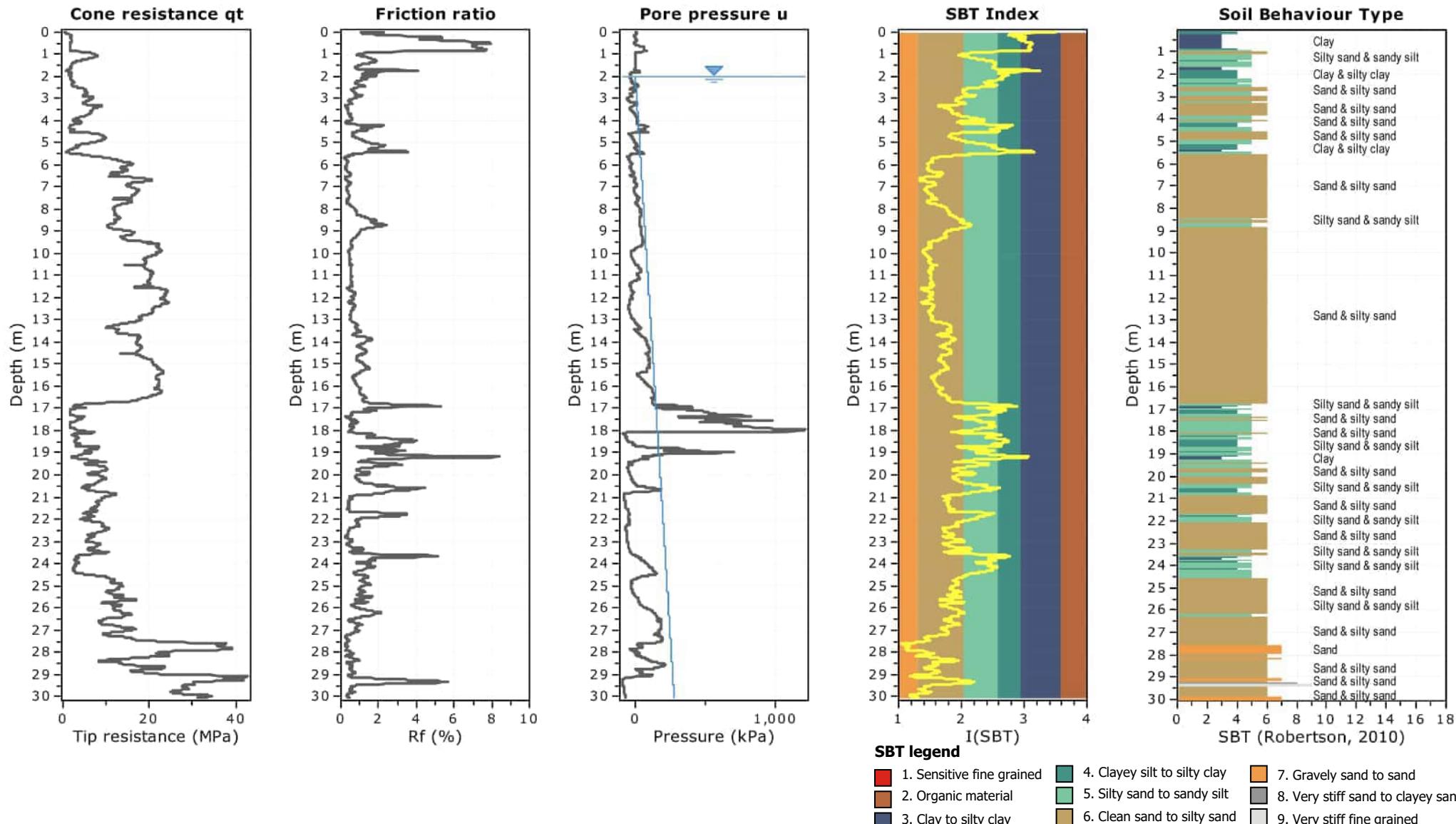
Total depth: 30.06 m, Date: 29/04/2025

Surface Elevation: 0.00 m, Est. GWL: 2.00 m

Coords: X:0.00, Y:0.00

Cone Type:

Cone Operator:



**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

**CPT: CPT24-07**

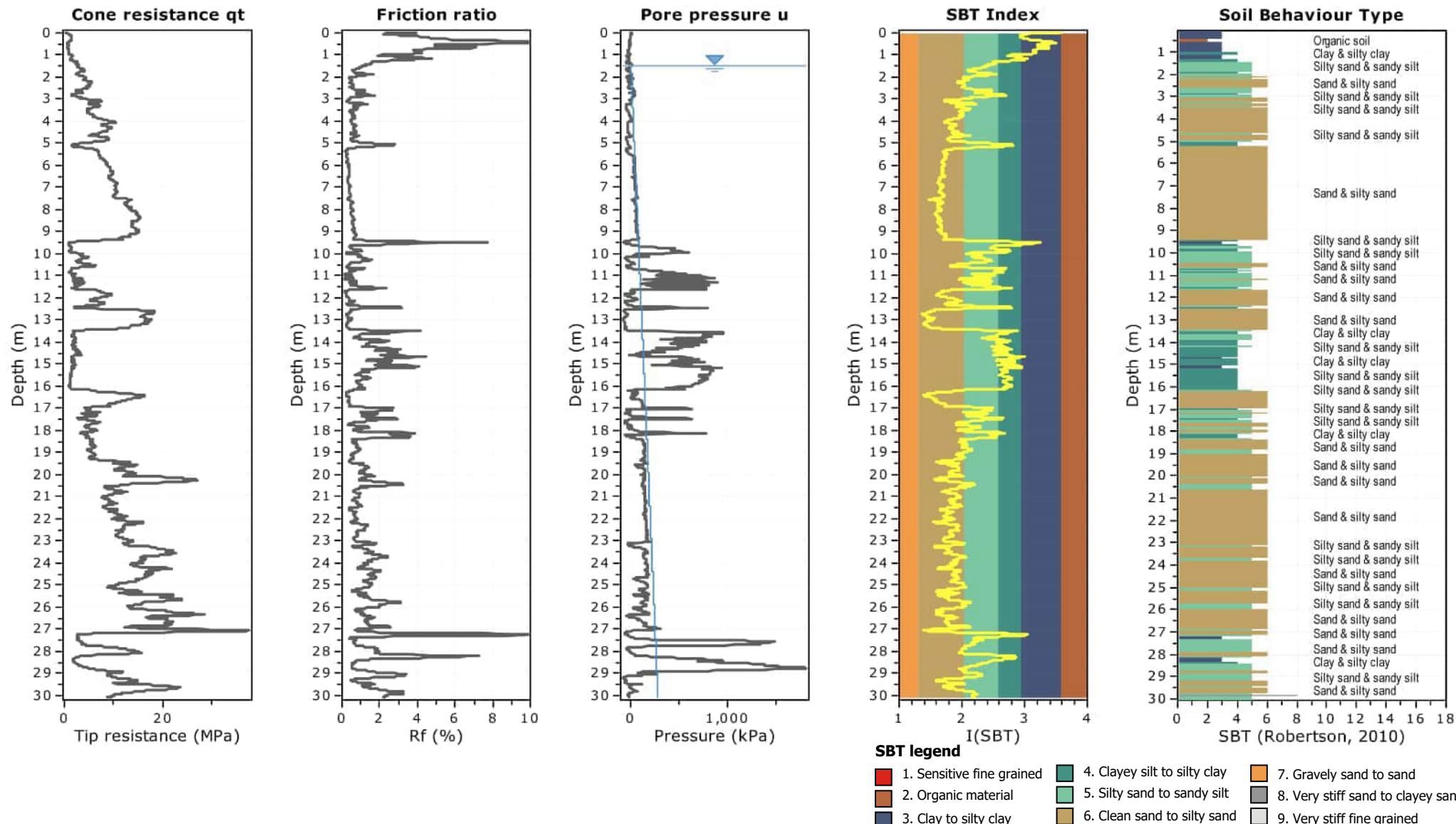
Total depth: 30.07 m, Date: 29/04/2025

Surface Elevation: 0.00 m, Est. GWL: 1.50 m

Coords: X:0.00, Y:0.00

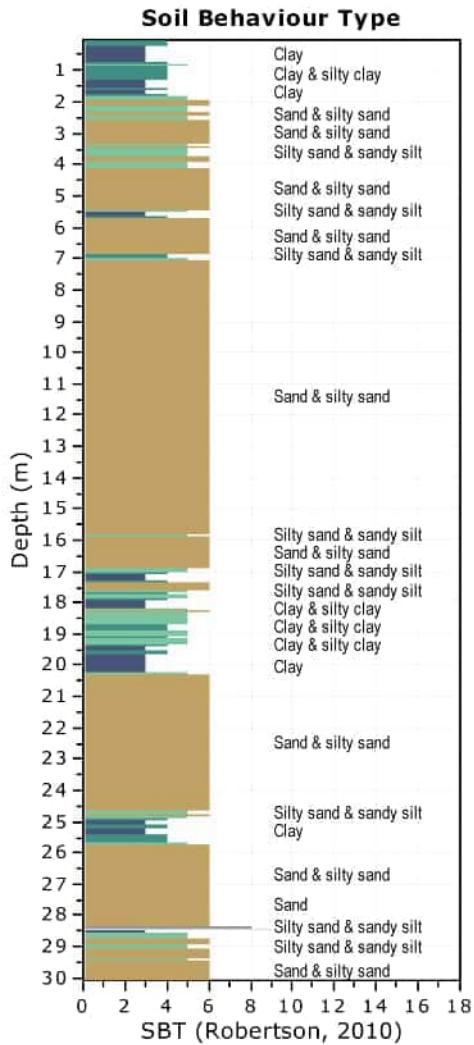
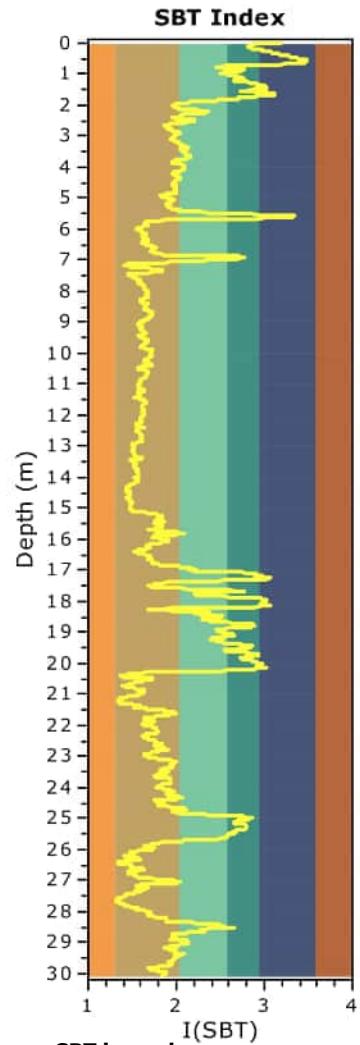
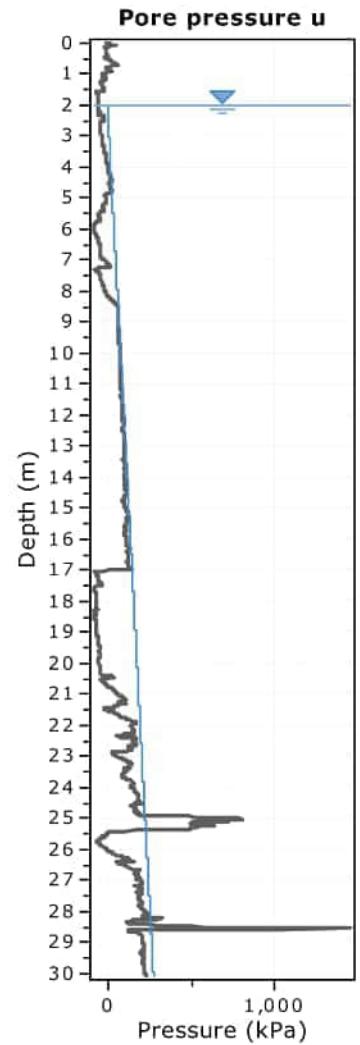
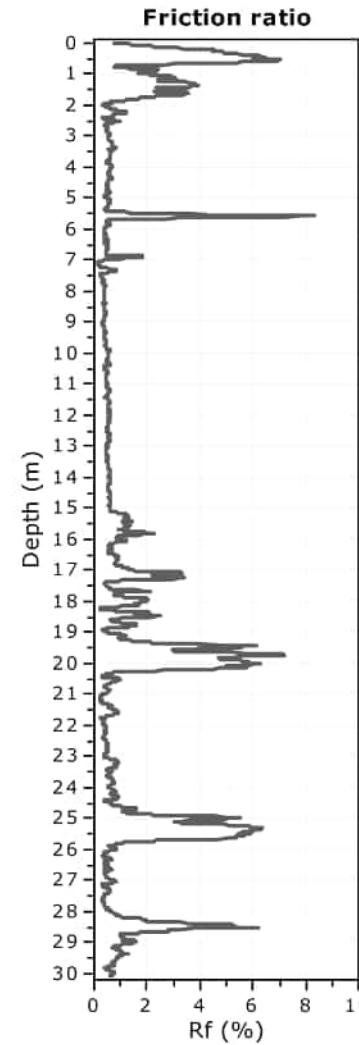
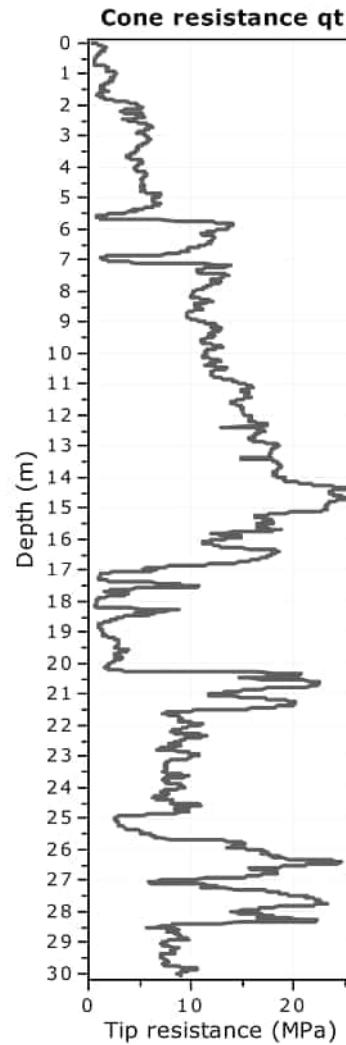
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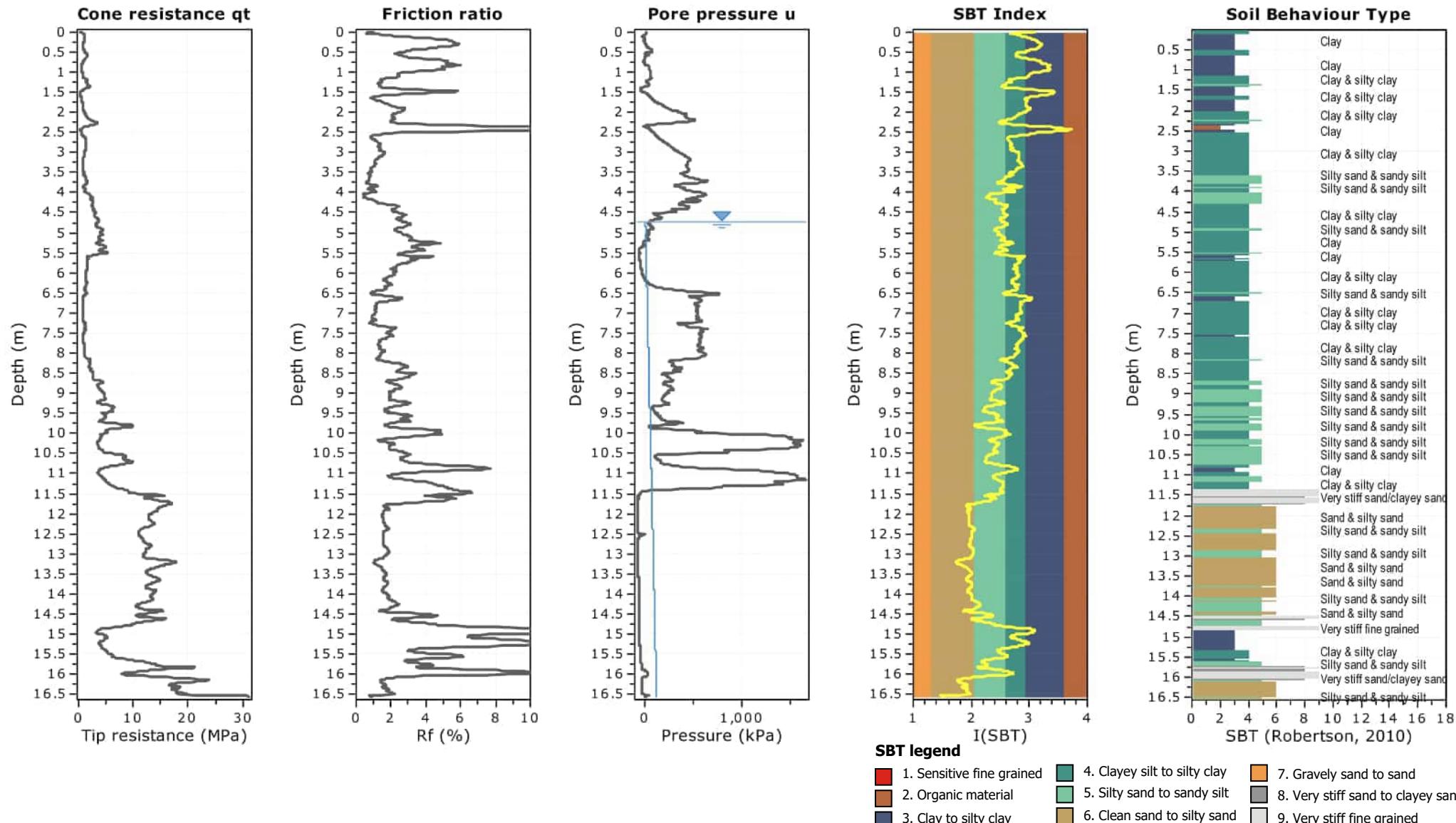
**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**



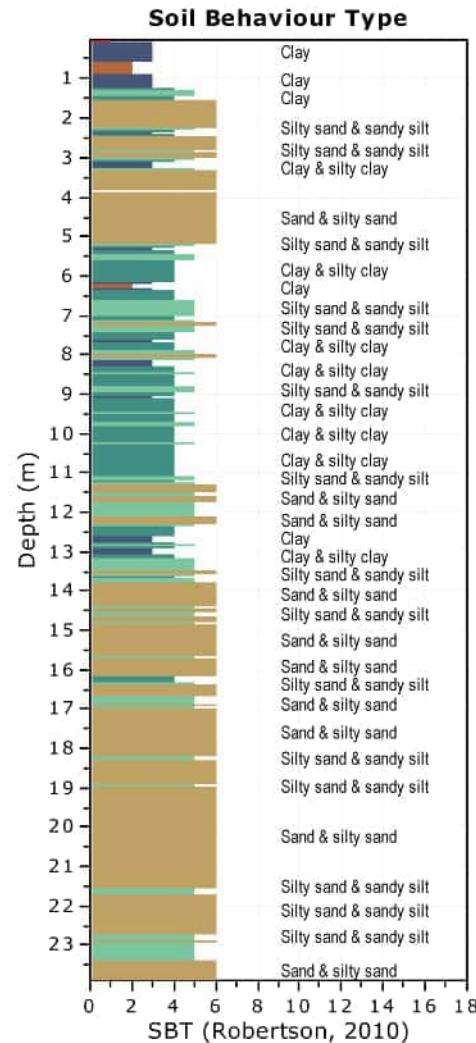
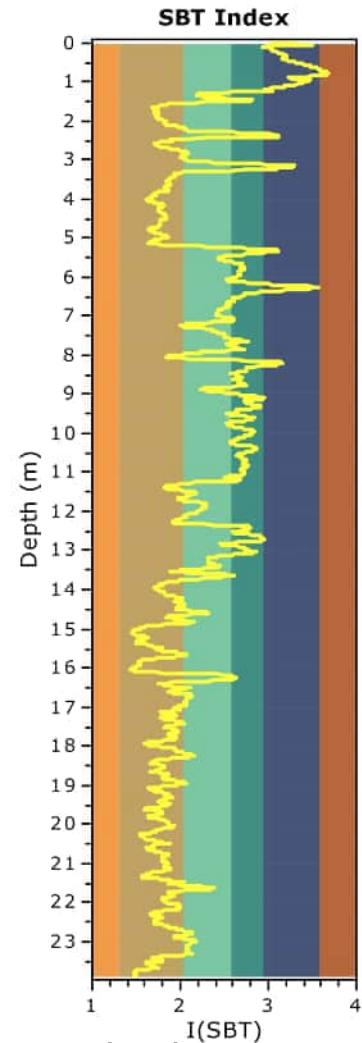
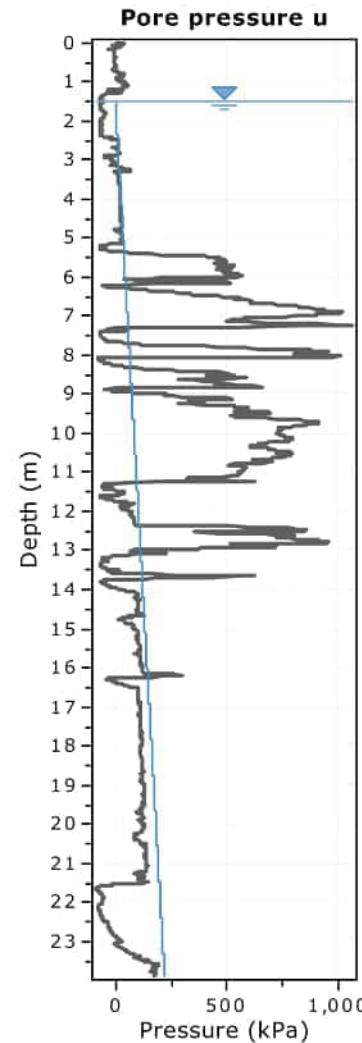
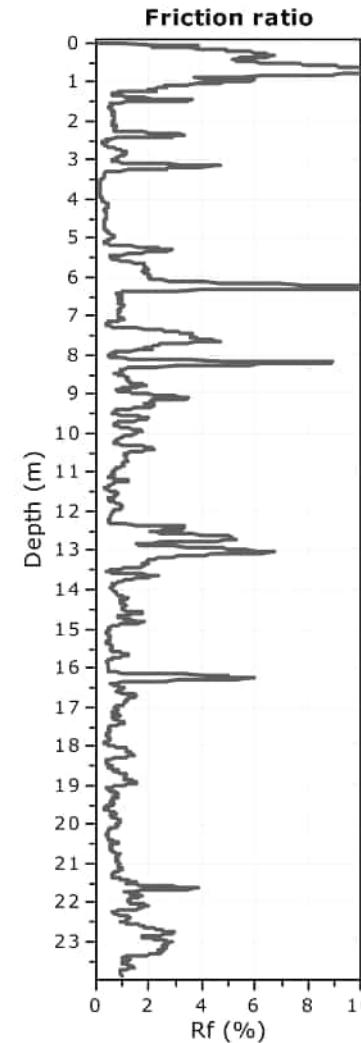
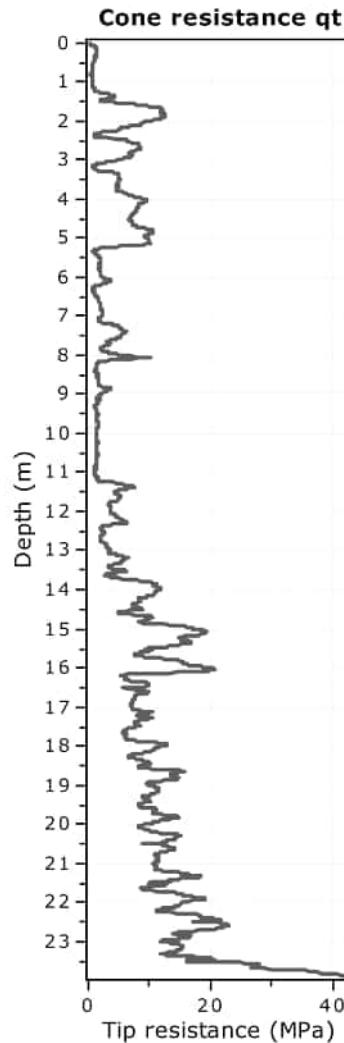
**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**



**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

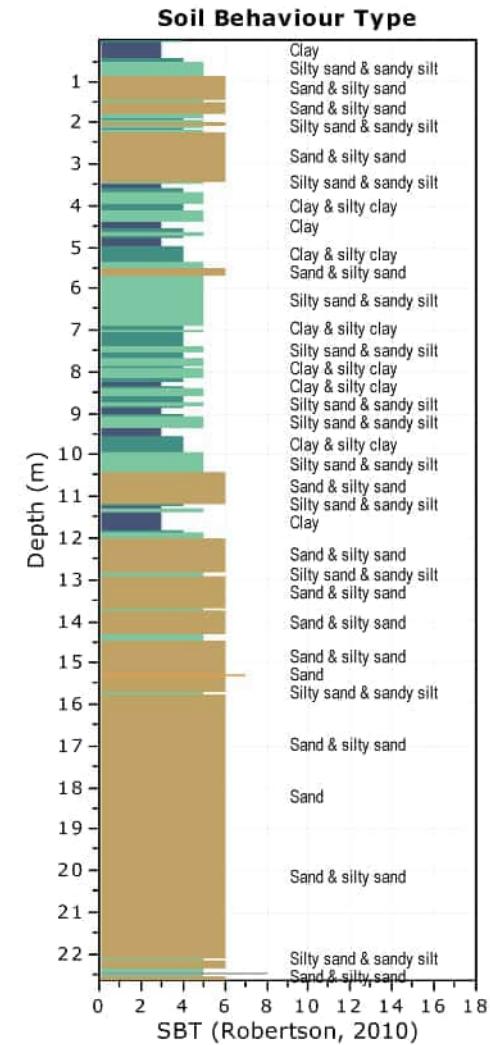
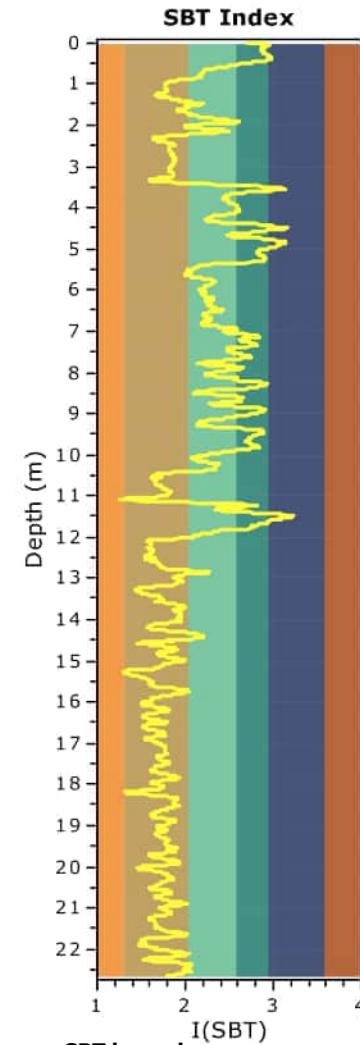
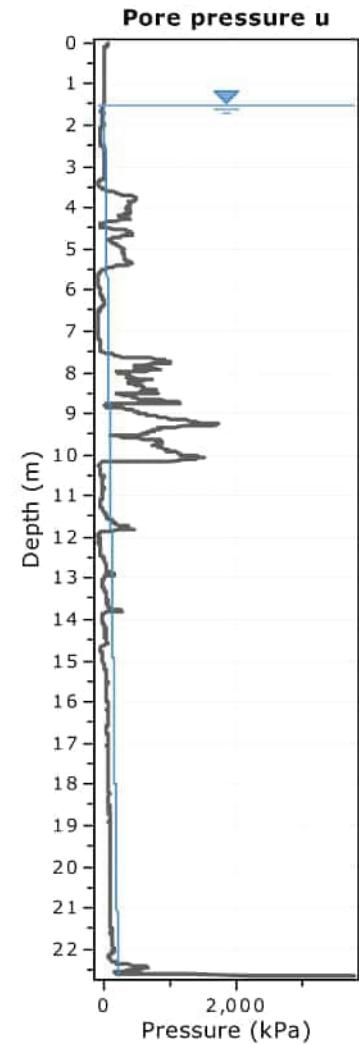
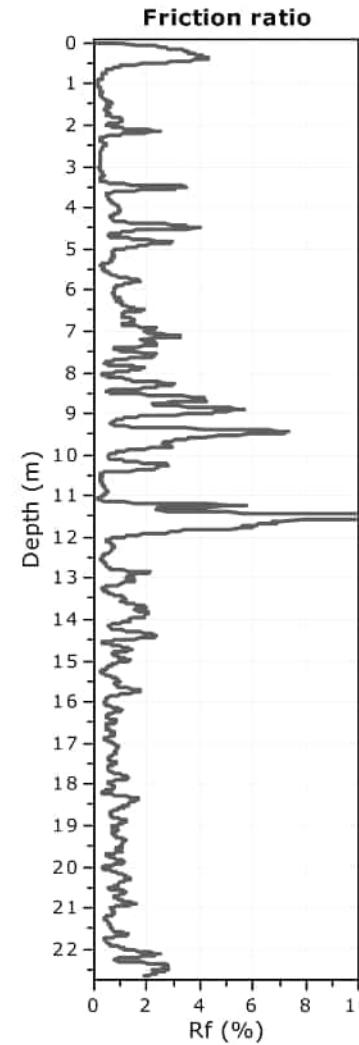
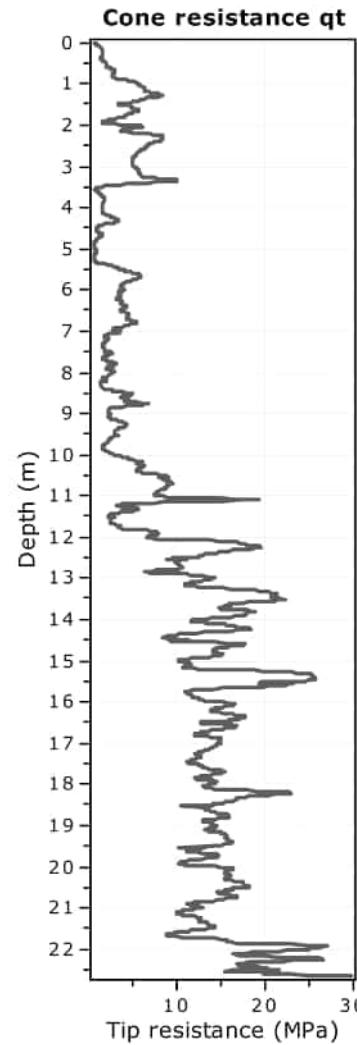


**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay	7. Gravely sand to sand
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand	9. Very stiff fine grained

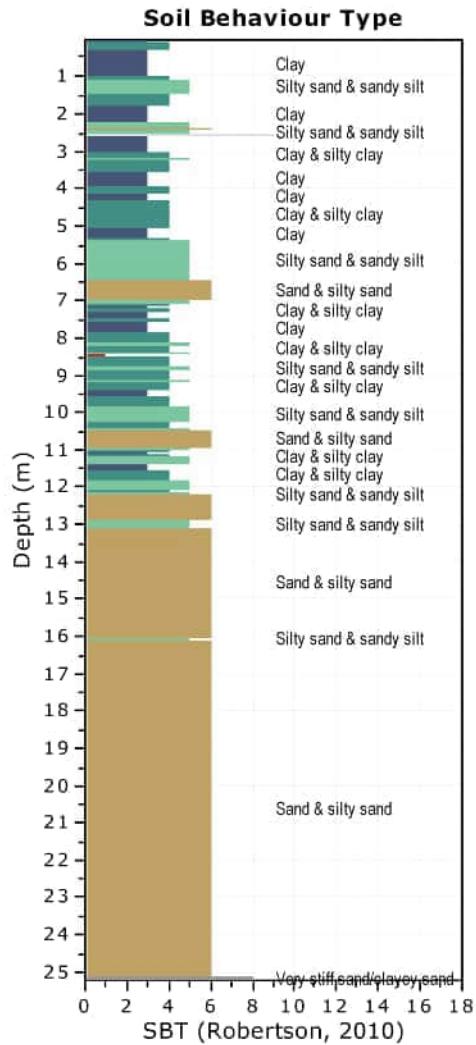
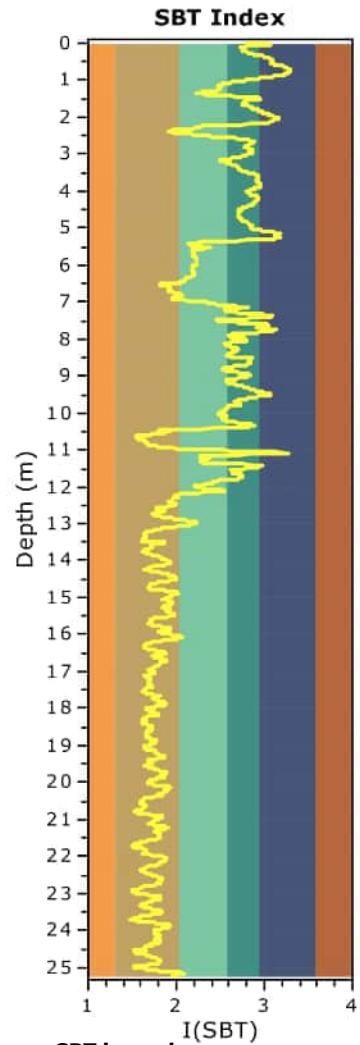
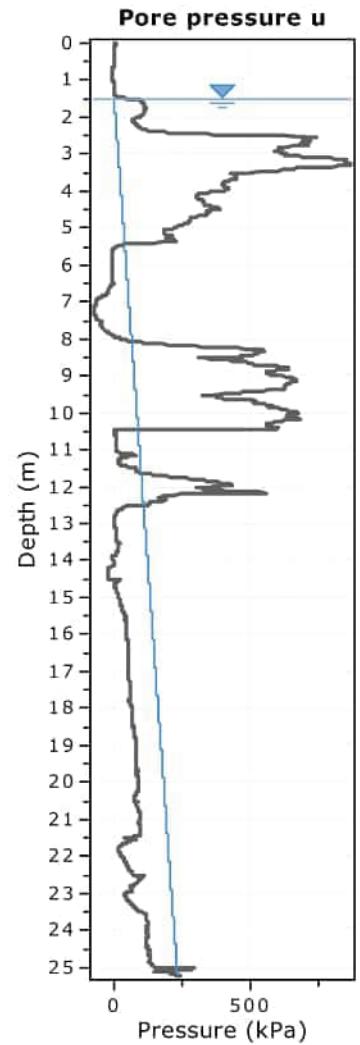
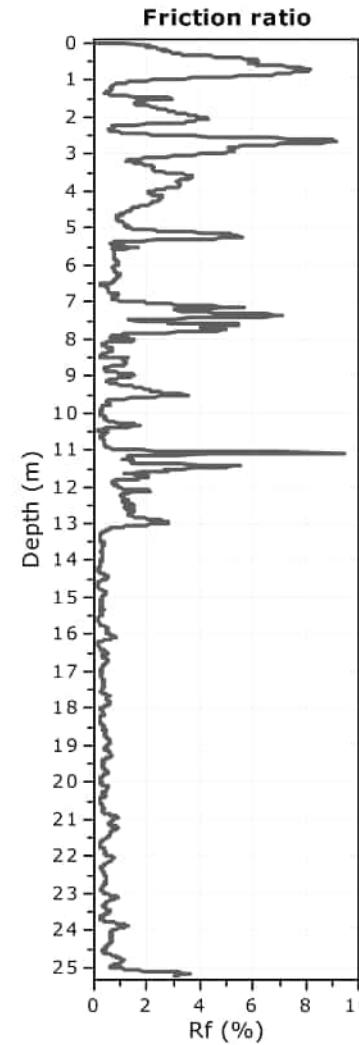
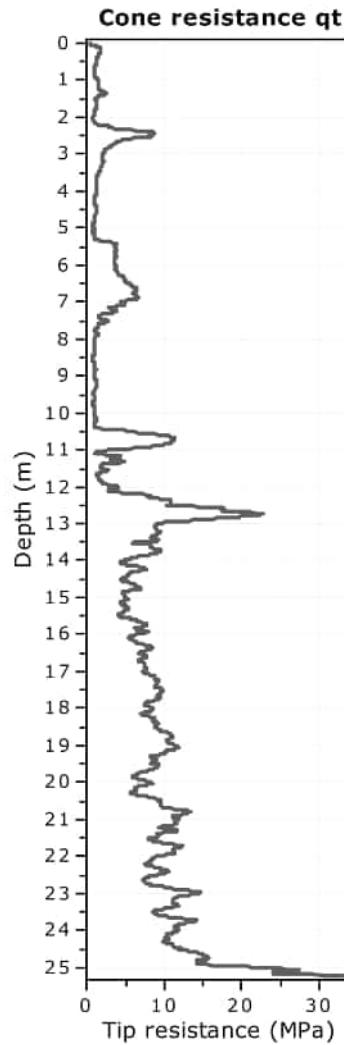
**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata



**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

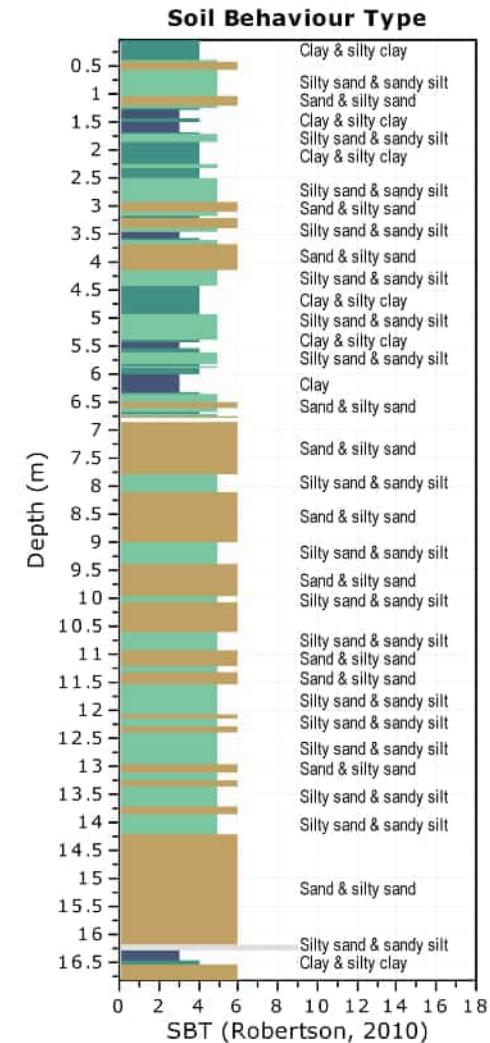
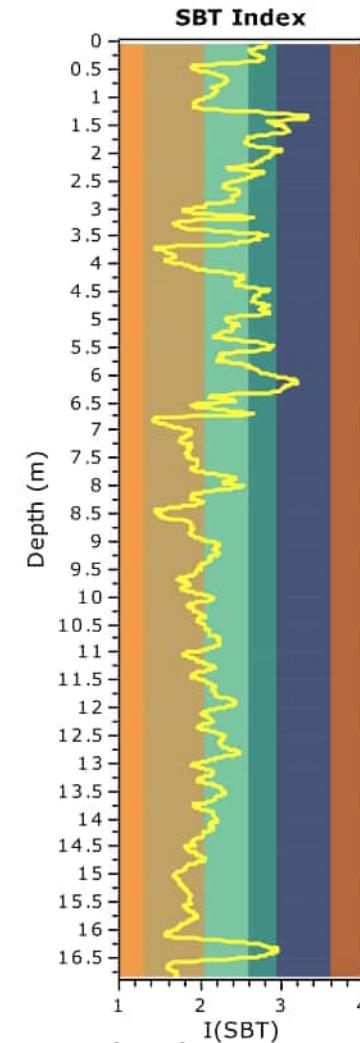
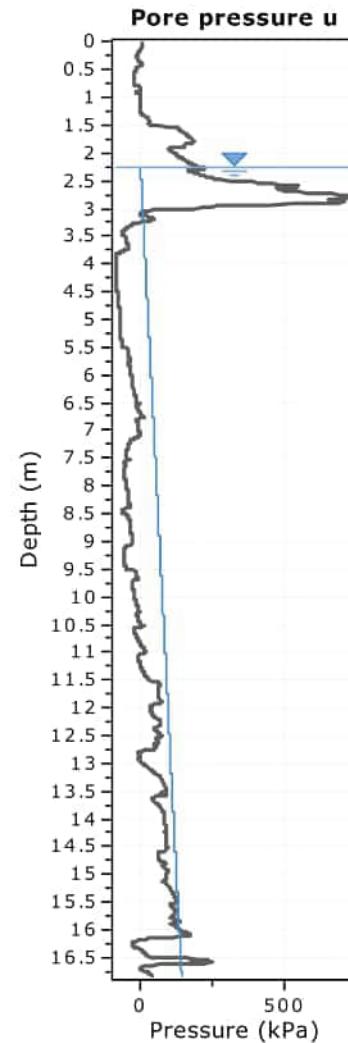
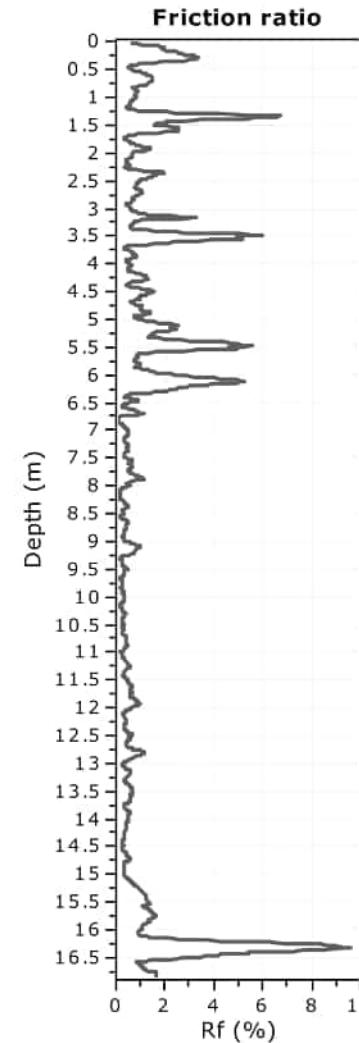
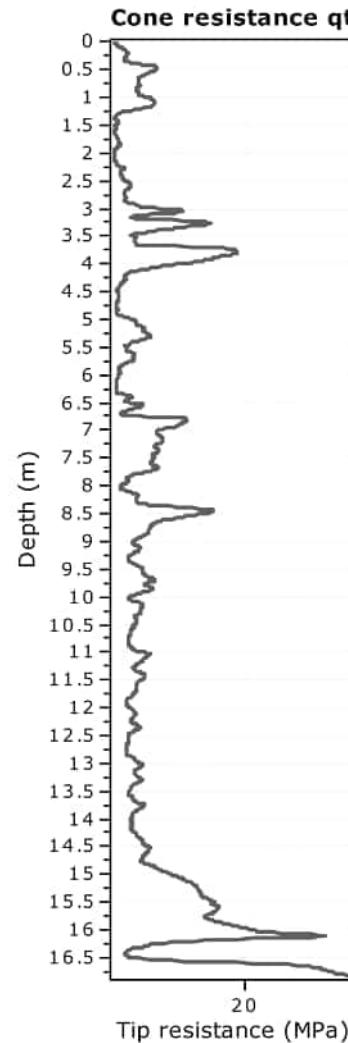


**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay	7. Gravely sand to sand
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand	9. Very stiff fine grained

**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata



**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

**CPT: SCPT24-04**

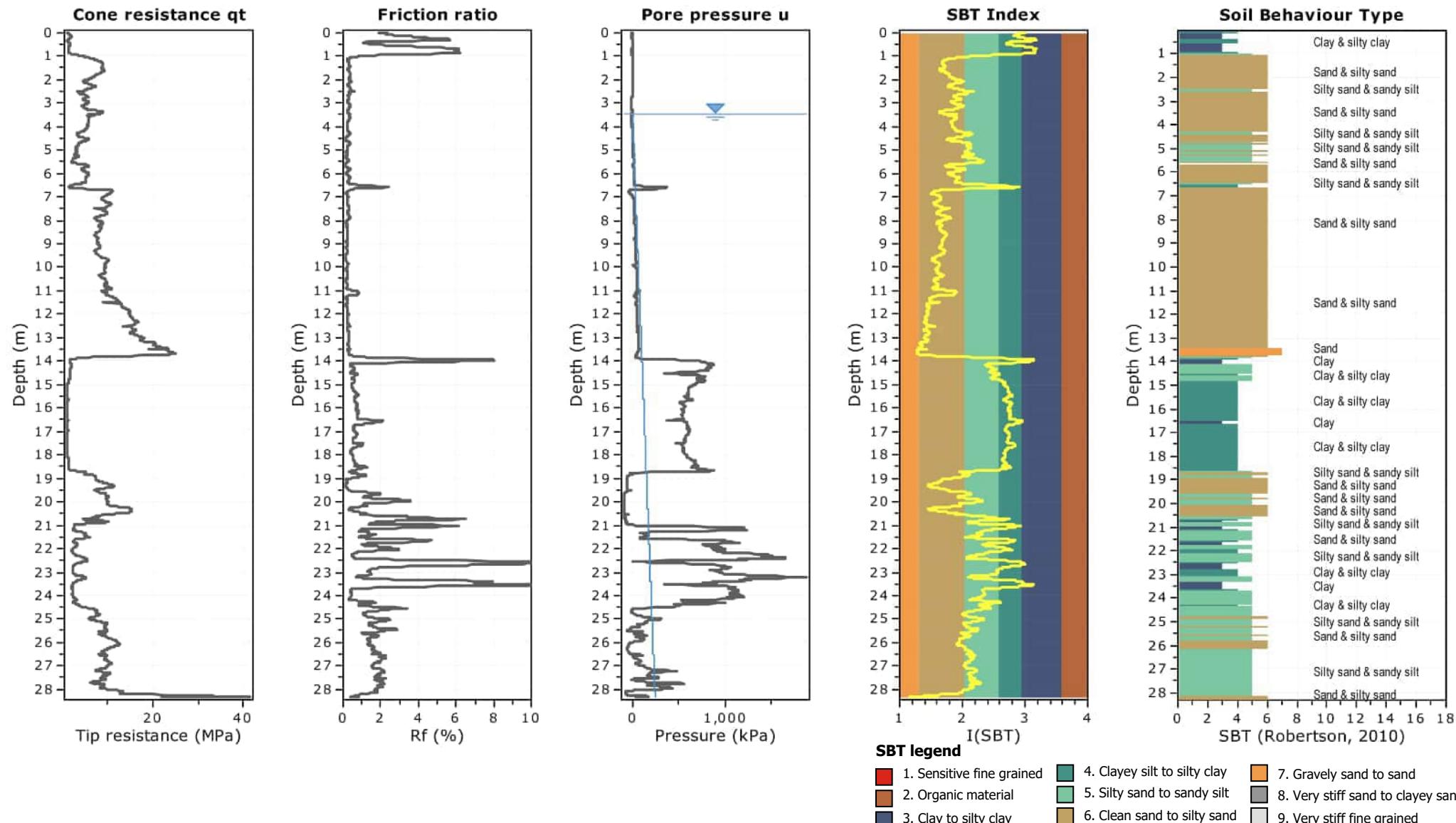
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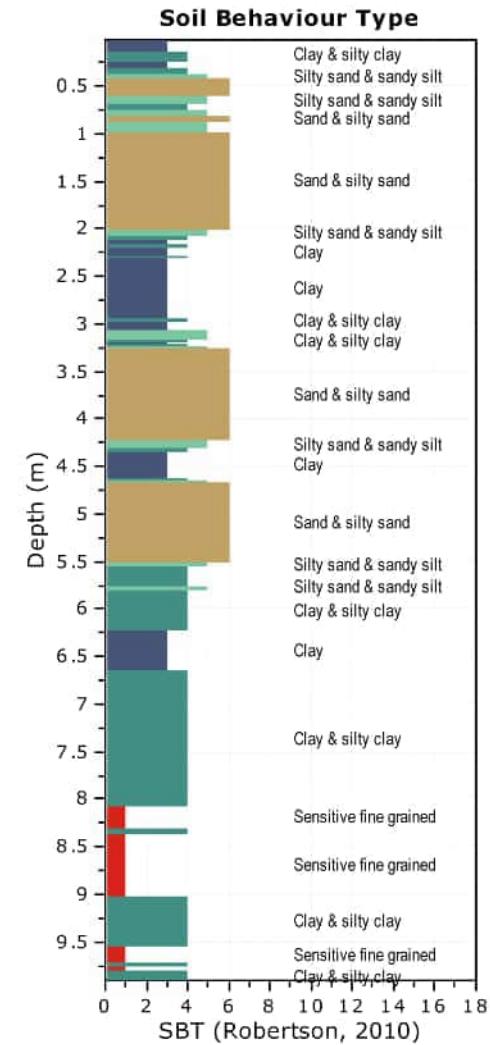
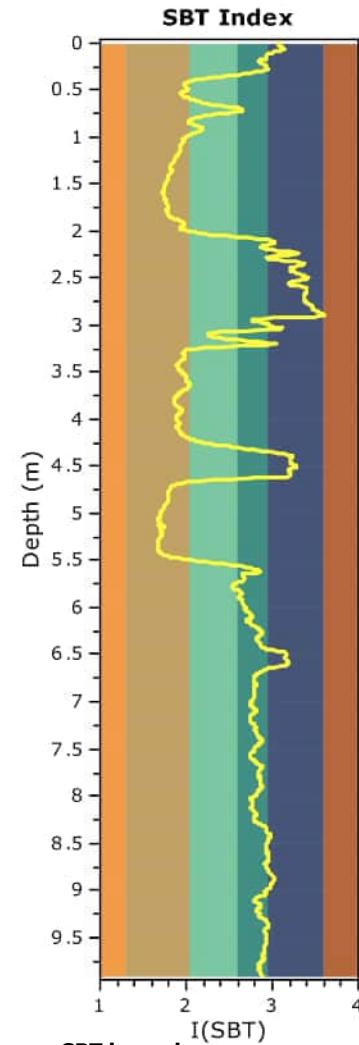
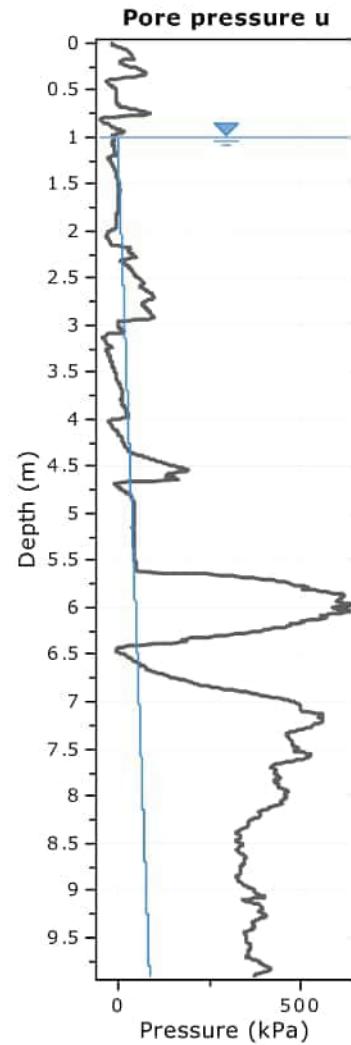
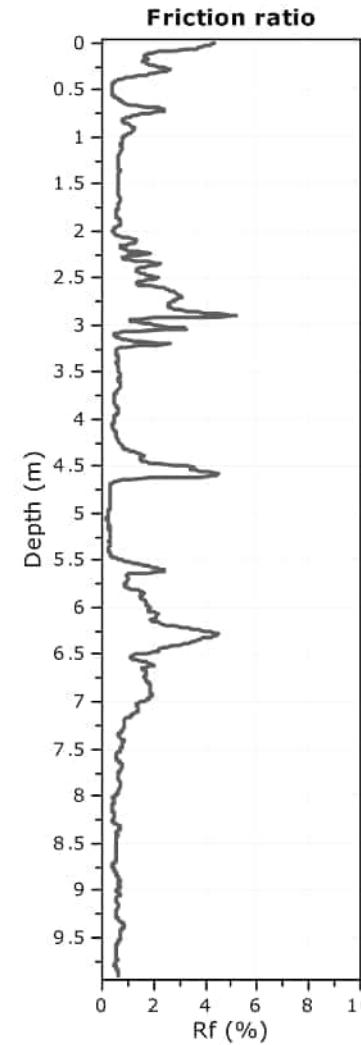
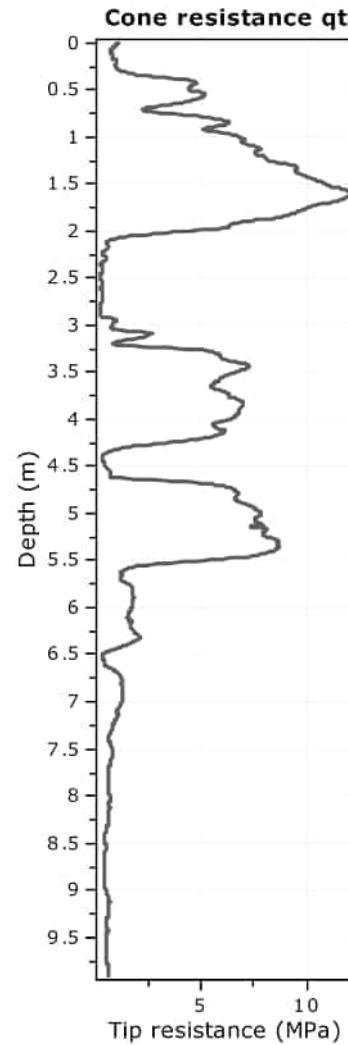
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**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

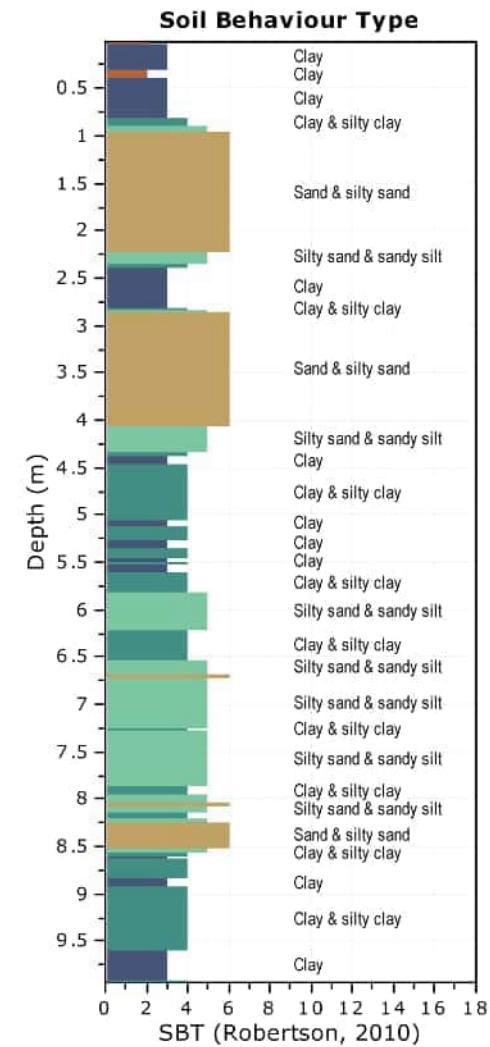
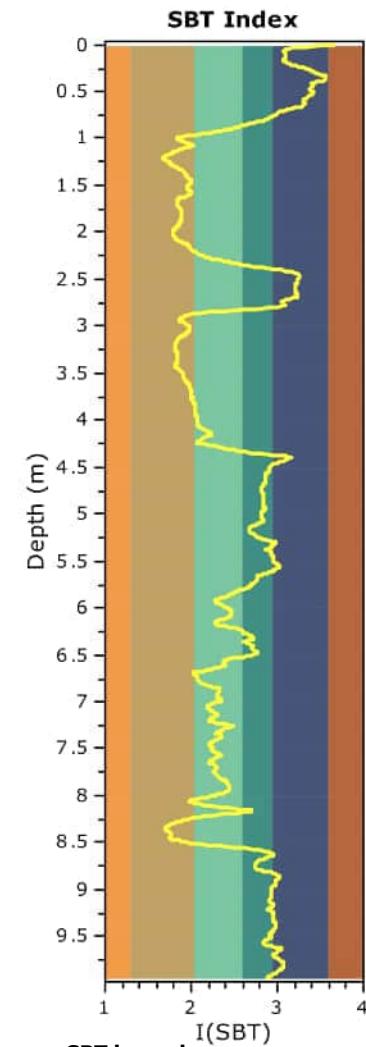
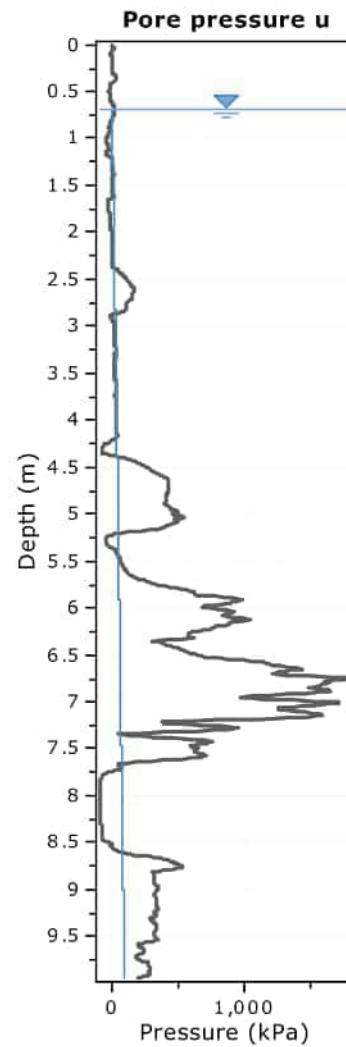
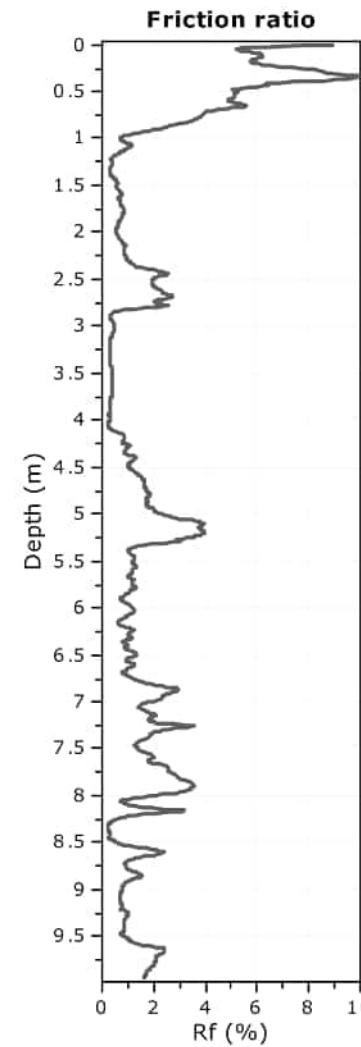
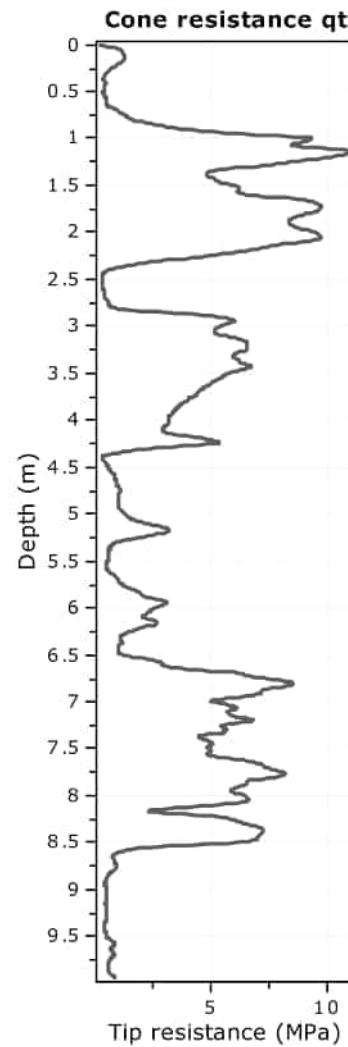


**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay	7. Gravely sand to sand
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand	9. Very stiff fine grained

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

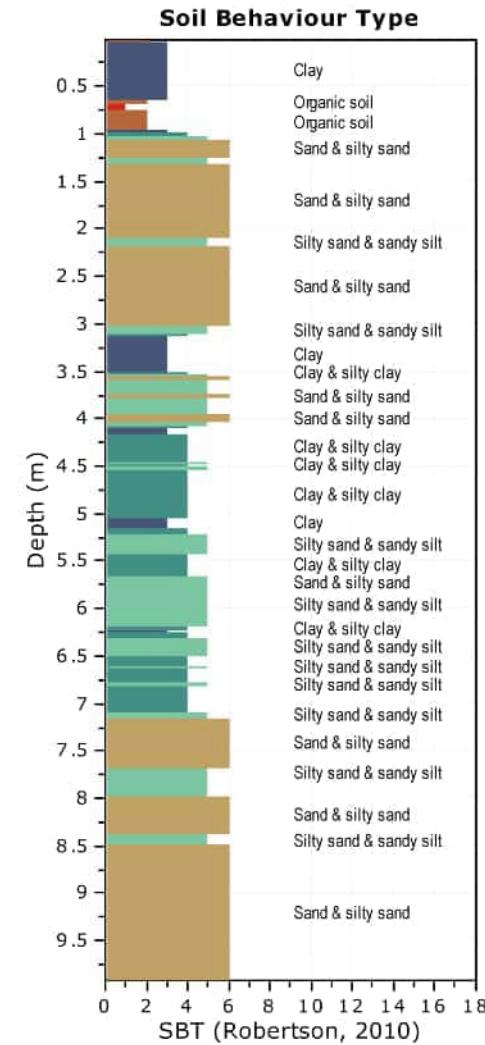
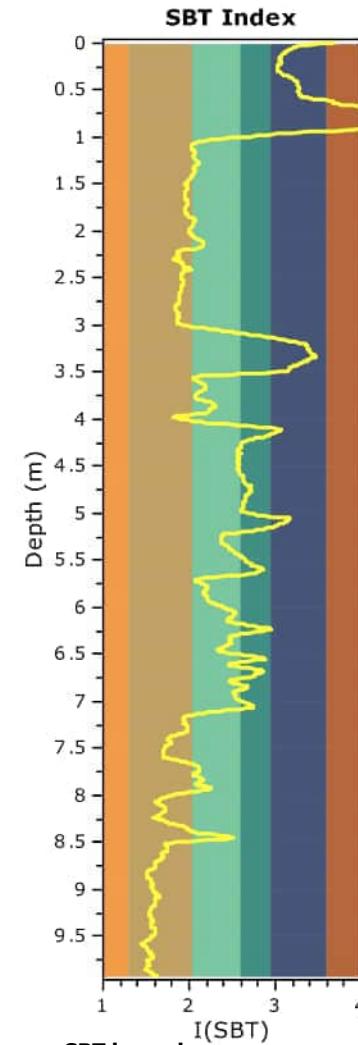
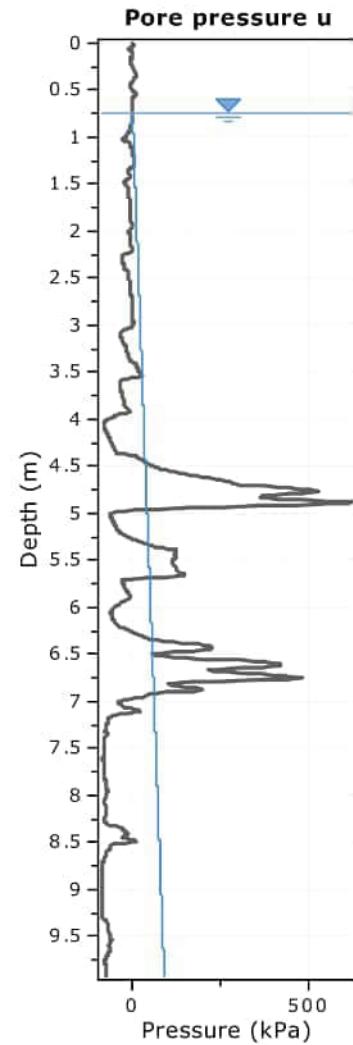
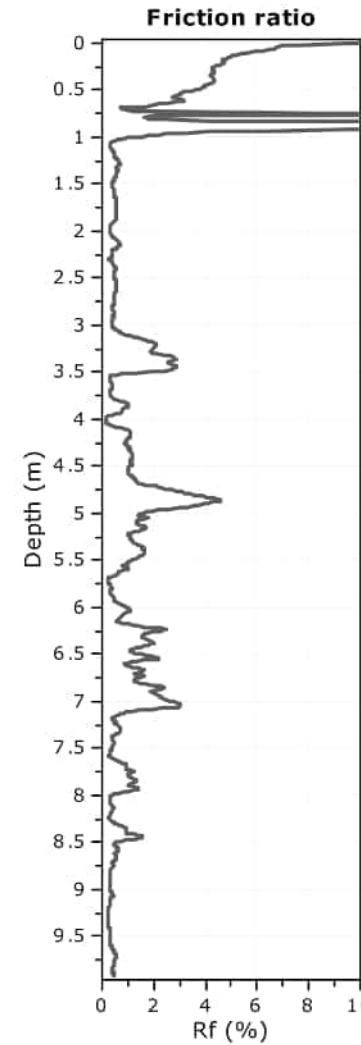
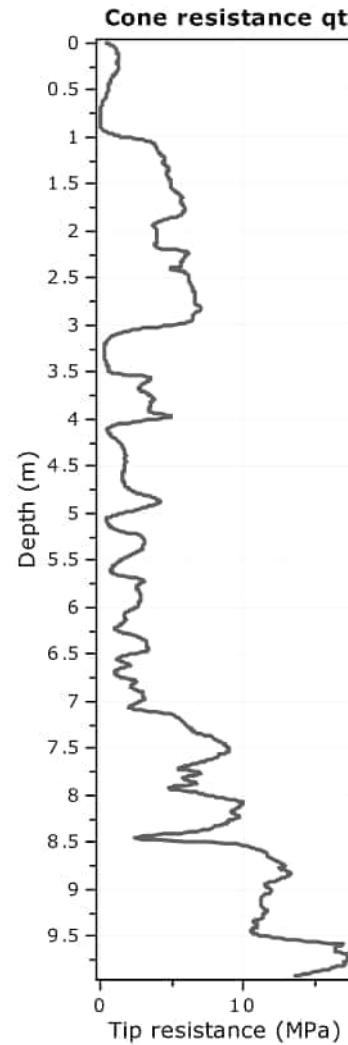


**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand
	7. Gravely sand to sand
	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
	9. Very stiff fine grained

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

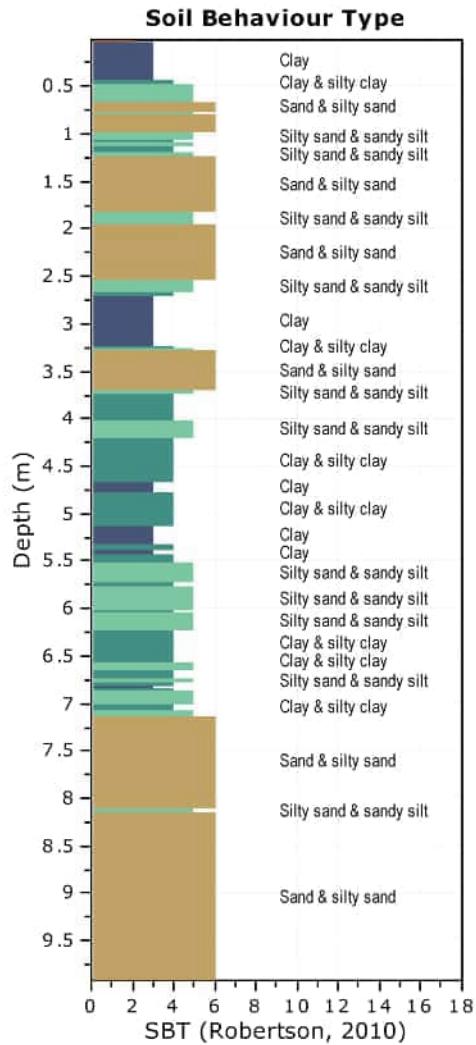
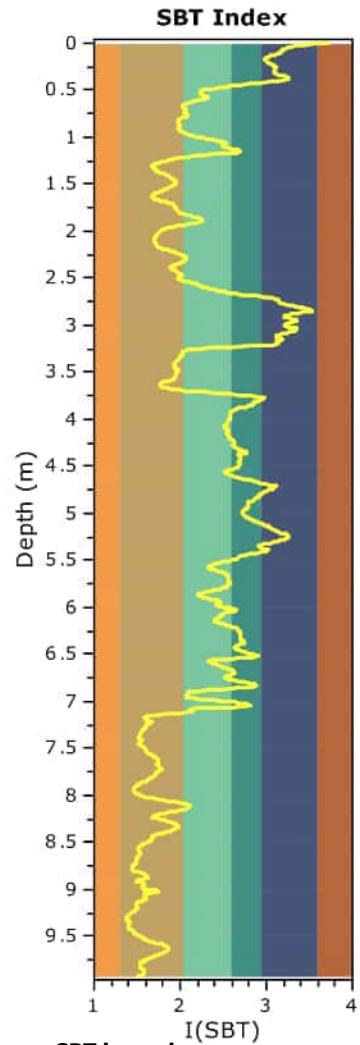
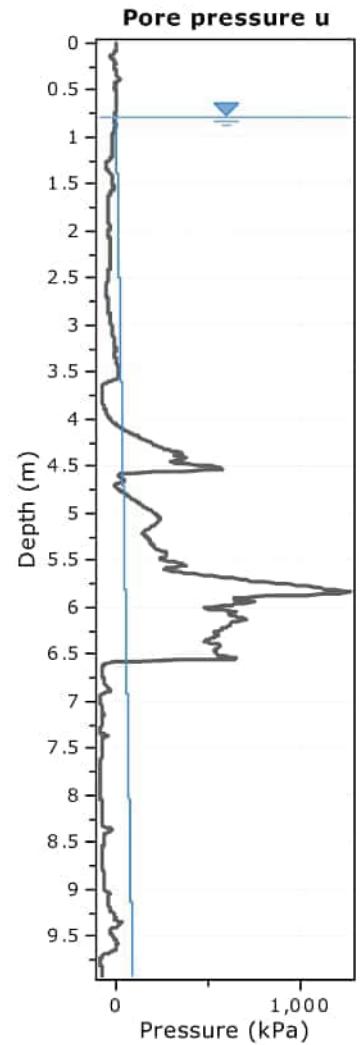
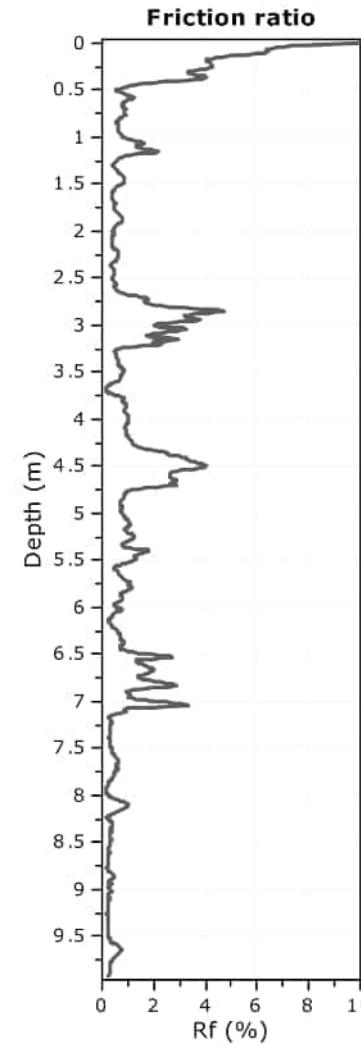
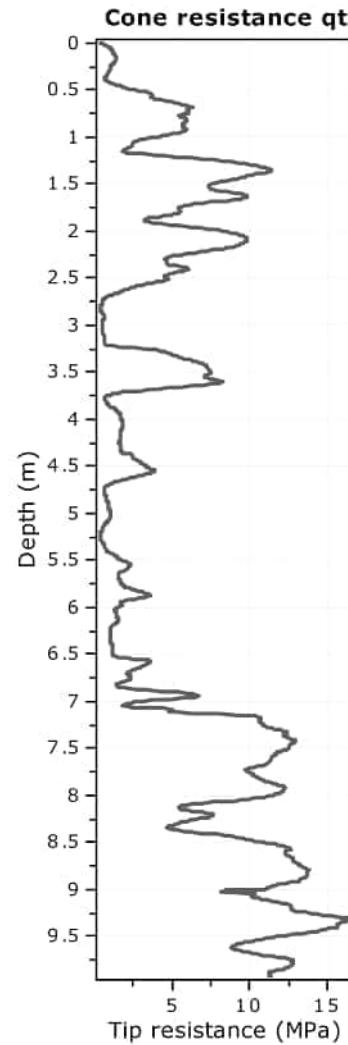


**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand
	7. Gravely sand to sand
	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
	9. Very stiff fine grained

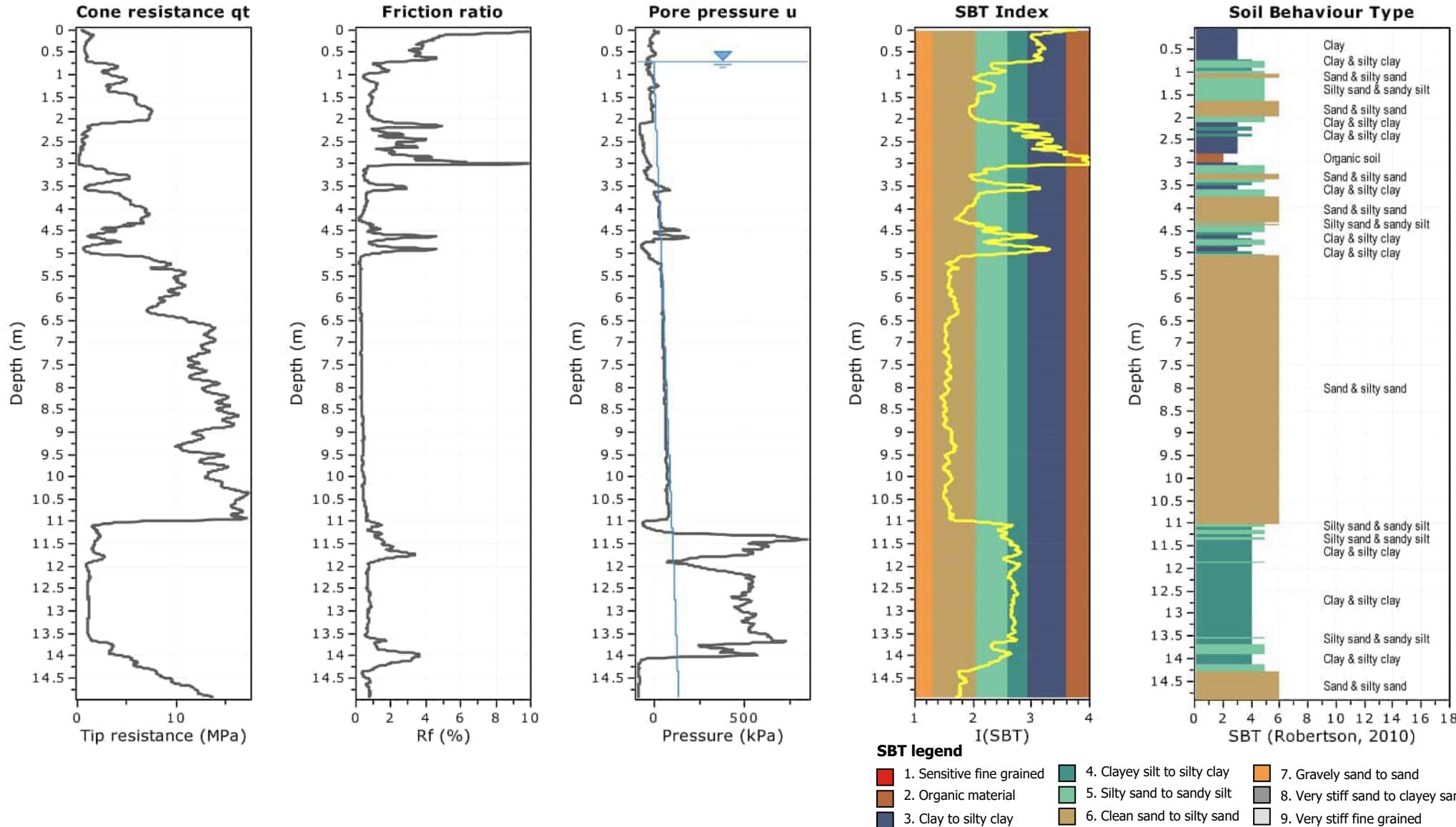
**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata



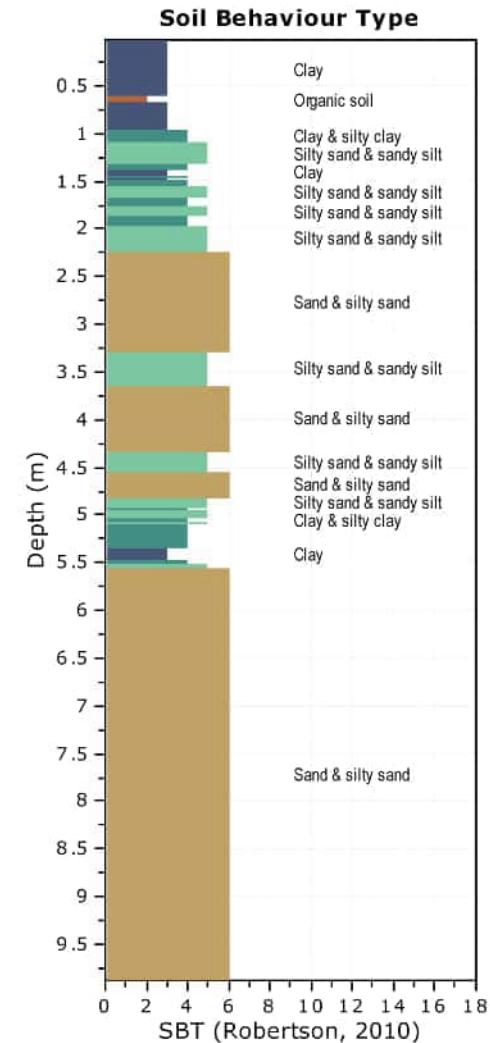
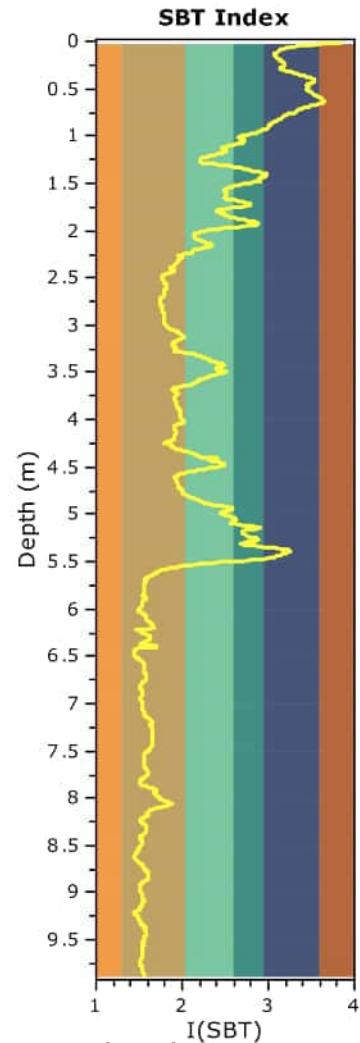
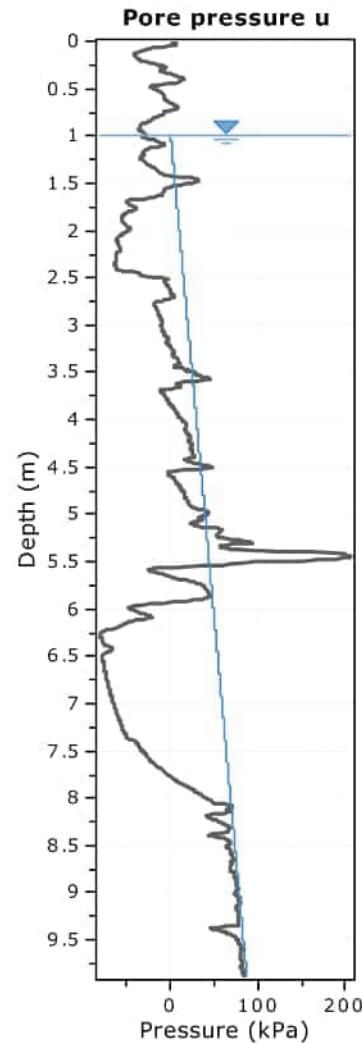
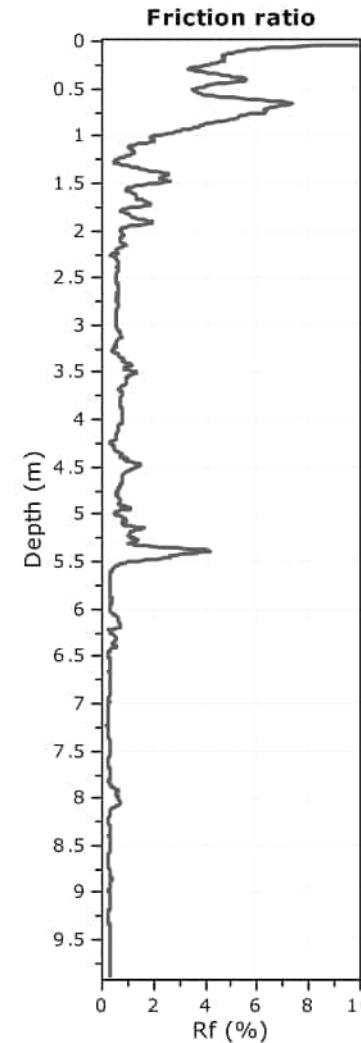
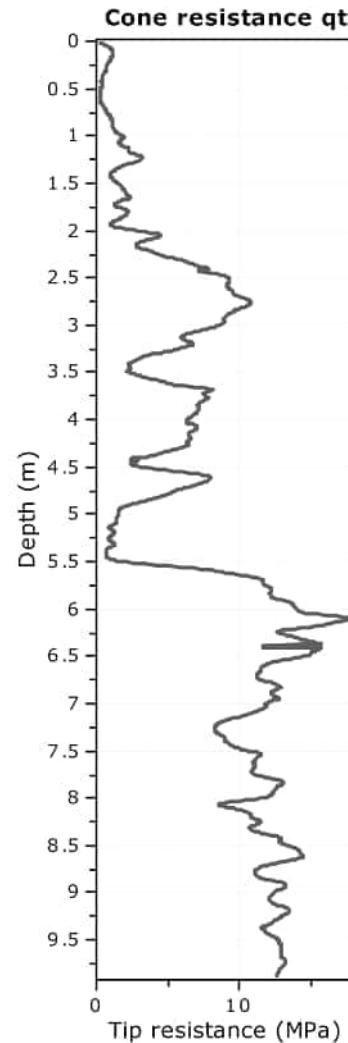
**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand
	7. Gravely sand to sand
	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
	9. Very stiff fine grained



**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

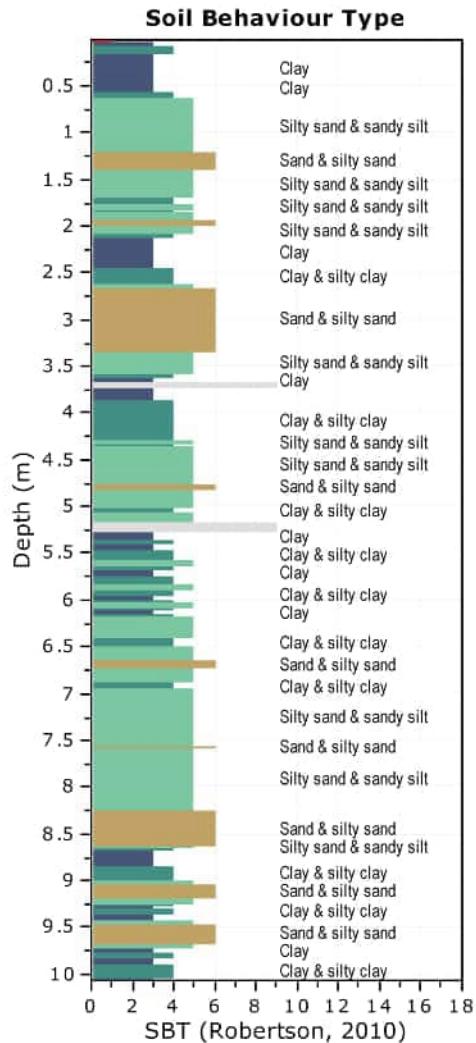
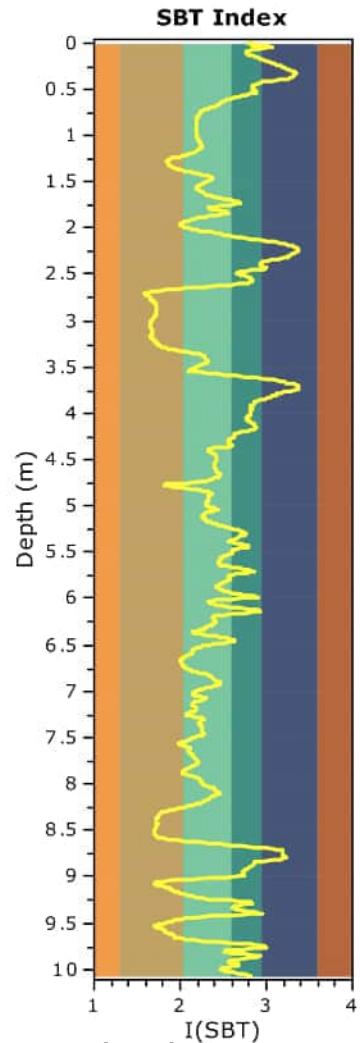
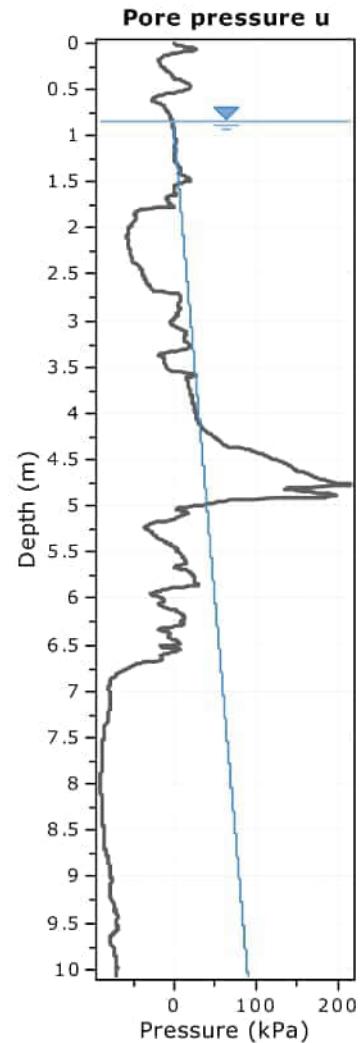
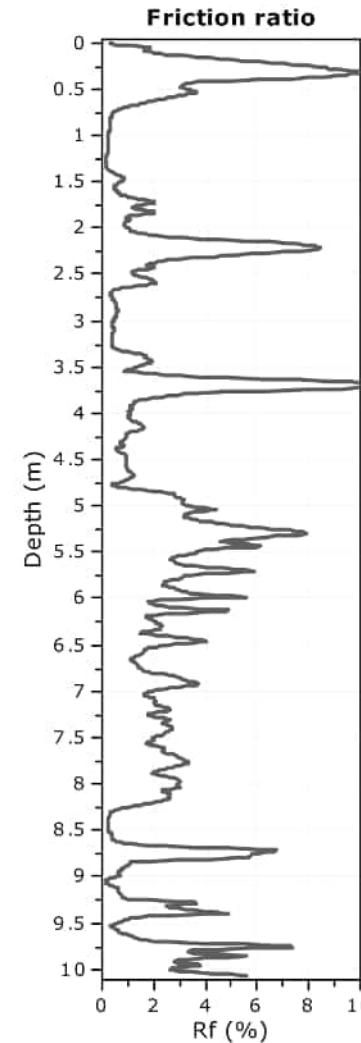
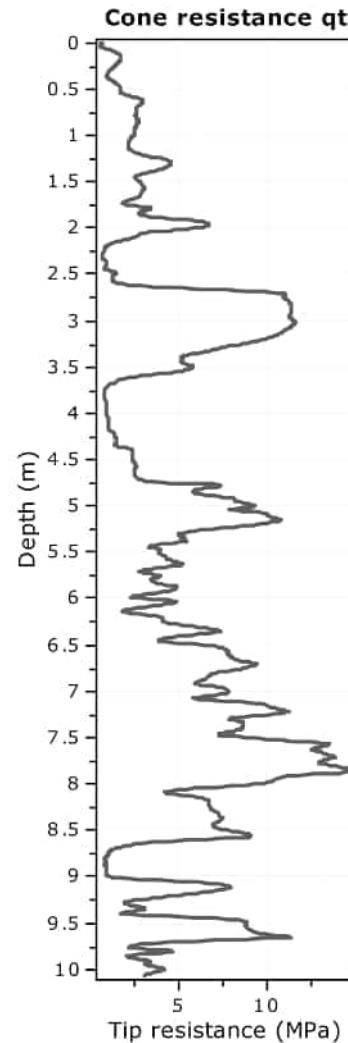


**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay	7. Gravely sand to sand
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand	9. Very stiff fine grained

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**



**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

**CPT: CPT25-08**

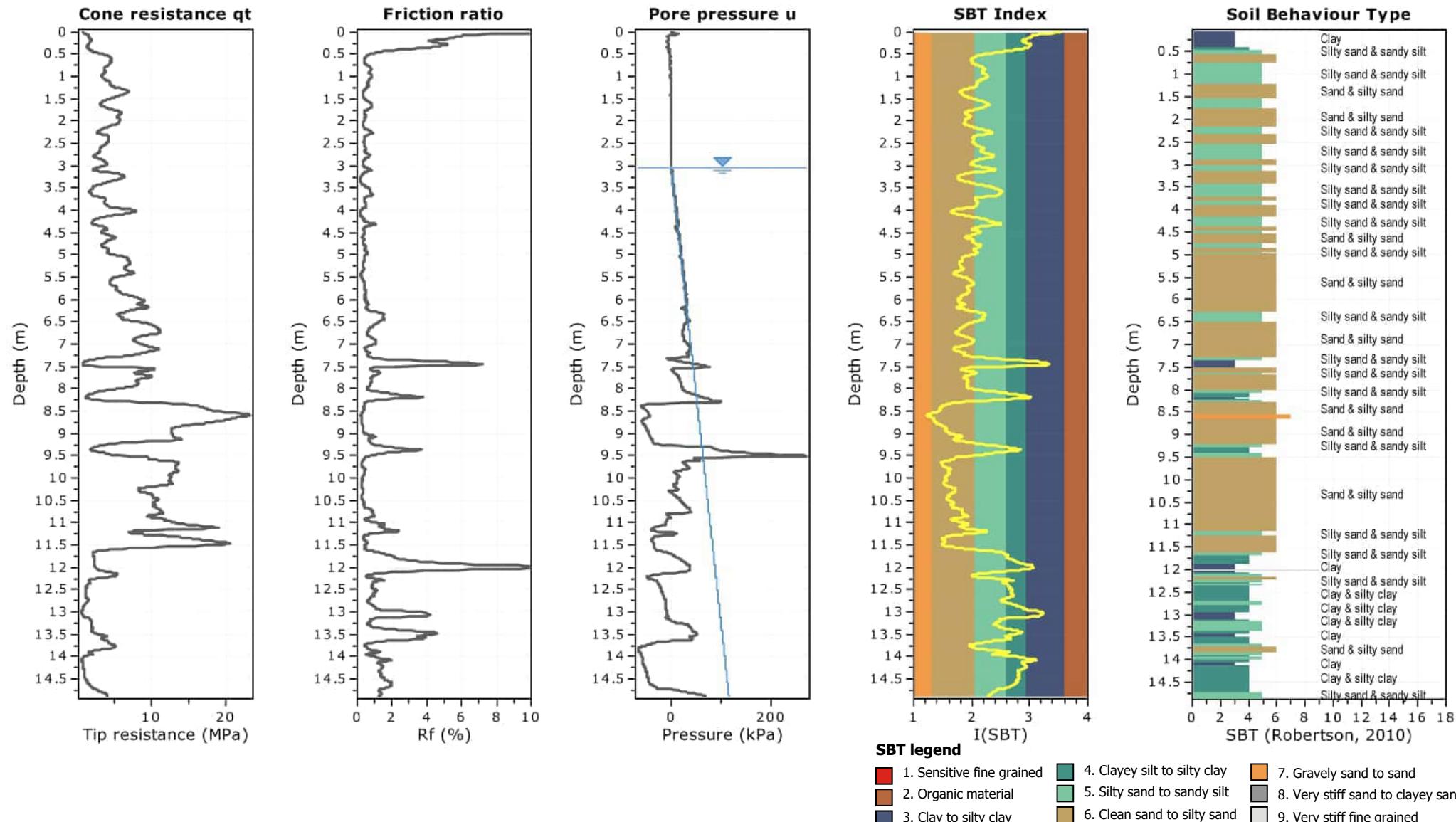
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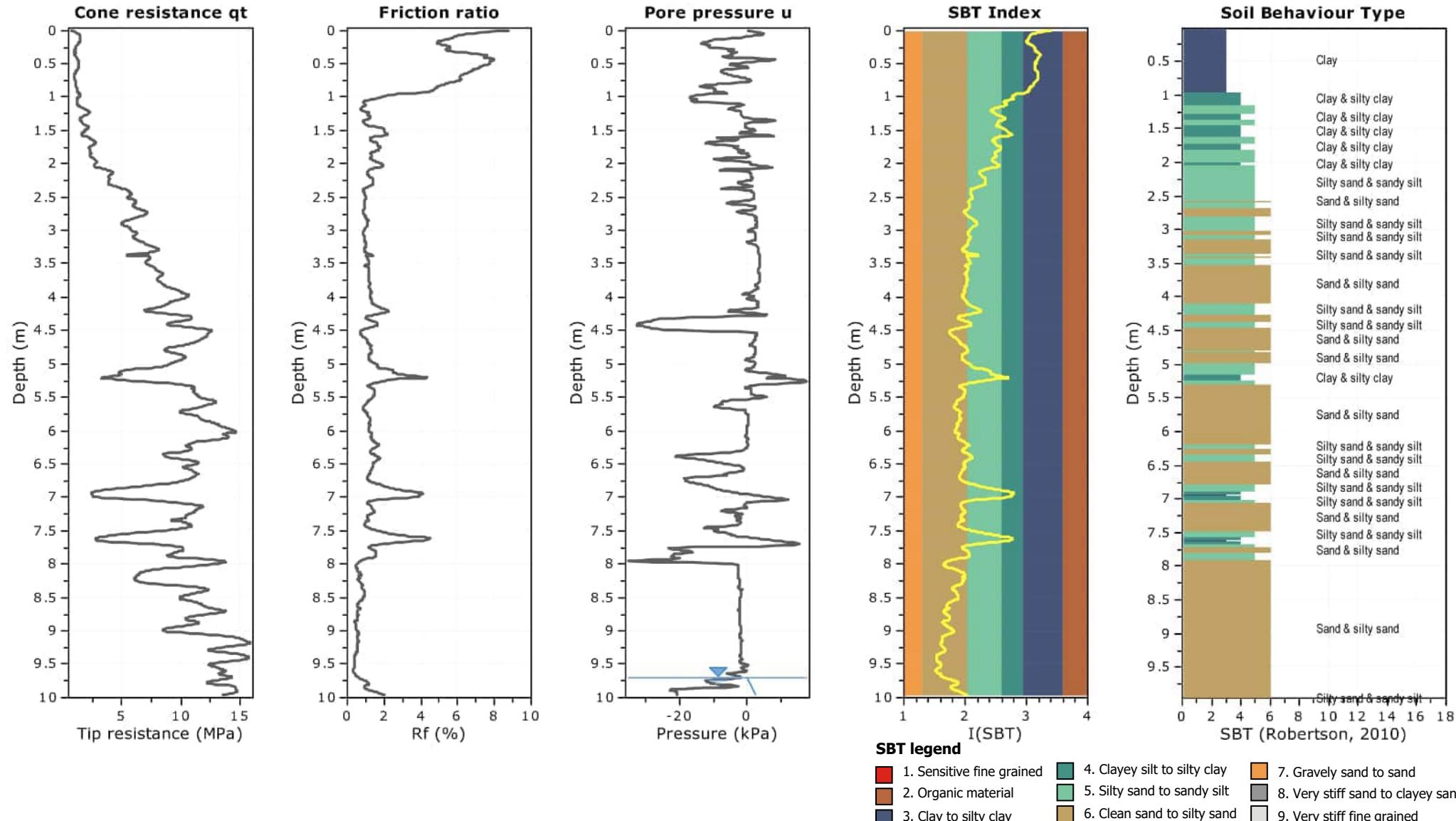
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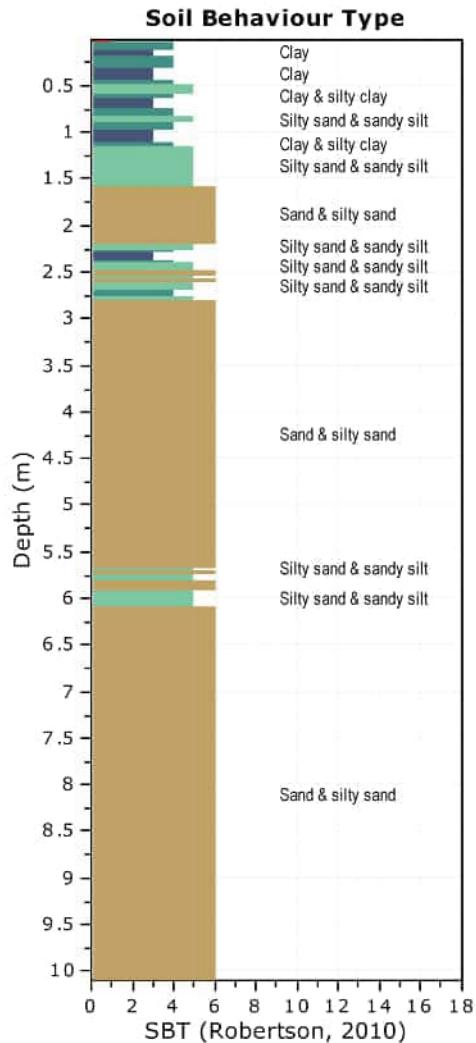
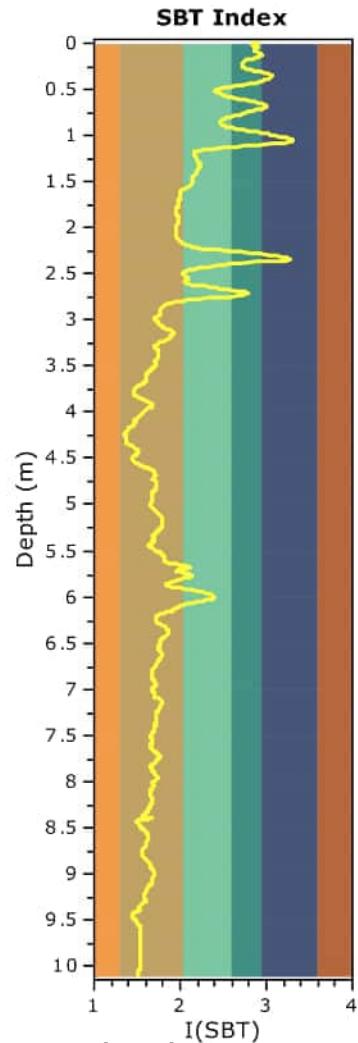
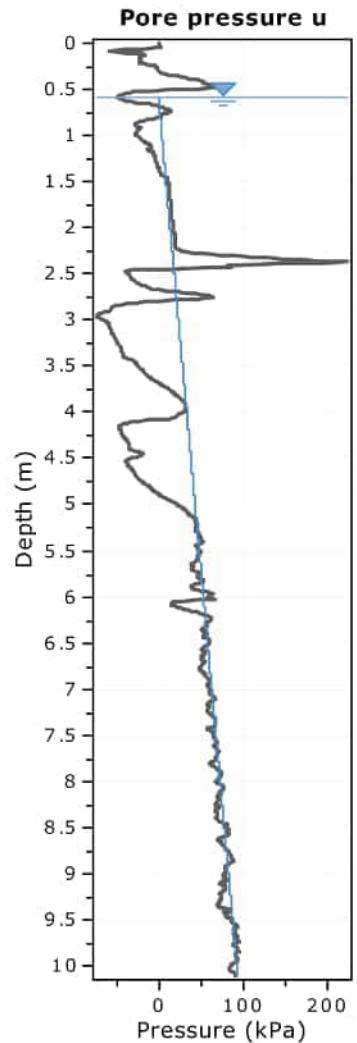
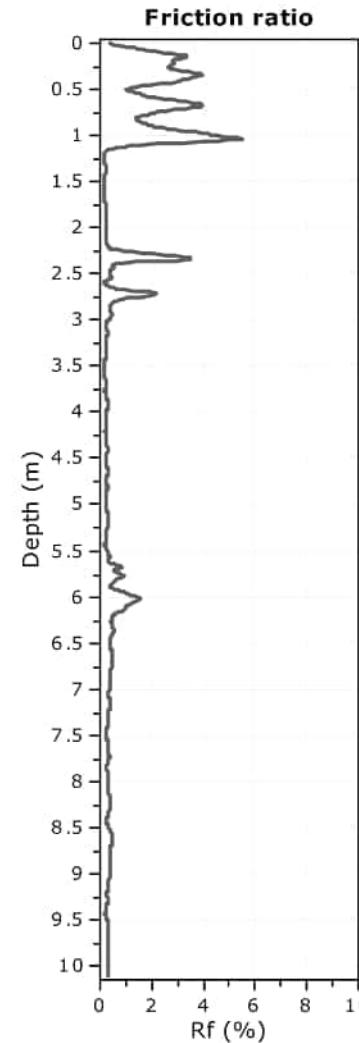
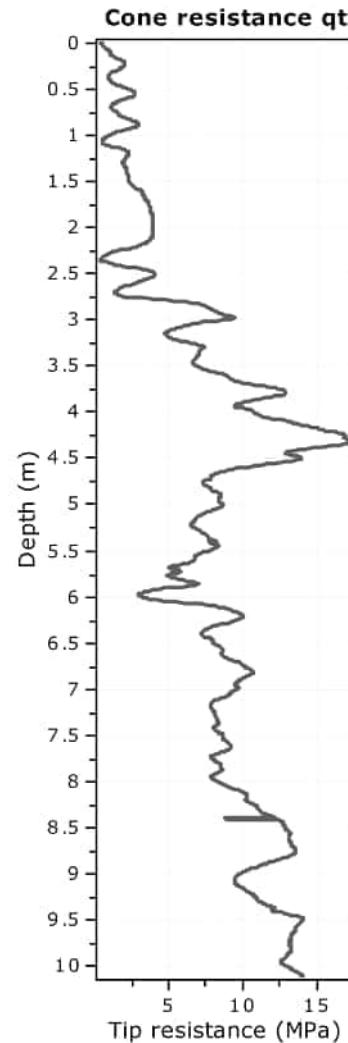
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**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**



**SBT legend**

1. Sensitive fine grained	4. Clayey silt to silty clay
2. Organic material	5. Silty sand to sandy silt
3. Clay to silty clay	6. Clean sand to silty sand
	7. Gravely sand to sand
	8. Very stiff sand to clayey sand
	9. Very stiff fine grained

# APPENDIX G: GROUNDWATER SURFACE (WGA)



# APPENDIX H: NATURAL HAZARD RISK ASSESSMENT

# NATURAL HAZARDS RISK ASSESSMENT FOR LAND SUBDIVISION

## ASHBOURNE DEVELOPMENT, STATION RD, MATAMATA

### 1 CONTEXT

Section 106 of the Resource Management Act (RMA) requires an assessment of the risk from natural hazards to be carried out when considering the granting of a subdivision consent. S106 RMA specifically states that the assessment must consider the combined effect of the natural hazard likelihood and material damage to land, other land or structures (consequence).

Section 2 of the RMA defines natural hazards as any atmospheric or earth or water related occurrence (including earthquake, tsunami, erosion, volcanic and geothermal activity, landslip, subsidence, sedimentation, wind, drought, fire or flooding) the action of which adversely affects or may adversely affect human life, property, or other aspects of the environment.

This appendix to CMW report reference HAM2023-0124 Rev 3 sets out the criteria for and presents the results of an assessment of the geotechnical-related natural hazards associated with this proposed subdivision development. The remaining hazards, i.e. tsunami, wind, drought, fire and flooding hazards are not covered by this assessment.

### 2 BASIS OF ASSESSMENT

#### 2.1 Risk Classification

The occurrence of natural hazards and their potential impacts on the proposed subdivision development is assessed in terms of risk significance, which is based on likelihood and consequence factors. A risk table is used to help assess the likelihood and consequence factors, the form of which used by CMW for this project is presented in Table B1.

Table B1: Natural Hazard Risk Classification

Risk Matrix		Consequence				
		Insignificant 1	Minor 2	Moderate 3	Major 4	Catastrophic 5
Likelihood	Almost Certain 5	Medium 5	High 10	Very high 15	Extreme 20	Extreme 25
	Likely 4	Low 4	Medium 8	High 12	Very high 16	Extreme 20
	Moderate 3	Low 3	Medium 6	Medium 9	High 12	Very high 15
	Unlikely 2	Very low 2	Low 4	Medium 6	Medium 8	High 10
	Rare 1	Very low 1	Very low 2	Low 3	Low 4	Medium 5

## 2.2 Likelihood

With respect to assessing the likelihood or chance of the risk occurring, the qualitative definitions used by CMW for this project are provided in Table B2 for each likelihood classification.

Table B2: Qualitative Natural Hazard Likelihood Definitions		
1	Rare	The natural hazard is not expected to occur during the design life of the project
2	Unlikely	The natural hazard is unlikely, but may occur during the design life
3	Moderate	The natural hazard will probably occur at some time during the life of the project
4	Likely	The natural hazard is expected to occur during the design life of the project
5	Almost Certain	The natural hazard will almost definitely occur during the design life of the project

## 2.3 Consequence

In terms of determining the consequence or severity of the natural hazard occurring, the qualitative definitions used by CMW for this project are provided in Table B3 for each consequence classification.

Table B3: Qualitative Natural Hazard Consequence Definitions		
1	Insignificant	Very minor to no damage, not requiring any repair, no people at risk, no economic effect to landowners.
2	Minor	Minor damage to land only, any repairs can be considered normal property maintenance no people at risk, very minor economic effect.
3	Moderate	Some damage to land requiring repair to reinstate within few months, minor cosmetic damage to buildings being within relevant code tolerances, does not require immediate repair, no people at risk, minor economic effect.
4	Major	Significant damage to land requiring immediate repair, damage to buildings beyond serviceable limits requiring repair, no collapse of structures, perceptible effect to people, no risk to life, considerable economic effect.
5	Catastrophic	Major damage to land and buildings, possible structure collapse requiring replacement, risk to life, major economic effect, or possible site abandonment.

## 2.4 Risk Acceptance

It is recognised that the natural hazard risk assessment provided herein is qualitative and, due to the wide range of possible geohazards that could occur, is somewhat subjective. Other methods are available to quantitatively assess an acceptable level of geotechnical related natural hazard risk, such as defining an acceptable factor of safety with respect to slope stability or acceptable differential ground settlements with respect to recommended building code limits.

Therefore, to give this qualitative natural hazard risk assessment some relevance to more commonly adopted numerical or quantitative geotechnical assessment techniques, a residual risk rating of very low to medium (risk value = 1 to 9 inclusive) is considered an acceptable result for the proposed subdivision development.

A risk rating of high to extreme (risk value  $\geq 10$ ) is considered an unacceptable result for the proposed subdivision development.

### 3 RISK ASSESSMENT

The natural hazards relevant to this proposed subdivision development and adjacent, potentially affected land have been assessed with respect to the criteria outlined above.

Assessment is based on proposed post development ground conditions with and without any geotechnical controls. The latent risk was first assessed with the site in its proposed developed state to consider the risks to the development and surrounding land, including assessment of land modifications from the pre-existing natural state, without any implemented geotechnical controls. The specific geotechnical mitigation measures and engineering design solutions outlined in the table below and CMW report, where relevant, were then considered to determine the natural hazard residual risk remaining after the proposed controls have been implemented.

Results of this assessment are presented in Table C1 below.

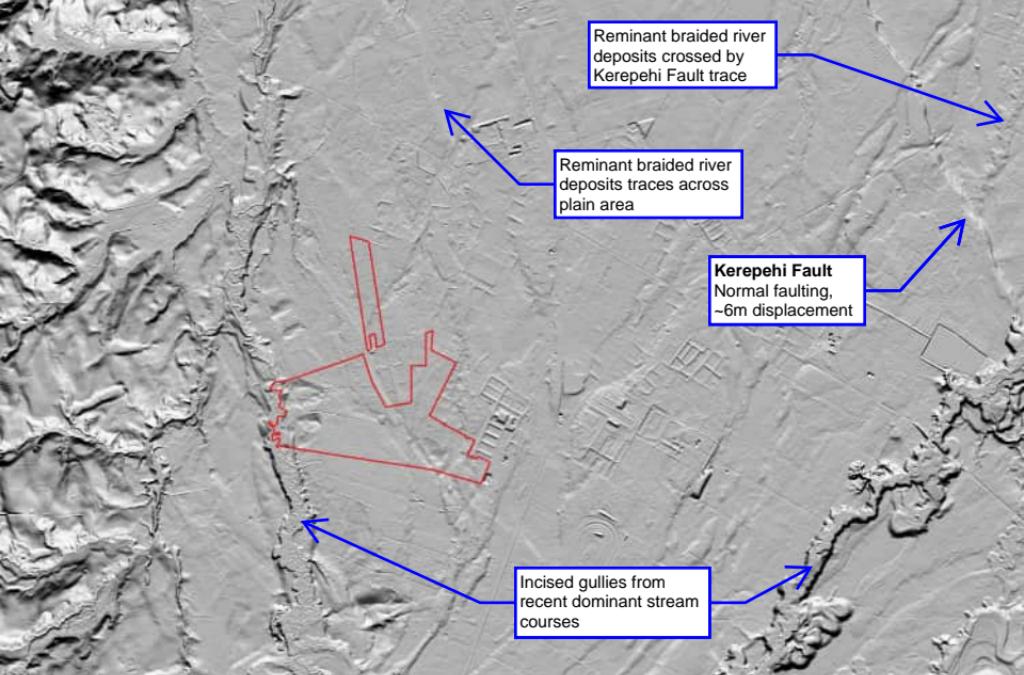
Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary											
Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
1	Earthquake	Seismicity	Entire Site	Site subsoil class = Class D due to less than dense/ stiff soil profile  Importance Level = 2 (Residential Subdivision and Retirement Village)  Importance Level = 3 (Solar Farm)	1	5	5	None	1	5	5
		Fault Rupture	Entire Site	Nearest active fault (Kerpehi fault) is approximately 5km from the site.  (Refer to section 6.3)	1	5	5	Mitigation not required	1	5	5
		Liquefaction	Whole site	Refer to Section 6.4	3	4	12	Engineered design of ground improvement/ foundation design/ superstructure design required. Refer Section 7.2.	3	2	6
		Cyclic Softening	Entire Site	20% strength loss expected in fine grained soils.	1	4	4	Mitigation not required.	1	4	4
		Lateral Spread	Riverbanks/ greenway banks	Refer to Sections 6.5 & 6.6	3	4	12	Riverbank - Lateral spreading risk should be considered in the design, further	3	4	12

Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary											
Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
								investigation and analysis will be required.  Greenway – building restriction zone of 5m from back of greenway crest batter.			
2	Volcanic Activity	Ash and Pyroclastic Falls	Entire Site	Nearest active volcano is the Rotorua Caldera. Currently at alert level 0.	1	5	5	Mitigation not required.	1	5	5
3	Slope Instability / Landslide	Global Instability	Entire site	Due to the landform being generally near level to gently sloping, slope instability is not anticipated.	1	4	4	Mitigation not required.	1	4	4
4	Problematic Soils	Expansive Soils	Entire Site	Experience in similar soils indicate that the soils on site are non-expansive.	2	3	6	Mitigation not required.	2	3	6
5	Settlement	Compressible Soils	Entire Site	Minor compressible soils were encountered on site.	2	4	8	Trial embankment / preloading has been recommended.	1	4	4
		Fill Induced Settlement	Entire Site	No earthwork plans are available at the time of writing report. Site is primarily underlain with dense to very dense sand and	2	4	8	Trial embankment / preloading has been recommended.	1	4	4

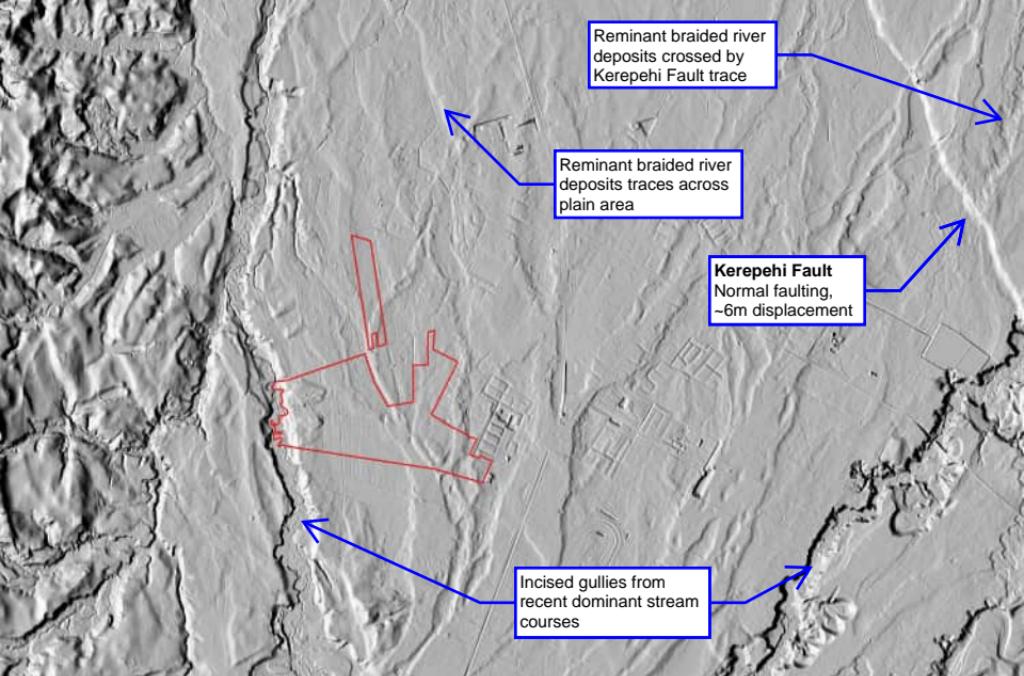
Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary											
Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
				stiff to very stiff silt. It is anticipated any fill induced settlement would occur immediately and be built out during construction.							
6	Bearing Capacity	Bearing Capacity Failure	Building Platform	Refer to Section 7.6 of the report	2	4	8	A preliminary geotechnical ultimate bearing capacity (GUBC) of 300kPa should be available in the static case. Low ultimate bearing capacity is anticipated in the seismic case. Should be accounted for during Building Consent stage.	2	2	4
7	Construction Risks	Excitability	Building Platform	Given the density of the soil units that will be encountered, excavation is expected to be readily achieved with normal earthworks plant. However, excavations may require temporary support due to high expected groundwater and granular soils leading to 'running sands'.	3	3	9	Consideration to be given to sensitive silts and shallow groundwater table.	3	2	6

Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary											
Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
		Sediment Retention Ponds	Building Platform	Sediment retention ponds will require geotechnical input at design stage to ensure batter stability is achievable.	2	3	6	Consideration to be given to batter stability of proposed ponds at design and construction phase.	2	2	4
		Stockpile locations	Building Platform	Stockpiles may cause ground movement if placed near riverbanks/slopes.	2	2	4	Stockpiles to be away from the river bank/existing slopes.	1	2	2
		Subgrade Preparation	Building Platforms and Road Alignment	Topsoil and existing vegetation within the building footprints and road alignments will be cleared as part of the proposed development earthworks.	1	2	2	Mitigation not required.	1	2	2
		Service Trenches (trench collapse / long term settlement)	Building Platform and Road Alignment	Trench collapse may occur in surficial soils / if proposed service trenches extend below GW level.	3	3	9	Mitigation should be considered in the form of: - trench support - temporary dewatering, in the form of regularly spaced pumps	3	1	3

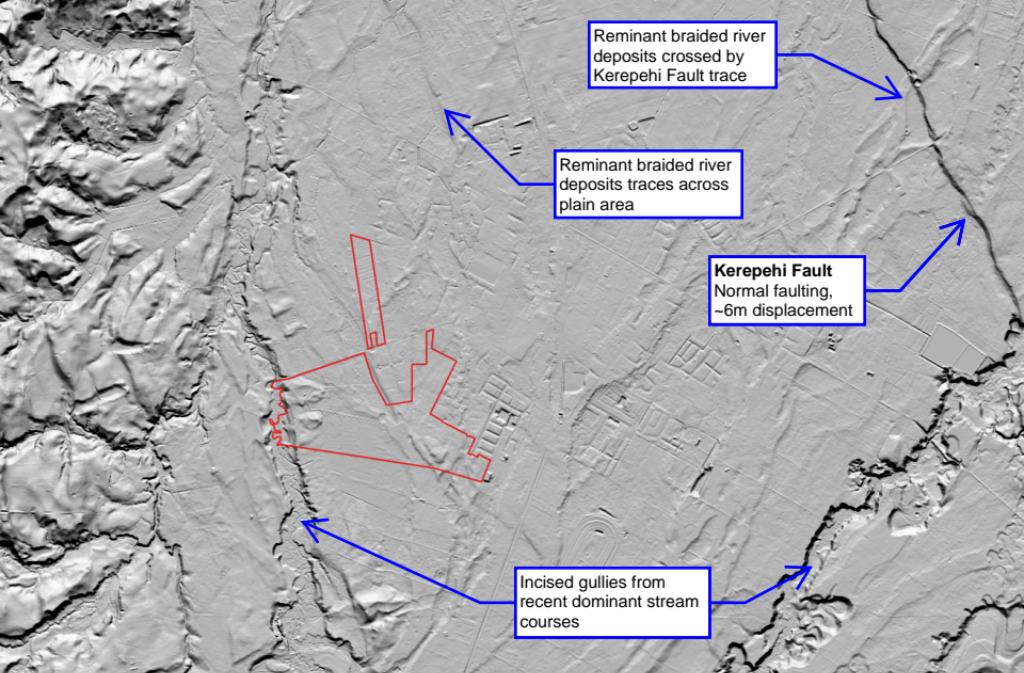
# APPENDIX I: FAULT STUDY DEM PLOTS



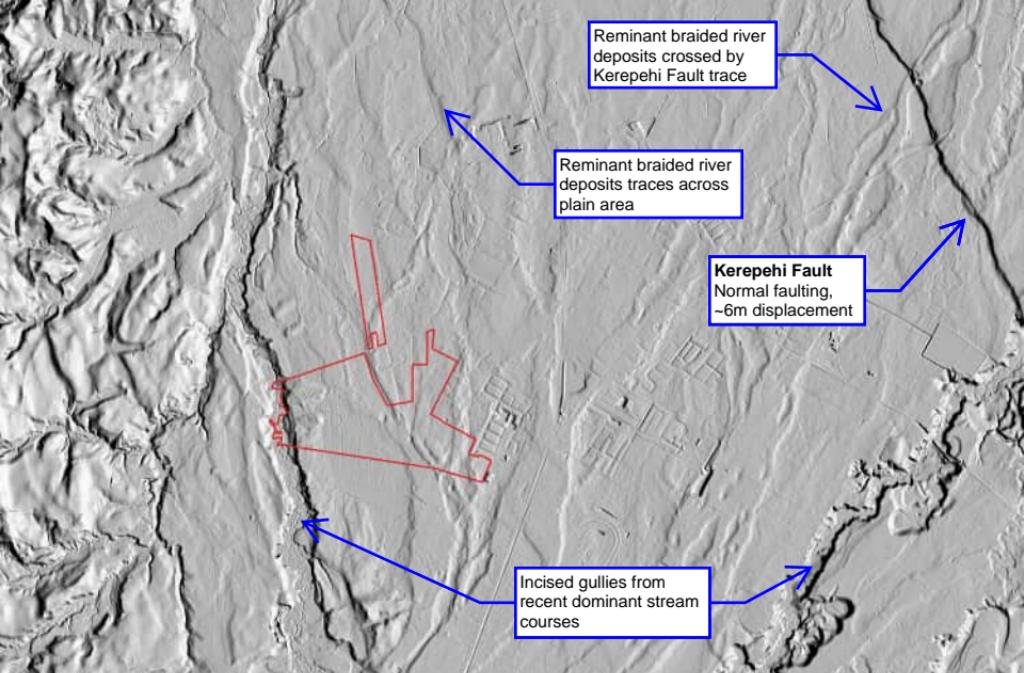
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Azimuth 180deg



Altitude 45deg  
Azimuth 270deg



Altitude 45deg  
Azimuth 0deg

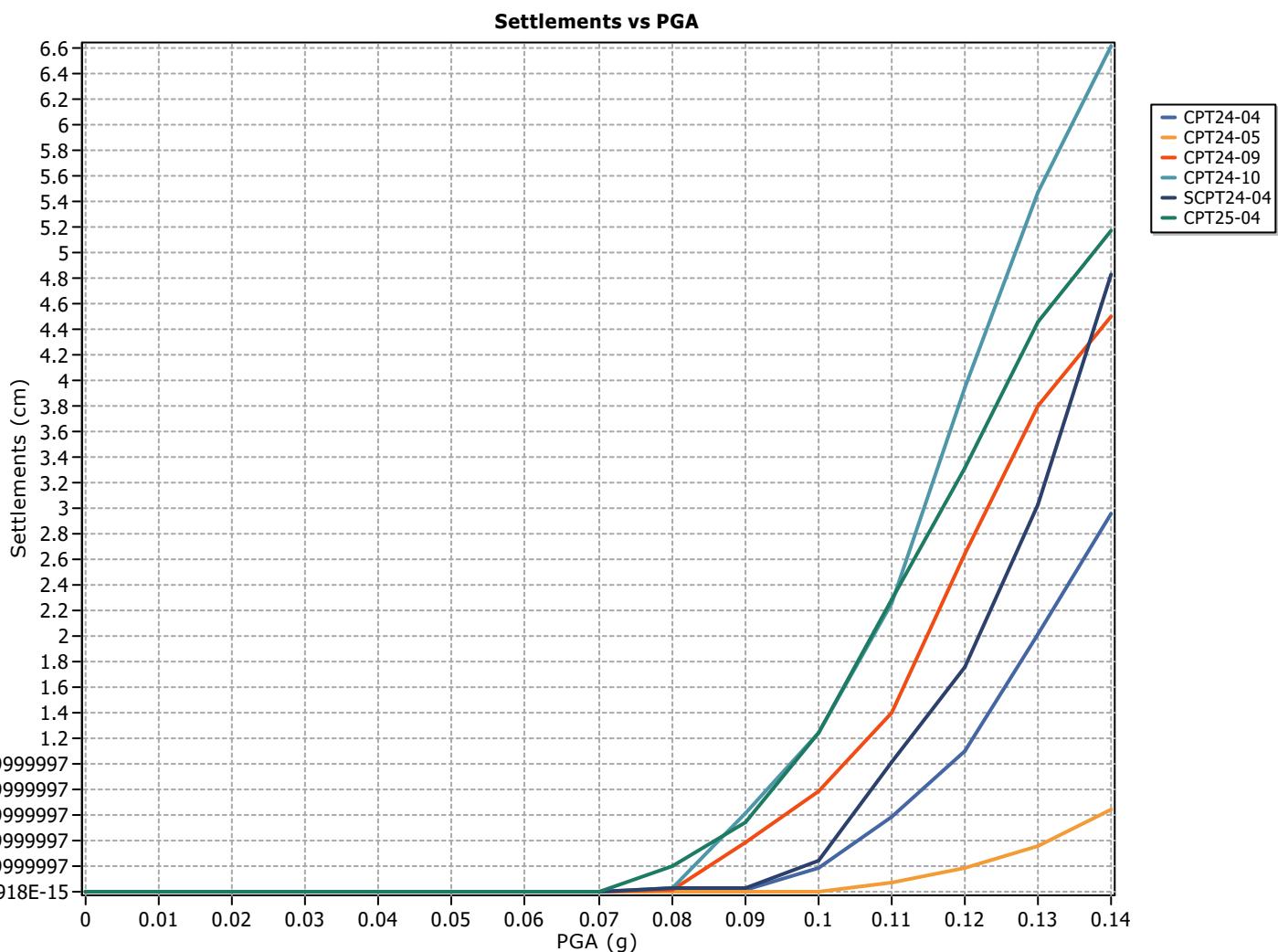


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Azimuth 90deg

# APPENDIX J: LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS RESULTS

# IL1 FULL DEPTH LIQUFACTION RESULTS

### PGA Based Parametric Analysis



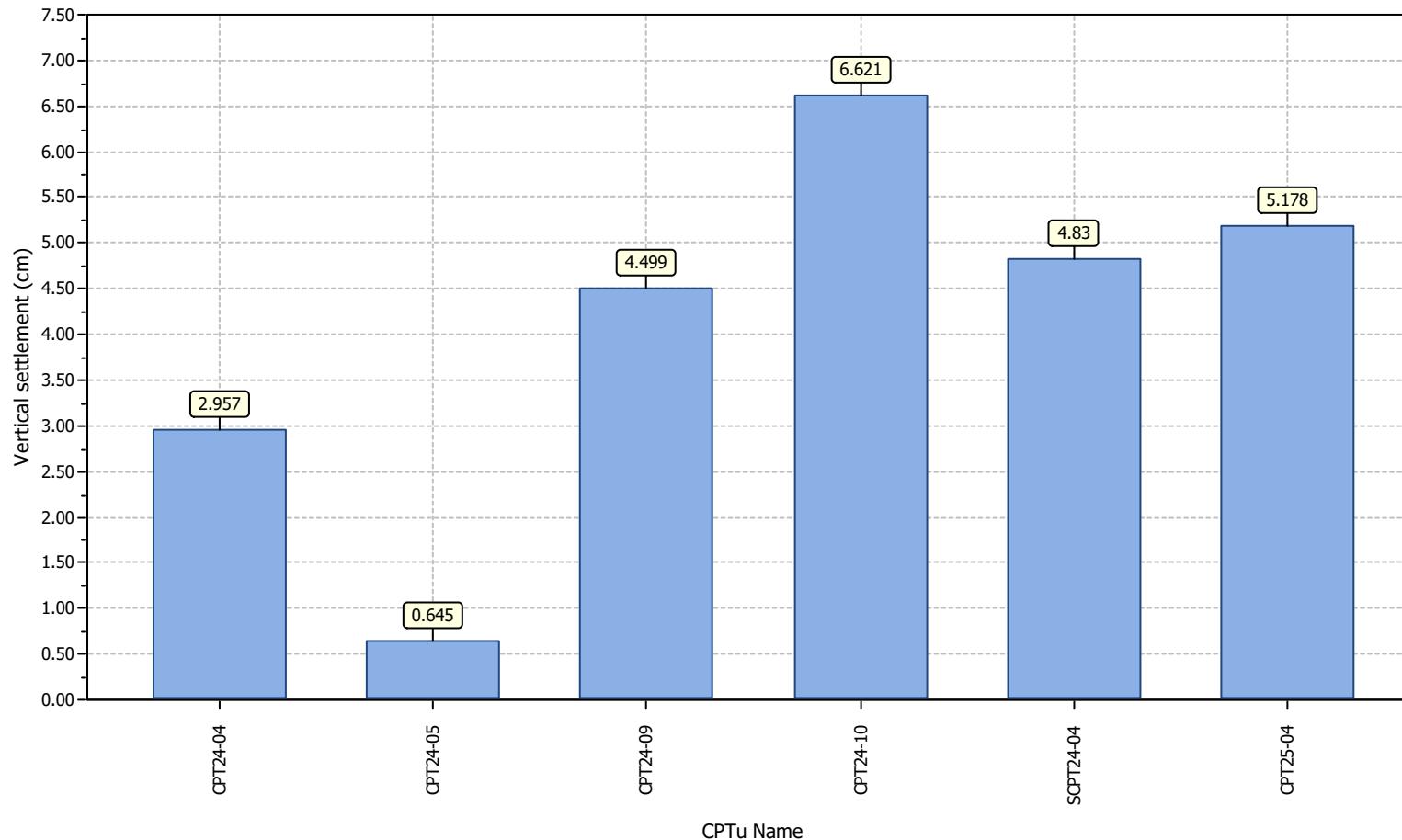
#### :: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT24-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.70	1.70
CPT24-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.00	3.00
CPT24-09	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.60	0.60
CPT24-10	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
SCPT24-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.10	2.10
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50

**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

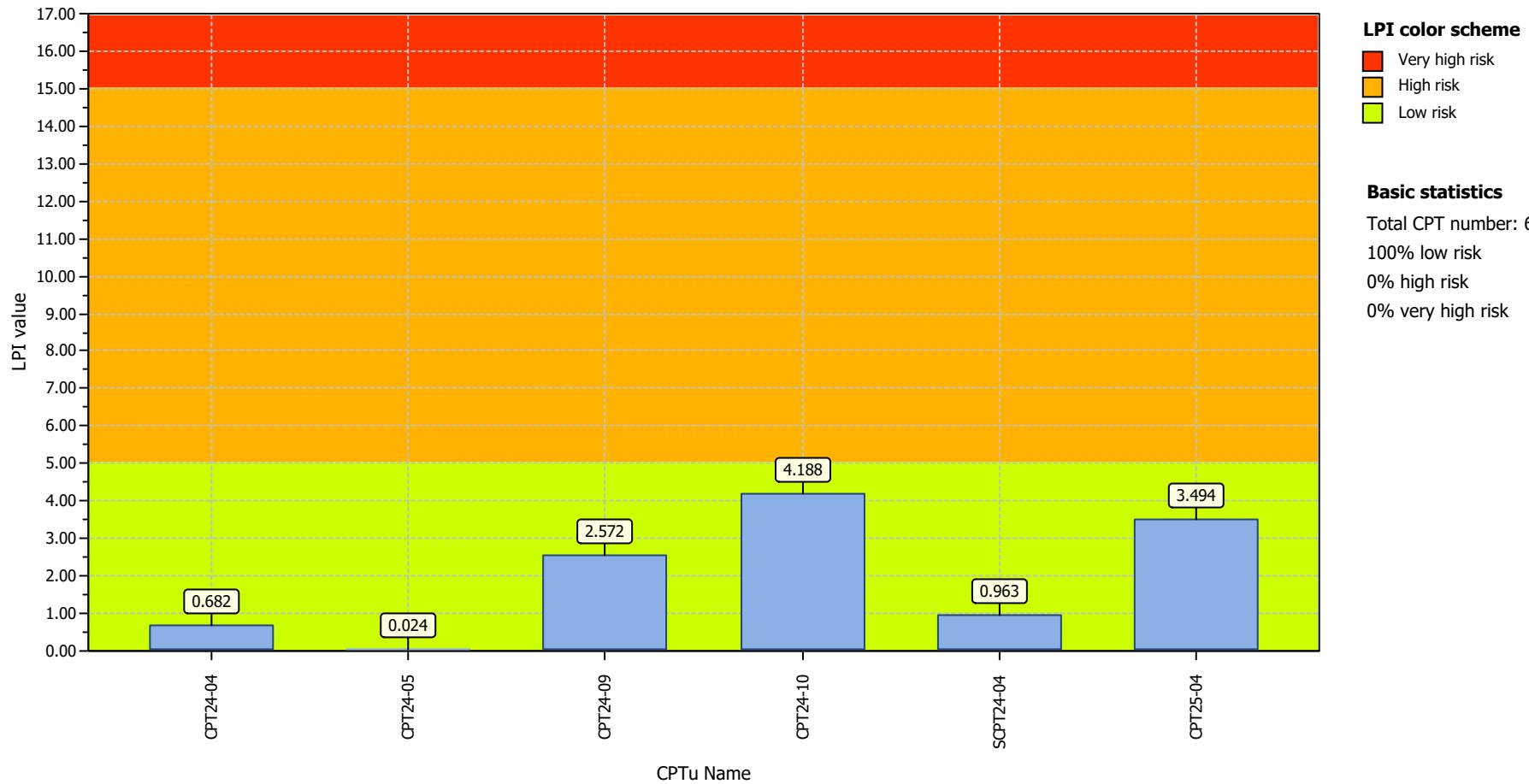
### Overall vertical settlements report



**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

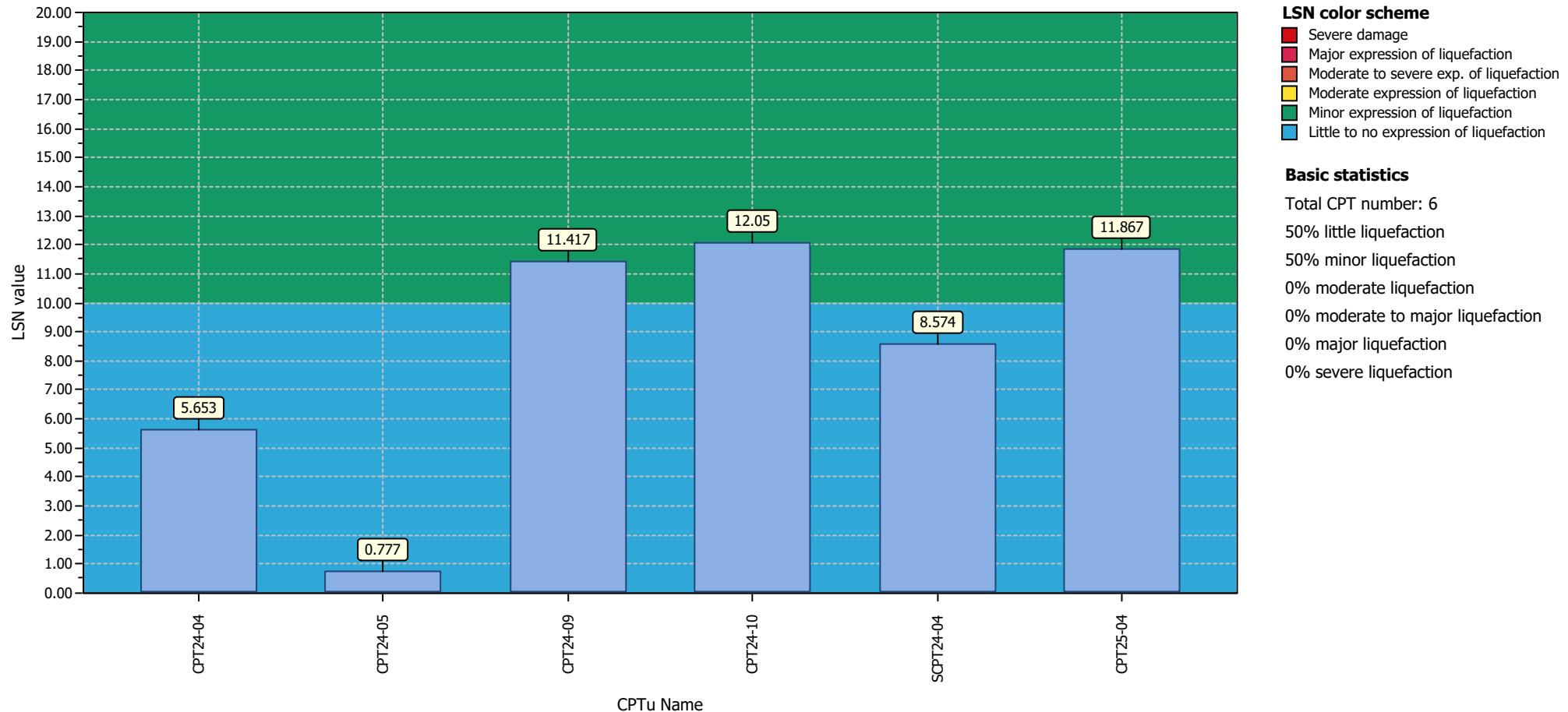
### Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



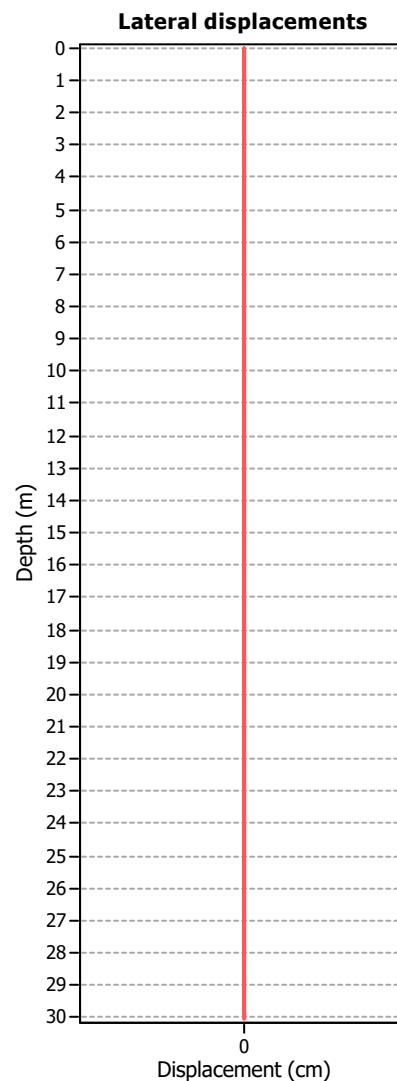
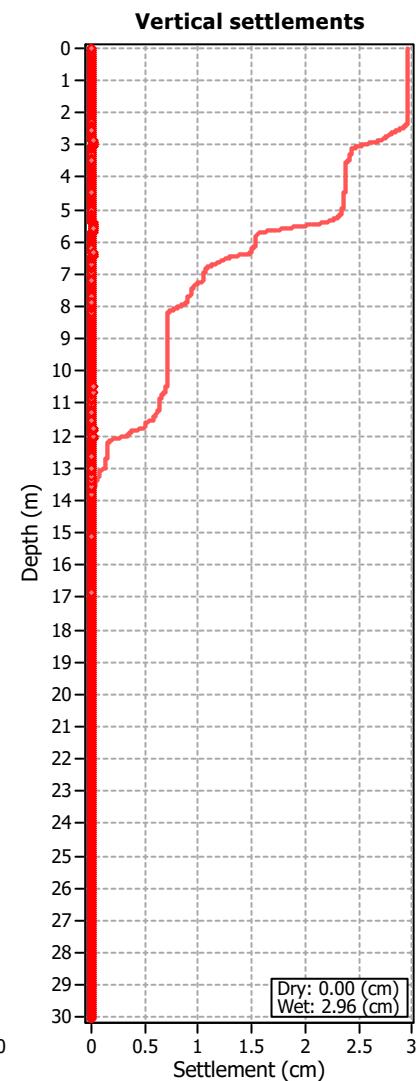
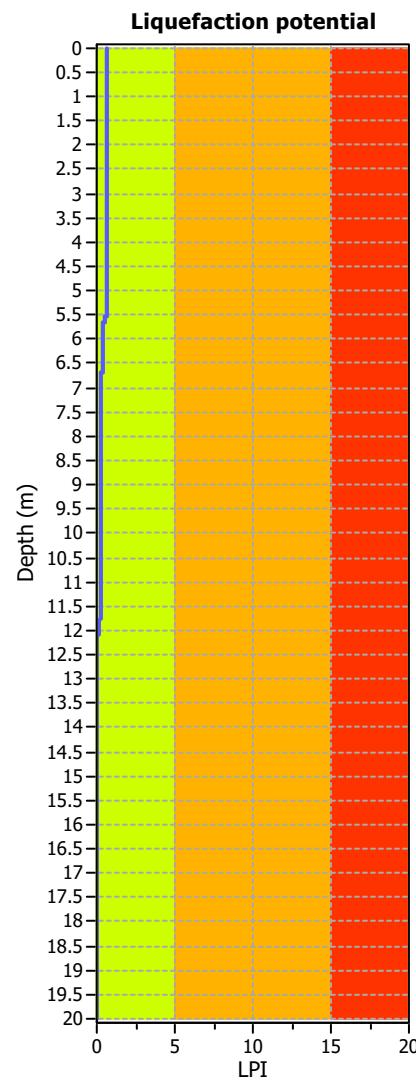
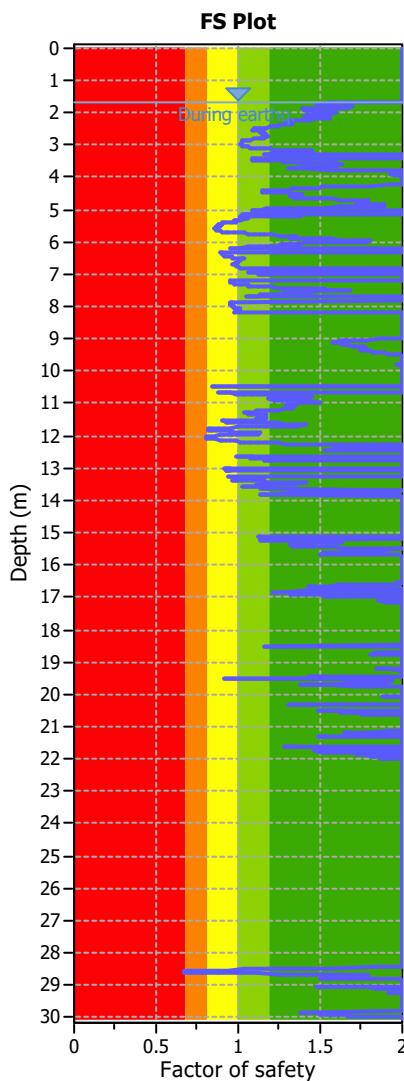
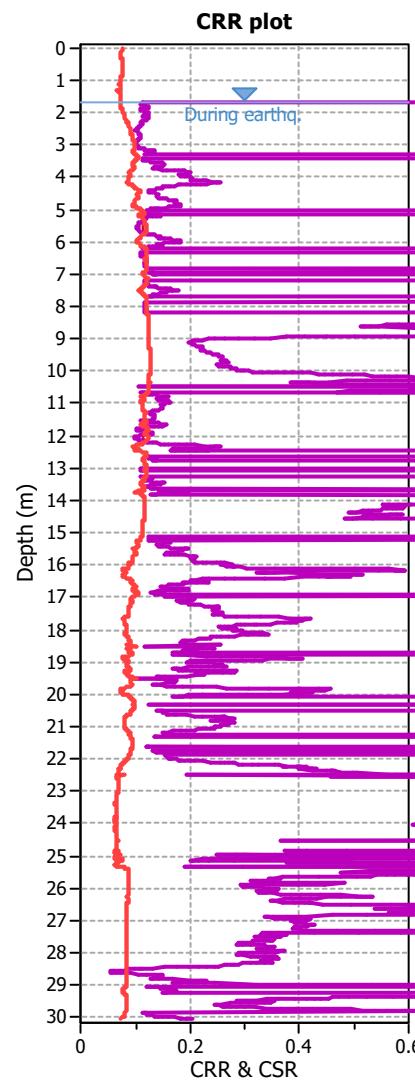
**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

### Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.14  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.70 m

Depth to GWT (earthq.): 1.70 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

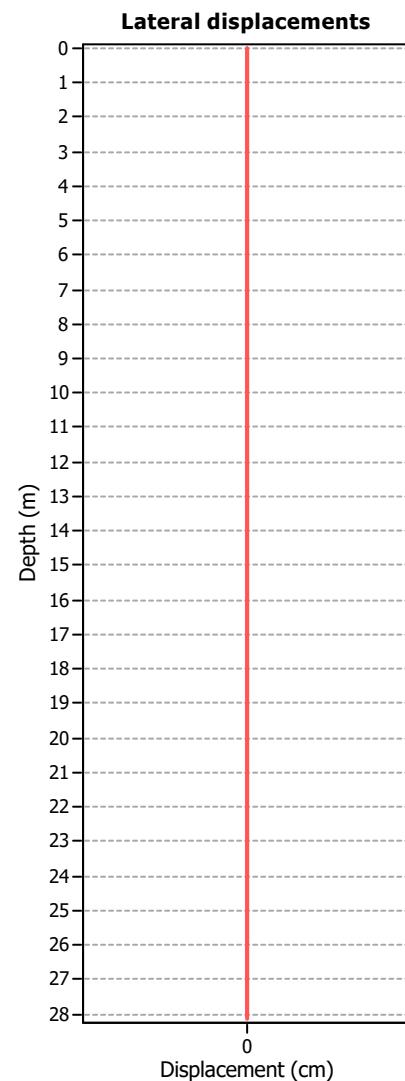
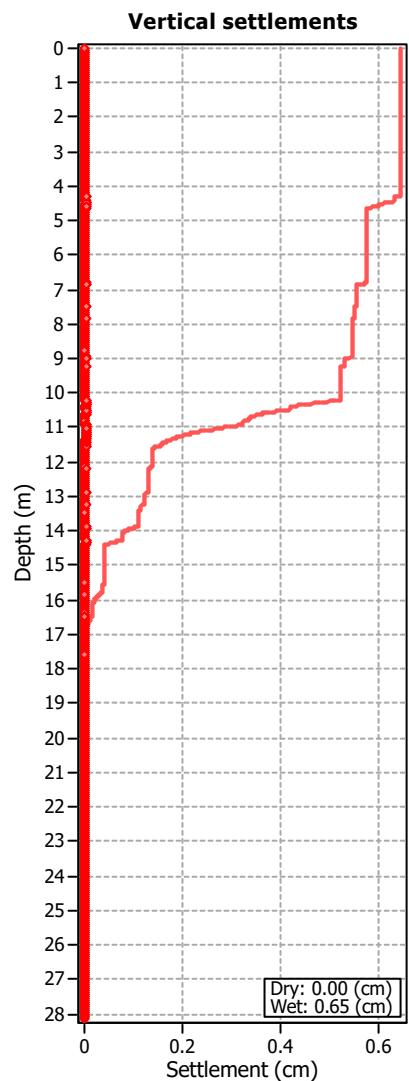
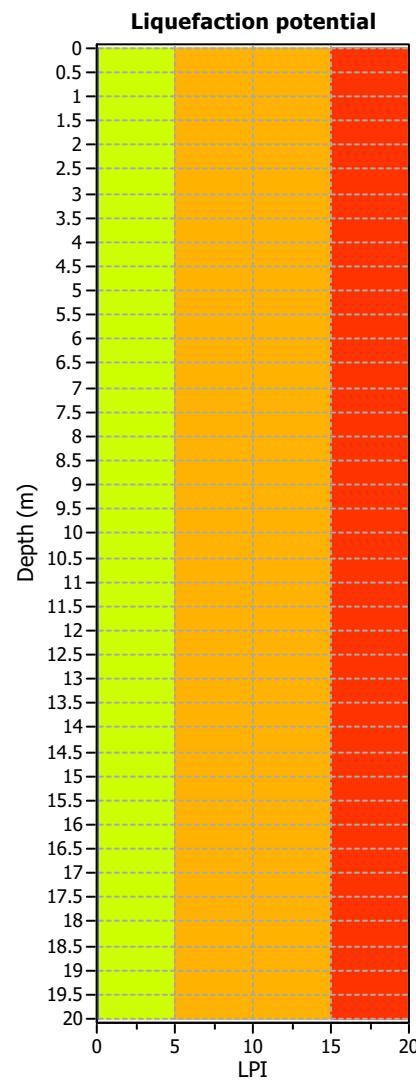
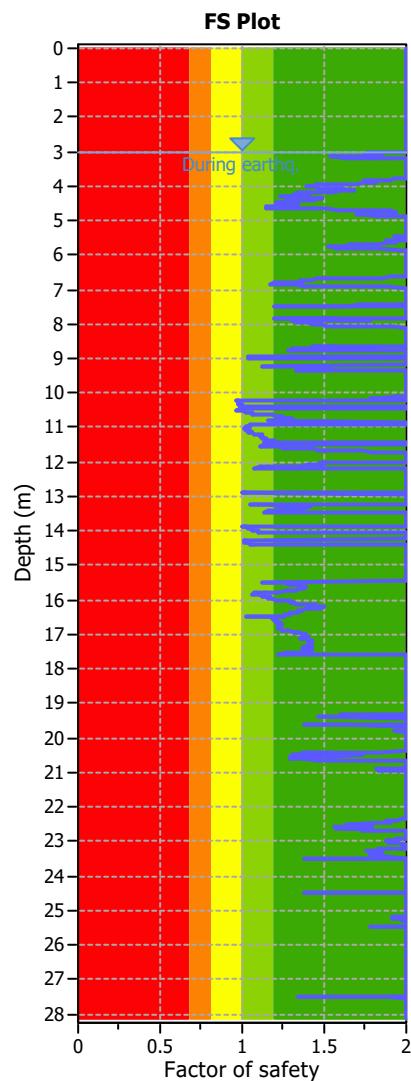
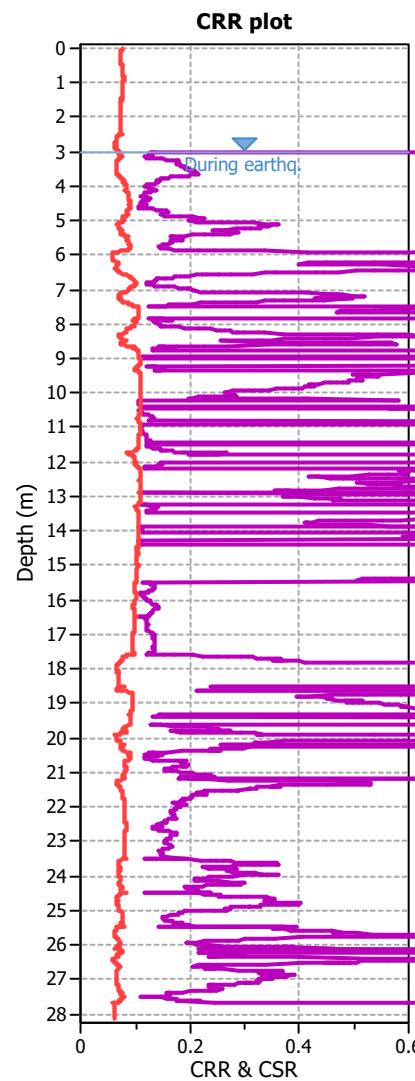
## F.S. color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.14  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 3.00 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 3.00 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

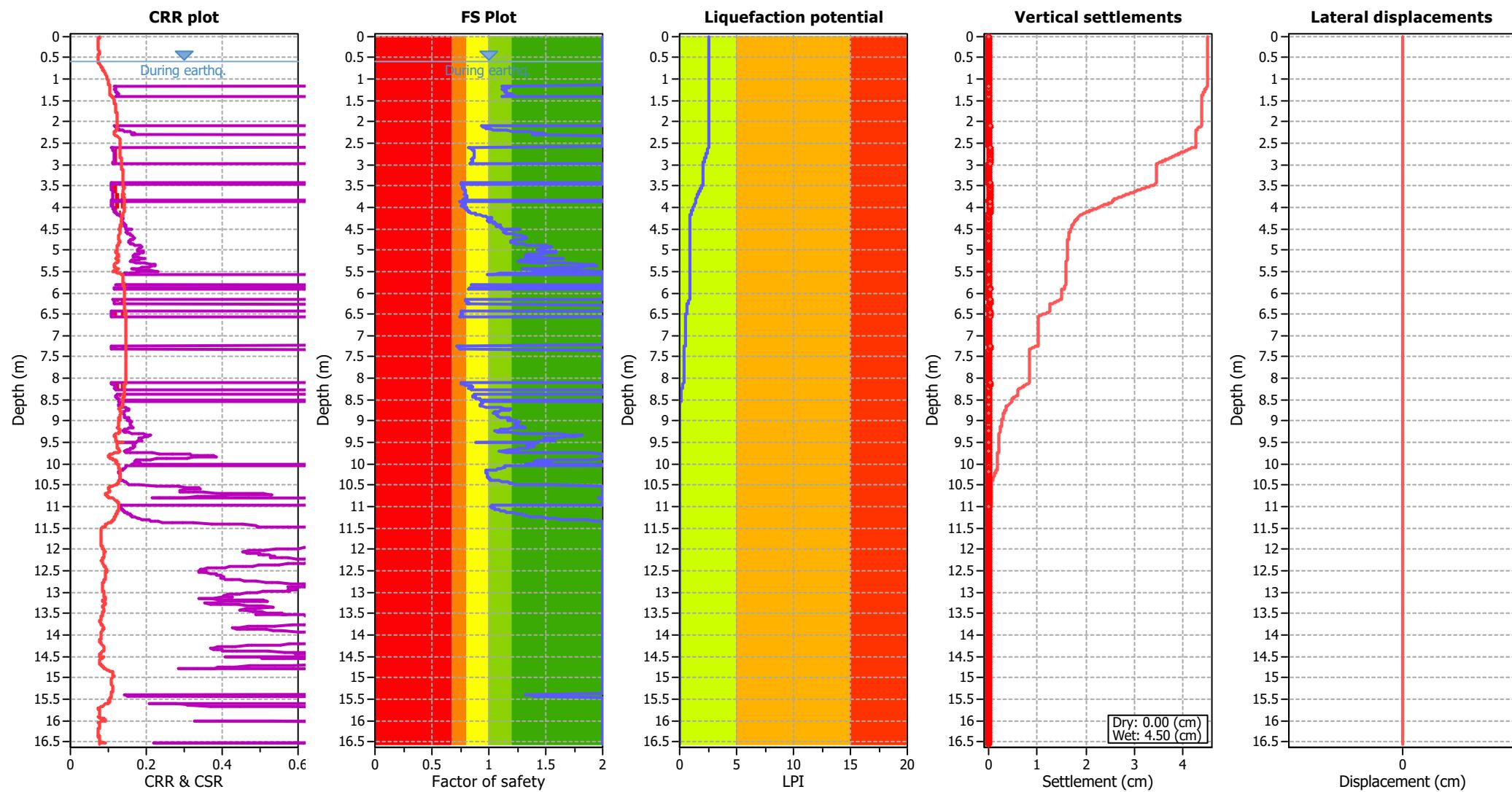
## F.S. color scheme

Red: Almost certain it will liquefy  
 Orange: Very likely to liquefy  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Unlike to liquefy  
 Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Red: Very high risk  
 Orange: High risk  
 Yellow: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.14  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.60 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 0.60 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

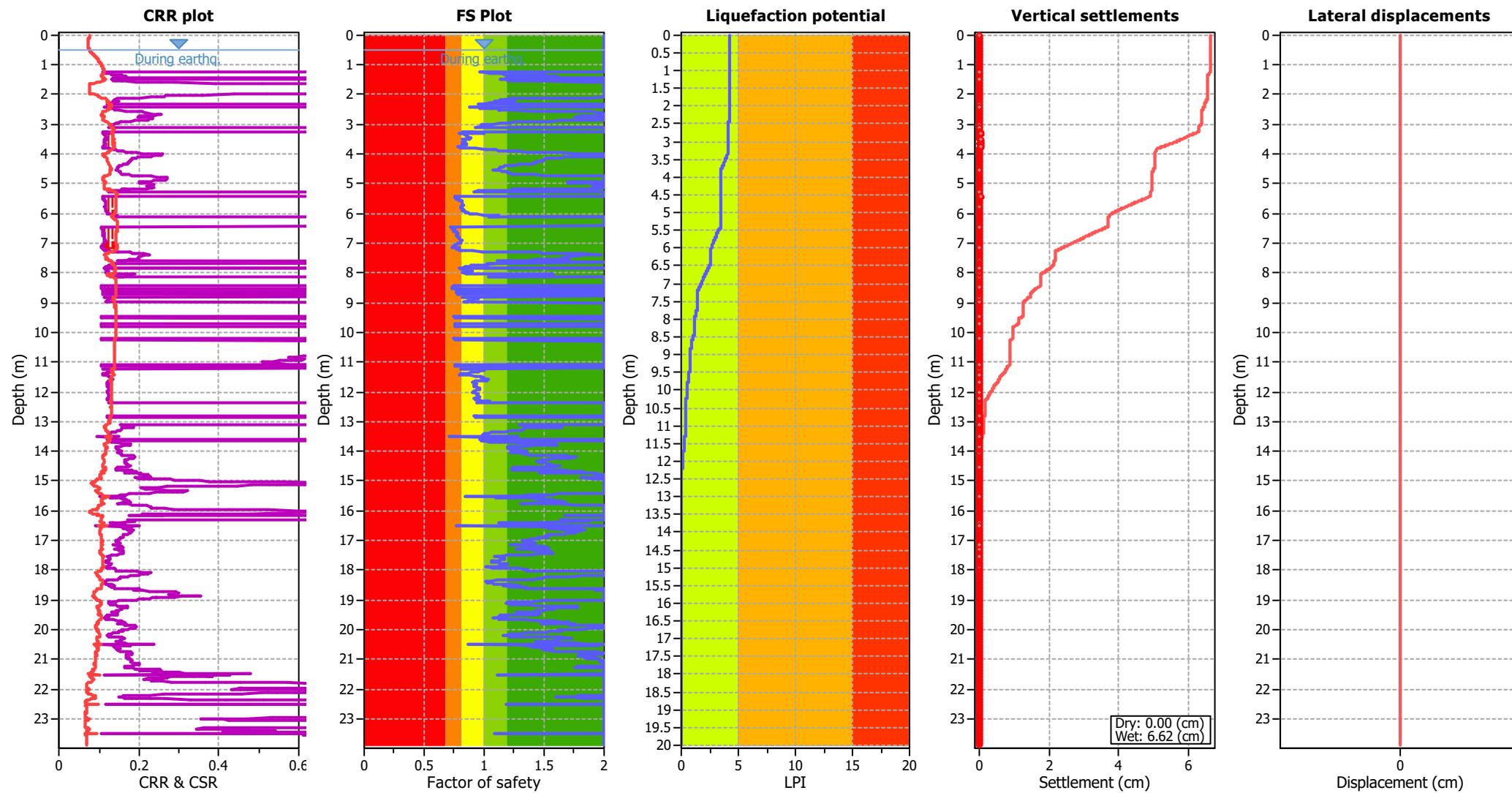
## F.S. color scheme

Red: Almost certain it will liquefy  
 Orange: Very likely to liquefy  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Unlike to liquefy  
 Blue: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Red: Very high risk  
 Orange: High risk  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.14  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.50 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 0.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

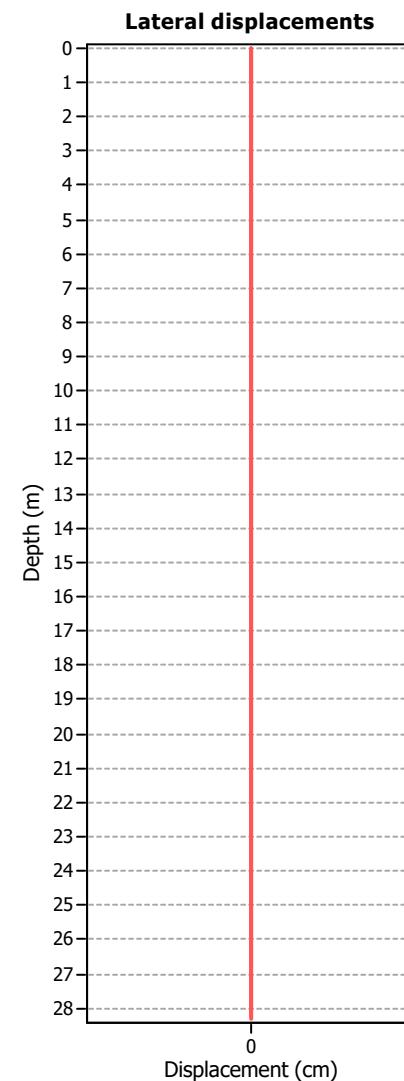
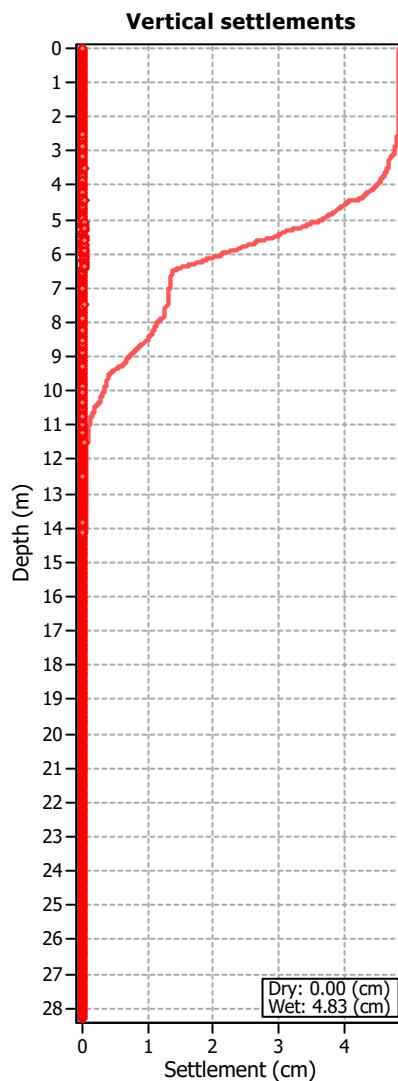
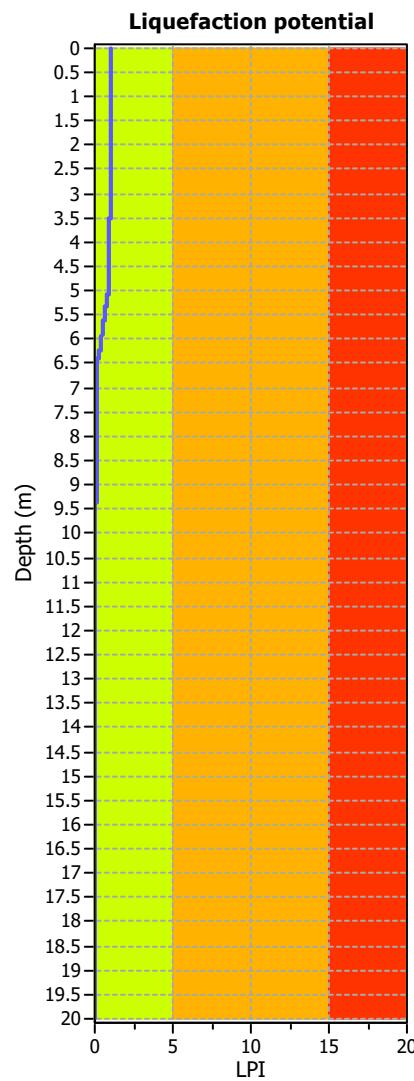
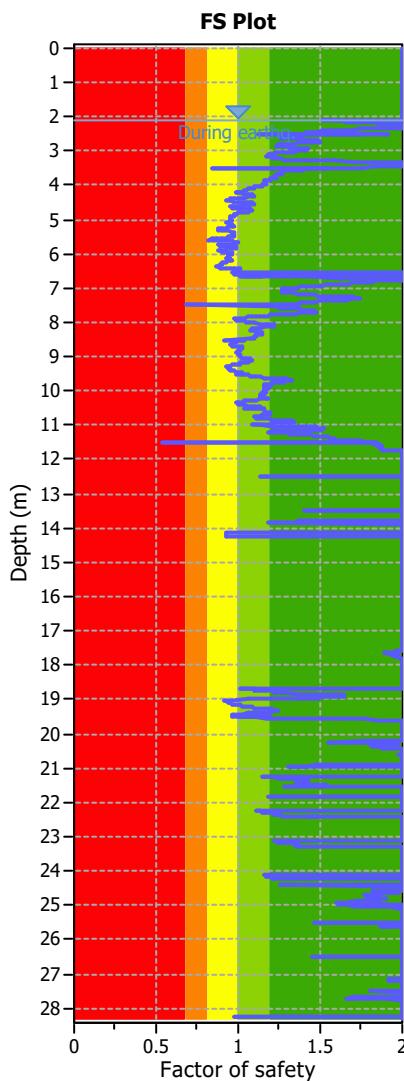
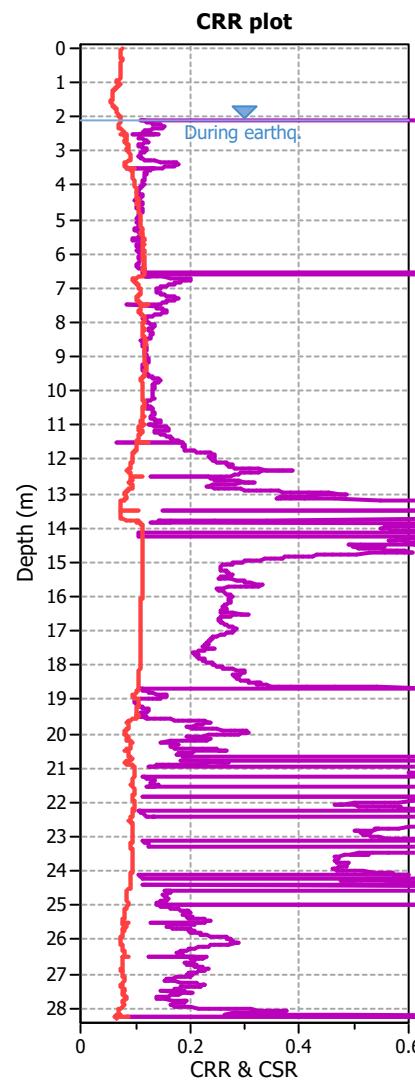
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Light Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.14  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.10 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 2.10 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

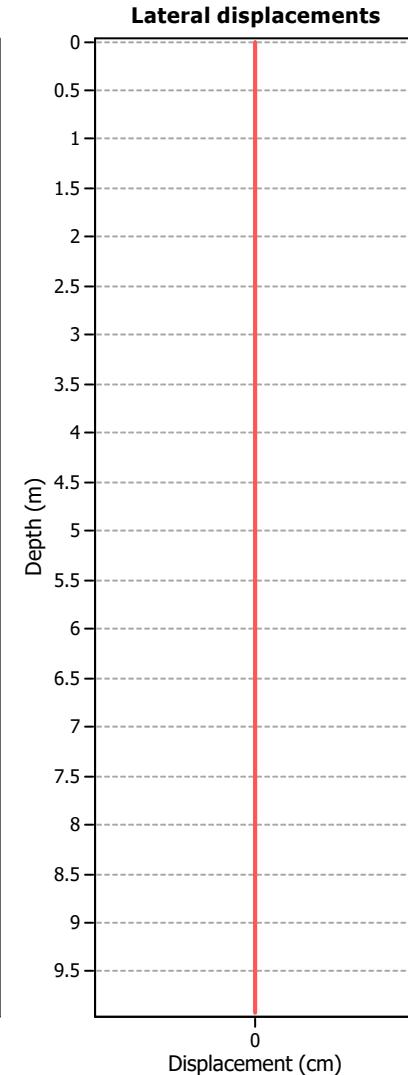
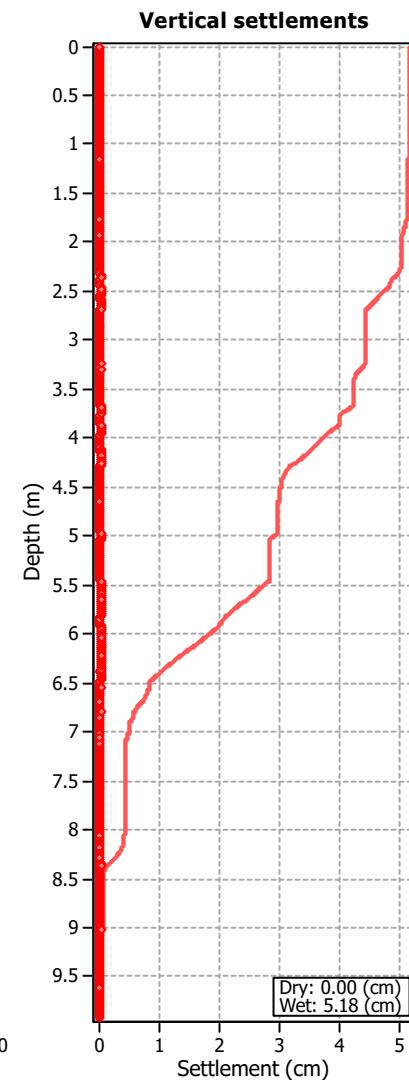
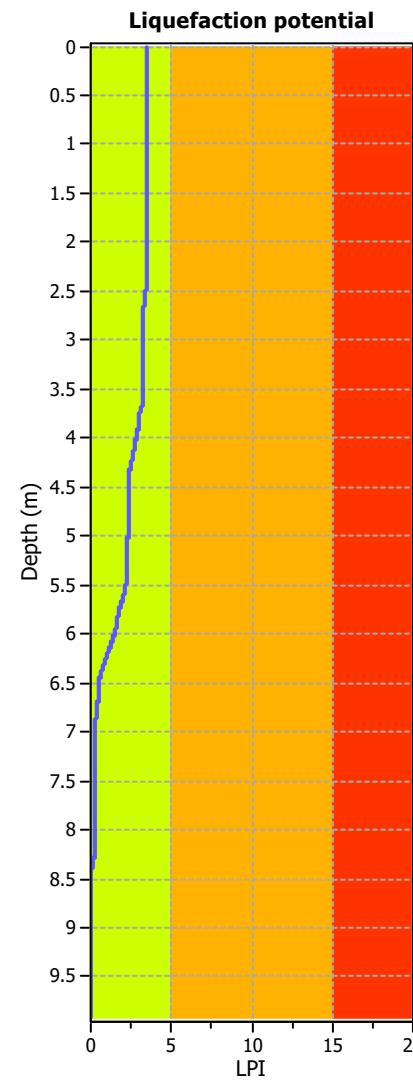
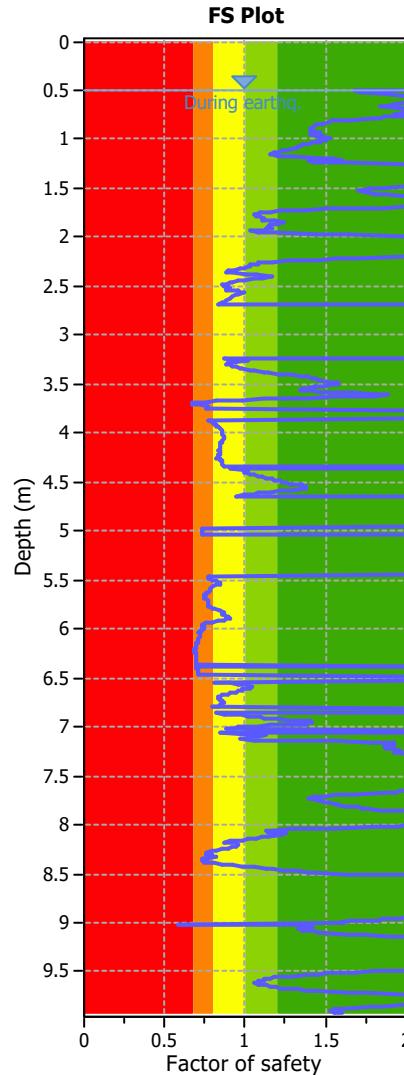
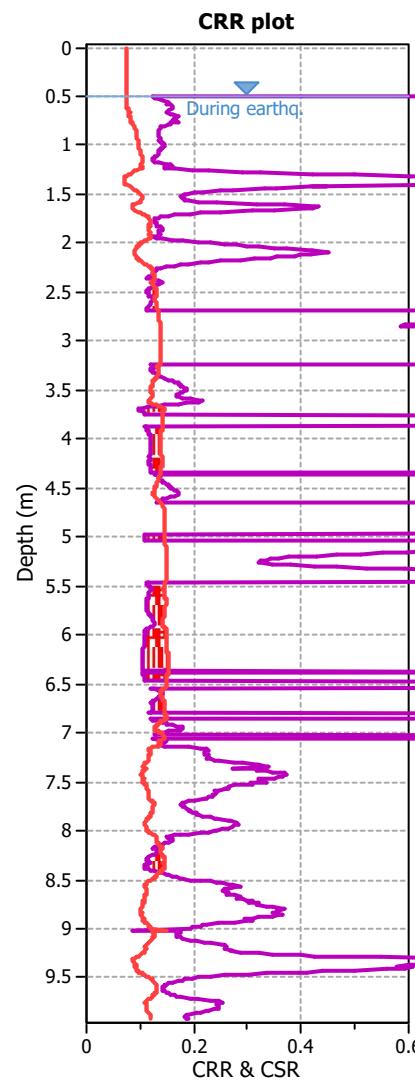
## F.S. color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.14  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.50 m

Depth to GWT (earthq.): 0.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

## F.S. color scheme

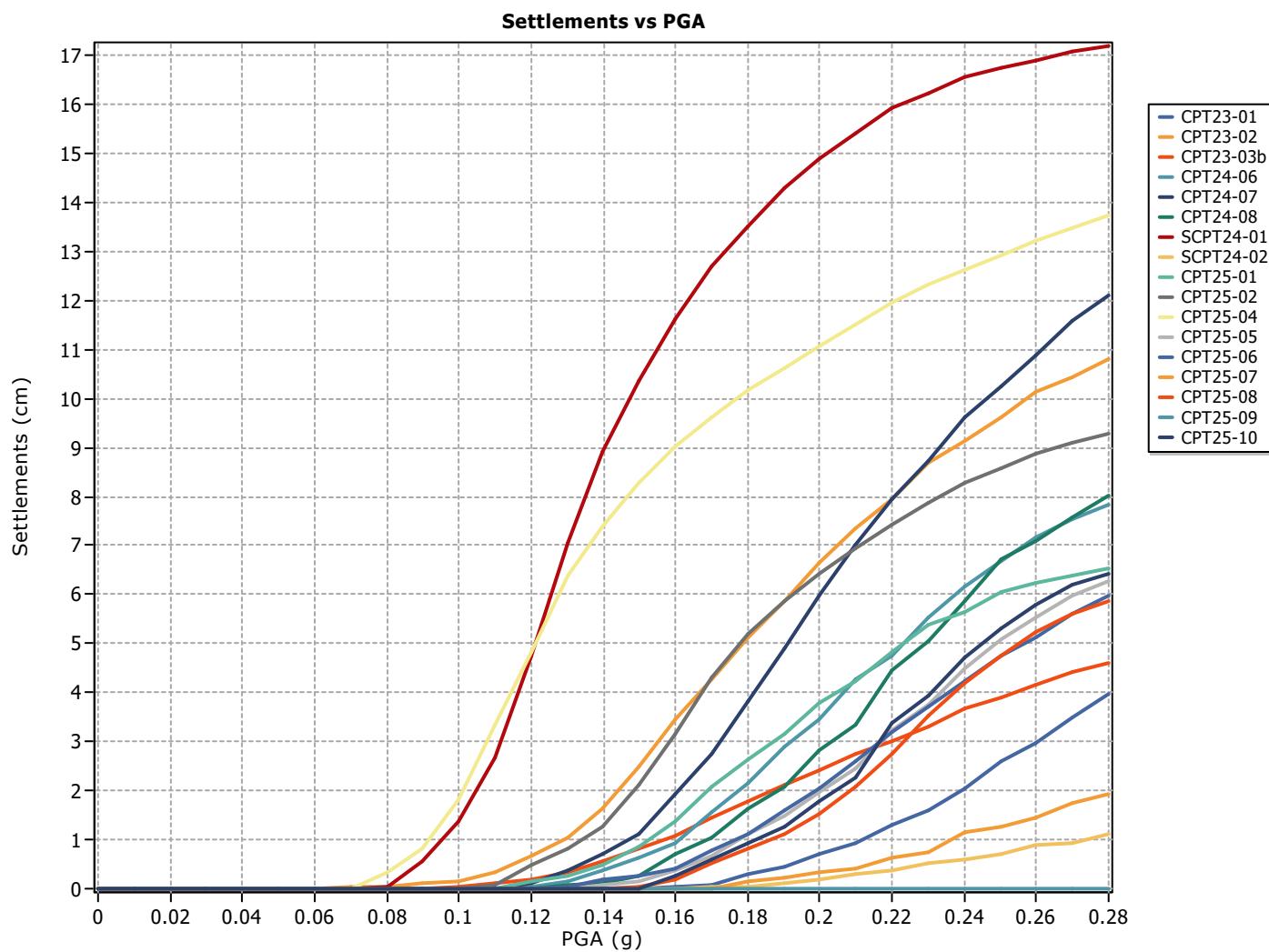
Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

# IL2 INDEX LIQUFACTION RESULTS

### PGA Based Parametric Analysis



#### :: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assessment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT23-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.20	6.20
CPT23-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	2.90
CPT23-03b	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	4.60
CPT24-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	3.80
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
SCPT24-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.70	0.70
SCPT24-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.00	3.00
CPT25-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	2.80
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70
CPT25-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	6.60

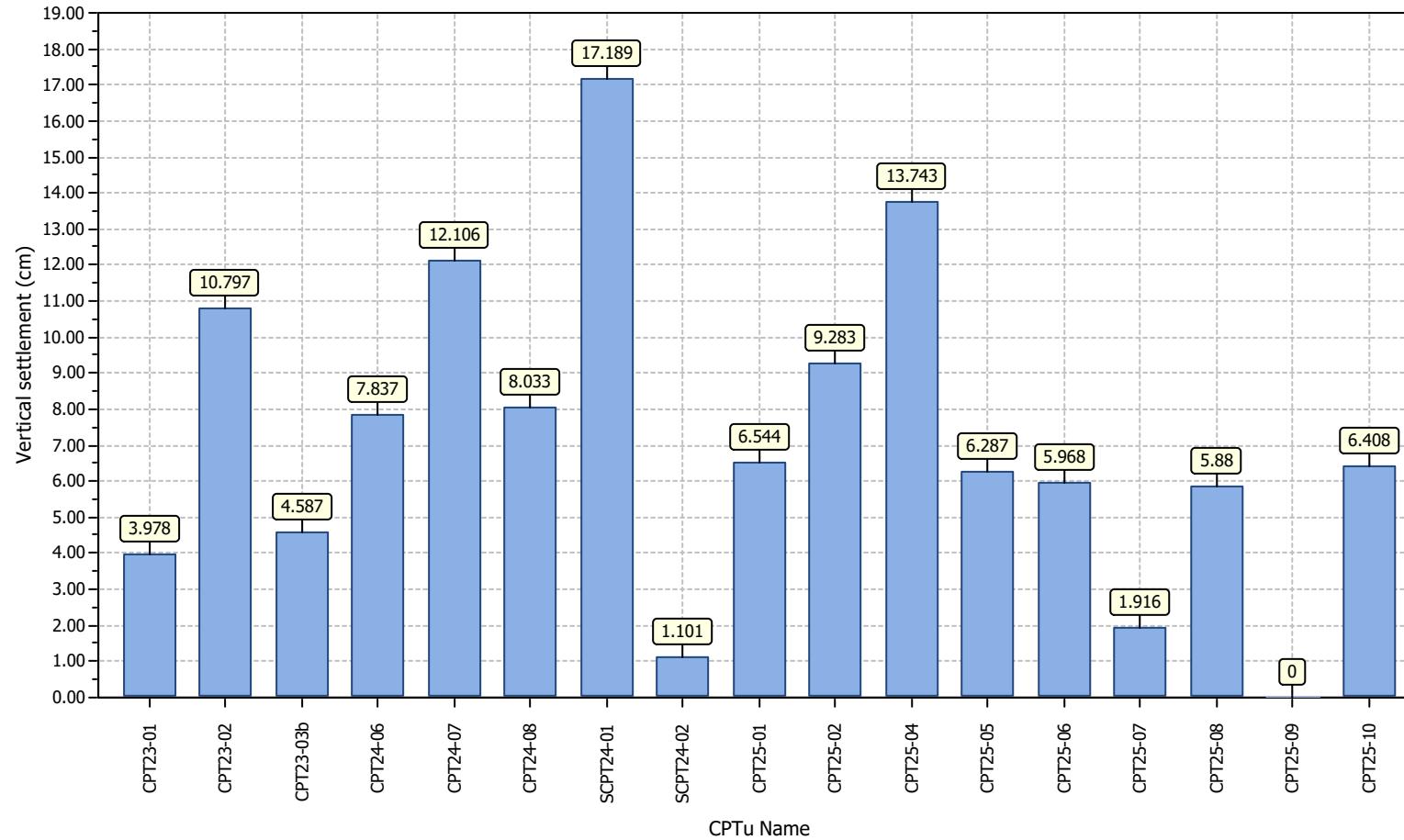
### PGA Based Parametric Analysis

CPT25-09	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	13.50	13.50
CPT25-10	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	5.20	7.20

**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

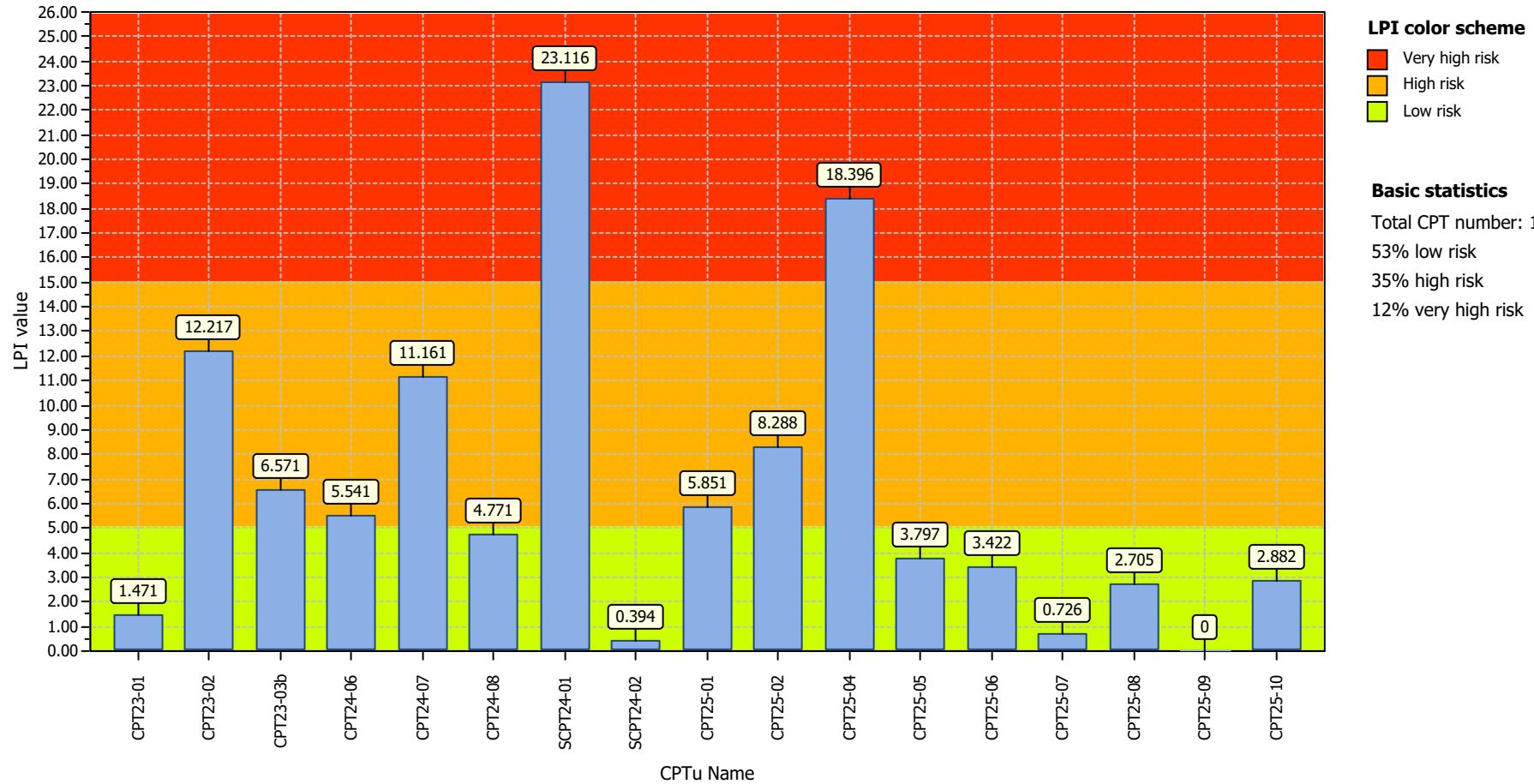
### Overall vertical settlements report



**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

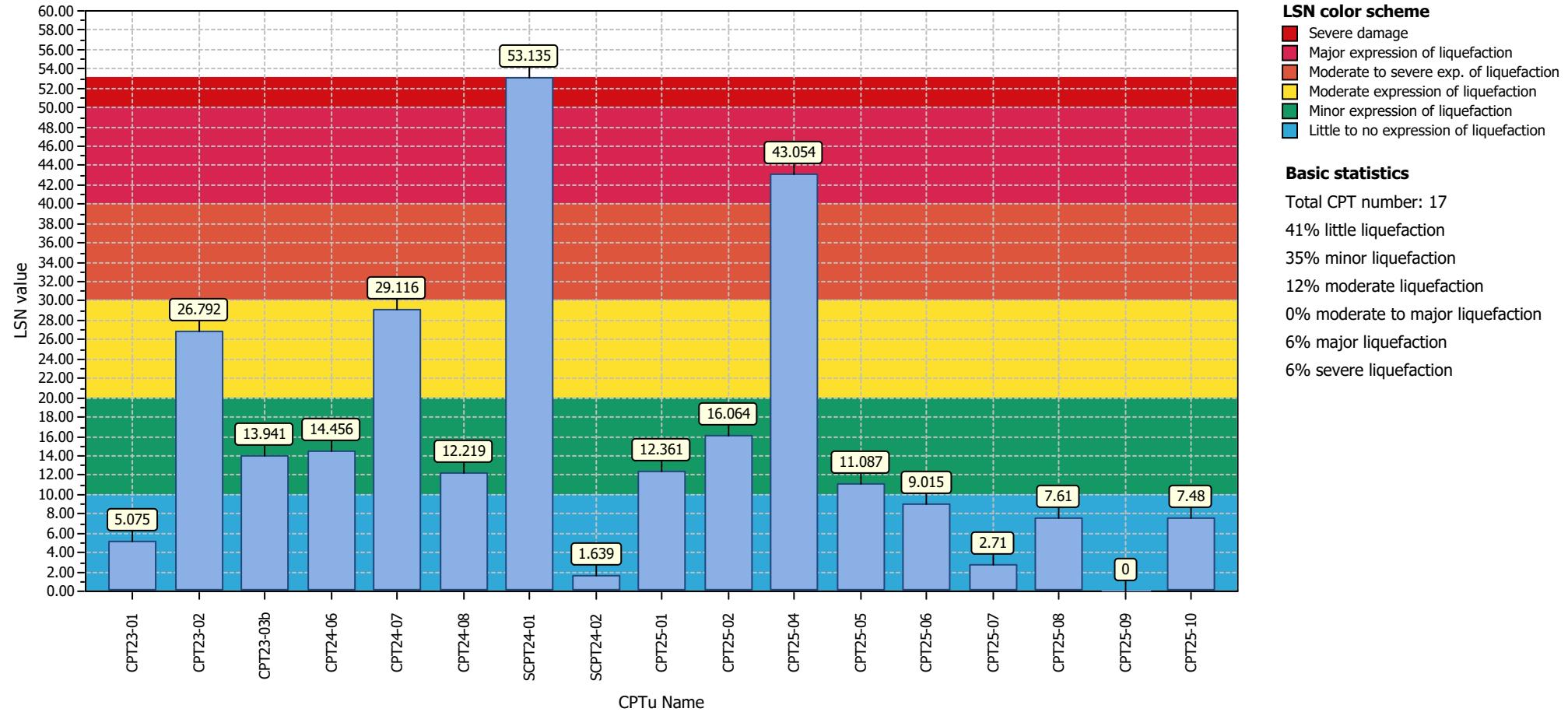
### Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



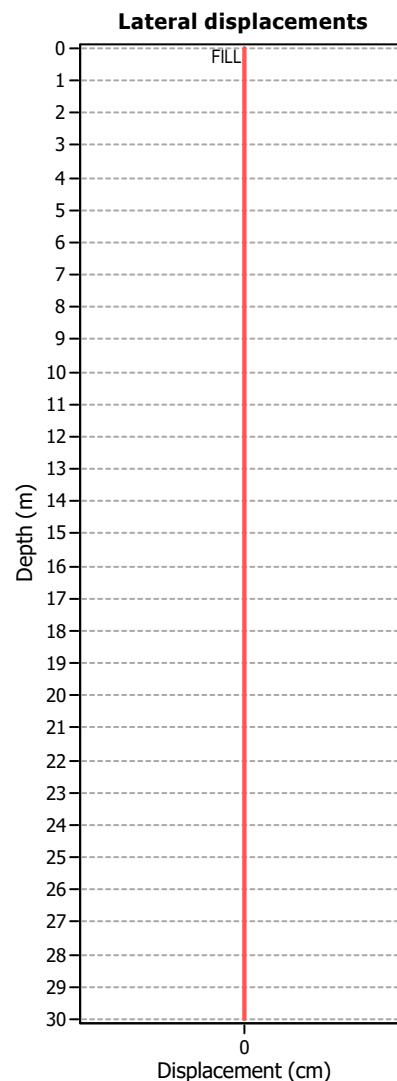
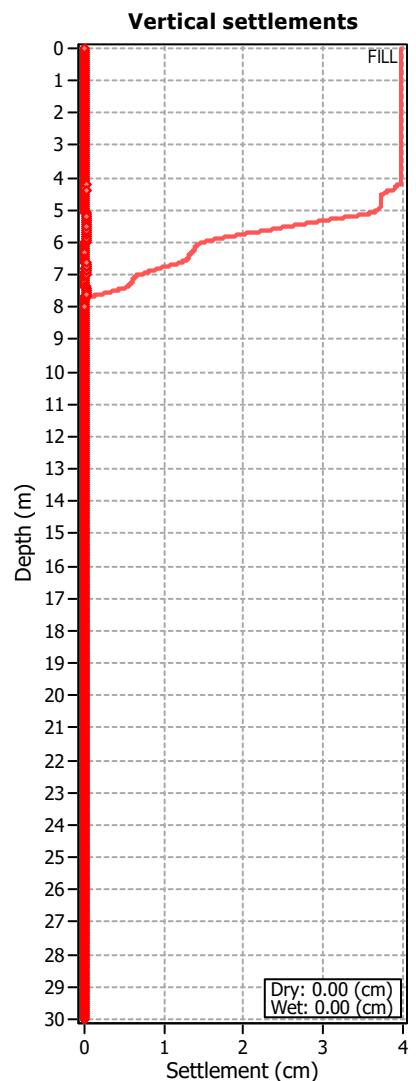
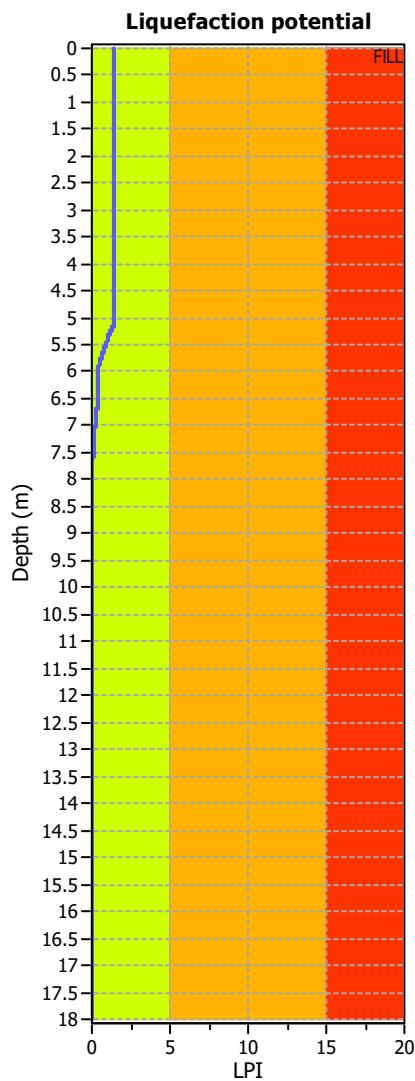
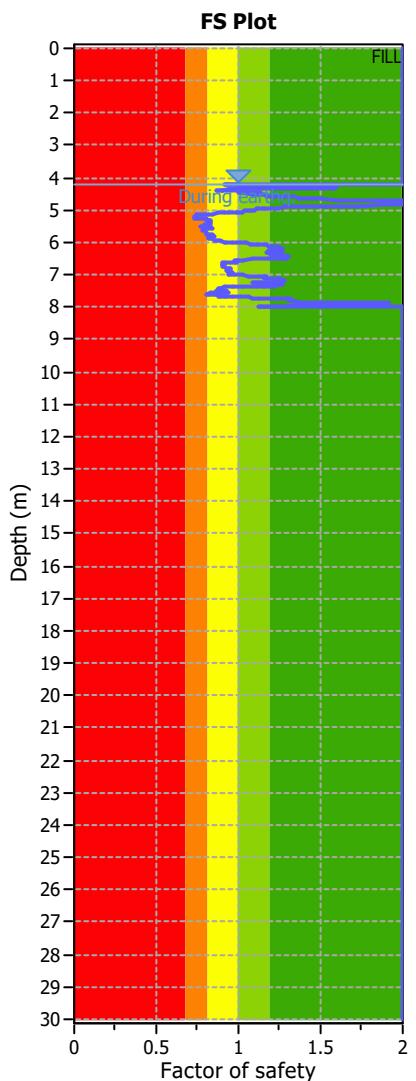
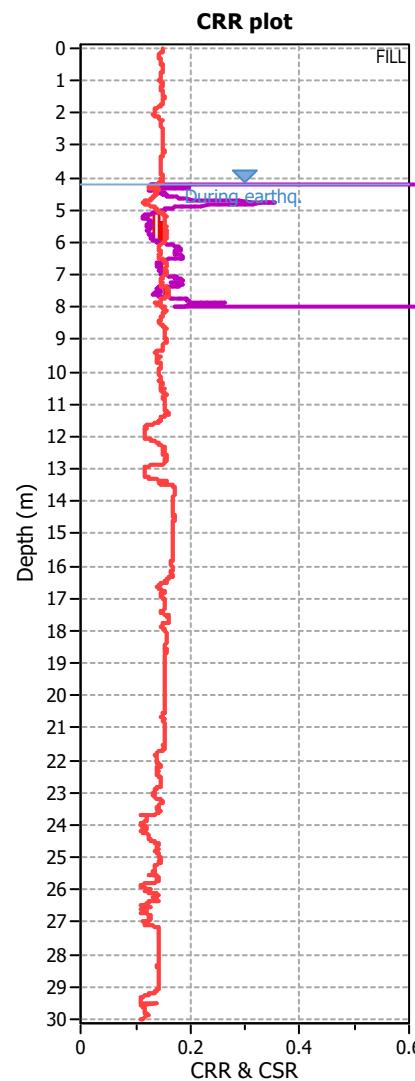
Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

## Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 6.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.20 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

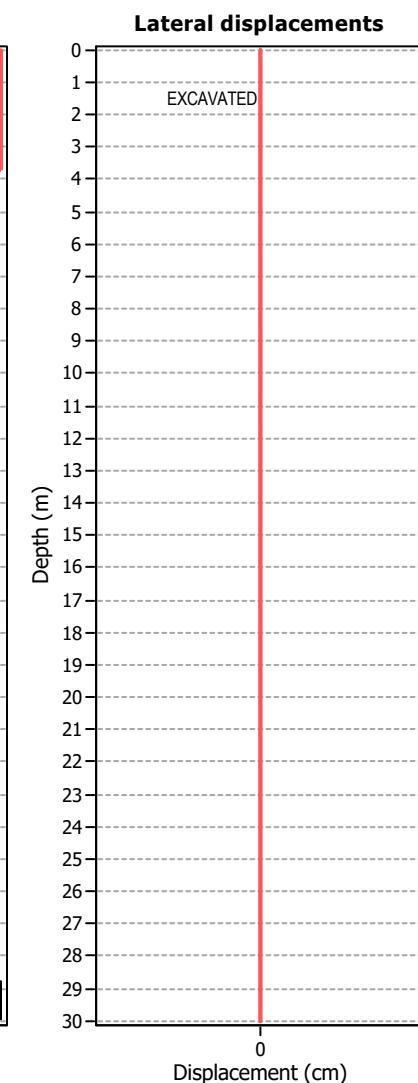
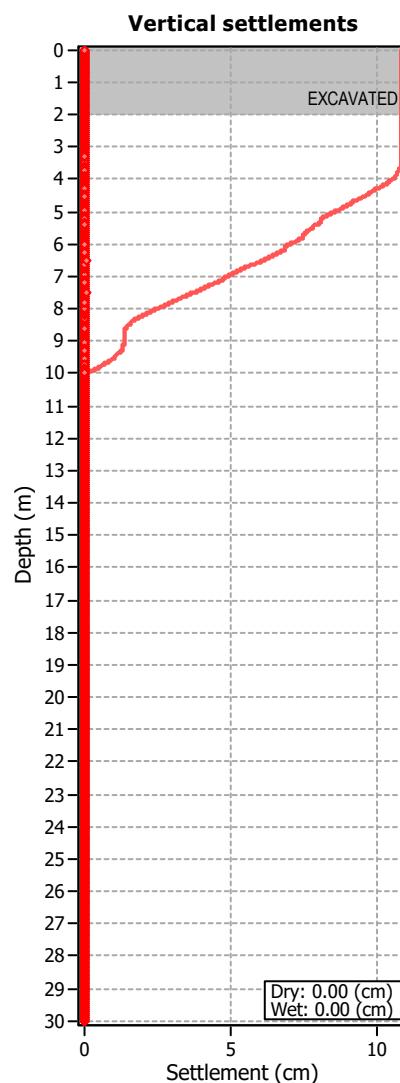
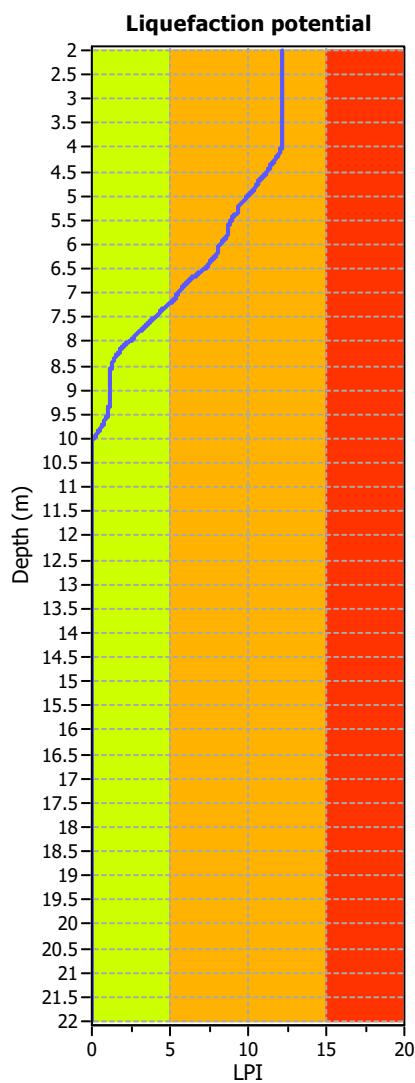
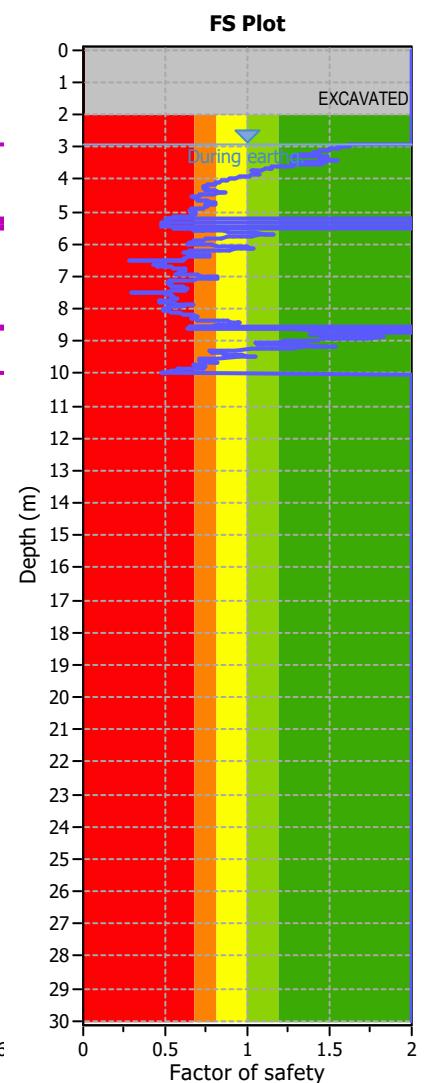
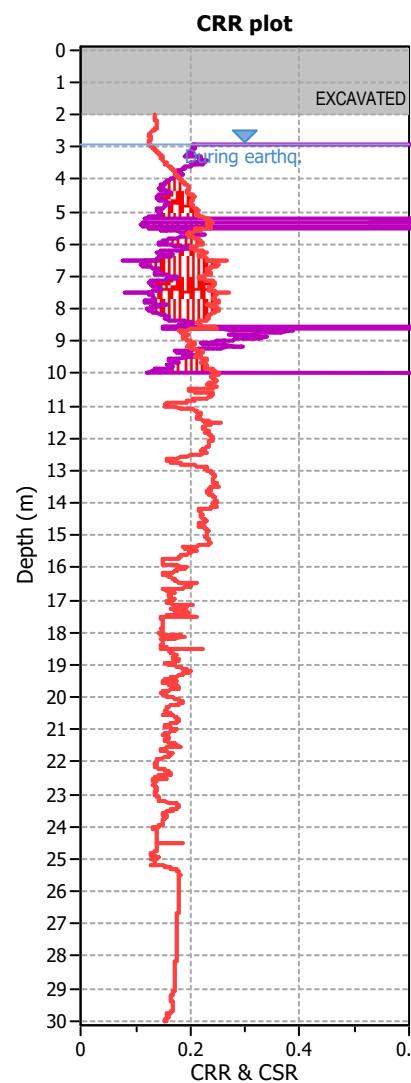
## F.S. color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.90 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 2.90 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Excavation: Yes  
 Excavation depth: 2.00 m

Footing load: 0.00 kPa  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

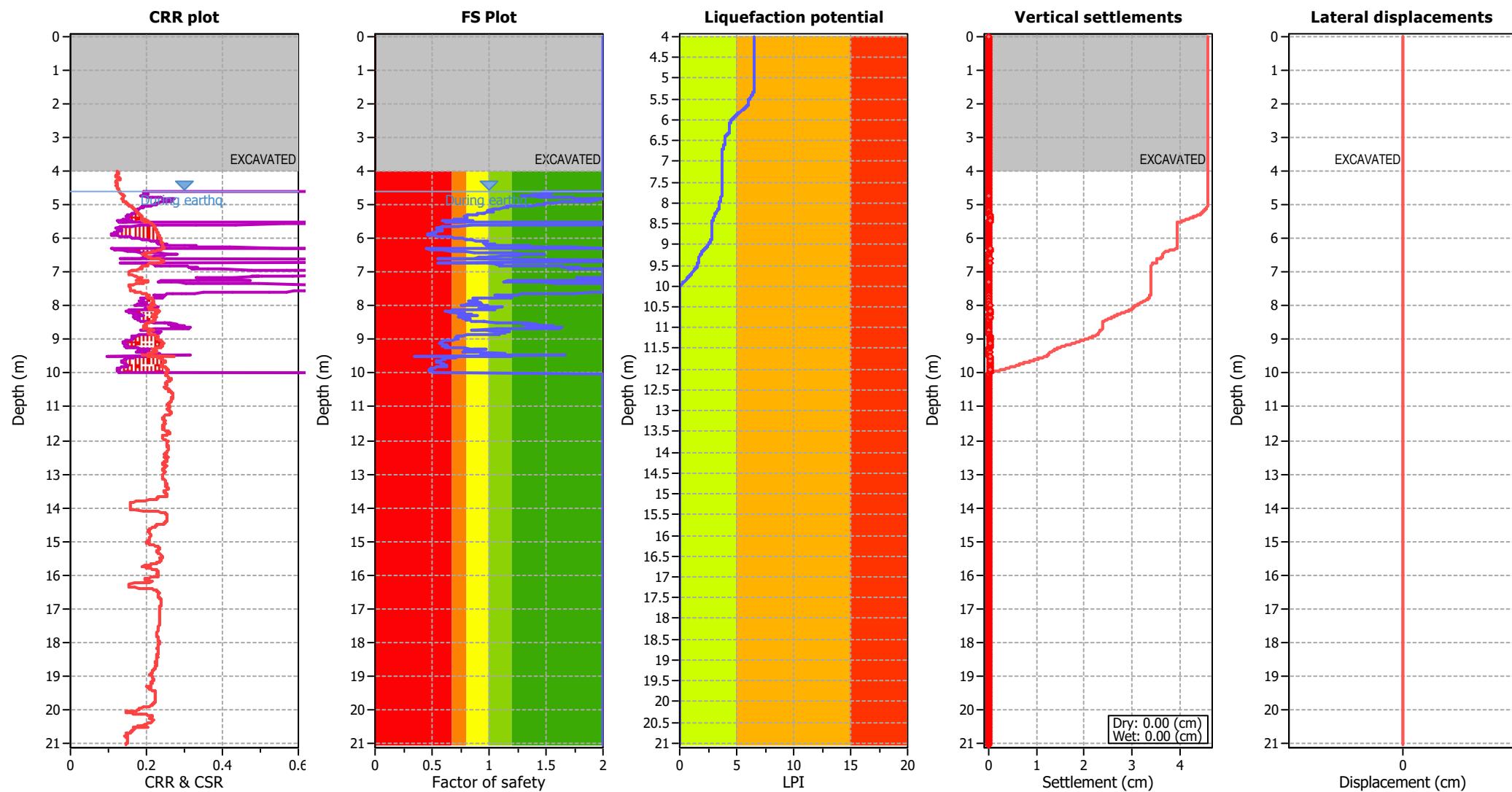
## F.S. color scheme

Red: Almost certain it will liquefy  
 Orange: Very likely to liquefy  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Unlike to liquefy  
 Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Red: Very high risk  
 Orange: High risk  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Low risk  
 Light Green: Unlike to liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 4.60 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.60 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Excavation: Yes  
 Excavation depth: 4.00 m

Footing load: 0.00 kPa  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

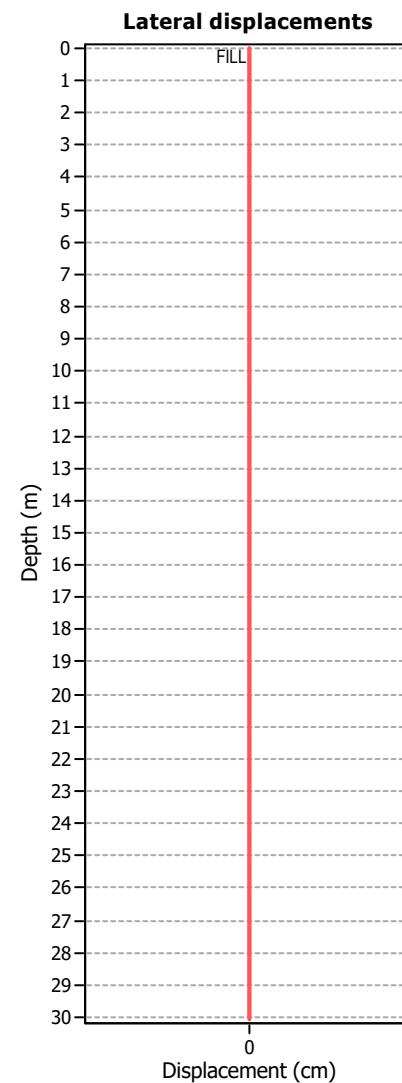
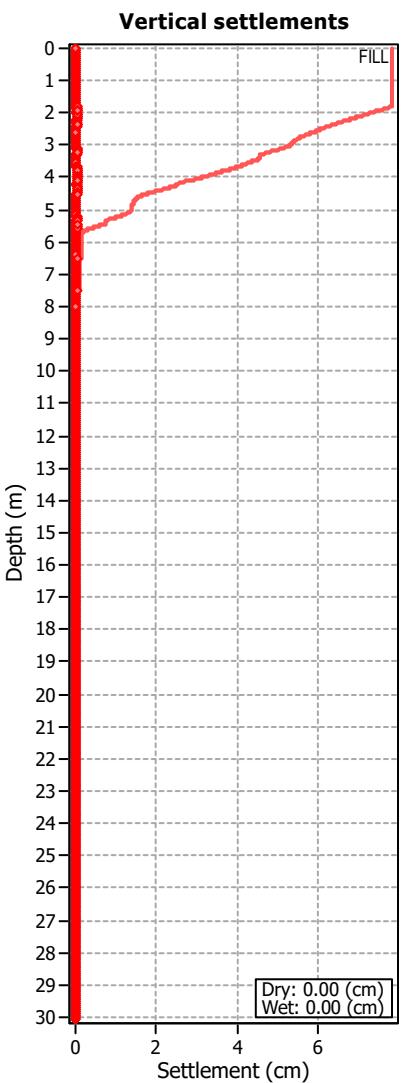
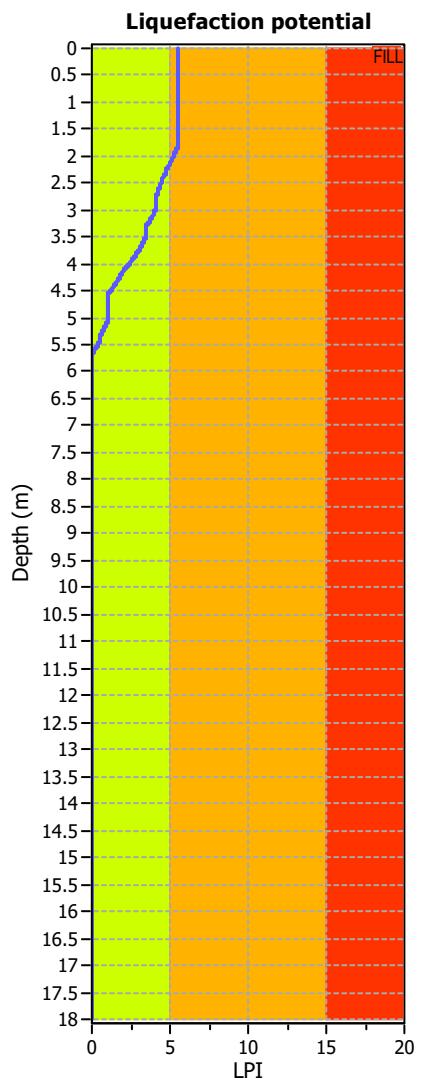
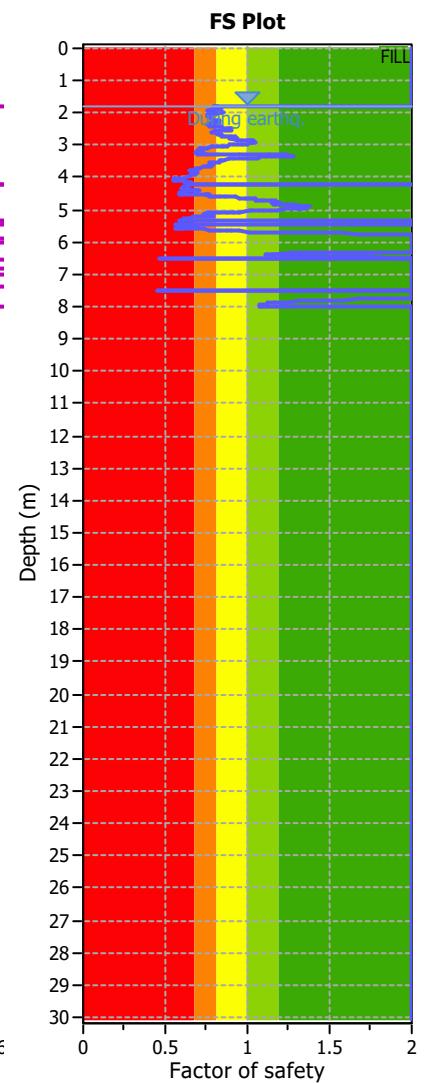
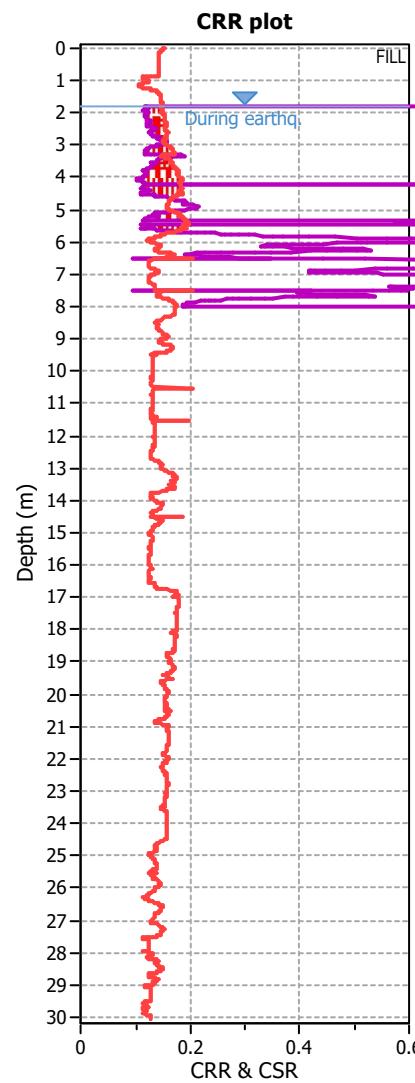
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.80 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 3.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

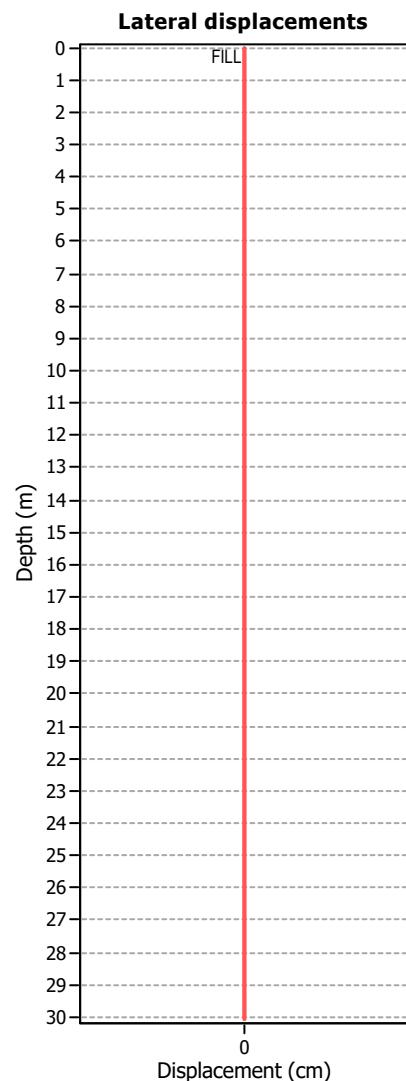
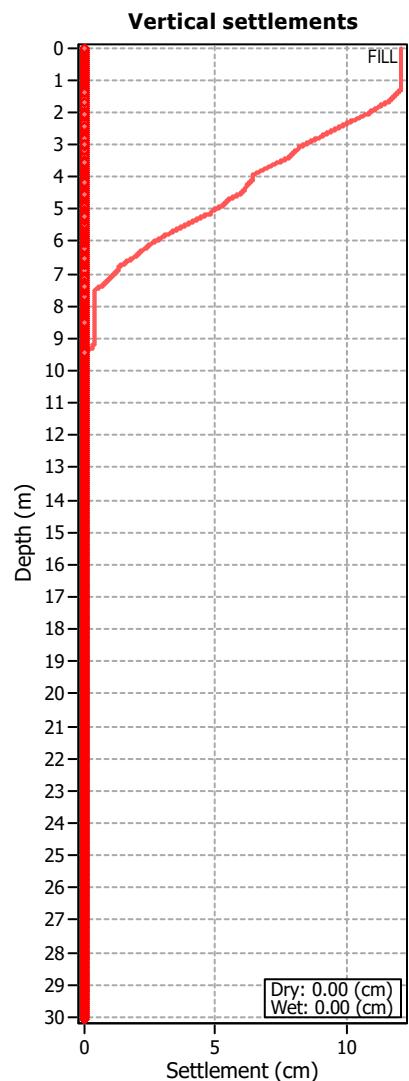
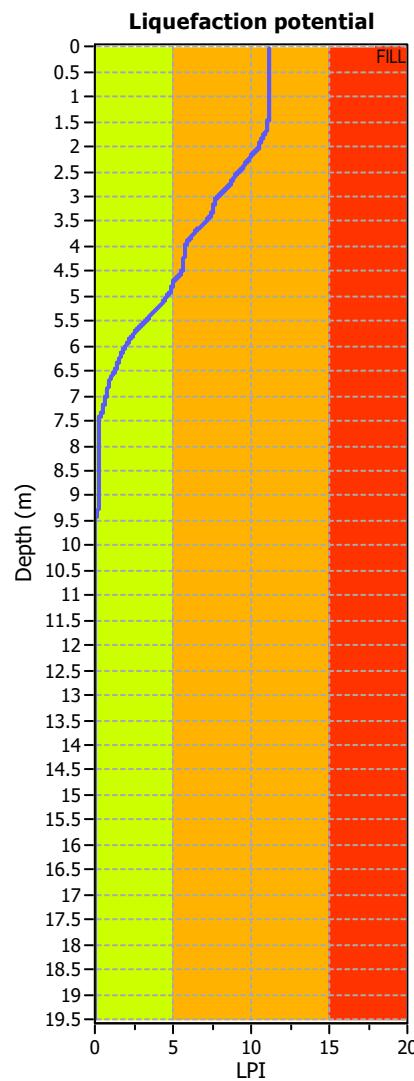
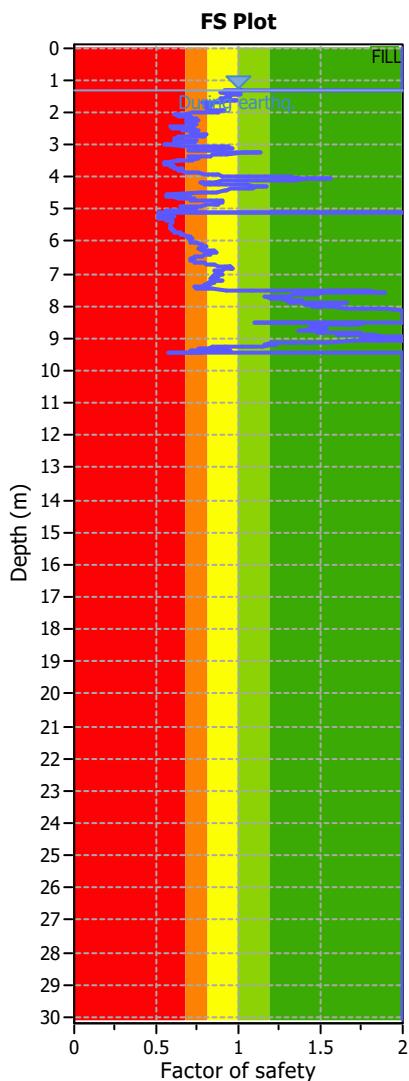
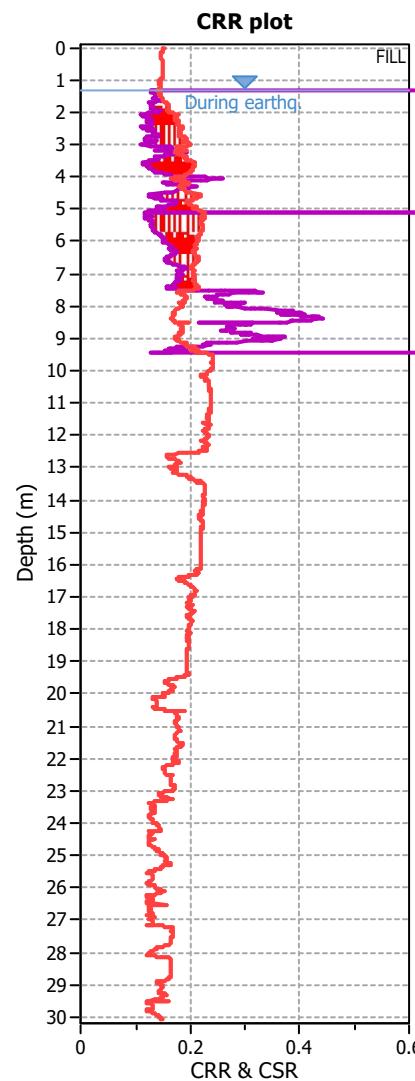
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.30 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 1.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 0.50 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

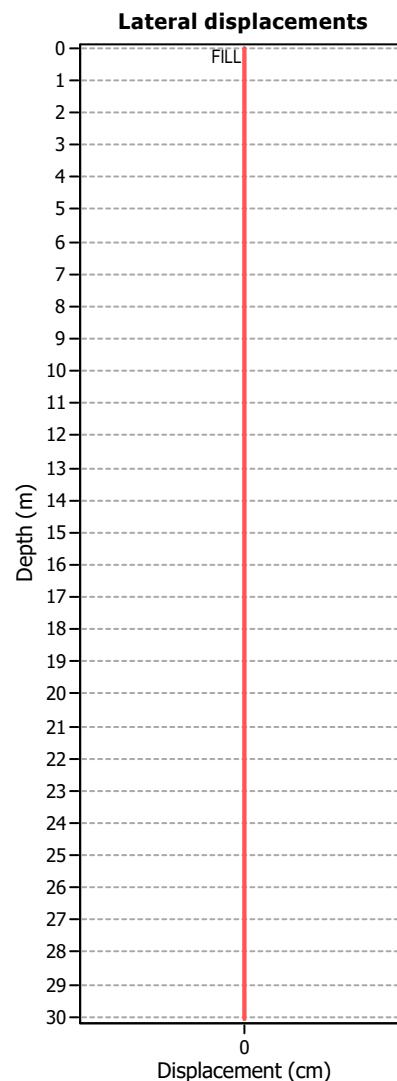
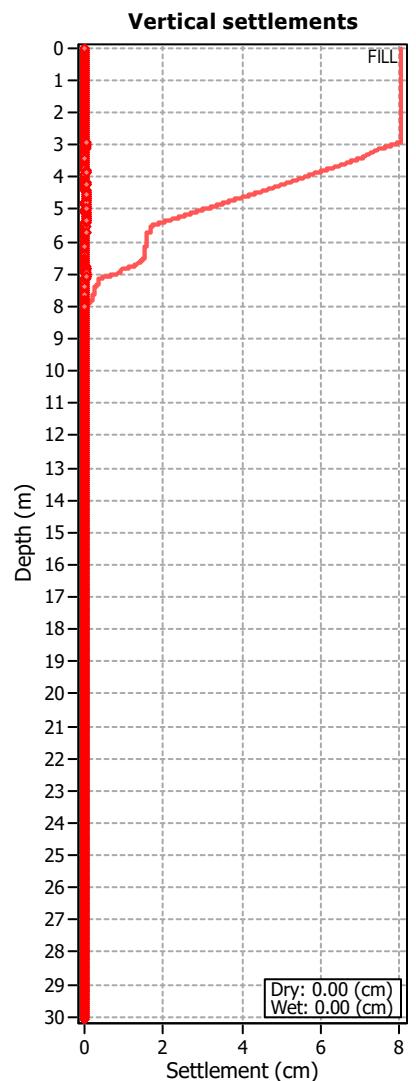
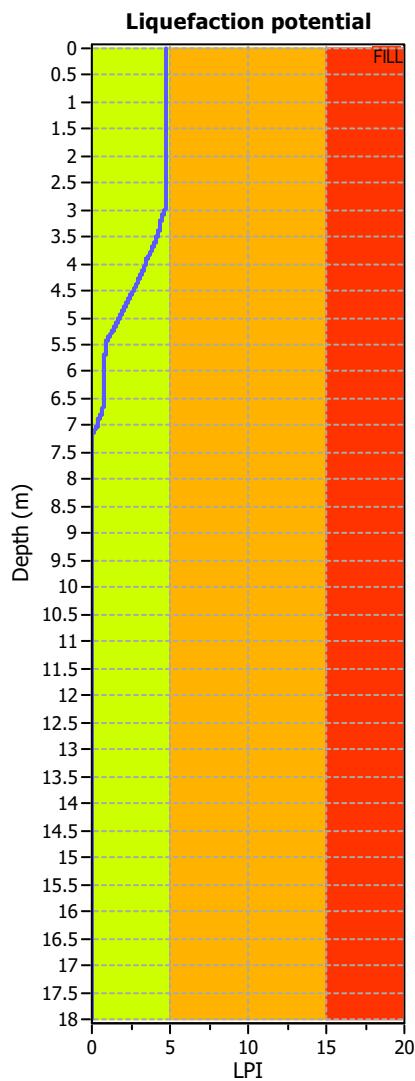
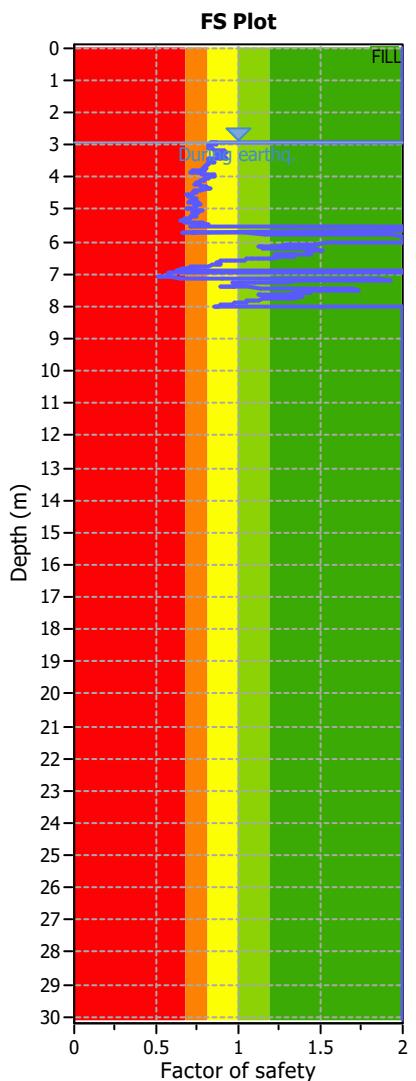
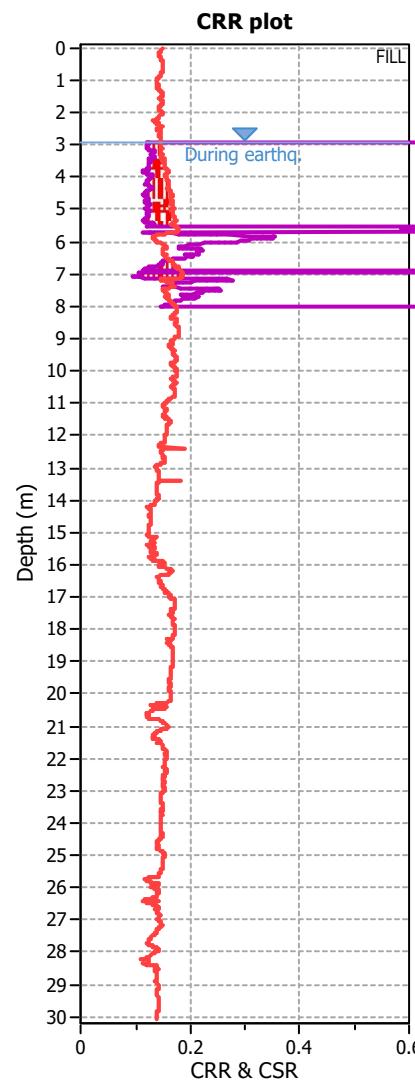
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.90 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.90 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

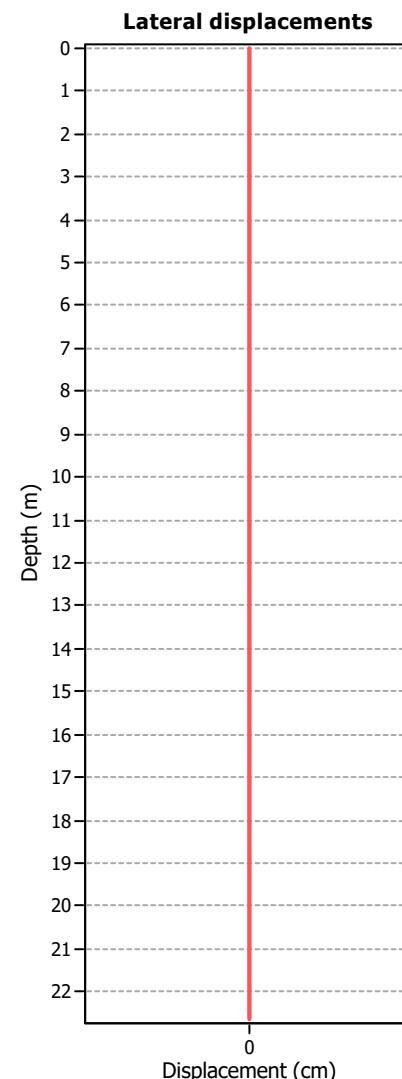
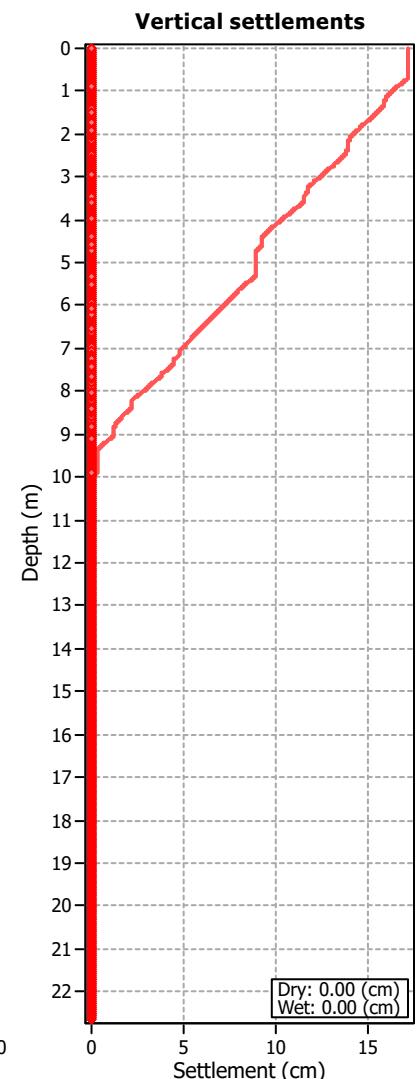
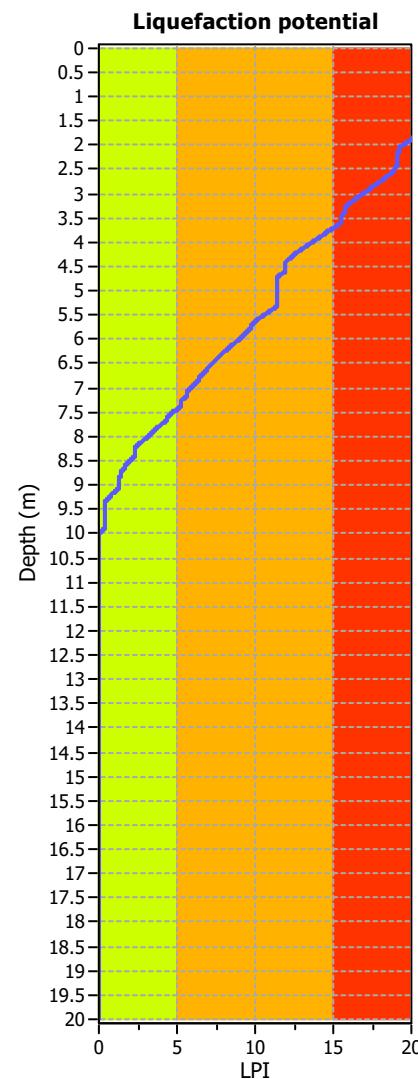
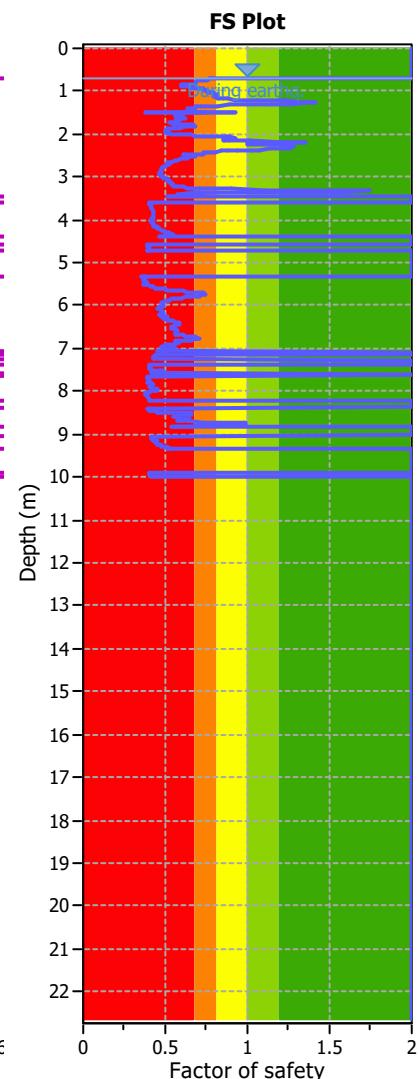
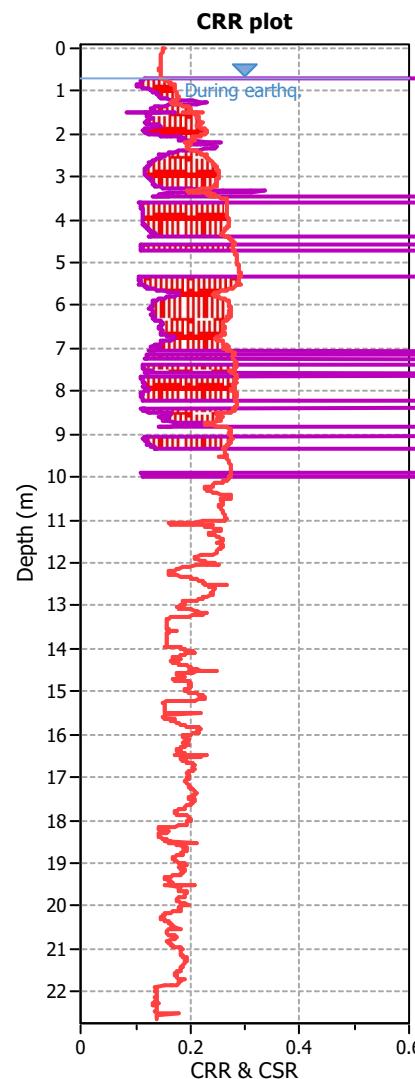
## F.S. color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots

**Input parameters and analysis data**

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.70 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 0.70 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 0.00 m

Fill weight: 18.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

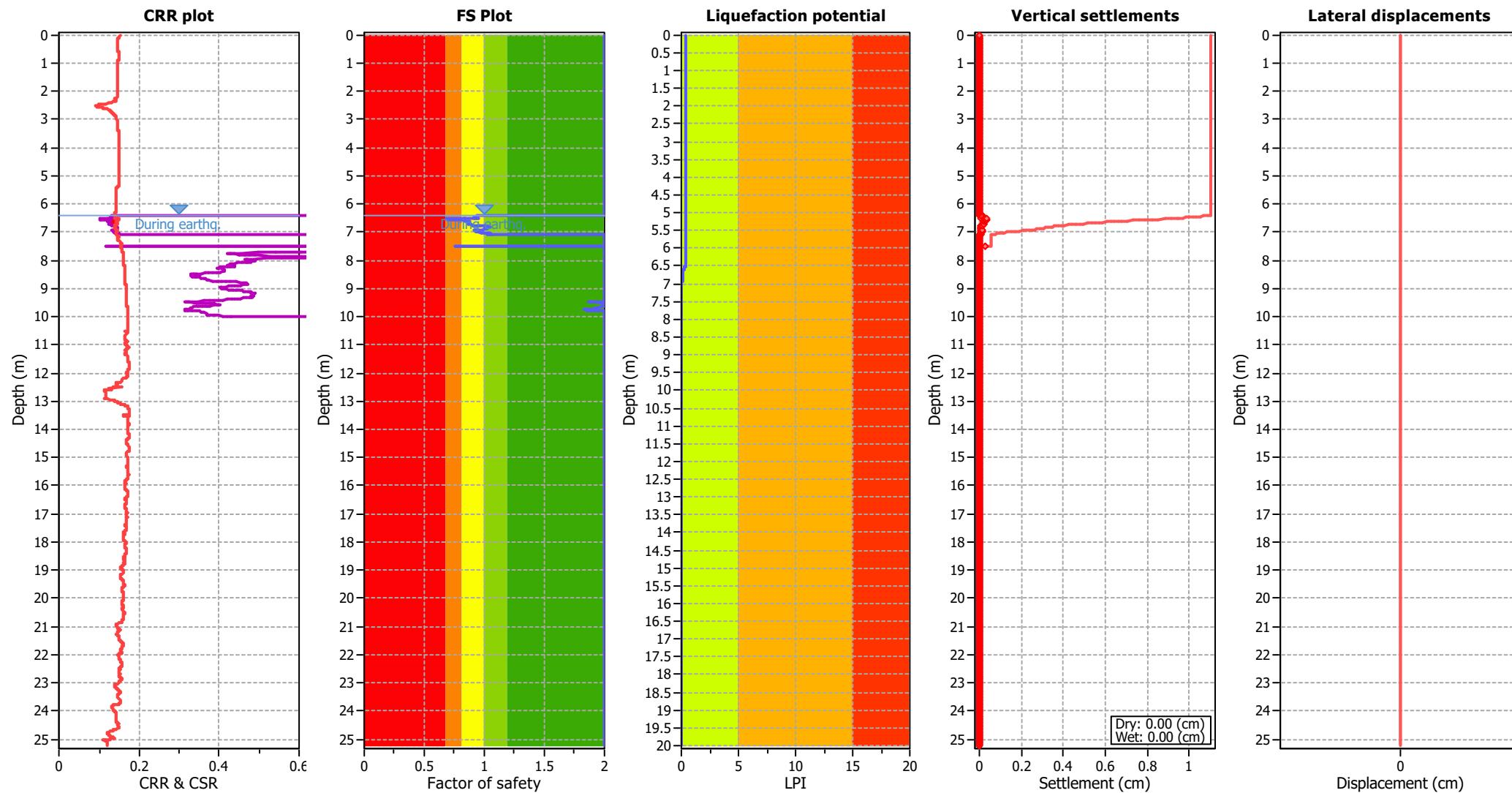
**F.S. color scheme**

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

**LPI color scheme**

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on  $I_c$  value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 6.40 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.40 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 $I_c$  cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

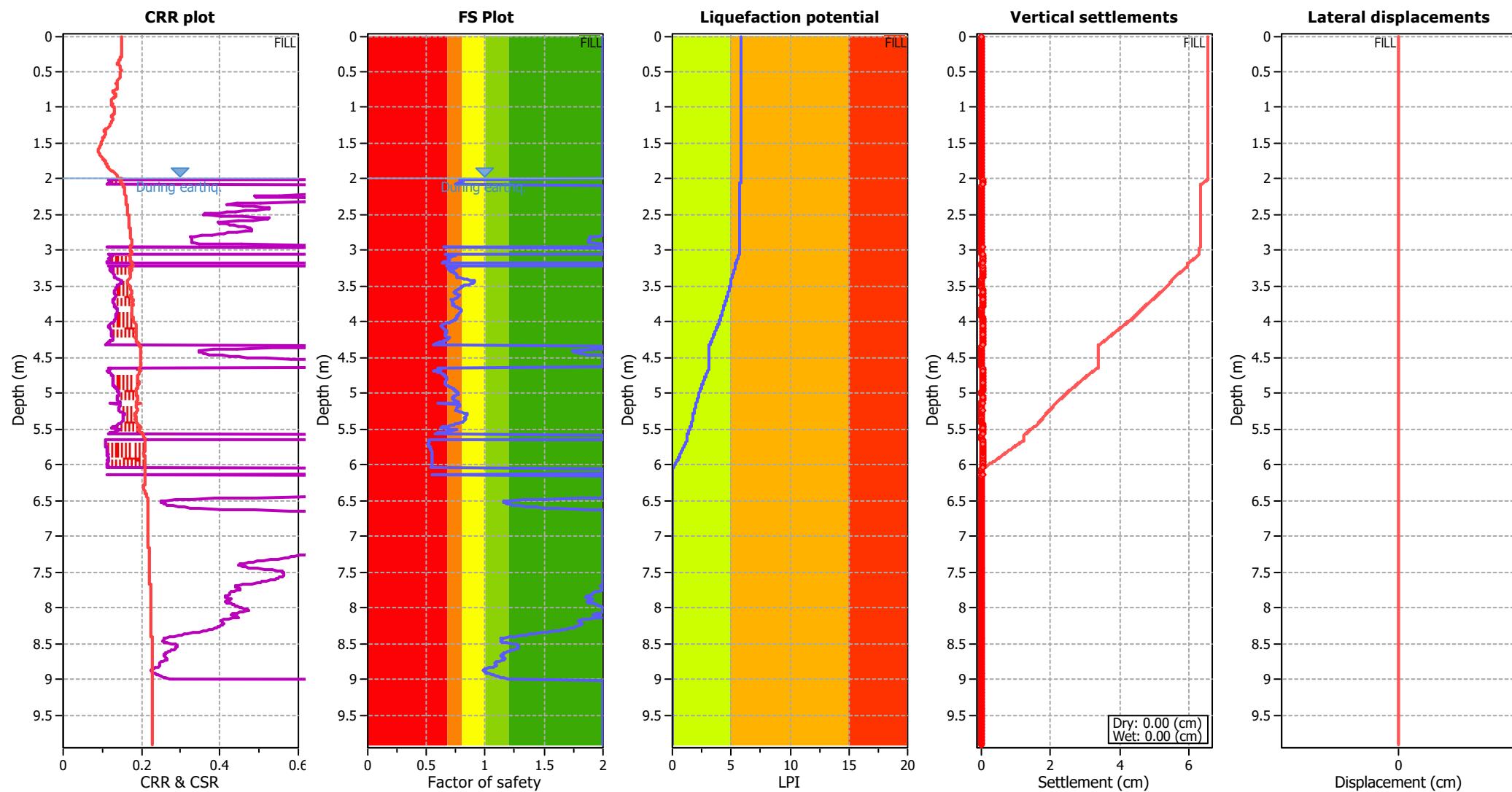
## F.S. color scheme

Red: Almost certain it will liquefy  
 Orange: Very likely to liquefy  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Unlike to liquefy  
 Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Red: Very high risk  
 Orange: High risk  
 Yellow: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.00 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 3.00 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

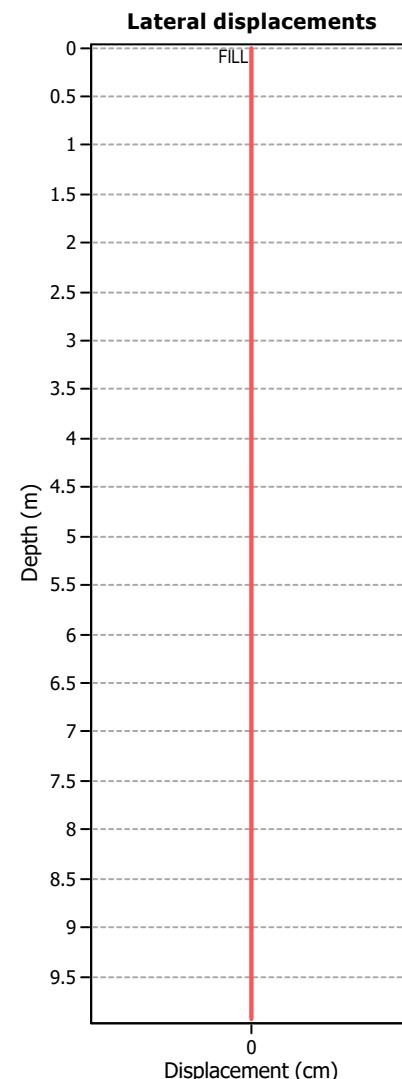
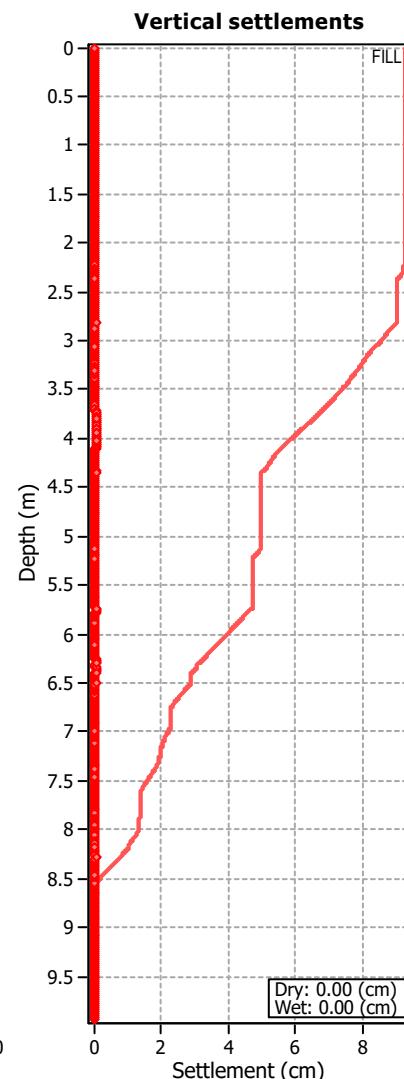
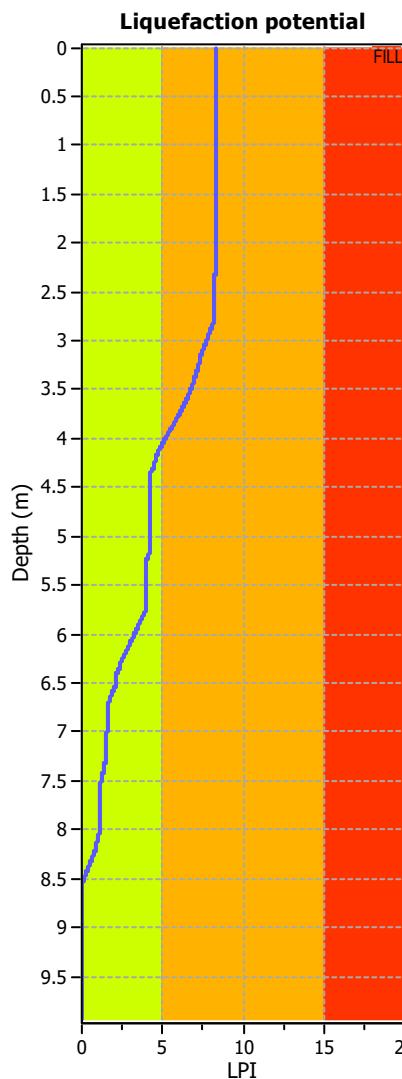
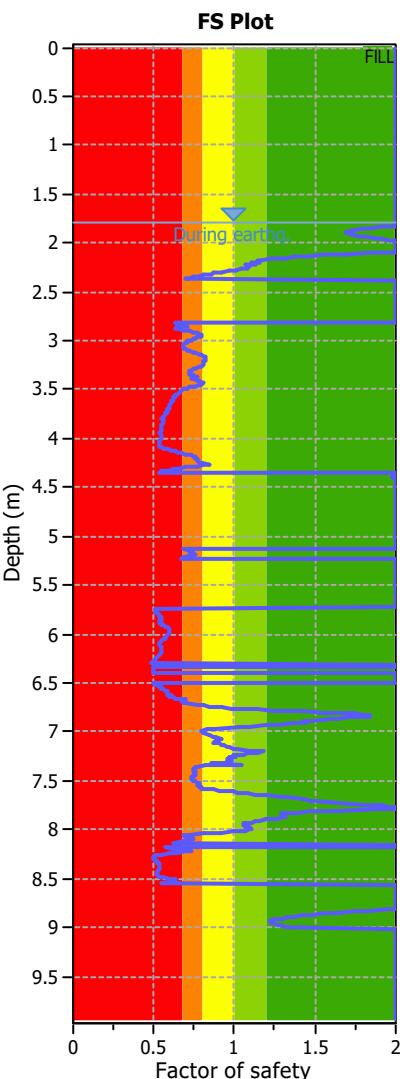
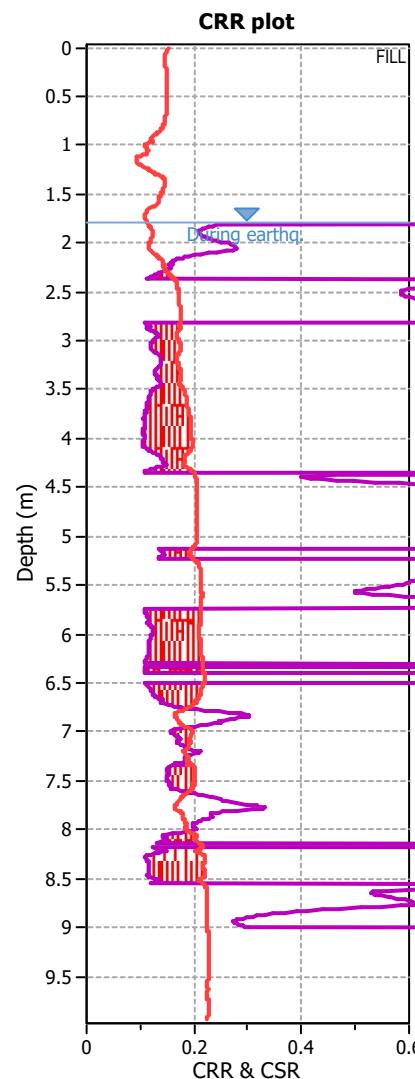
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.80 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 2.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

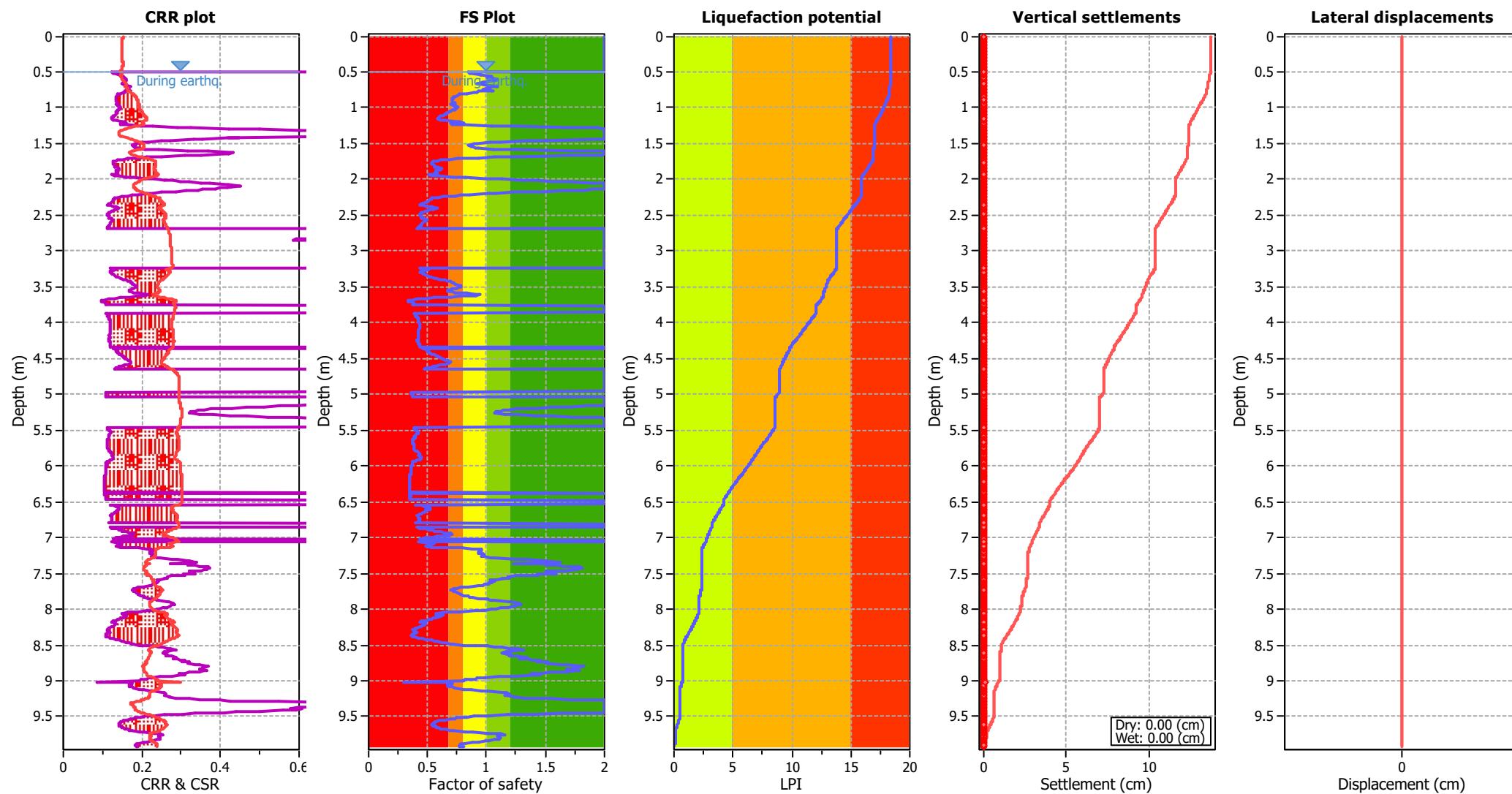
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
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## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.50 m

Depth to GWT (earthq.): 0.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

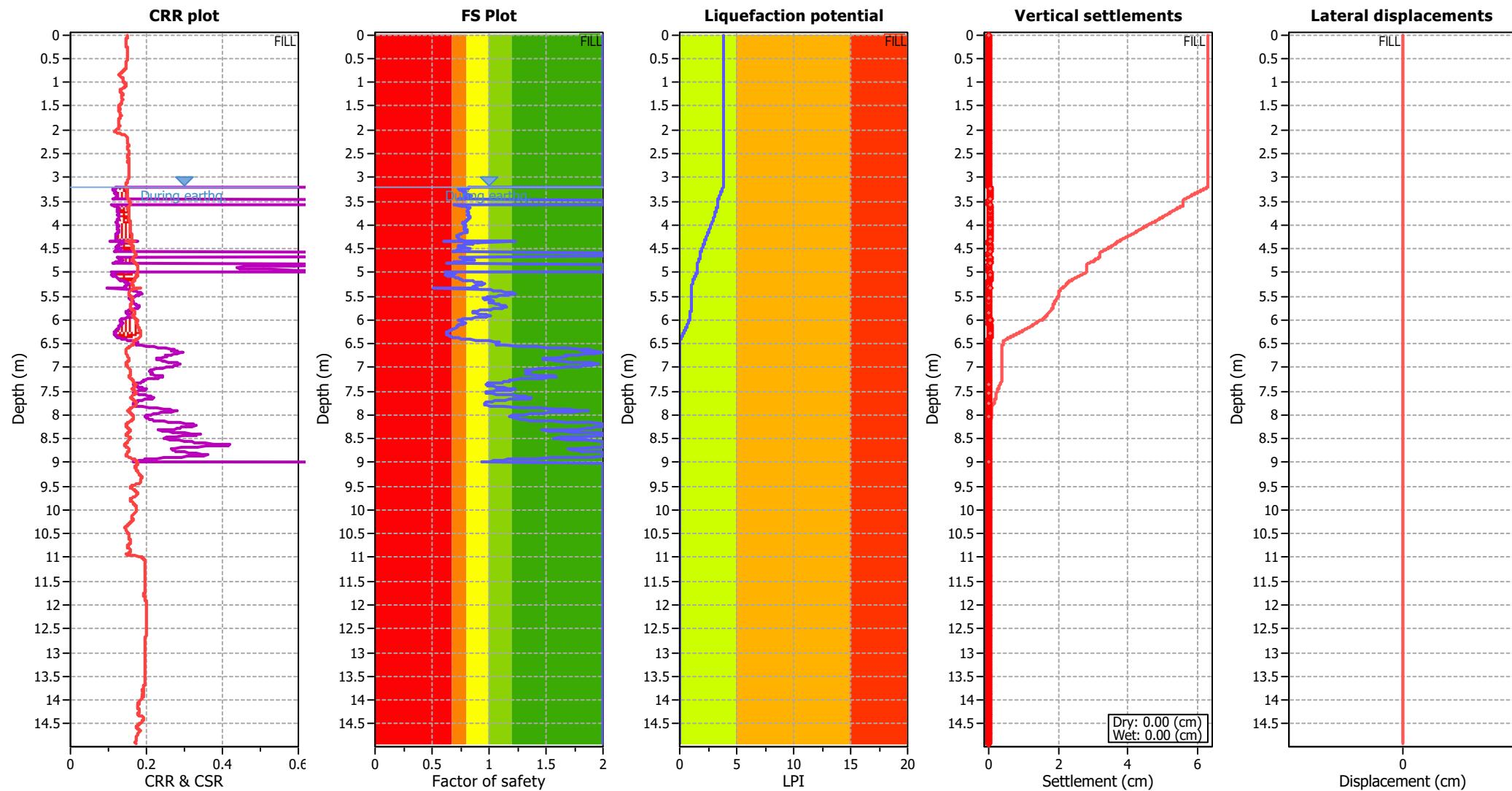
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- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 3.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.20 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

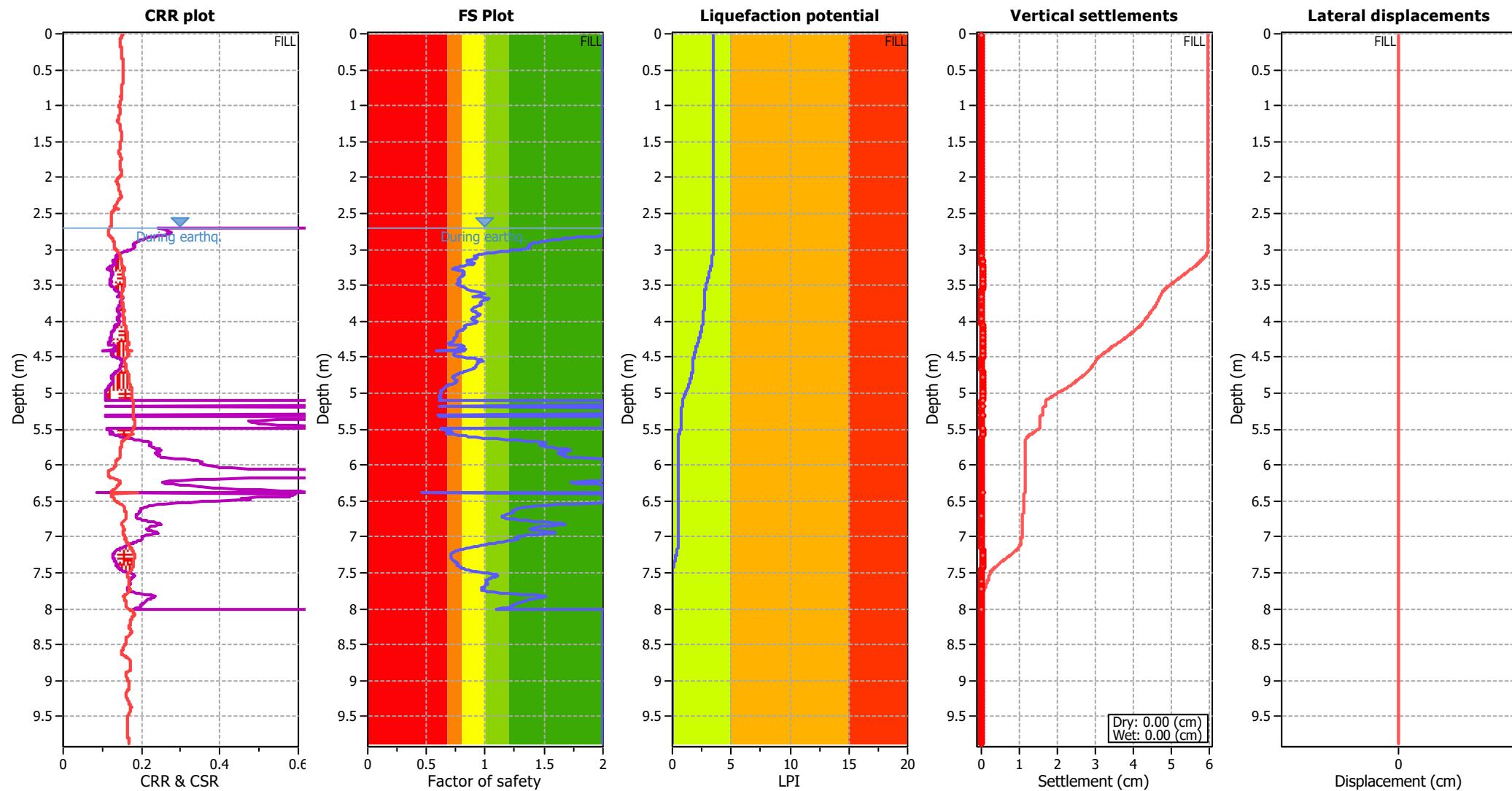
## F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
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- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
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## LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.70 m

Depth to GWT (earthq.): 4.70 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

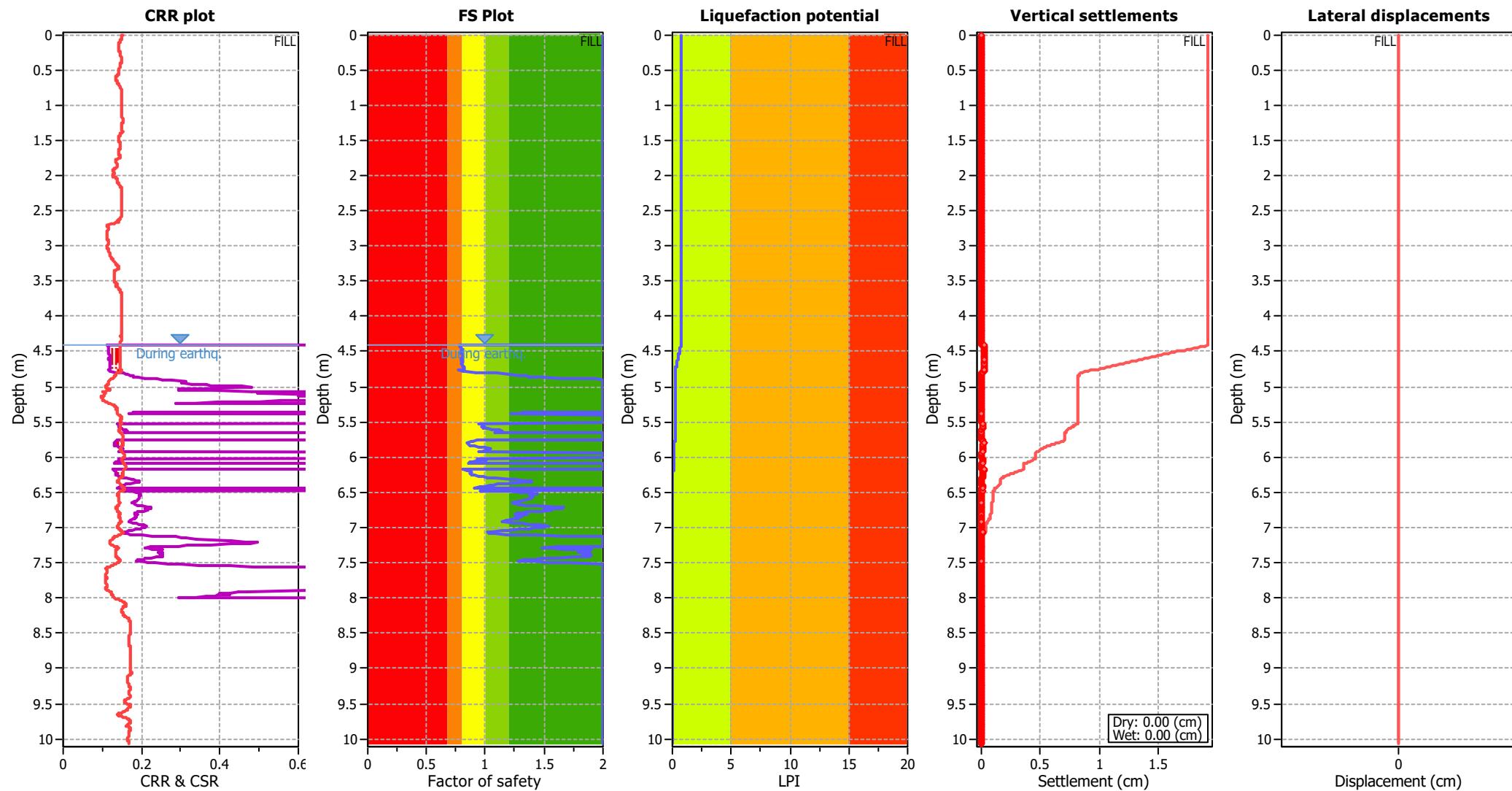
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## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 6.40 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.40 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

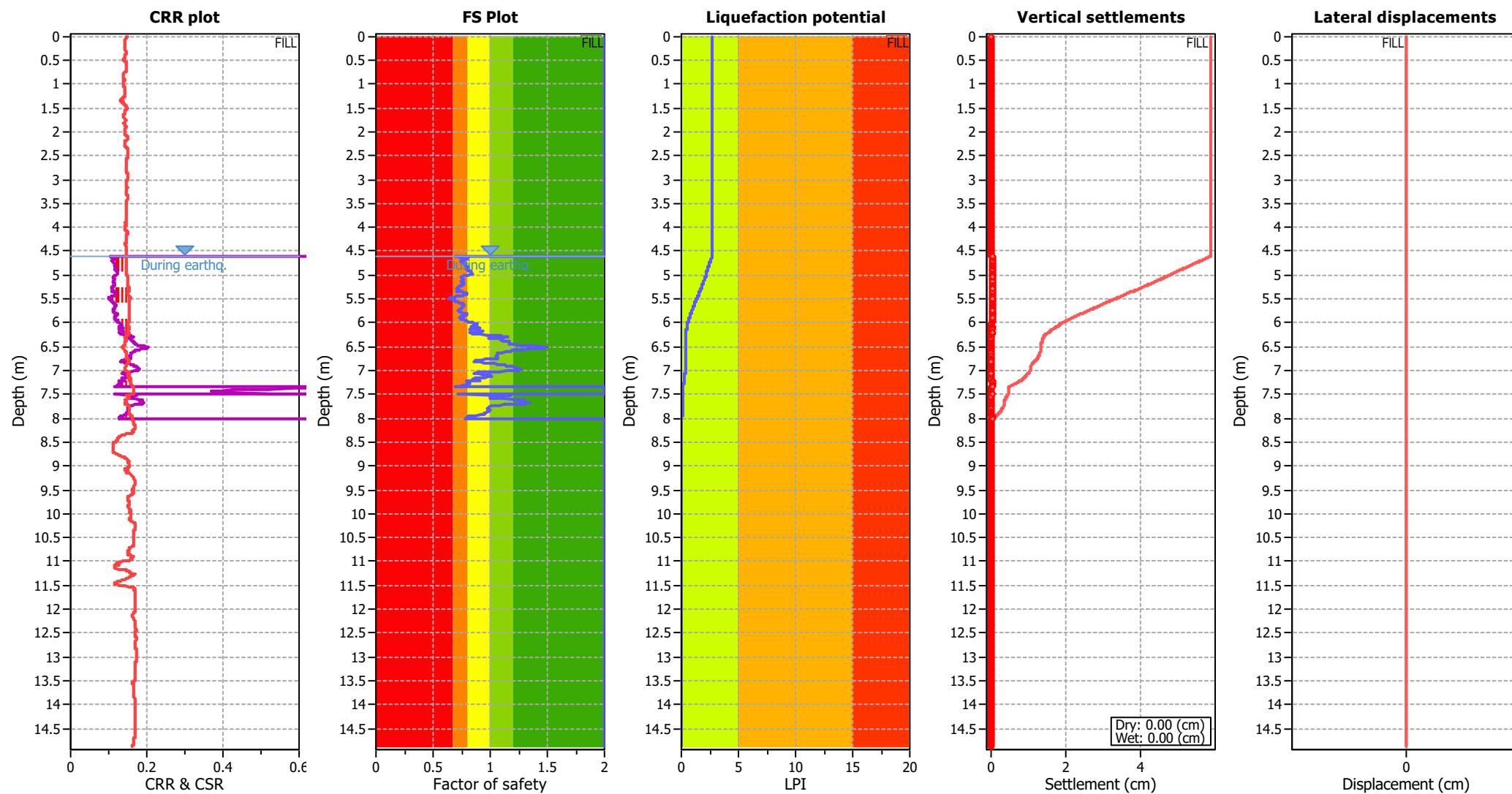
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## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 4.60 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.60 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

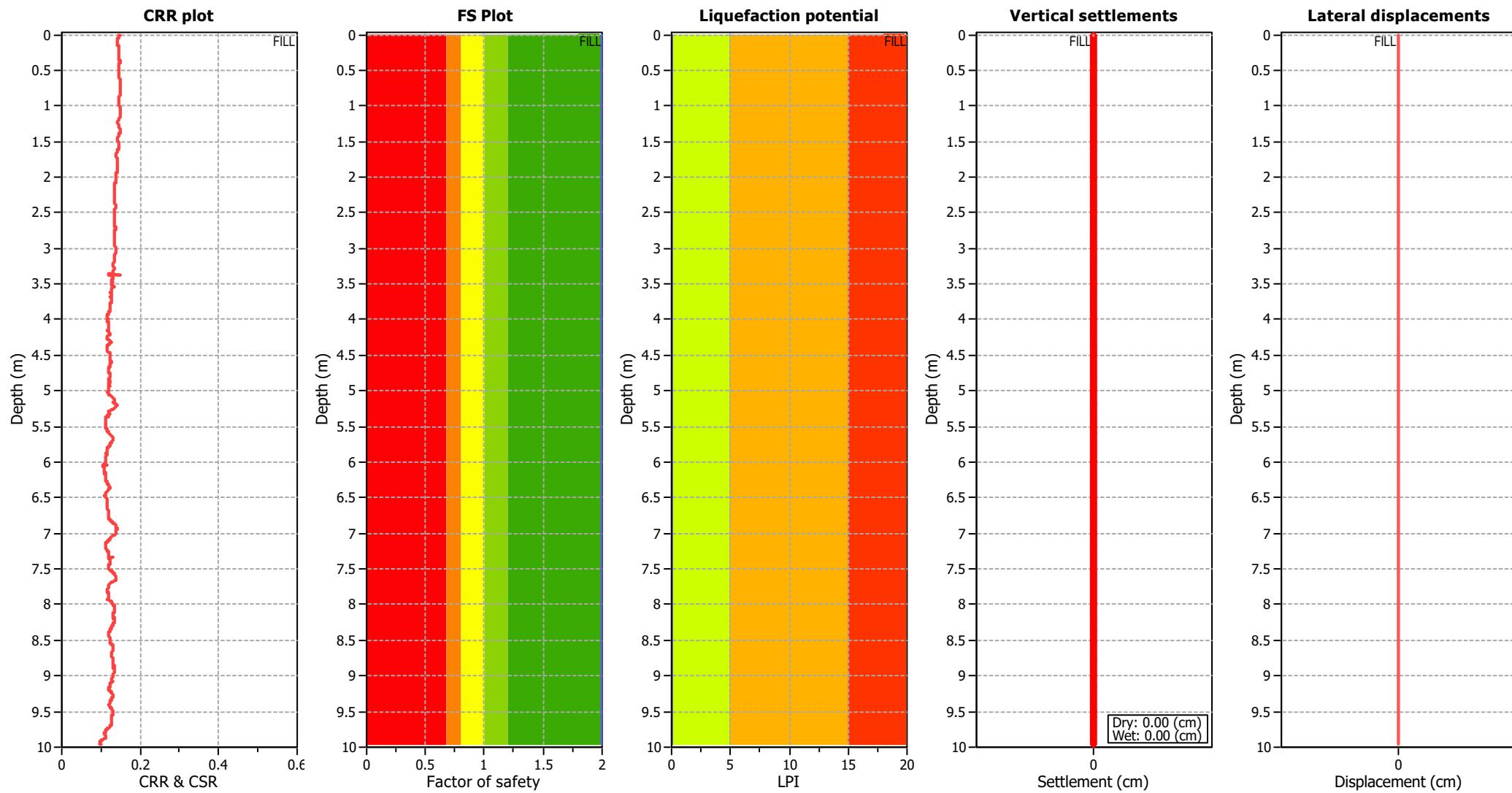
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- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 13.50 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 13.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

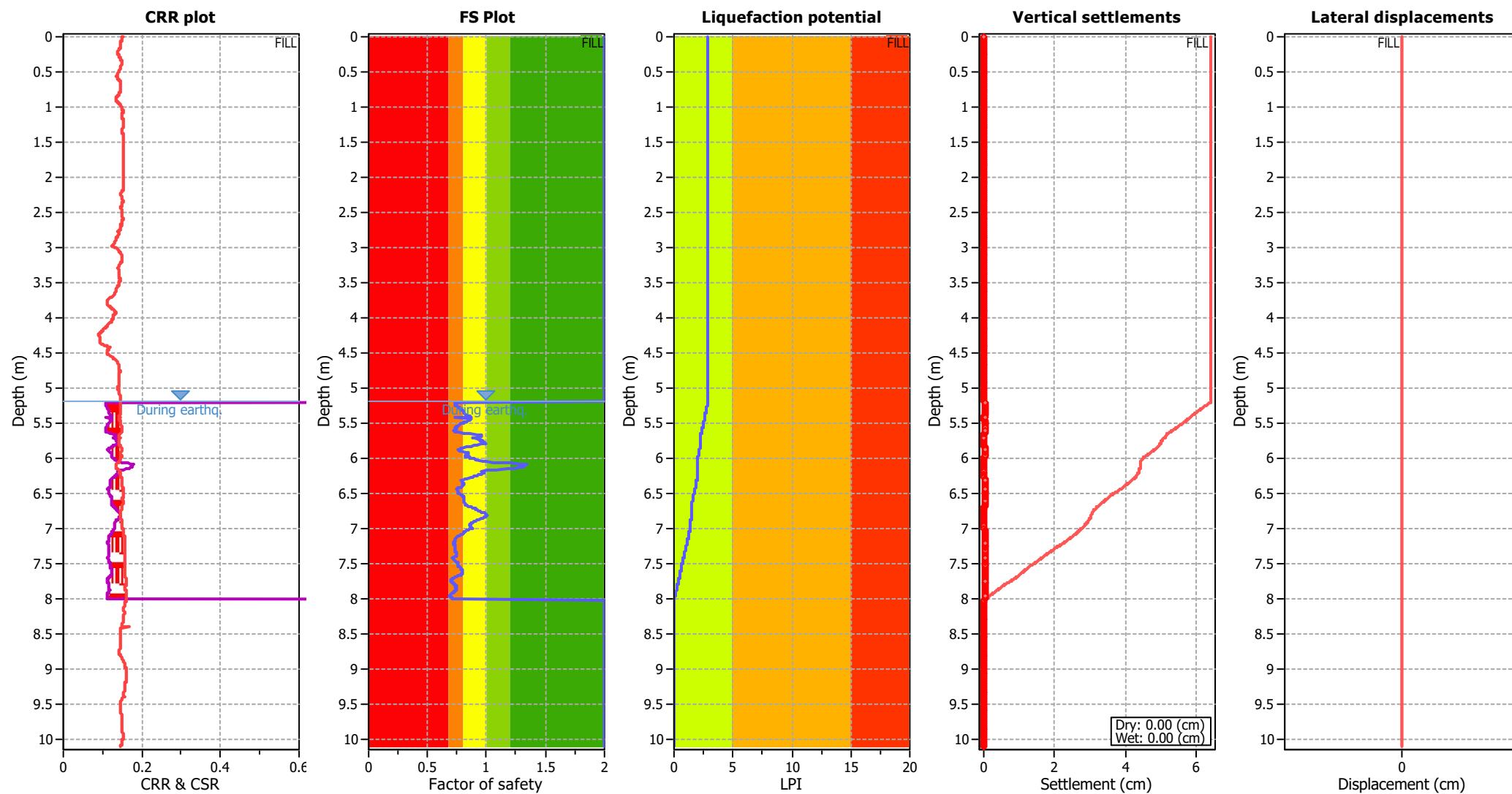
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## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 5.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 7.20 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

## F.S. color scheme

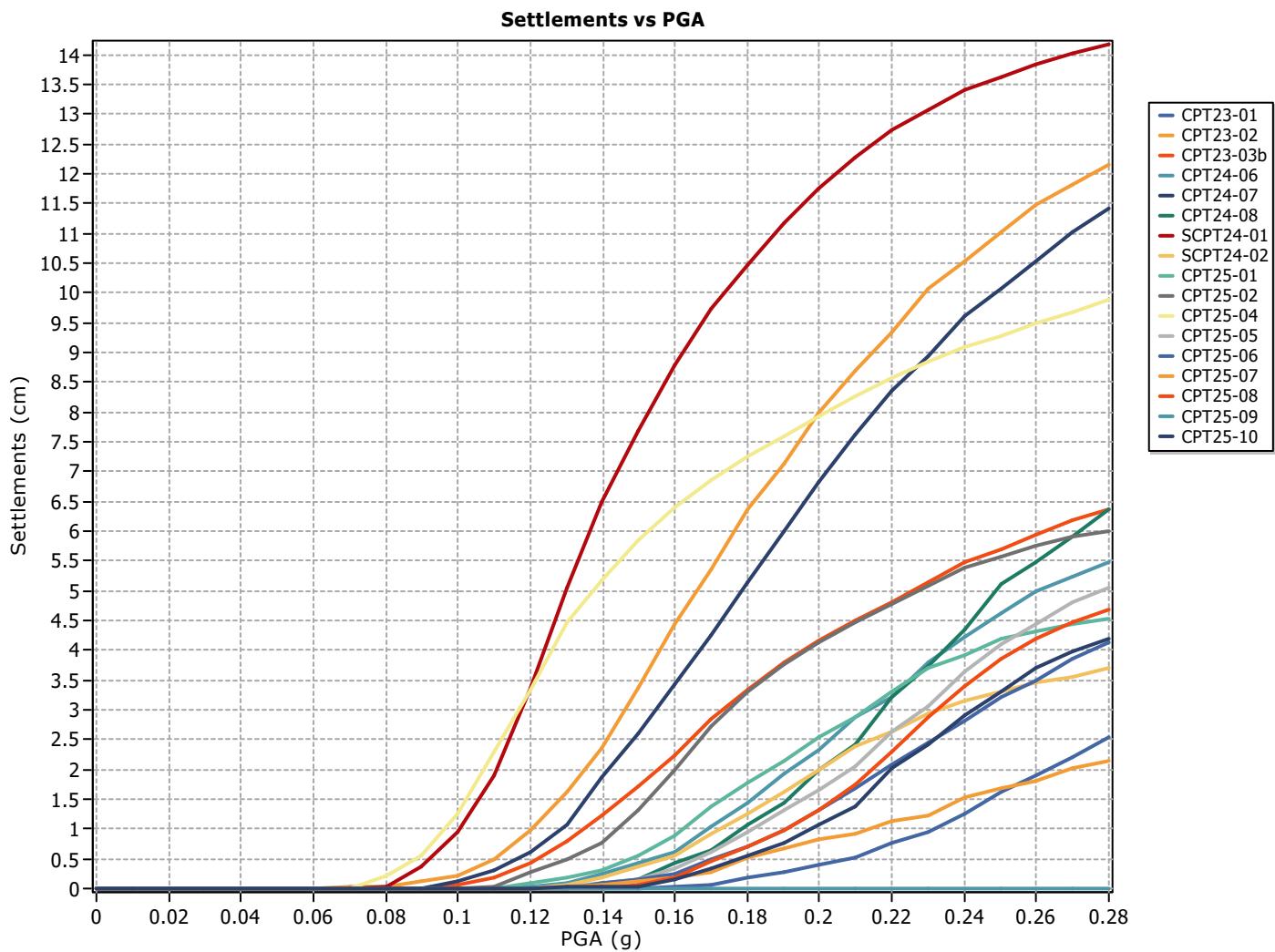
- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

# IL2 FULL DEPTH LIQUFACTION RESULTS

### PGA Based Parametric Analysis



#### :: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT23-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.20	6.20
CPT23-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	2.90
CPT23-03b	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	4.60
CPT24-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	3.80
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
SCPT24-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.70	0.70
SCPT24-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.00	3.00
CPT25-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	2.80
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70
CPT25-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	6.60

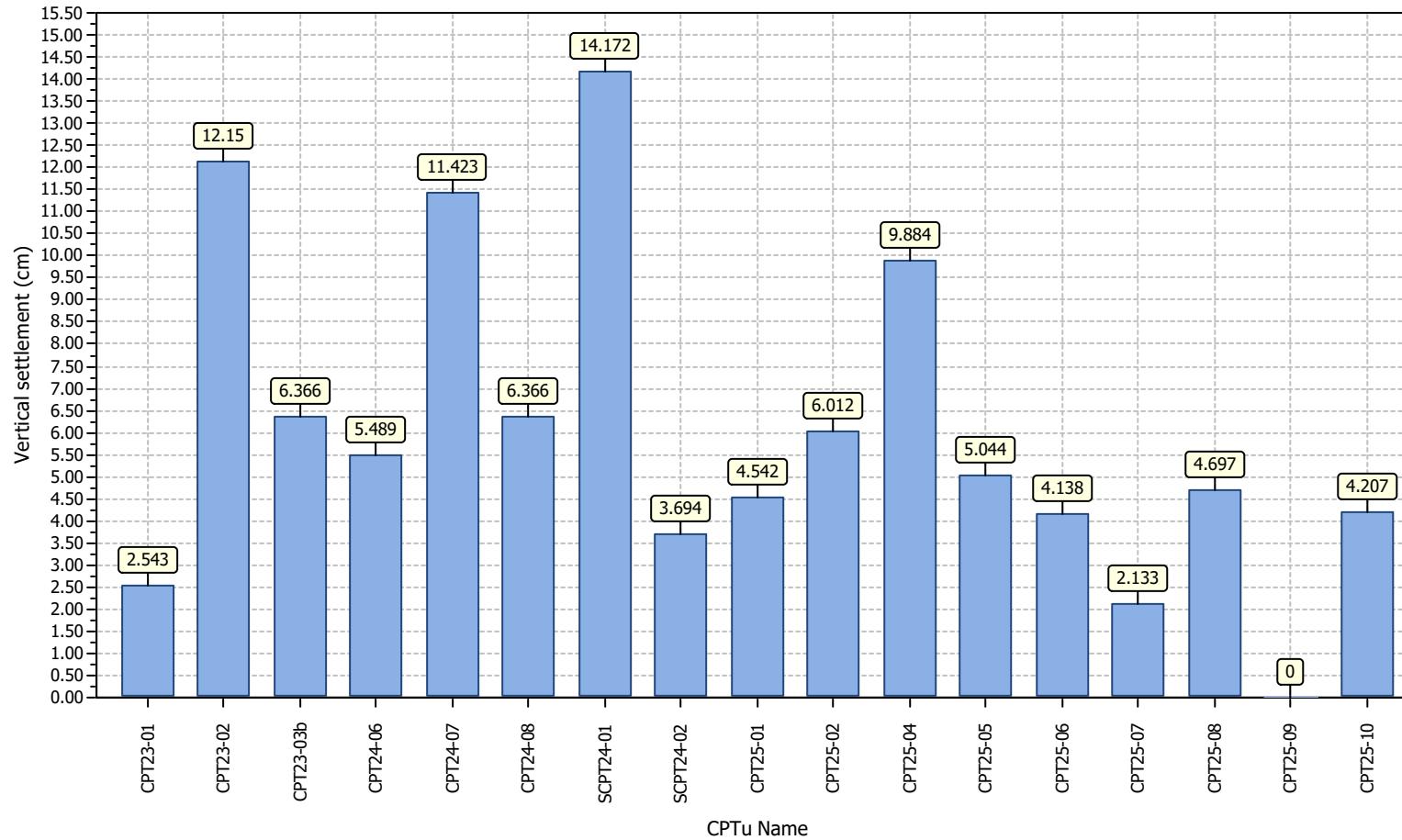
### PGA Based Parametric Analysis

CPT25-09	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	13.50	13.50
CPT25-10	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	5.20	7.20

**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

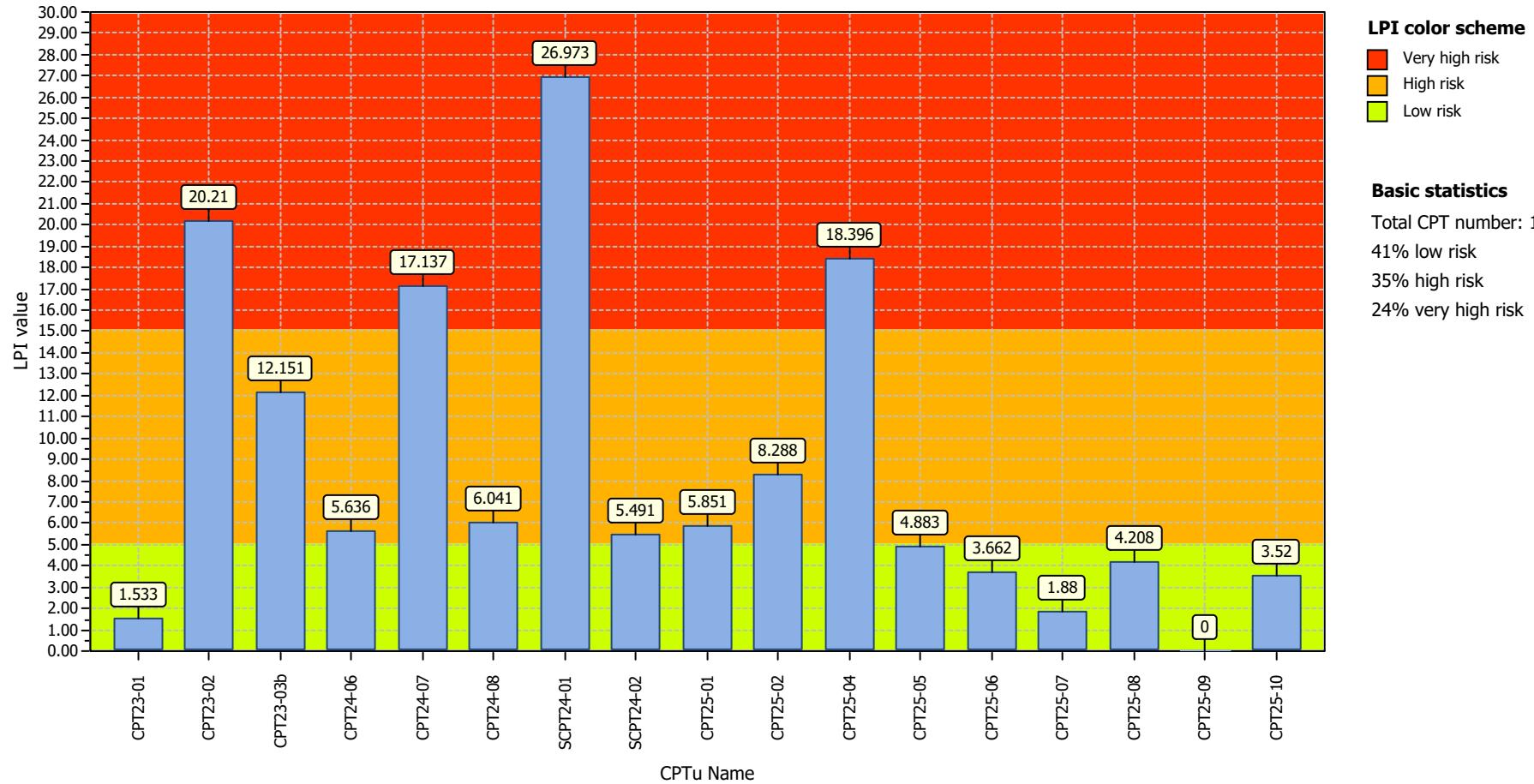
### Overall vertical settlements report



**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

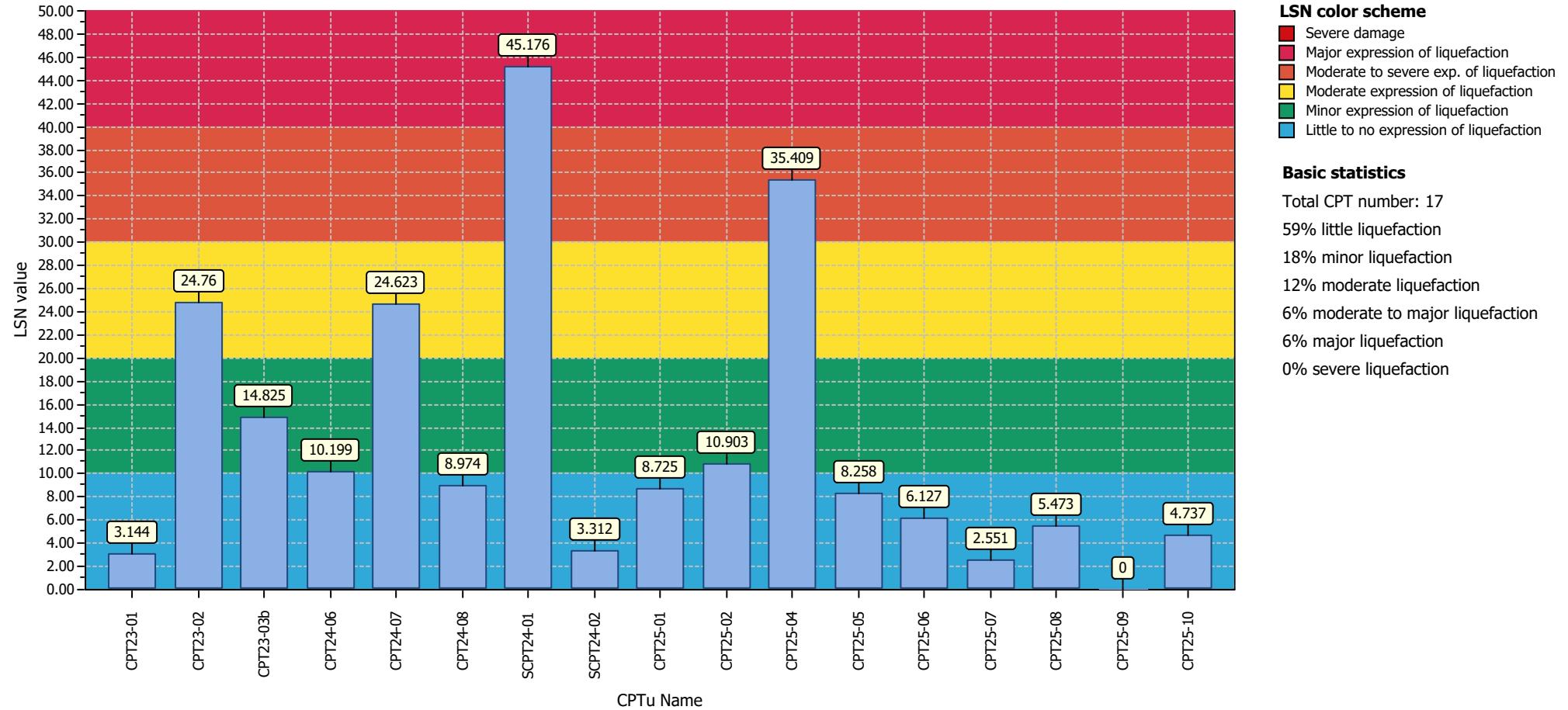
### Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



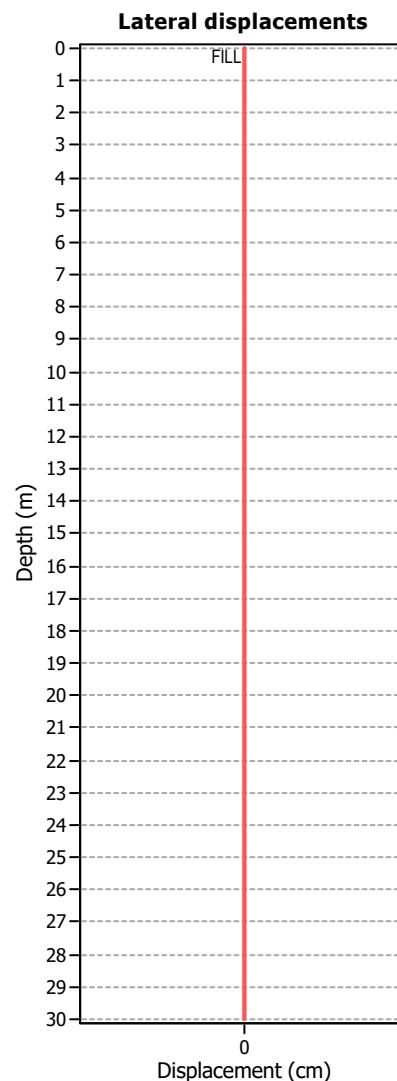
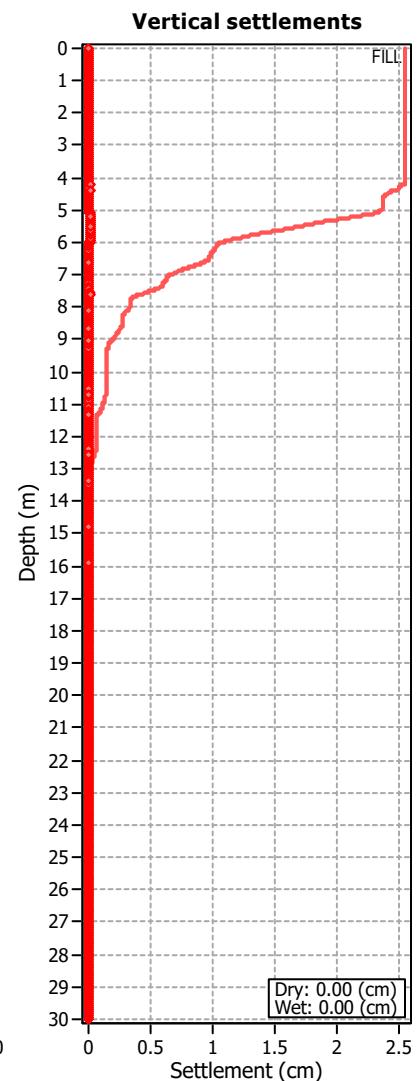
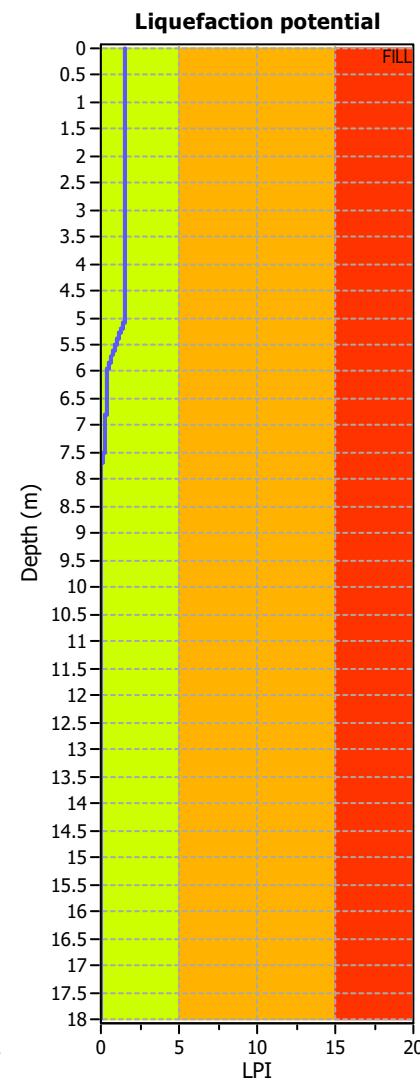
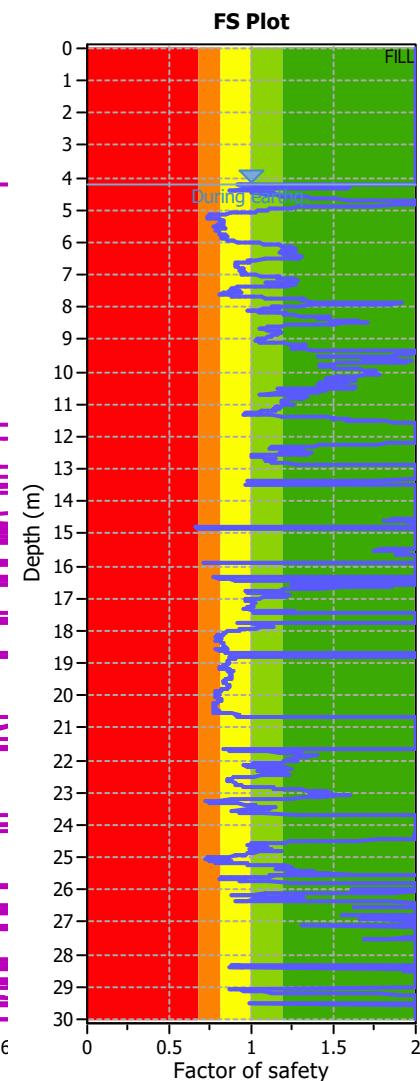
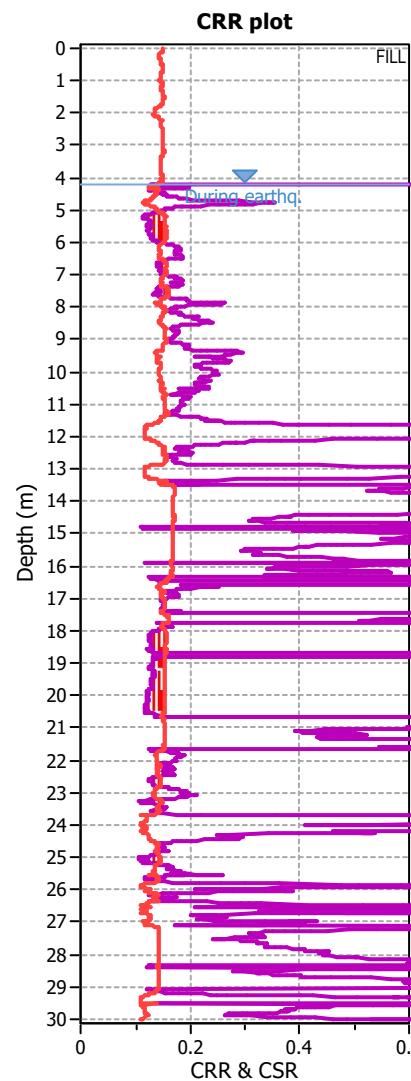
**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

### Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 6.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.20 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

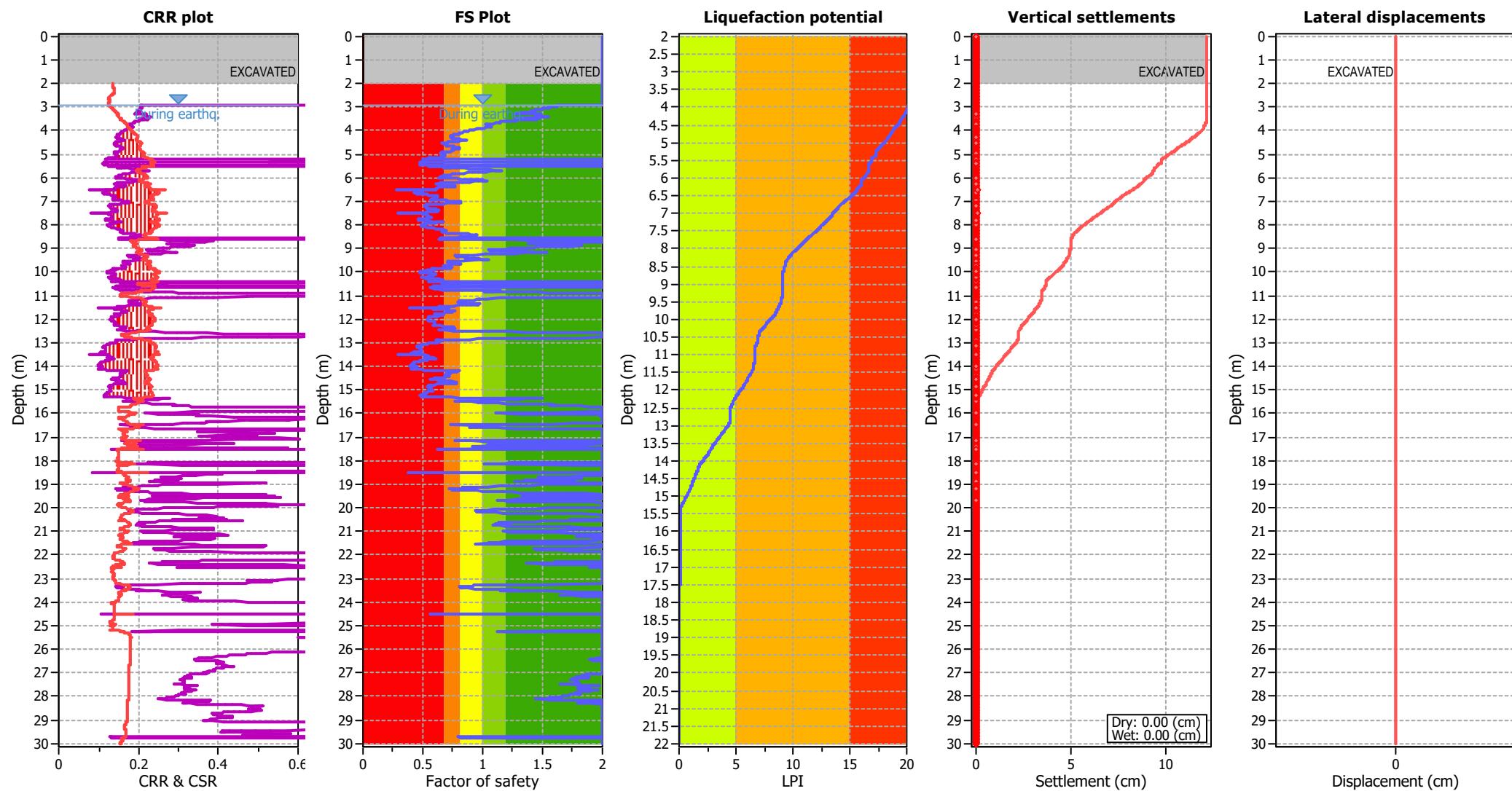
## F.S. color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.90 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 2.90 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Excavation: Yes  
 Excavation depth: 2.00 m

Footing load: 0.00 kPa  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

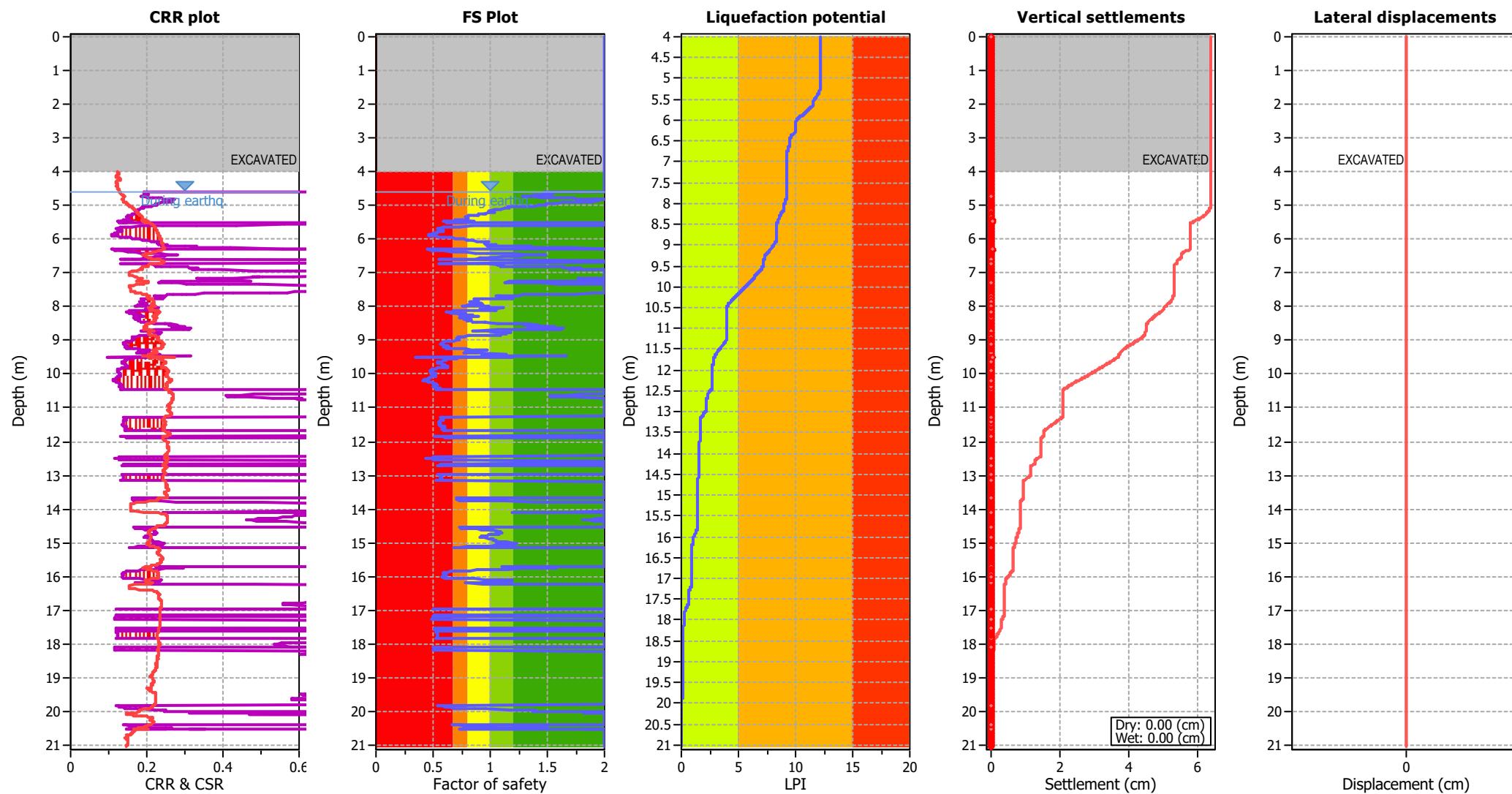
## F.S. color scheme

- Very high risk (Red)
- High risk (Orange)
- Low risk (Yellow/Green)
- Unlikely to liquefy (Light Green)
- Almost certain it will not liquefy (Dark Green)

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk (Red)
- High risk (Orange)
- Low risk (Yellow/Green)

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 4.60 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.60 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Excavation: Yes  
 Excavation depth: 4.00 m

Footing load: 0.00 kPa  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

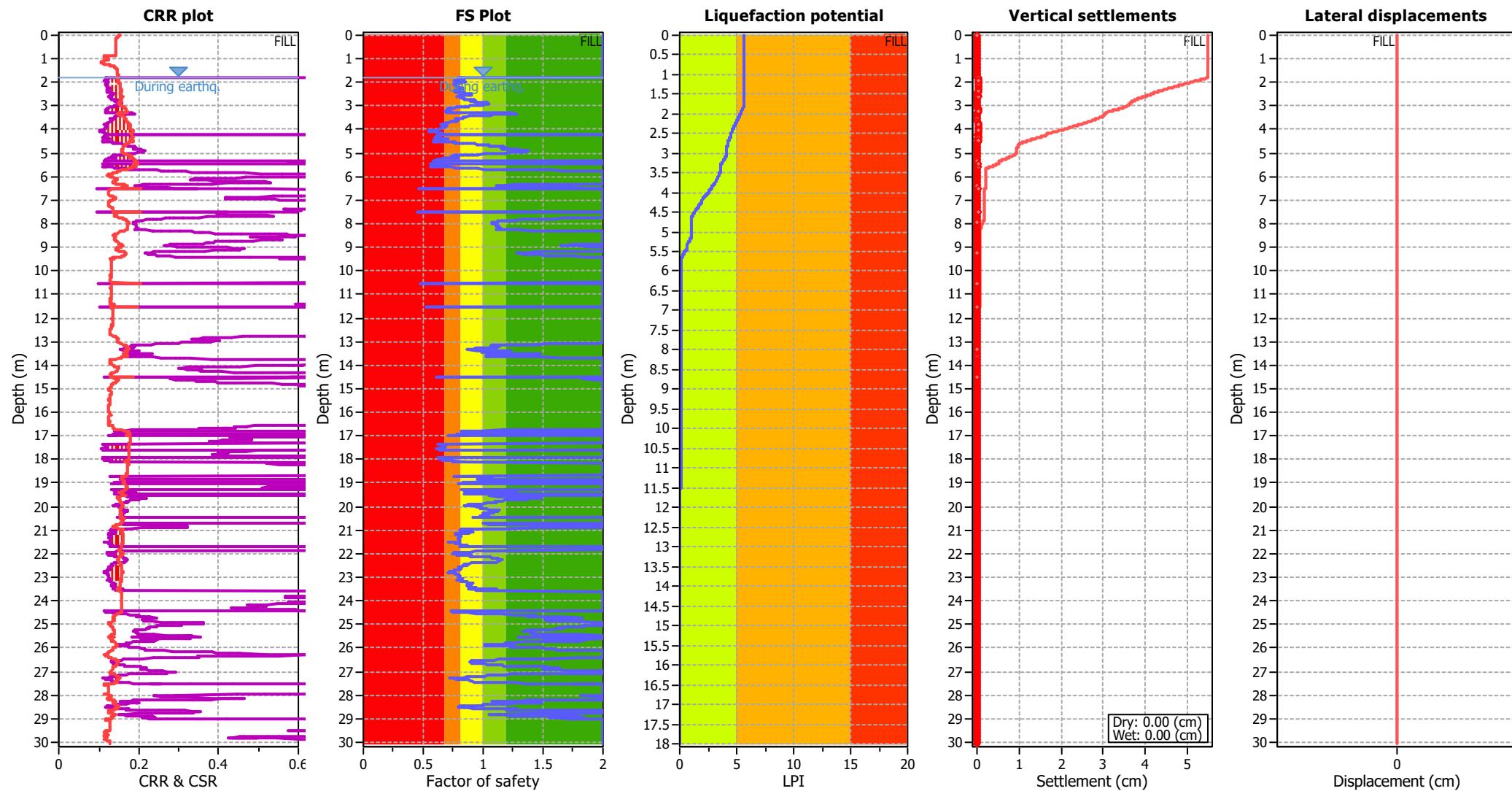
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.80 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 3.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

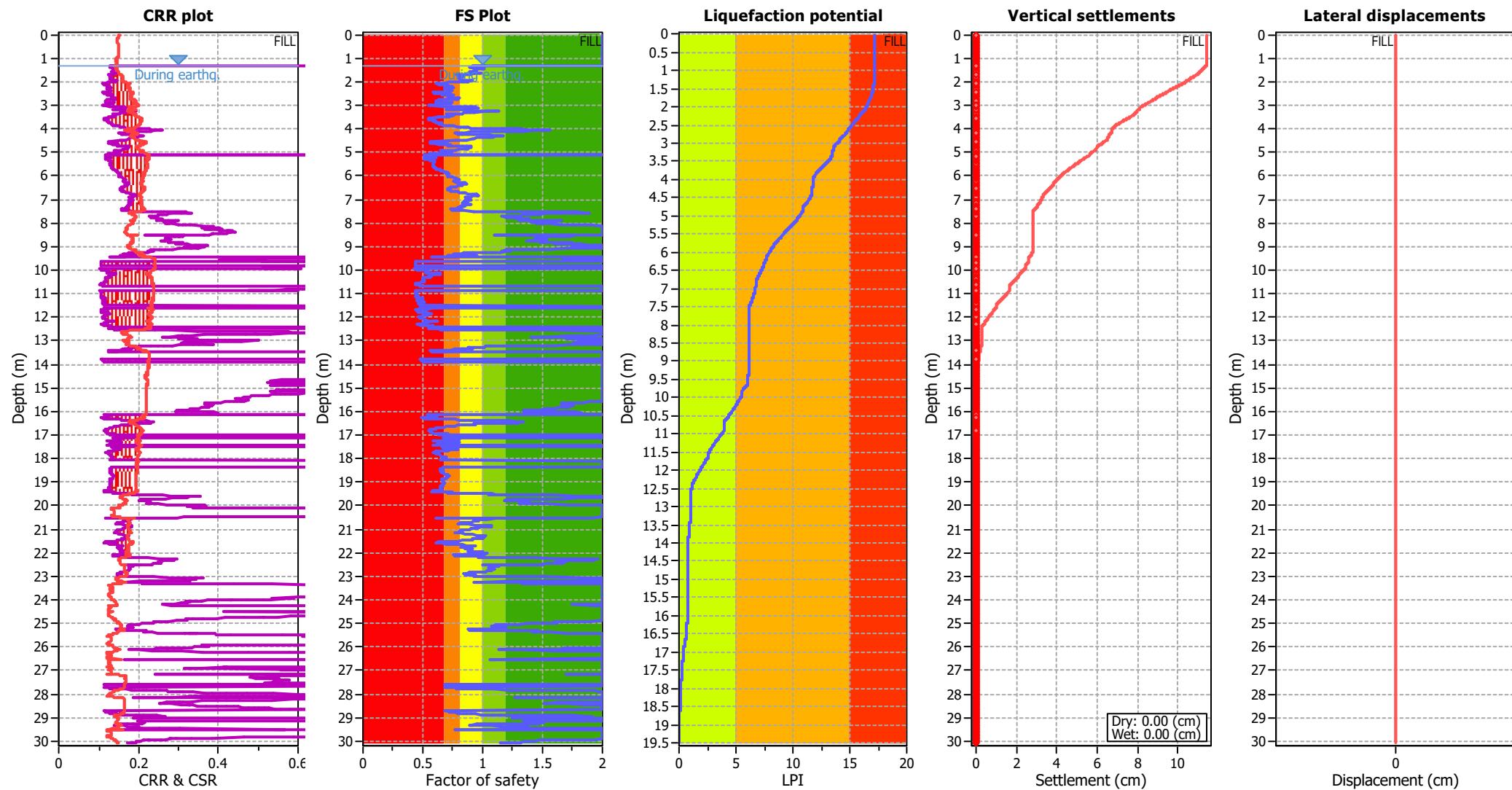
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Blue: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.30 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 1.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 0.50 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

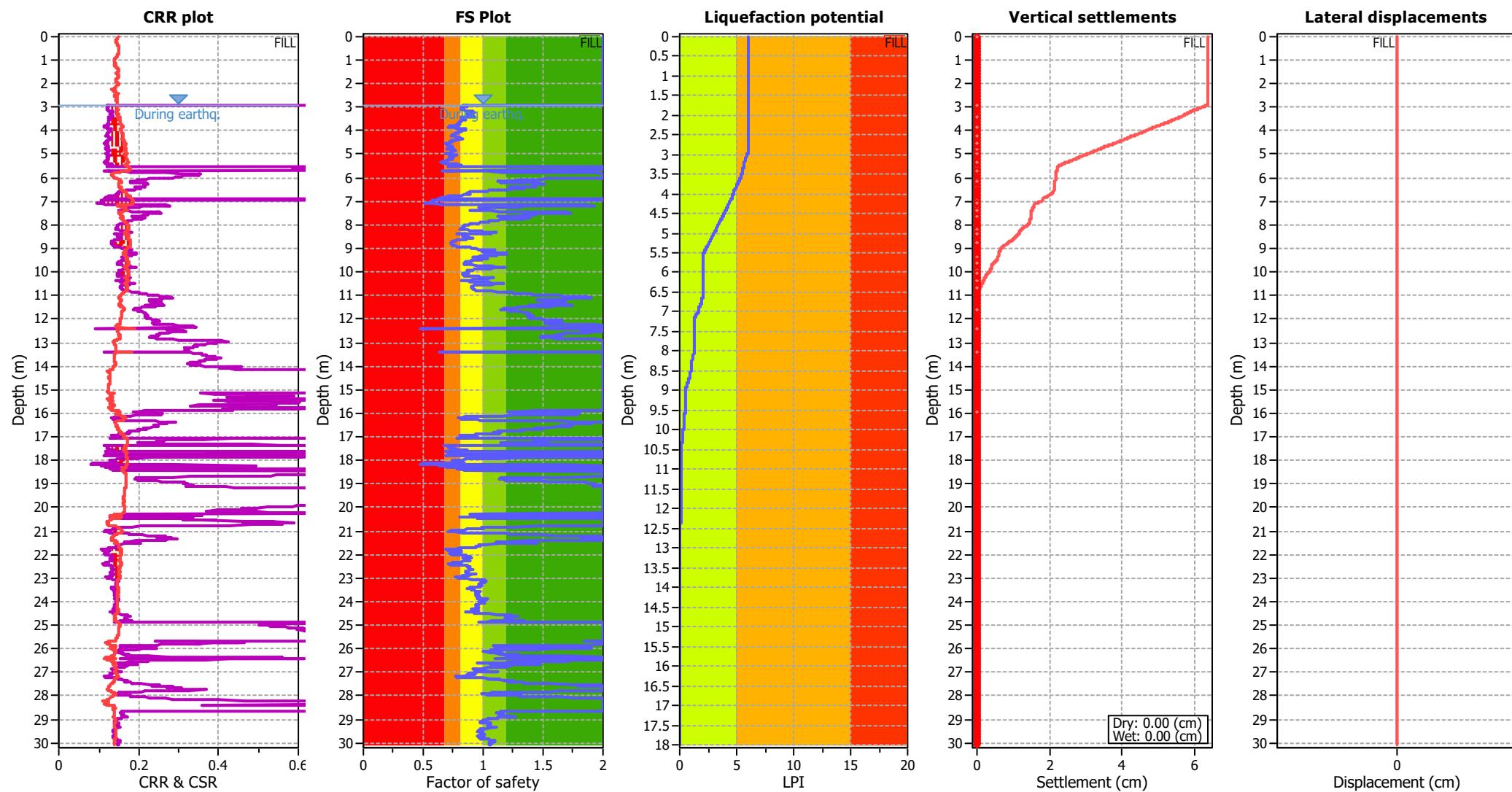
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.90 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.90 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

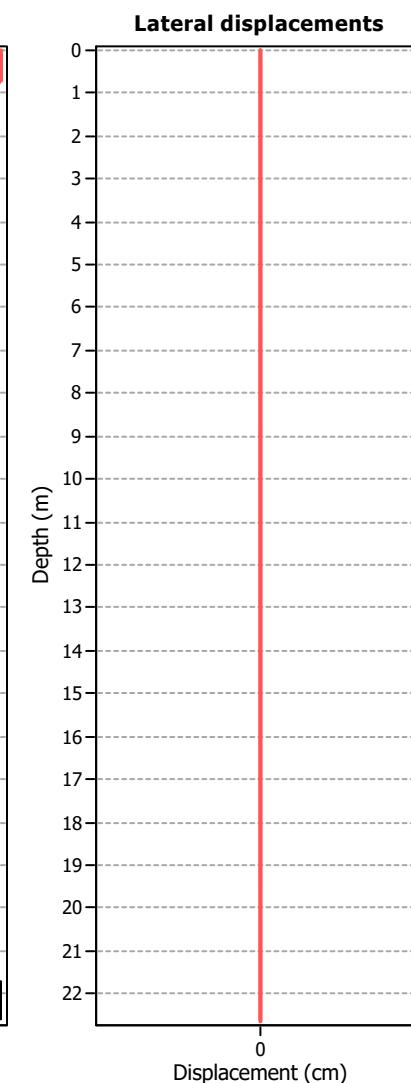
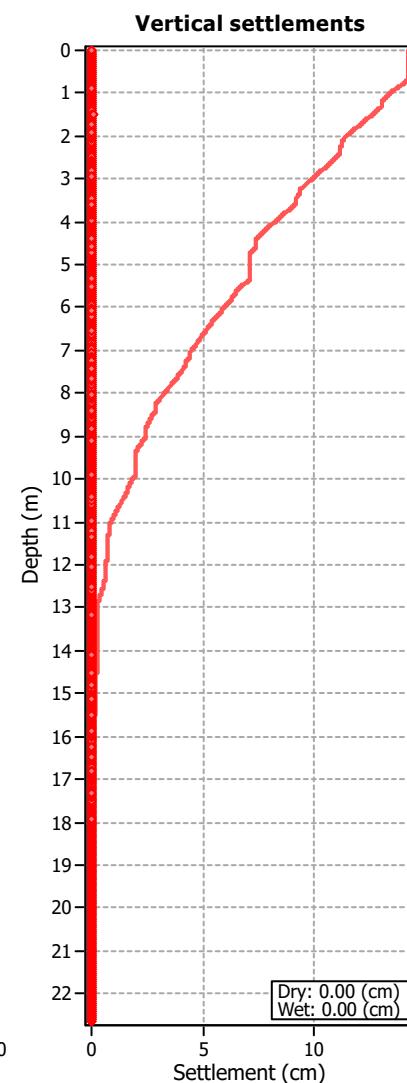
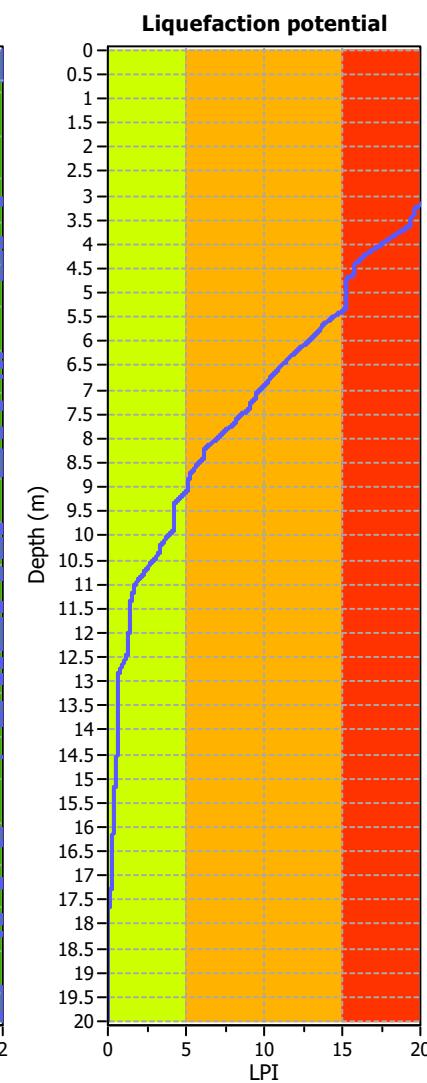
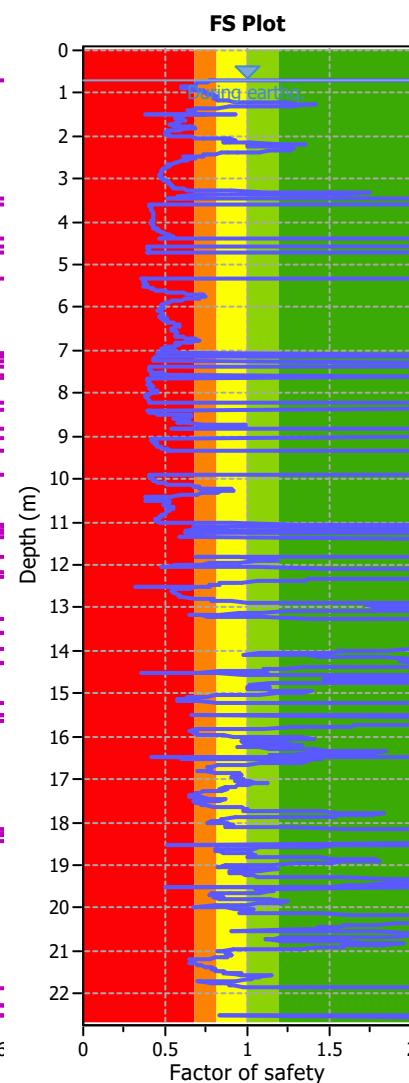
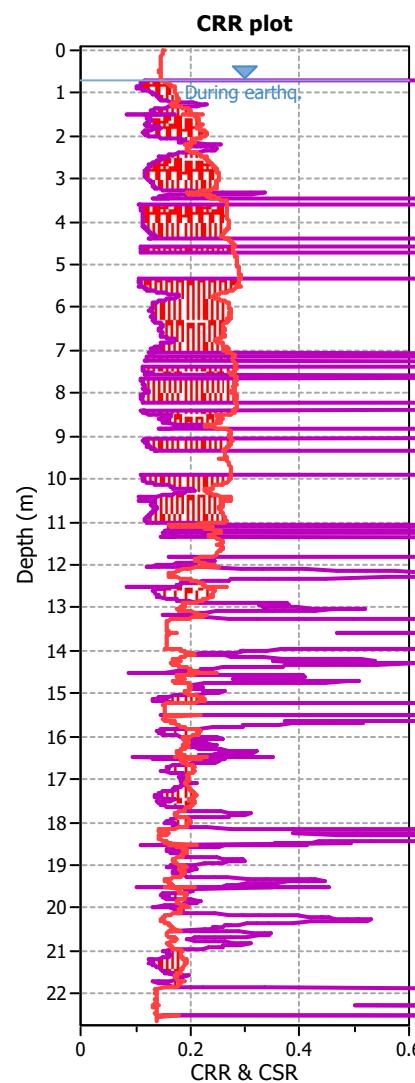
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.70 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 0.70 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 0.00 m

Fill weight: 18.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

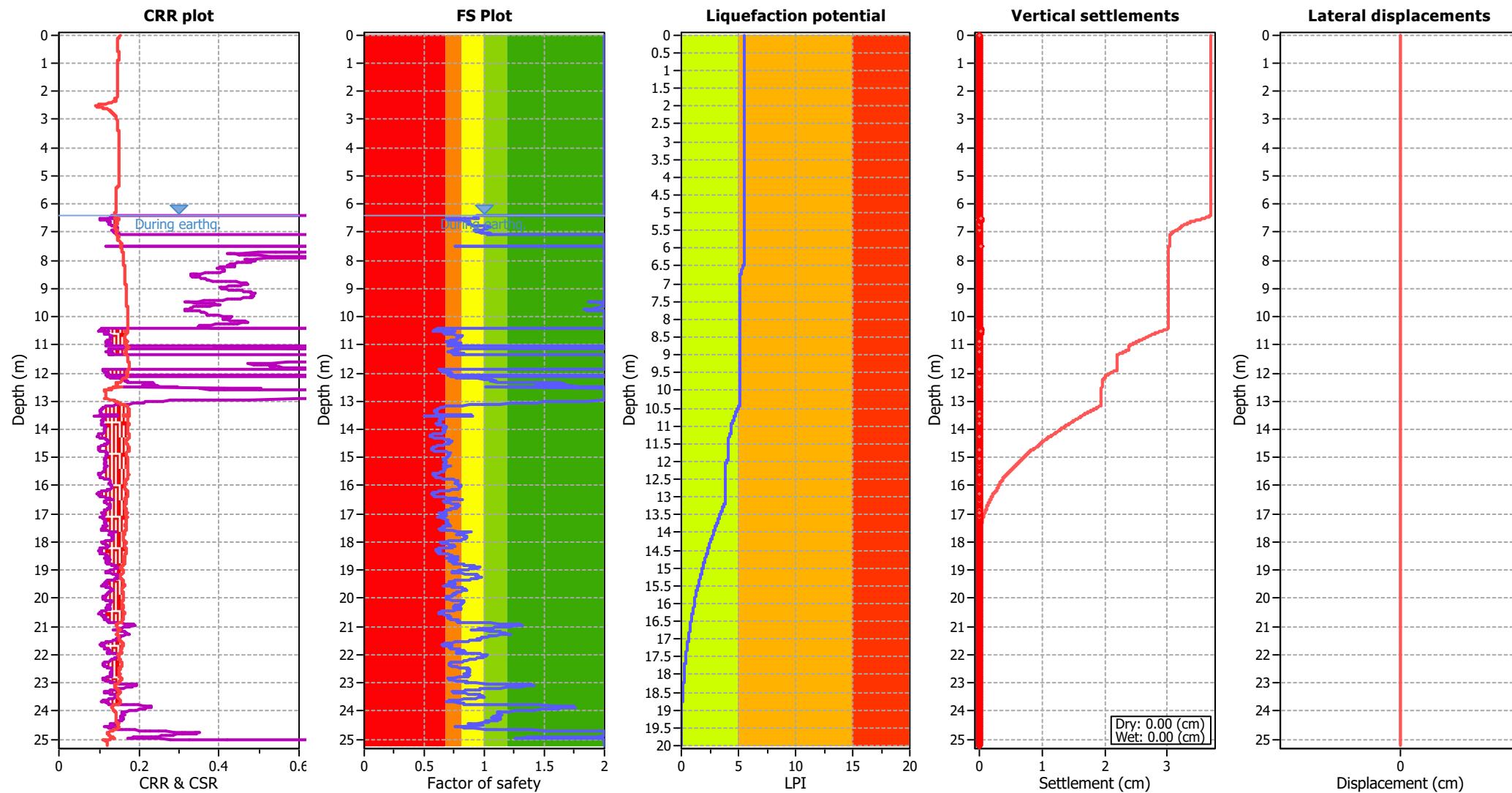
## F.S. color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 6.40 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.40 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

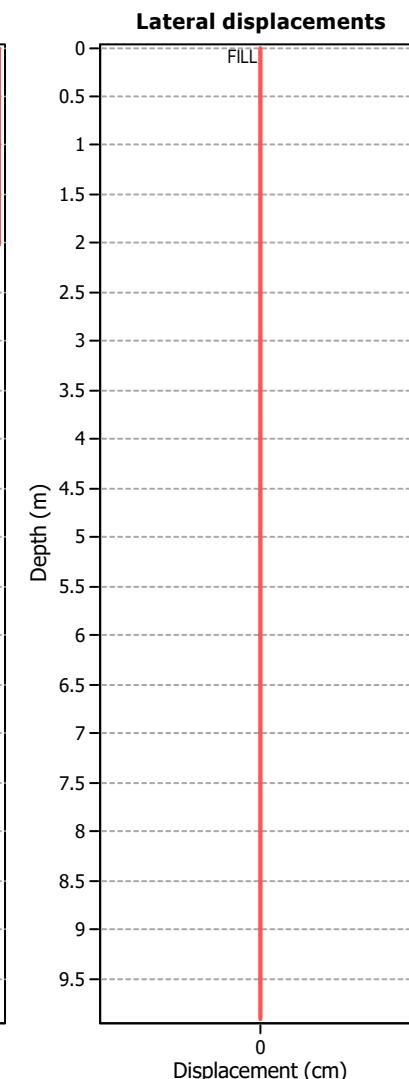
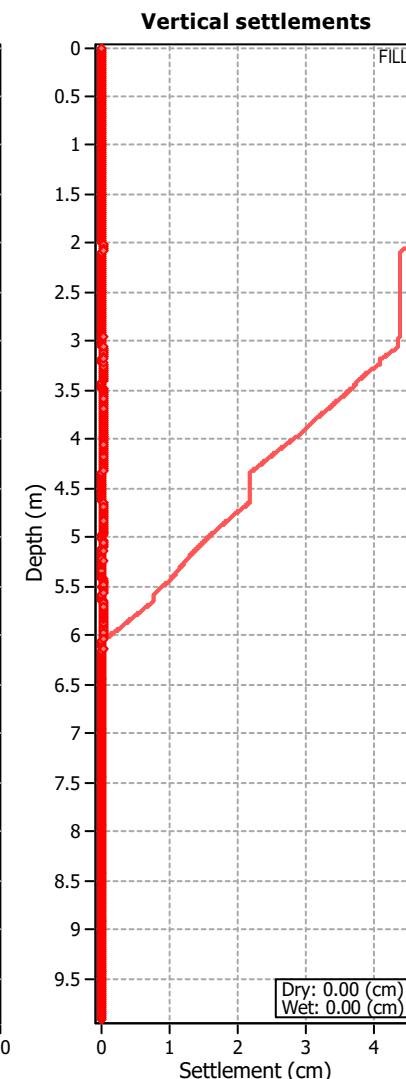
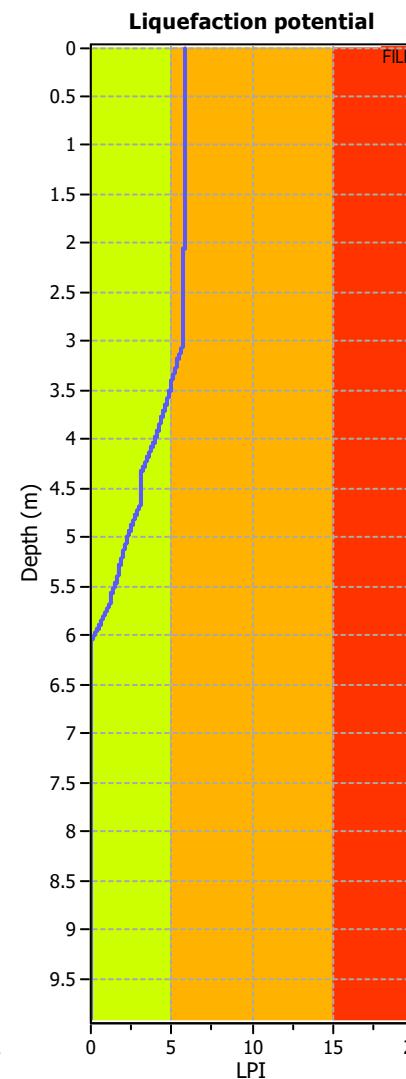
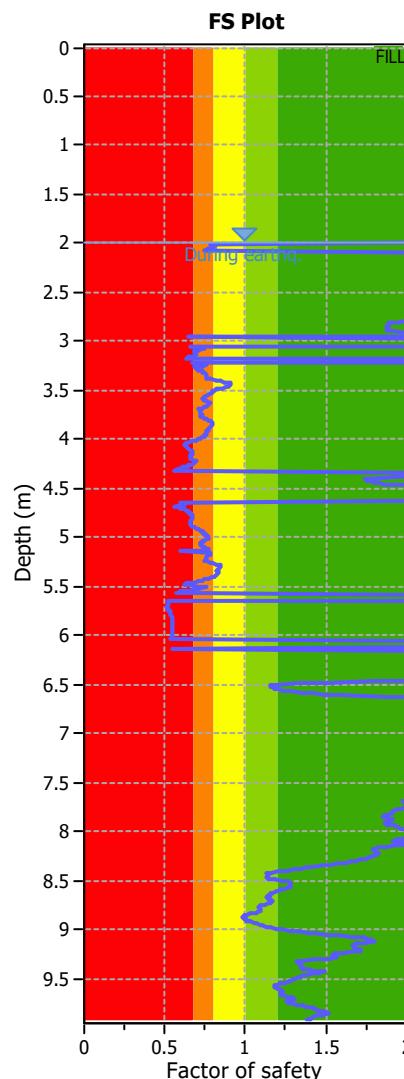
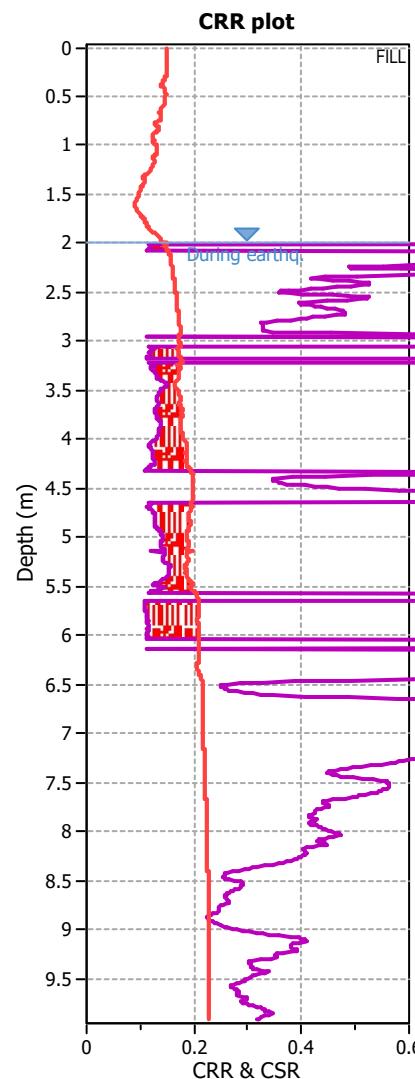
## F.S. color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Very high risk  
 High risk  
 Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Unlike to liquefy  
 Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.00 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 3.00 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

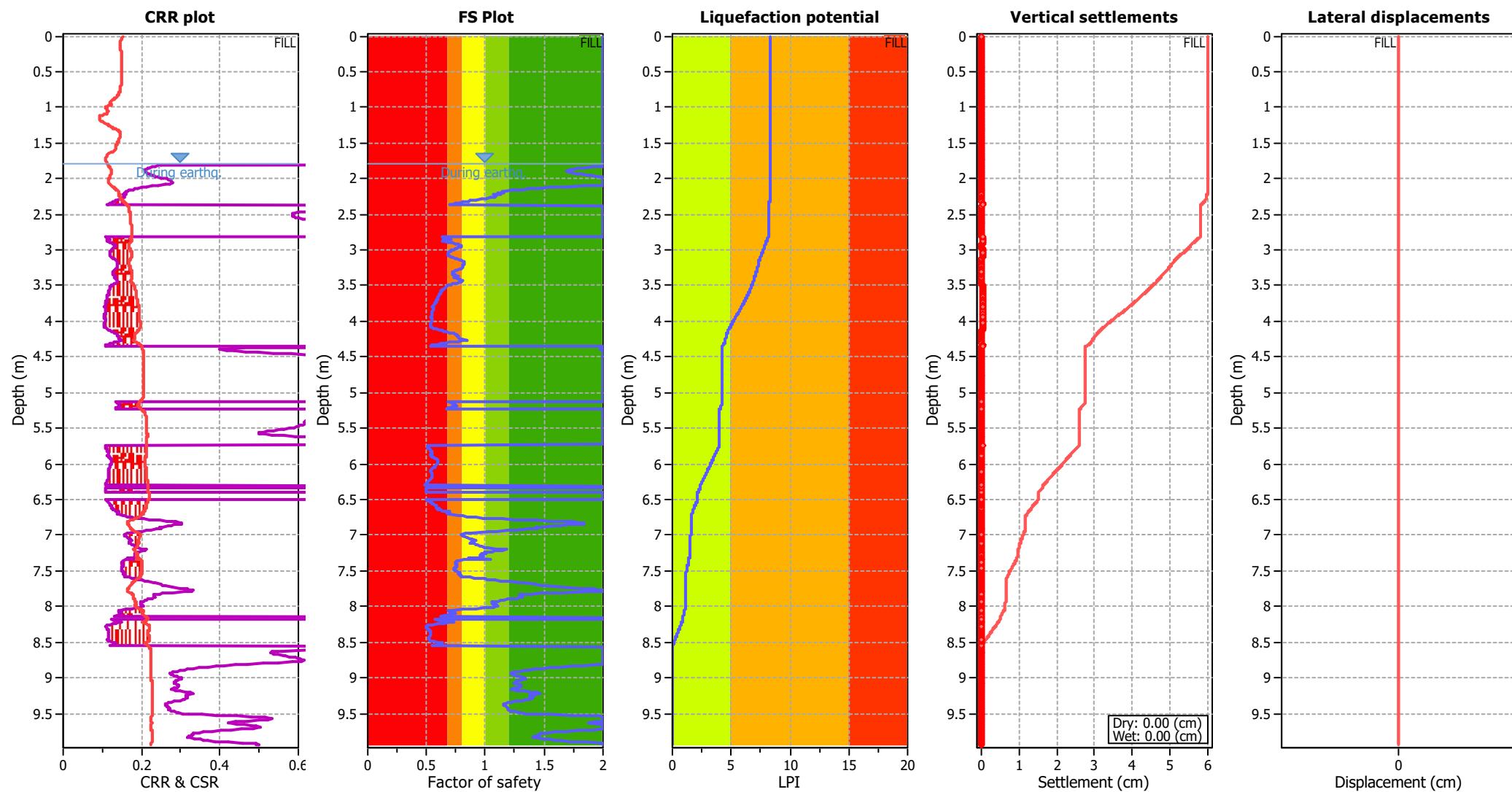
## F.S. color scheme

Red: Almost certain it will liquefy  
 Orange: Very likely to liquefy  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Unlikely to liquefy  
 Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Red: Very high risk  
 Orange: High risk  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Unlikely to liquefy  
 Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on  $I_c$  value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.80 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 2.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 $I_c$  cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

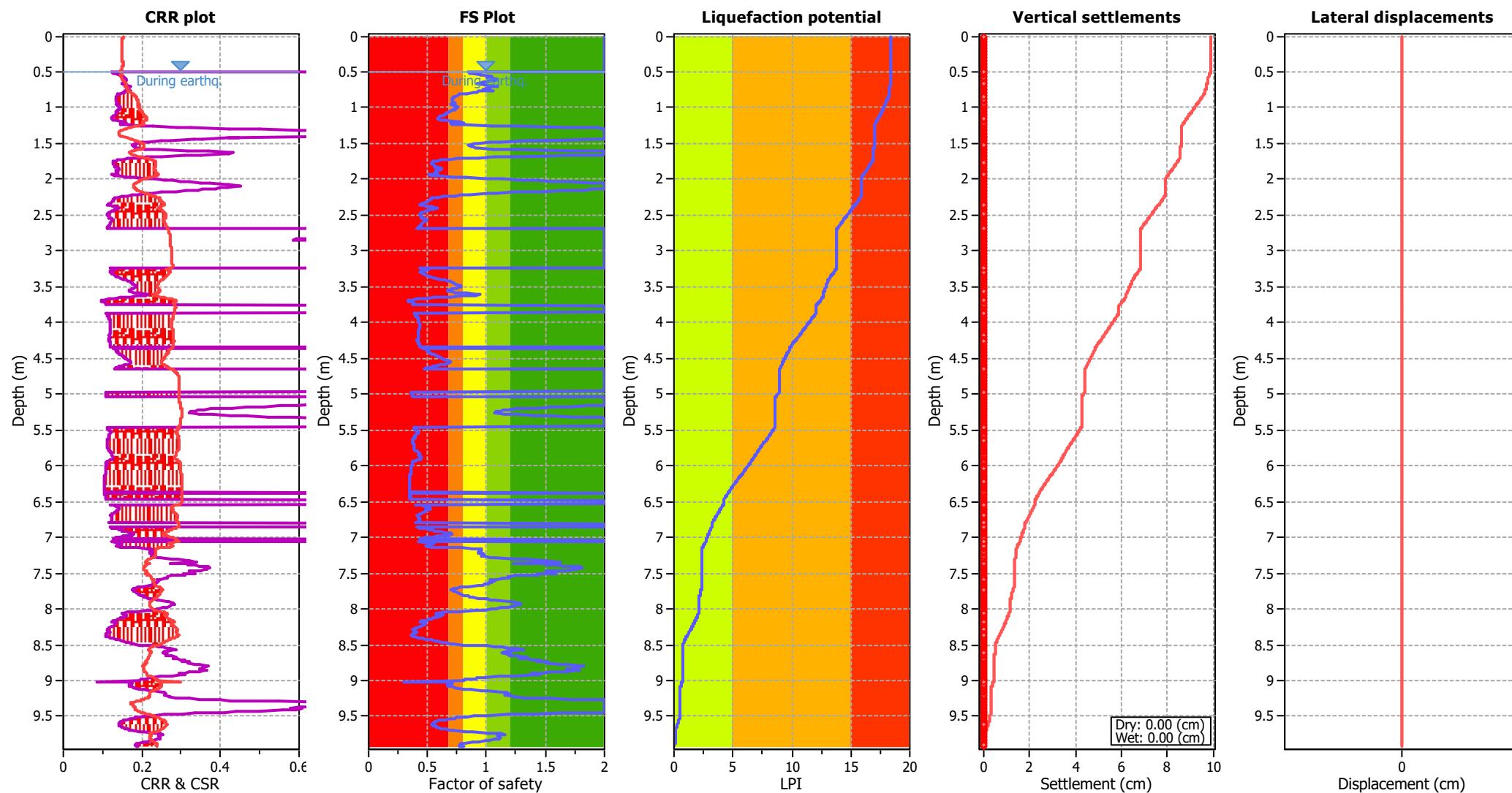
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Light Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.50 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 0.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

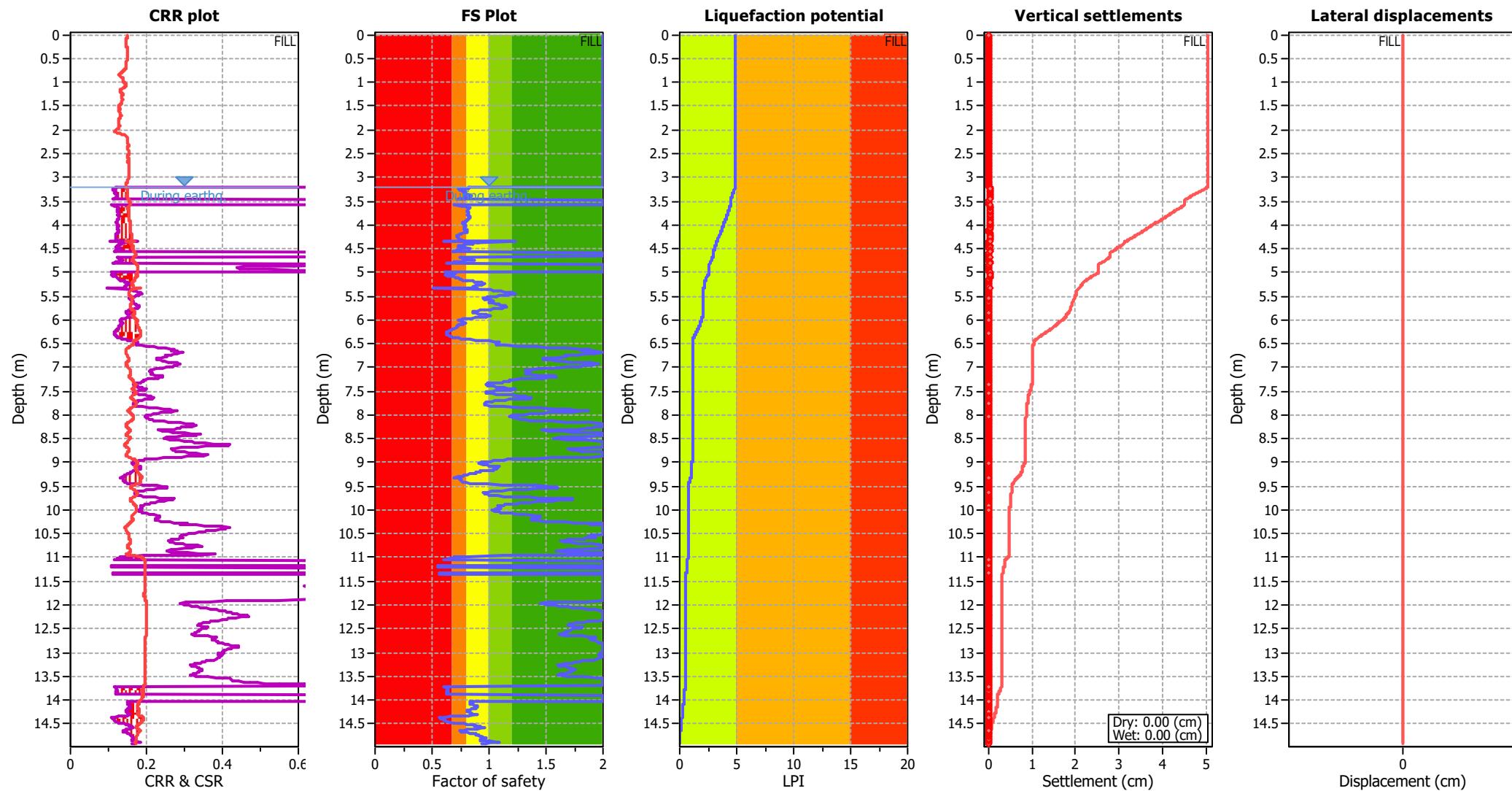
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Low risk
- Light Green: Unlikely to liquefy

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 3.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.20 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

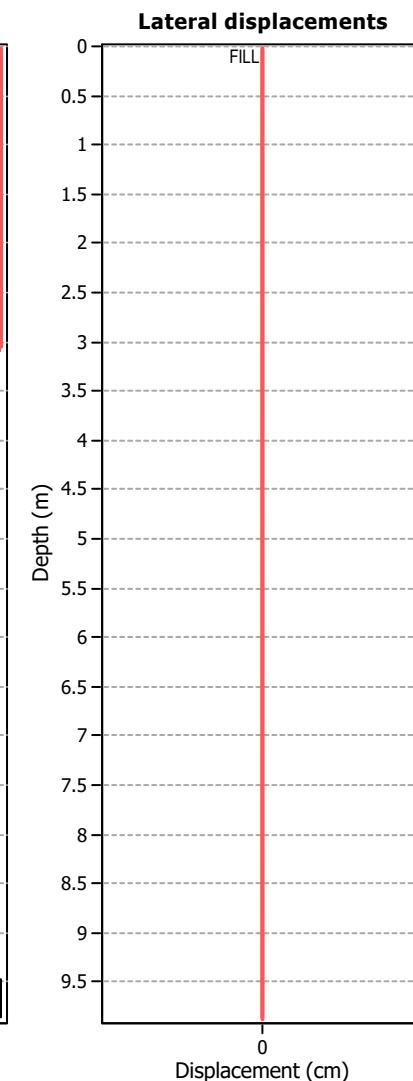
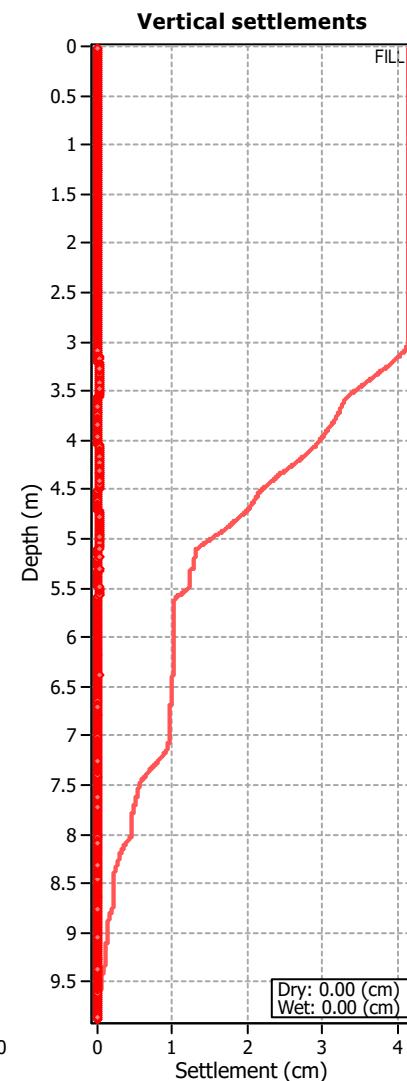
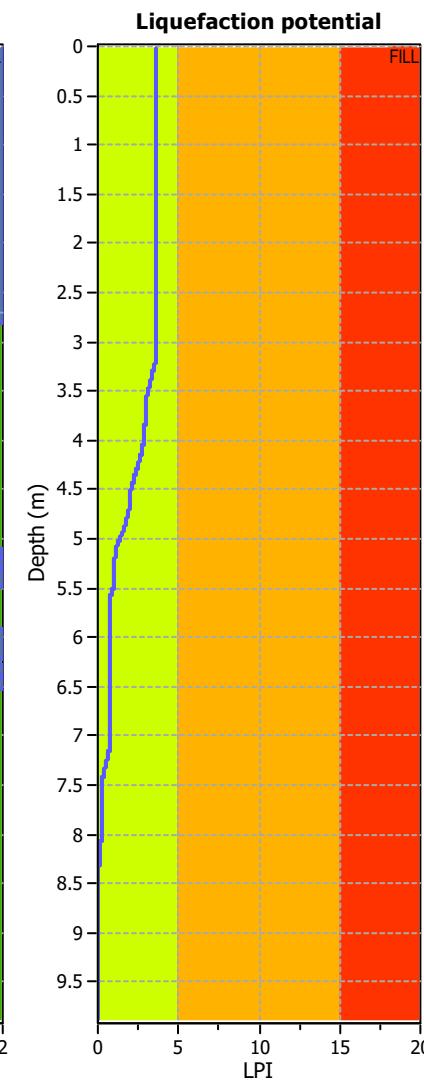
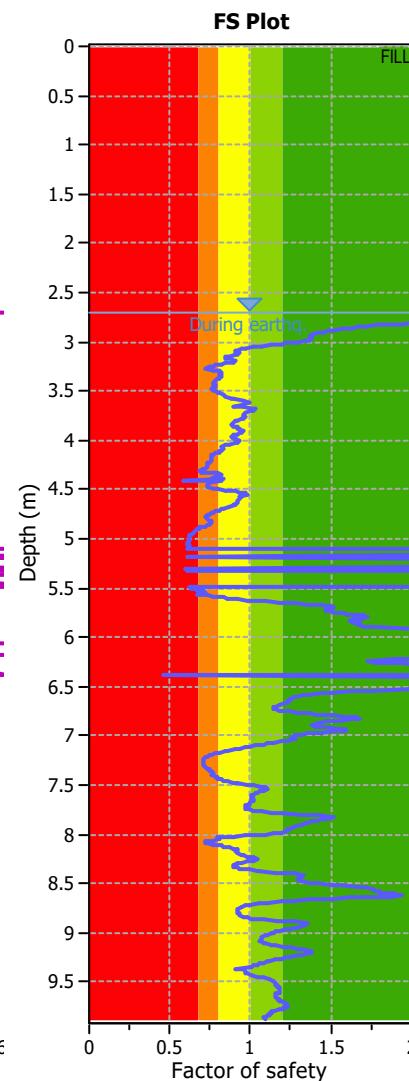
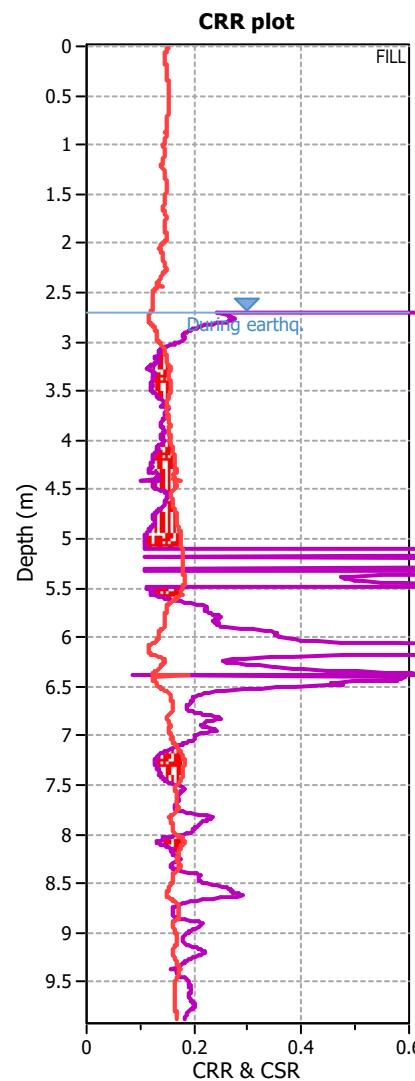
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.70 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.70 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

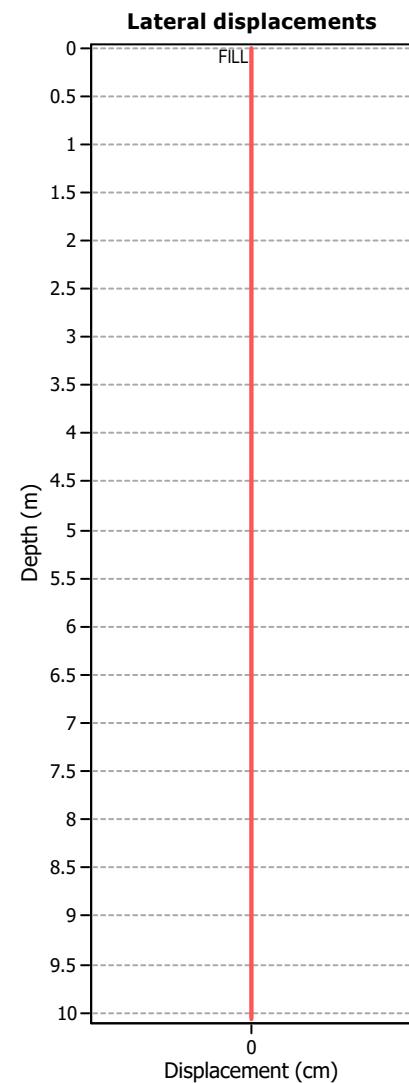
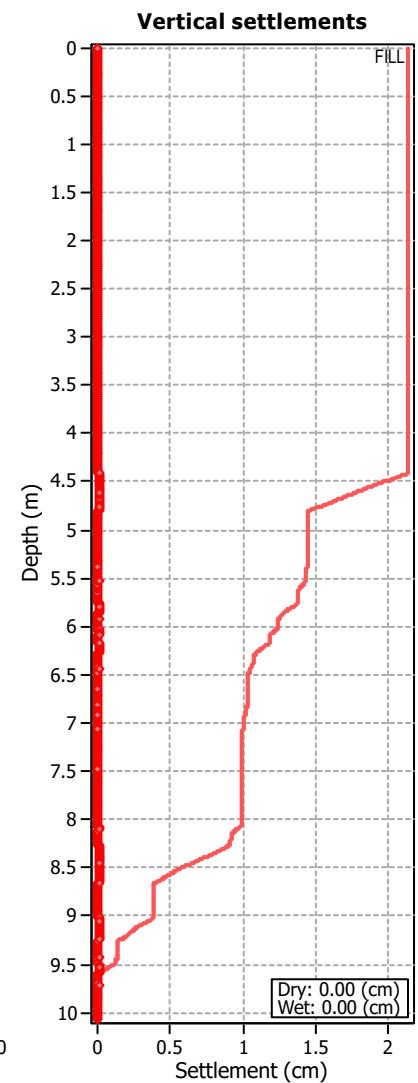
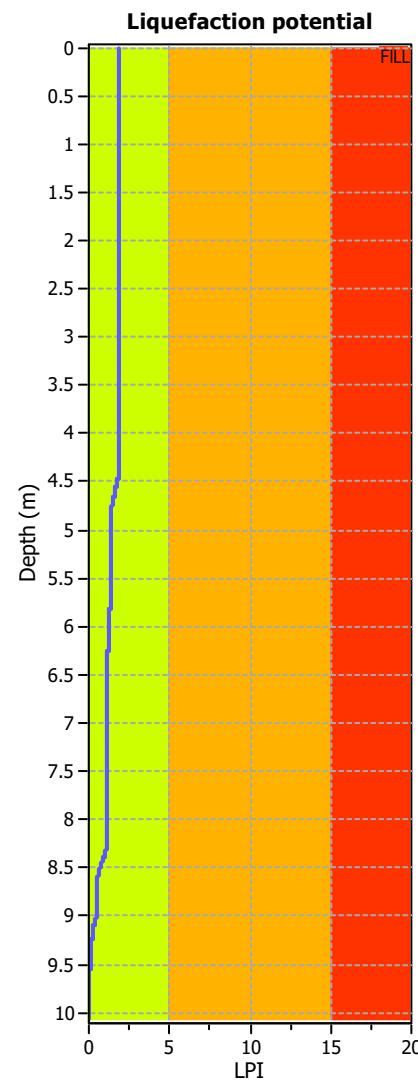
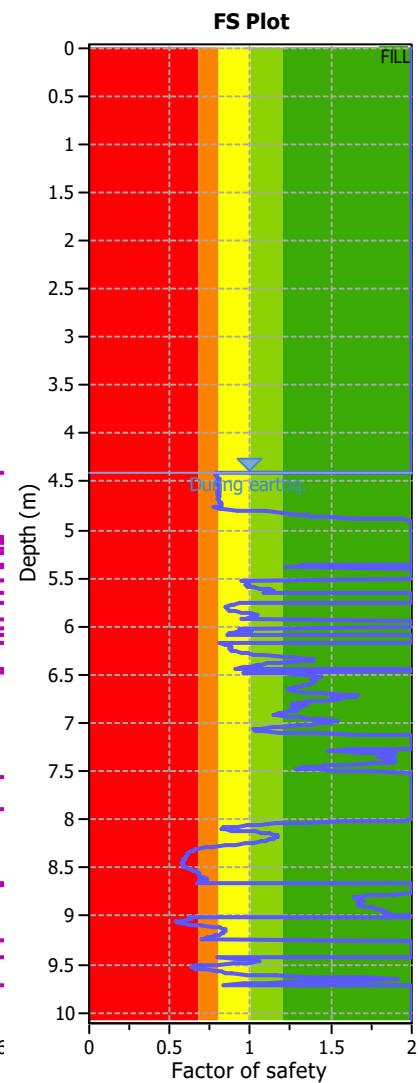
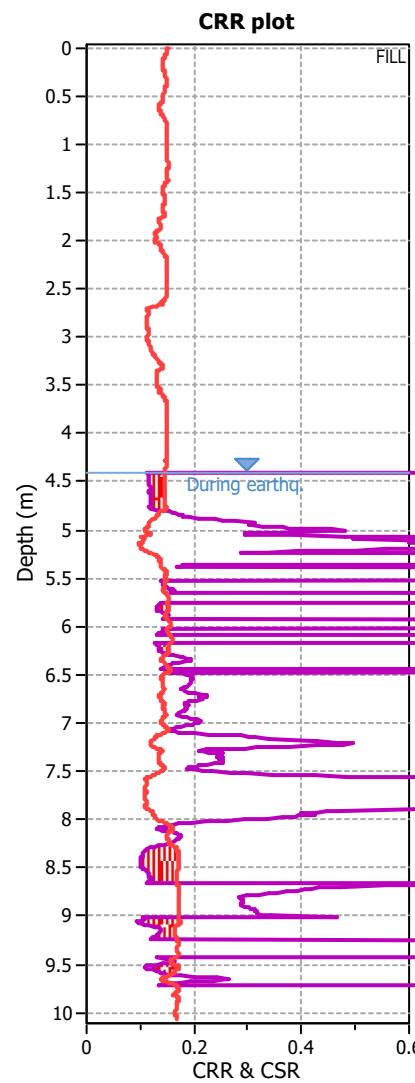
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots

**Input parameters and analysis data**

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 6.40 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.40 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

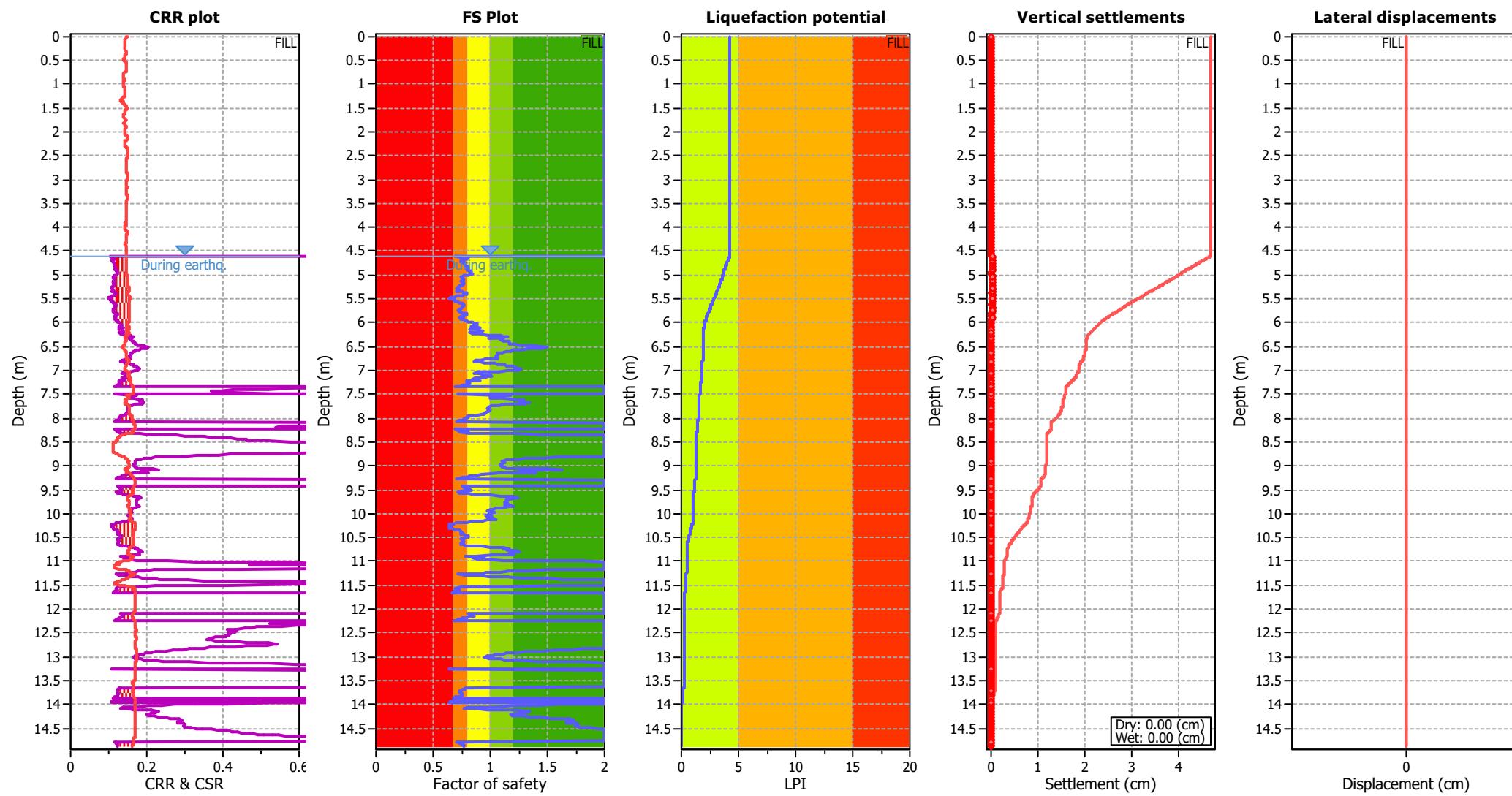
**F.S. color scheme**

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

**LPI color scheme**

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 4.60 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 6.60 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

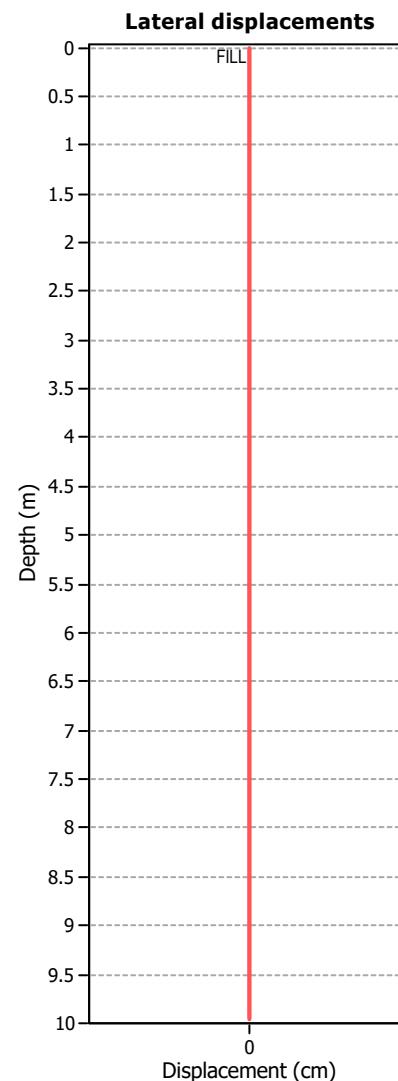
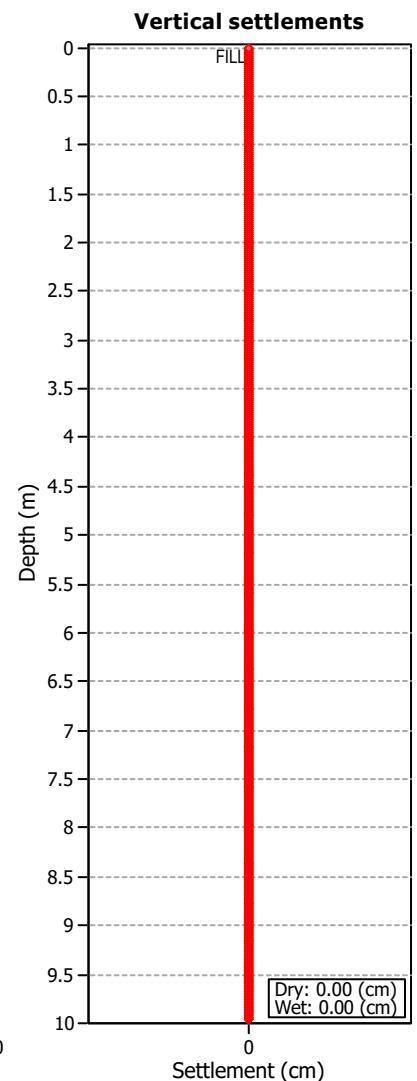
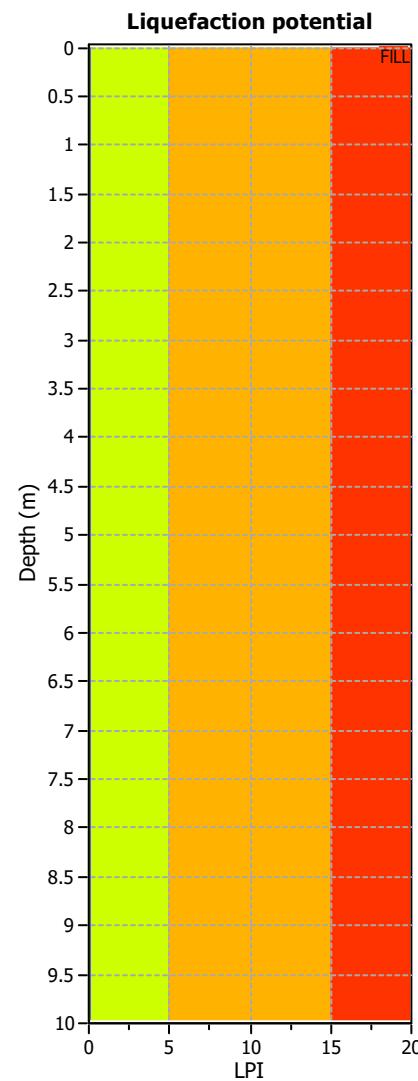
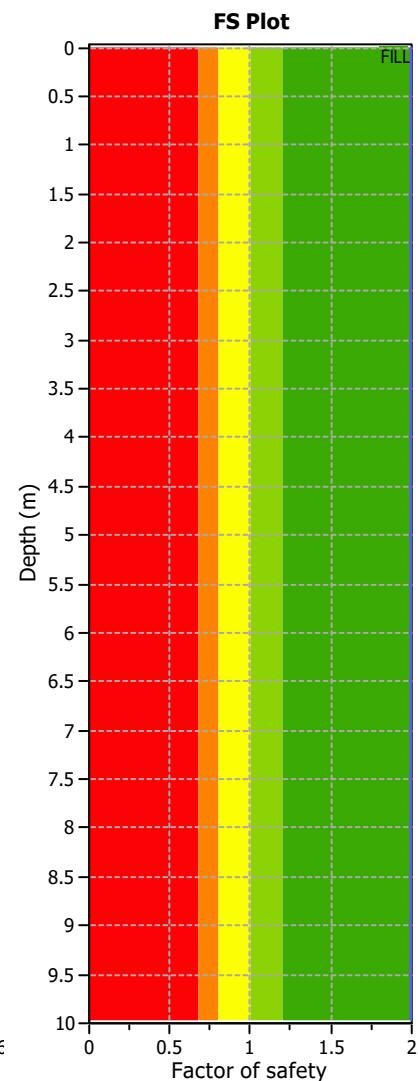
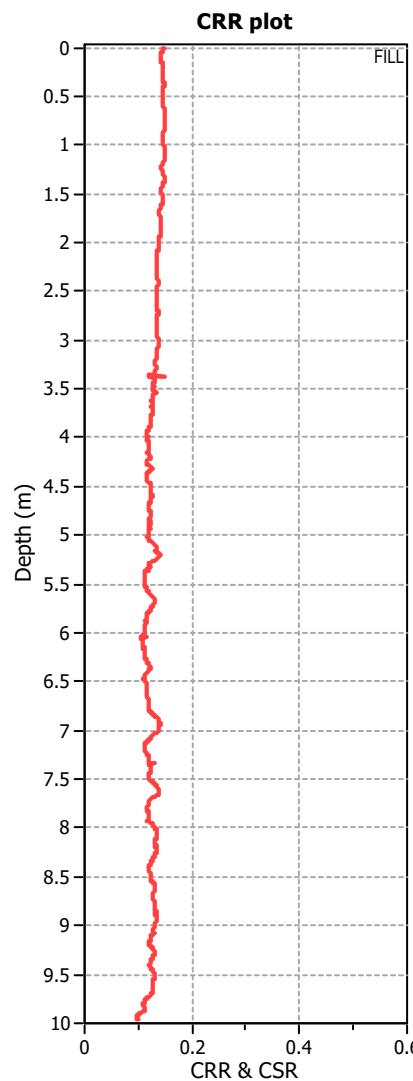
## F.S. color scheme

- █ Almost certain it will liquefy
- █ Very likely to liquefy
- █ Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- █ Unlike to liquefy
- █ Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- █ Very high risk
- █ High risk
- █ Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 13.50 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 13.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

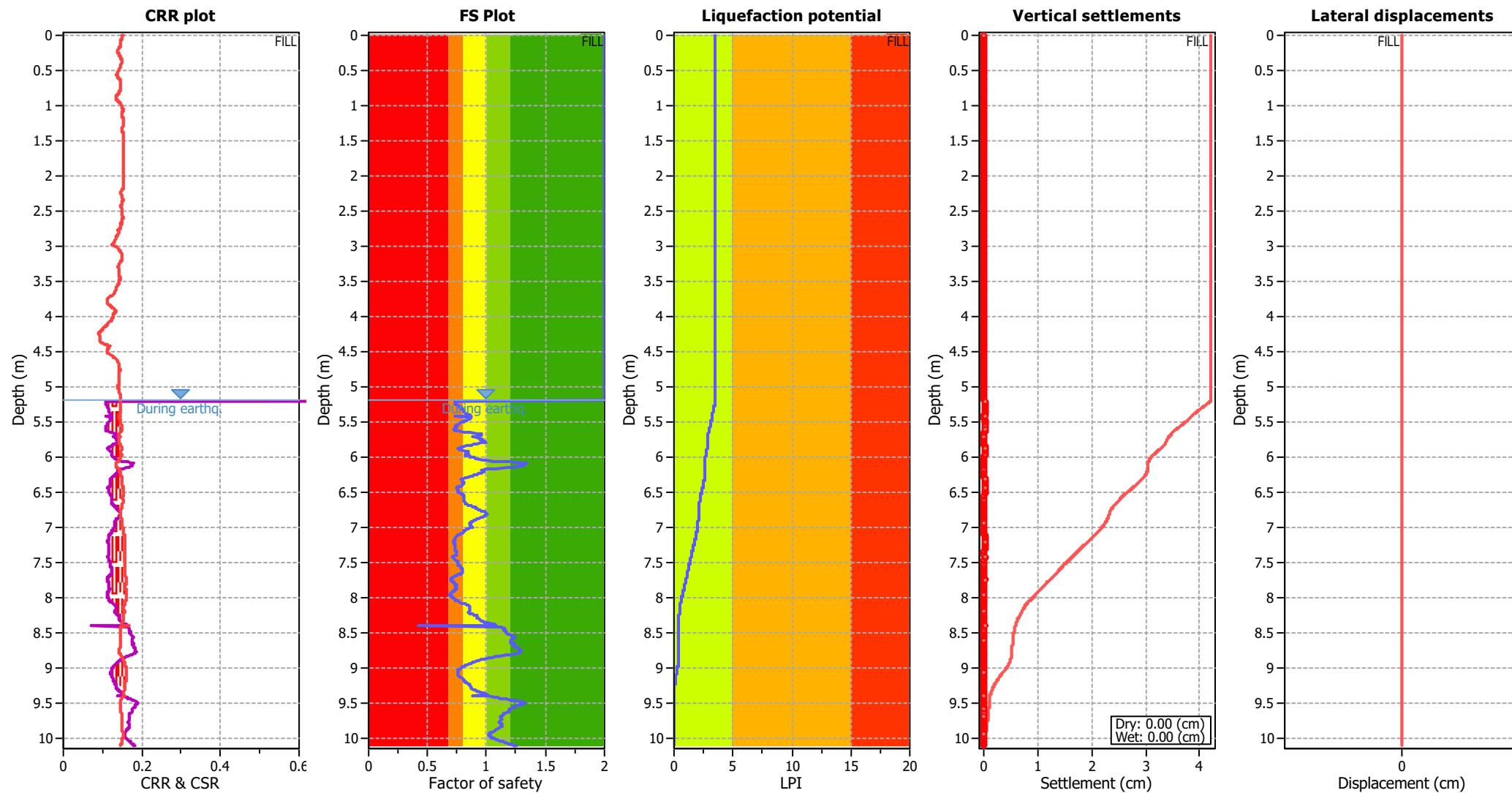
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.28  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 5.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 7.20 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

## F.S. color scheme

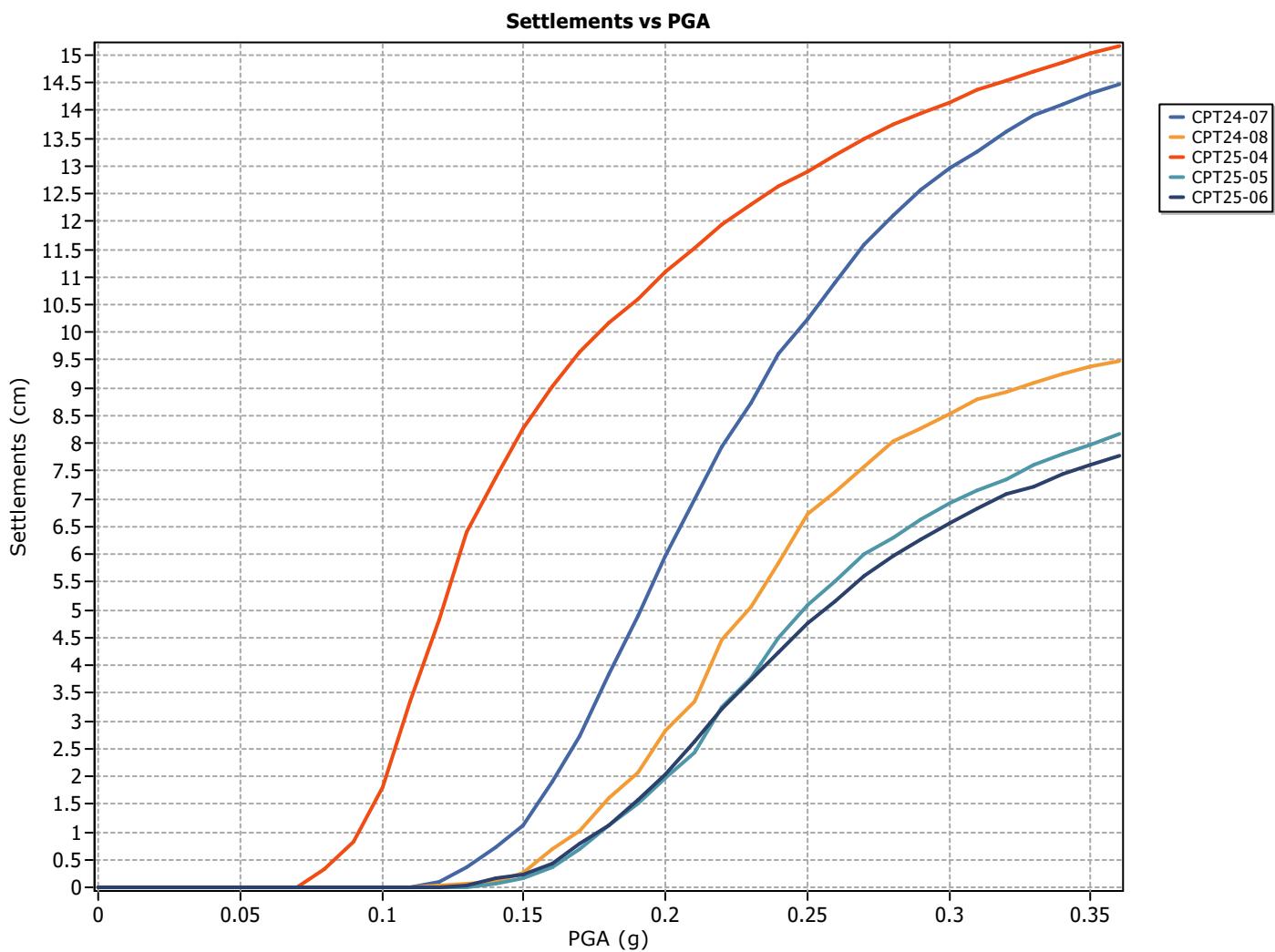
- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

# IL3 INDEX LIQUFACTION RESULTS

### PGA Based Parametric Analysis



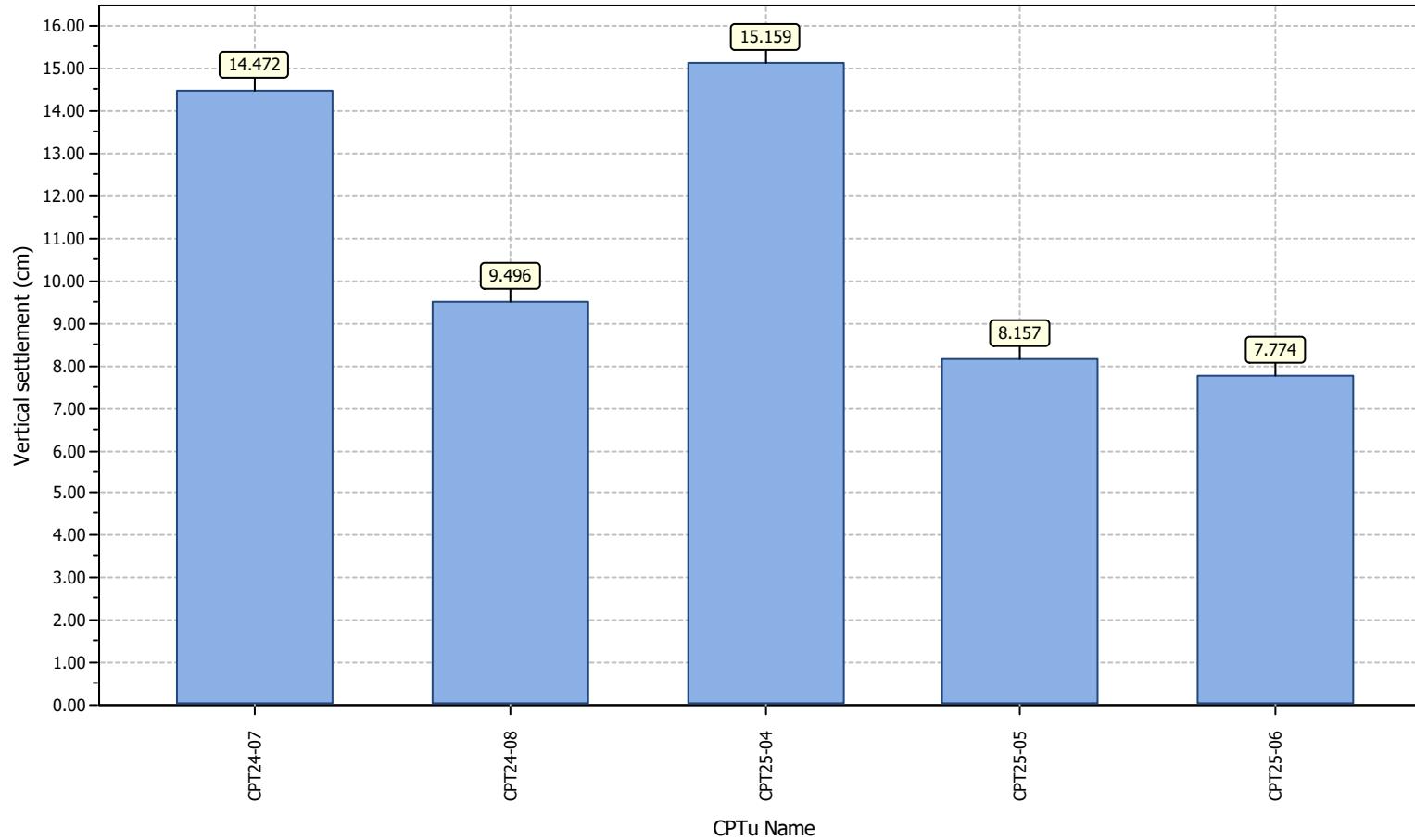
**:: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::**

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70

**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

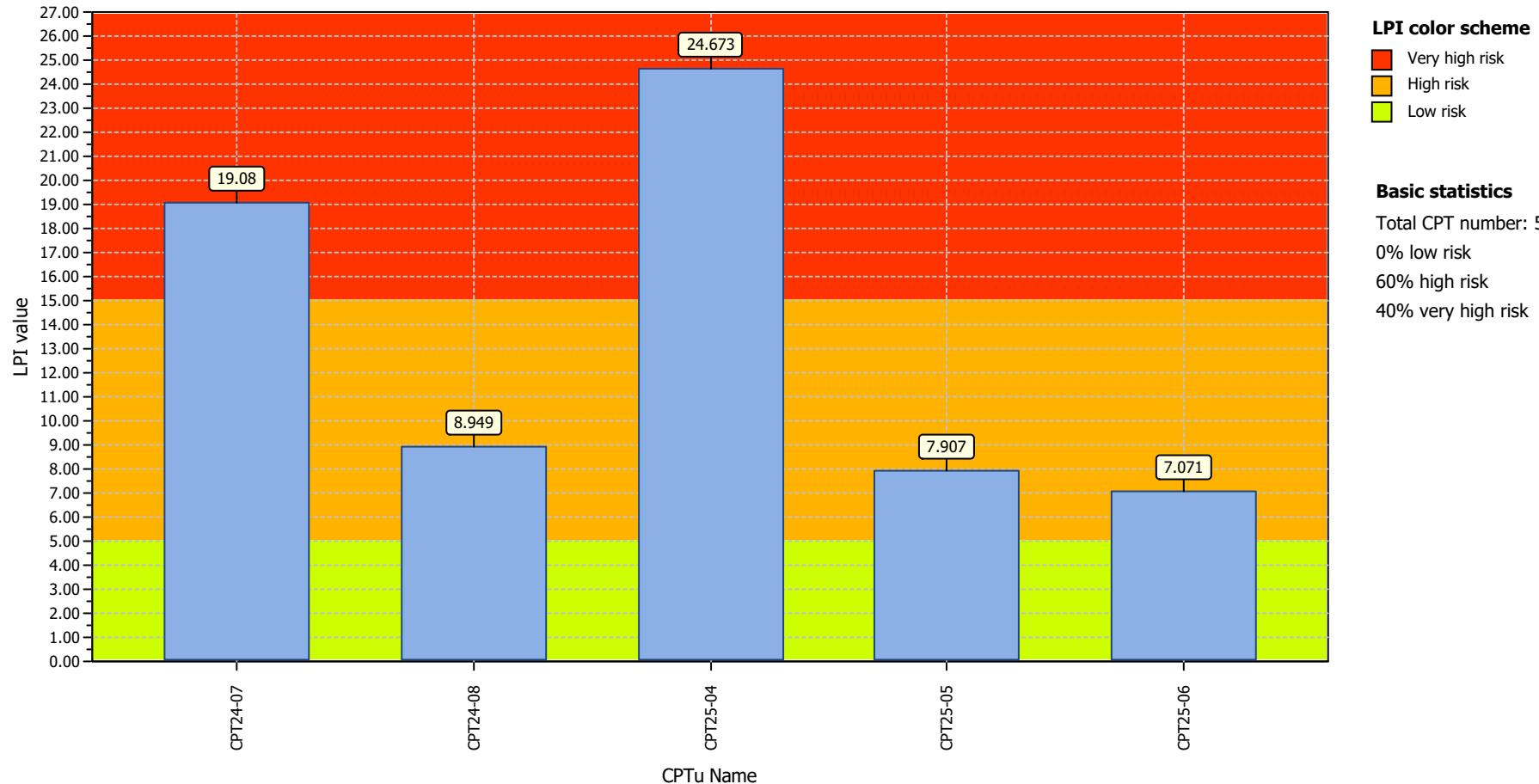
### Overall vertical settlements report



**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

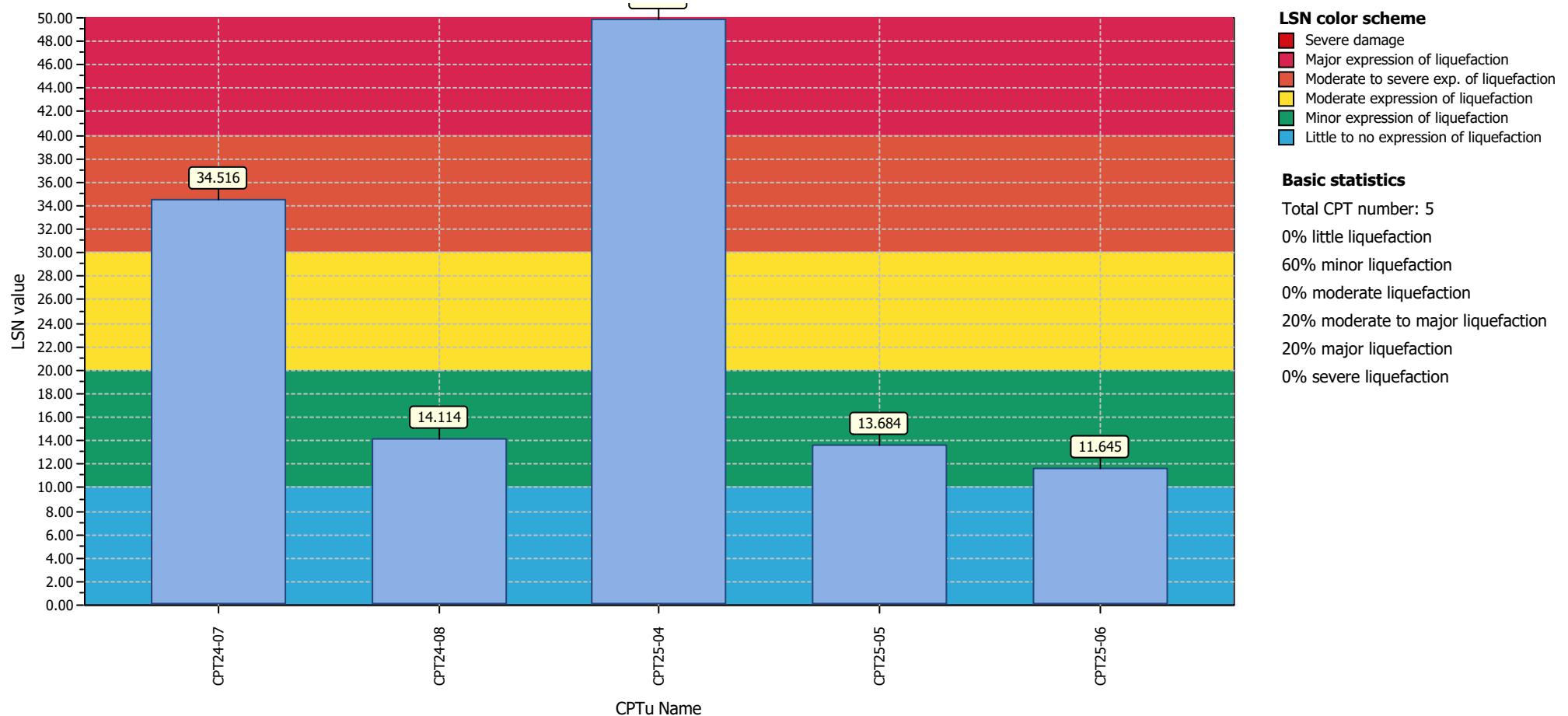
### Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



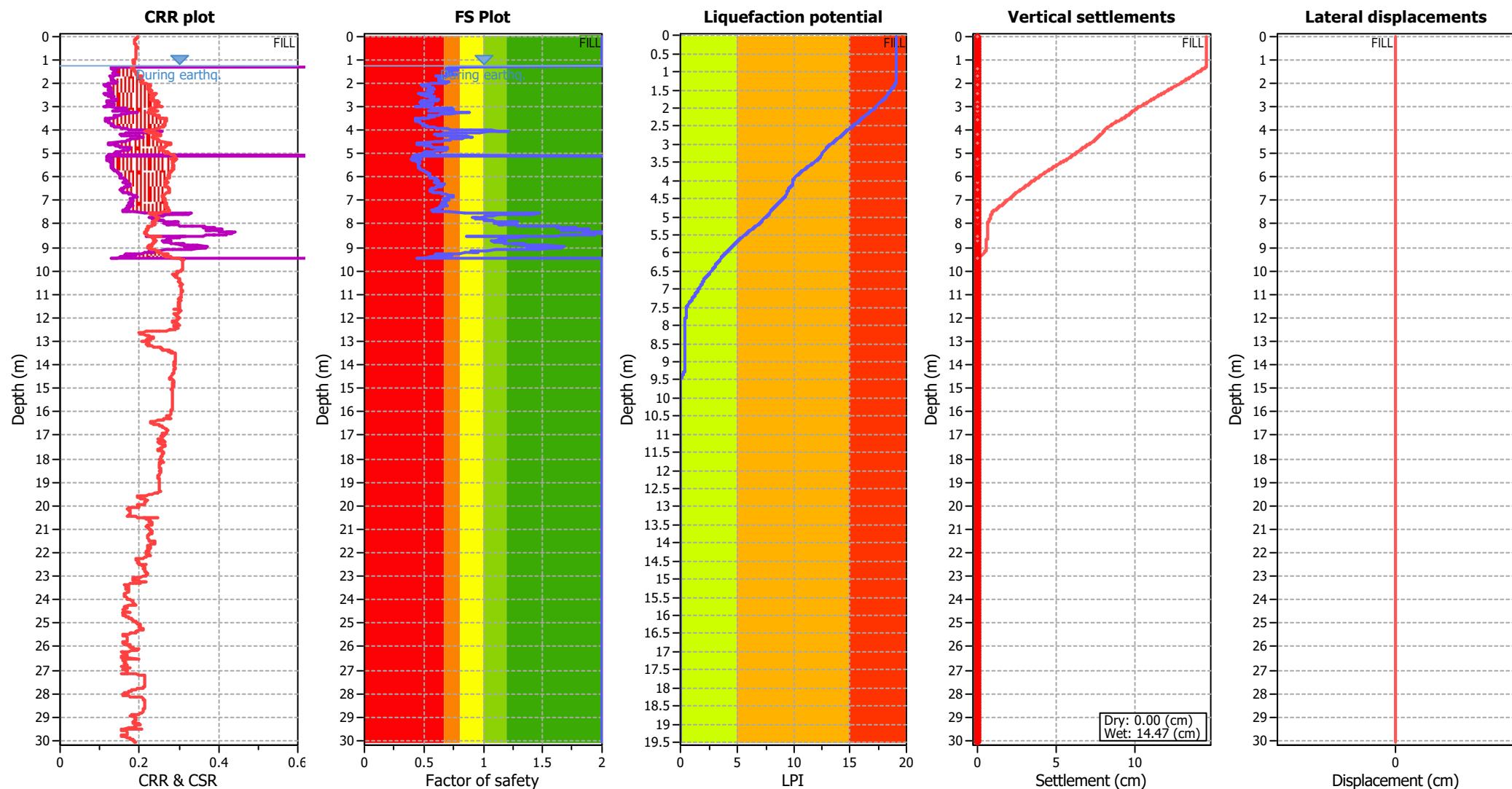
**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

### Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.30 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 1.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 0.50 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

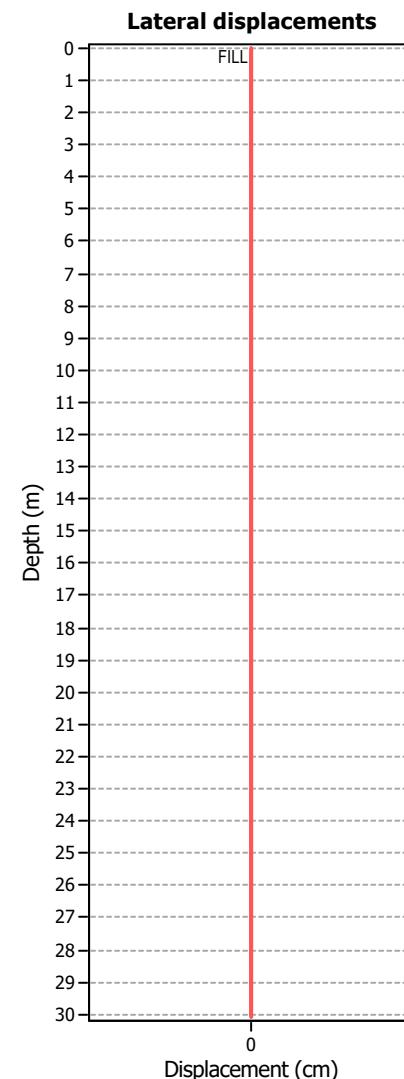
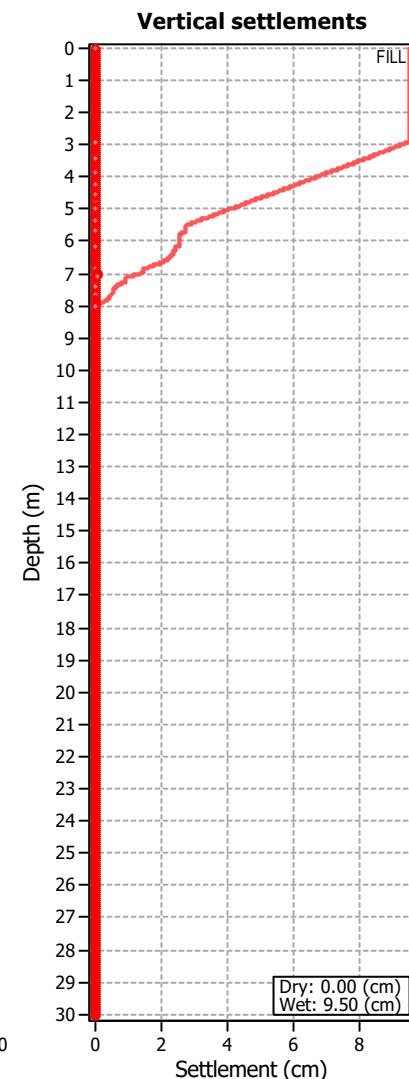
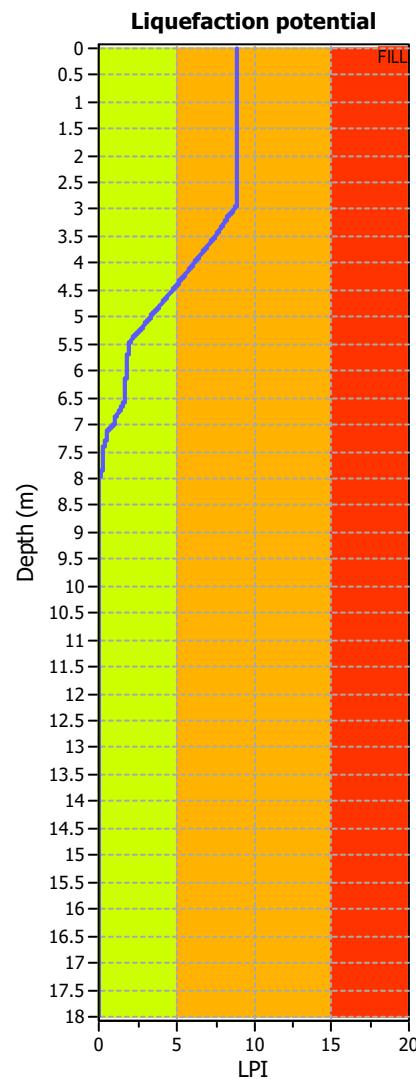
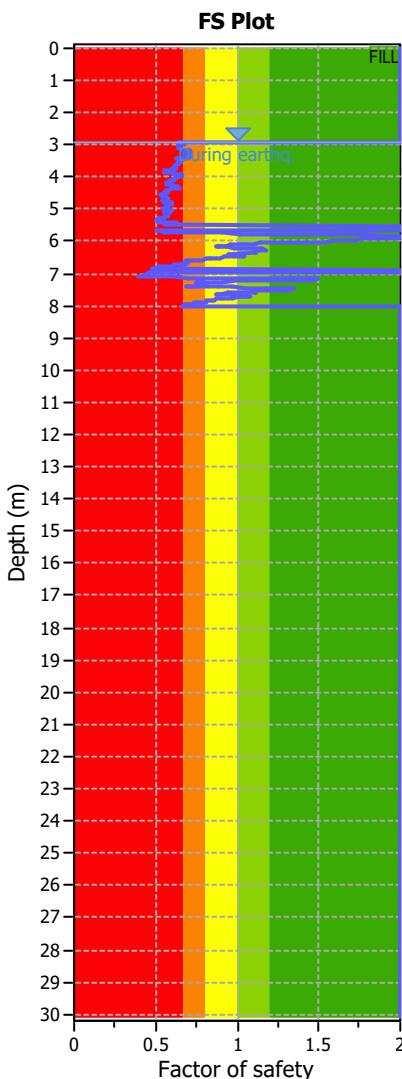
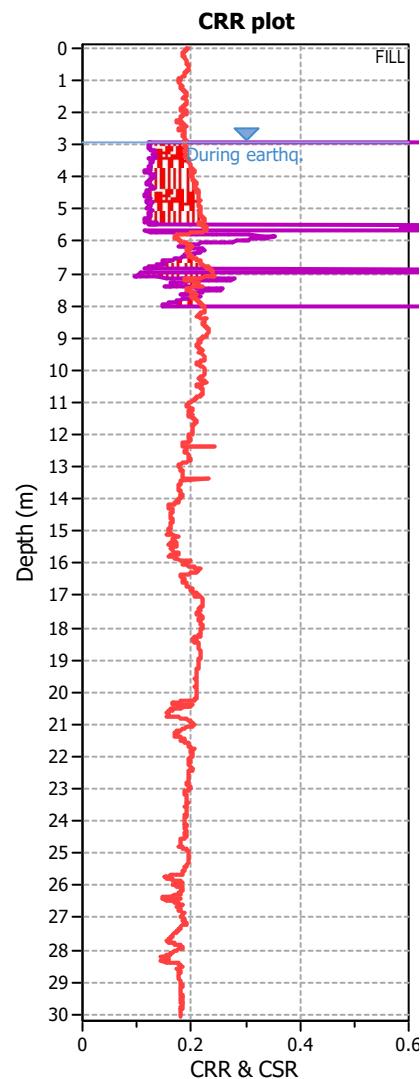
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Light Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.90 m

Depth to GWT (earthq.): 4.90 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

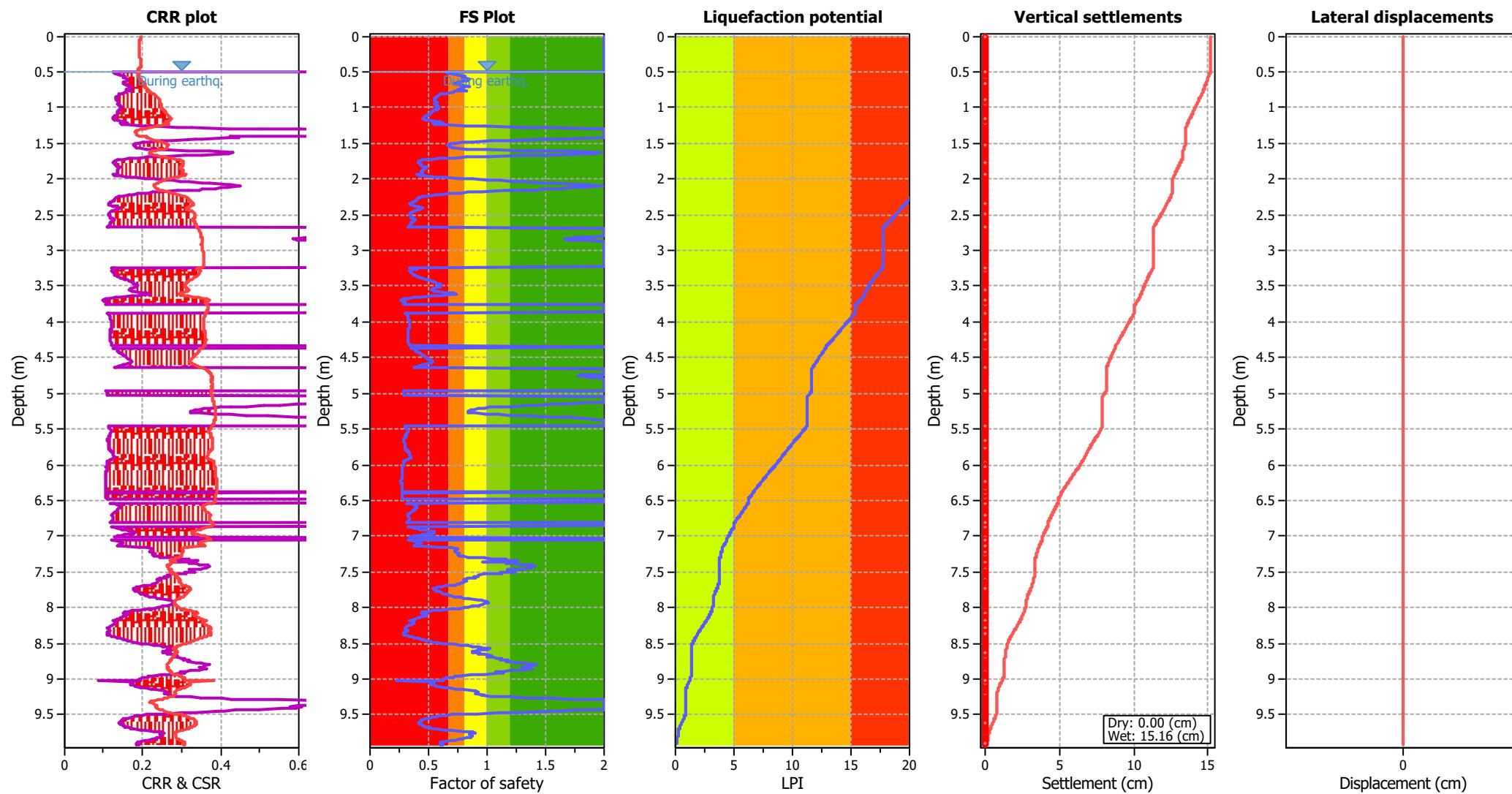
## F.S. color scheme

Red: Almost certain it will liquefy  
 Orange: Very likely to liquefy  
 Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely  
 Green: Unlike to liquefy  
 Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

Red: Very high risk  
 Orange: High risk  
 Yellow: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 0.50 m

Depth to GWT (earthq.): 0.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: Yes  
 Limit depth: 10.00 m

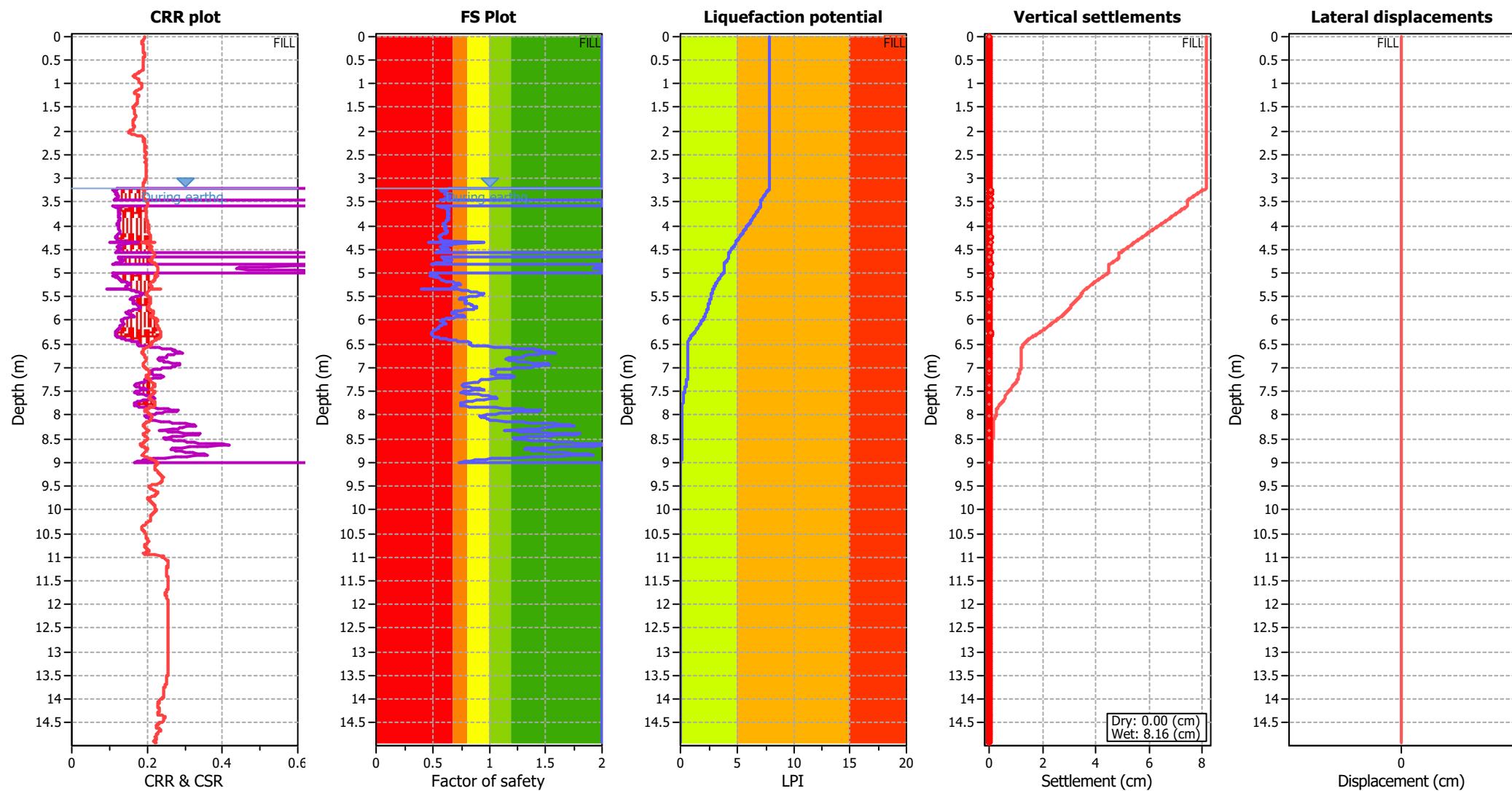
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (insitu): 3.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.20 m  
Average results interval: 3  
Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
Use fill: Yes  
Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Transition detect. applied:	No
$K_o$ applied:	Yes
Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Limit depth applied:	Yes
Limit depth:	10.00 m

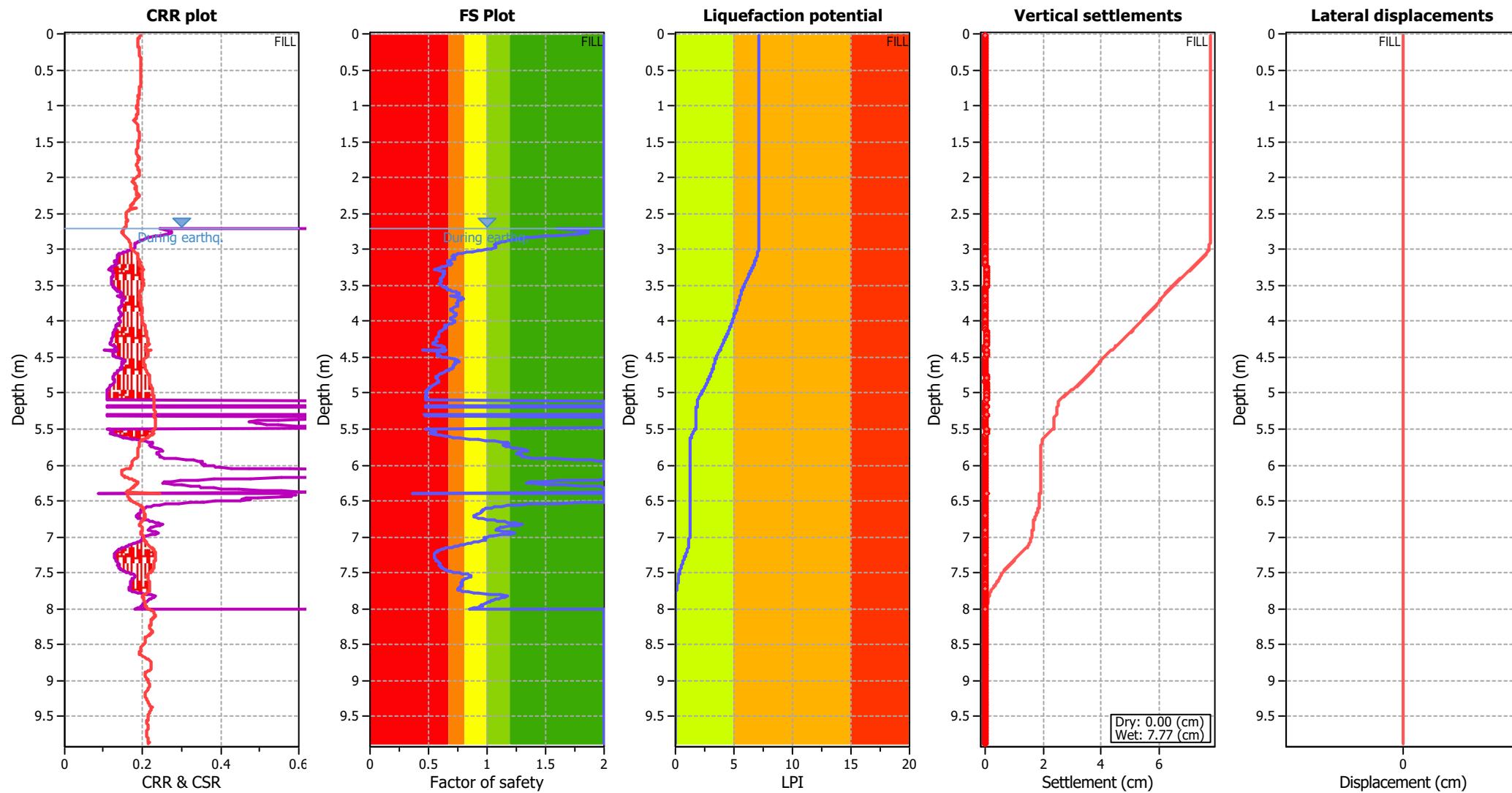
## **F.S. color scheme**

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlikely to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (insitu): 2.70 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.70 m  
Average results interval: 3  
Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
Use fill: Yes  
Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Transition detect. applied:	No
$K_a$ applied:	Yes
Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Limit depth applied:	Yes
Limit depth:	10.00 m

## **F.S. color scheme**

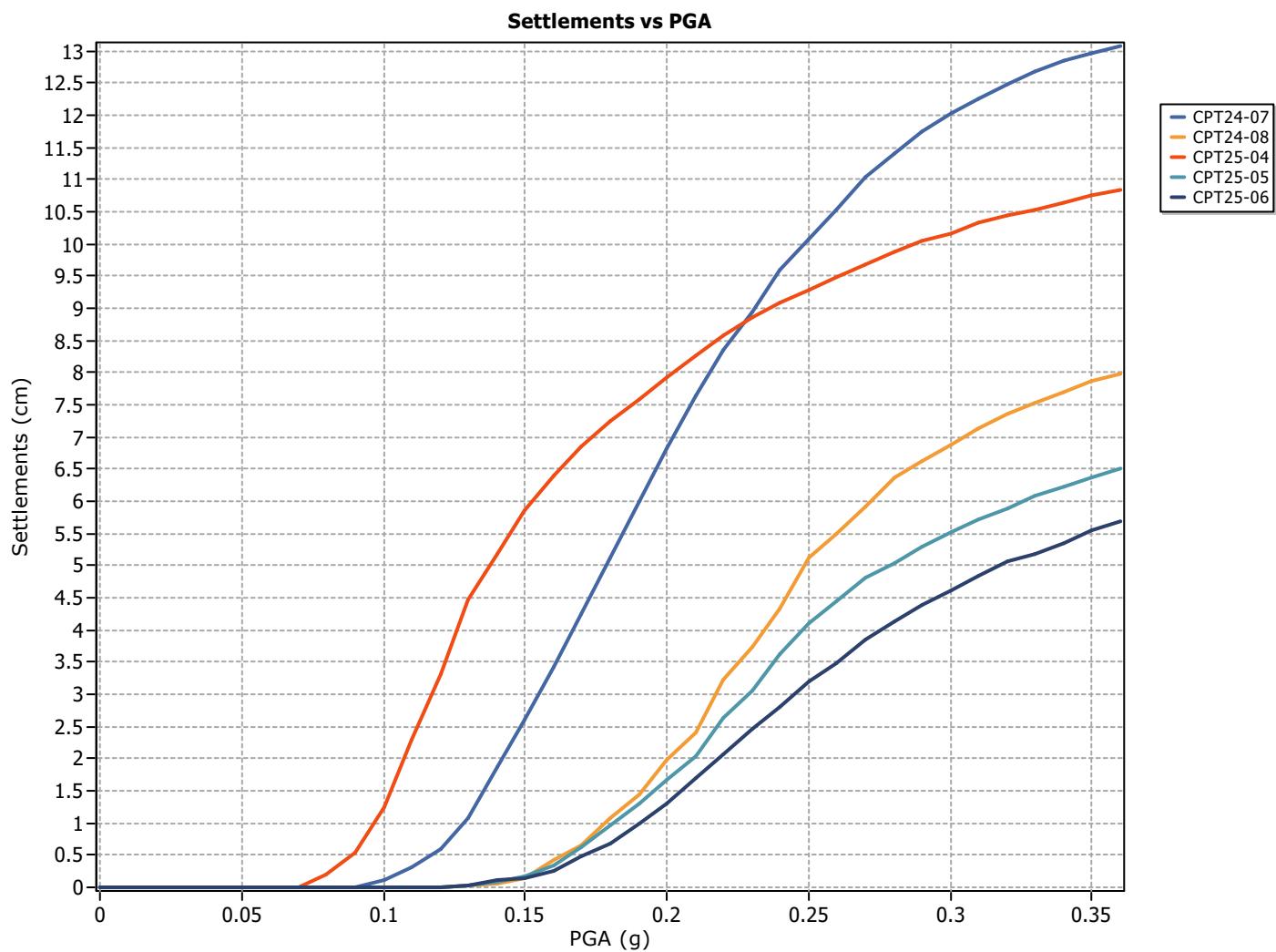
- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

# IL3 FULL DEPTH LIQUFACTION RESULTS

### PGA Based Parametric Analysis



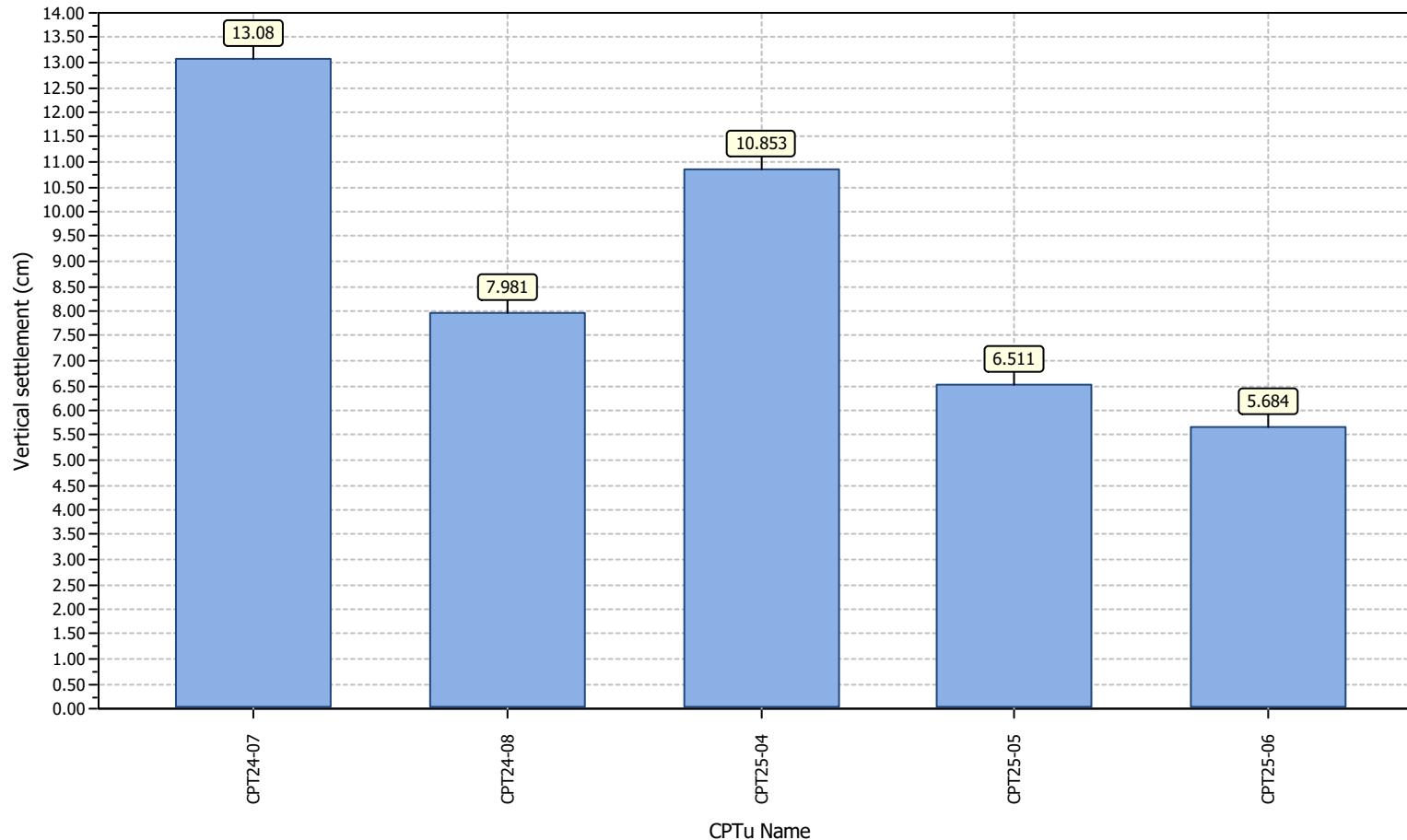
#### :: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70

**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

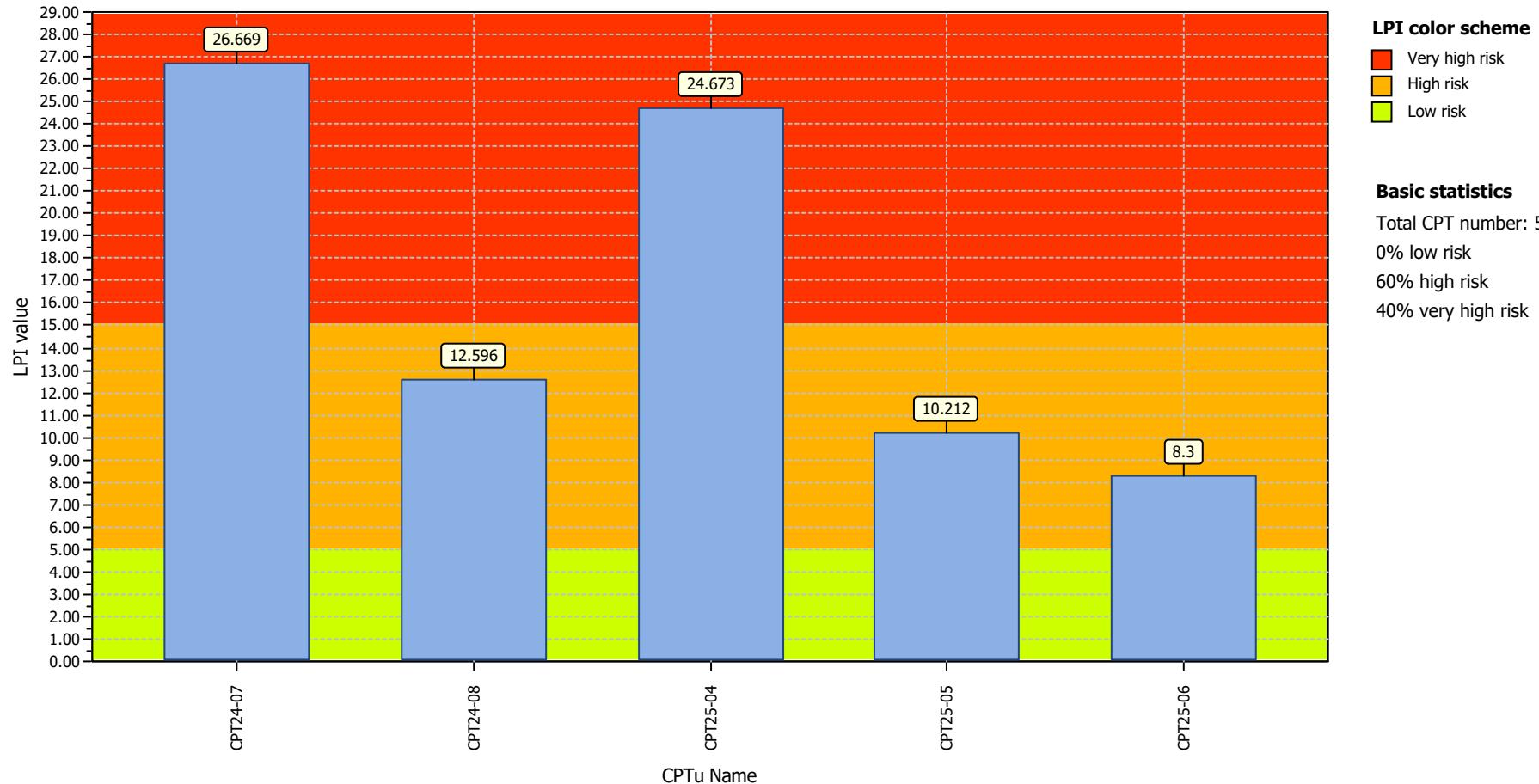
### Overall vertical settlements report



**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

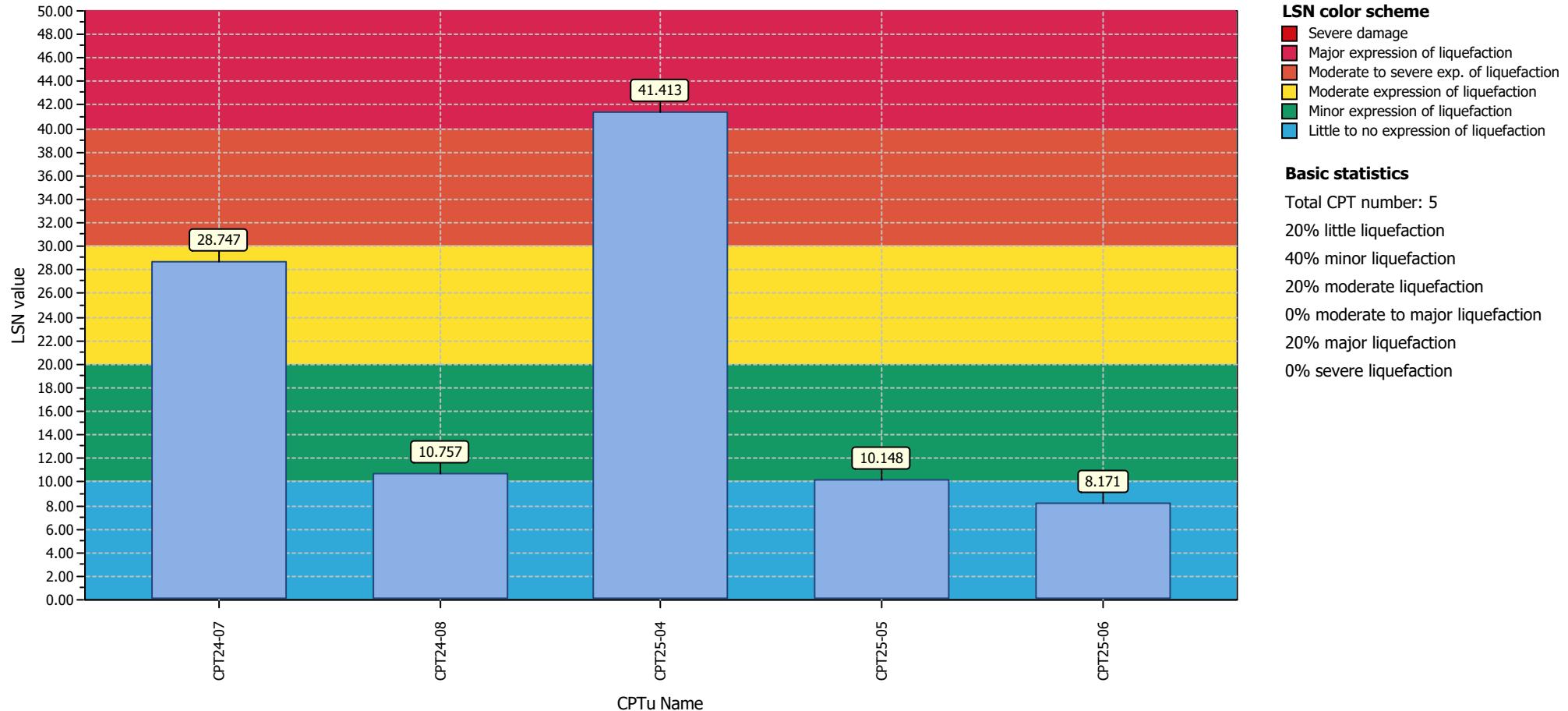
### Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



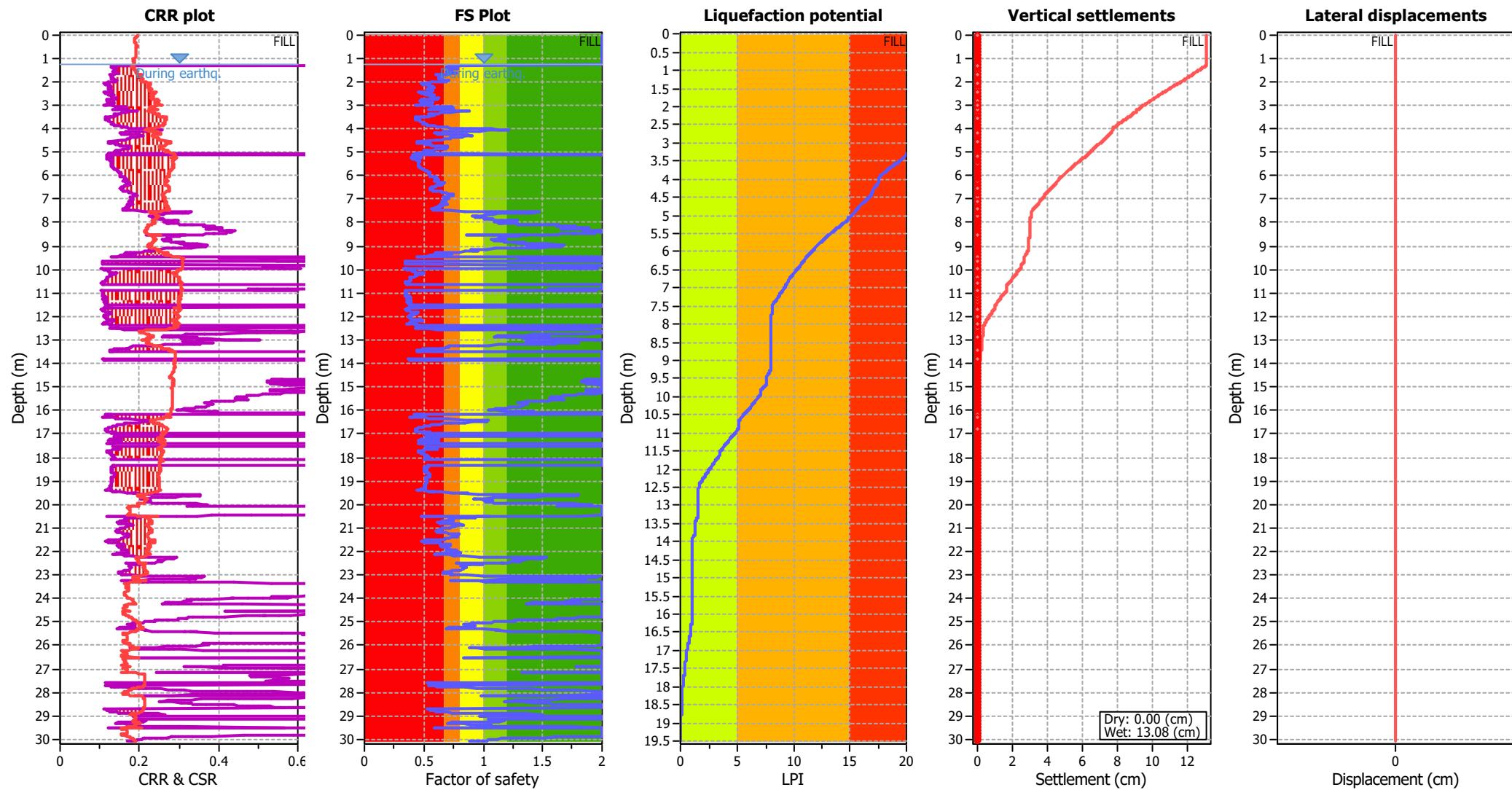
**Project title : HAM2023-0124**

**Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata**

### Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 1.30 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 1.80 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 0.50 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_0$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

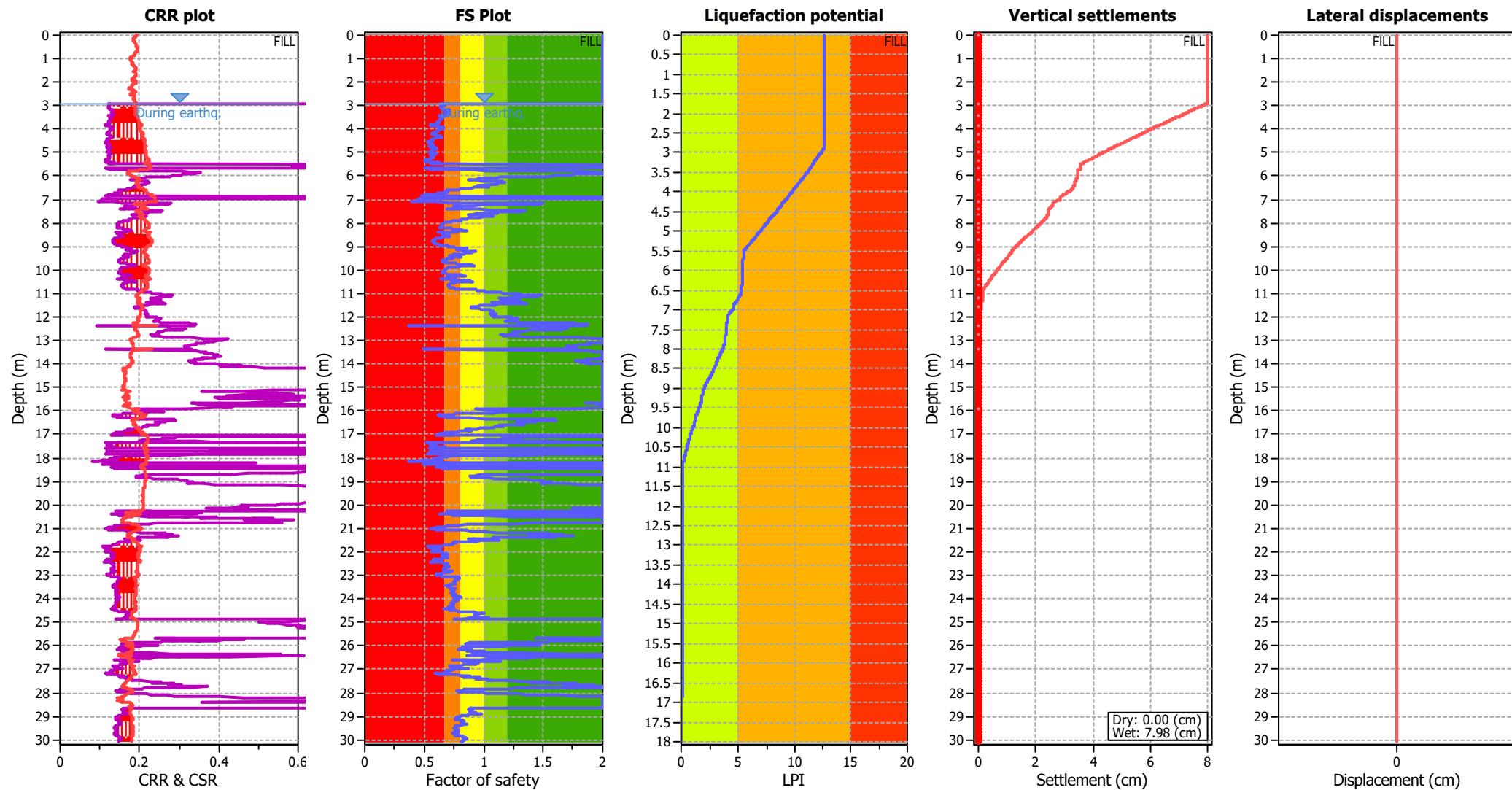
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Light Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.90 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.90 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

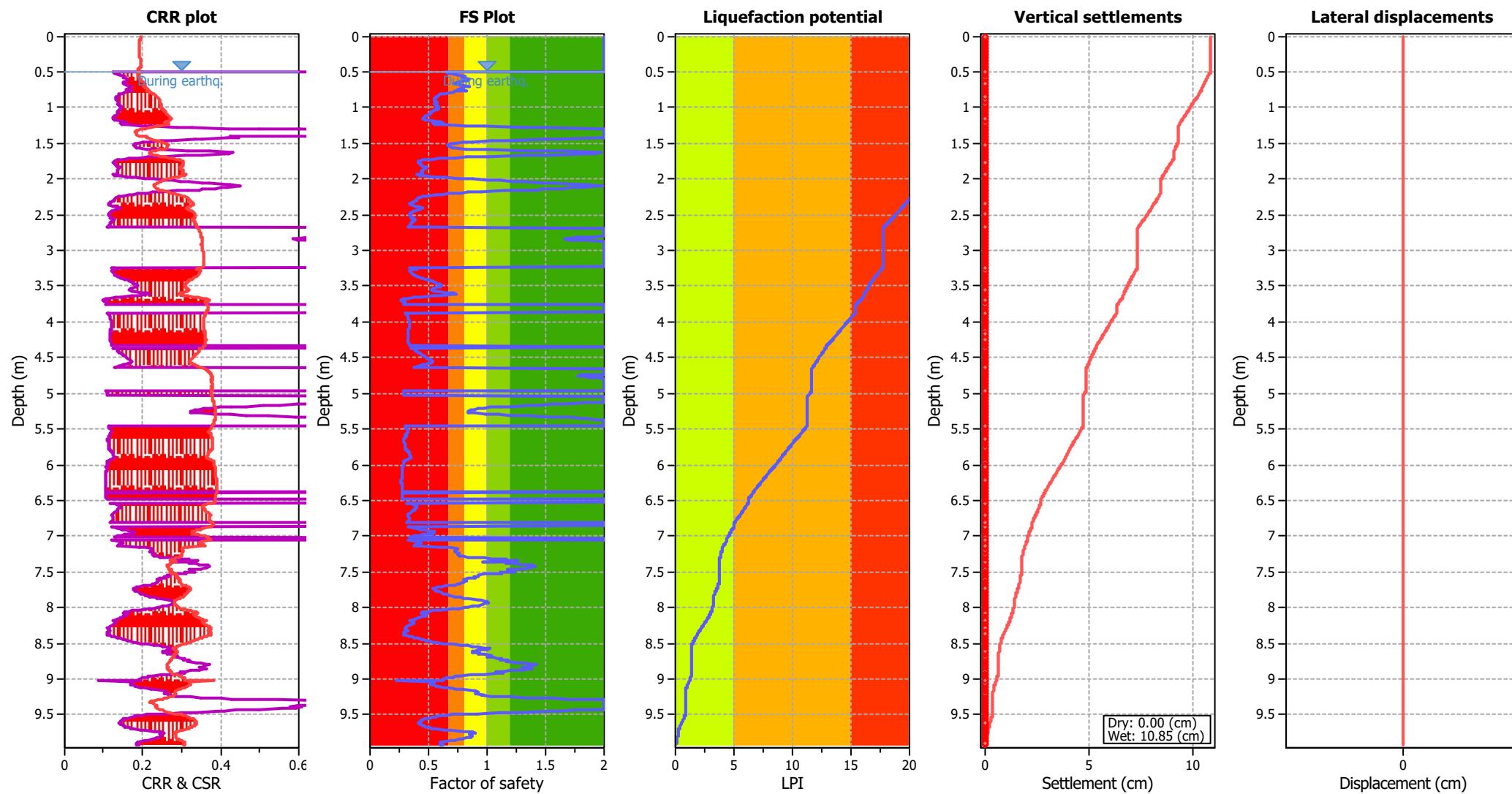
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Light Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in-situ): 0.50 m

Depth to GWT (earthq.): 0.50 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: No  
 Fill height: N/A

Fill weight: N/A  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

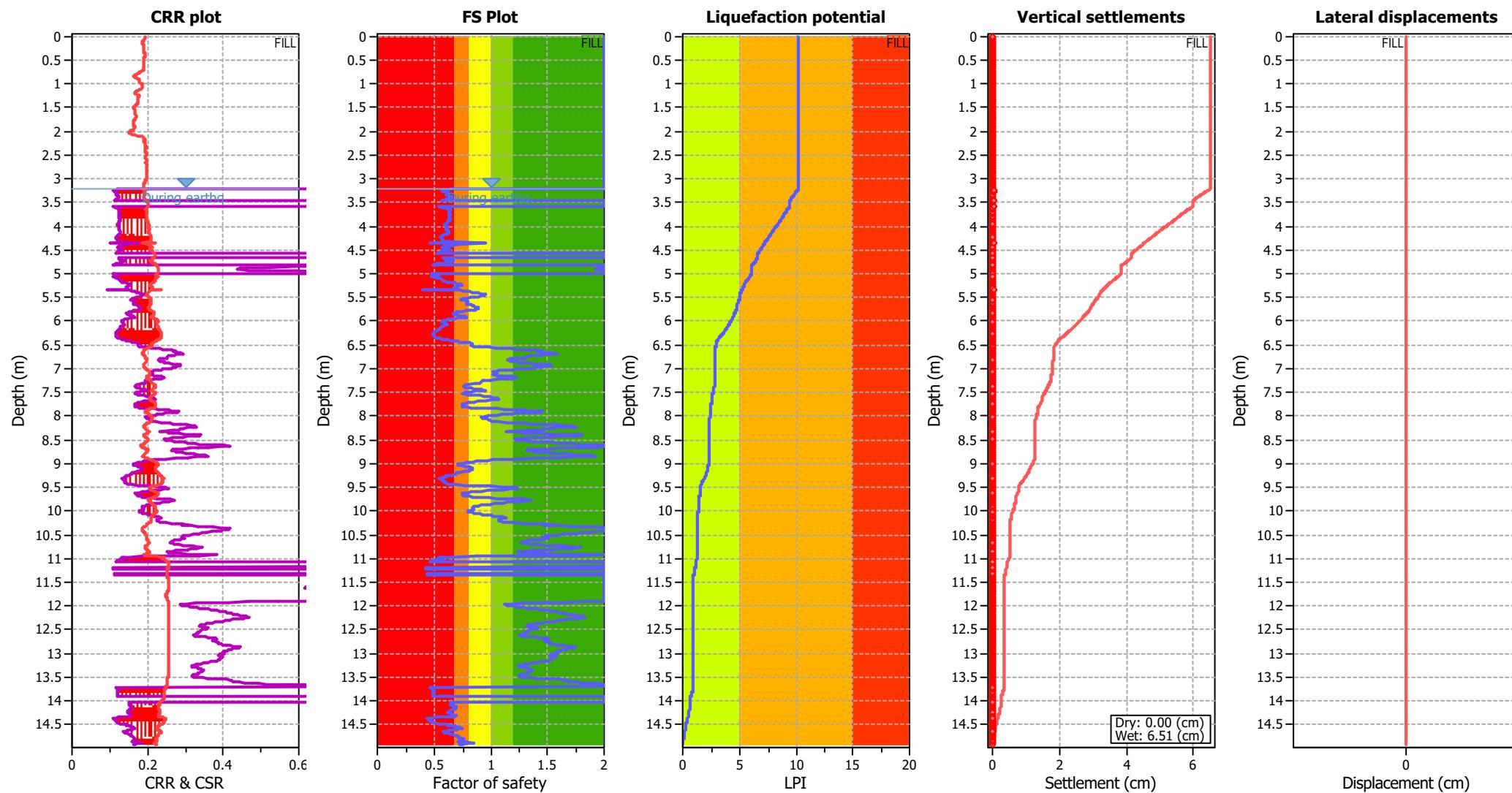
## F.S. color scheme

- Red: Almost certain it will liquefy
- Orange: Very likely to liquefy
- Yellow: Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Green: Unlike to liquefy
- Light Green: Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Red: Very high risk
- Orange: High risk
- Light Green: Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 3.20 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.20 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 1.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

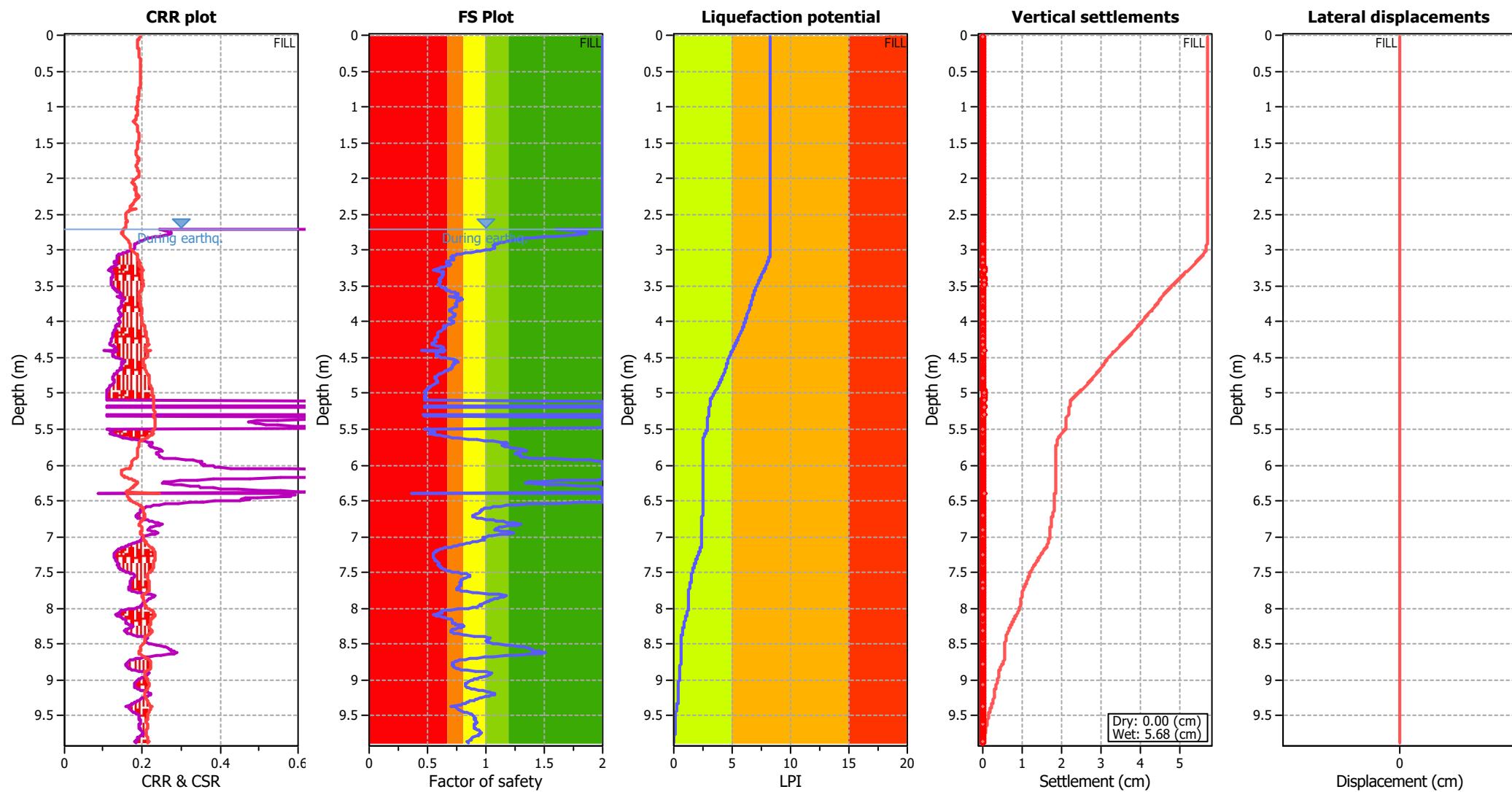
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

## Liquefaction analysis overall plots



## Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method: B&I (2014)  
 Fines correction method: B&I (2014)  
 Points to test: Based on Ic value  
 Earthquake magnitude  $M_w$ : 5.90  
 Peak ground acceleration: 0.36  
 Depth to water table (in situ): 2.70 m

Depth to GWT (erthq.): 4.70 m  
 Average results interval: 3  
 Ic cut-off value: 2.60  
 Unit weight calculation: Based on SBT  
 Use fill: Yes  
 Fill height: 2.00 m

Fill weight: 17.00 kN/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Transition detect. applied: No  
 $K_o$  applied: Yes  
 Clay like behavior applied: Sand & Clay  
 Limit depth applied: No  
 Limit depth: N/A

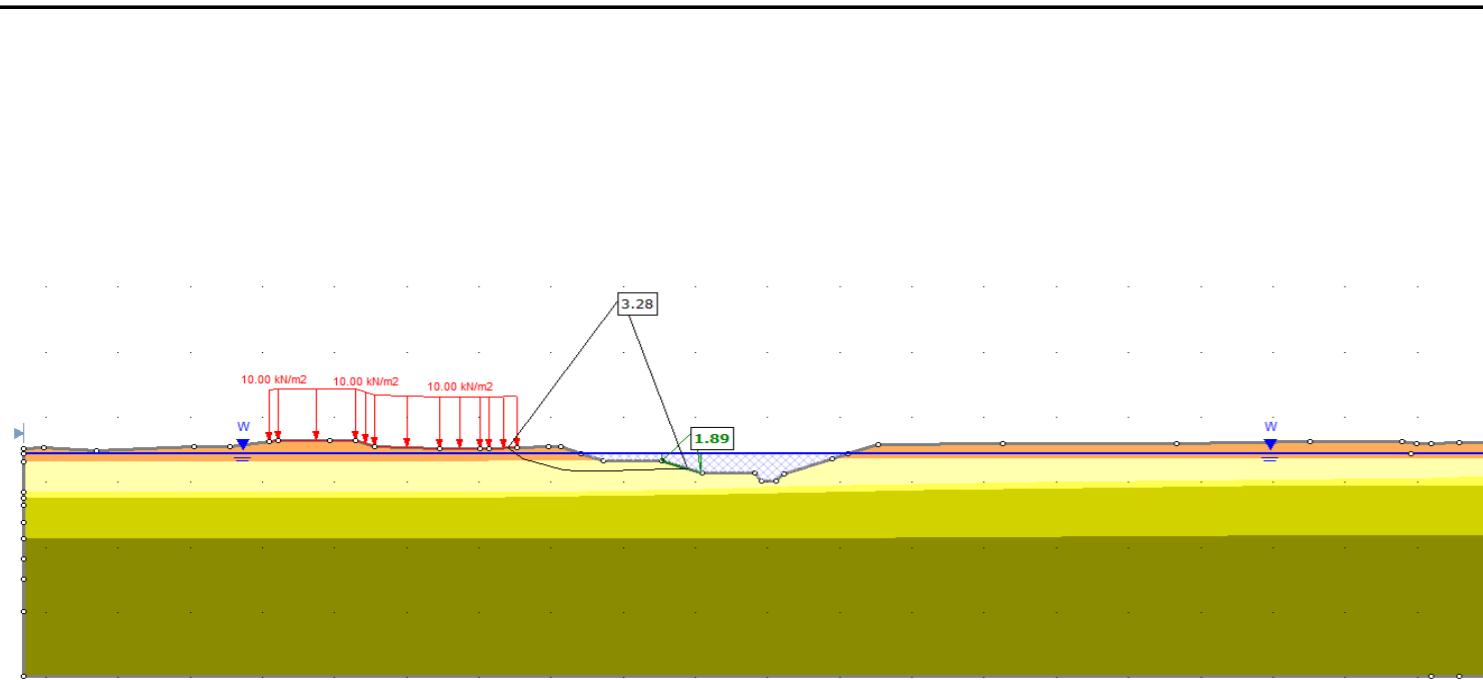
## F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

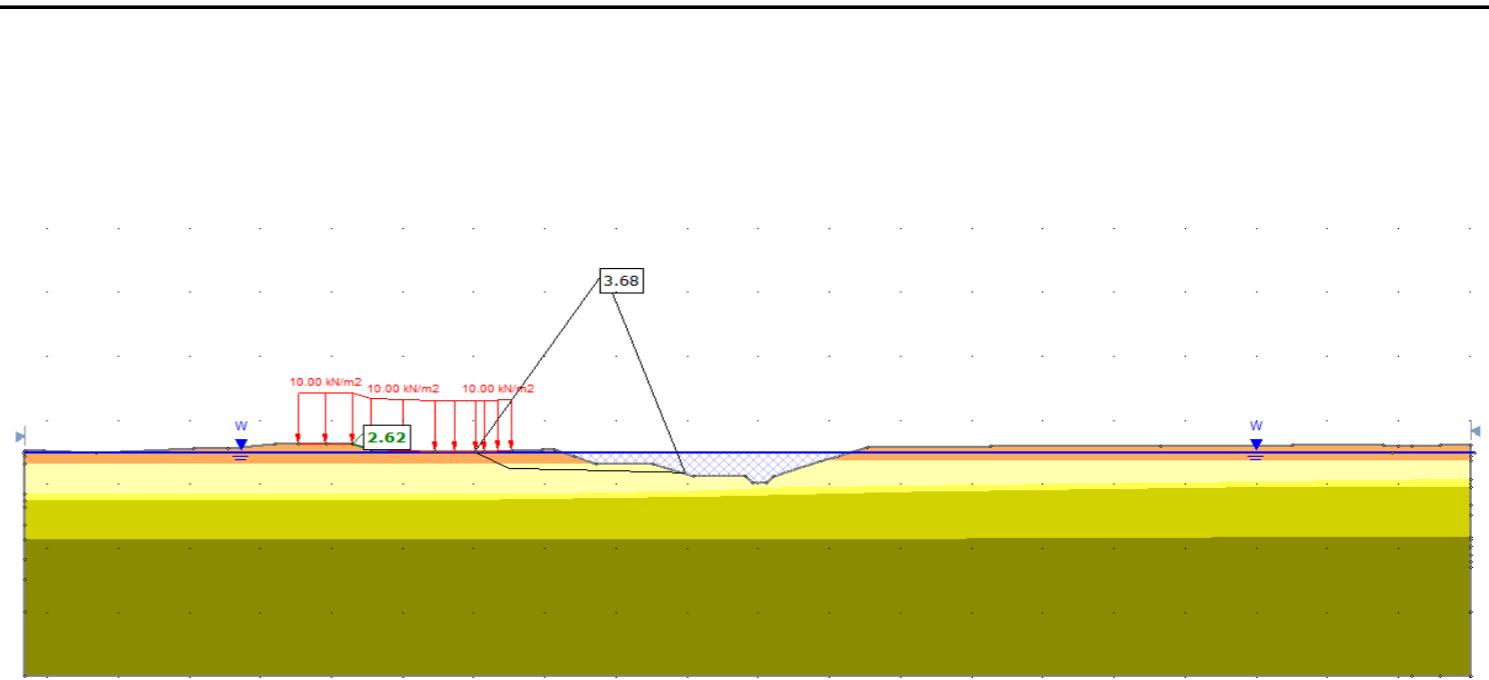
## LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

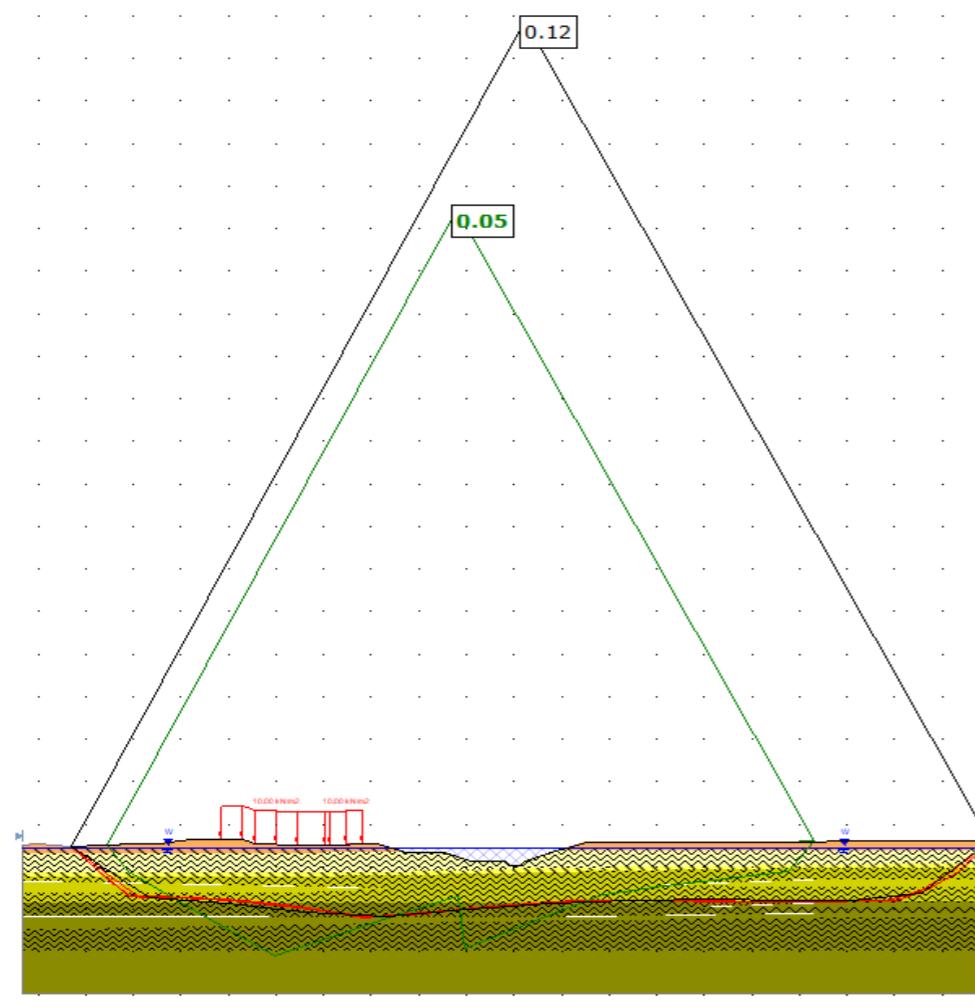
# APPENDIX K: SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS RESULTS



Proposed Profile - Normal Groundwater Conditions



Proposed Profile - Worst Credible Groundwater Conditions



Yield Seismic Event (Displaying PGA with FoS >1)

Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (kN/m³)	Strength Type	Cohesion (kPa)	Phi (°)	Cohesion Type	Vertical Stress Ratio	Minimum Shear Strength (kPa)	Water Surface	Hu Type
St SILT/CLAT (Recent Deposits)	Orange	16	Mohr-Coulomb	2	30				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(UD) St SILT/CLAT (Recent Deposits)	Orange	16	Undrained	80	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(SOFTENED) St SILT/CLAT (Recent Deposits)	Orange	16	Undrained	64	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
MD SAND (Hinuera Formation)	Yellow	17	Mohr-Coulomb	0	32				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(LIQUEFIED) MD SAND (Hinuera Formation)	Yellow	17	Vertical Stress Ratio				0.15	5	Water Table	Automatically Calculated
St-VSt CLAY/SILT (Hinuera Formation)	Yellow	17	Mohr-Coulomb	4	28				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(UD) St-VSt CLAY/SILT (Hinuera Formation)	Yellow	17	Undrained	100	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(SOFTENED) St-VSt CLAY/SILT (Hinuera Formation)	Yellow	17	Undrained	80	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
Interbeded L-MD SAND/St SILT (Hinuera Formation)	Yellow	17	Mohr-Coulomb	1	30				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(LIQUEFIED) Interbeded L-MD SAND/St SILT (Hinuera Formation)	Yellow	17	Vertical Stress Ratio				0.08	5	Water Table	Automatically Calculated
MD-D SAND (Hinuera Formation)	Green	17	Mohr-Coulomb	0	35				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(LIQUEFIED) MD-D SAND (Hinuera Formation)	Green	17	Vertical Stress Ratio				0.15	5	Water Table	Automatically Calculated

#### Parameters

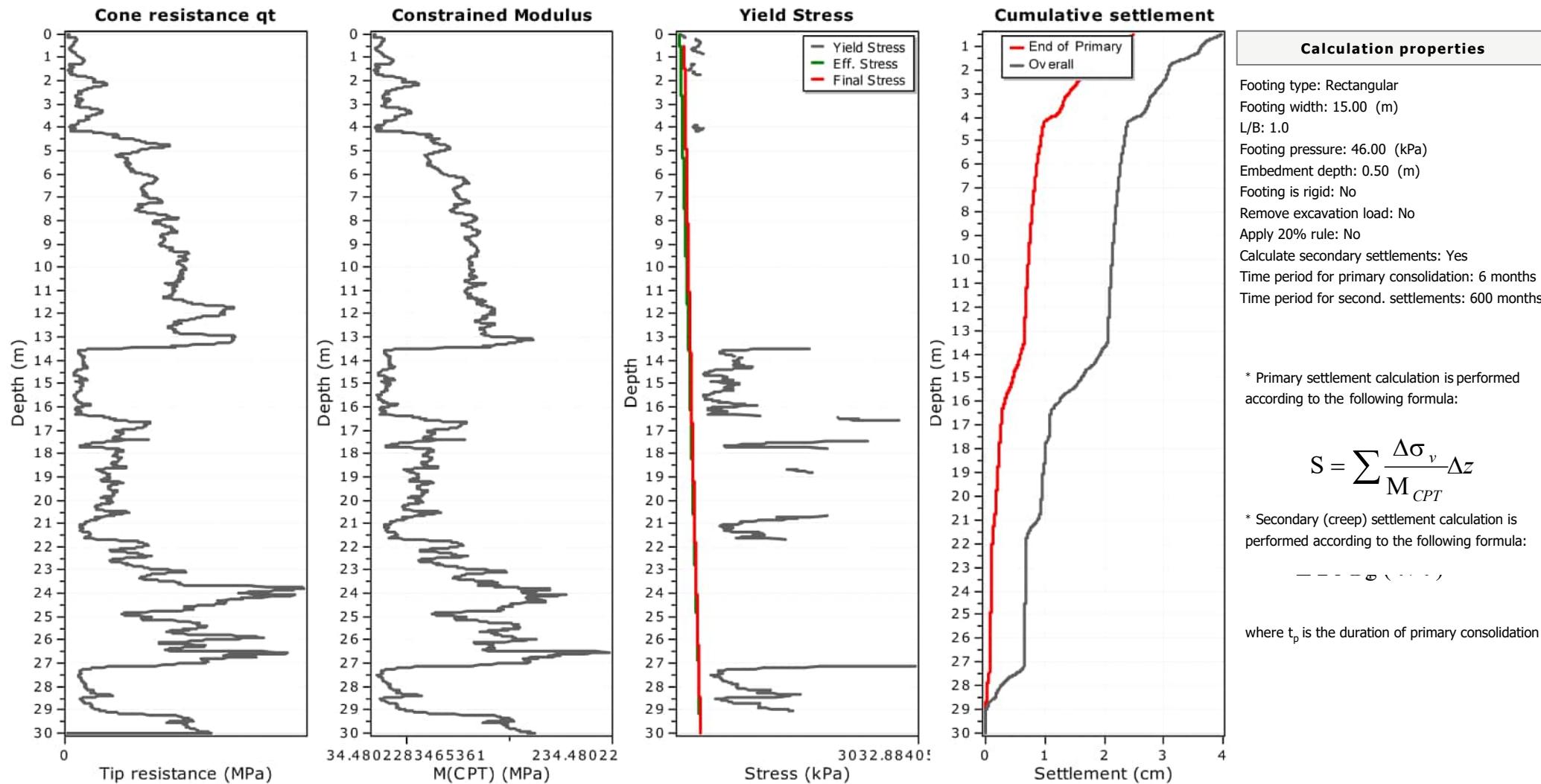
 CMW Geosciences Great People   Practical Solutions	Project	Ashbourne Development, Matamata	Analysis	Cuckoo	Project No.	HAM2023-0124
	Title	Section B - Proposed	Date	13/10/2025	Drawing	STAB 01

# APPENDIX L: SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS RESULTS

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

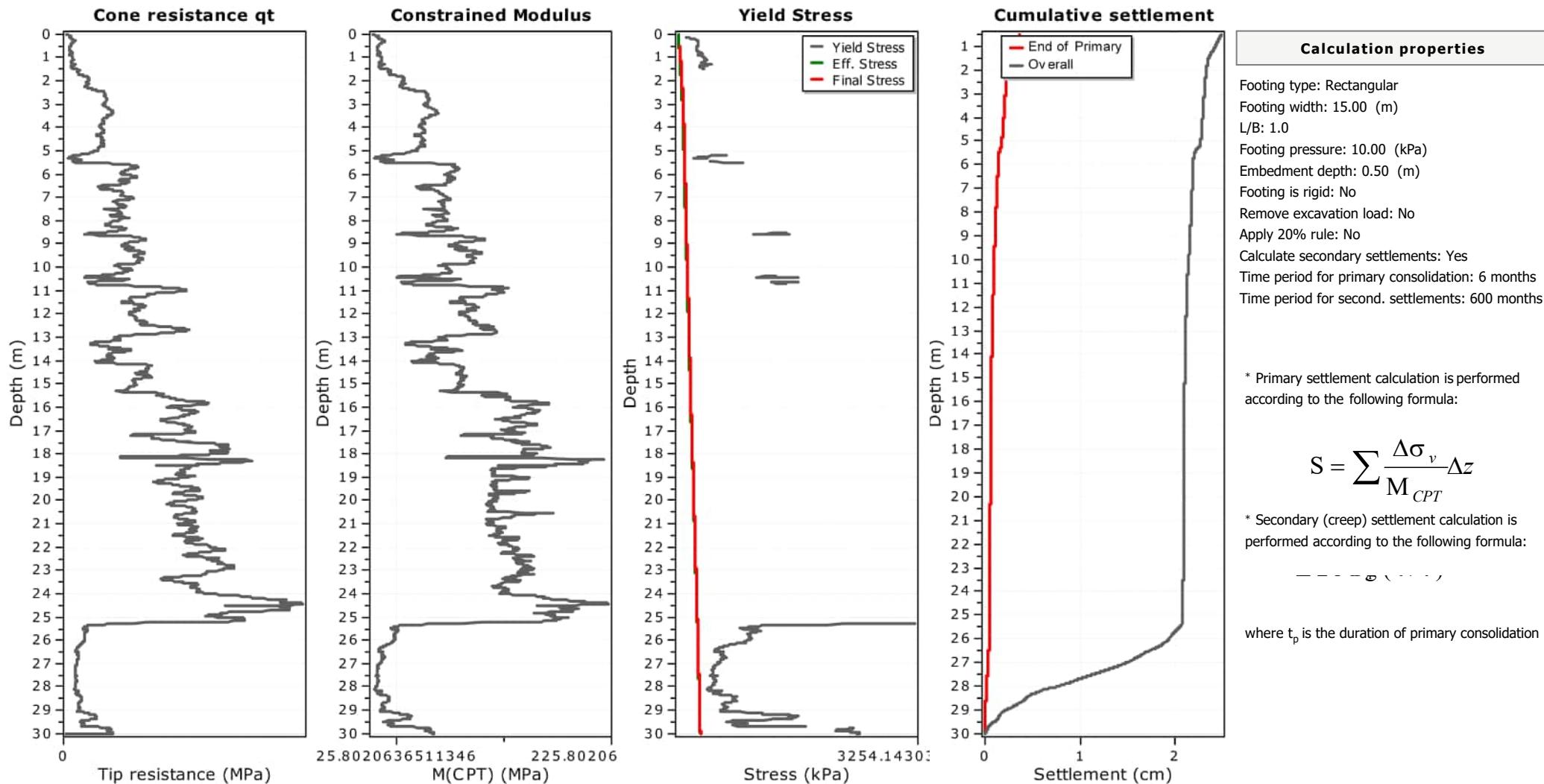
### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*

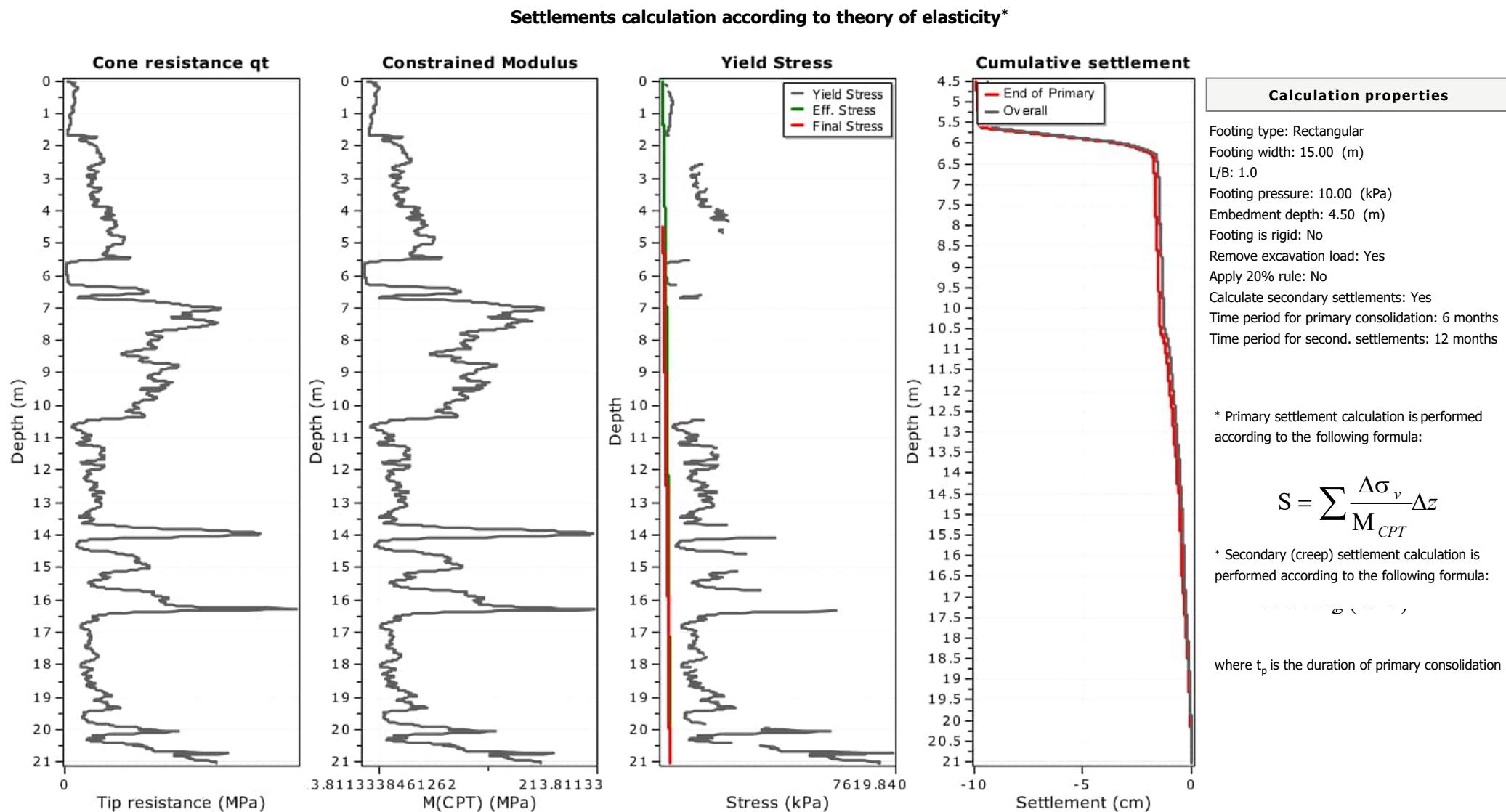


**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

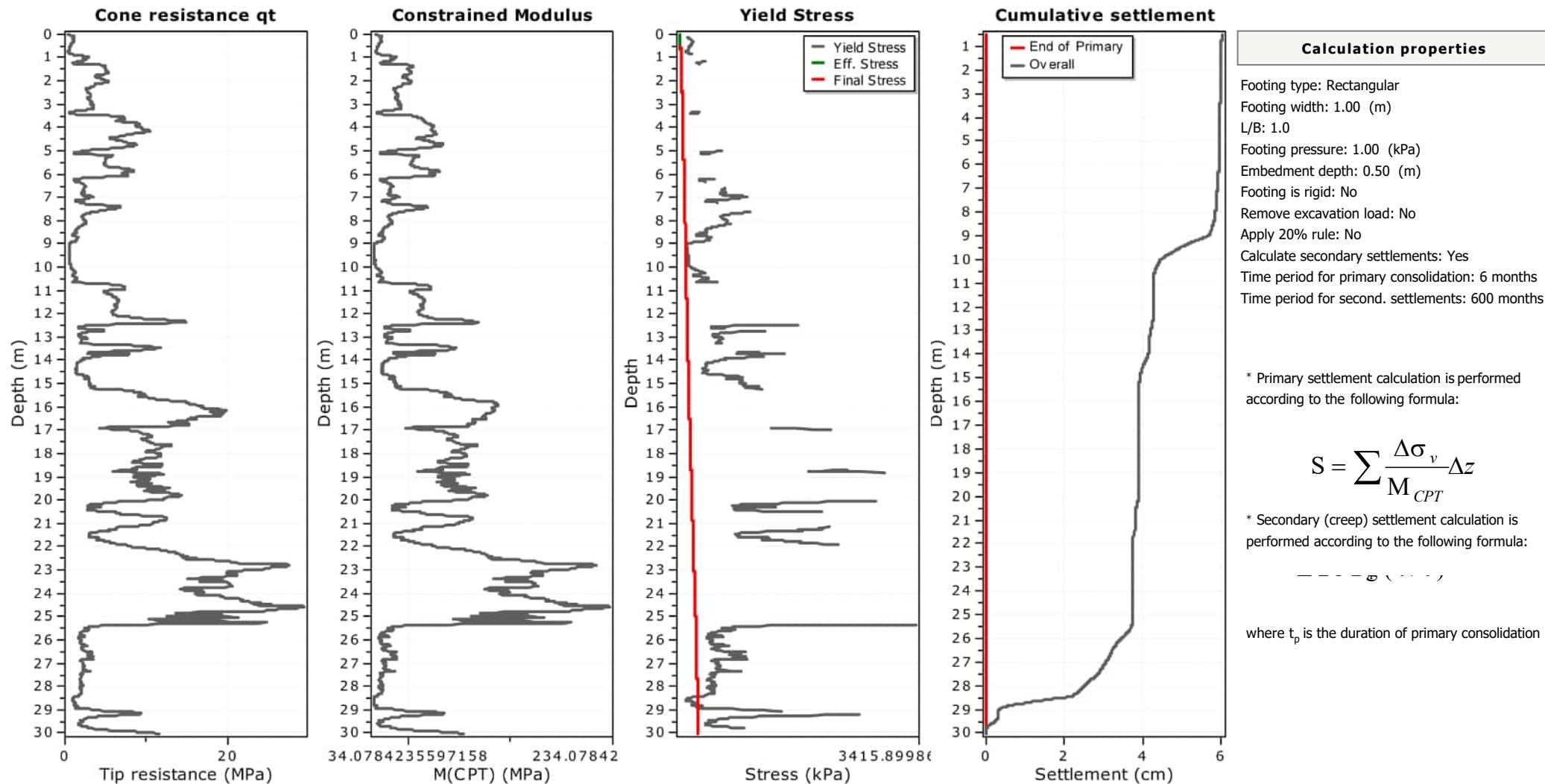
**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

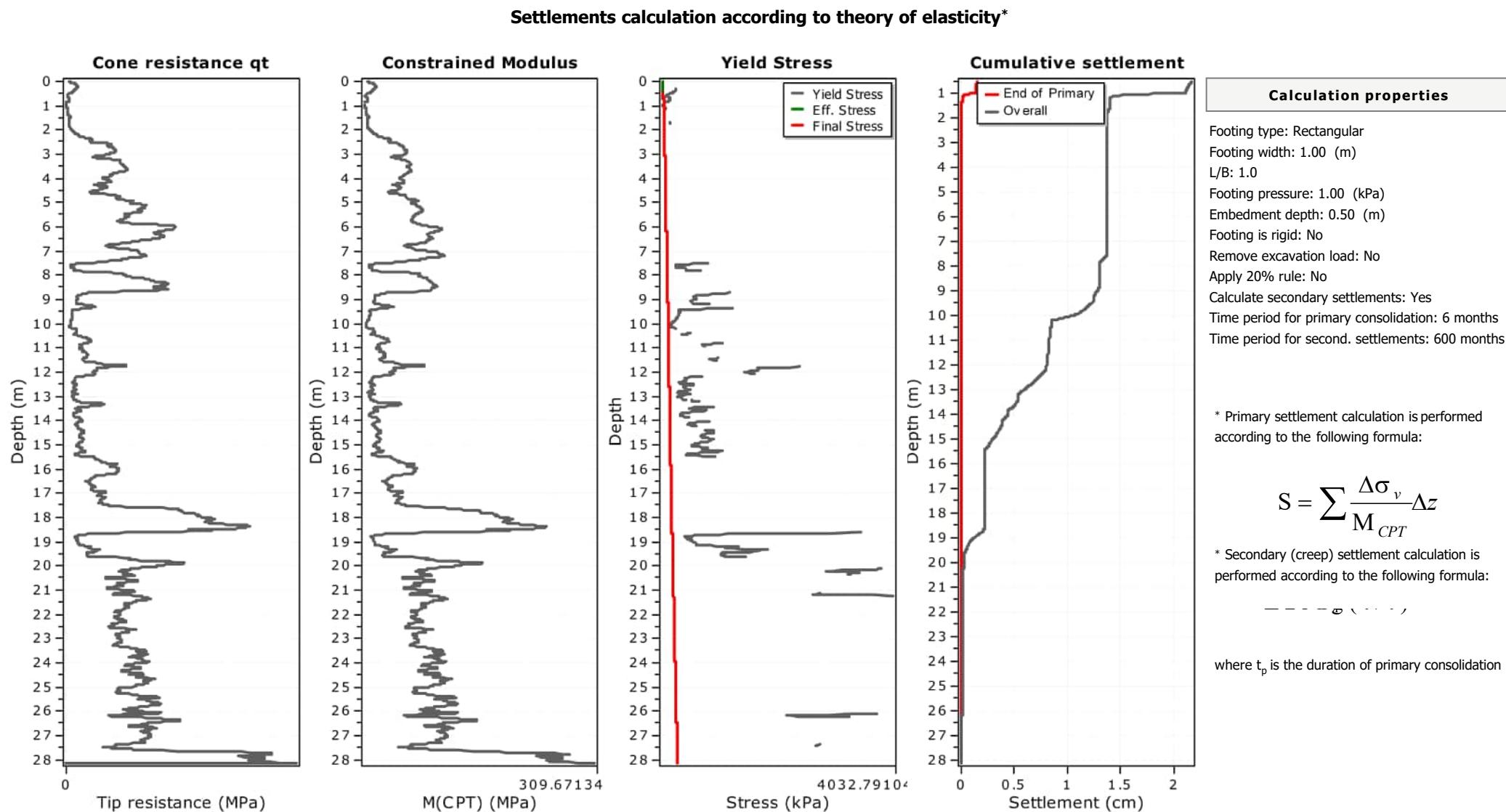
### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*

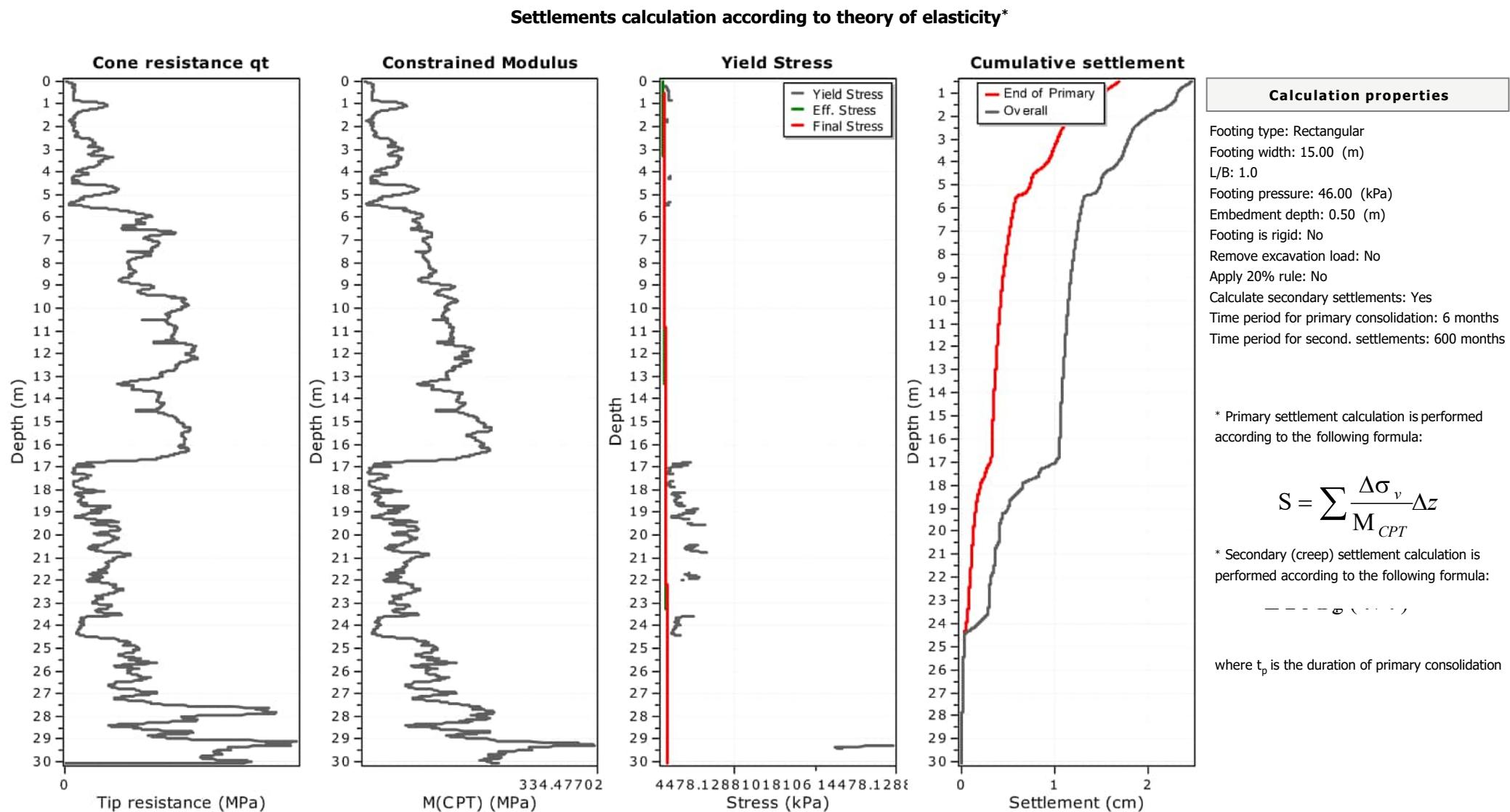




**Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\***

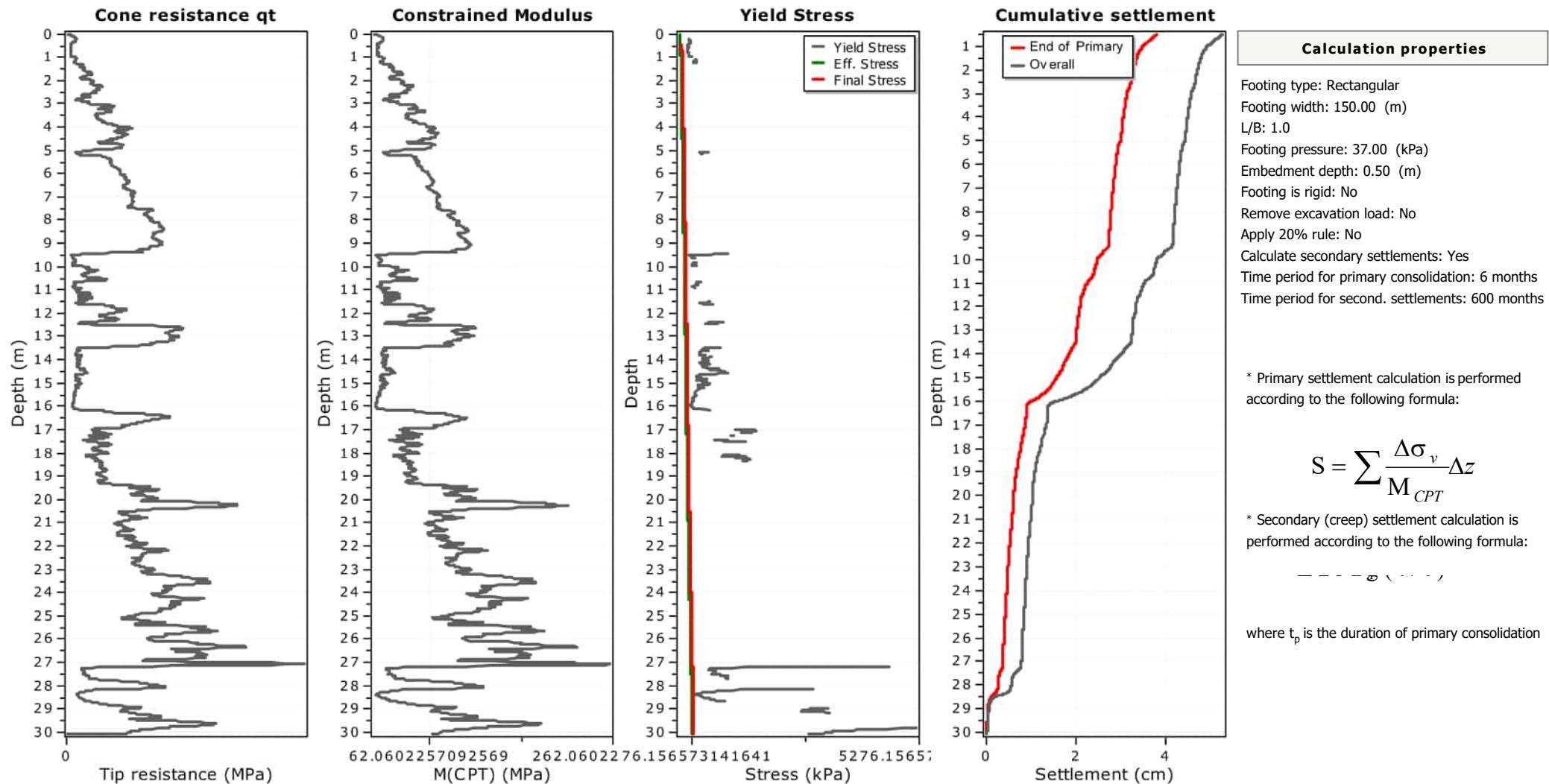


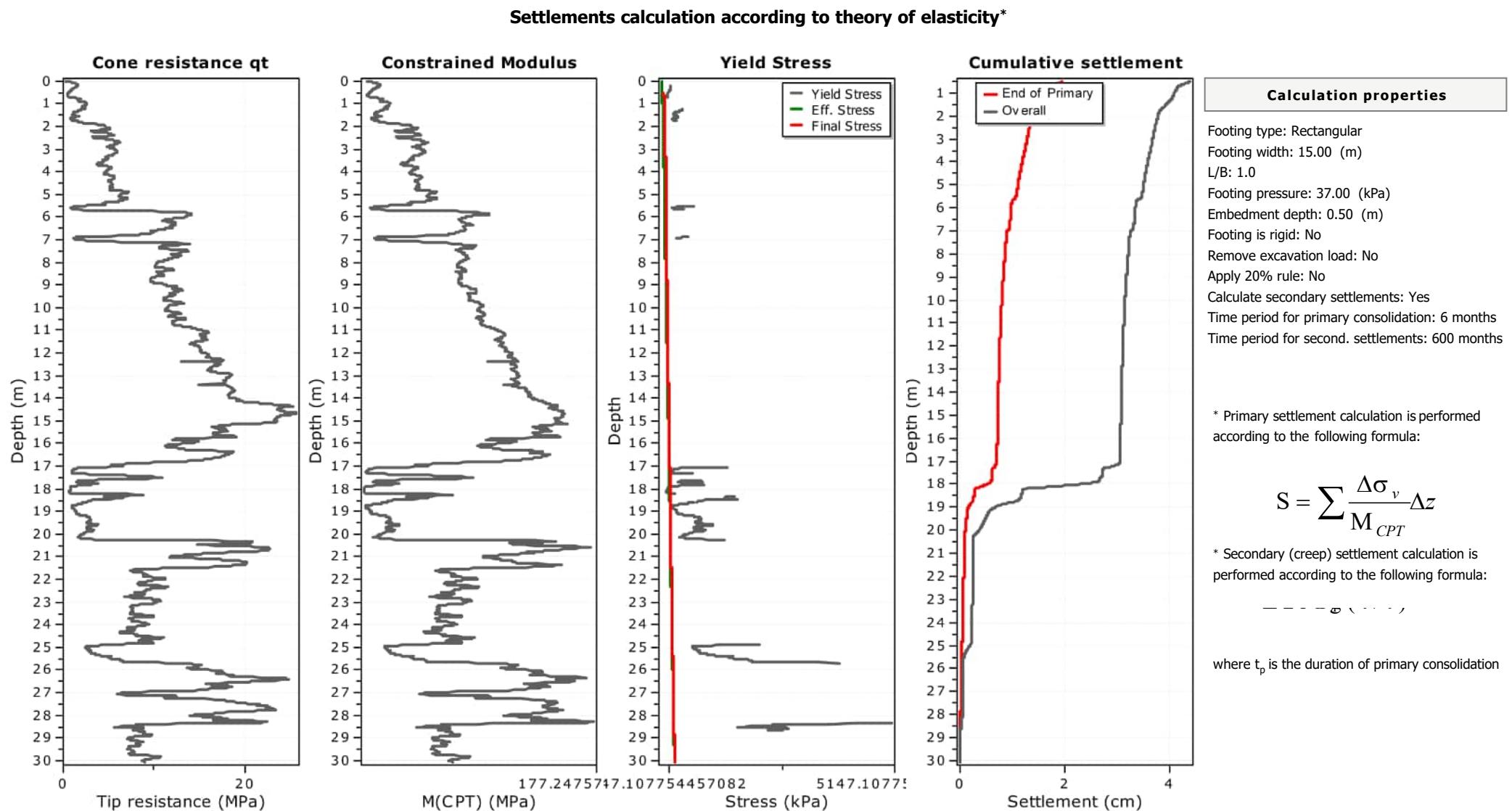


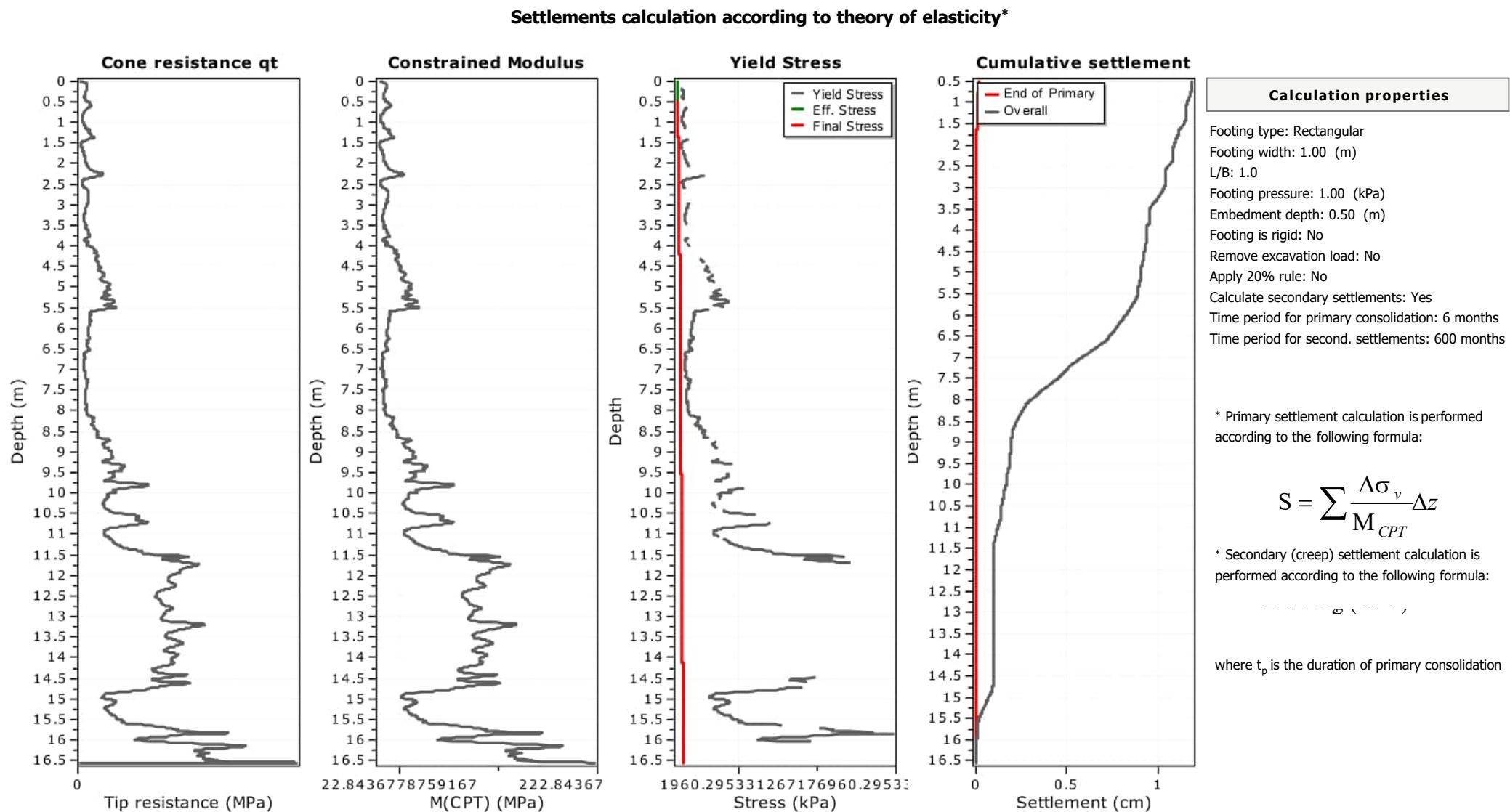


**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision  
**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*

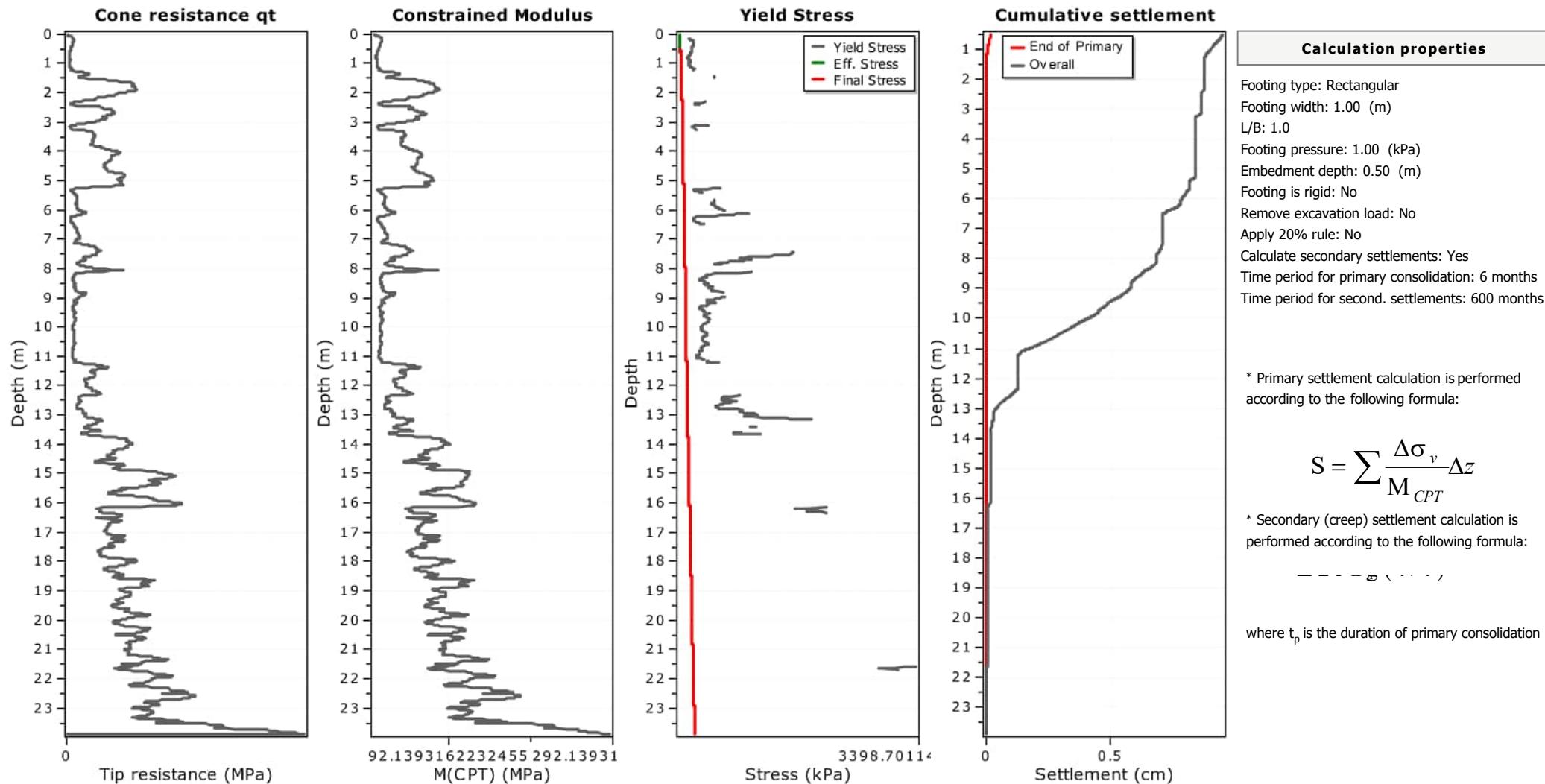


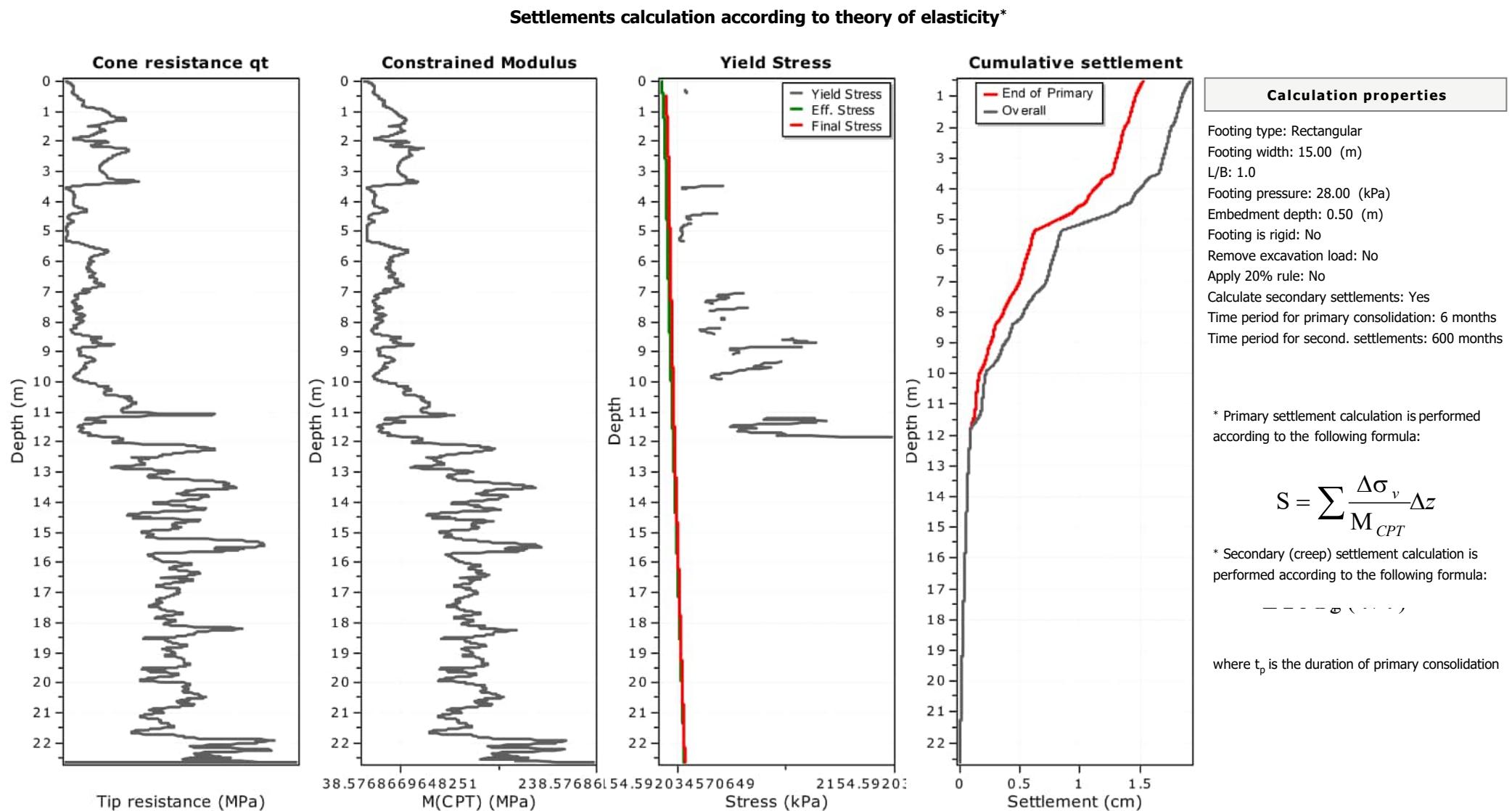




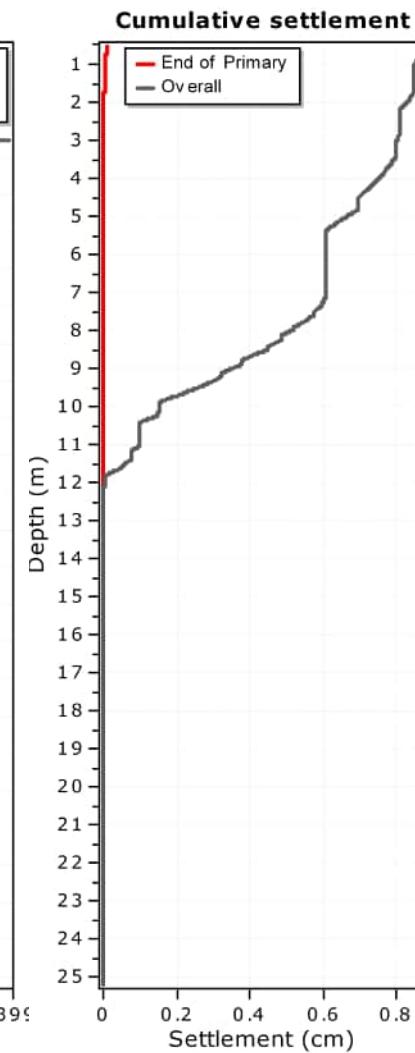
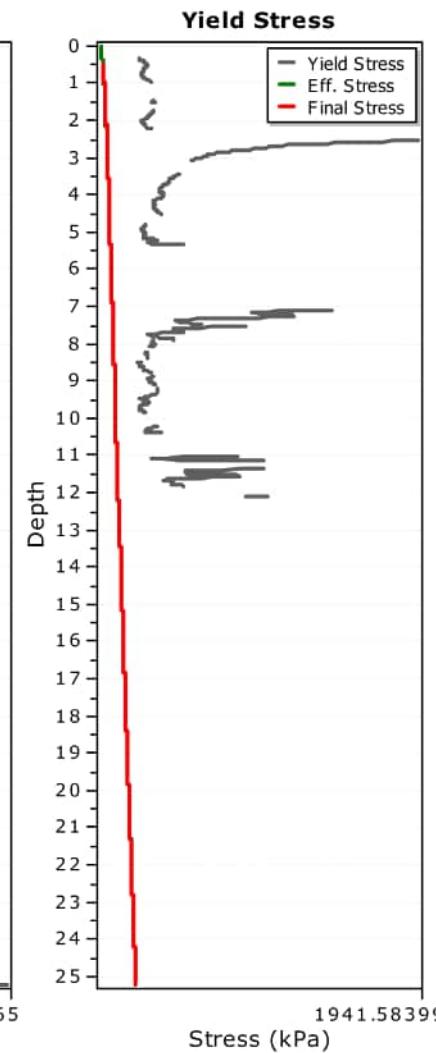
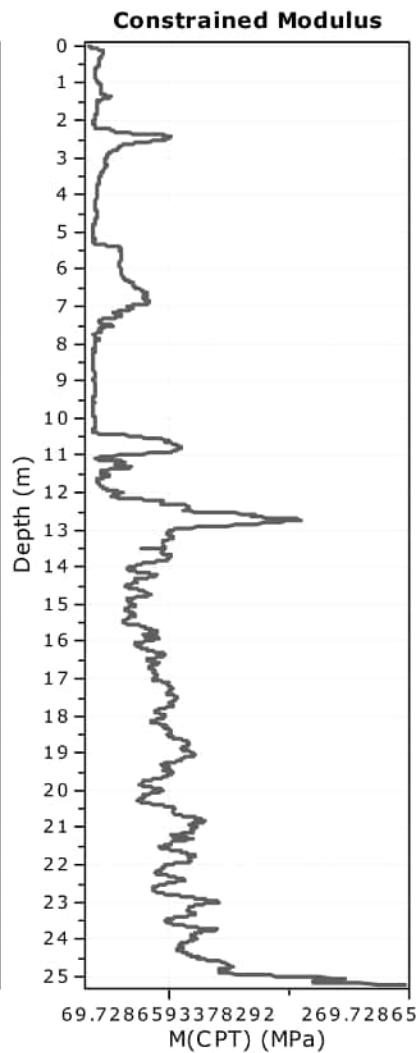
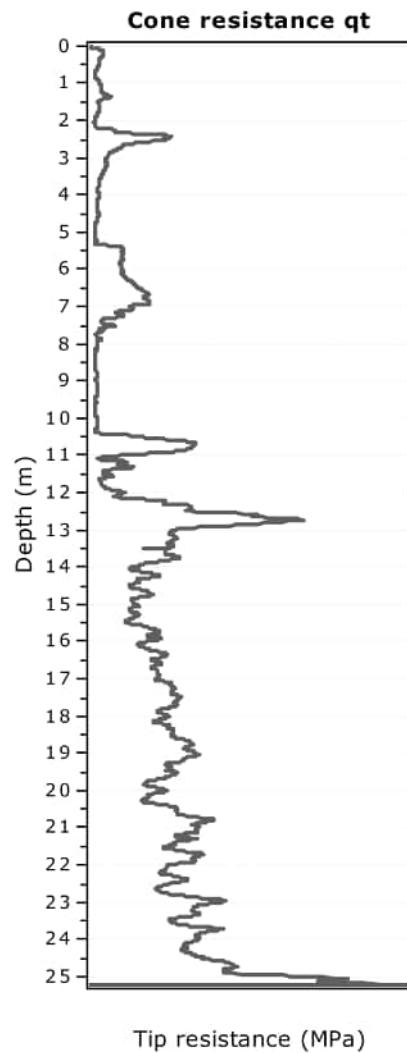
**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision  
**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*





### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



<b>Calculation properties</b>	
Footing type:	Rectangular
Footing width:	1.00 (m)
L/B:	1.0
Footing pressure:	1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth:	0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid:	No
Remove excavation load:	No
Apply 20% rule:	No
Calculate secondary settlements:	Yes
Time period for primary consolidation:	6 months
Time period for second. settlements:	600 months

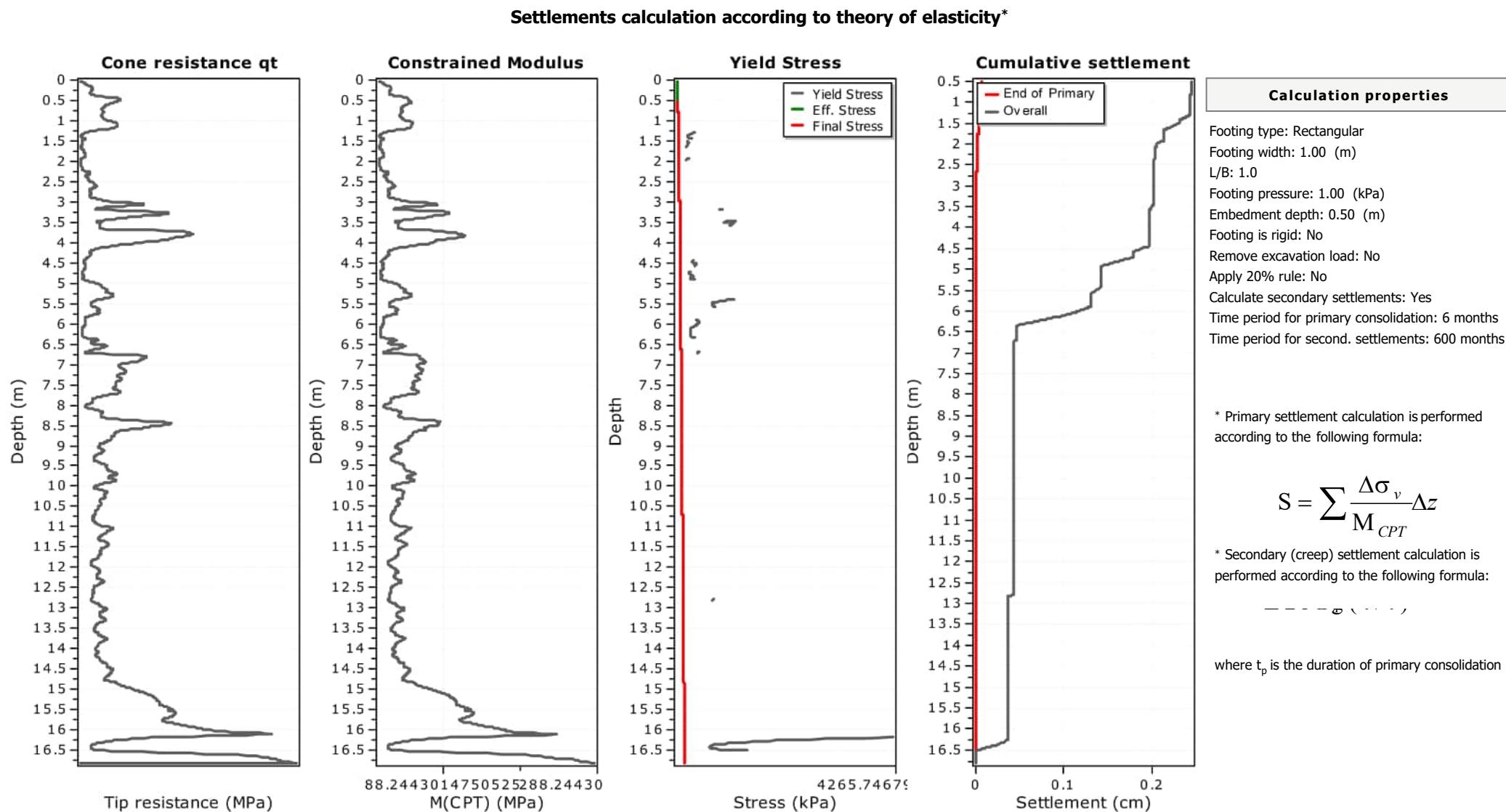
\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

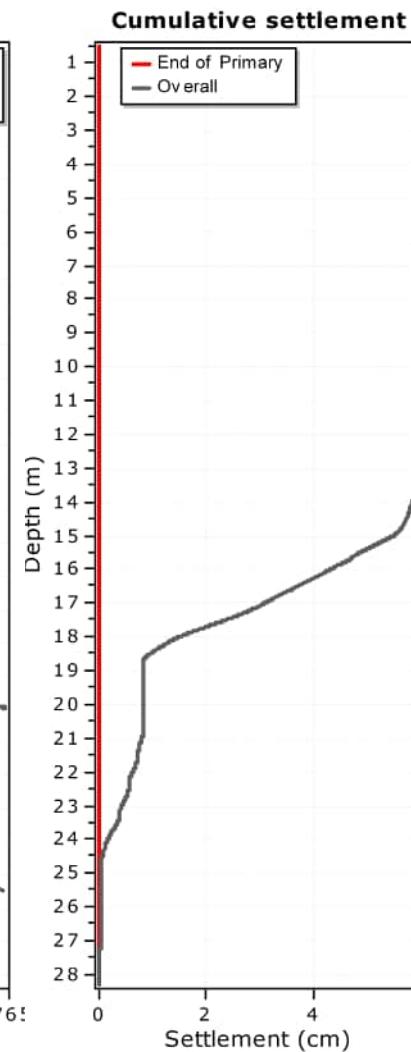
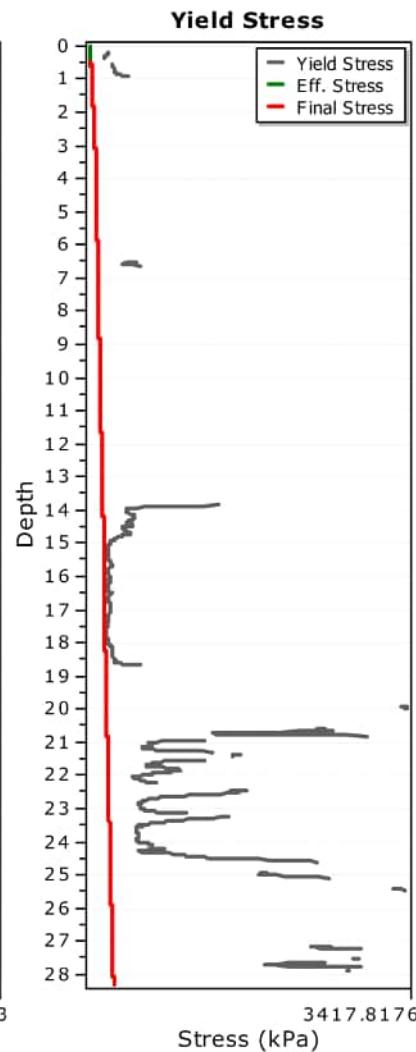
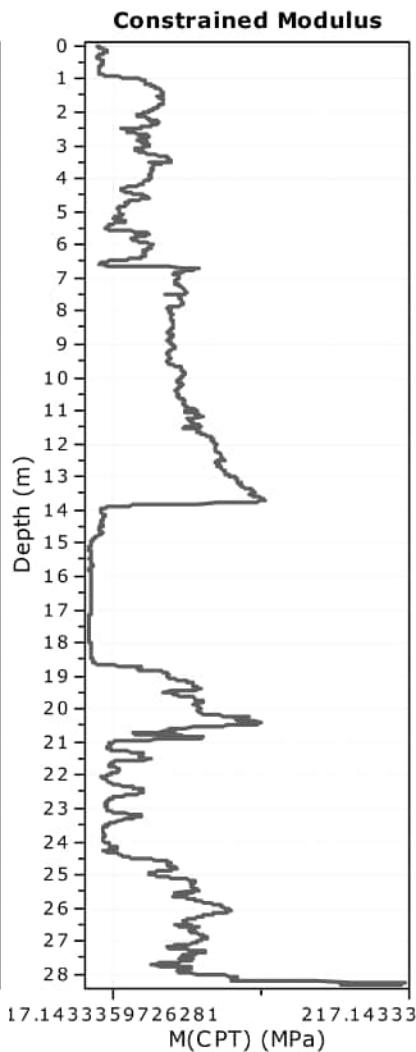
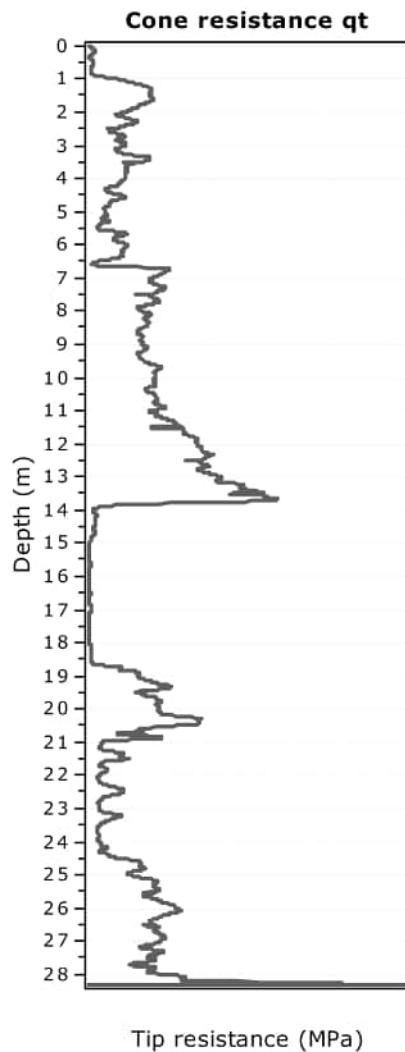
\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} t_p$$

where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation



**Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\***



**Calculation properties**

Footing type: Rectangular  
Footing width: 1.00 (m)  
L/B: 1.0  
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)  
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)  
Footing is rigid: No  
Remove excavation load: No  
Apply 20% rule: No  
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes  
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months  
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

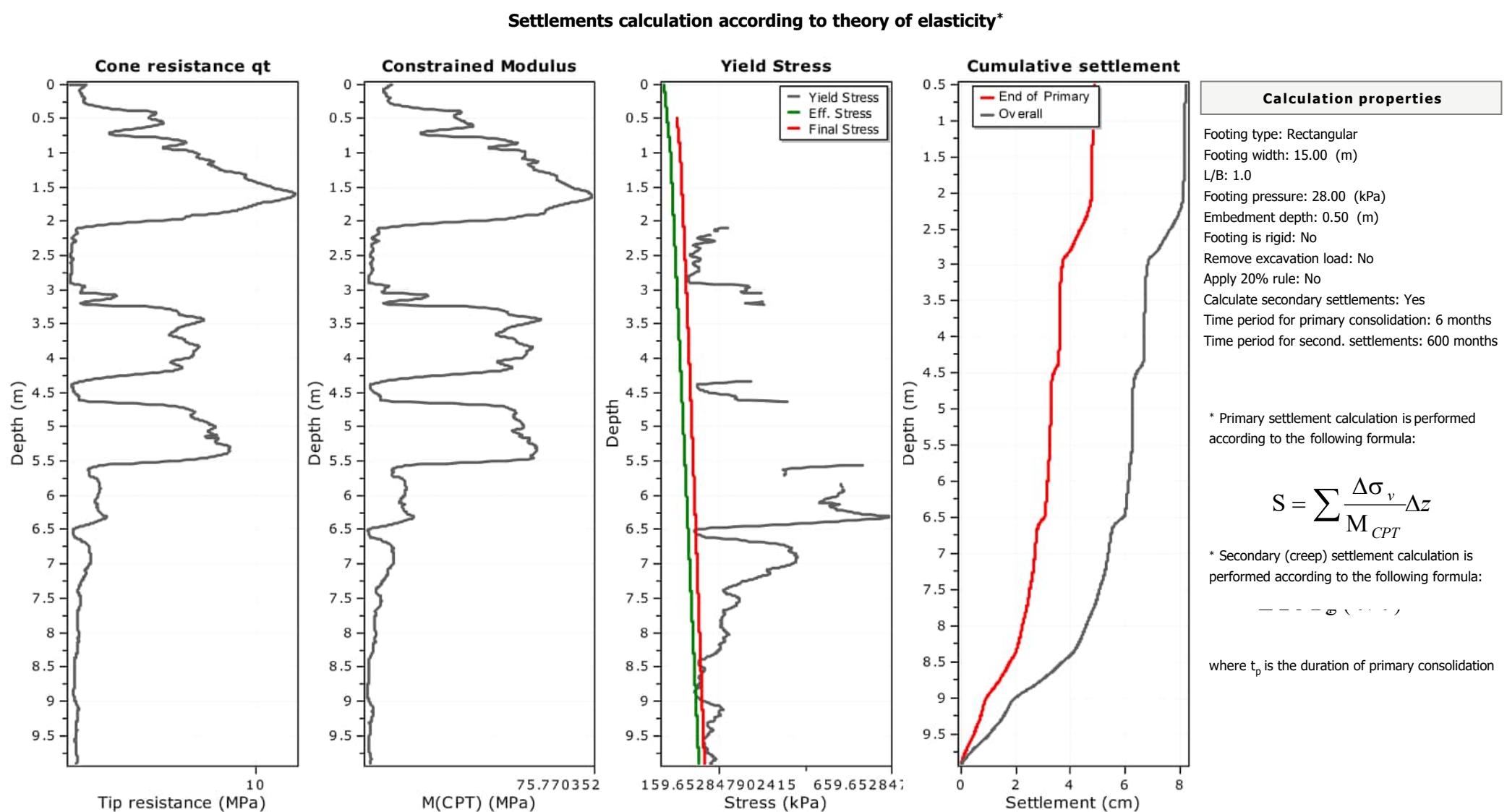
\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

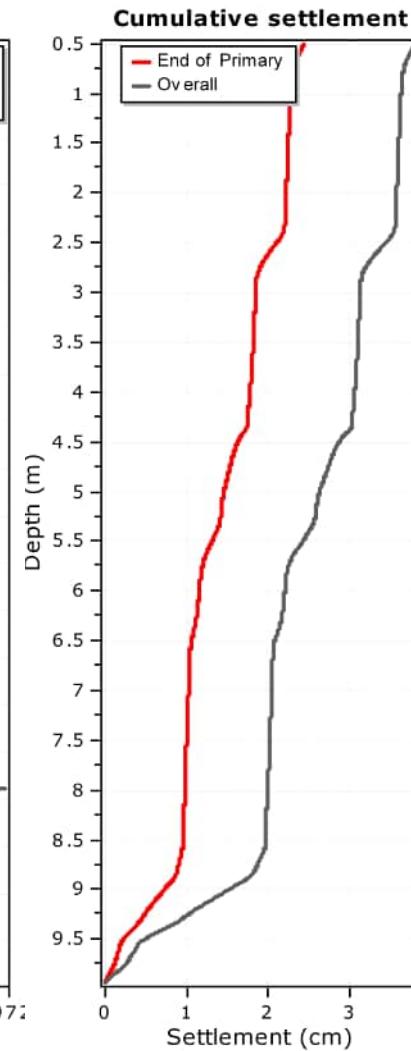
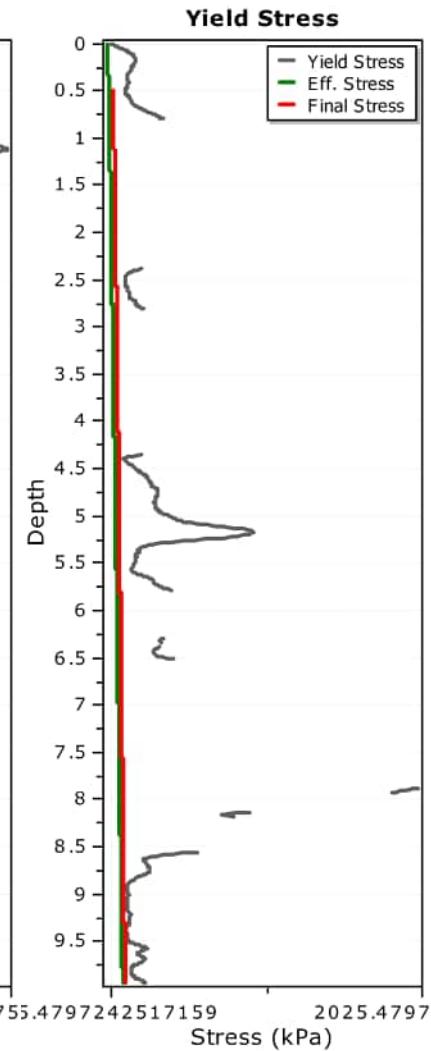
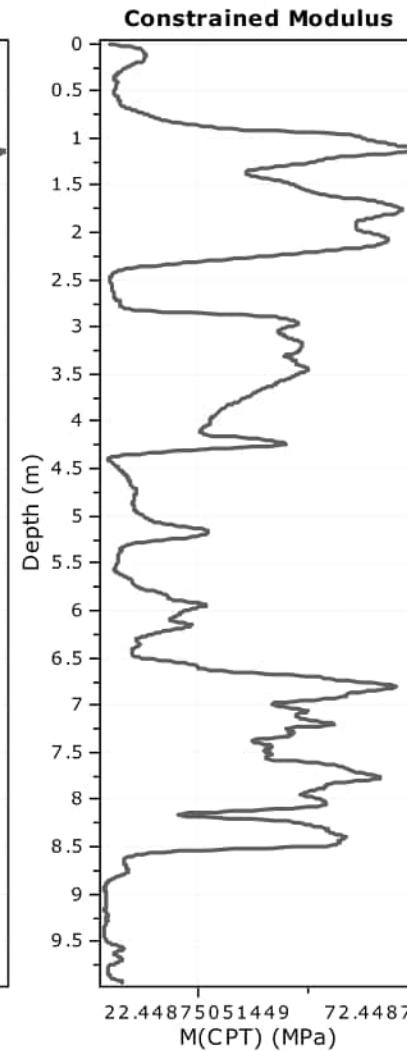
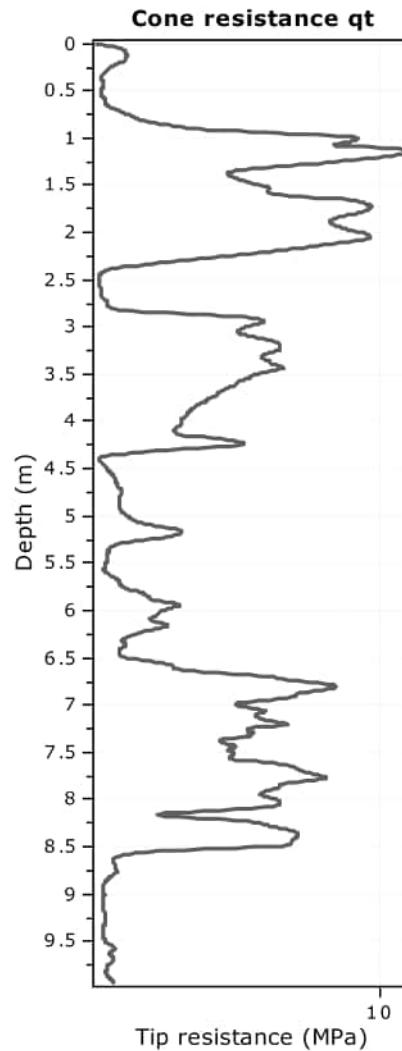
$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} t_p^{1/2}$$

where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation



**Project:** Station Road Proposed Subdivision  
**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



#### Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular  
Footing width: 15.00 (m)  
L/B: 1.0  
Footing pressure: 28.00 (kPa)  
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)  
Footing is rigid: No  
Remove excavation load: No  
Apply 20% rule: No  
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes  
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months  
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

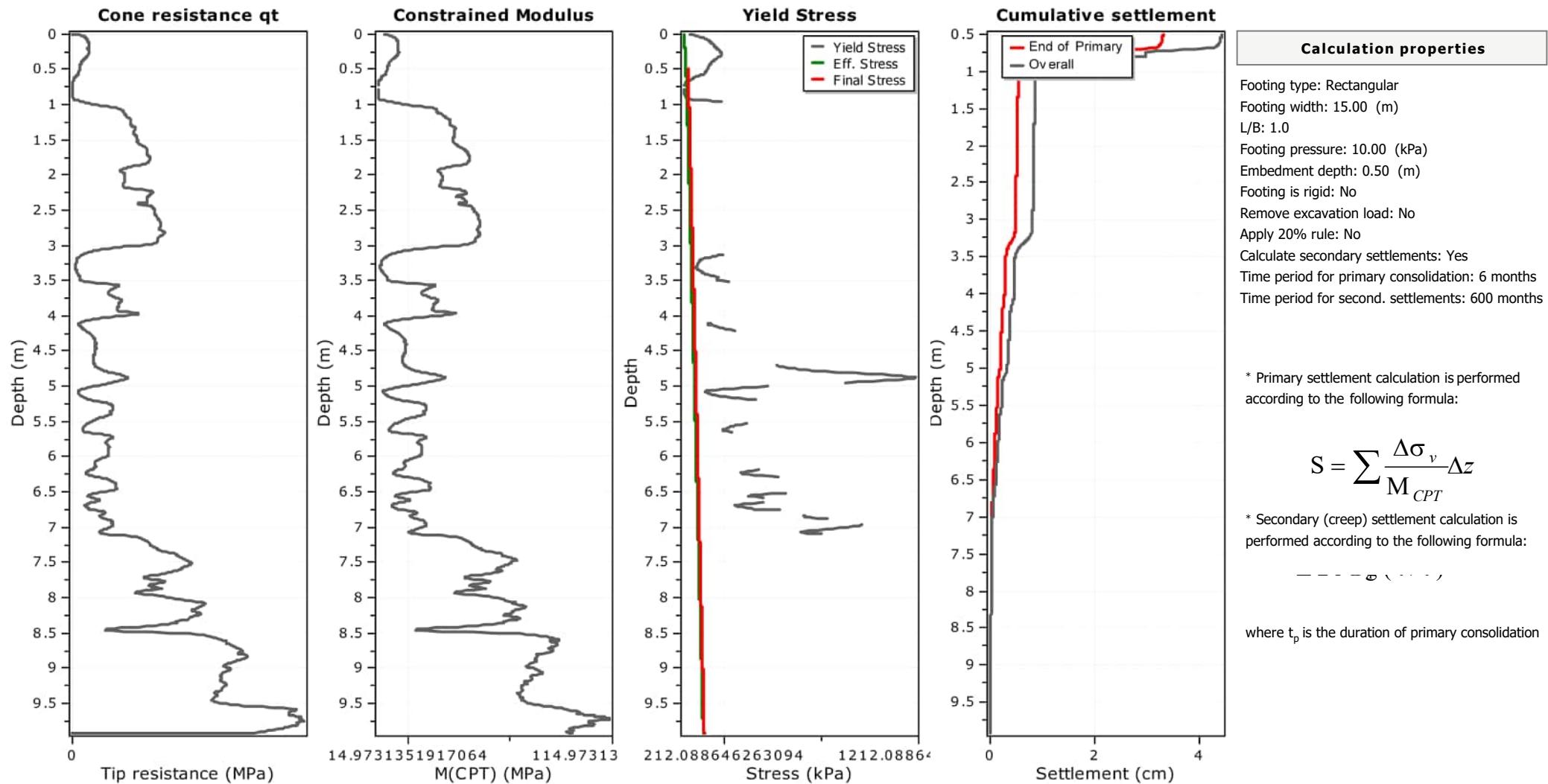
$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} t_p$$

where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

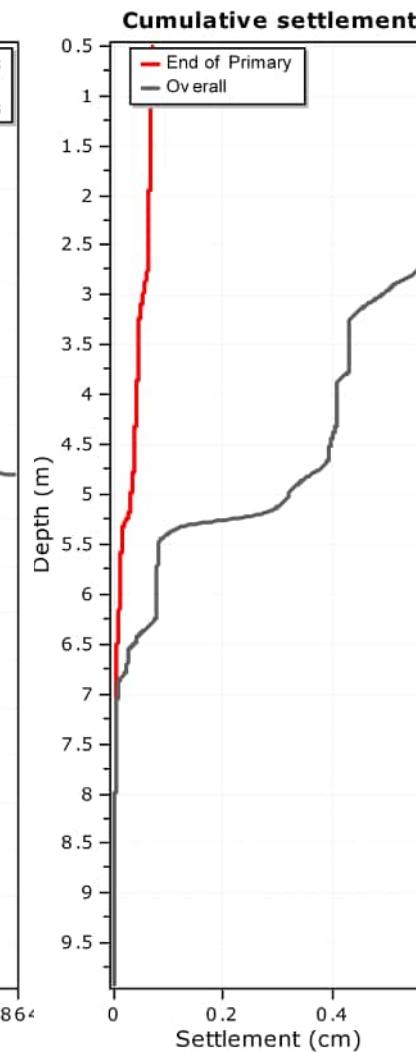
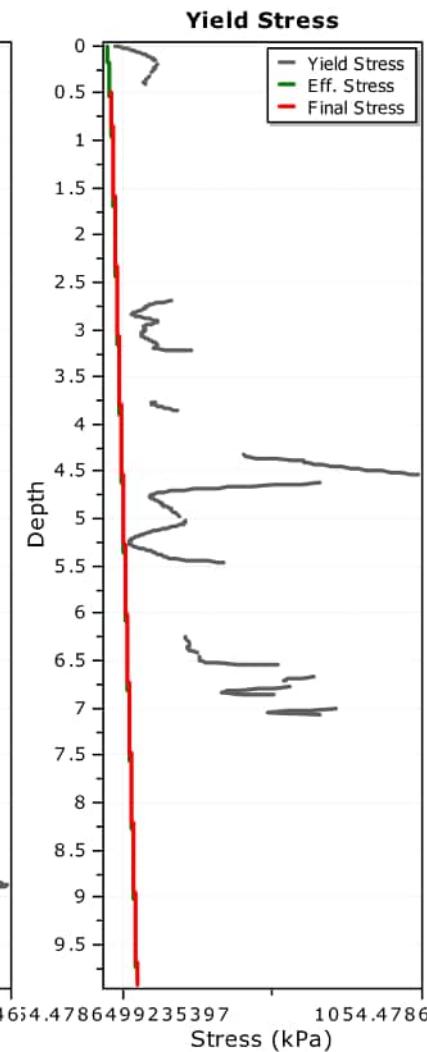
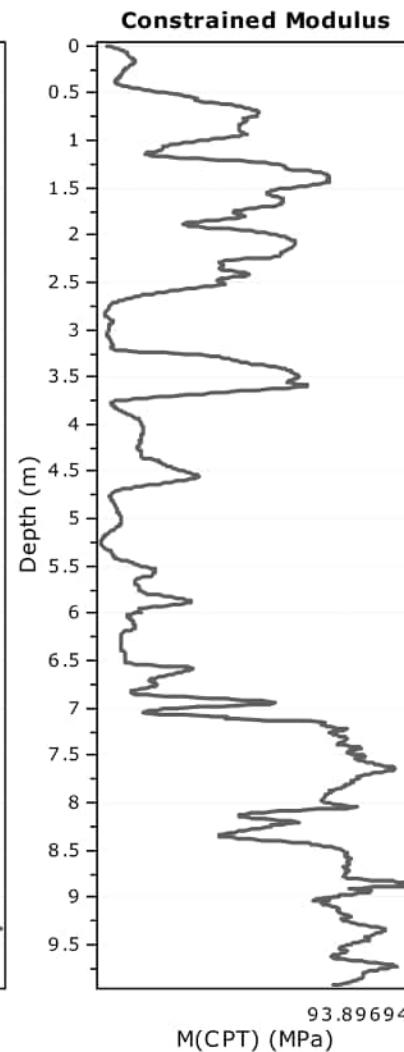
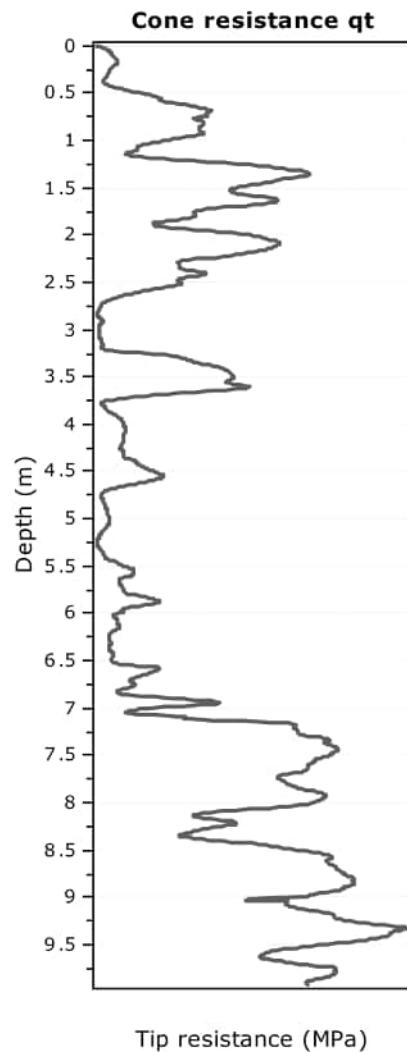
### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



#### Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular  
Footing width: 15.00 (m)  
L/B: 1.0  
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)  
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)  
Footing is rigid: No  
Remove excavation load: No  
Apply 20% rule: No  
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes  
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months  
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

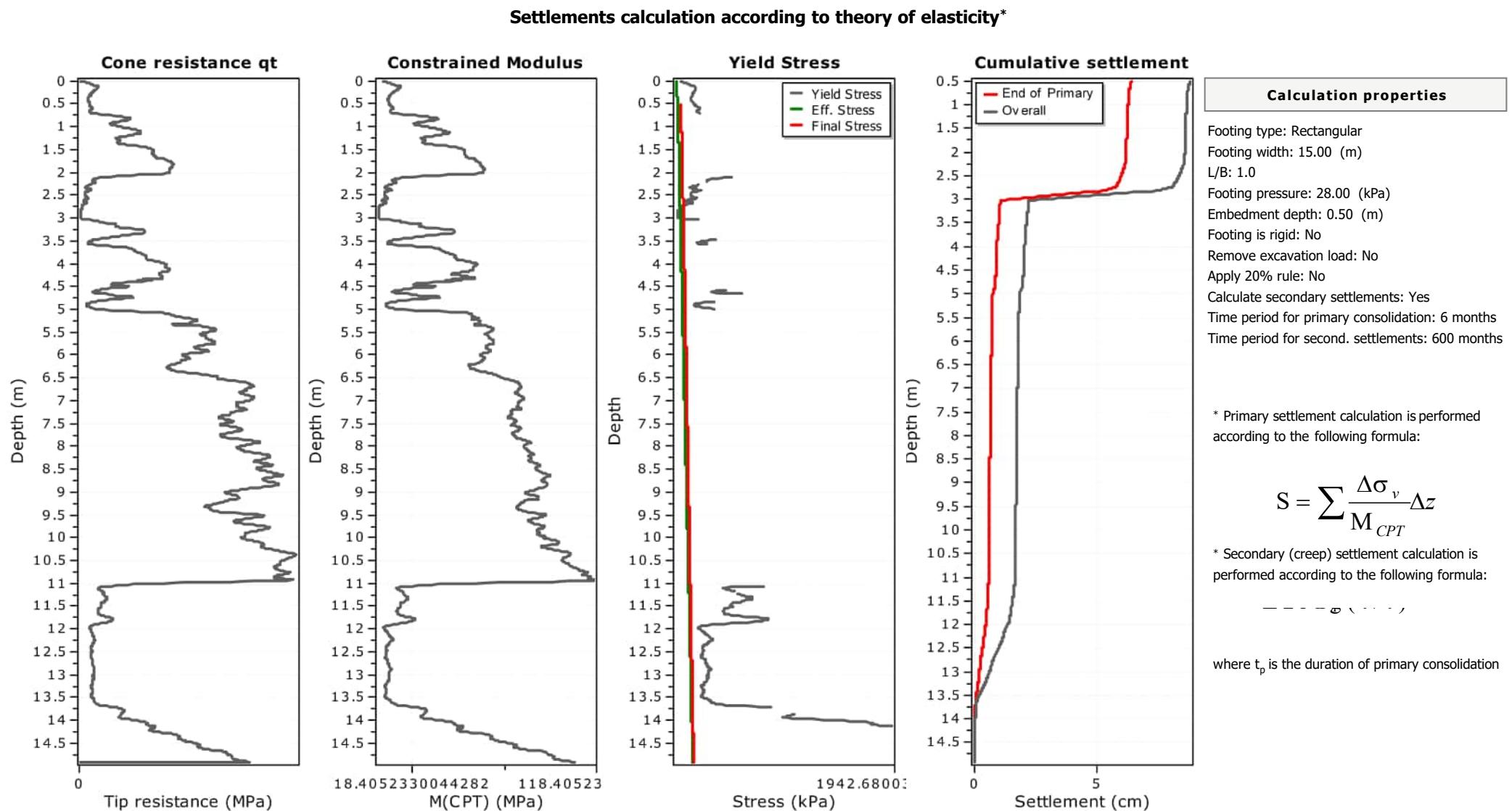
\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} t_p$$

where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

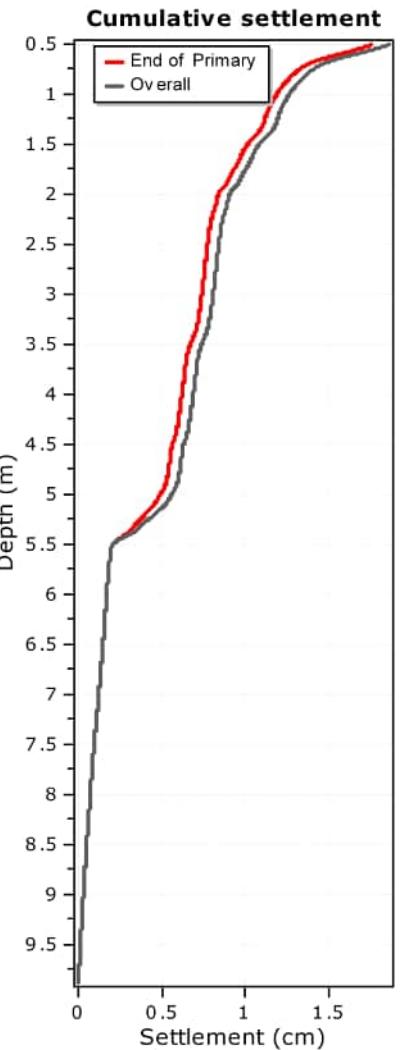
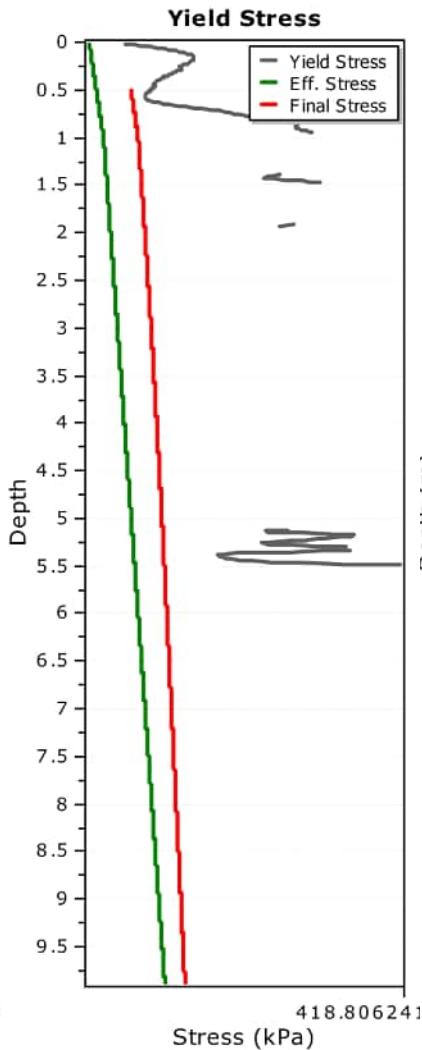
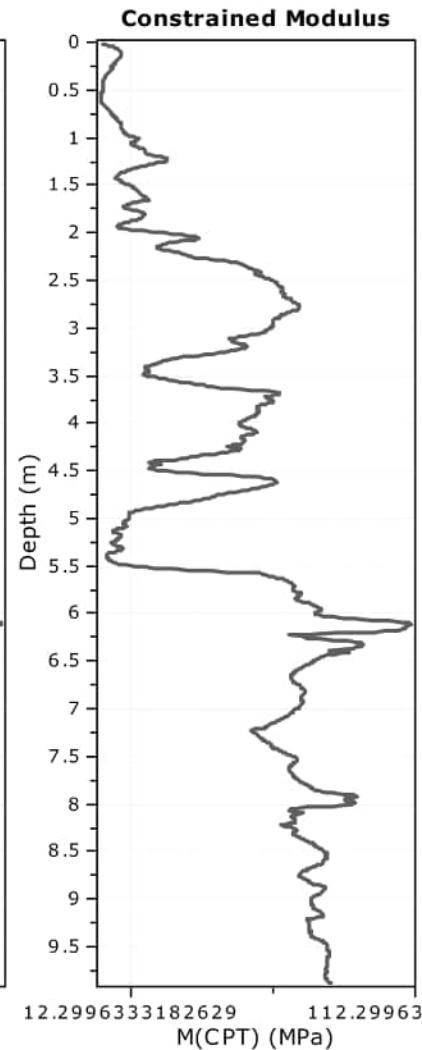
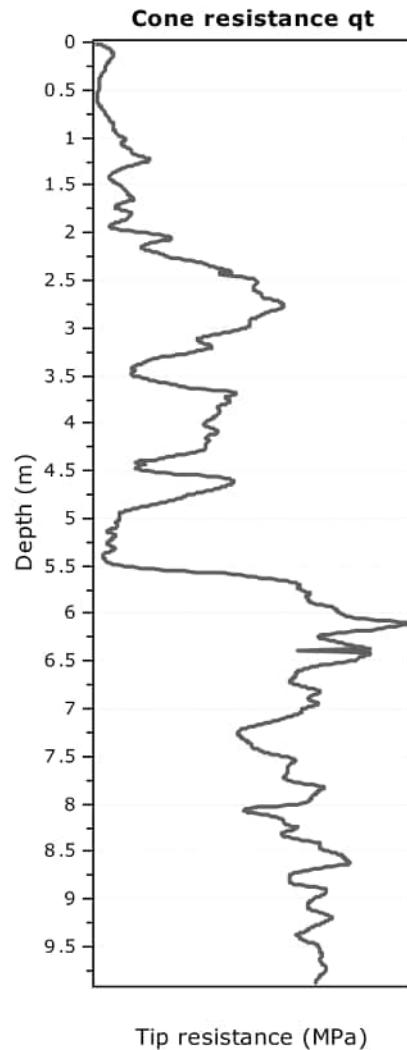
**Location: Station Road, Matamata**



**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



#### Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular  
Footing width: 15.00 (m)  
L/B: 1.0  
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)  
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)  
Footing is rigid: No  
Remove excavation load: No  
Apply 20% rule: No  
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes  
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months  
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

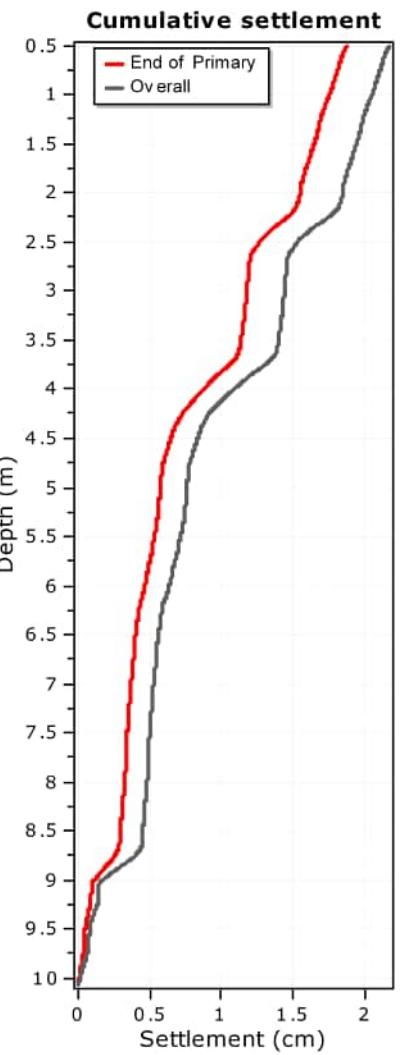
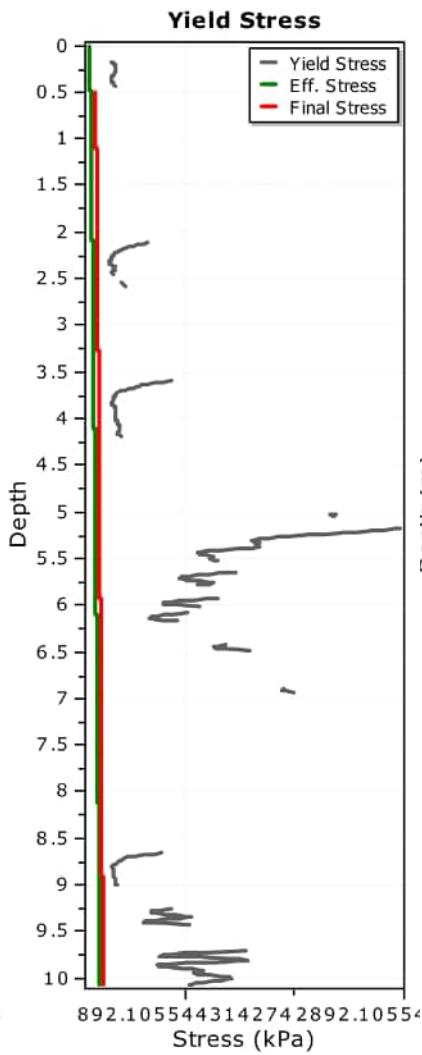
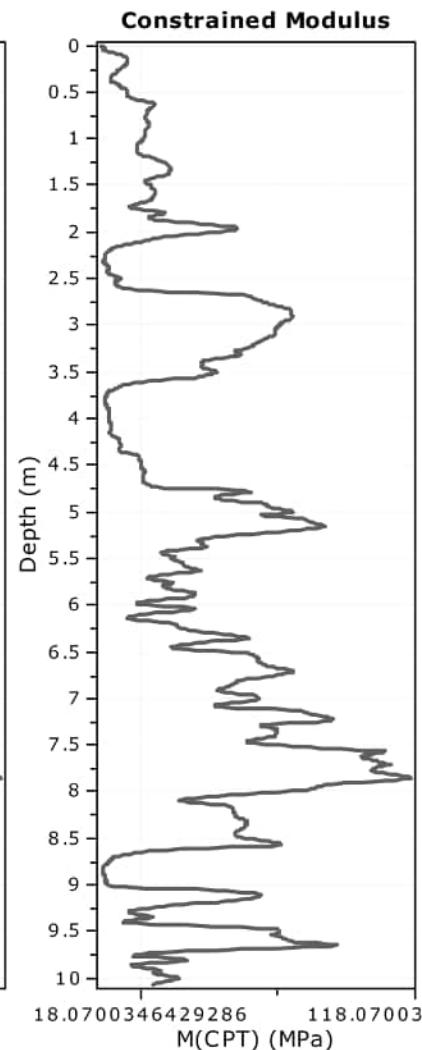
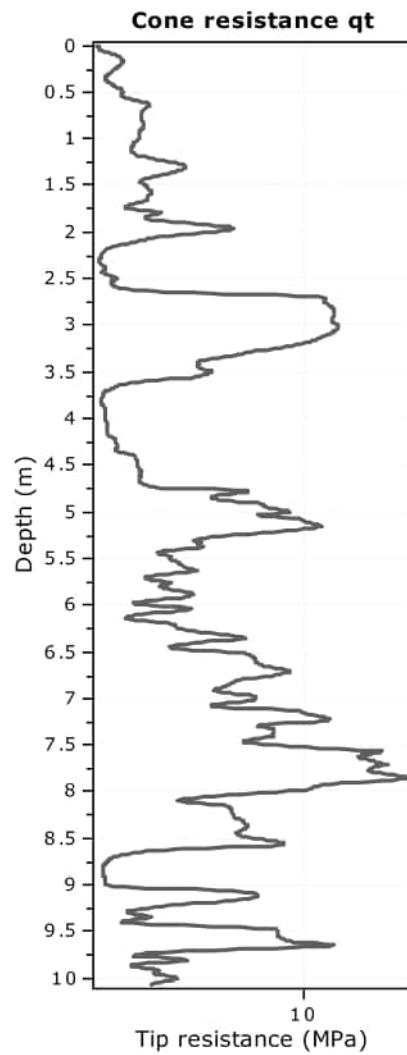
$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} t_p$$

where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



<b>Calculation properties</b>	
Footing type:	Rectangular
Footing width:	15.00 (m)
L/B:	1.0
Footing pressure:	46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth:	0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid:	No
Remove excavation load:	No
Apply 20% rule:	No
Calculate secondary settlements:	Yes
Time period for primary consolidation:	6 months
Time period for second. settlements:	600 months

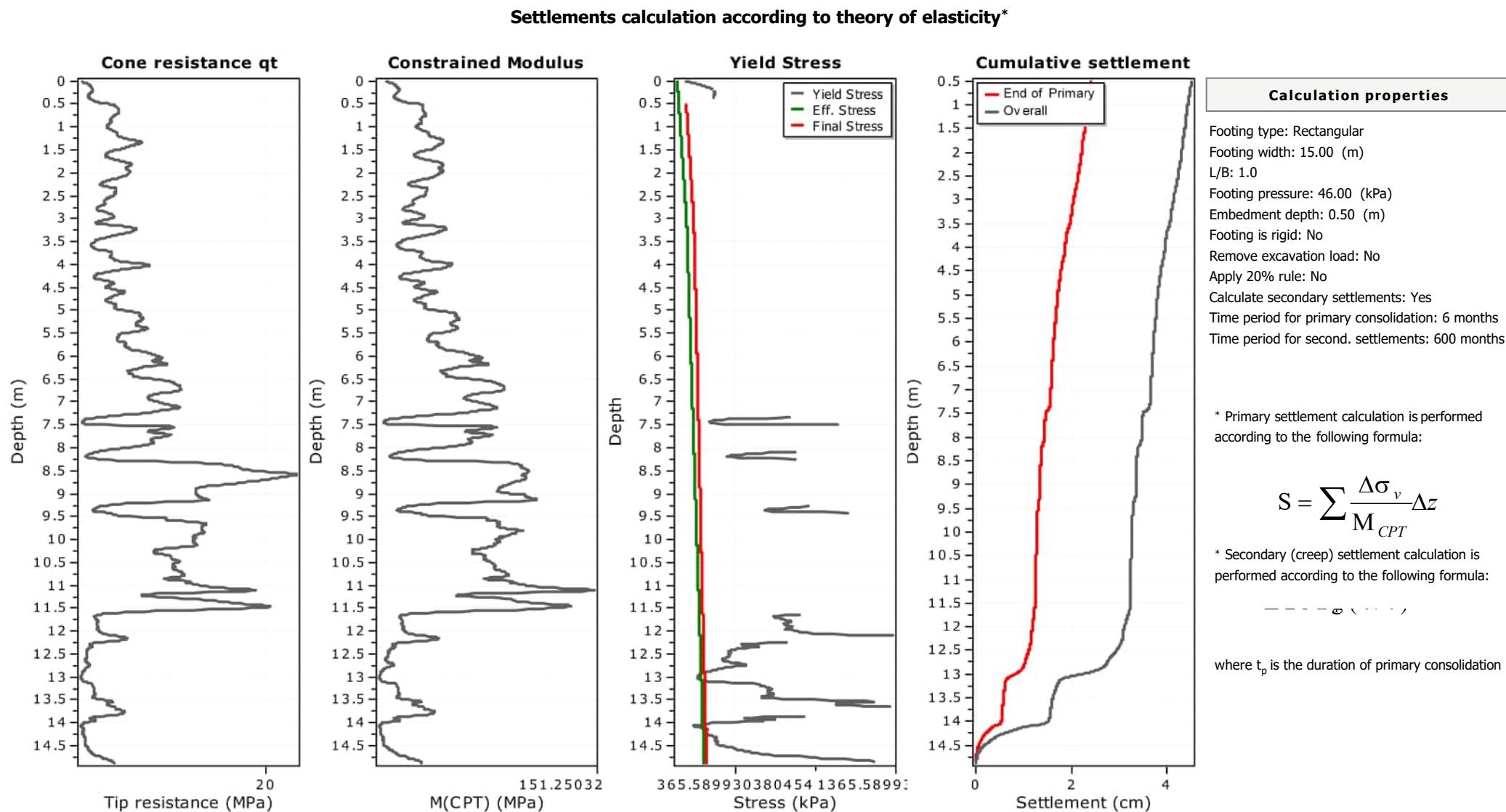
\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} t_p$$

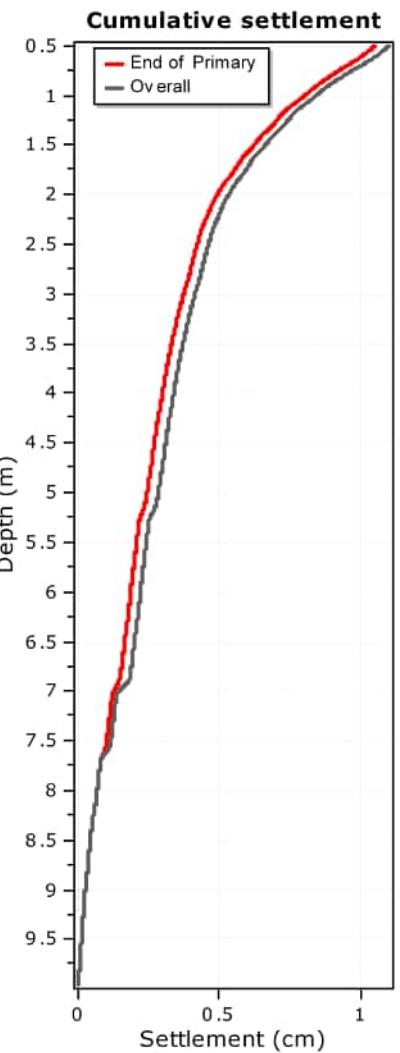
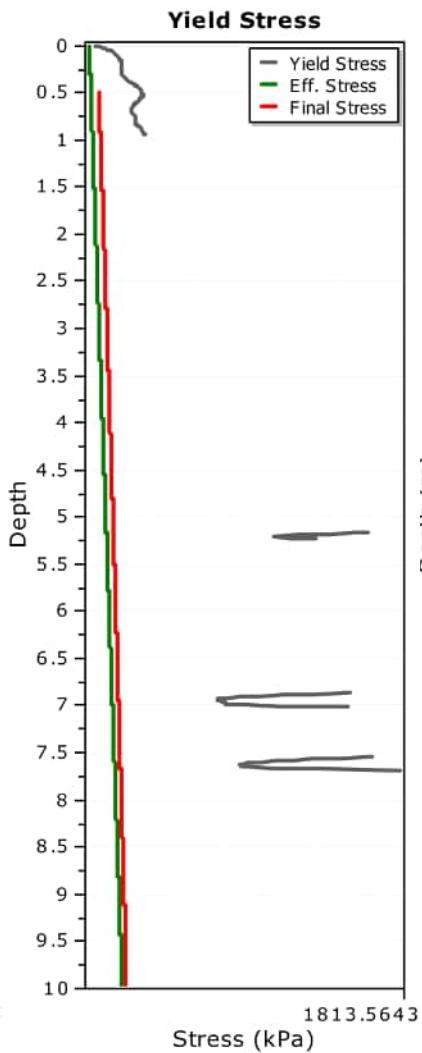
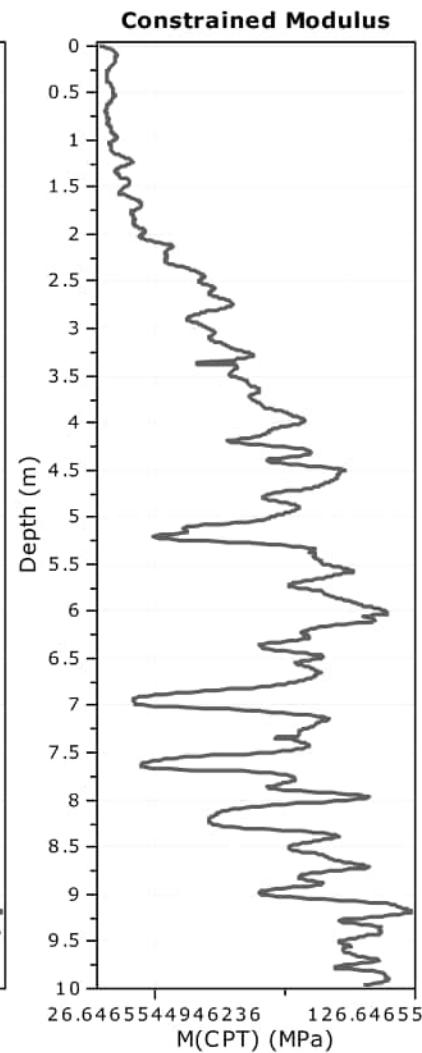
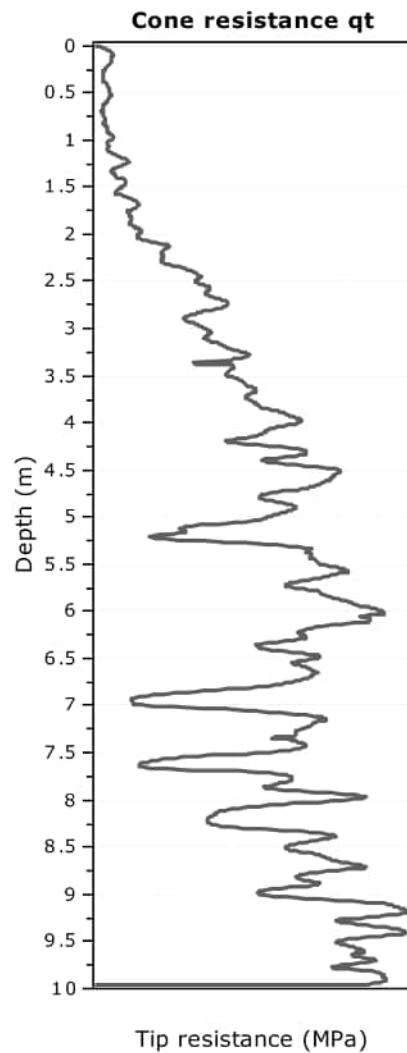
where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation



**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



#### Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular  
Footing width: 15.00 (m)  
L/B: 1.0  
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)  
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)  
Footing is rigid: No  
Remove excavation load: No  
Apply 20% rule: No  
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes  
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months  
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

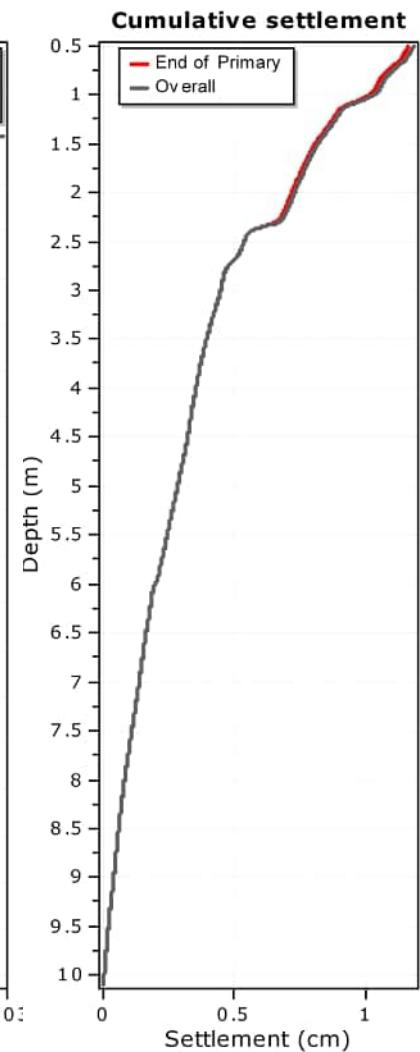
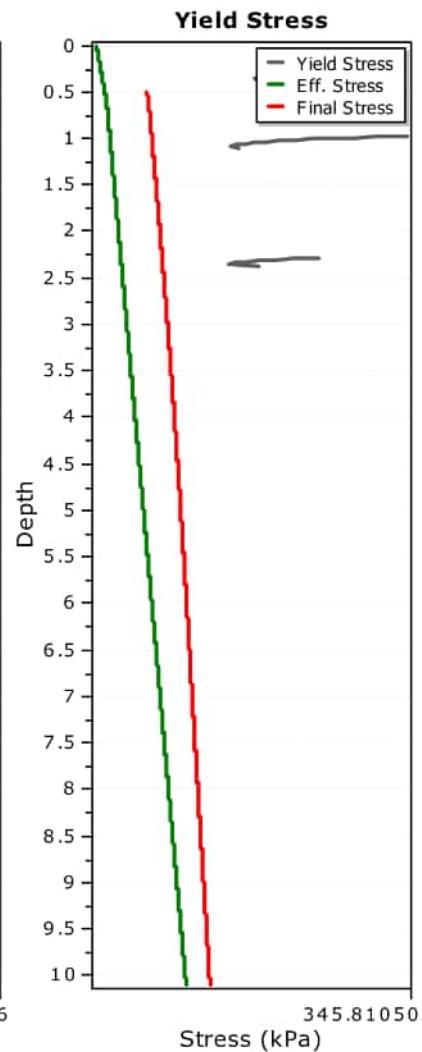
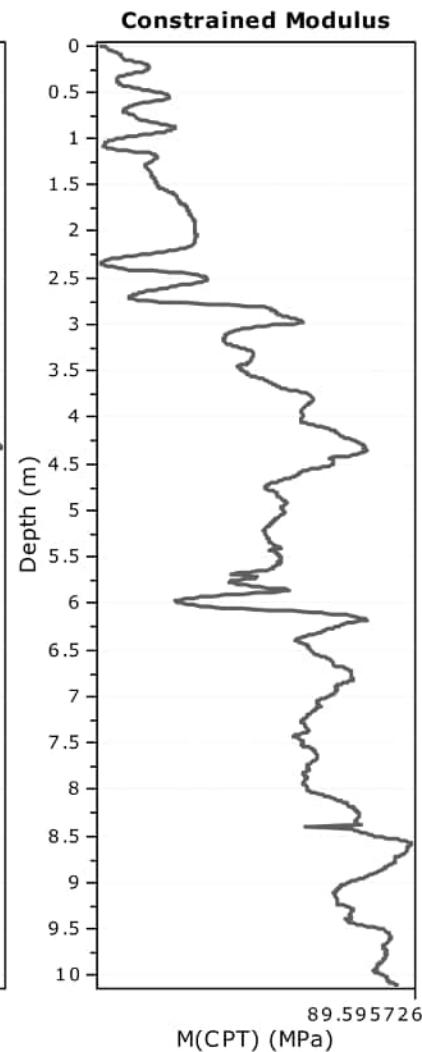
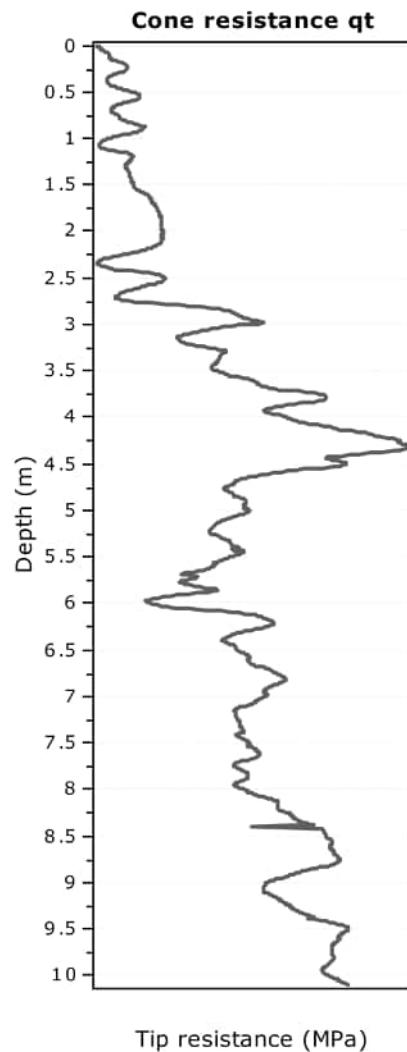
$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} t_p$$

where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation

**Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision**

**Location: Station Road, Matamata**

### Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity\*



#### Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular  
Footing width: 15.00 (m)  
L/B: 1.0  
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)  
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)  
Footing is rigid: No  
Remove excavation load: No  
Apply 20% rule: No  
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes  
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months  
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

\* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

\* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_v}{E} t_p^{1/2}$$

where  $t_p$  is the duration of primary consolidation

# APPENDIX M: SID MATRIX

CMW Safety in Design Risk Assessment										
HAM2023-0124 - Station Road Proposed Subdivision and Solar Farm										
Design Element	Hazard	Description	Assessed Risk			Controls Incorporated in Design	Residual Risk			
			Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating		Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating	
Retaining Walls (If required)	Falling from height	Injury to construction staff while constructing or public once wall is constructed.	4	3	12	Temporary barrier fence to avoid public climbing, permanent fencing to be considered to prevent falls access.	1	3	3	
	Striking underground services	Injury to construction staff if live services are struck.	4	2	8	All sites cleared for services prior to construction requiring digging or boring into the ground.	1	2	2	
	Moving Machinery	Lifting and swing area of machinery may cause injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Separate moving machinery from light vehicles and person movements with fencing and/or safe distances from exposed construction staff operations.	1	3	3	
	Working at edges of excavations	Injury to construction staff or public by falling into excavations.	4	3	12	Site to be made safe if excavations are to be left open and public can access, excavations to be filled or securely covered on same day of excavation, safe distances from excavations to be maintained and marked with boundary fence.	1	3	3	
	Excavation collapse	Injury to construction staff or persons able to access the excavation after hours.	4	3	12	Staged excavation to be undertaken where able, boundary fence where excavations are under construction or other means of separation for staff or public from potential collapse.	1	3	3	
	Retaining wall failure	Exceed specified loading conditions, wall drainage blockage.	4	2	8	Appropriate construction and permanent loading conditions allowed for, design adequate drainage measures, assess impact of blocked drainage on design.	1	2	2	
	Falling objects from above	Injury to construction staff or persons under the proposed wall.	4	3	12	Hard hats to be worn at all times as the wall is constructed and where lifting is undertaken, safe distance from any lifting or movements above when being undertaken.	1	3	3	
Earthworks	Falling from height	Injury to construction staff while constructing steep temporary or permanent earthworks cut or fill faces.	4	3	12	Temporary barrier fence or other means to be used to ensure persons cannot access to the edge of steep excavations	1	3	3	
	Striking underground services	Injury to construction staff if live services are struck.	4	2	8	All sites cleared for services prior to site investigations and earthworks construction	1	2	2	
	Moving Machinery	Injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Separate moving machinery from light vehicles and person movements with fencing and/or safe distances from exposed construction staff operations.	1	3	3	
	Working at edges of excavations	Injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Install safety barriers, exclusion zones, signage as necessary to warn of hazard.	1	3	3	
	Trench excavation collapse	Injury to construction staff or persons due to crushing/impact injury.	4	3	12	Follow Worksafe requirements, trench shields or benching of excavations to be used. No staff to enter the trench without appropriate and approved measures already in place.	1	3	3	
	Cut / fill batter collapse	Injury to construction staff during construction.	3	2	6	Safe distances and appropriate temporary slope gradients and heights to be assessed prior to construction and monitored during to confirm as appropriate, safe distances and barrier fencing to be used on site where deemed necessary.	1	3	3	
	Excessive noise during construction	Damage to hearing of construction staff or persons adjacent to the site.	3	2	6	Comply with appropriate allowances for noise on site, ear protection to be worn where appropriate, setback distances from adjacent sites or notified working hours to avoid conflict with adjacent property inhabitants.	1	2	2	
	Machinery rollover	Machinery trafficability over soft, wet or uneven ground.	4	2	8	Appropriate construction of temporary haul roads, implement drainage and geofabrics, appropriate driver training.	1	2	2	
Plant Platform	Contaminated Soils	Airborne or in-ground contaminants affecting construction staff.	4	1	4	Perform an environmental assessment of the site prior to construction.	1	1	1	
	Moving Machinery	Injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Separate moving machinery from light vehicles and person movements with fencing and/or safe distances from exposed construction staff operations.	1	3	3	
	Plant platform instability	Injury to construction staff or persons due to crushing/impact injury.	4	3	12	Design to incorporate adequate factor of safety, prepare lift management plans to ensure adequate separation between plant and persons.	1	3	3	
	Excessive plant settlement	Plant / equipment damage, injury to construction staff or persons due to sudden plant / load movements.	4	3	12	Undertake trial lift with adequate separation of plant and load from persons, monitor settlements during lift.	1	3	3	

NOTE: It is the Contractors responsibility to cover construction related risks in a more comprehensive manner (being the competent party in that respect.).

Safety in Design Assessment Framework						
Risk Matrix		Consequence				
		Insignificant 1	Minor 2	Moderate 3	Major 4	Catastrophic 5
Likelihood	Event Will Occur 5	Medium 5	High 10	High 15	Extreme 20	Extreme 25
	Event Almost Certain to Occur 4	Low 4	Medium 8	High 12	Extreme 16	Extreme 20
	Event May Occur 3	Low 3	Medium 6	High 9	High 12	High 15
	Event Not Likely to Occur 2	Low 2	Low 4	Medium 6	Medium 8	High 10
	Event Rarely Occurs 1	Low 1	Low 2	Low 3	Low 4	Medium 5

# APPENDIX N: STATEMENT OF PROFESSIONAL OPINION

17 October 2025

Document Ref: HAM2023-0124AI | Rev 2

## **RE: STATEMENT OF PROFESSIONAL OPINION AS TO THE GEOTECHNICAL SUITABILITY OF LAND FOR DEVELOPMENT ASHBOURNE DEVELOPMENT, STATION ROAD, MATAMATA**

**Development:** Ashbourne Development, Matamata

**Owner:** Matamata Developments Limited

**Location:** Station Road, Matamata

I, Dave Sullivan, of CMW Geotechnical NZ Limited (Level 1, Block C/401 Grey Street, Hamilton)

Hereby confirm that:

1. I am a geo-professional as defined in Clause 1.5.1 of Part 1 General Information of the Matamata-Piako District Council Development Manual 2010 and was retained by the developer as the geo-professional on the above development.
2. The extent of my preliminary investigations is described in report HAM2023-0124AI Rev2 dated 17 October 2025.
3. In my professional opinion, not to be construed as a guarantee, I considered that the proposed works give due regards to land slope, liquefaction and foundation stability and settlement considerations and that the land is suitable for the proposed development provided the geotechnical constraints outlined within my geotechnical investigation report have been considered.
4. The professional opinion is furnished to the Council and the owner for the purpose along, on the express condition that it will not be relied upon by any other person and does not remove the necessity for further inspection during the course of the works.

**For and on behalf of CMW Geosciences**

Prepared by:



Dave Sullivan  
Principal Geotechnical Engineer  
CMEngNZ, CPEng

