

APPENDIX D: HAND AUGER LOGS

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Site Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project No.: HAM2023-0124
Date: 30/09/2025



Sheet 1 of 1

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 1.5m.

CMW Geosciences
Great People | Practical Solutions
1:25 Sheet 1 of 1

Sheet 1 of 1

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

This report is based on the attached field description for soil and rock, CMW Geosciences - Field Logging Guide, Revision 5 - August 2024.

CMW Geosciences
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Sheet 1 of 1

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

This report is based on the attached field description for soil and rock, CMW Geosciences - Field Logging Guide, Revision 5 - August 2024.

CMW Geosciences
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1:25 Sheet 1 of 1

Sheet 1 of 1

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

This report is based on the attached field description for soil and rock, CMW Geosciences - Field Logging Guide, Revision 5 - August 2024.

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Sheet 1 of 2

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

This report is based on the attached field description for soil and rock, CMW Geosciences - Field Logging Guide, Revision 5 - August 2024.

CMW Geosciences
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1:25 Sheet 1 of 1

Sheet 1 of 1

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

This report is based on the attached field description for soil and rock, CMW Geosciences - Field Logging Guide, Revision 5 - August 2024.

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Sheet 1 of 1

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

This report is based on the attached field description for soil and rock, CMW Geosciences - Field Logging Guide, Revision 5 - August 2024.

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Site Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project No.: HAM2023-0124
Date: 01/10/2025



Sheet 1 of 1

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Remarks: Groundwater encountered at 3.3m

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1:25 Sheet 1 of 1

Sheet 1 of 1

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

This report is based on the attached field description for soil and rock, CMW Geosciences - Field Logging Guide, Revision 5 - August 2024.

APPENDIX E: MACHINE AUGER LOGS

BOREHOLE LOG - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Site Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project No.: HAM2023-0124
Date: 03/10/2025
Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan



Logged by: LA Checked by: BM Scale: 1:50 Sheet 1 of 2

Position: 487615.0mE; 695140.2mN Projection: Mount Eden 2000
Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Well	Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency/Relative Density	Weathering					Recovery	RQD	Estimated Strength					Defect Spacing (mm)	Drilling Method/Support	Structure & Other Observations Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks	
		Depth	Type & Results							RS	CW	HW	MW	SW			UW	EW	VW	W	MS				S
		1.5	SPT: = 3 (0, 1 / 0, 1, 1, 1)		1		OL: Organic SILT: dark brown. No plasticity. (Topsoil) ML: SILT: orange brown. Low plasticity. (Recent Alluvium) CH: Silty CLAY: light brown mottled orange brown. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) SW: Silty fine to medium SAND: brown mottled orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 1.10m, containing some fine to coarse pumiceous sand. CH: Silty CLAY: light brownish grey mottled orange brown. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) SP: Fine SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand. Grey. Poorly graded. (Hinuera Formation)								100										
		3.0	SPT: = 2 (2, 1 / 1, 0, 0, 1)		2		SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and trace fine pumiceous gravel. grey mottled orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ML: SILT: light brownish grey streaked light brown. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) ... from 3.45m to 3.50m, lens of fine to coarse sand ... from 3.80m to 4.15m, containing some fine sand ... at 4.30m, containing minor fine to coarse sand SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with minor silt and trace coarse pumiceous sand. Grey. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and fine pumiceous gravel. Dark grey streaked orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 5.60m, containing some fine to medium pumiceous gravel.									72									
		4.5	SPT: = 4 (1, 0 / 1, 1, 1, 1)		3		SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and trace fine pumiceous gravel. grey mottled orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ML: SILT: light brownish grey streaked light brown. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) ... from 3.45m to 3.50m, lens of fine to coarse sand ... from 3.80m to 4.15m, containing some fine sand ... at 4.30m, containing minor fine to coarse sand SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with minor silt and trace coarse pumiceous sand. Grey. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and fine pumiceous gravel. Dark grey streaked orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 5.60m, containing some fine to medium pumiceous gravel.									84									
		6.0	SPT: = 12 (1, 1 / 2, 3, 3, 4)		4		SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and trace fine pumiceous gravel. Dark grey streaked orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 5.60m, containing some fine to medium pumiceous gravel.									91									
		7.5	SPT: = 15 (3, 2 / 3, 4, 4, 4)		5		SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and trace fine pumiceous gravel. Dark grey streaked orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 5.60m, containing some fine to medium pumiceous gravel.									79									
		9.0	SPT: = 15 (3, 3 / 3, 6, 5, 1)		6		SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and trace fine pumiceous gravel. Dark grey streaked orange brown. Well graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 5.60m, containing some fine to medium pumiceous gravel.									71									
					7		... at 7.10m, becoming some fine pumiceous gravel.									52									
					8																				
					9																				
					10																				

Termination Reason: Target depth reached.

Shear Vane No: - DCP No: -

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.

BOREHOLE LOG - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Site Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project No.: HAM2023-0124
Date: 03/10/2025
Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan



Logged by: LA Checked by: BM Scale: 1:50 Sheet 2 of 2

Position: 487615.0mE; 695140.2mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Well	Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency/ Relative Density	Weathering							Recovery	RQD	Estimated Strength					Defect Spacing (mm)					Drilling Method/ Support	Structure & Other Observations Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
		Depth	Type & Results							RS	CW	HW	MW	SW	UW	EW			VW	W	MS	S	VS	ES	<20	20-40	40-60	60-80			80-100	>2000																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
		10.5	SPT: = 16 (2, 2 / 3, 4, 5, 4)		11		CH: CLAY: with some fine to coarse sand, light brownish grey. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) ... at 10.35m, becoming trace fine to coarse sand																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									</

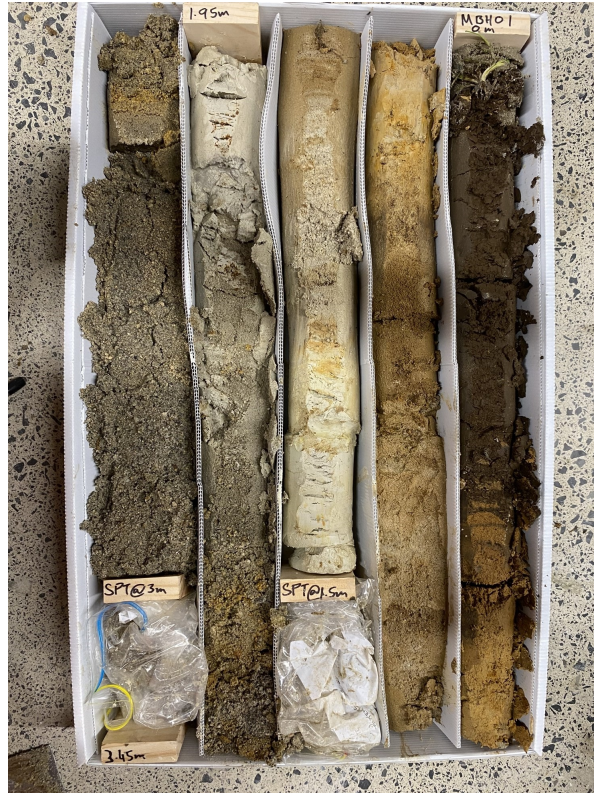
Termination Reason: Target depth reached.

Shear Vane No: - DCP No: -

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.

PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project ID: HAM2023-0124
Date: 03/10/2025



BH25-01: 0.00m - 3.45m



BH25-01: 3.45m - 6.45m

This borehole report must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination.

PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project ID: HAM2023-0124
Date: 03/10/2025



BH25-01: 6.45m - 9.75m

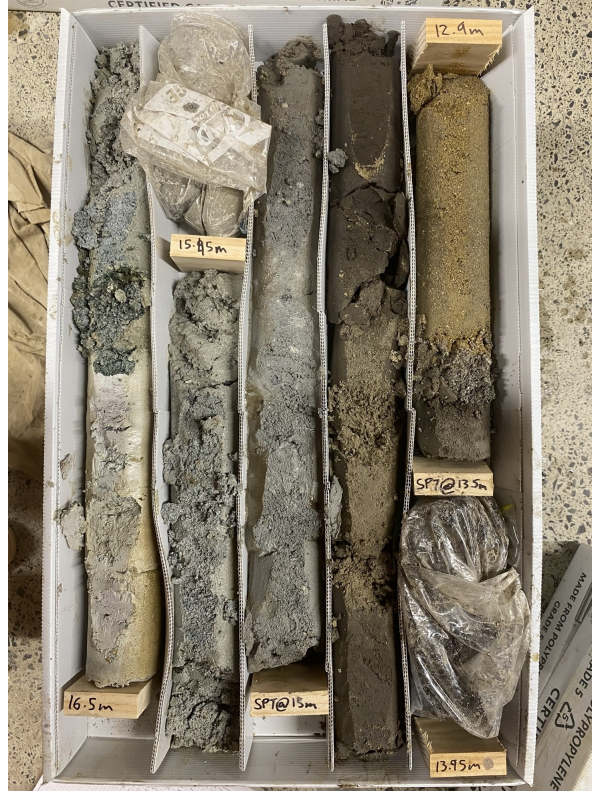


BH25-01: 9.75m - 12.90m

This borehole report must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination.

PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-01

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project ID: HAM2023-0124
Date: 03/10/2025



BH25-01: 12.90m - 16.50m



BH25-01: 16.50m - 19.95m

This borehole report must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination.

BOREHOLE LOG - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd

Project: Station Road

Site Location: Station Road, Matamata

Project No.: HAM2023-0124

Date: 01/10/2025

Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan

Logged by: LA

Checked by: BM

Scale: 1:50

Sheet 1 of 2



Position: 486662.0mE; 695107.5mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Well	Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency/ Relative Density	Weathering					Recovery	RQD	Estimated Strength					Defect Spacing (mm)					Drilling Method/ Support	Structure & Other Observations Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks
		Depth	Type & Results							RS	CW	HW	MW	SW			UW	EW	VW	W	MS	S	VS	ES	<20	20-60		
		1.5	SPT: = 1 (1, 0 / 0, 0, 0, 1)		1		OL: Organic SILT: dark brown. No plasticity. (Topsoil) ML: SILT: light brown. Low plasticity. (Recent Alluvium)								99													
		3.0	SPT: = 2 (1, 1 / 1, 1, 0, 0)		2		SW: Fine to coarse SAND: with some silt and trace fine to medium pumiceous sands. Greyish brown. Well graded, subrounded to subangular. (Recent Alluvium)									73												
		4.5	SPT: = 7 (1, 1 / 1, 2, 2, 2)		3		SP: Silty fine SAND: with trace medium to coarse pumcious sand. Light greyish brown. Poorly graded, subrounded. (Hinuera Formation)									57												
		6.0	SPT: = 0 (0, 0 / 0, 0, 0, 0)		4		CH: Silty CLAY: with minor fine sand. Light orange brown. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)																					
		7.5	SPT: = 5 (1, 0 / 1, 1, 2, 1)		5		SW: Silty fine to coarse SAND: with some fine to coarse pumiceous sand. Grey. Well graded, subrounded to subangular. (Hinuera Formation) ... from 4.30m to 4.40m, lens of organic silt and clay SP: Silty fine SAND: containing some fine to coarse pumicious sand and fine to medium pumiceous gravel. Light grey. Poorly graded. (Hinuera Formation)									77												
		9.0	SPT: = 2 (1, 0 / 1, 0, 1, 0)		6		CH: Silty CLAY: with trace fine pumcious gravel. Dark grey. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) ML: SILT: light grey. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) ML: Clayey SILT: with minor coarse pumcious sand. Grey. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)									69												
					7		ML: Fine to coarse sandy SILT: with some coarse pumiceous sand. Grey. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) SP: Silty fine SAND: containing some fine to coarse pumiceous sand and fine to medium pumiceous gravel. Light grey. Poorly graded. (Hinuera Formation)																					
					8		ML: SILT: interbedded with fine to coarse sand. Light brownish grey streaked dark grey and brown. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)									72												
					9		CH: CLAY: light greyish green mottled light grey. High plasticity. (Hinuera Formation) ML: SILT: interbedded with fine sand. Light grey streaked grey. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)									70												
					10		... at 10.00m, becoming clayey silt																					

Termination Reason: Target depth reached.

Shear Vane No: -

DCP No: -

Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.

BOREHOLE LOG - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Site Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project No.: HAM2023-0124
Date: 01/10/2025
Borehole Location: Refer to Site Plan



Logged by: LA Checked by: BM Scale: 1:50 Sheet 2 of 2

Position: 486662.0mE; 695107.5mN

Projection: Mount Eden 2000

Datum: Moturiki 1953

Survey Source: Hand-held GPS

Well	Groundwater	Samples & Insitu Tests		RL (m)	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Material Description Soil: Soil symbol; soil type; colour; structure; bedding; plasticity; sensitivity; additional comments. (origin/geological unit) Rock: Colour; fabric; rock name; additional comments. (origin/geological unit)	Moisture Condition	Consistency/ Relative Density	Weathering							Recovery	RQD	Estimated Strength					Defect Spacing (mm)				Drilling Method/ Support	Structure & Other Observations Discontinuities: Depth; Defect Number; Defect Type; Dip; Defect Shape; Roughness; Aperture; Infill; Seepage; Spacing; Block Size; Block Shape; Remarks																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
		Depth	Type & Results							RS	CW	HW	MW	SW	UW	EW			VW	W	MS	S	VS	ES	<20	20-40	40-60			60-80	>80																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																				
		10.5	SPT: = 4 (1, 0 / 1, 0, 1, 2)				ML: Fine sandy SILT: light brownish grey. Low plasticity. (Hinuera Formation)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												</

Termination Reason: Target depth reached.

Shear Vane No: - DCP No: -

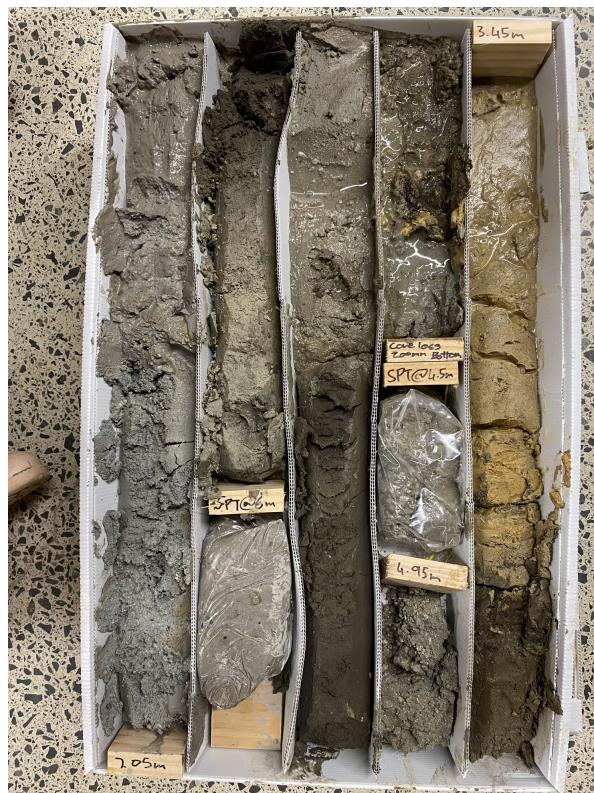
Remarks: Groundwater not encountered.

PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project ID: HAM2023-0124
Date: 01/10/2025



BH25-02: 0.00m - 3.45m

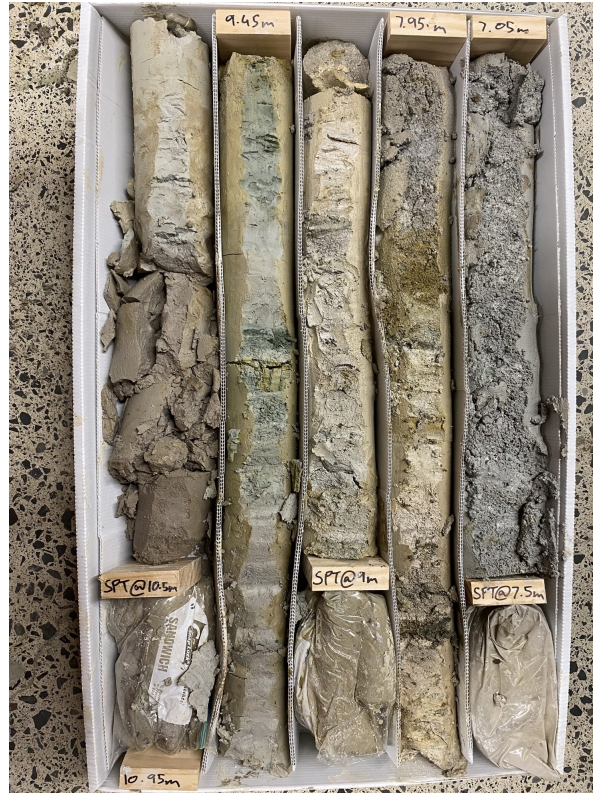


BH25-02: 3.45m - 7.05m

This borehole report must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination.

PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project ID: HAM2023-0124
Date: 01/10/2025



BH25-02: 7.05m - 10.95m



BH25-02: 10.95m - 14.45m

This borehole report must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination.

PHOTOGRAPH SHEET - BH25-02

Client: Maven Associates Ltd
Project: Station Road
Location: Station Road, Matamata
Project ID: HAM2023-0124
Date: 01/10/2025



BH25-02: 14.45m - 17.55m



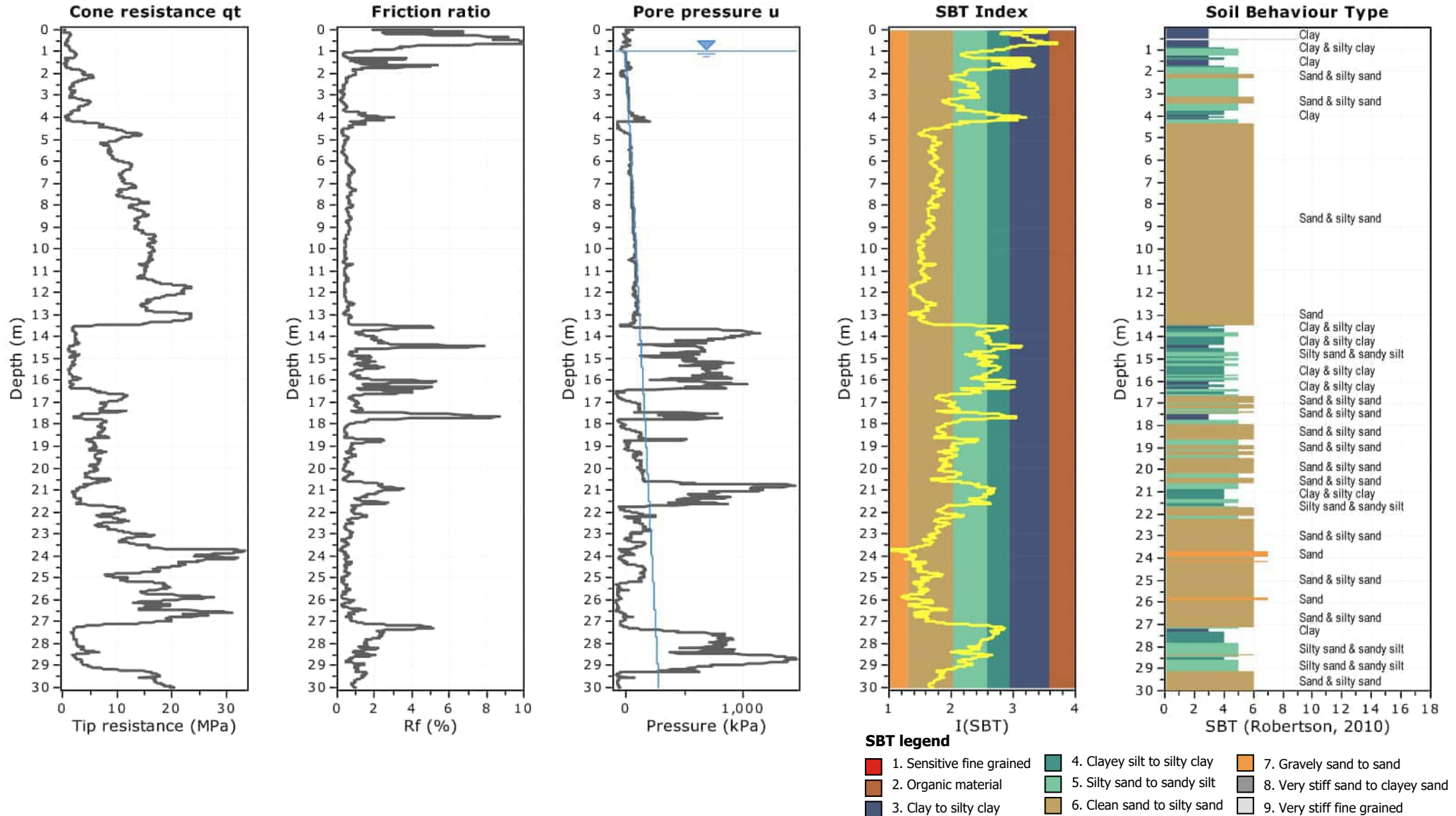
BH25-02: 17.55m - 19.95m

This borehole report must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination.

APPENDIX F: CPT LOGS

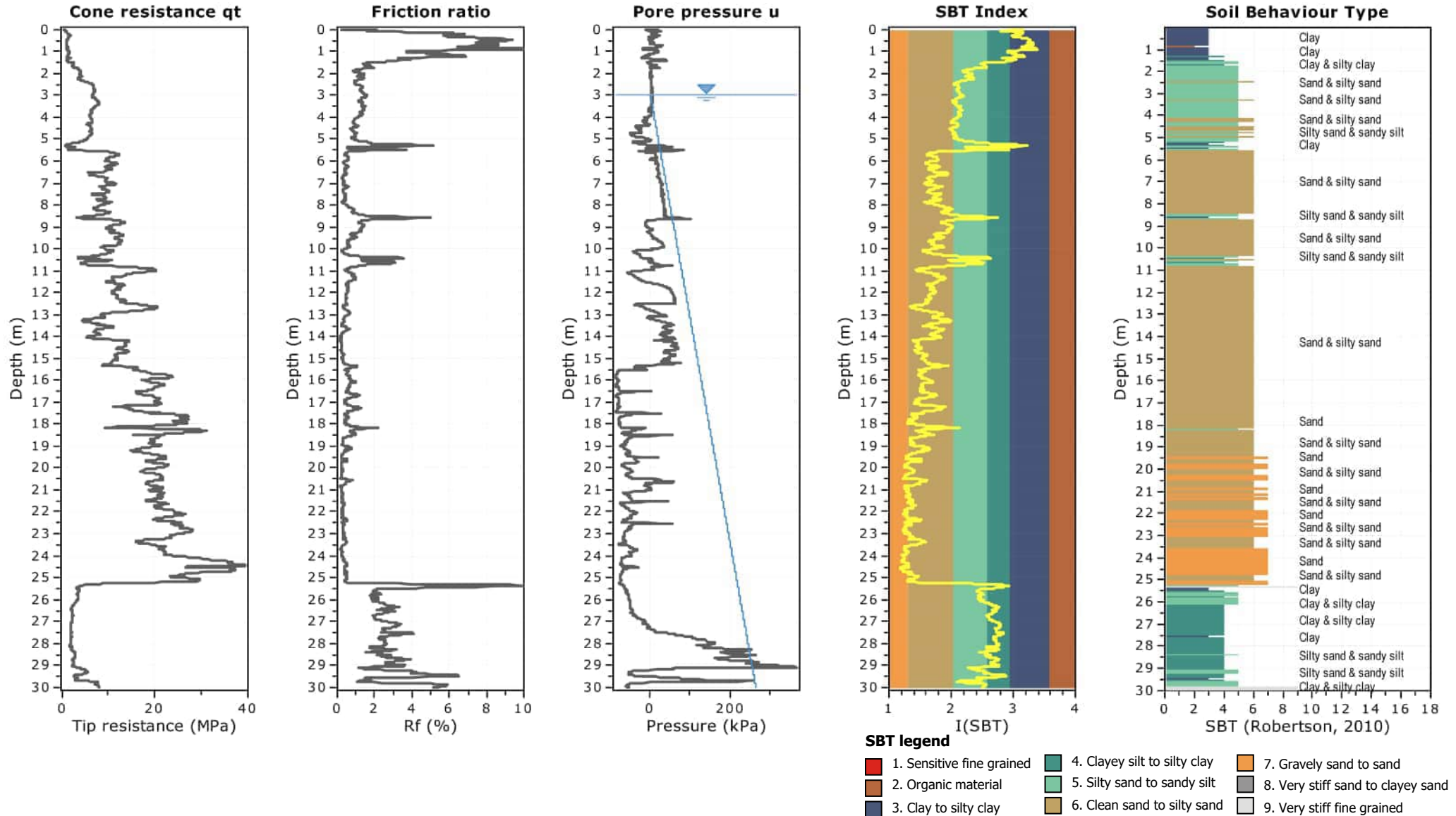
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



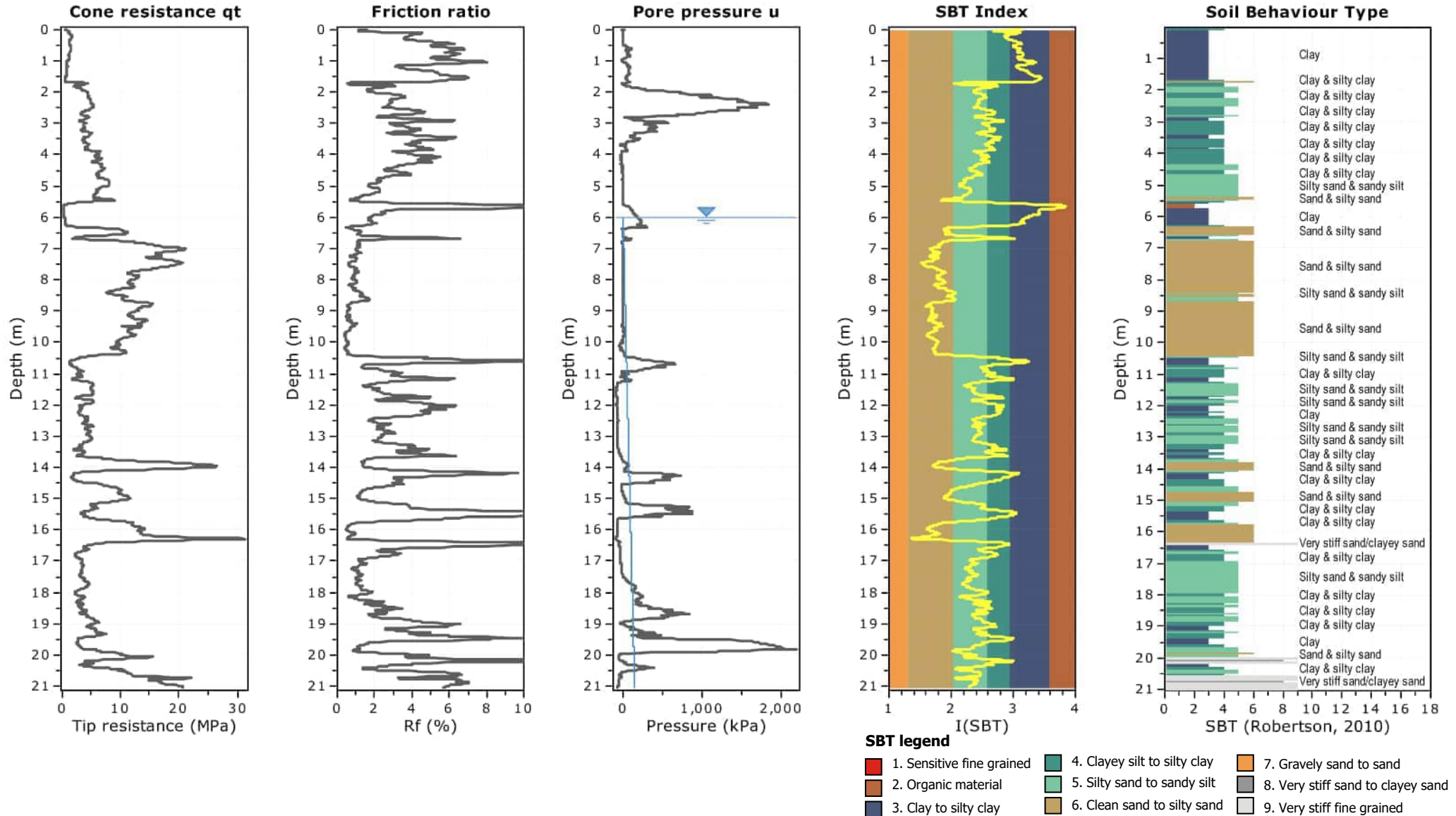
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



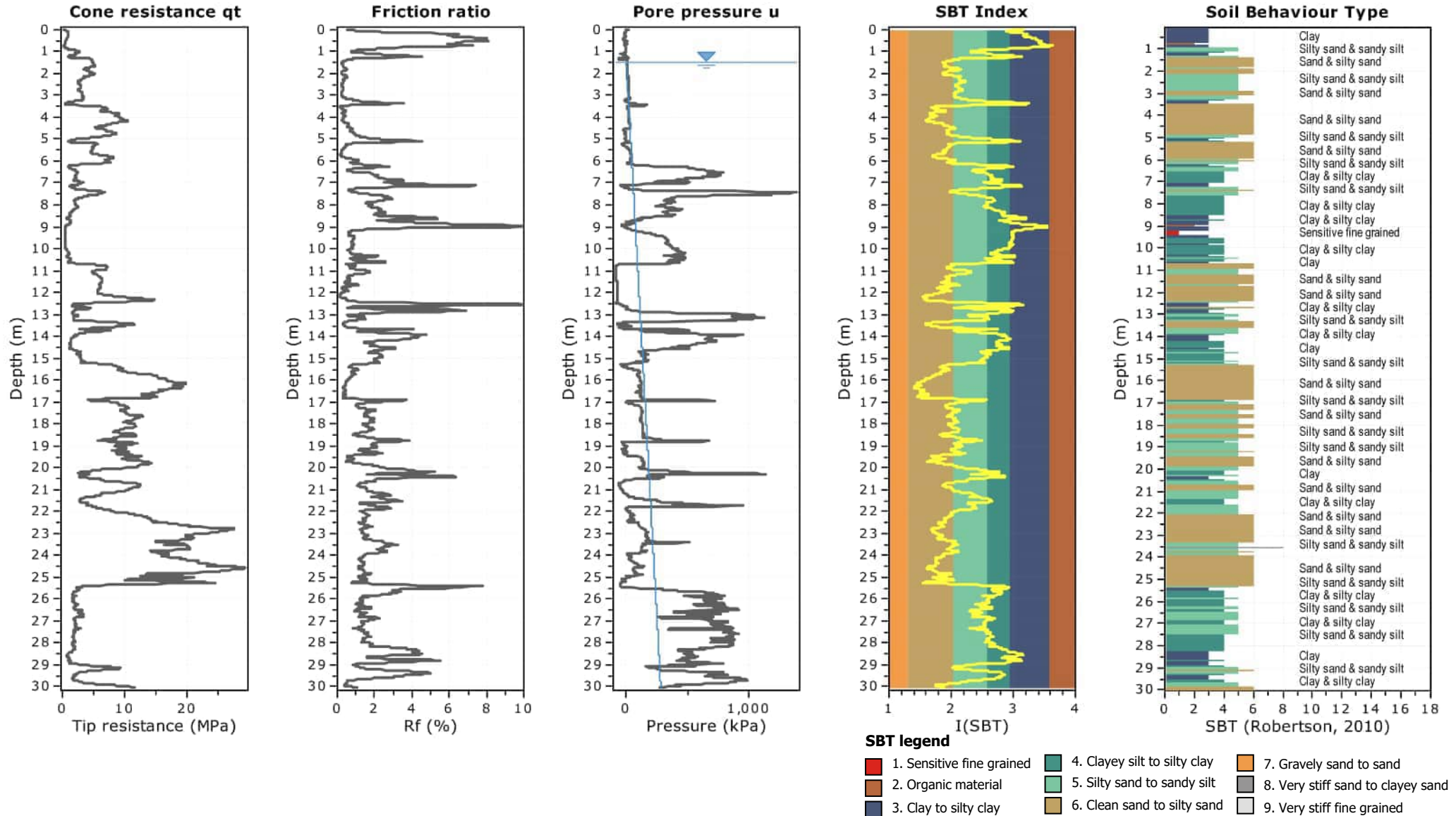
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



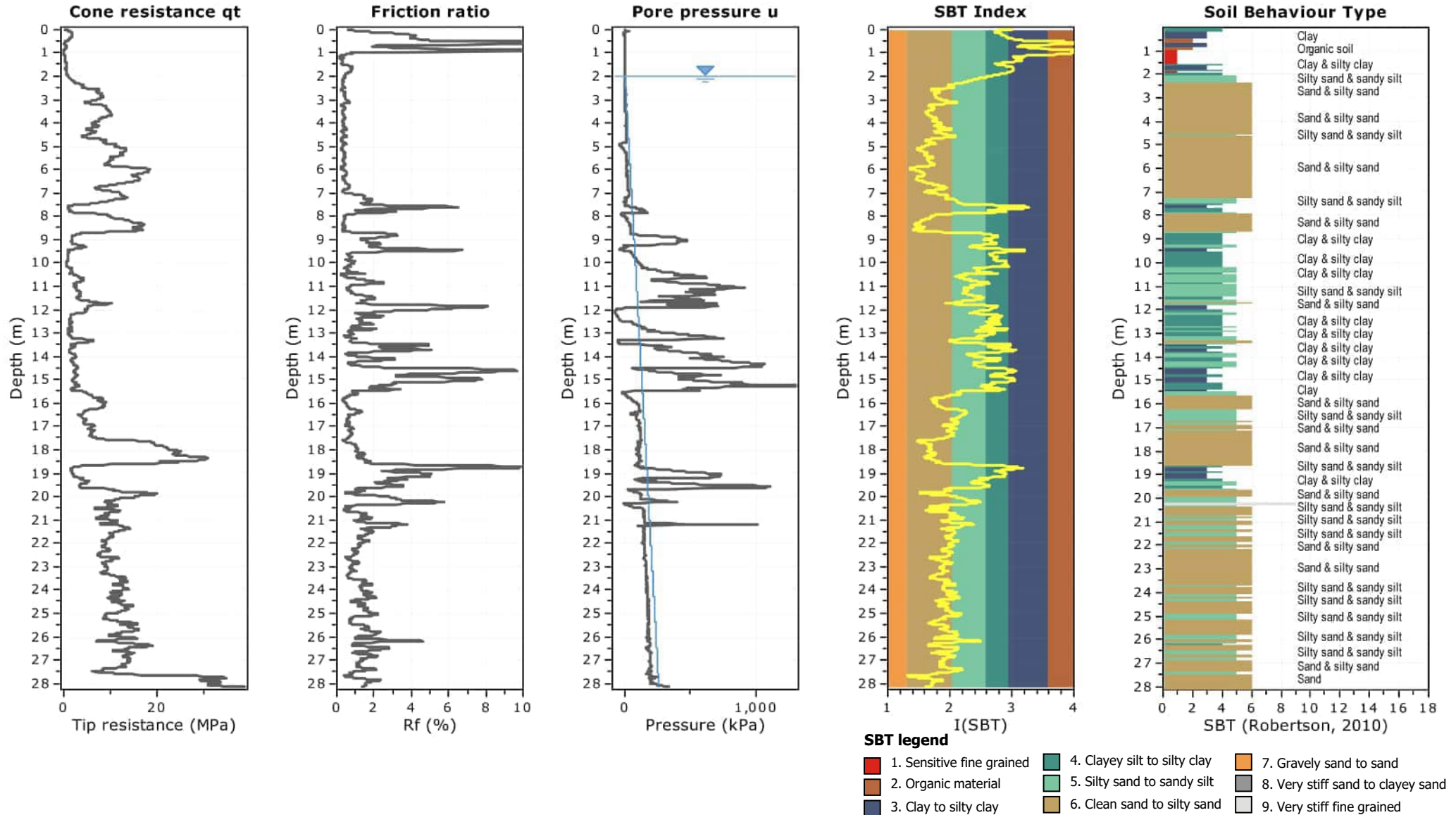
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



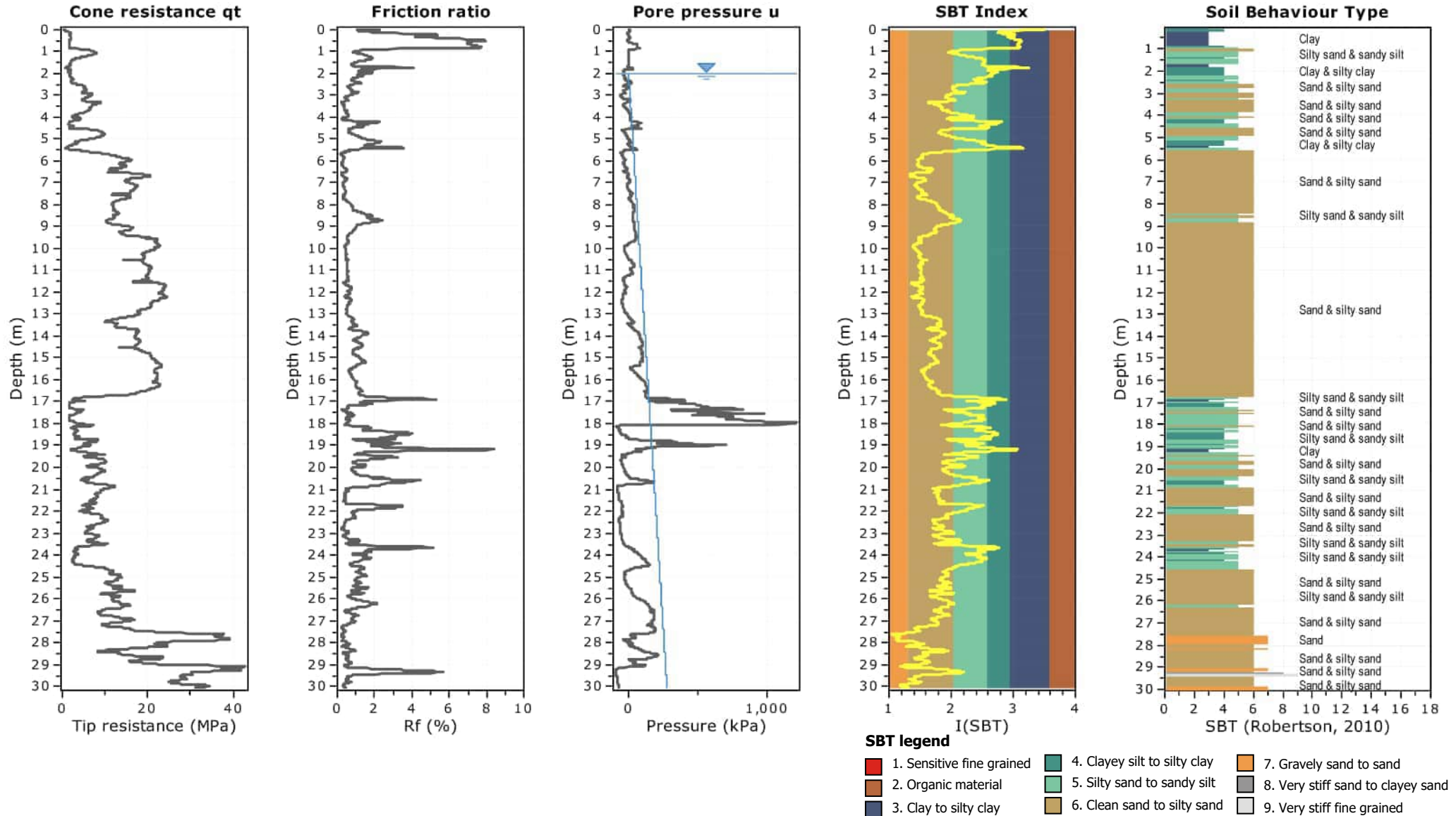
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



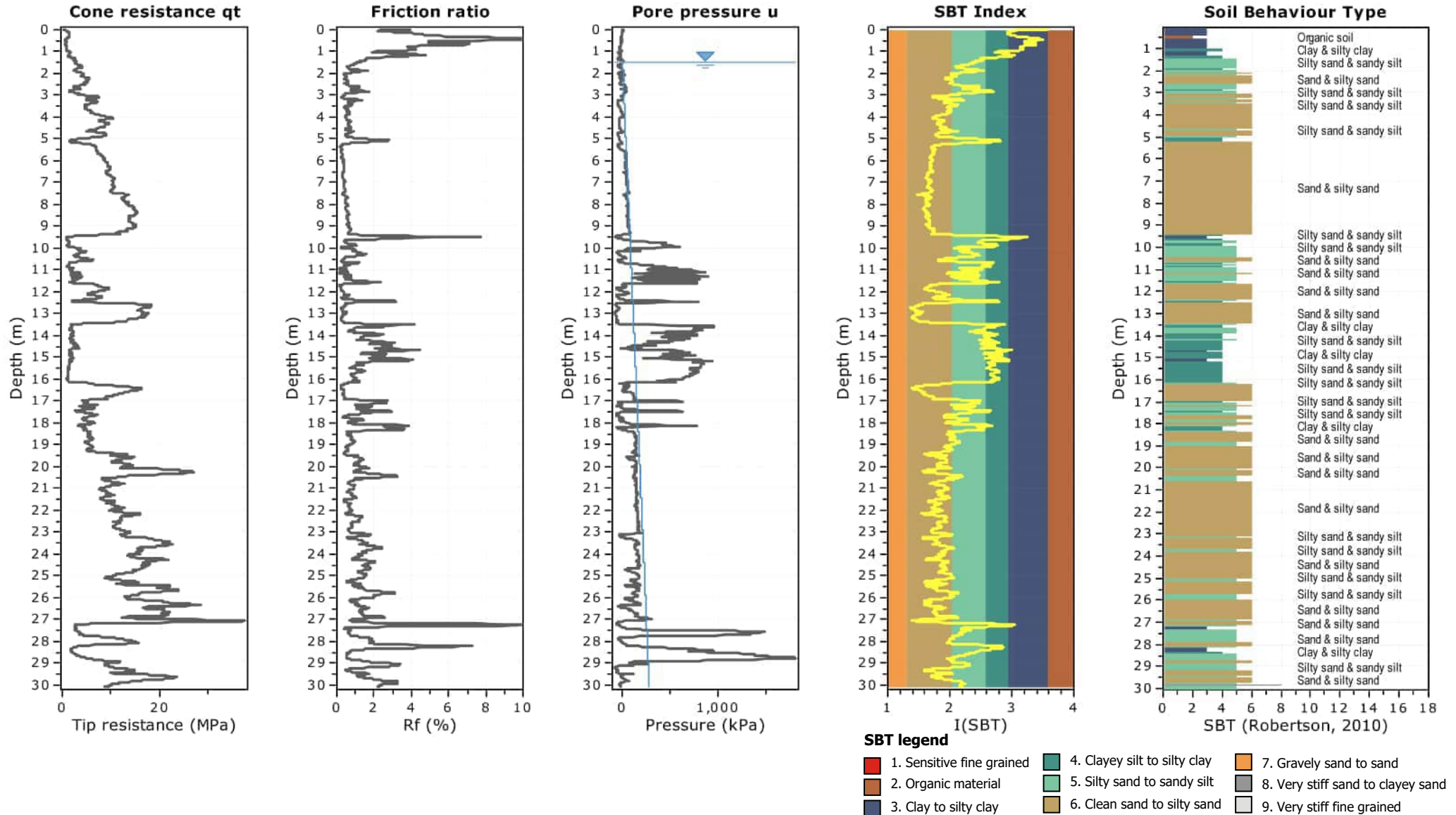
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



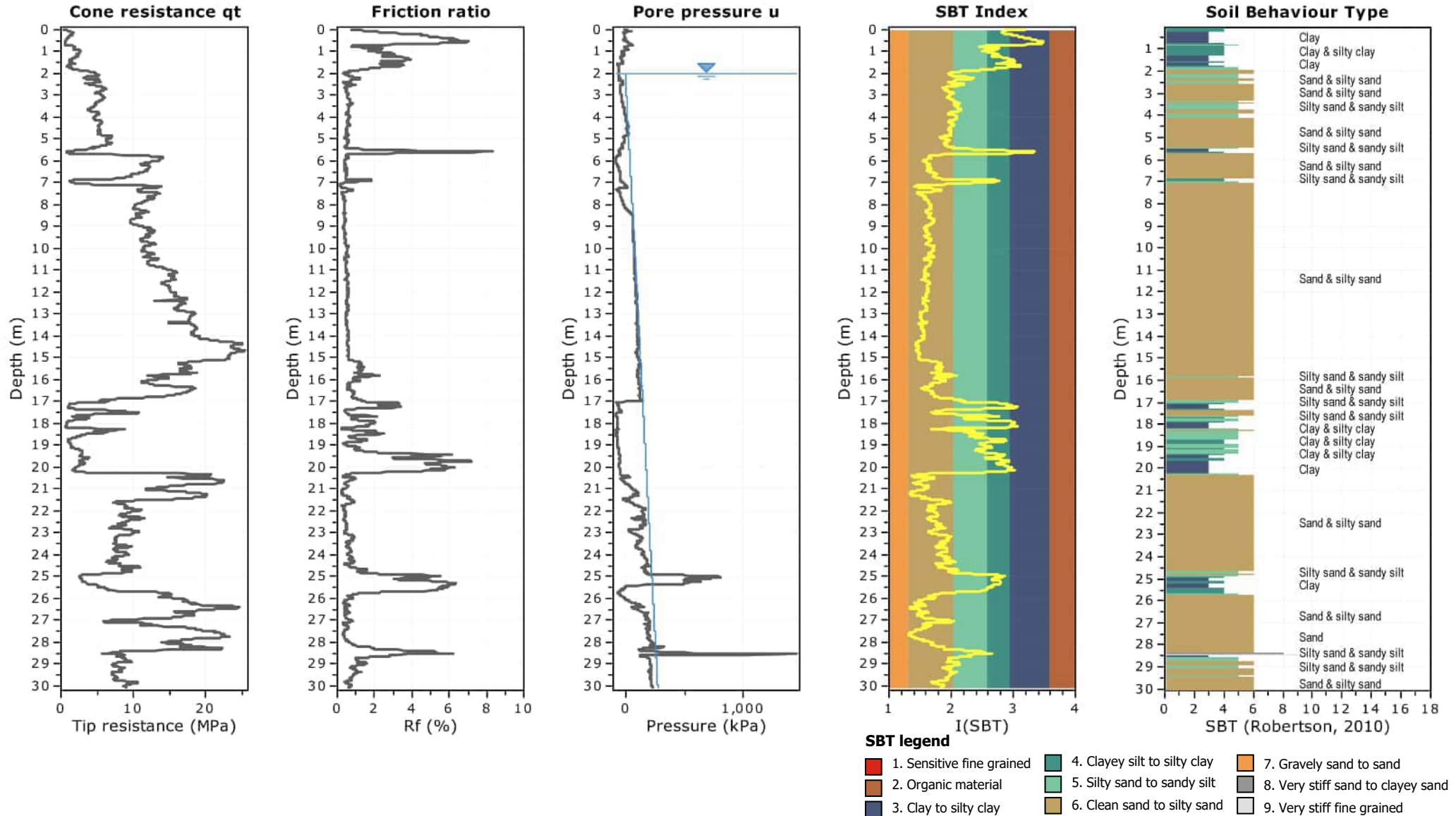
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



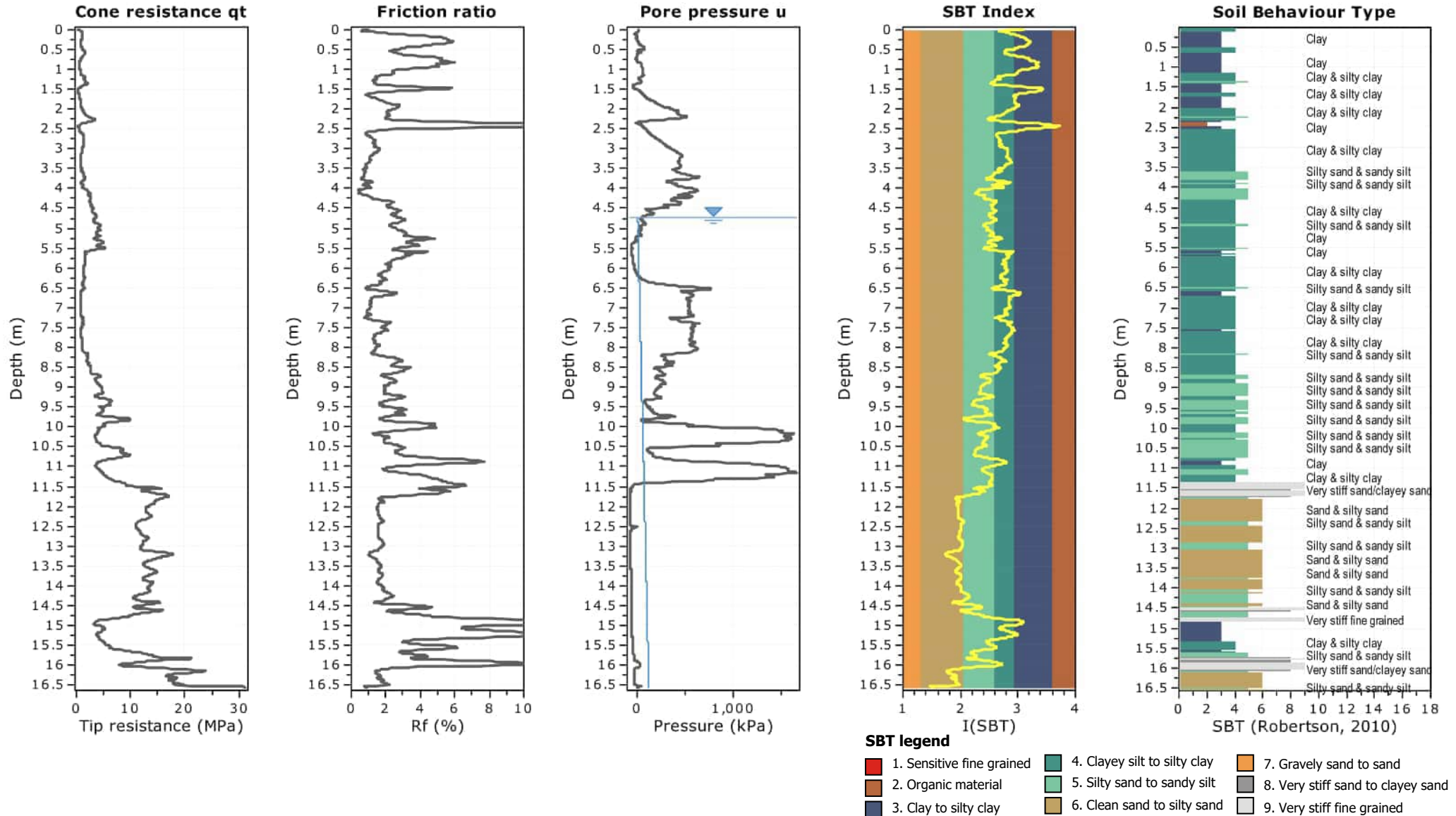
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



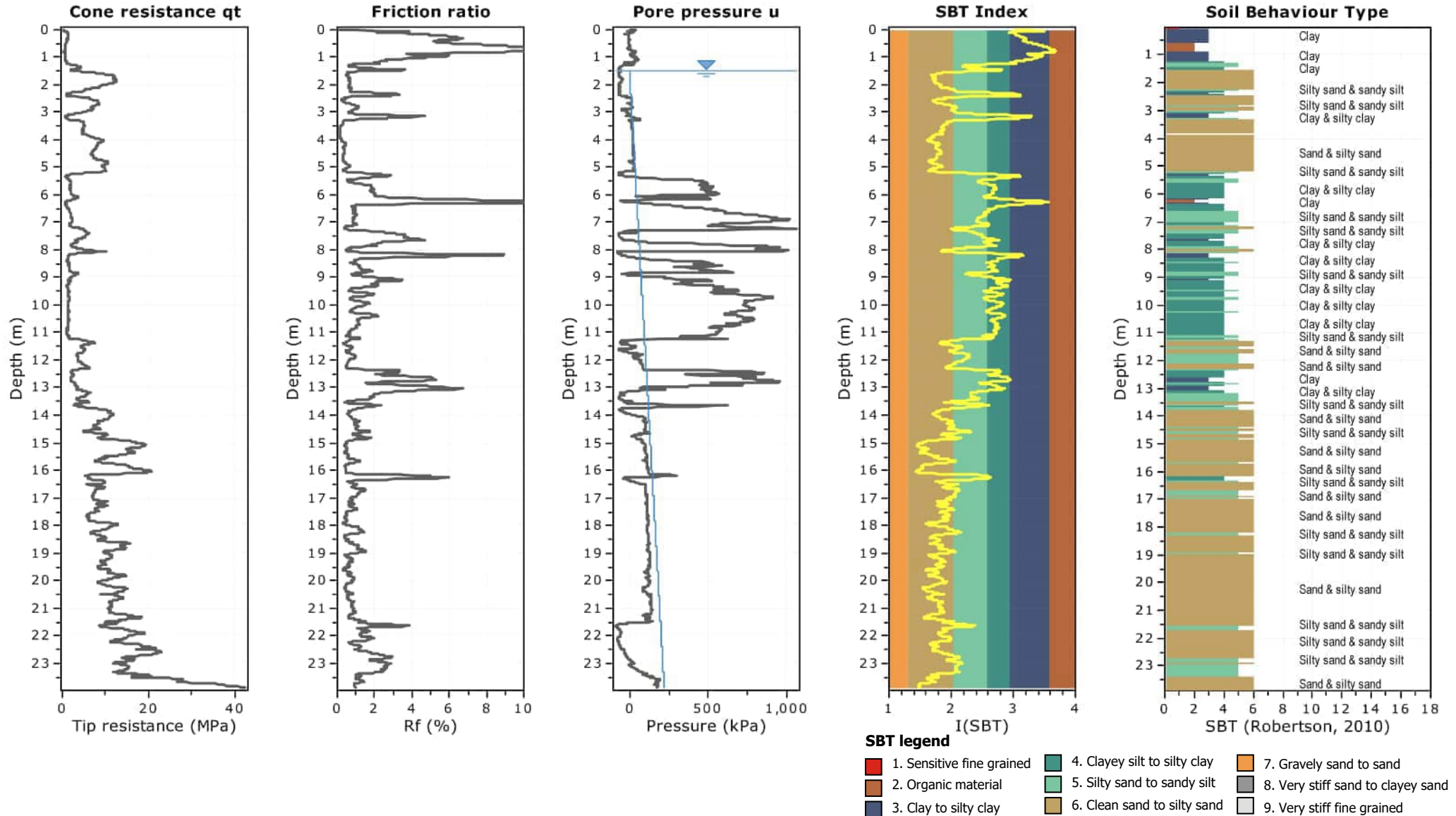
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



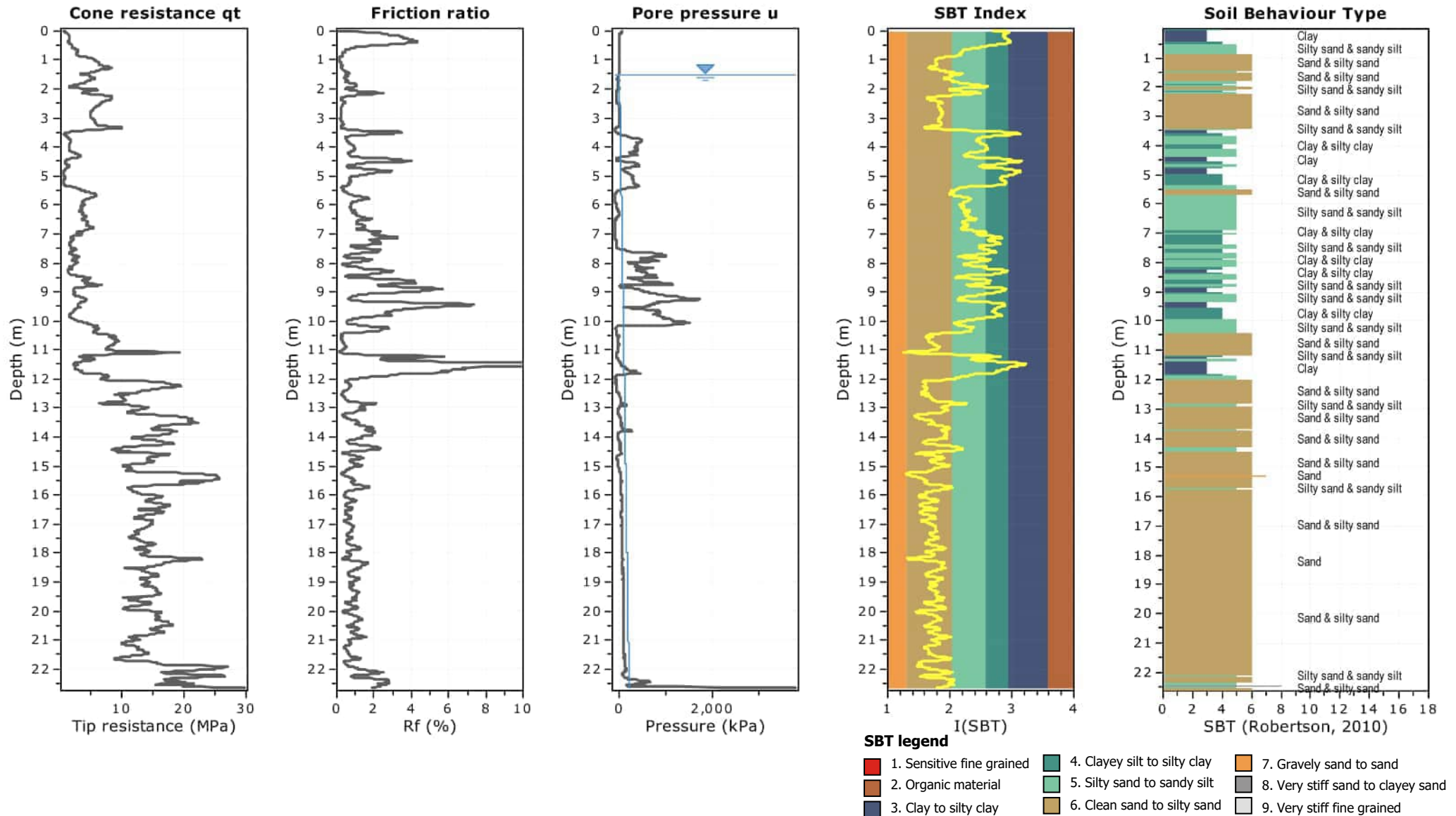
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



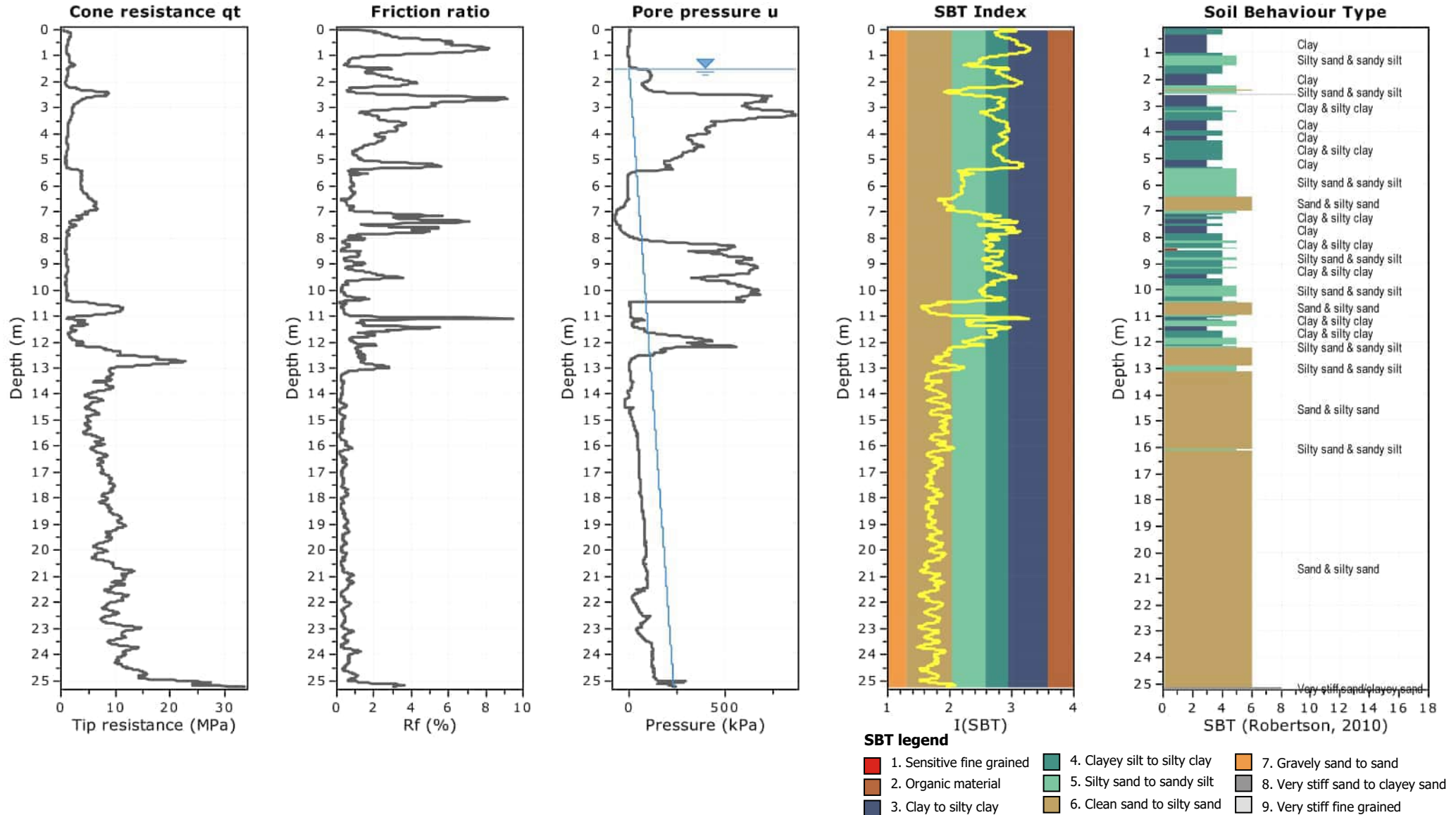
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



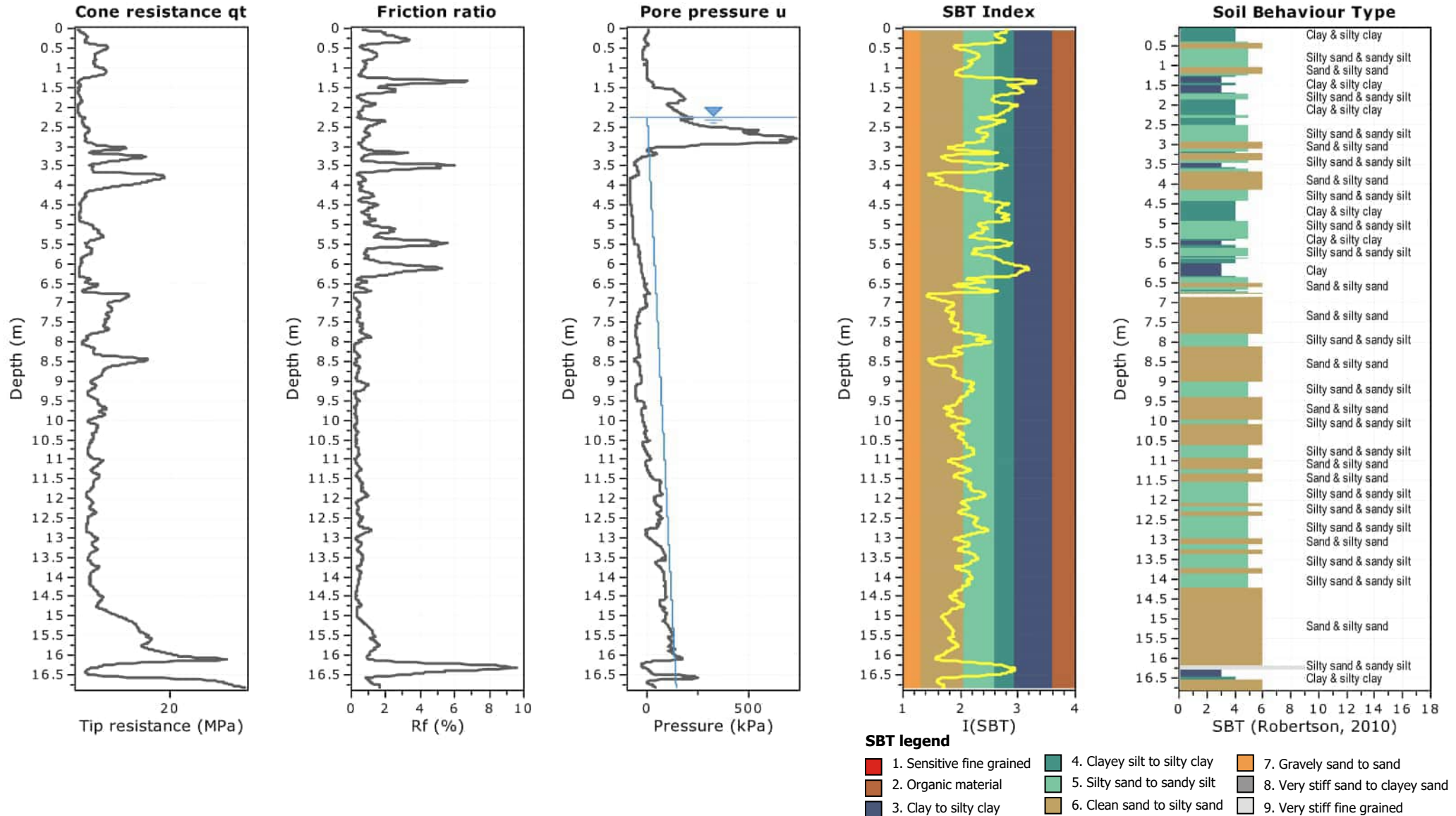
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



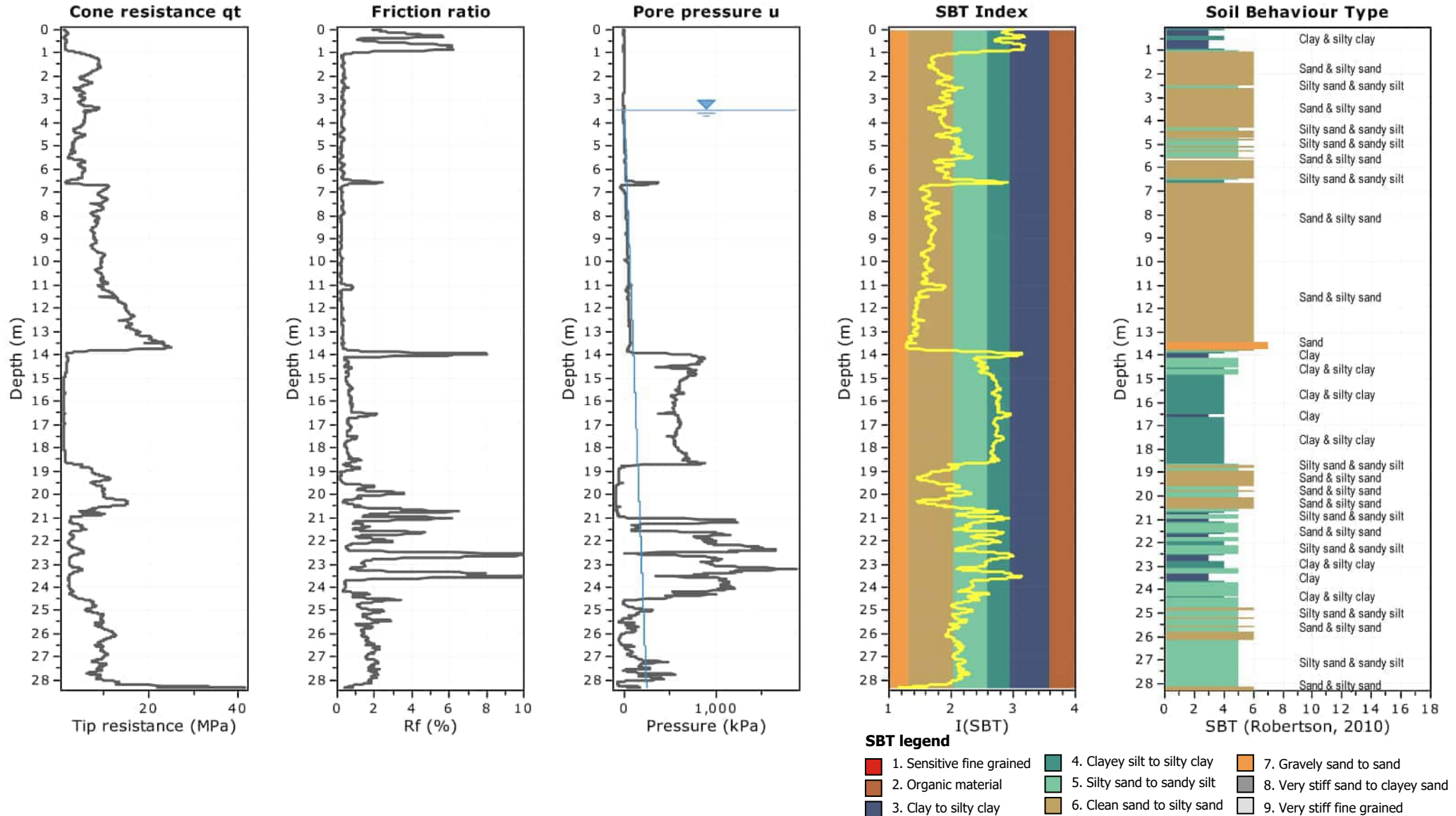
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



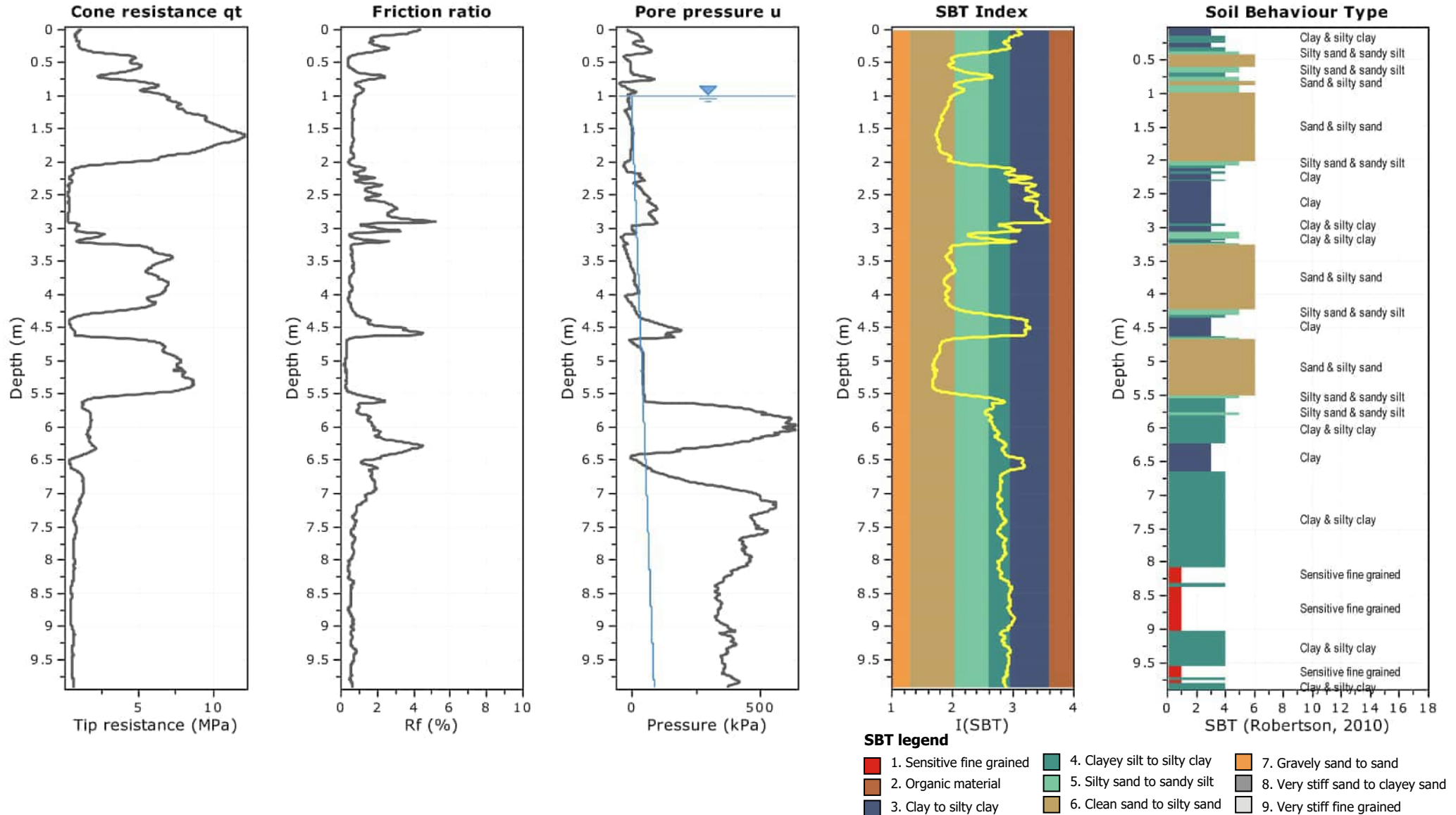
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



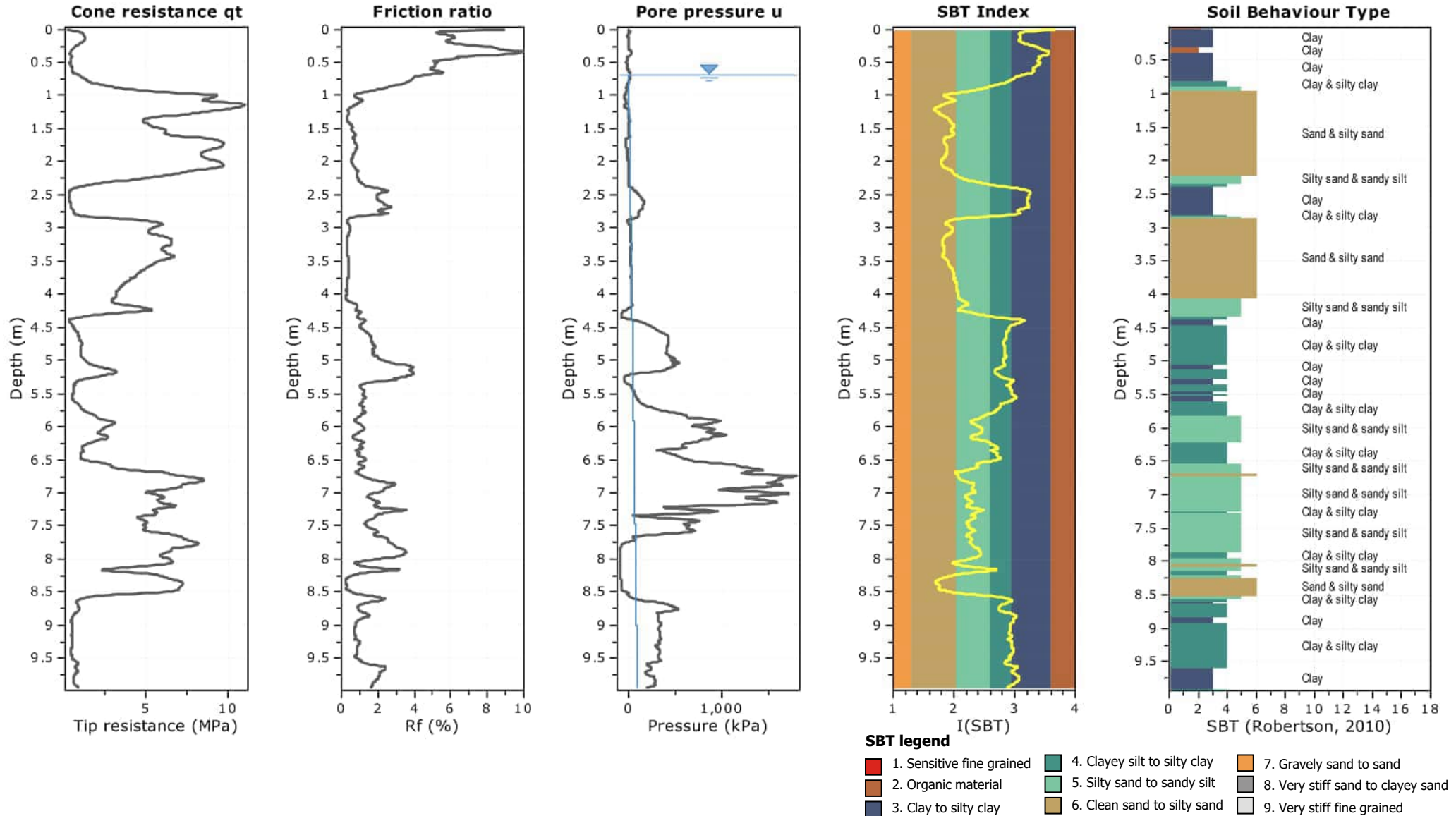
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



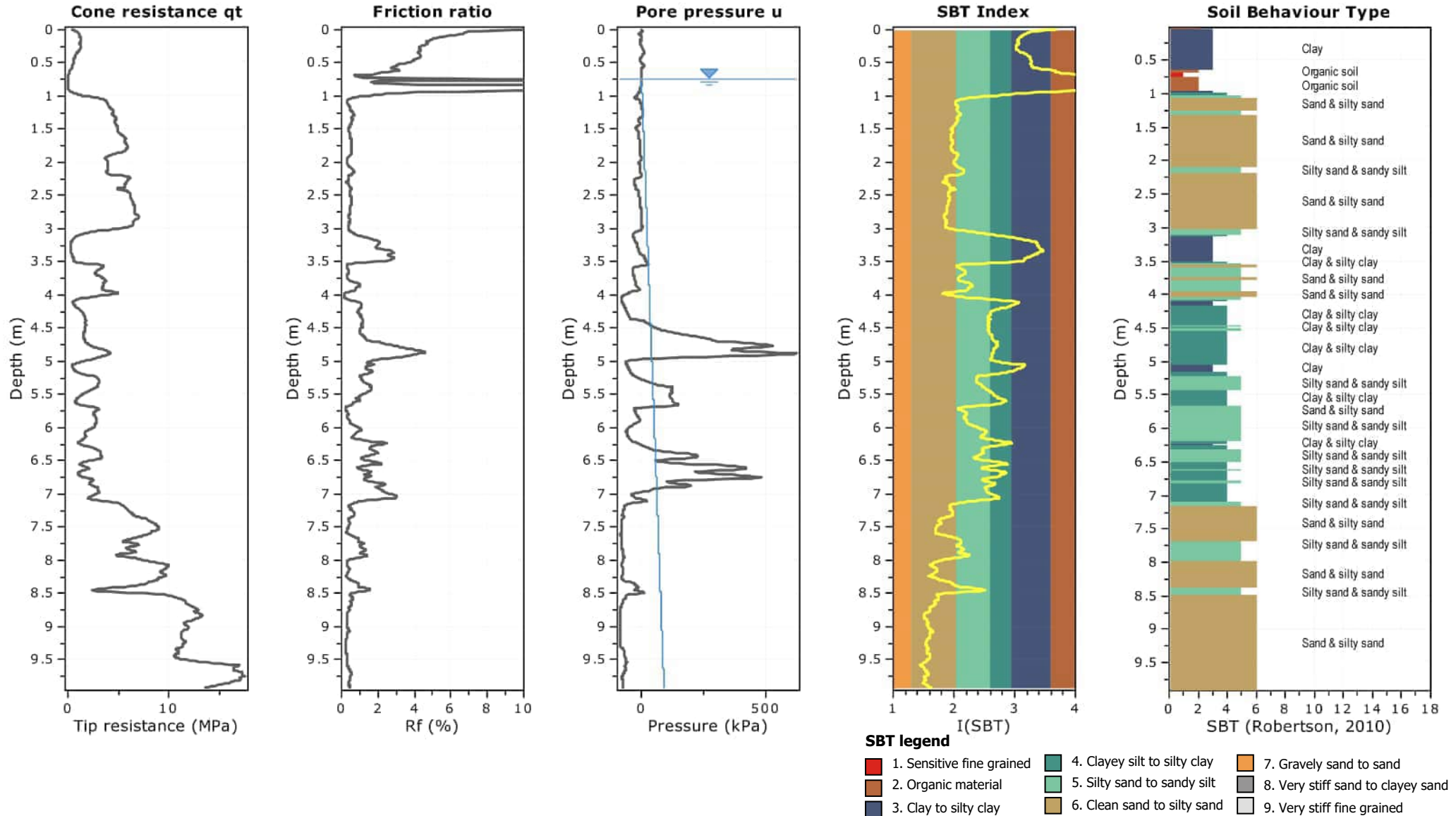
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



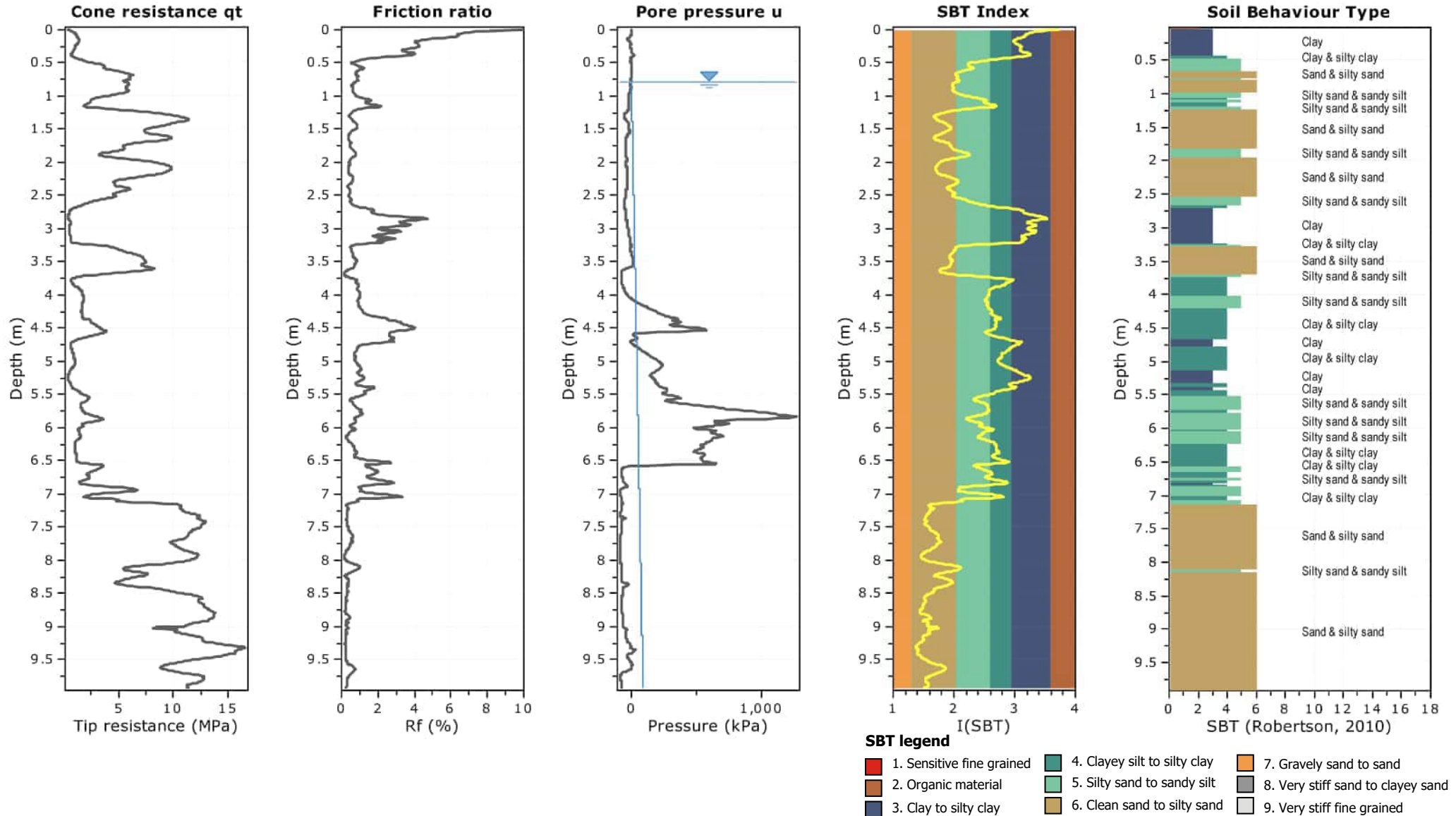
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



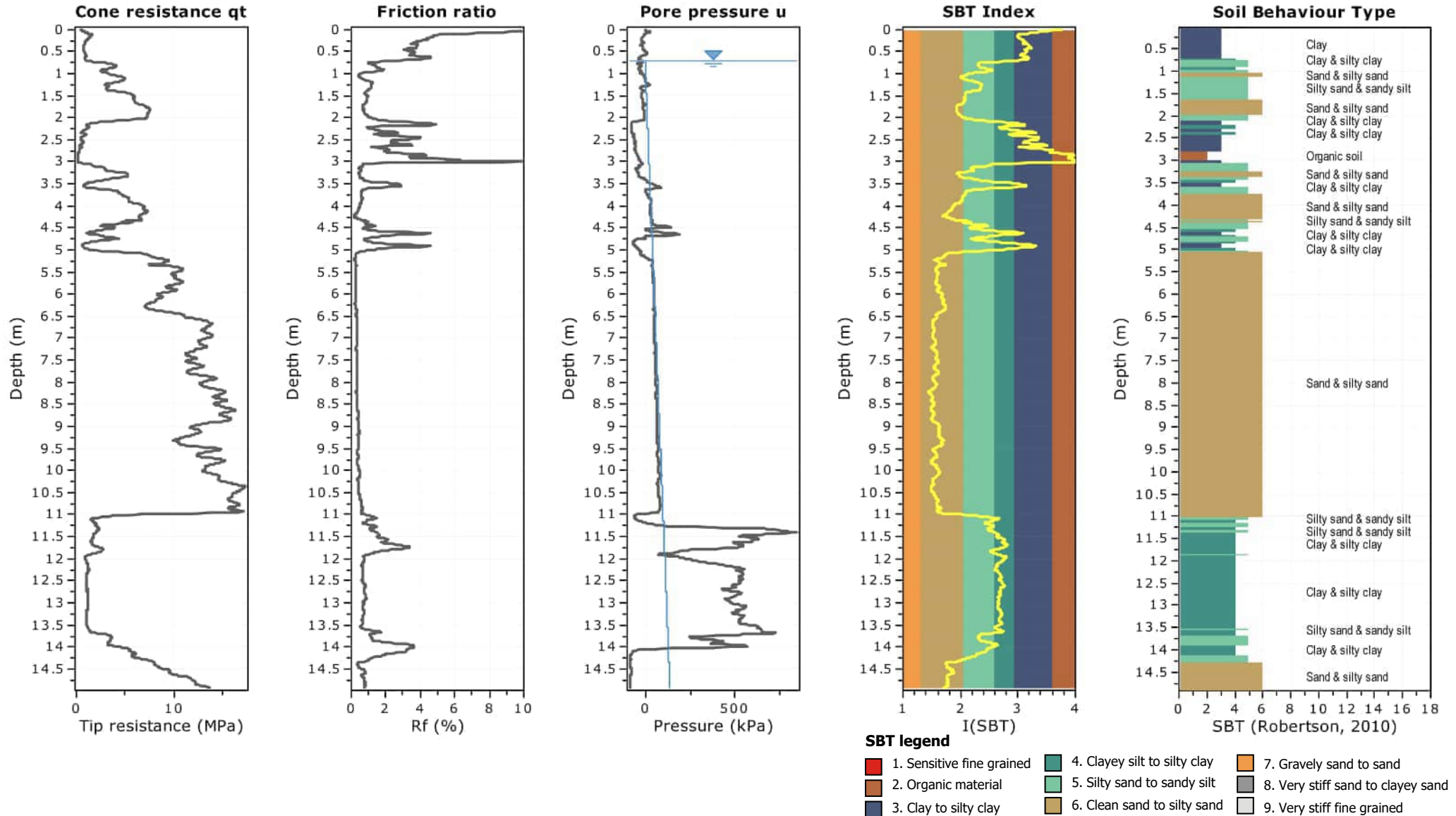
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



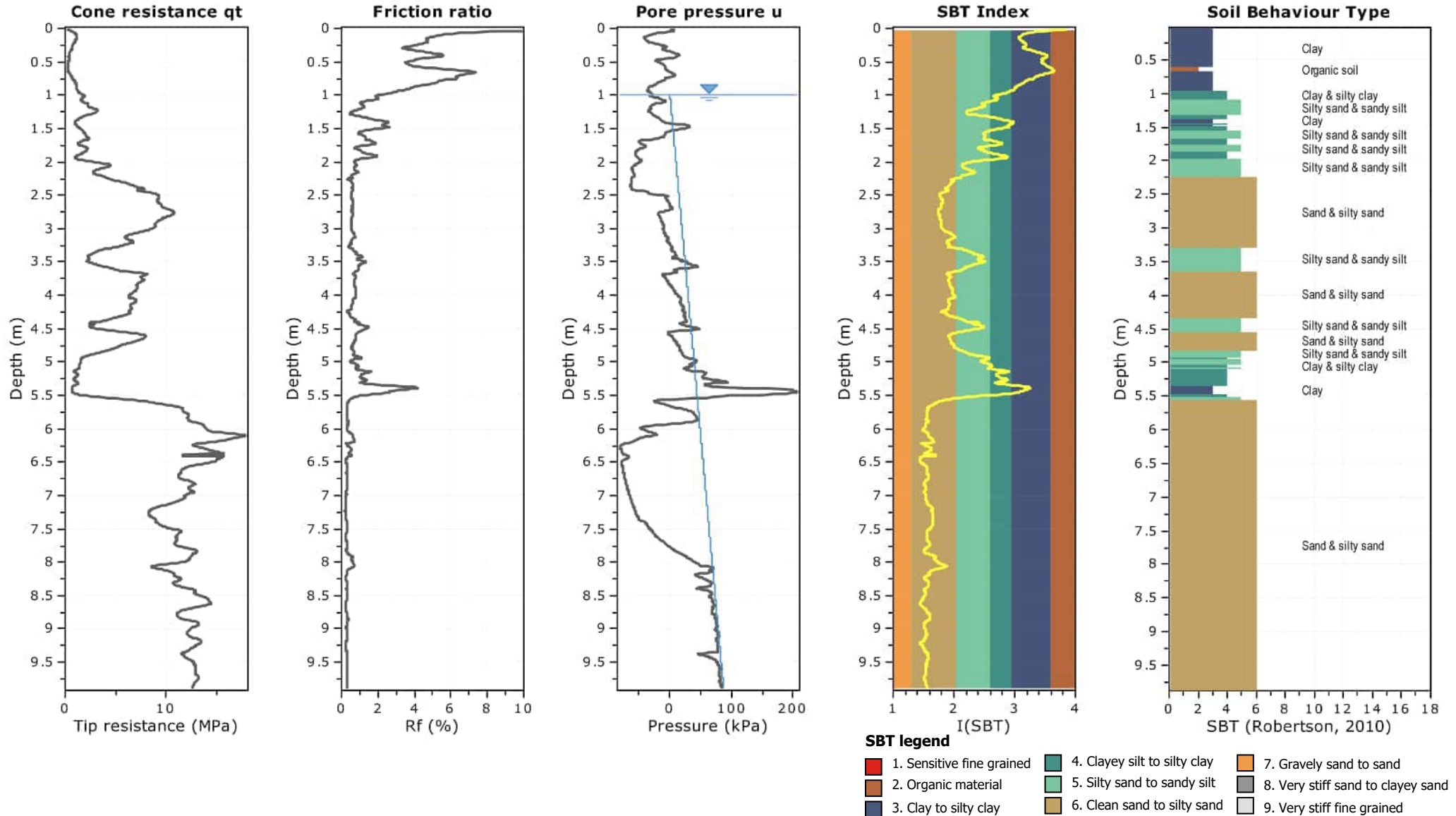
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



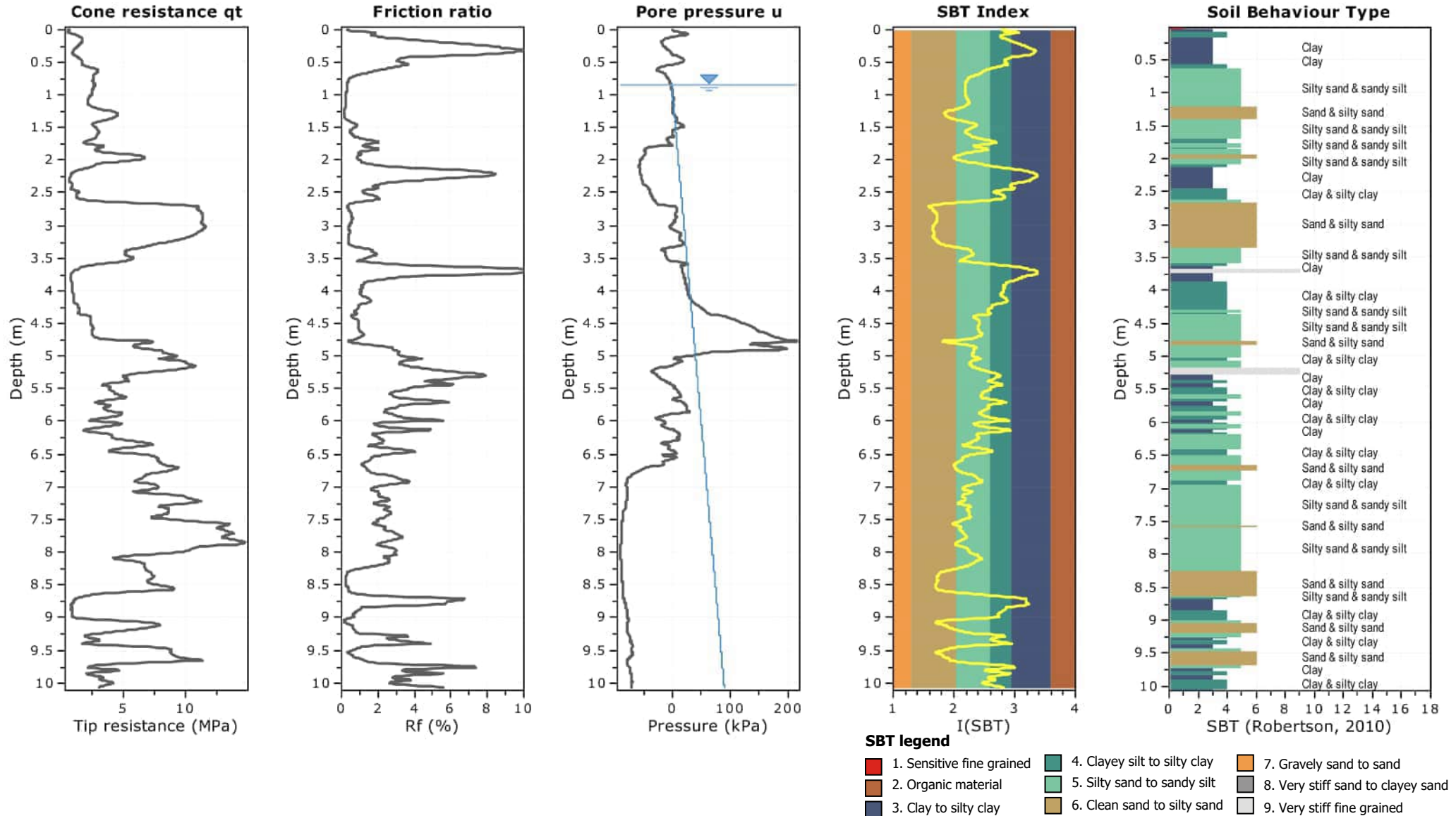
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



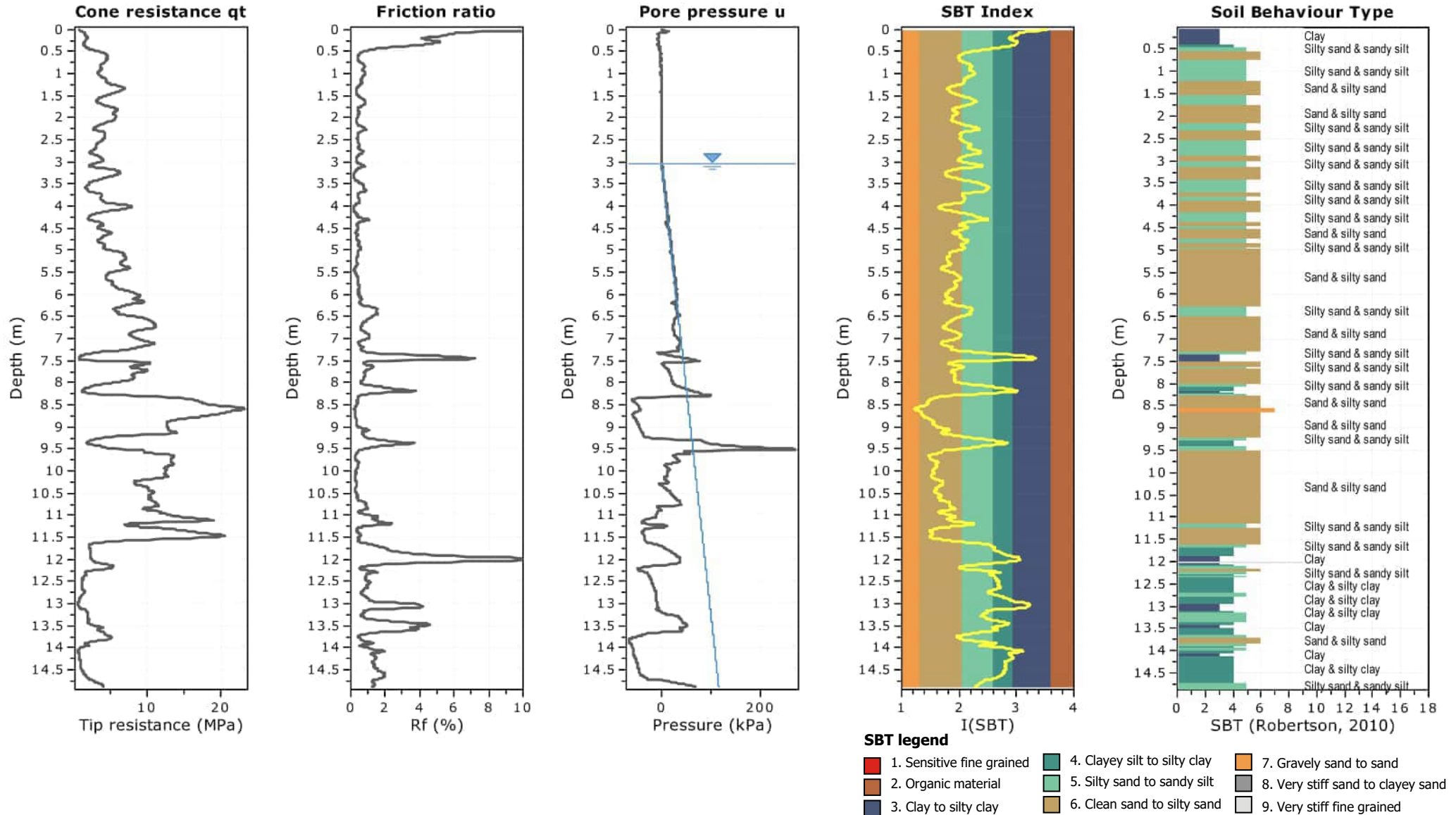
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



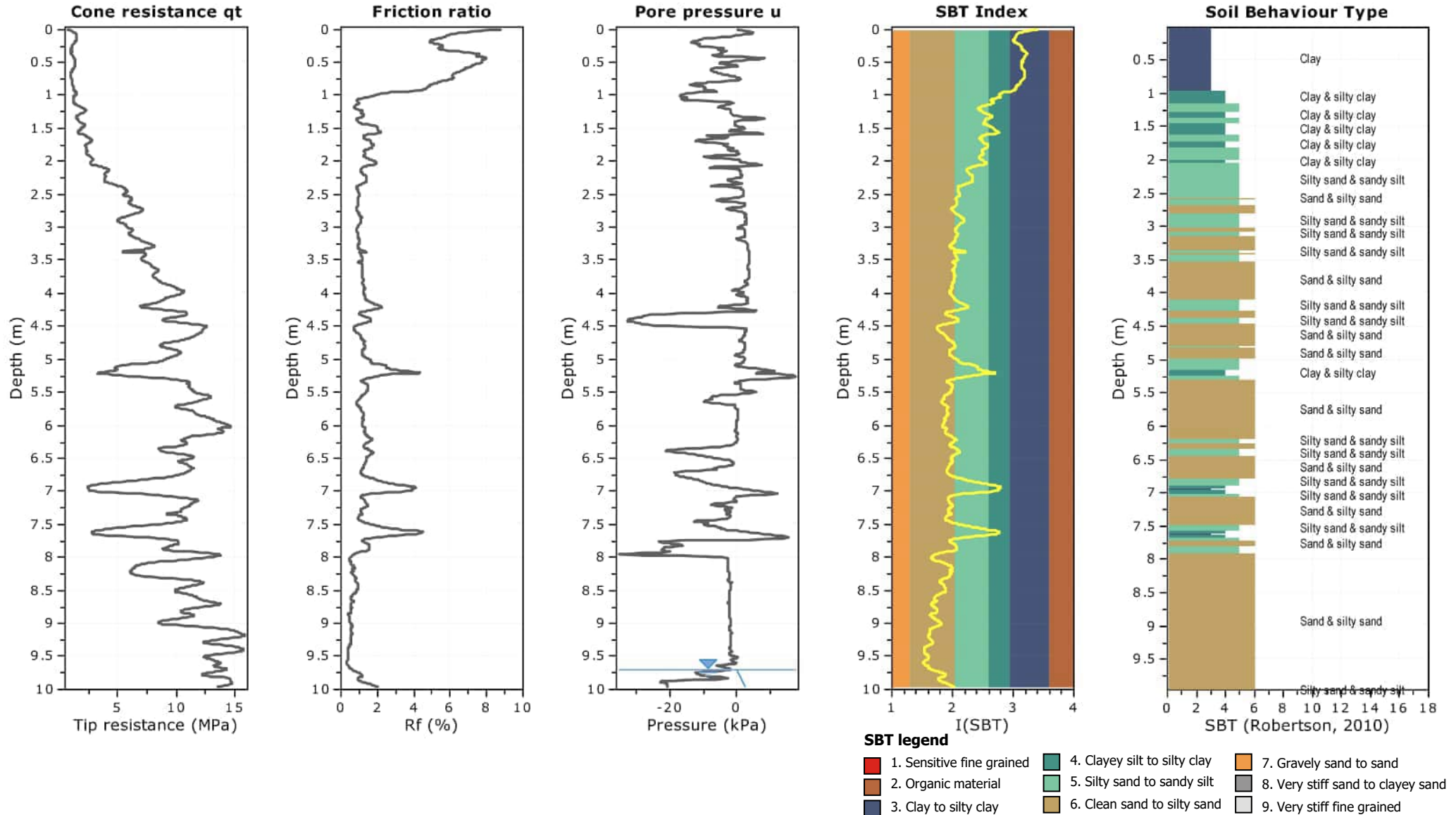
Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

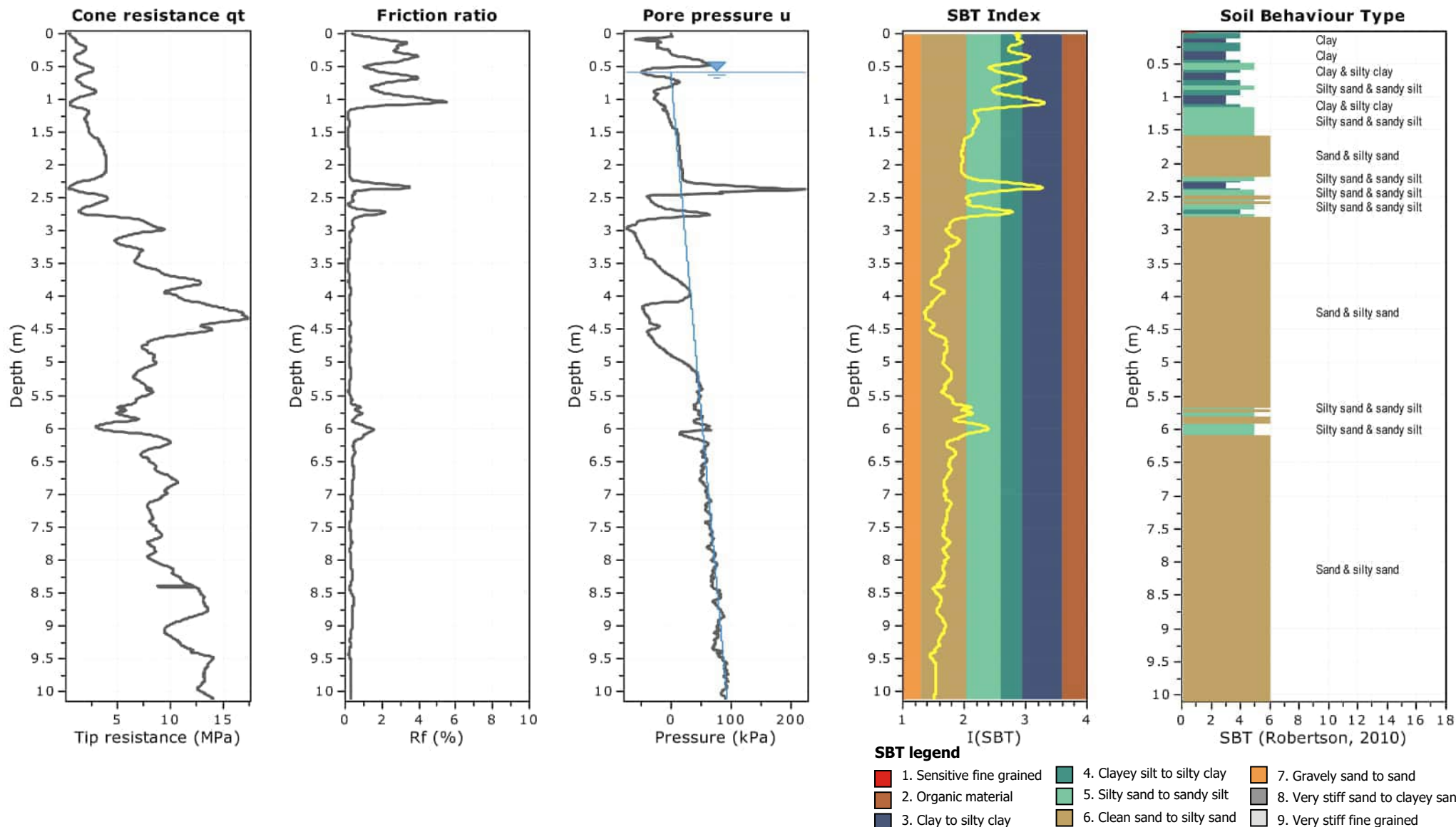
Location: Station Road, Matamata



Project: Station Road Proposed Subdivision

Location: Station Road, Matamata



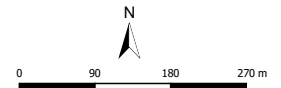


APPENDIX G: GROUNDWATER SURFACE (WGA)



LEGEND

- Piezometer
(GWL in m RL)
- Piezometric Surface
(m RL)
- Wastewater Disposal
Site



Scale 1:9 000 @A4

Coordinate System: NZGD 2000 New Zealand Transverse Mercator

WGA

Figure A1

Ashbourne Development
Piezometric Surface

Disclaimer: While all reasonable care has been taken to ensure the information contained on this map is up to date and accurate, no guarantee is given that the information portrayed is free from error or omission. Any reliance placed on such information shall be at the risk of the user.

Note: The information shown on this map is copyright of WGA 2025

APPENDIX H: NATURAL HAZARD RISK ASSESSMENT

NATURAL HAZARDS RISK ASSESSMENT FOR LAND SUBDIVISION

ASHBOURNE DEVELOPMENT, STATION RD, MATAMATA

1 CONTEXT

Section 106 of the Resource Management Act (RMA) requires an assessment of the risk from natural hazards to be carried out when considering the granting of a subdivision consent. S106 RMA specifically states that the assessment must consider the combined effect of the natural hazard likelihood and material damage to land, other land or structures (consequence).

Section 2 of the RMA defines natural hazards as any atmospheric or earth or water related occurrence (including earthquake, tsunami, erosion, volcanic and geothermal activity, landslip, subsidence, sedimentation, wind, drought, fire or flooding) the action of which adversely affects or may adversely affect human life, property, or other aspects of the environment.

This appendix to CMW report reference HAM2023-0124 Rev 3 sets out the criteria for and presents the results of an assessment of the geotechnical-related natural hazards associated with this proposed subdivision development. The remaining hazards, i.e. tsunami, wind, drought, fire and flooding hazards are not covered by this assessment.

2 BASIS OF ASSESSMENT

2.1 Risk Classification

The occurrence of natural hazards and their potential impacts on the proposed subdivision development is assessed in terms of risk significance, which is based on likelihood and consequence factors. A risk table is used to help assess the likelihood and consequence factors, the form of which used by CMW for this project is presented in Table B1.

Table B1: Natural Hazard Risk Classification						
Risk Matrix		Consequence				
		Insignificant 1	Minor 2	Moderate 3	Major 4	Catastrophic 5
Likelihood	Almost Certain 5	Medium 5	High 10	Very high 15	Extreme 20	Extreme 25
	Likely 4	Low 4	Medium 8	High 12	Very high 16	Extreme 20
	Moderate 3	Low 3	Medium 6	Medium 9	High 12	Very high 15
	Unlikely 2	Very low 2	Low 4	Medium 6	Medium 8	High 10
	Rare 1	Very low 1	Very low 2	Low 3	Low 4	Medium 5

2.2 Likelihood

With respect to assessing the likelihood or chance of the risk occurring, the qualitative definitions used by CMW for this project are provided in Table B2 for each likelihood classification.

Table B2: Qualitative Natural Hazard Likelihood Definitions		
1	Rare	The natural hazard is not expected to occur during the design life of the project
2	Unlikely	The natural hazard is unlikely, but may occur during the design life
3	Moderate	The natural hazard will probably occur at some time during the life of the project
4	Likely	The natural hazard is expected to occur during the design life of the project
5	Almost Certain	The natural hazard will almost definitely occur during the design life of the project

2.3 Consequence

In terms of determining the consequence or severity of the natural hazard occurring, the qualitative definitions used by CMW for this project are provided in Table B3 for each consequence classification.

Table B3: Qualitative Natural Hazard Consequence Definitions		
1	Insignificant	Very minor to no damage, not requiring any repair, no people at risk, no economic effect to landowners.
2	Minor	Minor damage to land only, any repairs can be considered normal property maintenance no people at risk, very minor economic effect.
3	Moderate	Some damage to land requiring repair to reinstate within few months, minor cosmetic damage to buildings being within relevant code tolerances, does not require immediate repair, no people at risk, minor economic effect.
4	Major	Significant damage to land requiring immediate repair, damage to buildings beyond serviceable limits requiring repair, no collapse of structures, perceptible effect to people, no risk to life, considerable economic effect.
5	Catastrophic	Major damage to land and buildings, possible structure collapse requiring replacement, risk to life, major economic effect, or possible site abandonment.

2.4 Risk Acceptance

It is recognised that the natural hazard risk assessment provided herein is qualitative and, due to the wide range of possible geohazards that could occur, is somewhat subjective. Other methods are available to quantitatively assess an acceptable level of geotechnical related natural hazard risk, such as defining an acceptable factor of safety with respect to slope stability or acceptable differential ground settlements with respect to recommended building code limits.

Therefore, to give this qualitative natural hazard risk assessment some relevance to more commonly adopted numerical or quantitative geotechnical assessment techniques, a residual risk rating of very low to medium (risk value = 1 to 9 inclusive) is considered an acceptable result for the proposed subdivision development.

A risk rating of high to extreme (risk value ≥ 10) is considered an unacceptable result for the proposed subdivision development.

3 RISK ASSESSMENT

The natural hazards relevant to this proposed subdivision development and adjacent, potentially affected land have been assessed with respect to the criteria outlined above.

Assessment is based on proposed post development ground conditions with and without any geotechnical controls. The latent risk was first assessed with the site in its proposed developed state to consider the risks to the development and surrounding land, including assessment of land modifications from the pre-existing natural state, without any implemented geotechnical controls. The specific geotechnical mitigation measures and engineering design solutions outlined in the table below and CMW report, where relevant, were then considered to determine the natural hazard residual risk remaining after the proposed controls have been implemented.

Results of this assessment are presented in Table C1 below.

Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary

Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
1	Earthquake	Seismicity	Entire Site	Site subsoil class = Class D due to less than dense/ stiff soil profile Importance Level = 2 (Residential Subdivision and Retirement Village) Importance Level = 3 (Solar Farm)	1	5	5	None	1	5	5
		Fault Rupture	Entire Site	Nearest active fault (Kerpehi fault) is approximately 5km from the site. (Refer to section 6.3)	1	5	5	Mitigation not required	1	5	5
		Liquefaction	Whole site	Refer to Section 6.4	3	4	12	Engineered design of ground improvement/ foundation design/ superstructure design required. Refer Section 7.2.	3	2	6
		Cyclic Softening	Entire Site	20% strength loss expected in fine grained soils.	1	4	4	Mitigation not required.	1	4	4
		Lateral Spread	Riverbanks/ greenway banks	Refer to Sections 6.5 & 6.6	3	4	12	Riverbank - Lateral spreading risk should be considered in the design, further	3	4	12

Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary

Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
								investigation and analysis will be required. Greenway – building restriction zone of 5m from back of greenway crest batter.			
2	Volcanic Activity	Ash and Pyroclastic Falls	Entire Site	Nearest active volcano is the Rotorua Caldera. Currently at alert level 0.	1	5	5	Mitigation not required.	1	5	5
3	Slope Instability / Landslide	Global Instability	Entire site	Due to the landform being generally near level to gently sloping, slope instability is not anticipated.	1	4	4	Mitigation not required.	1	4	4
4	Problematic Soils	Expansive Soils	Entire Site	Experience in similar soils indicate that the soils on site are non-expansive.	2	3	6	Mitigation not required.	2	3	6
5	Settlement	Compressible Soils	Entire Site	Minor compressible soils were encountered on site.	2	4	8	Trial embankment / preloading has been recommended.	1	4	4
		Fill Induced Settlement	Entire Site	No earthwork plans are available at the time of writing report. Site is primarily underlain with dense to very dense sand and	2	4	8	Trial embankment / preloading has been recommended.	1	4	4

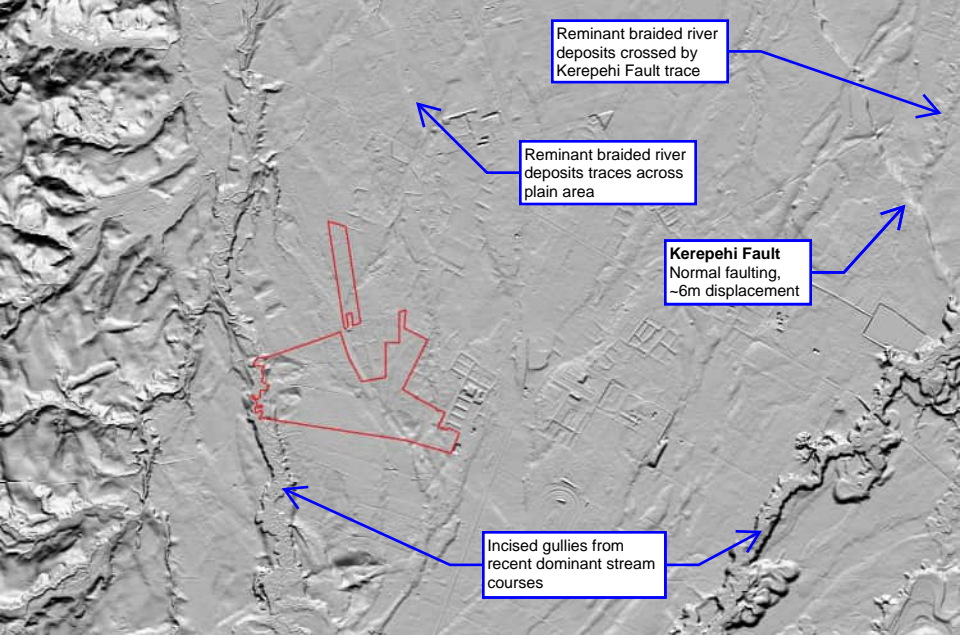
Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary

Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
				stiff to very stiff silt. It is anticipated any fill induced settlement would occur immediately and be built out during construction.							
6	Bearing Capacity	Bearing Capacity Failure	Building Platform	Refer to Section 7.6 of the report	2	4	8	A preliminary geotechnical ultimate bearing capacity (GUBC) of 300kPa should be available in the static case. Low ultimate bearing capacity is anticipated in the seismic case. Should be accounted for during Building Consent stage.	2	2	4
7	Construction Risks	Excitability	Building Platform	Given the density of the soil units that will be encountered, excavation is expected to be readily achieved with normal earthworks plant. However, excavations may require temporary support due to high expected groundwater and granular soils leading to 'running sands'.	3	3	9	Consideration to be given to sensitive silts and shallow groundwater table.	3	2	6

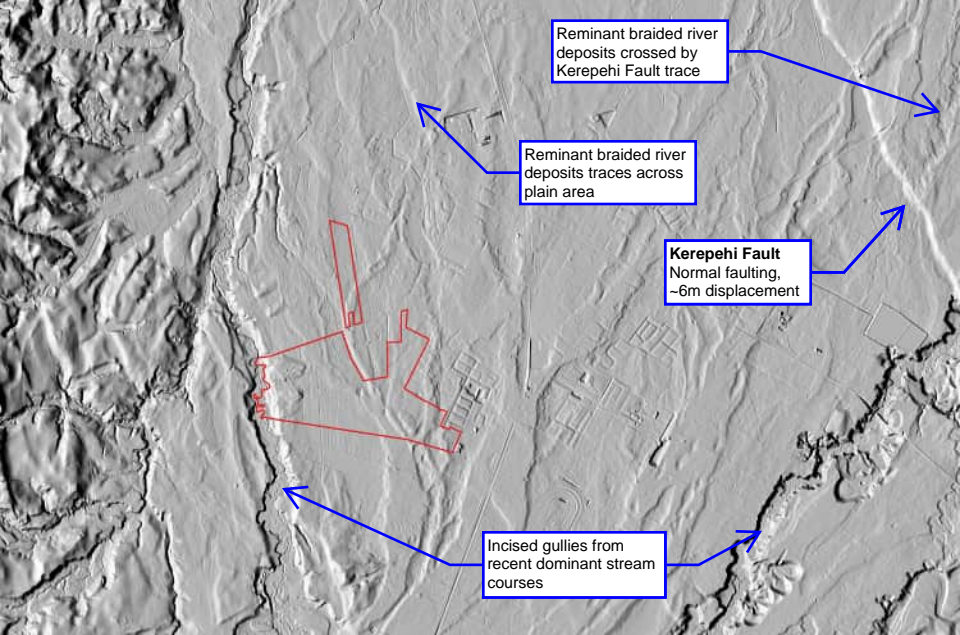
Appendix H - Geohazard Assessment Summary

Item	Geotechnical Hazard	Description	Area Affected	Assessment Outcome	Existing Risk of Damage to Land / Structures			Mitigation Measure	Residual Risk of Damage to Land / Structures		
					Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating		Likelihood	Consequence	Risk Rating
		Sediment Retention Ponds	Building Platform	Sediment retention ponds will require geotechnical input at design stage to ensure batter stability is achievable.	2	3	6	Consideration to be given to batter stability of proposed ponds at design and construction phase.	2	2	4
		Stockpile locations	Building Platform	Stockpiles may cause ground movement if placed near riverbanks/slopes.	2	2	4	Stockpiles to be away from the river bank/existing slopes.	1	2	2
		Subgrade Preparation	Building Platforms and Road Alignment	Topsoil and existing vegetation within the building footprints and road alignments will be cleared as part of the proposed development earthworks.	1	2	2	Mitigation not required.	1	2	2
		Service Trenches (trench collapse / long term settlement)	Building Platform and Road Alignment	Trench collapse may occur in surficial soils / if proposed service trenches extend below GW level.	3	3	9	Mitigation should be considered in the form of: - trench support - temporary dewatering, in the form of regularly spaced pumps	3	1	3

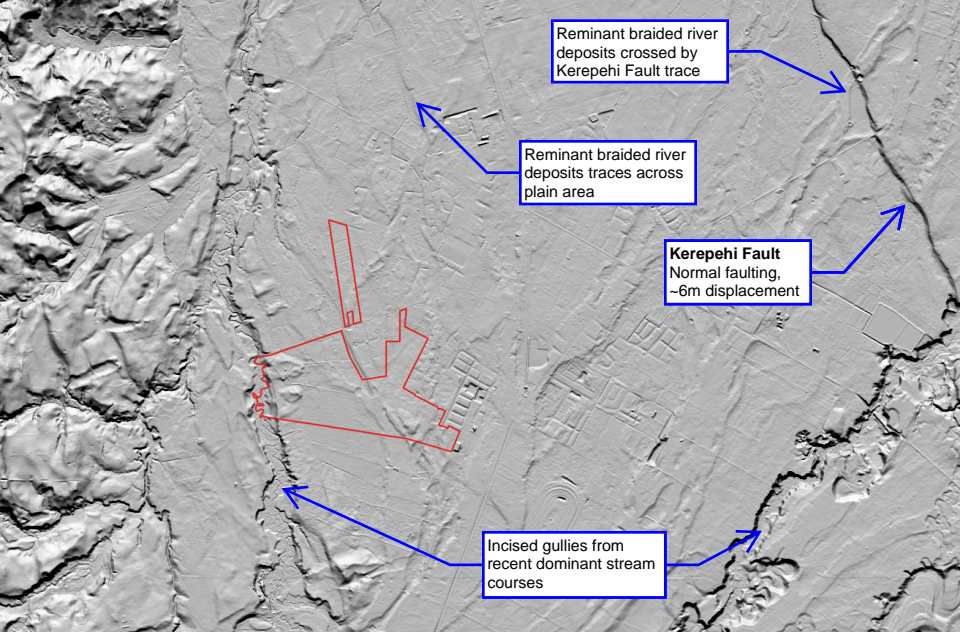
APPENDIX I: FAULT STUDY DEM PLOTS



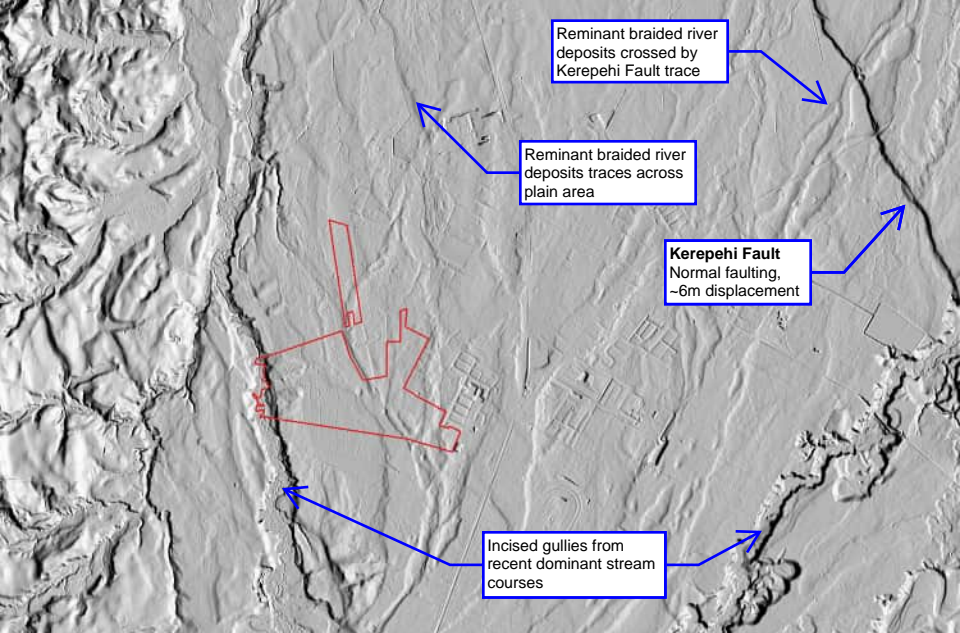
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Azimuth 180deg



Altitude 45deg
Azimuth 270deg



Altitude 45deg
Azimuth 0deg



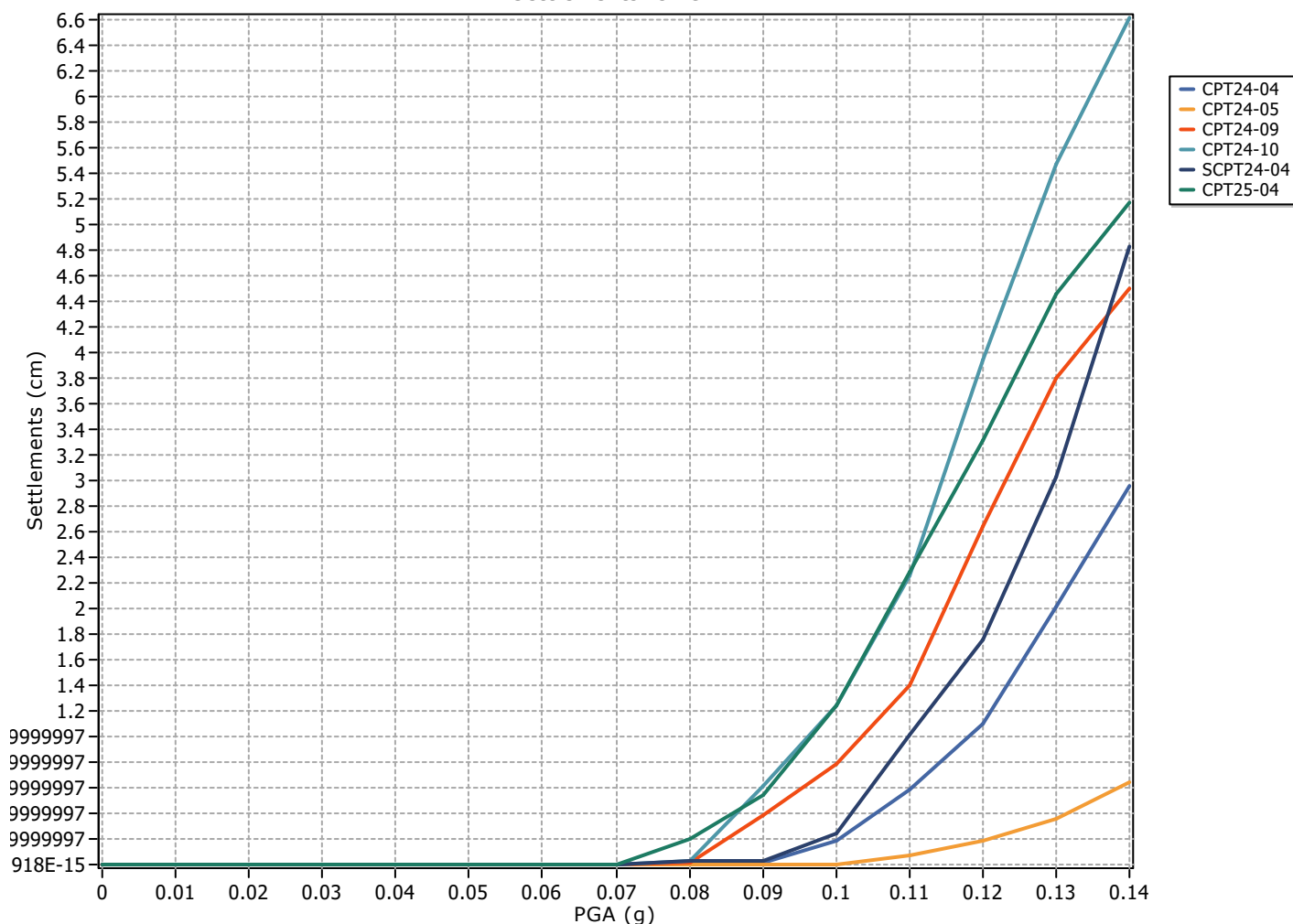
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APPENDIX J: LIQUEFACTION ANALYSIS RESULTS

IL1 FULL DEPTH LIQUFACTION RESULTS

PGA Based Parametric Analysis

Settlements vs PGA



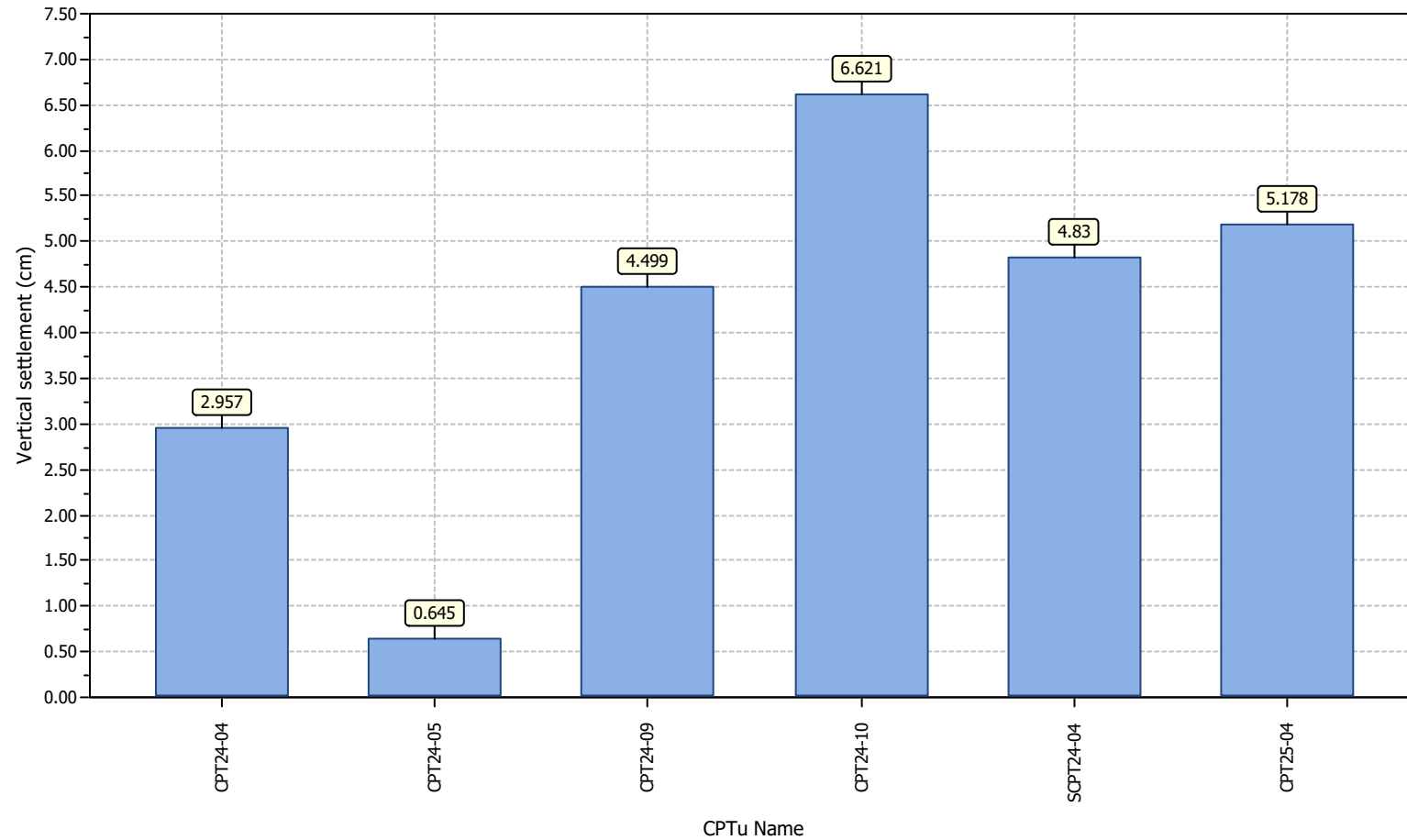
:: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT24-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.70	1.70
CPT24-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.00	3.00
CPT24-09	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.60	0.60
CPT24-10	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
SCPT24-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.10	2.10
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50

Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

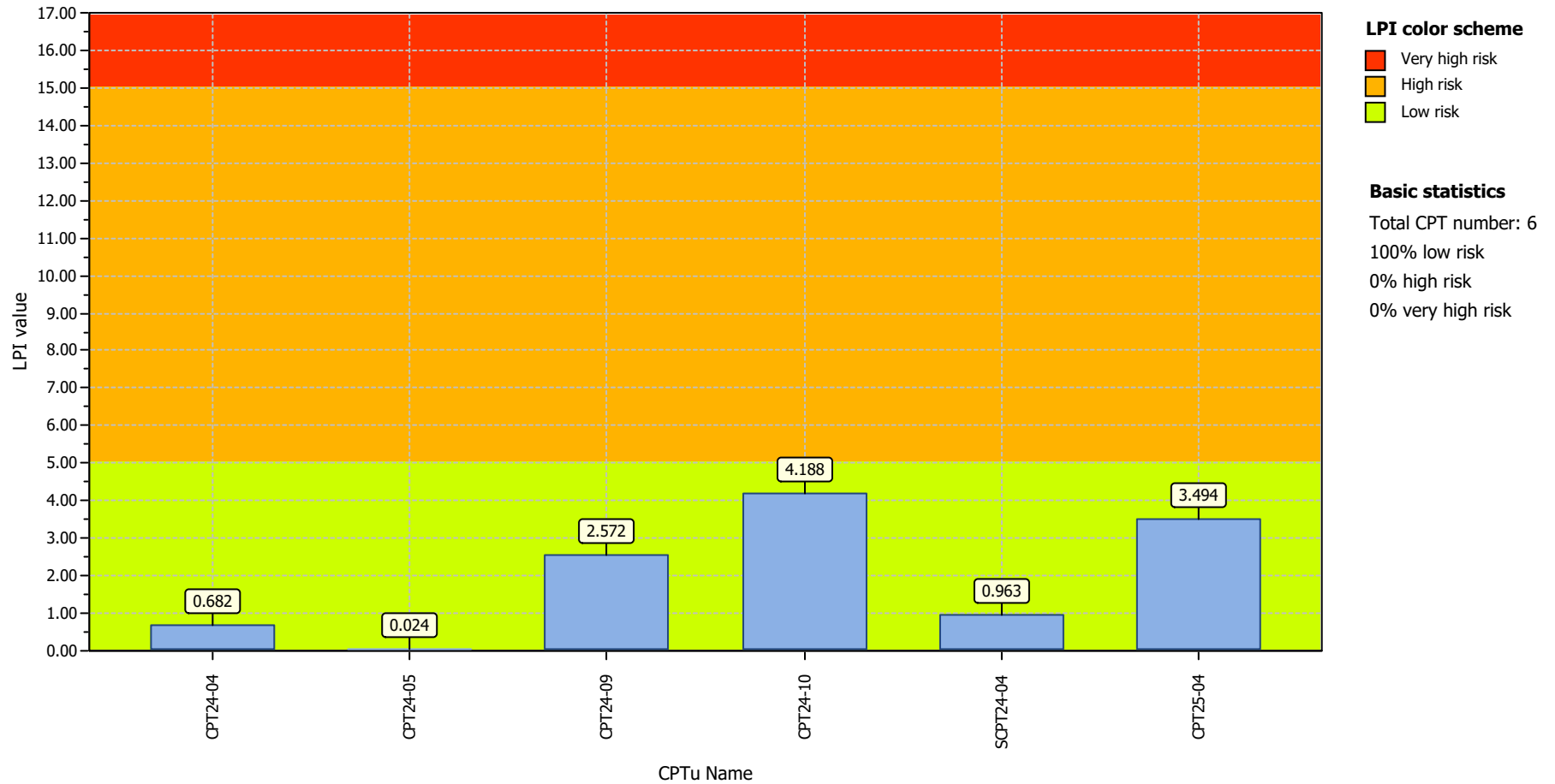
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

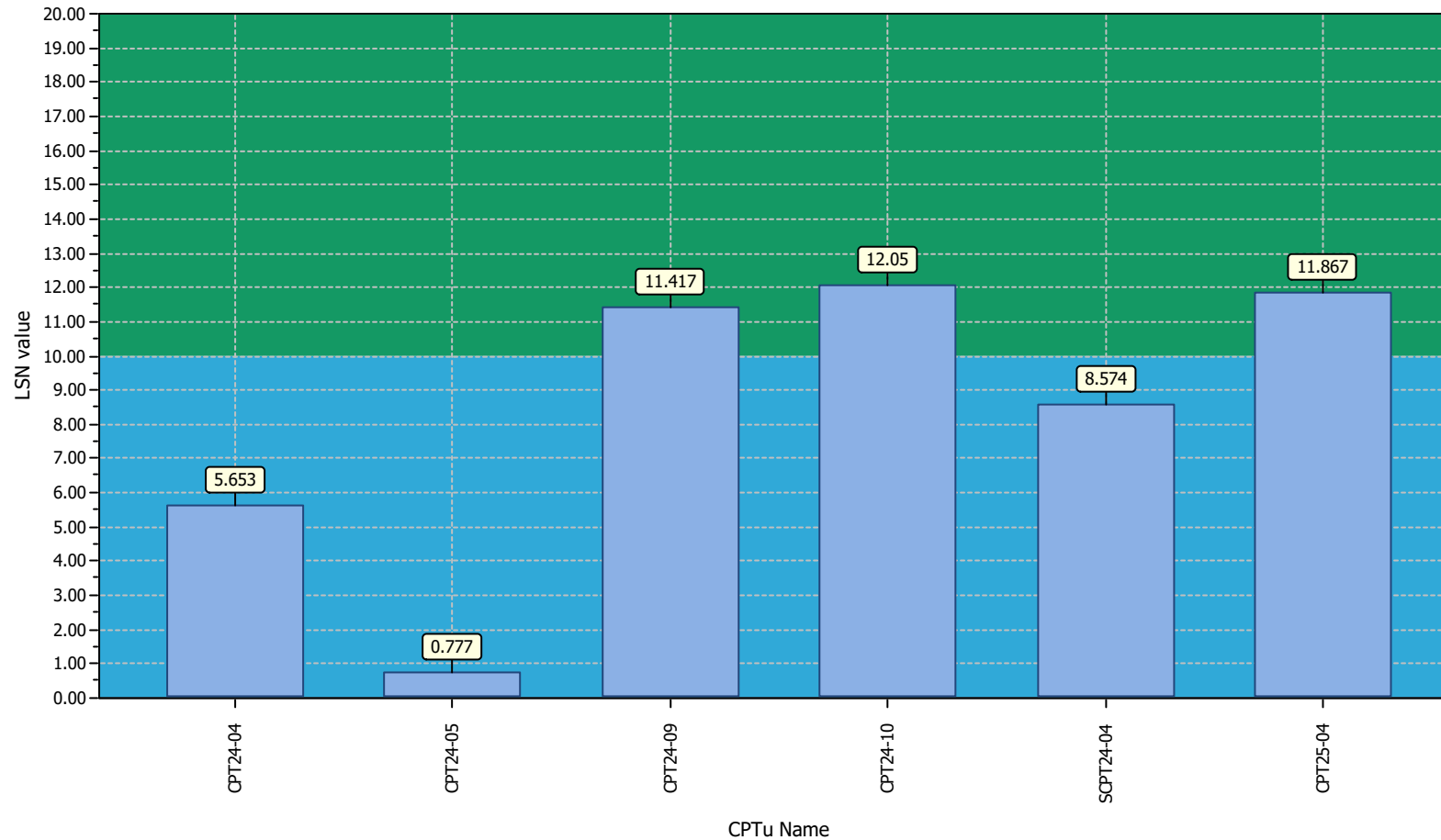
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



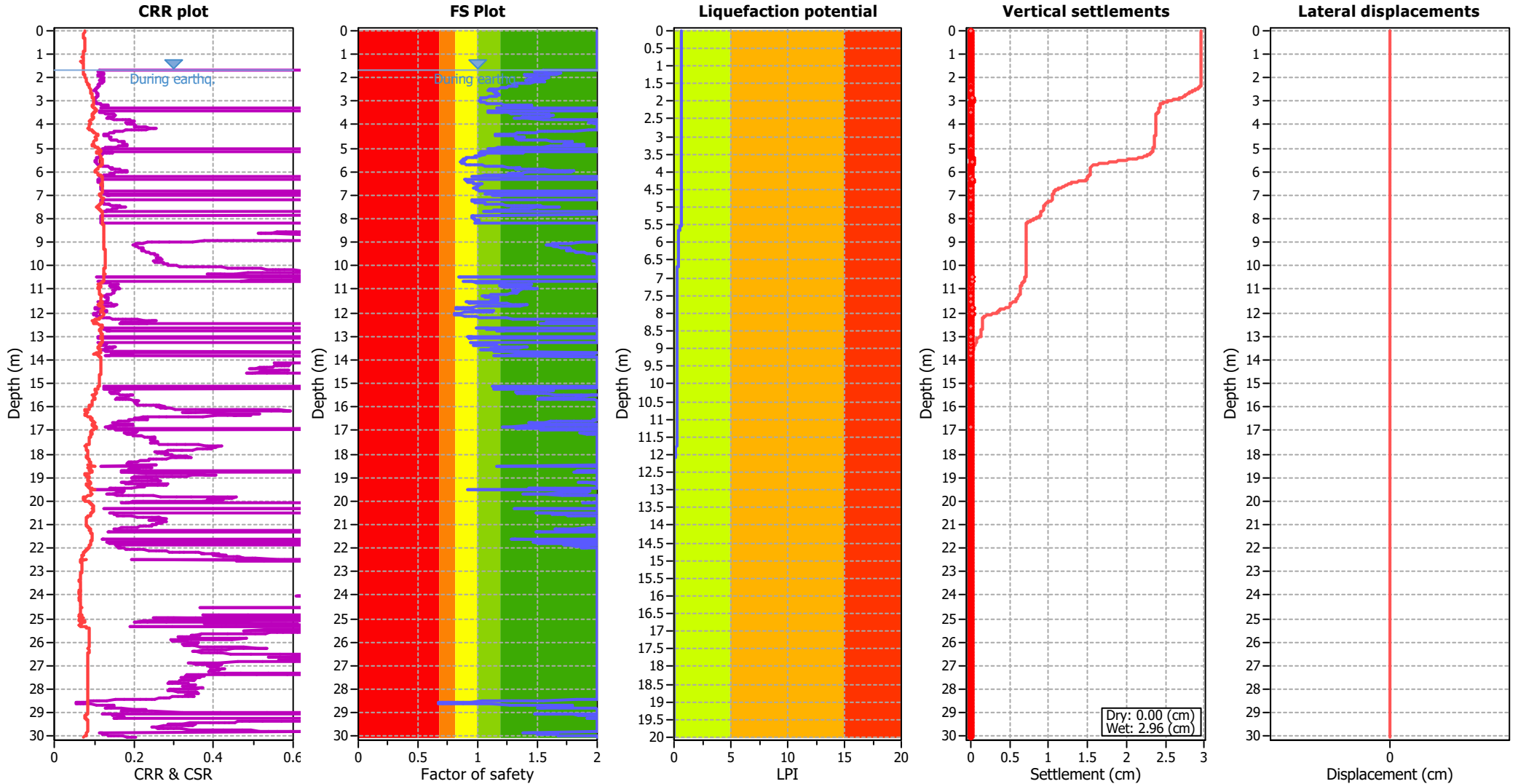
LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

Total CPT number: 6
 50% little liquefaction
 50% minor liquefaction
 0% moderate liquefaction
 0% moderate to major liquefaction
 0% major liquefaction
 0% severe liquefaction

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	1.70 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _o applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.14	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.70 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

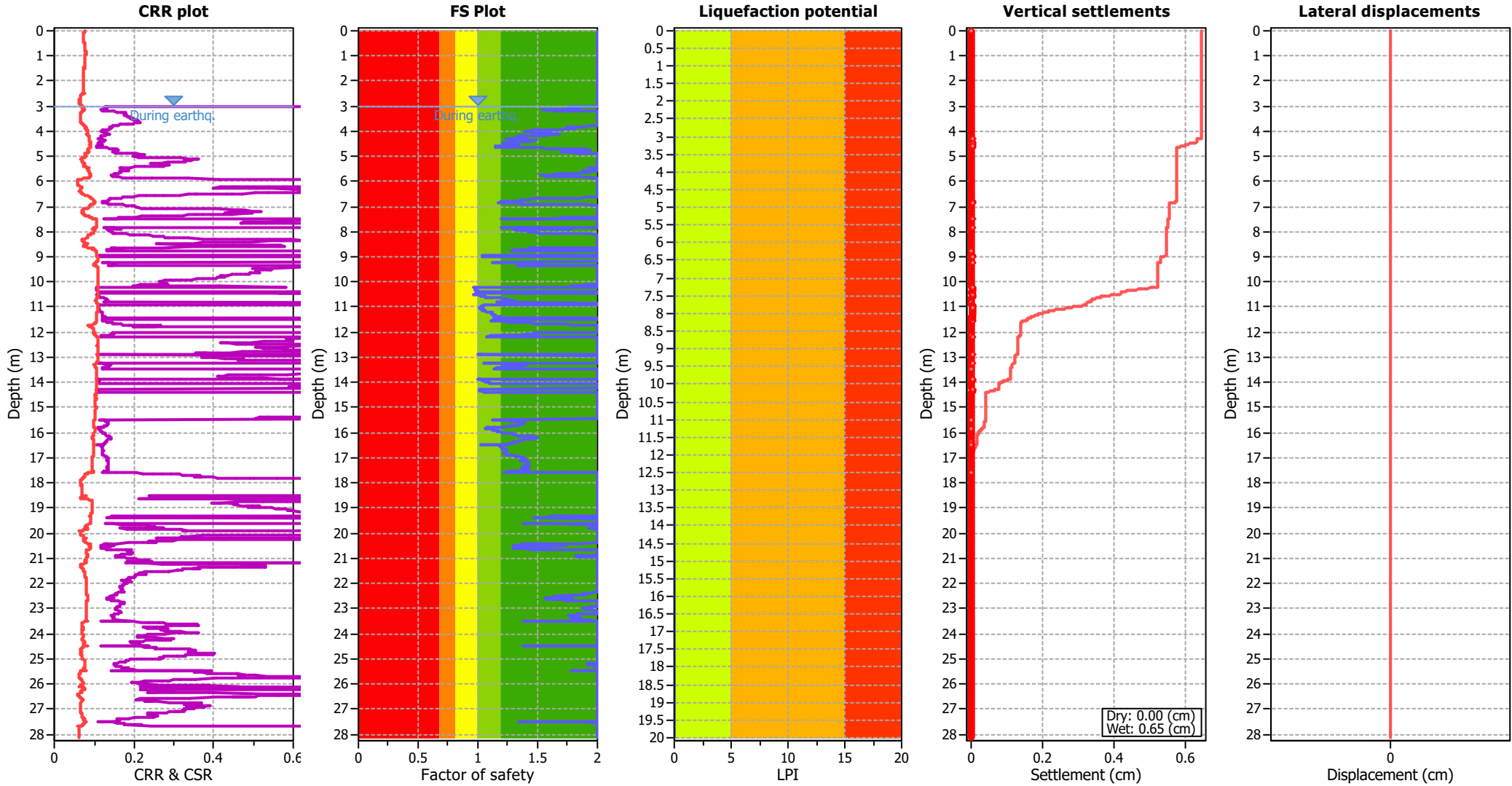
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	3.00 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _o applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.14	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	3.00 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

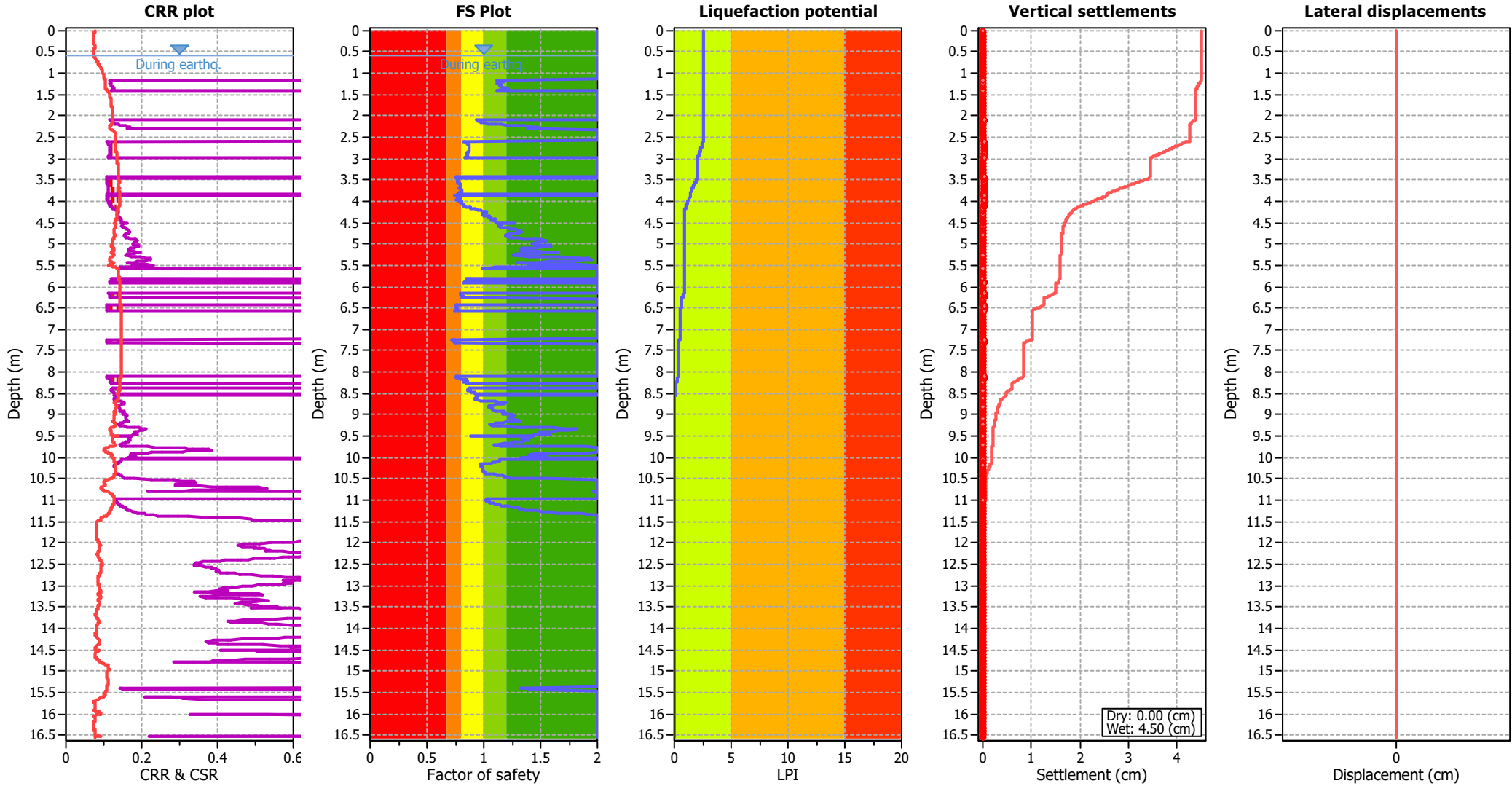
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	0.60 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _o applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.14	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.60 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

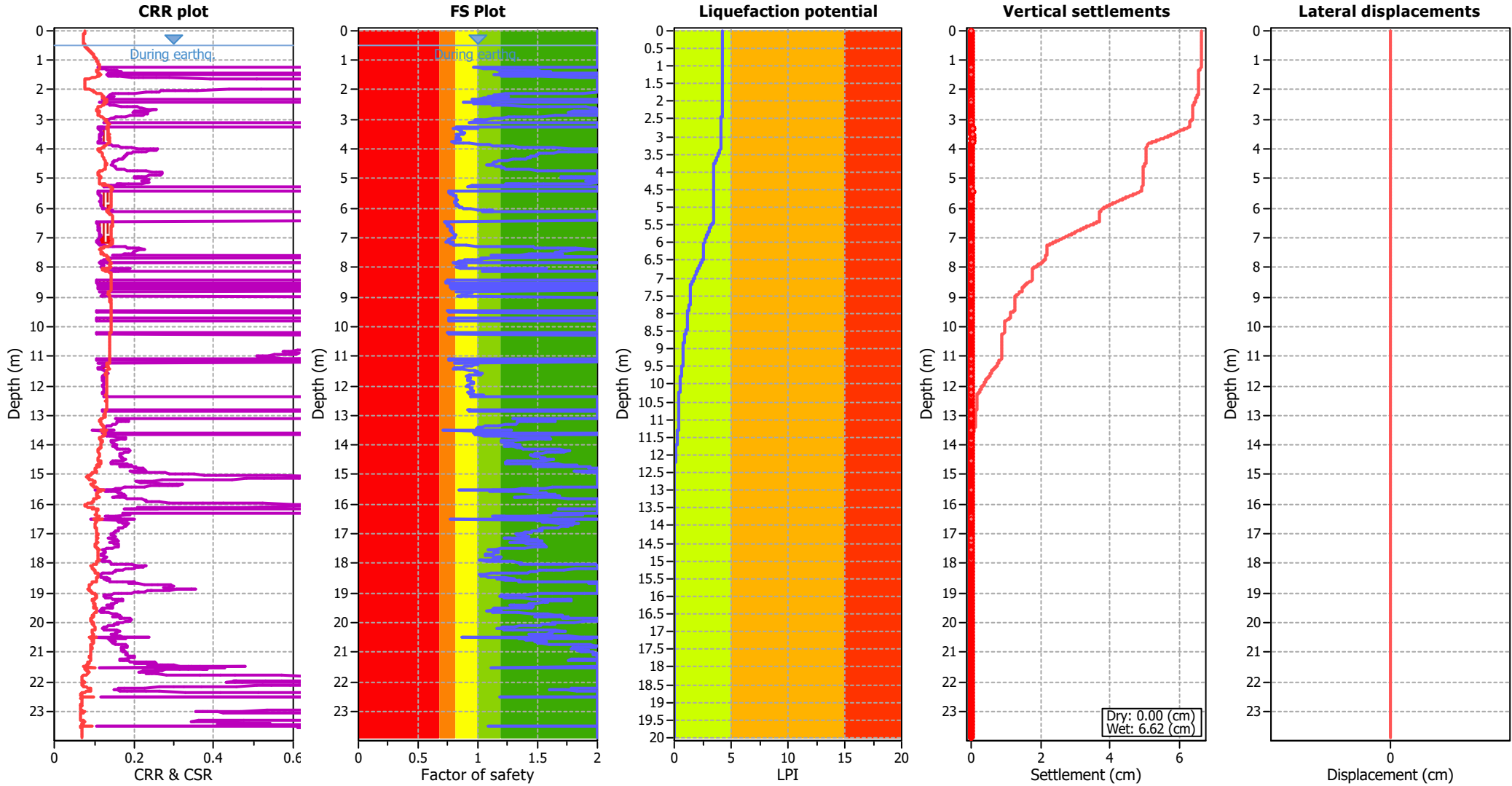
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	0.50 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.14	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.50 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

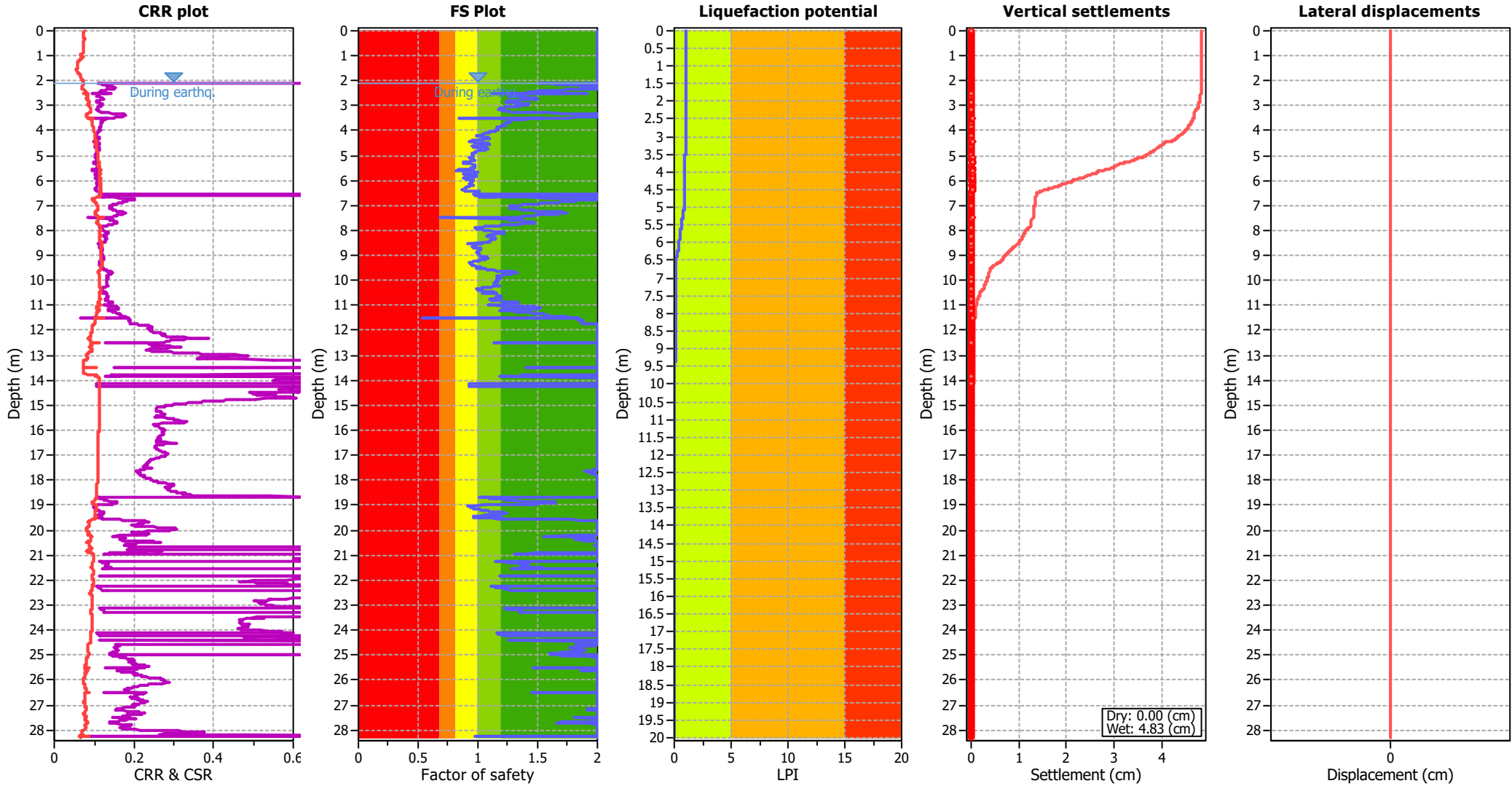
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Light Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	2.10 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _o applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.14	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.10 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

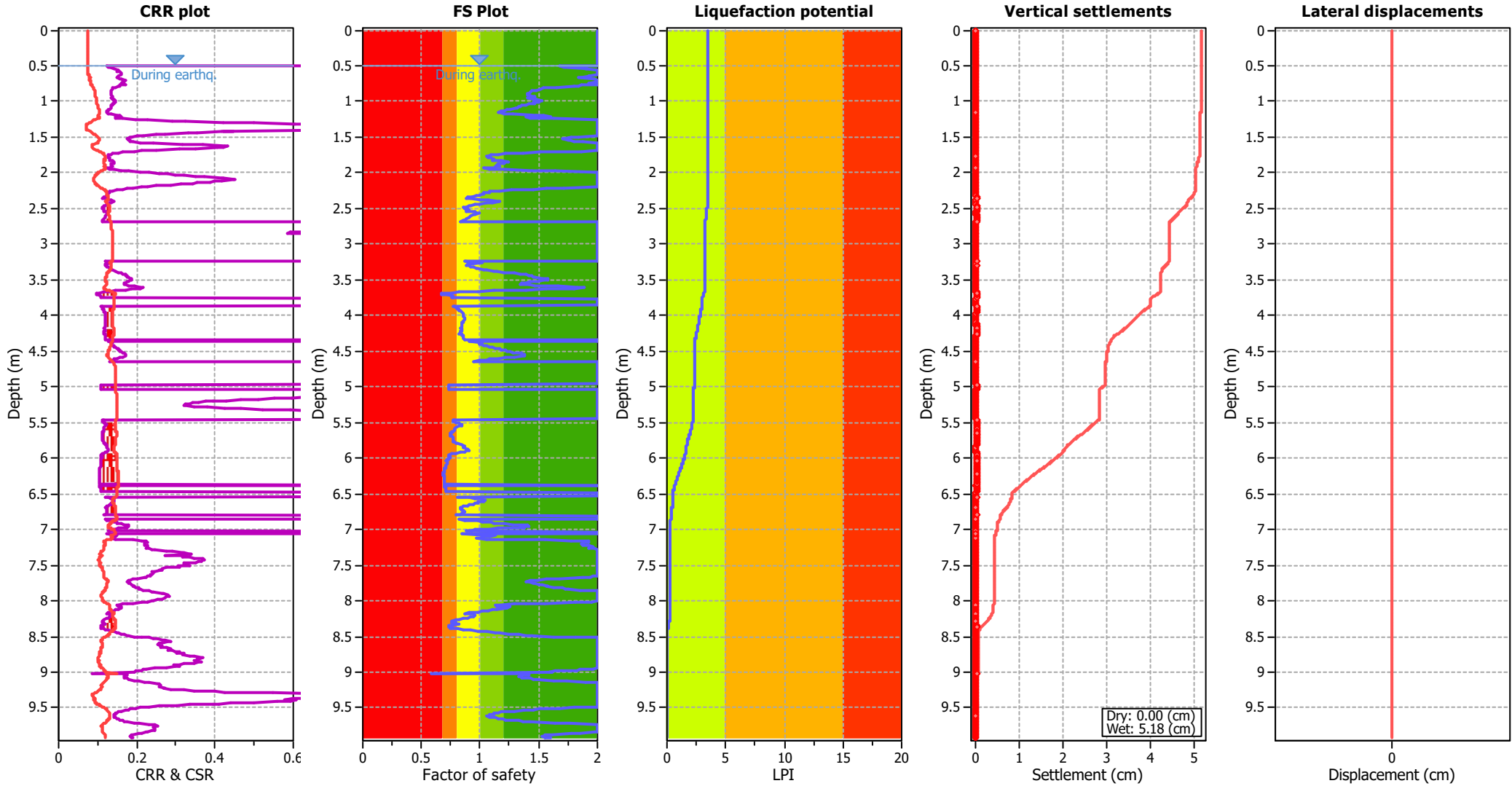
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	0.50 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _o applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.14	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.50 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

F.S. color scheme

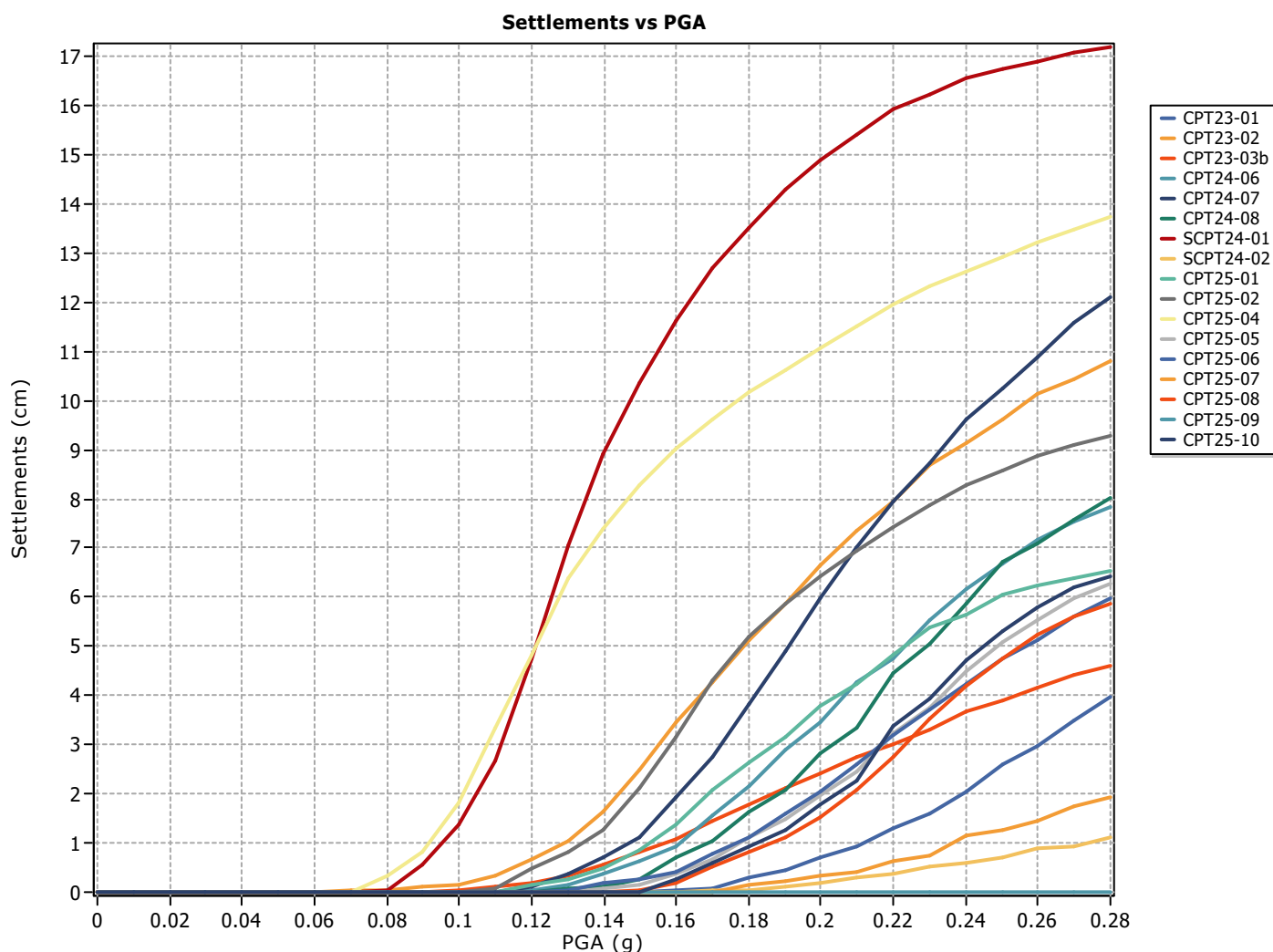
- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

IL2 INDEX LIQUFACTION RESULTS

PGA Based Parametric Analysis



:: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT23-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.20	6.20
CPT23-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	2.90
CPT23-03b	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	4.60
CPT24-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	3.80
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
SCPT24-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.70	0.70
SCPT24-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.00	3.00
CPT25-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	2.80
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70
CPT25-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	6.60

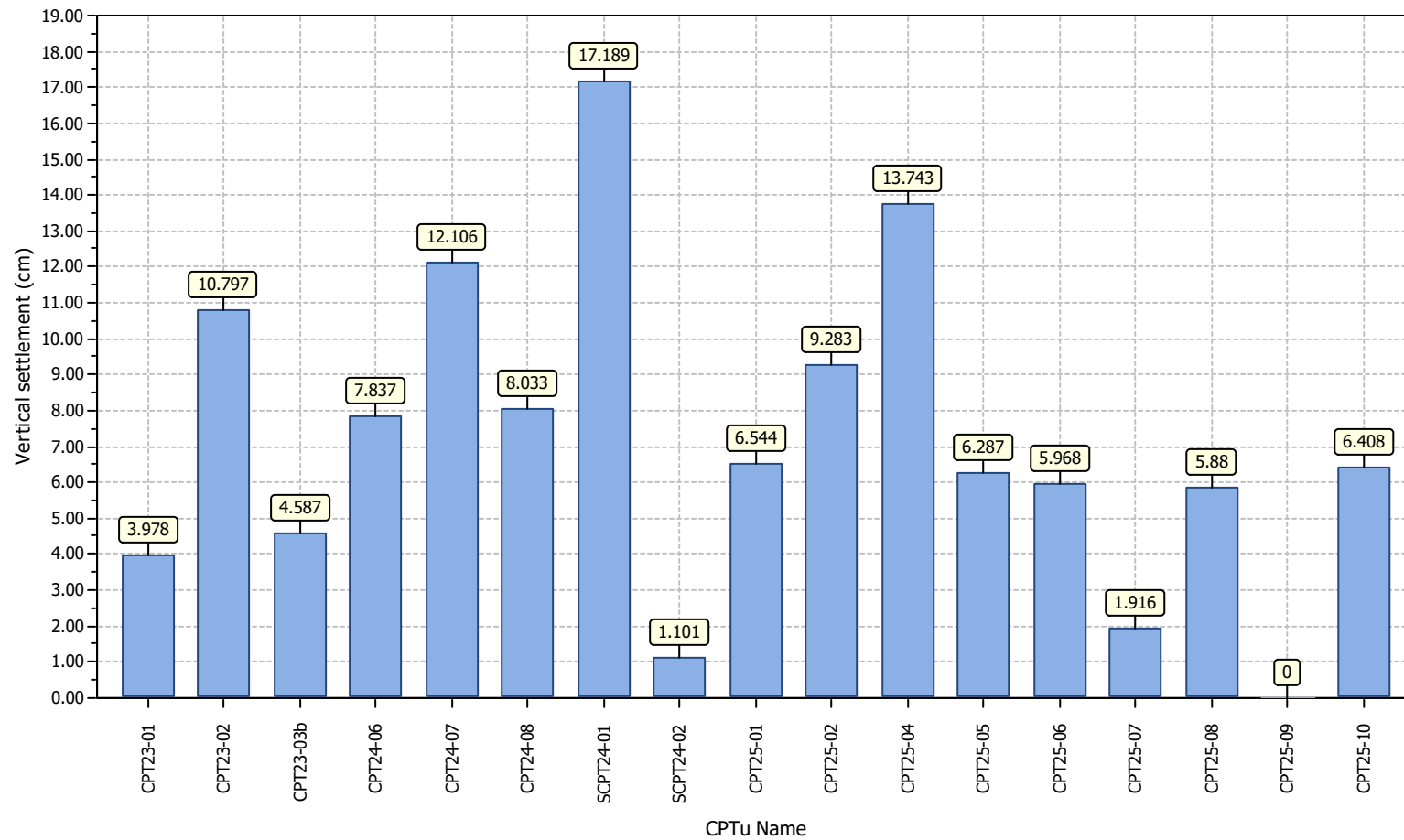
PGA Based Parametric Analysis

CPT25-09	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	13.50	13.50
CPT25-10	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	5.20	7.20

Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

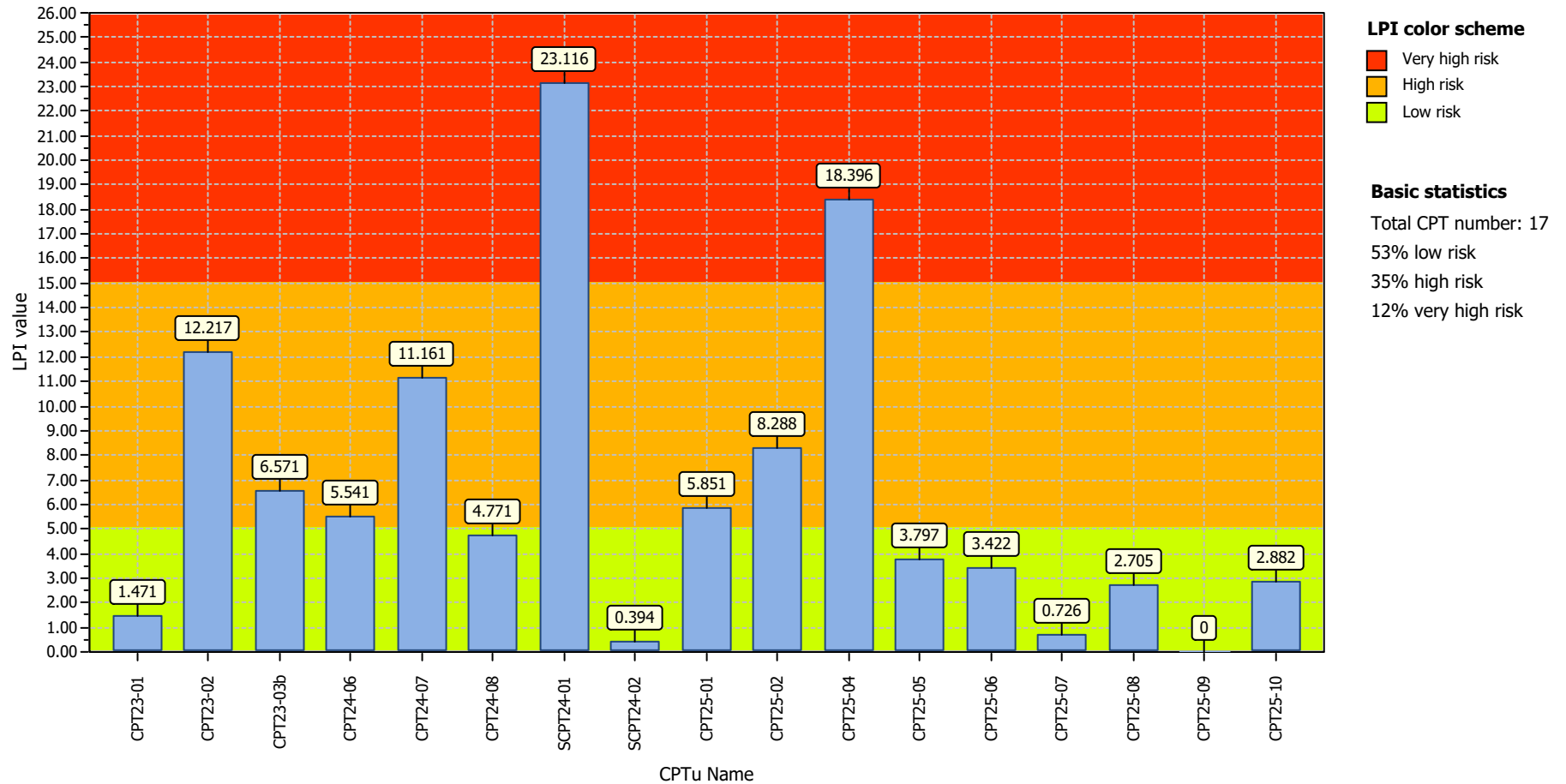
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

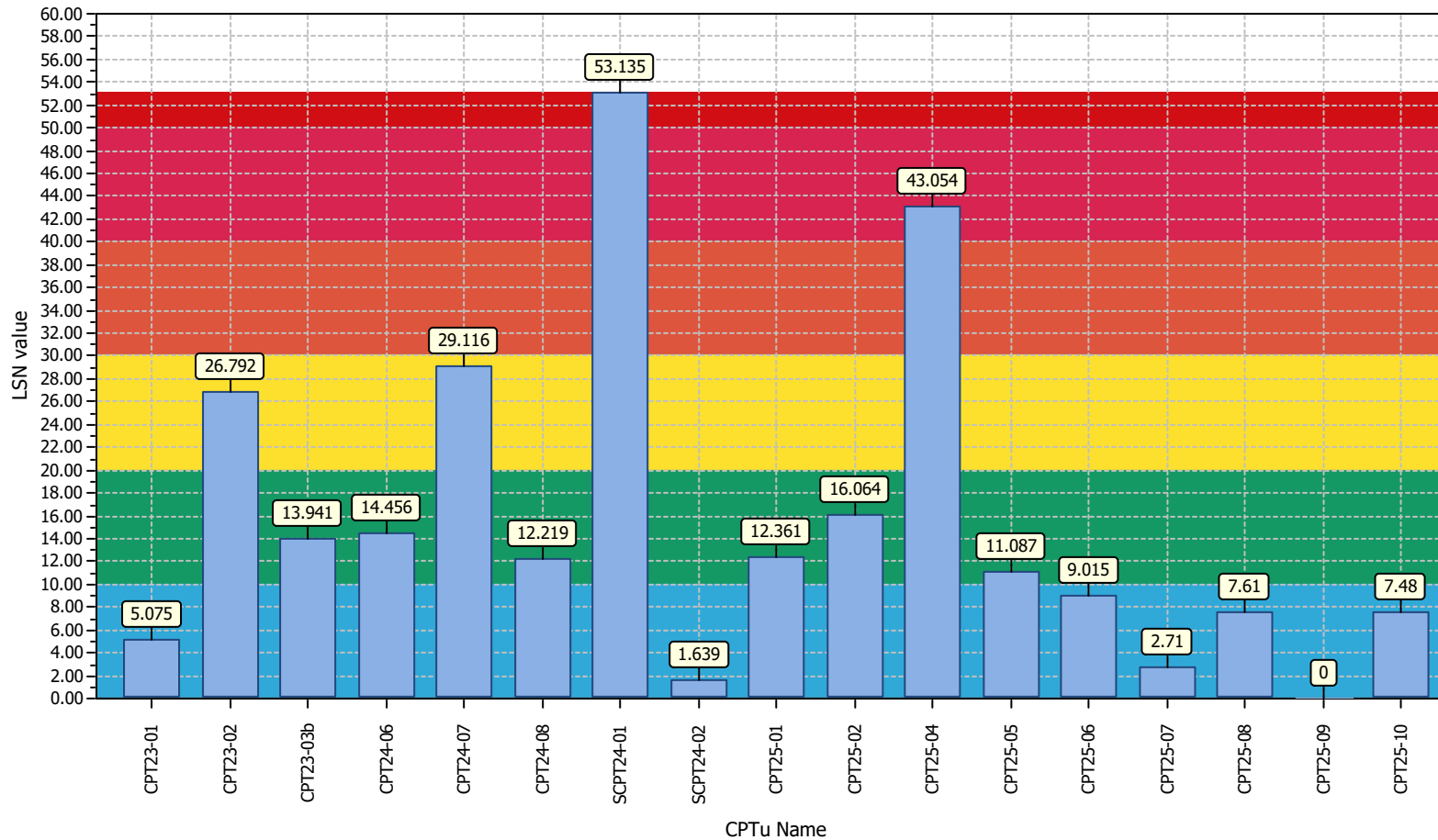
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



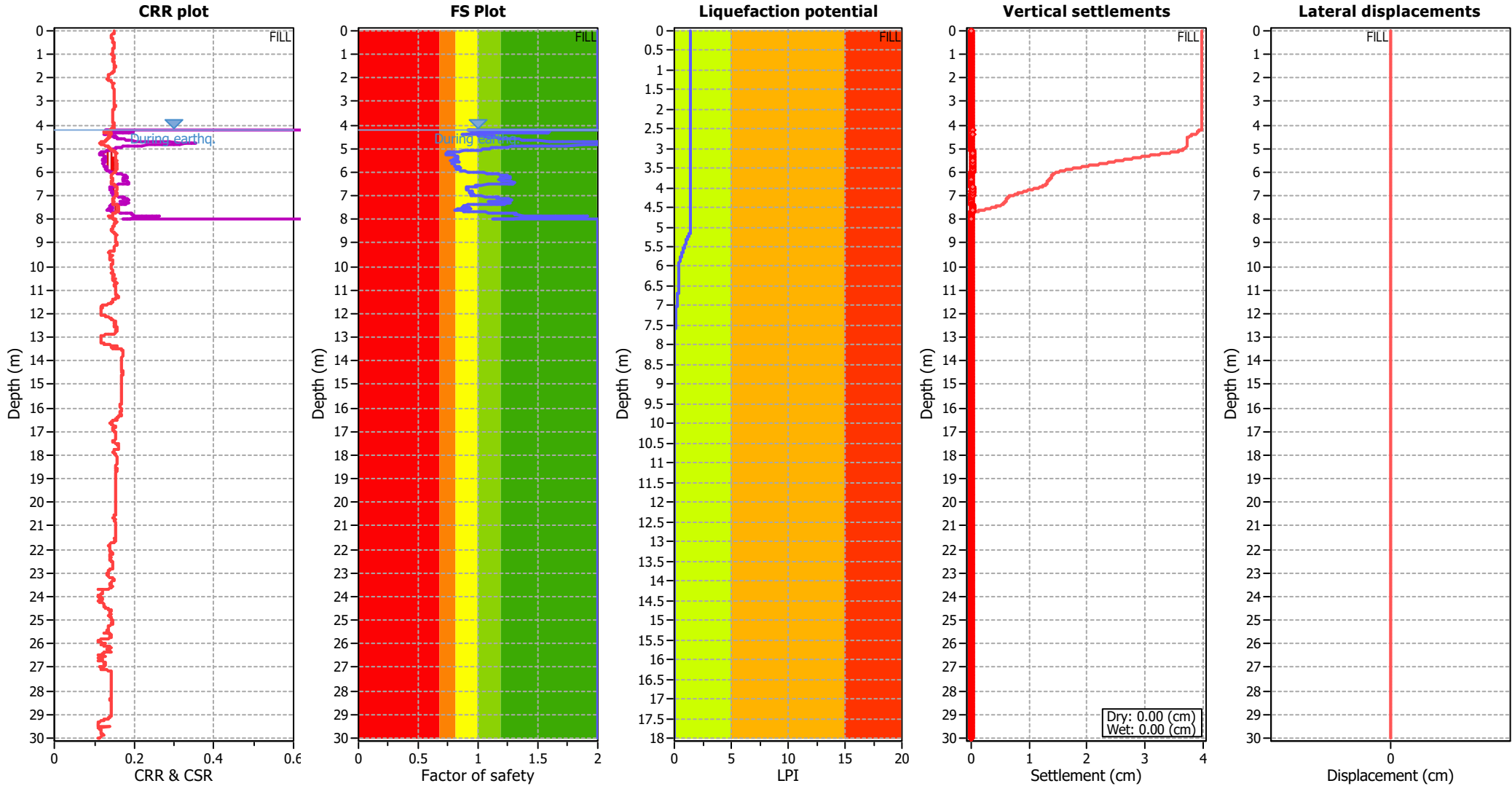
LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

Total CPT number: 17
 41% little liquefaction
 35% minor liquefaction
 12% moderate liquefaction
 0% moderate to major liquefaction
 6% major liquefaction
 6% severe liquefaction

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	6.20 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	6.20 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

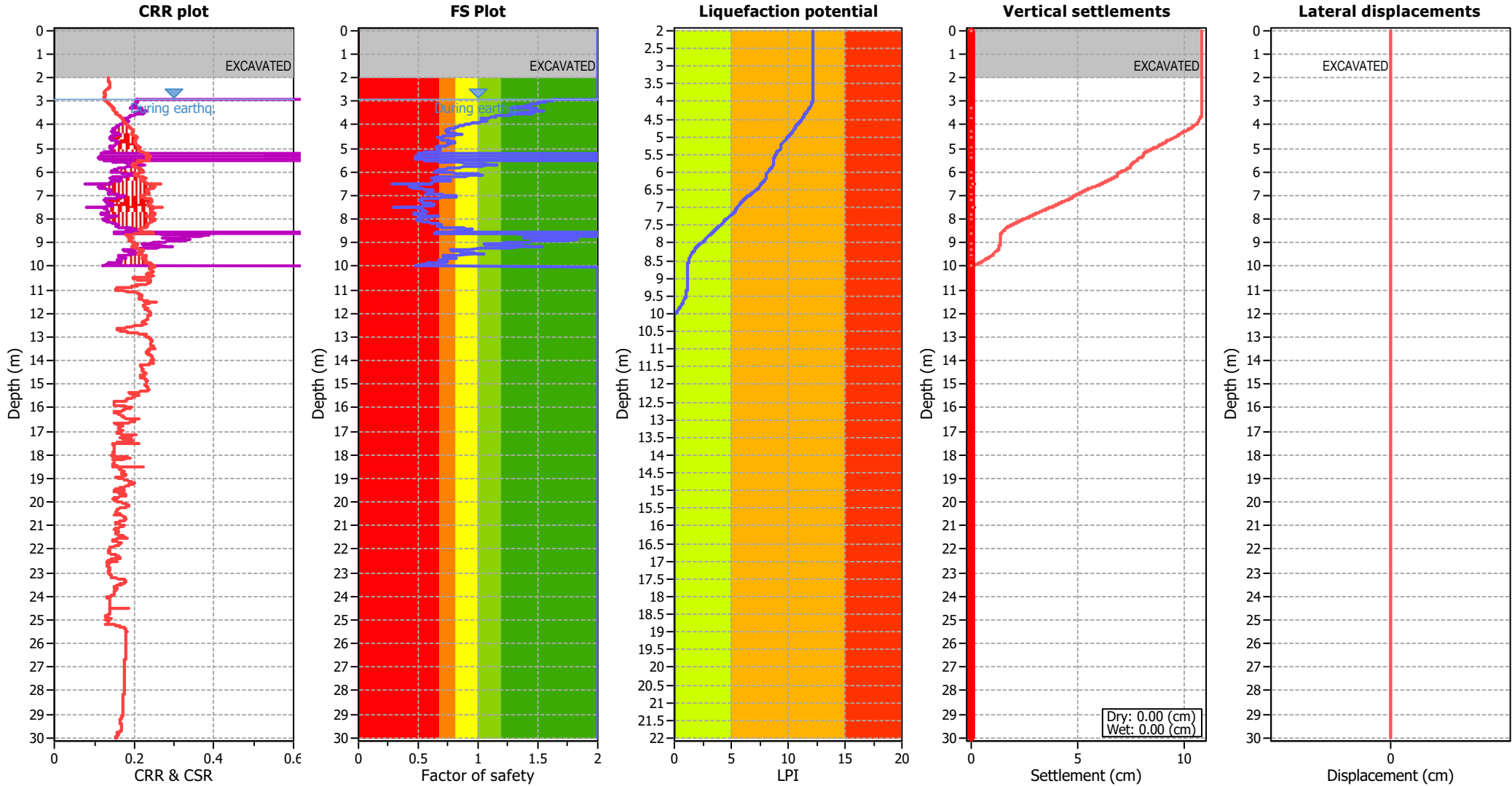
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	2.90 m	Footing load:	0.00 kPa
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K_s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M_w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Excavation:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.90 m	Excavation depth:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

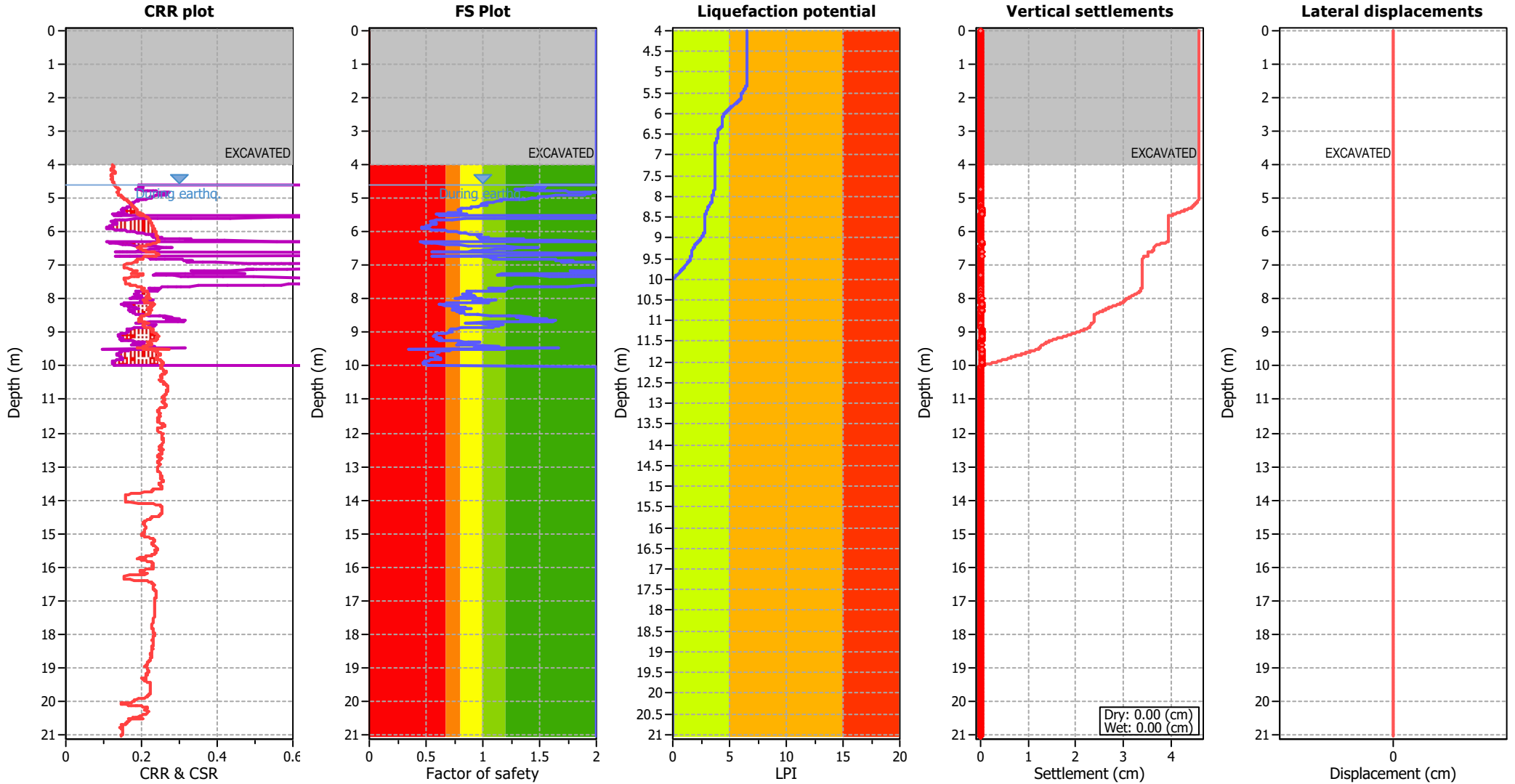
F.S. color scheme

Very high risk	Almost certain it will liquefy
High risk	Very likely to liquefy
Low risk	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
	Unlike to liquefy
	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Very high risk
High risk
Low risk

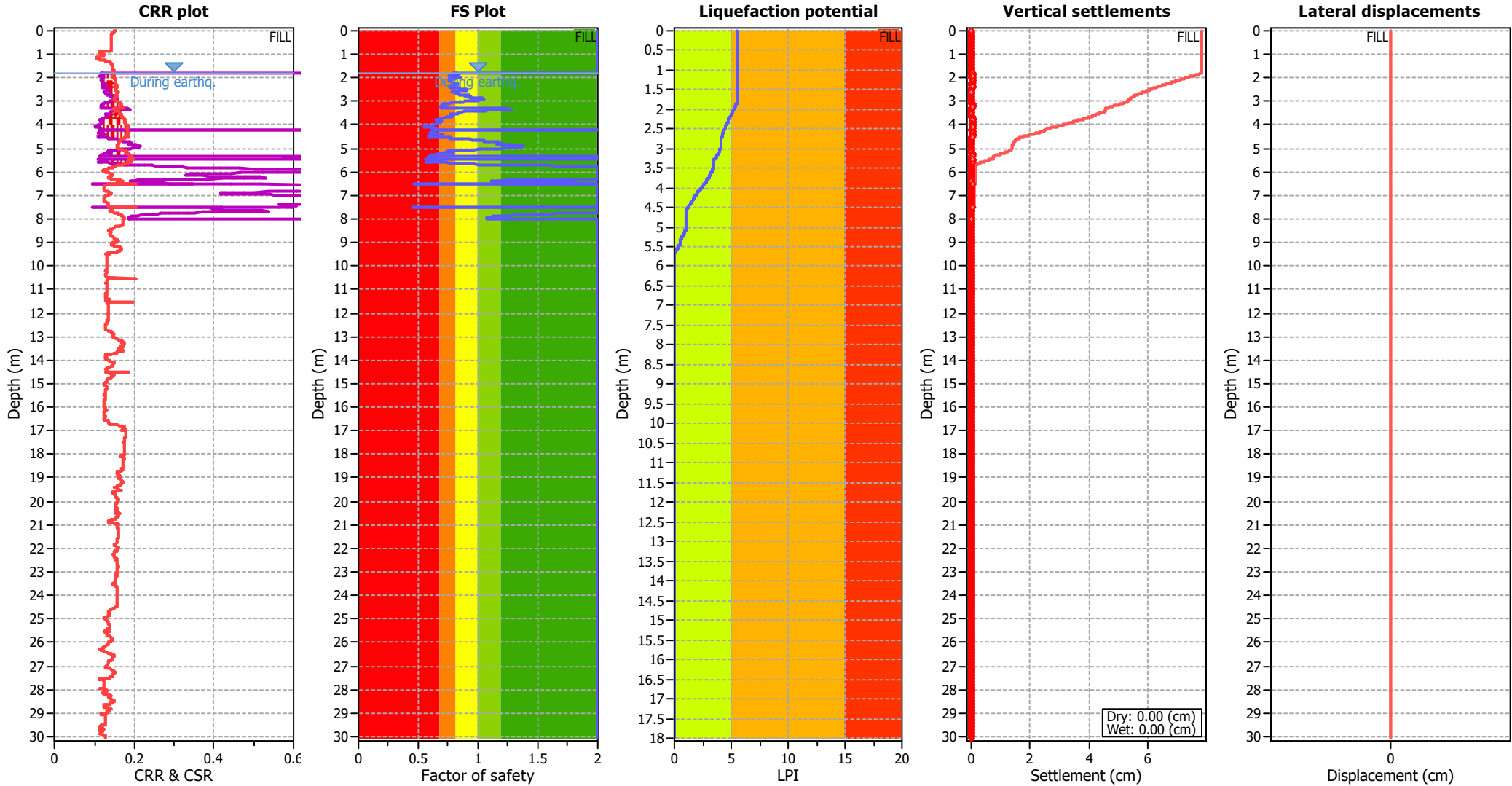
Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	4.60 m	Footing load:	0.00 kPa
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Excavation:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	4.60 m	Excavation depth:	4.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	3.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.80 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

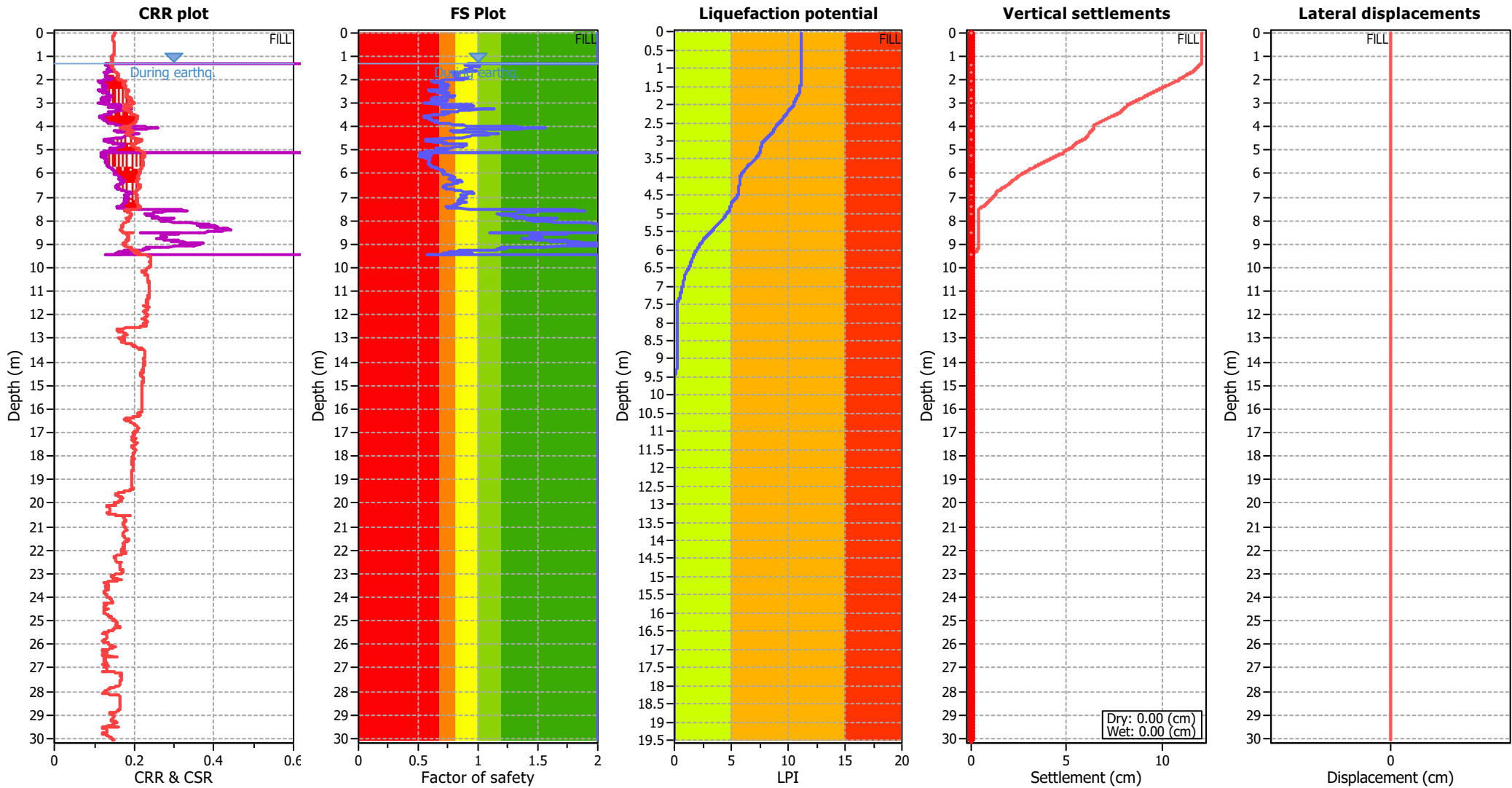
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	1.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.30 m	Fill height:	0.50 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

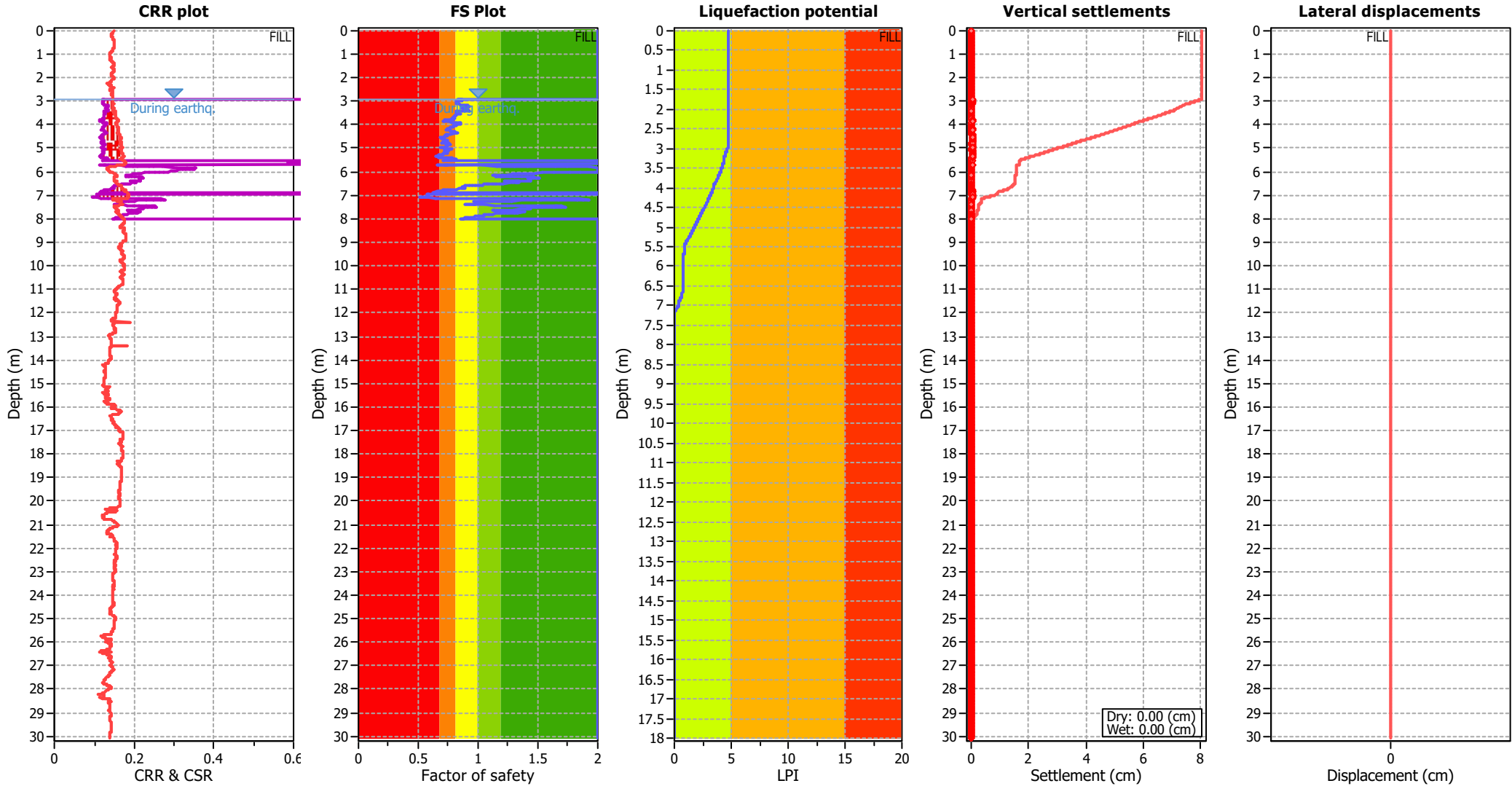
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
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LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	4.90 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.90 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

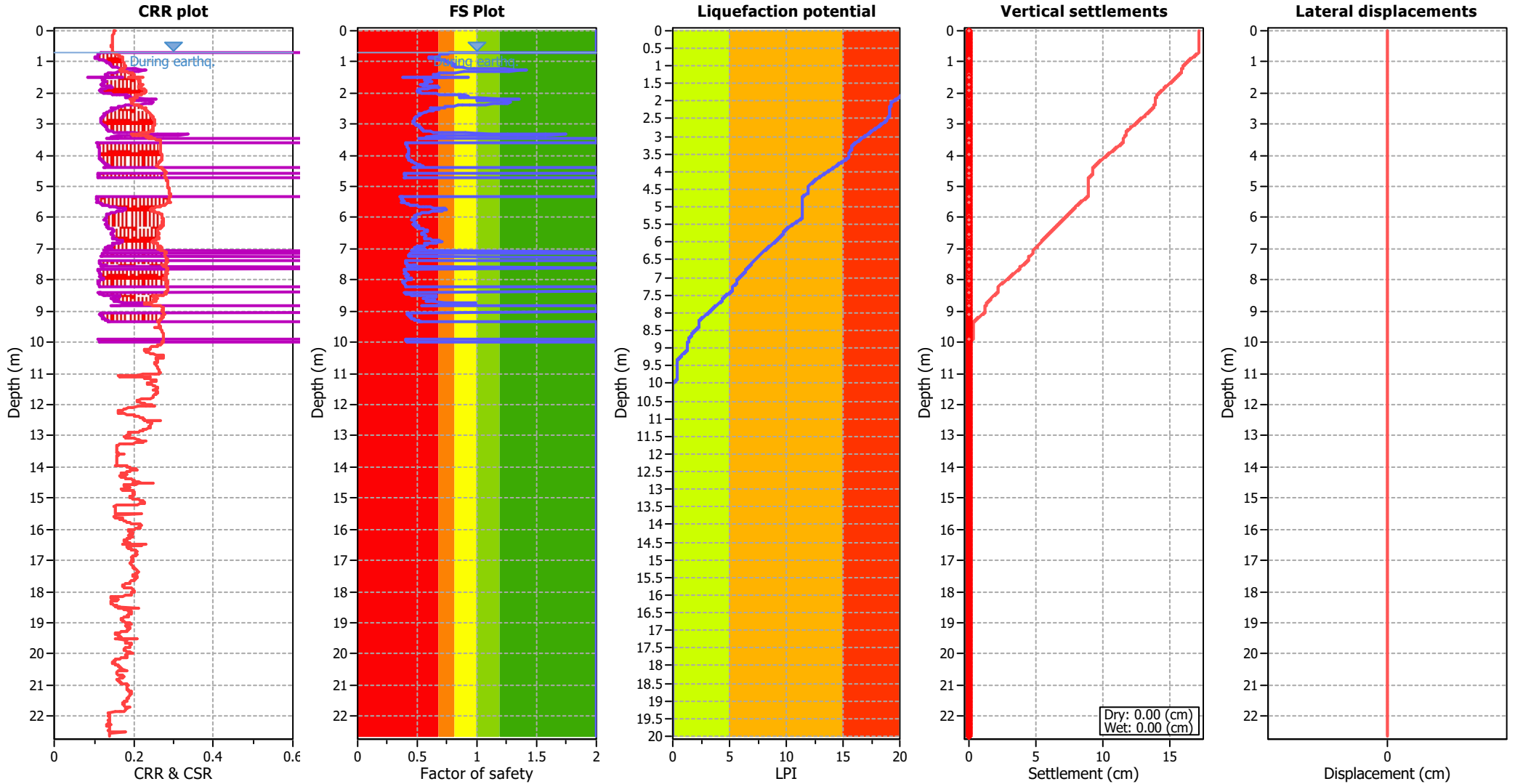
F.S. color scheme

Very high risk	Almost certain it will liquefy
High risk	Very likely to liquefy
Low risk	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
	Unlike to liquefy
	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Very high risk
High risk
Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	0.70 m	Fill weight:	18.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.70 m	Fill height:	0.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

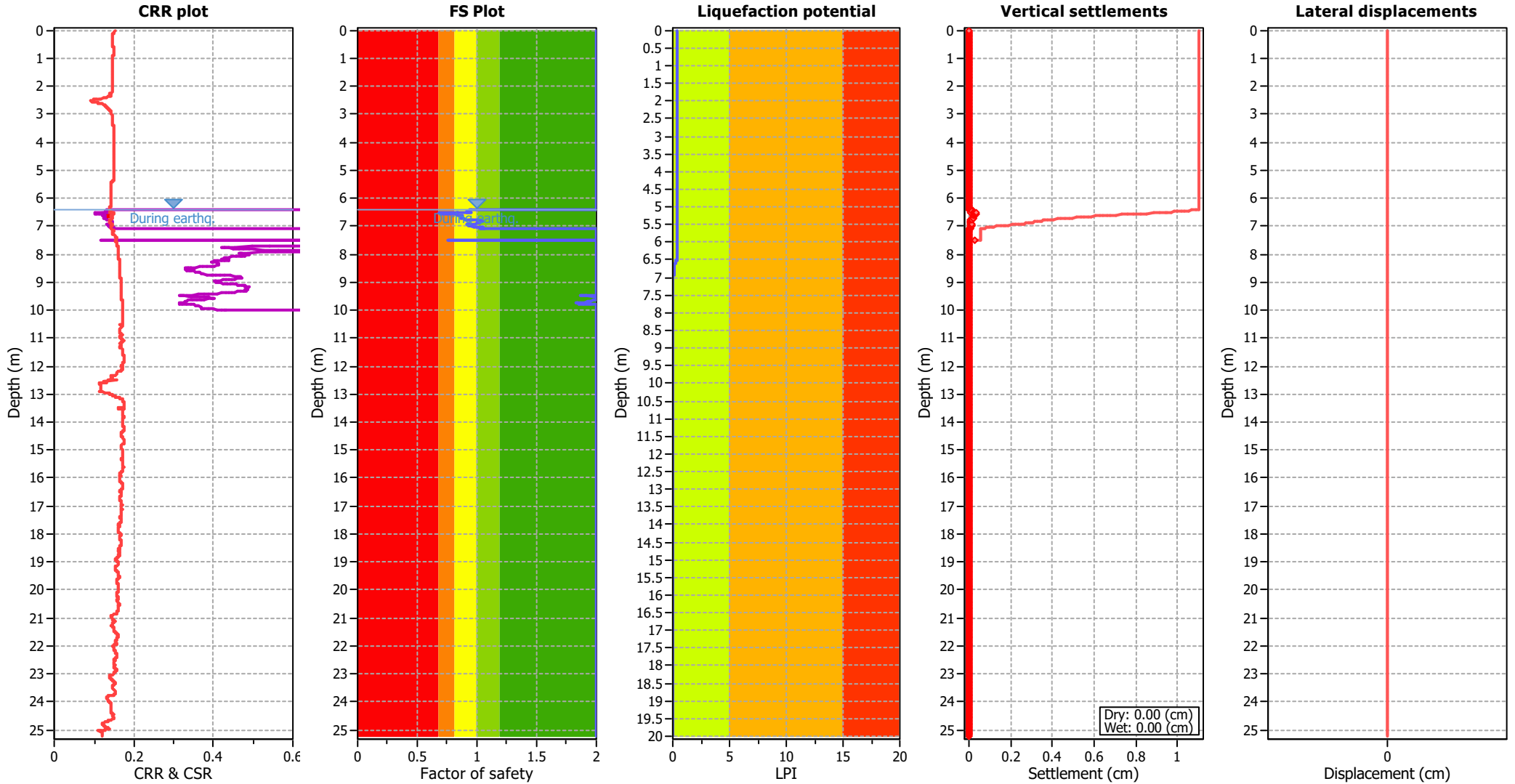
F.S. color scheme

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Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Light Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	6.40 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	6.40 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	10.00 m

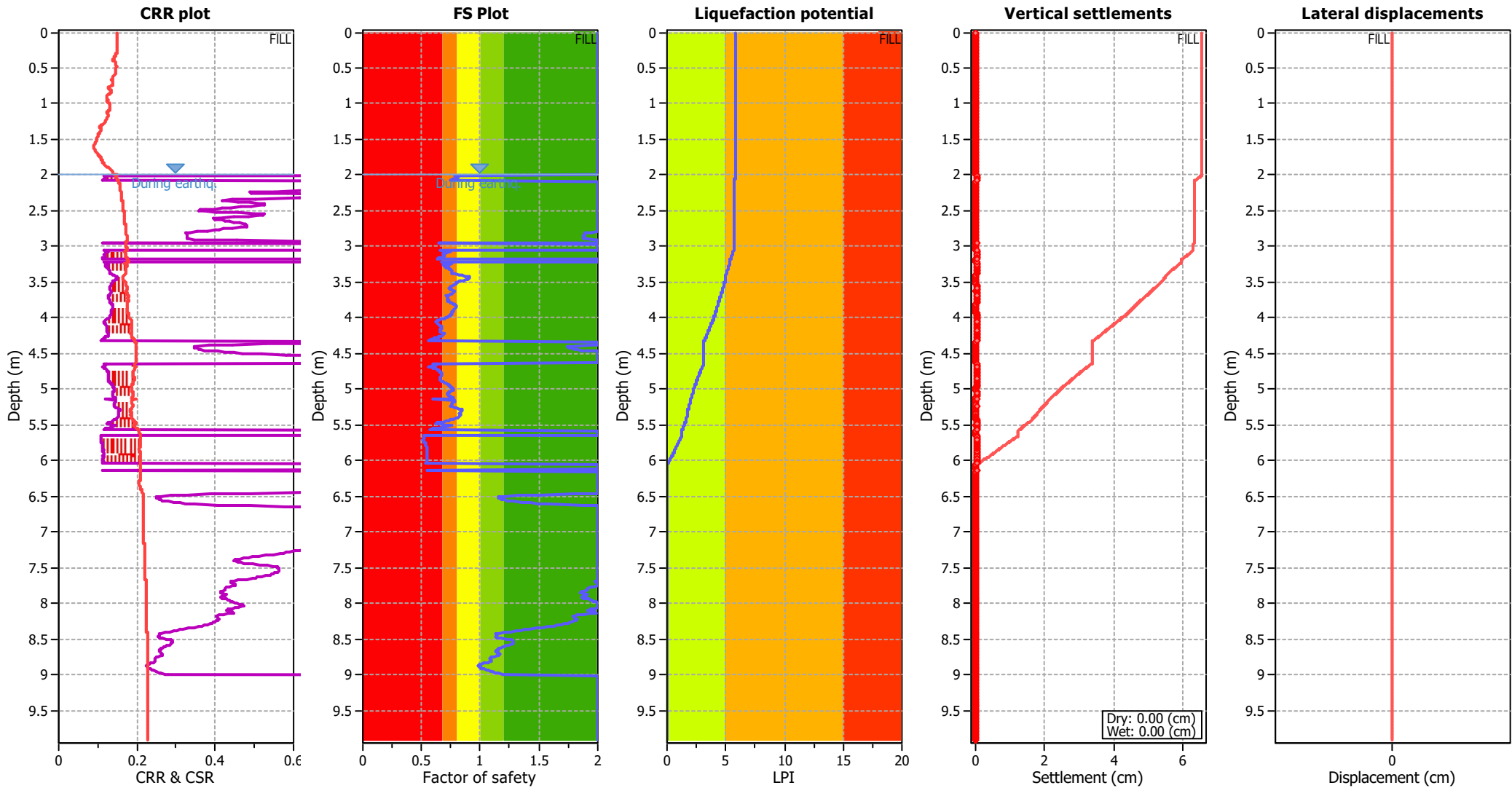
F.S. color scheme

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Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	3.00 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.00 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

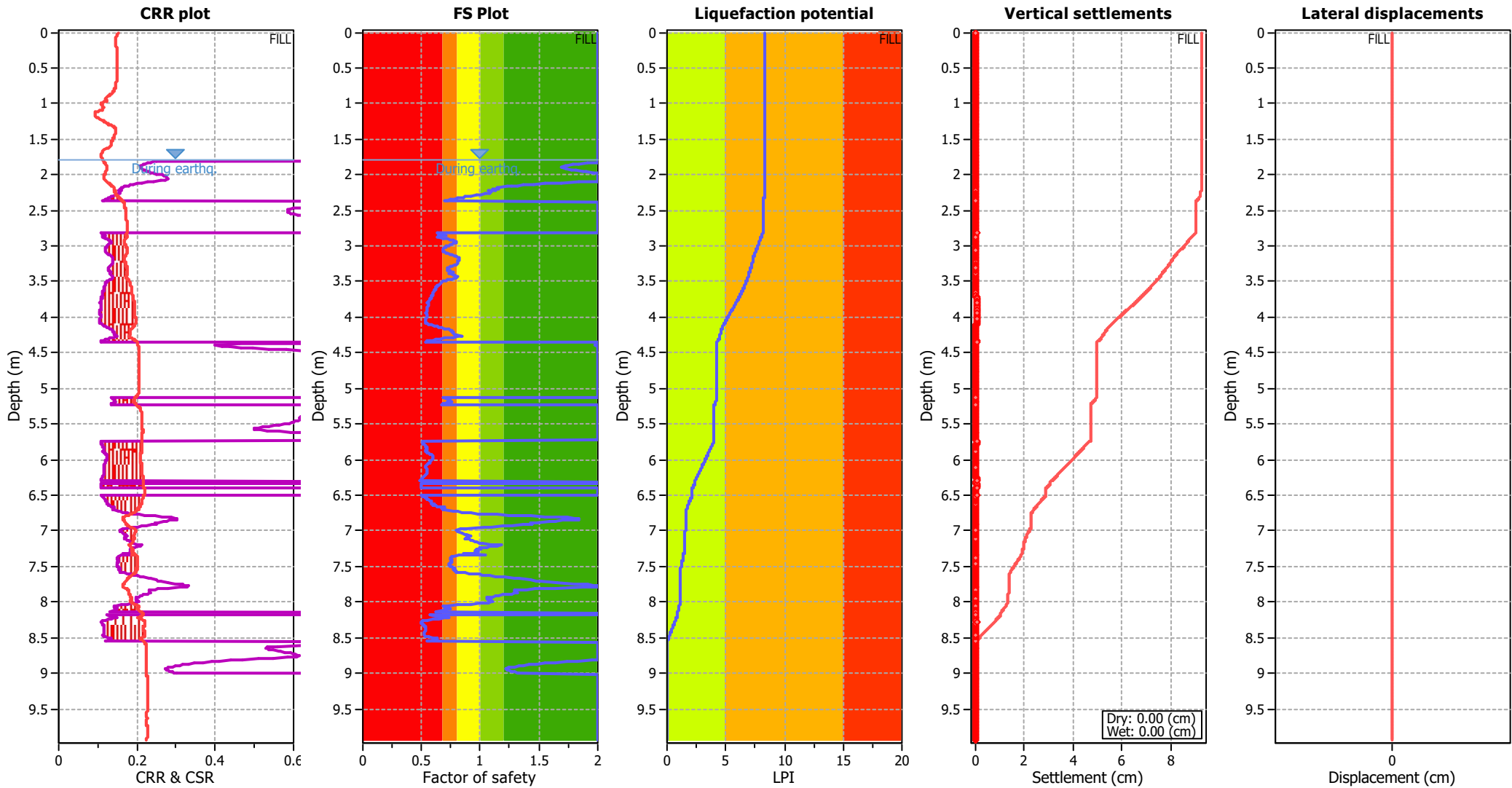
F.S. color scheme

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- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	2.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.80 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

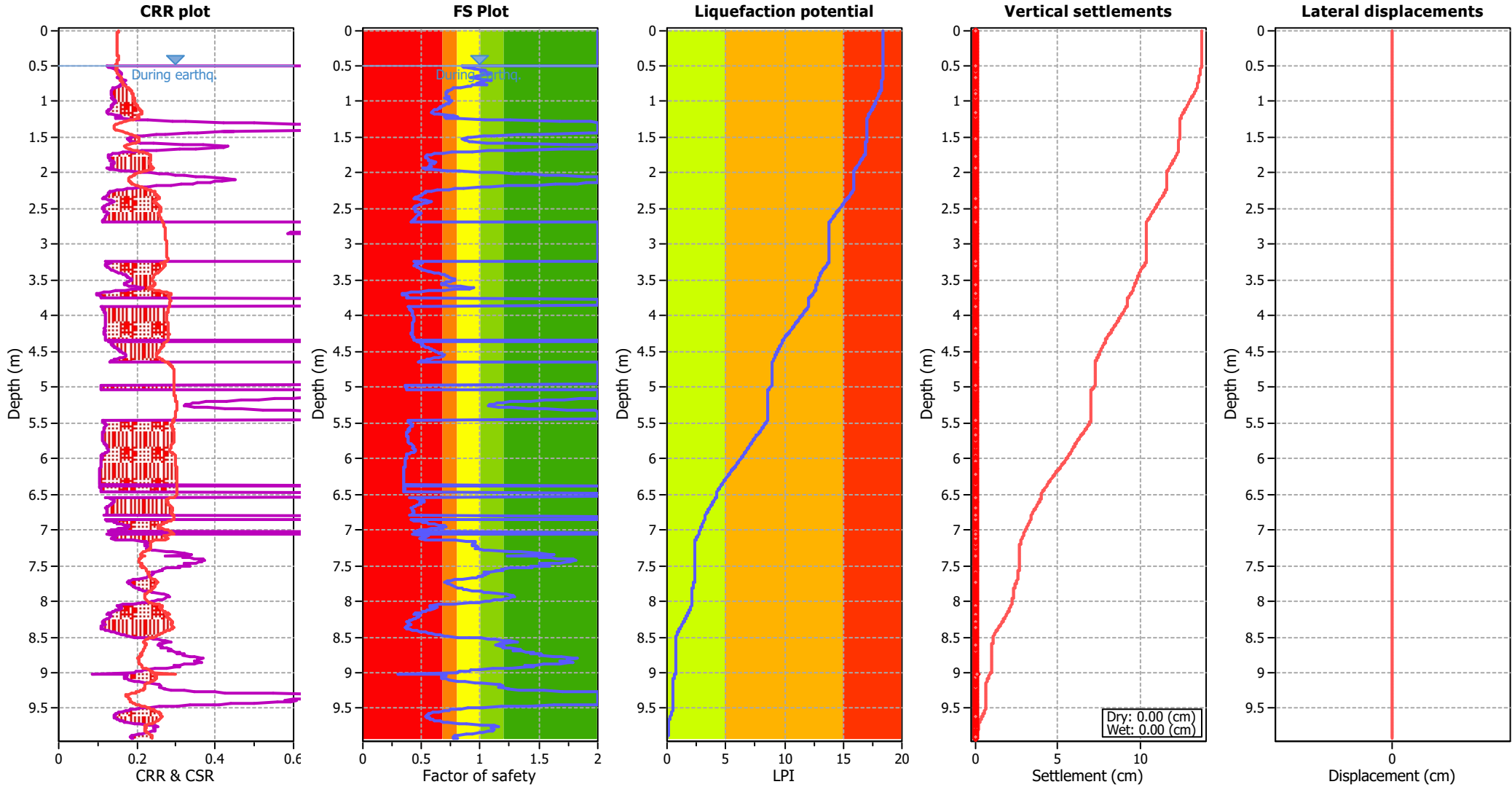
F.S. color scheme

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- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	0.50 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.50 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	10.00 m

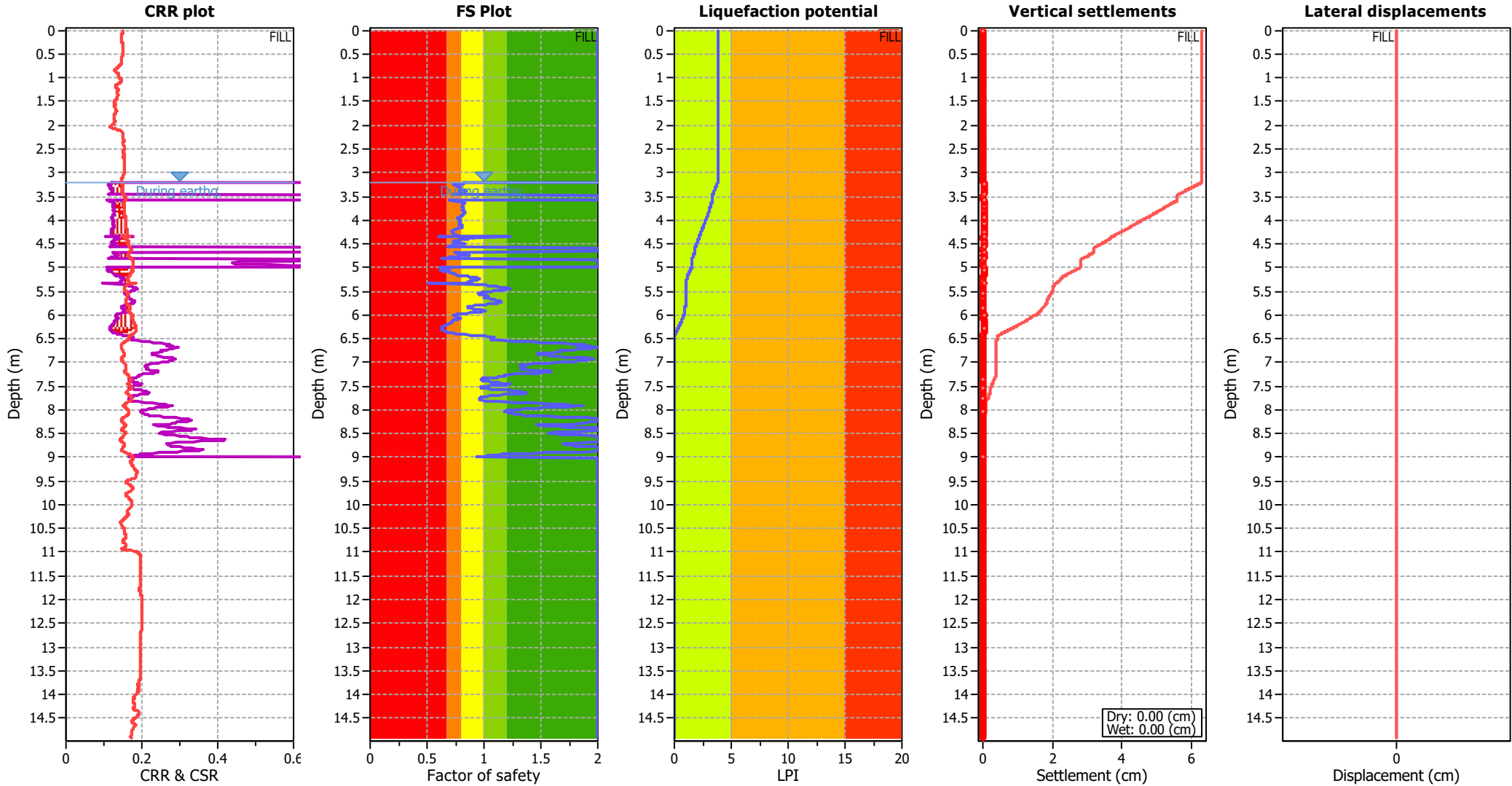
F.S. color scheme

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Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	4.20 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	3.20 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

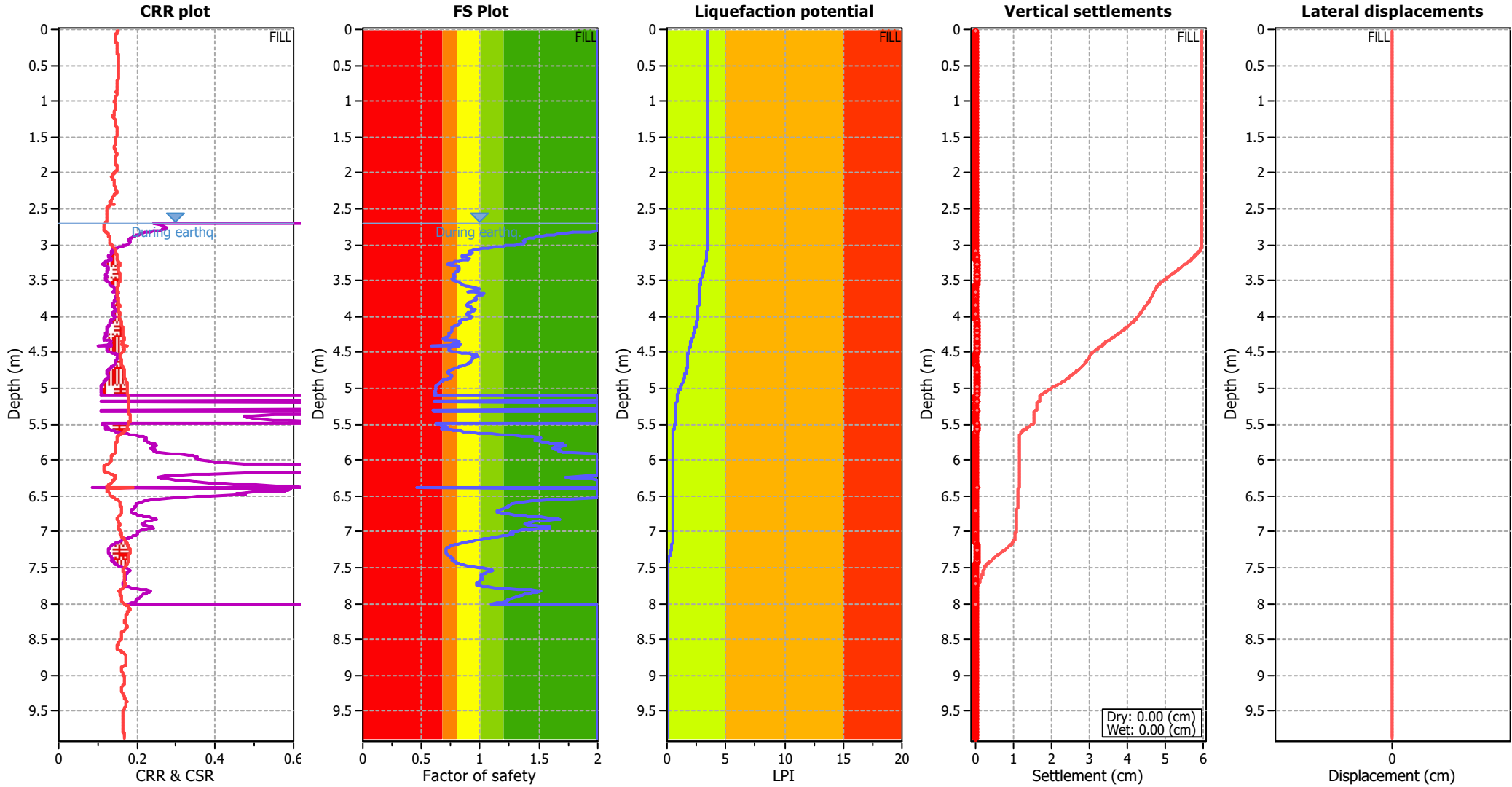
F.S. color scheme

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LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	4.70 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.70 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

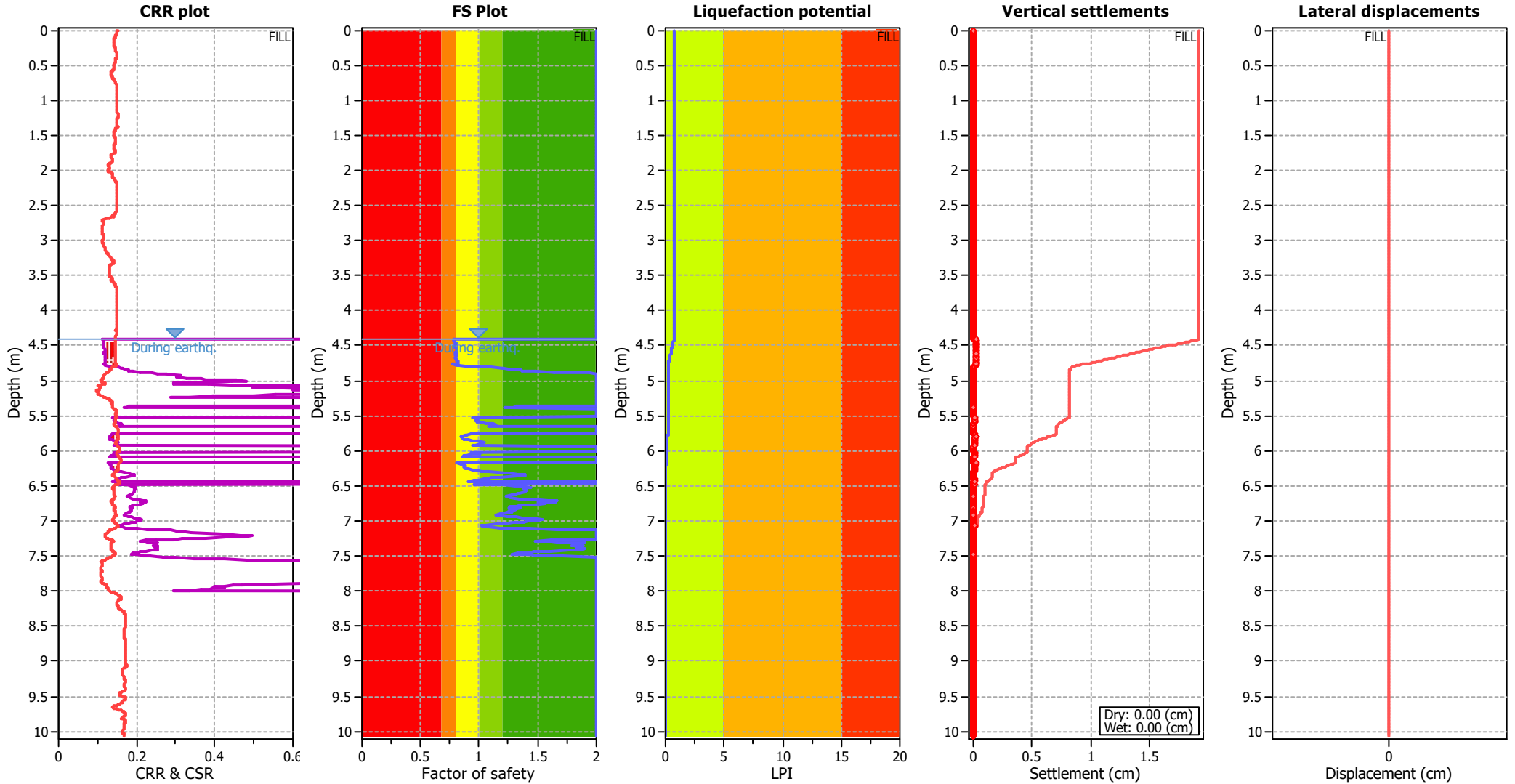
F.S. color scheme

Almost certain it will liquefy
Very likely to liquefy
Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Unlike to liquefy
Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Very high risk
High risk
Low risk

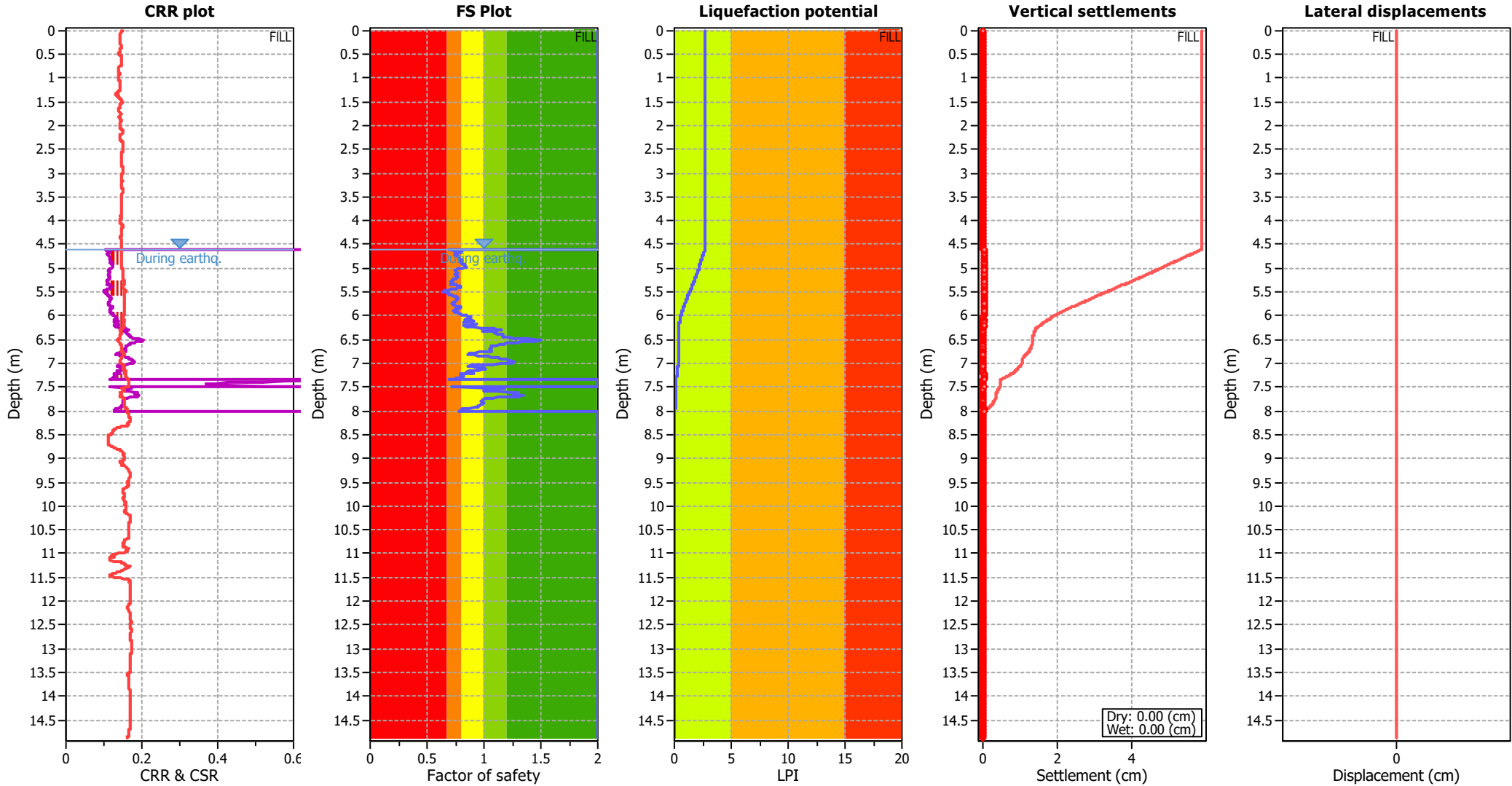
Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	6.40 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	6.40 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	6.60 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	4.60 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

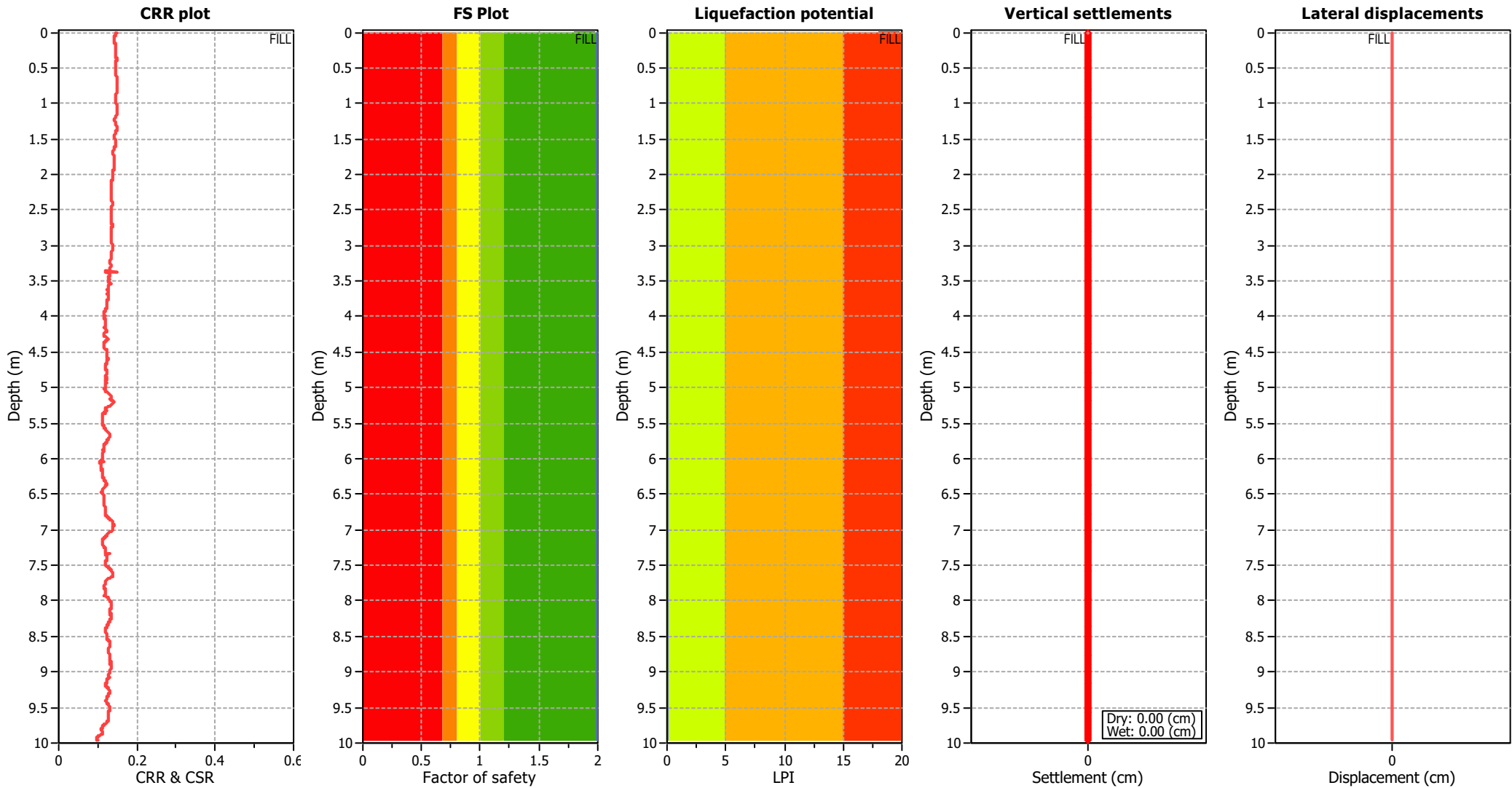
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

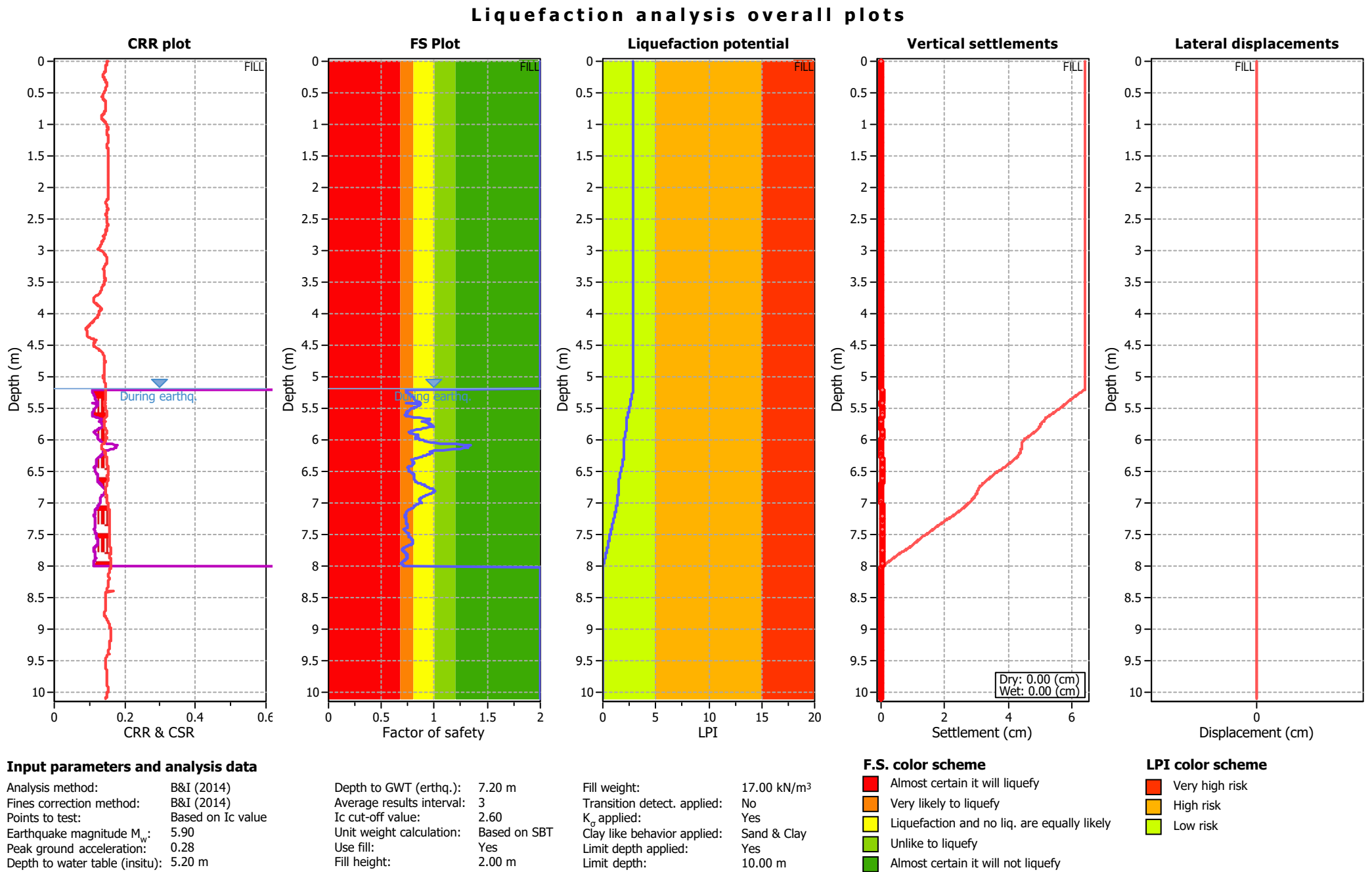
Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	13.50 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	13.50 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Light Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

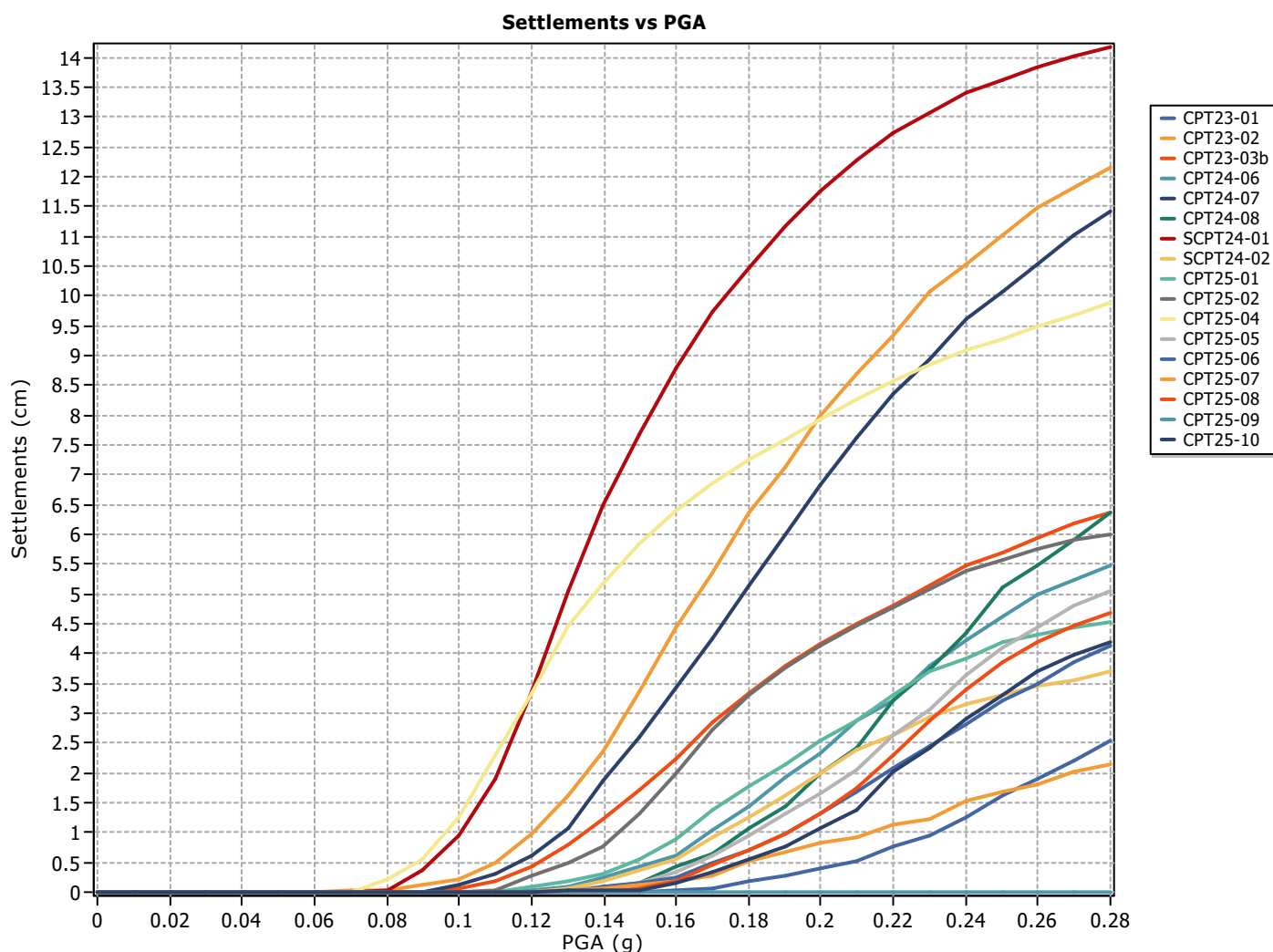
LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk



IL2 FULL DEPTH LIQUFACTION RESULTS

PGA Based Parametric Analysis



:: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT23-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.20	6.20
CPT23-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	2.90
CPT23-03b	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	4.60
CPT24-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	3.80
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
SCPT24-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.70	0.70
SCPT24-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-01	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.00	3.00
CPT25-02	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.80	2.80
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70
CPT25-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	6.40	6.40
CPT25-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	4.60	6.60

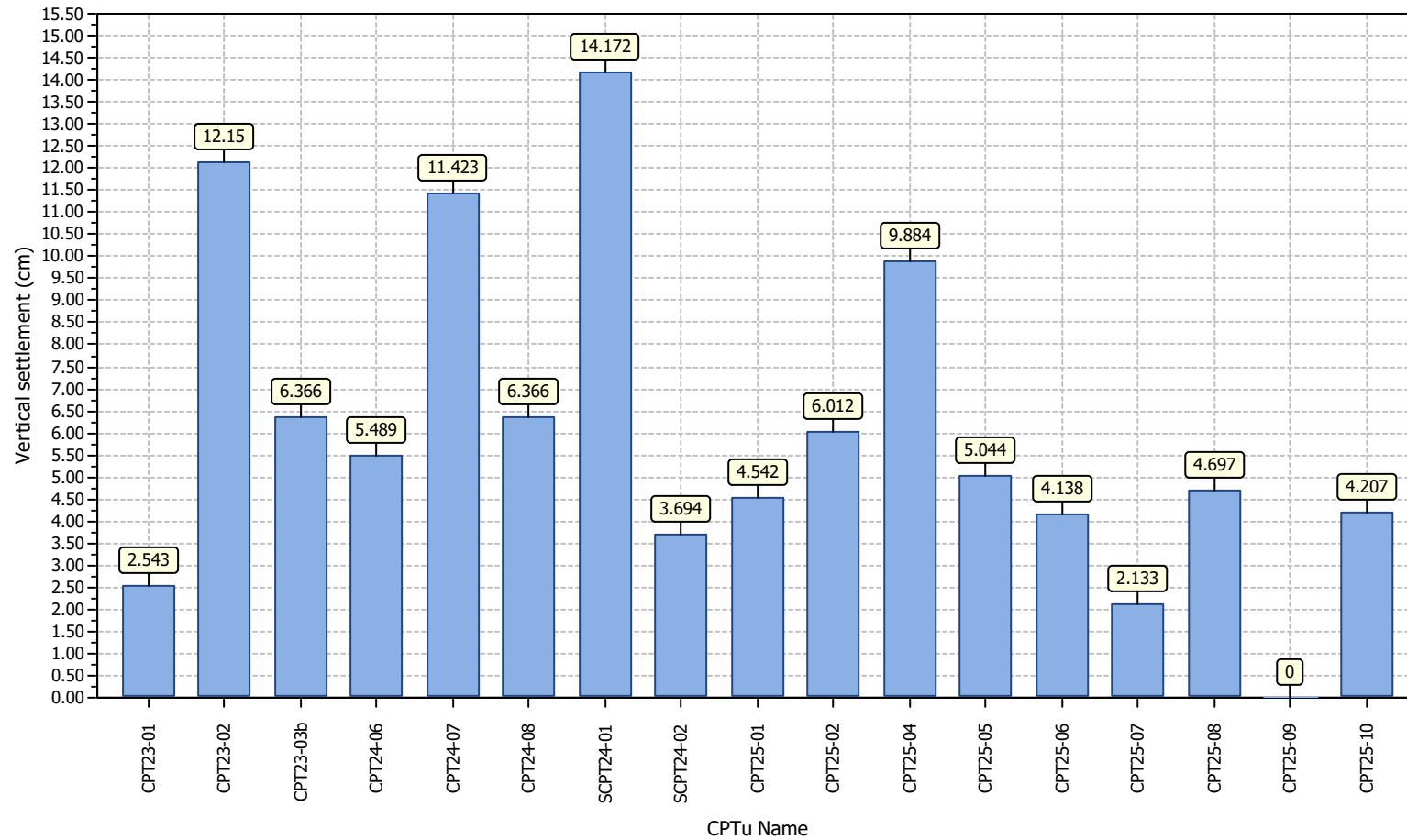
PGA Based Parametric Analysis

CPT25-09	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	13.50	13.50
CPT25-10	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	5.20	7.20

Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

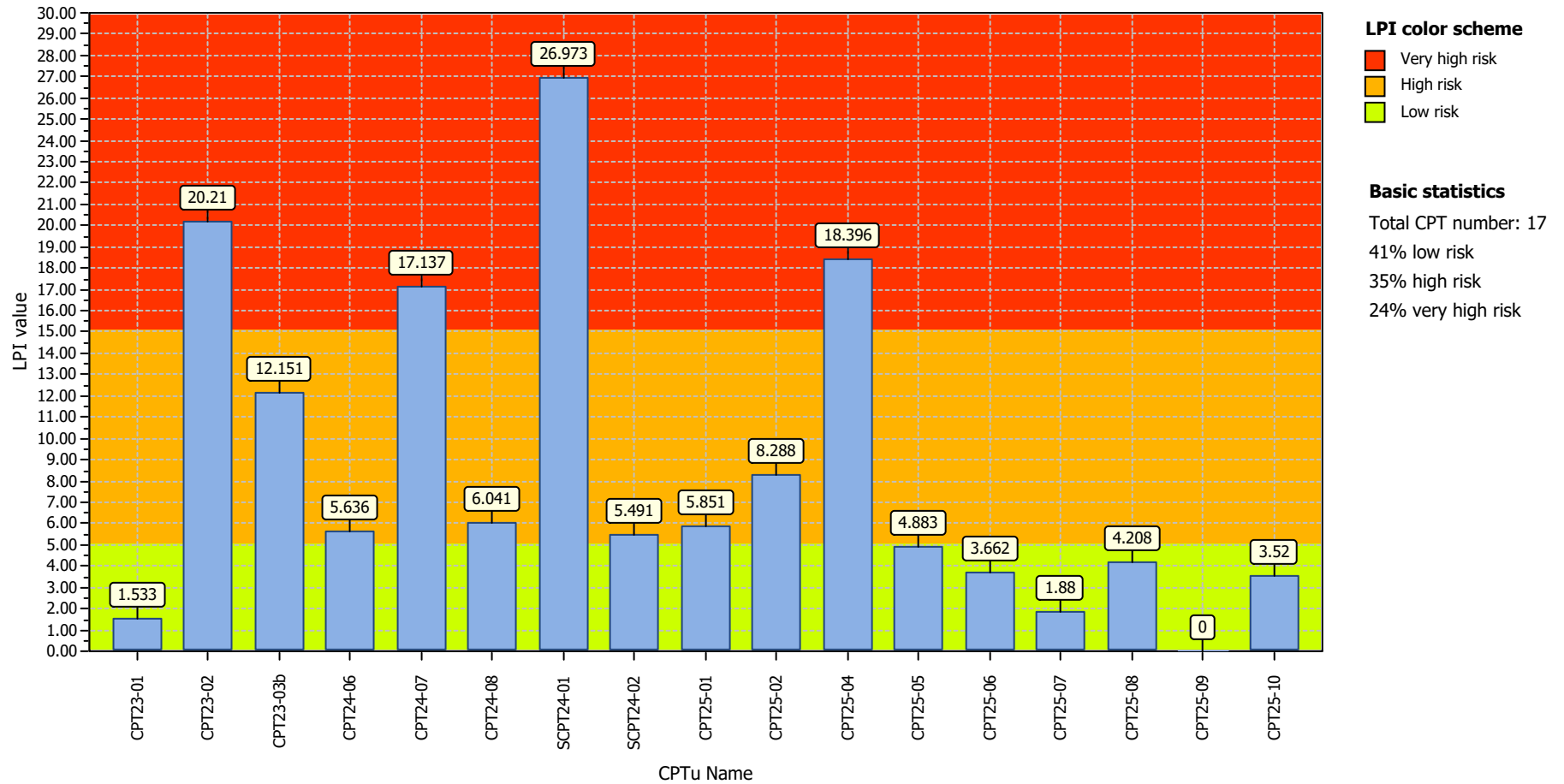
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

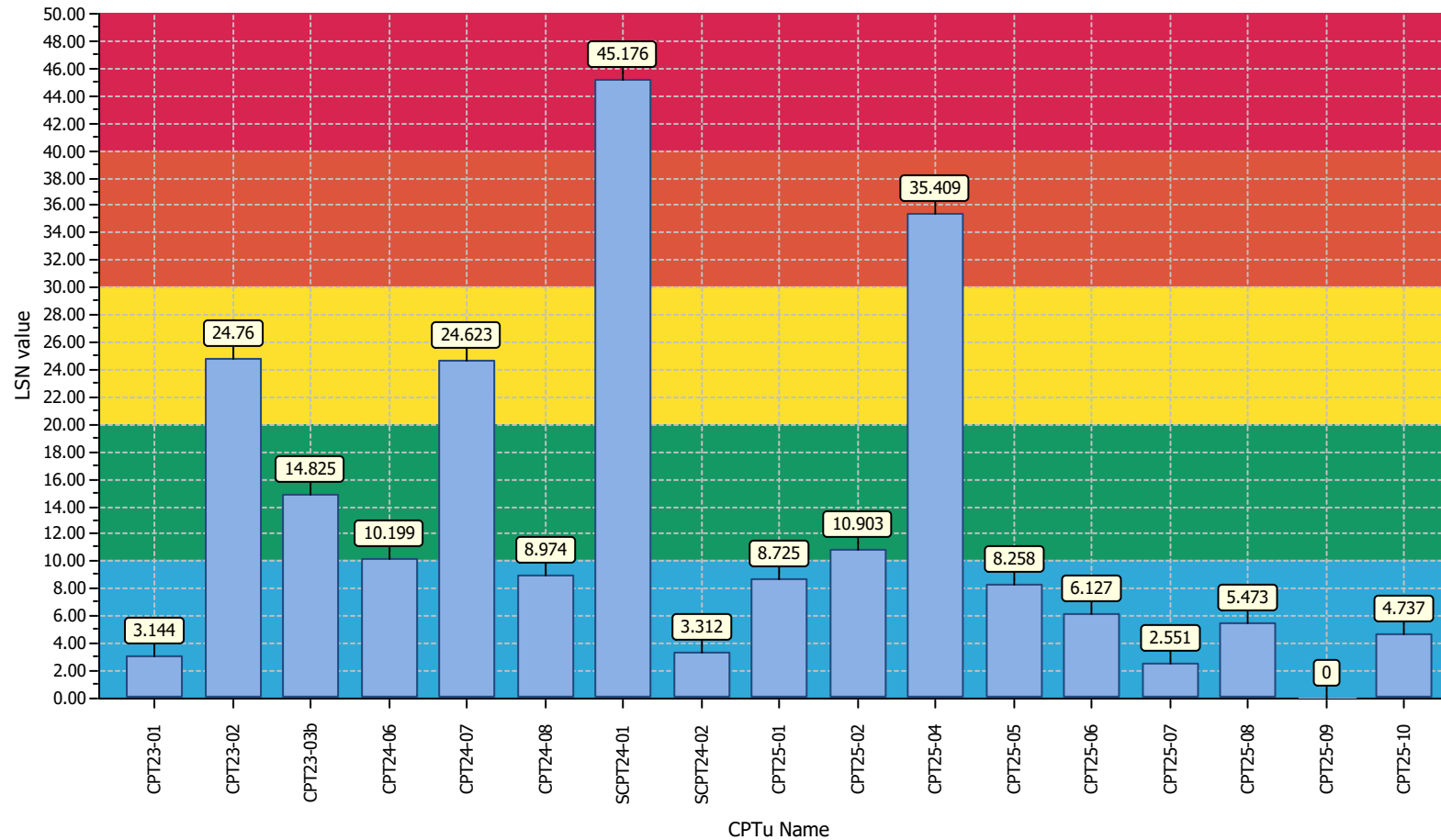
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



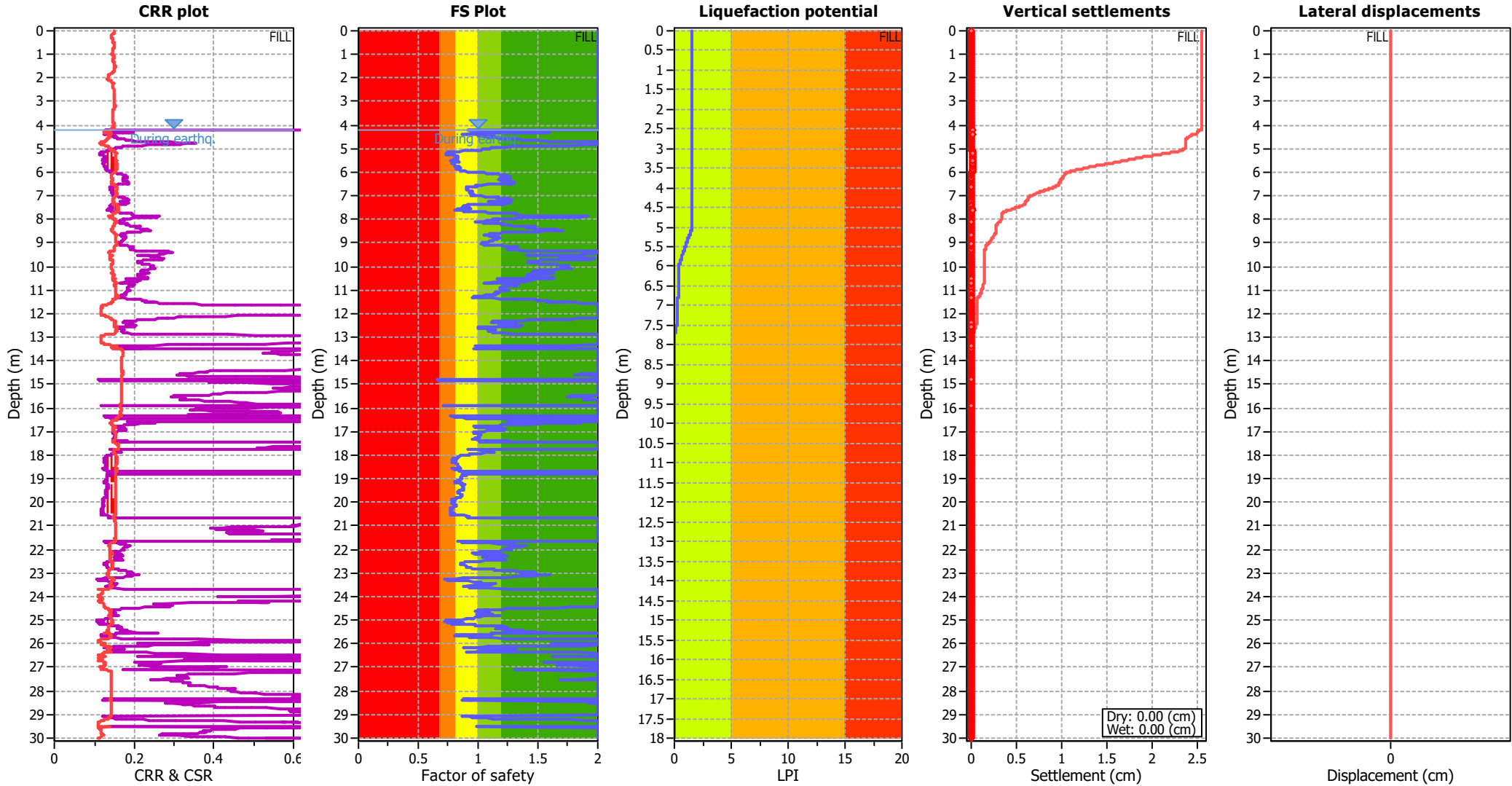
LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

Total CPT number: 17
59% little liquefaction
18% minor liquefaction
12% moderate liquefaction
6% moderate to major liquefaction
6% major liquefaction
0% severe liquefaction

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	6.20 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	6.20 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

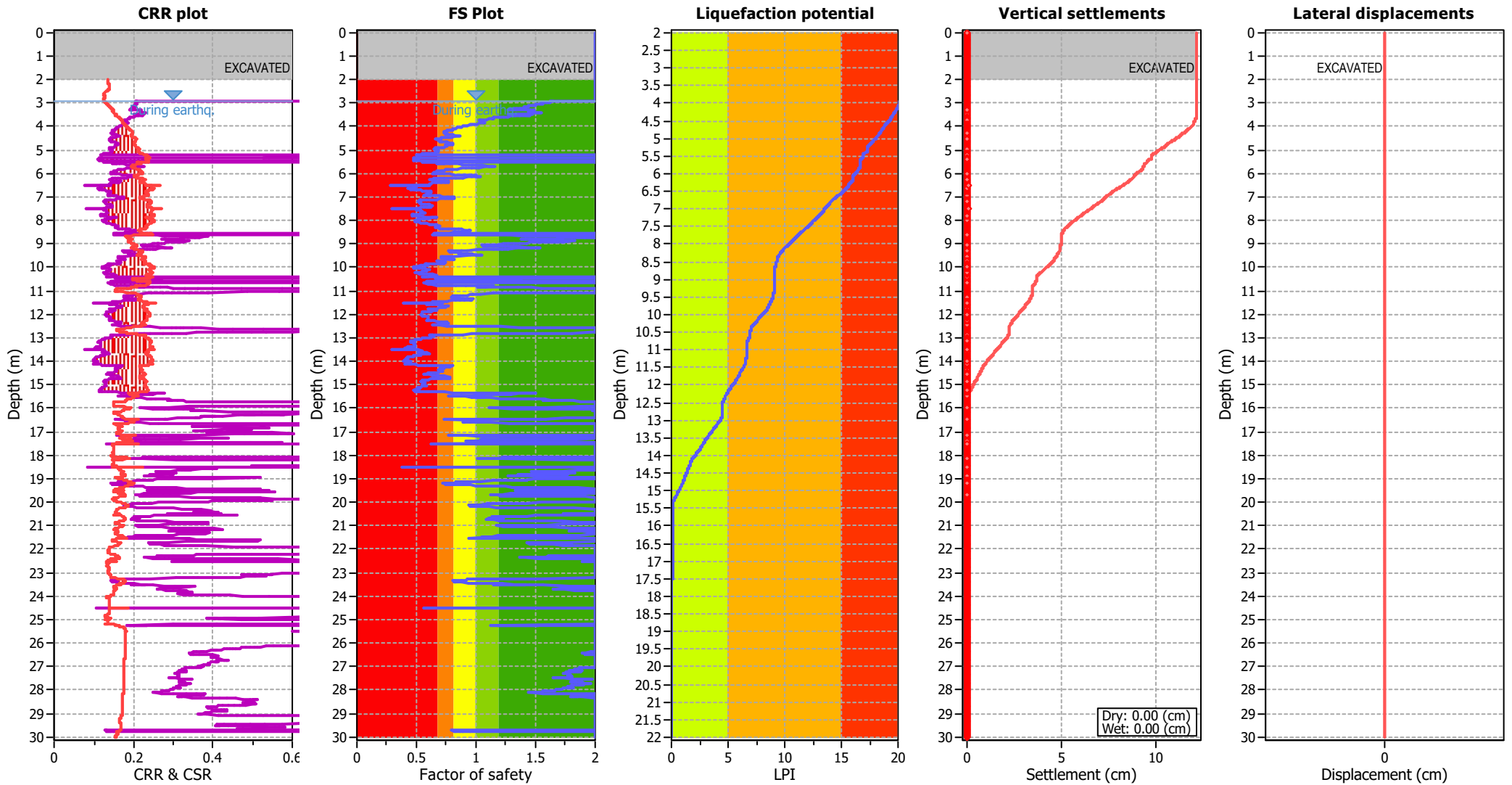
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	2.90 m	Footing load:	0.00 kPa
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Excavation:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.90 m	Excavation depth:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

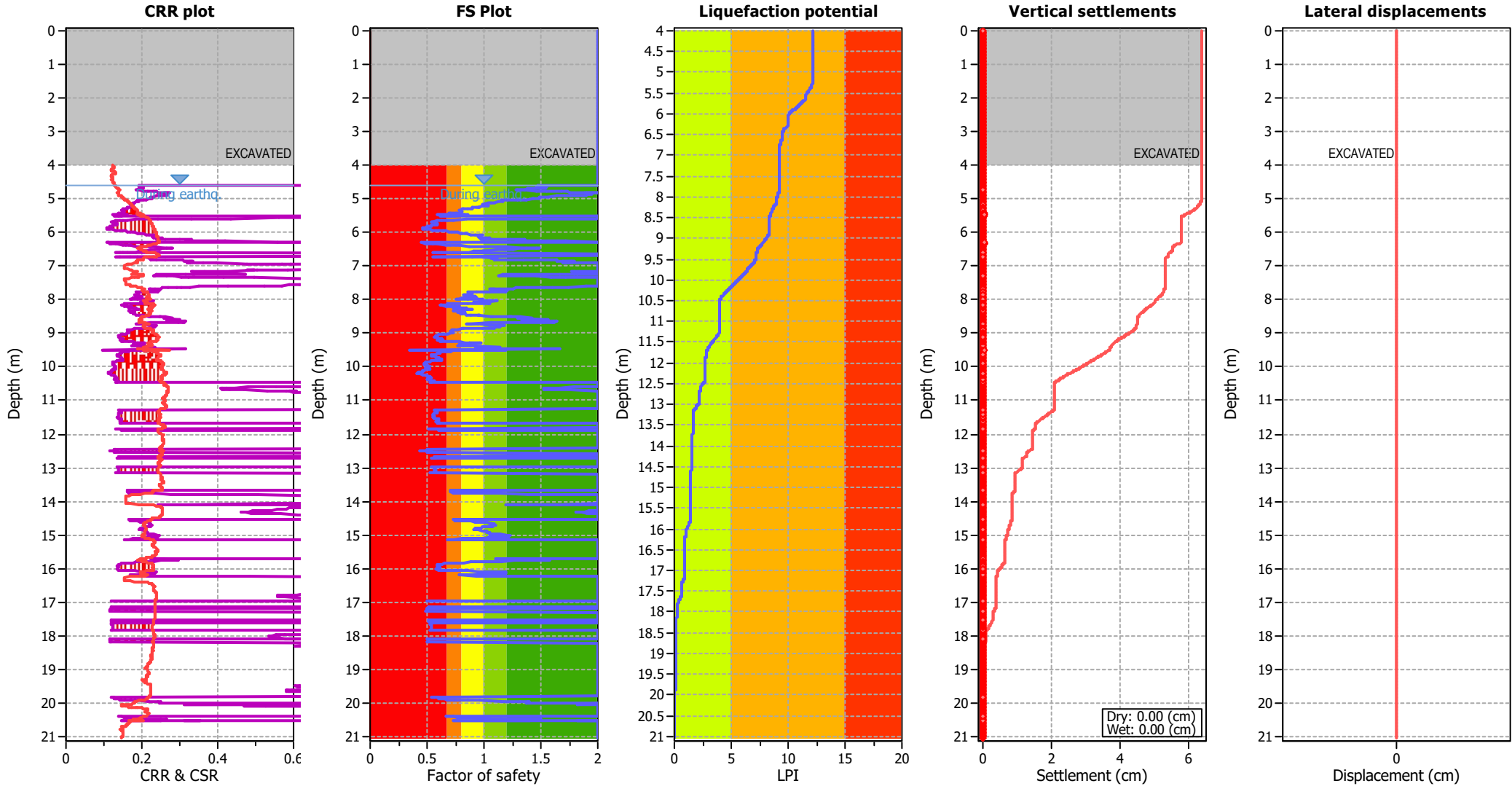
F.S. color scheme

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Orange	Very likely to liquefy
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Light Green	Unlike to liquefy
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LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	4.60 m	Footing load:	0.00 kPa
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _o applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Excavation:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	4.60 m	Excavation depth:	4.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

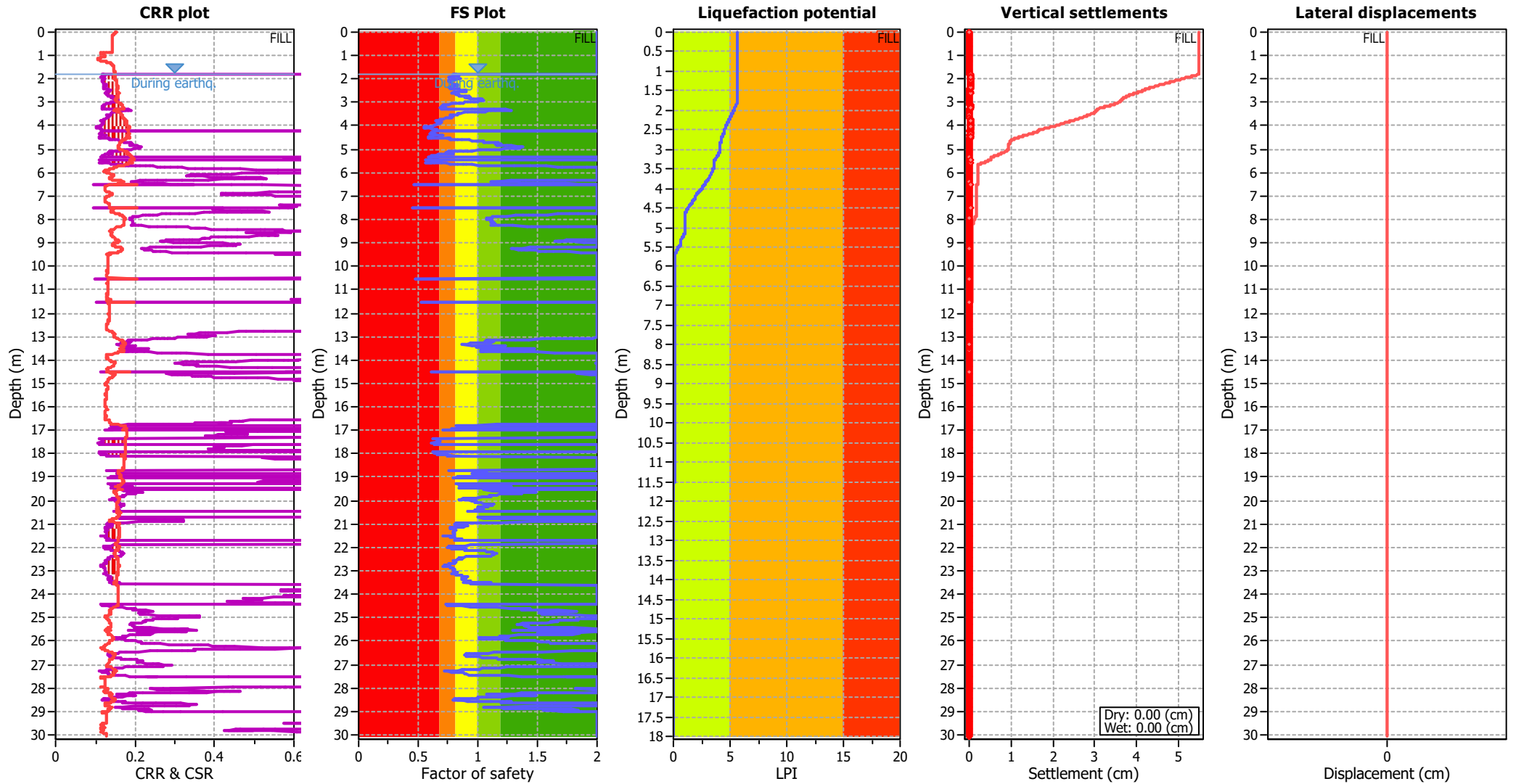
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	3.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.80 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

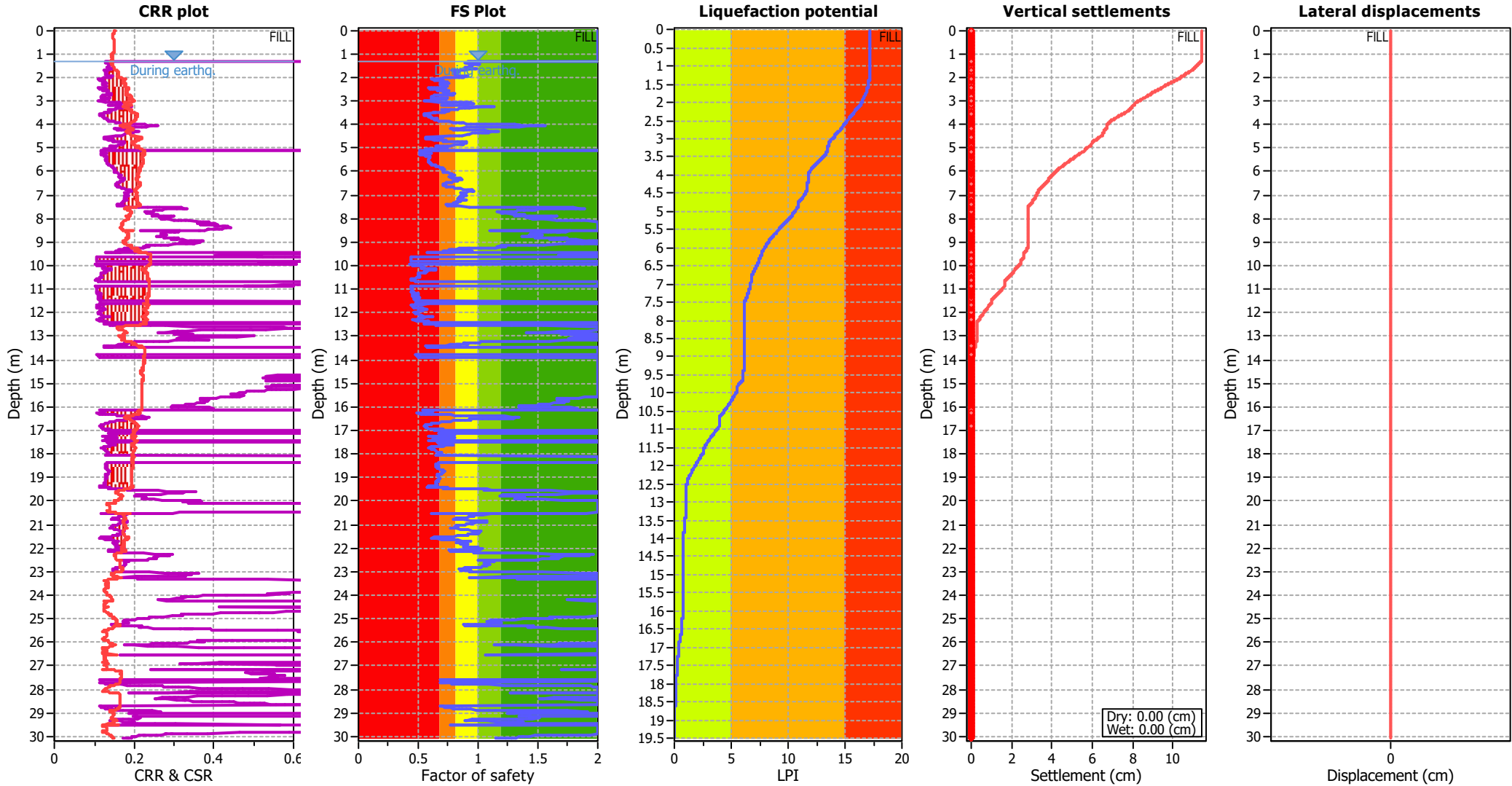
F.S. color scheme

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- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
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- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	1.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.30 m	Fill height:	0.50 m	Limit depth:	N/A

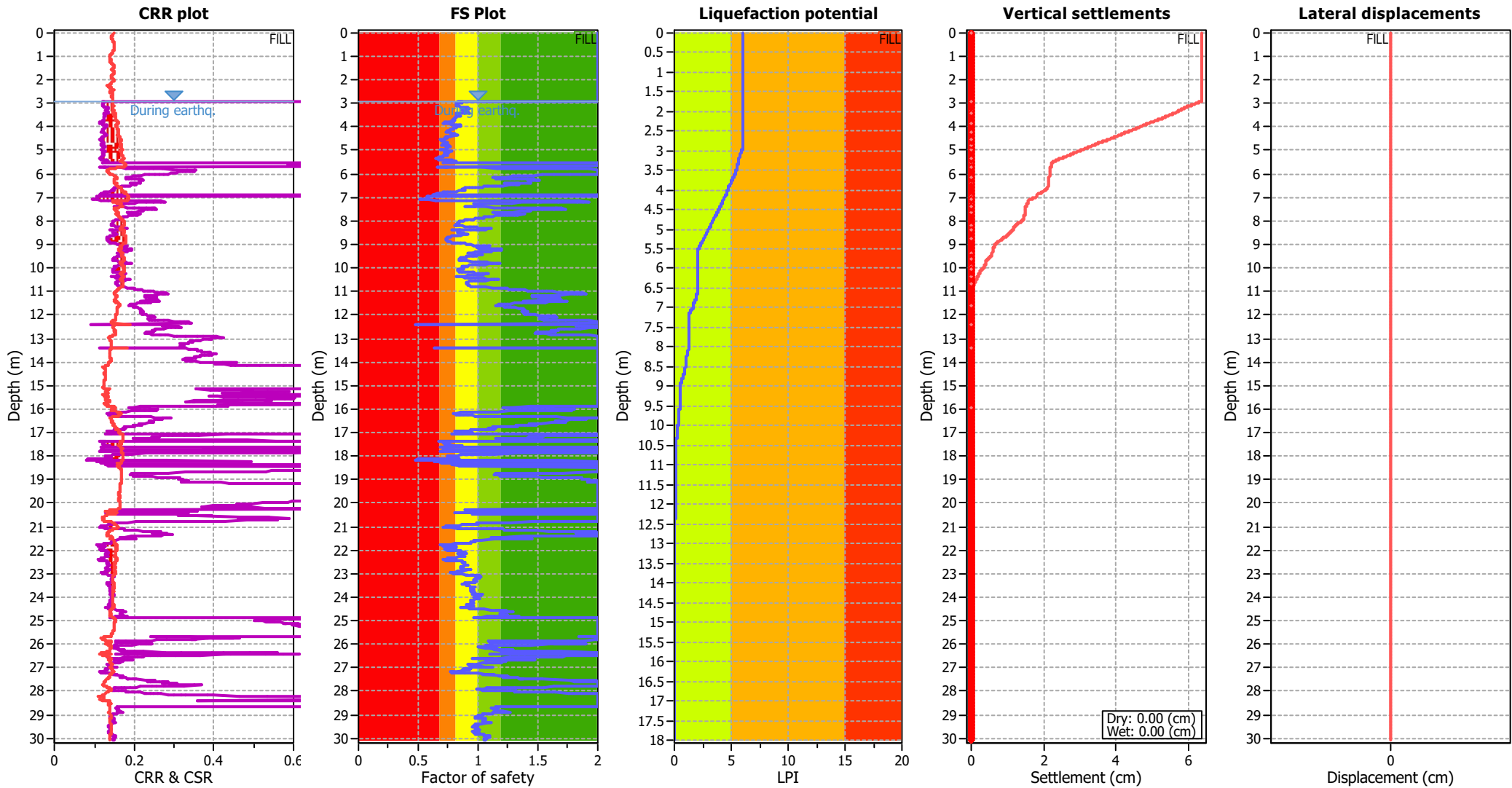
F.S. color scheme

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LPI color scheme

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Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	4.90 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.90 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

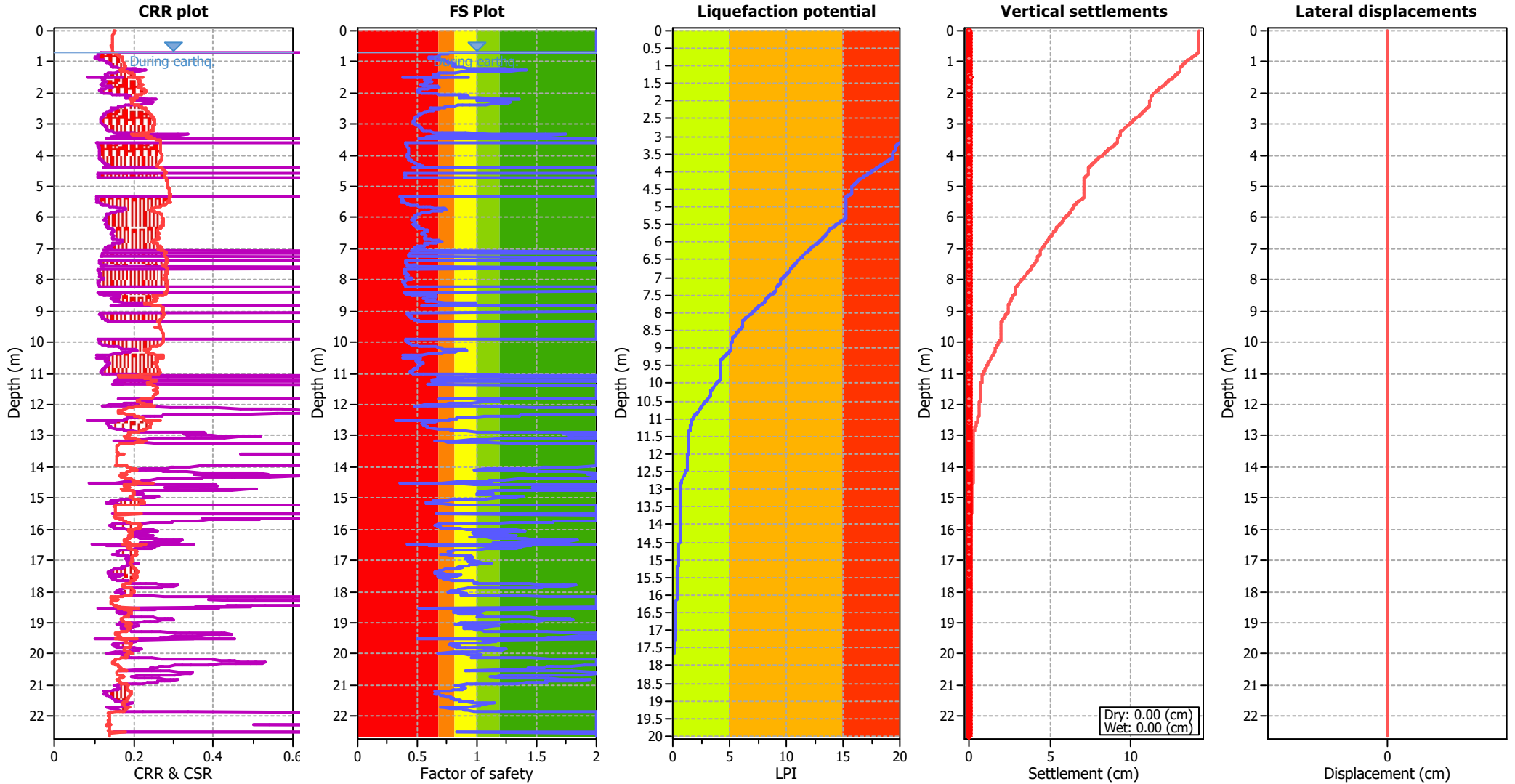
F.S. color scheme

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LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	0.70 m	Fill weight:	18.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.70 m	Fill height:	0.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

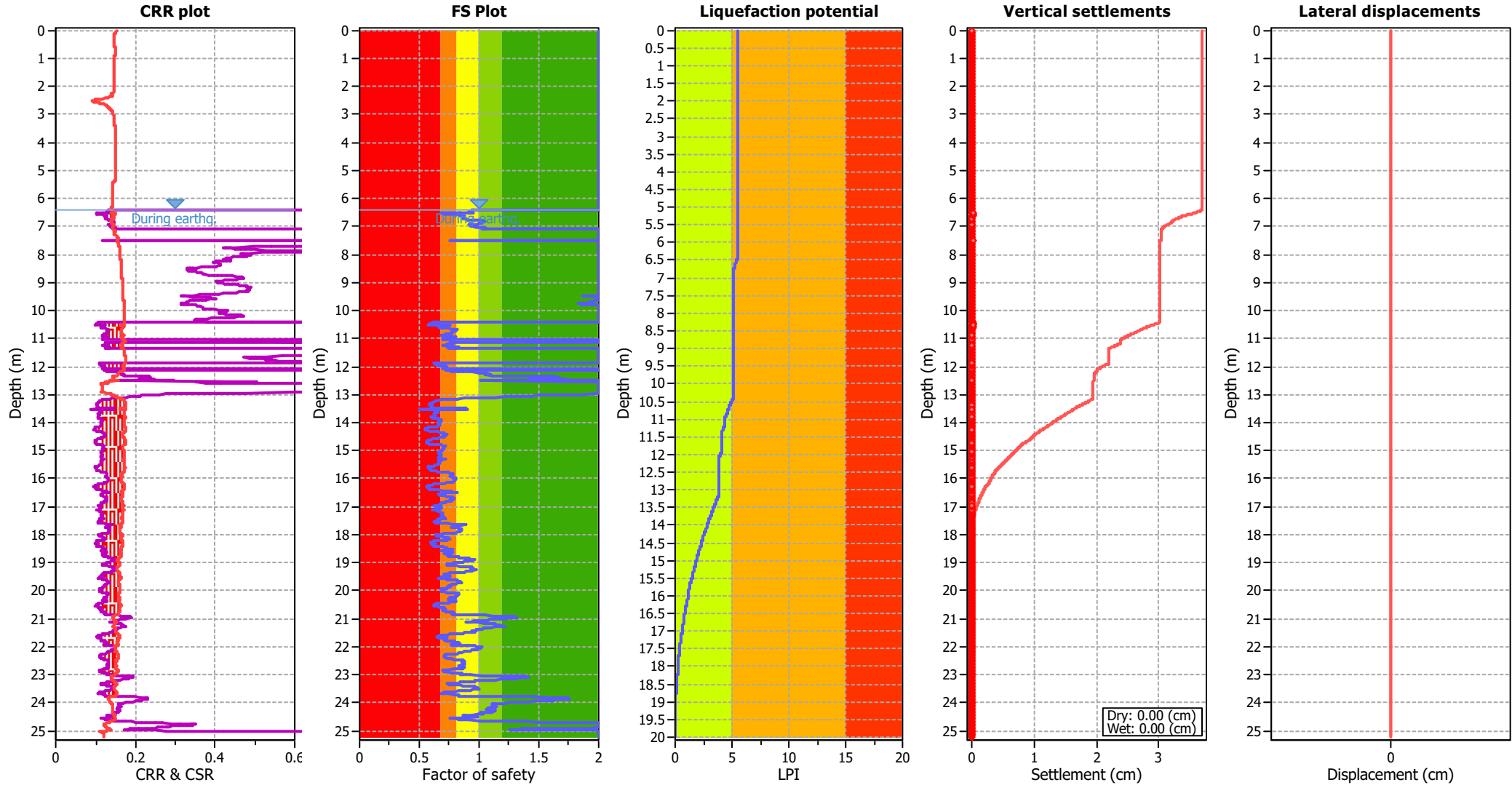
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Light Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	6.40 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K _s applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	6.40 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

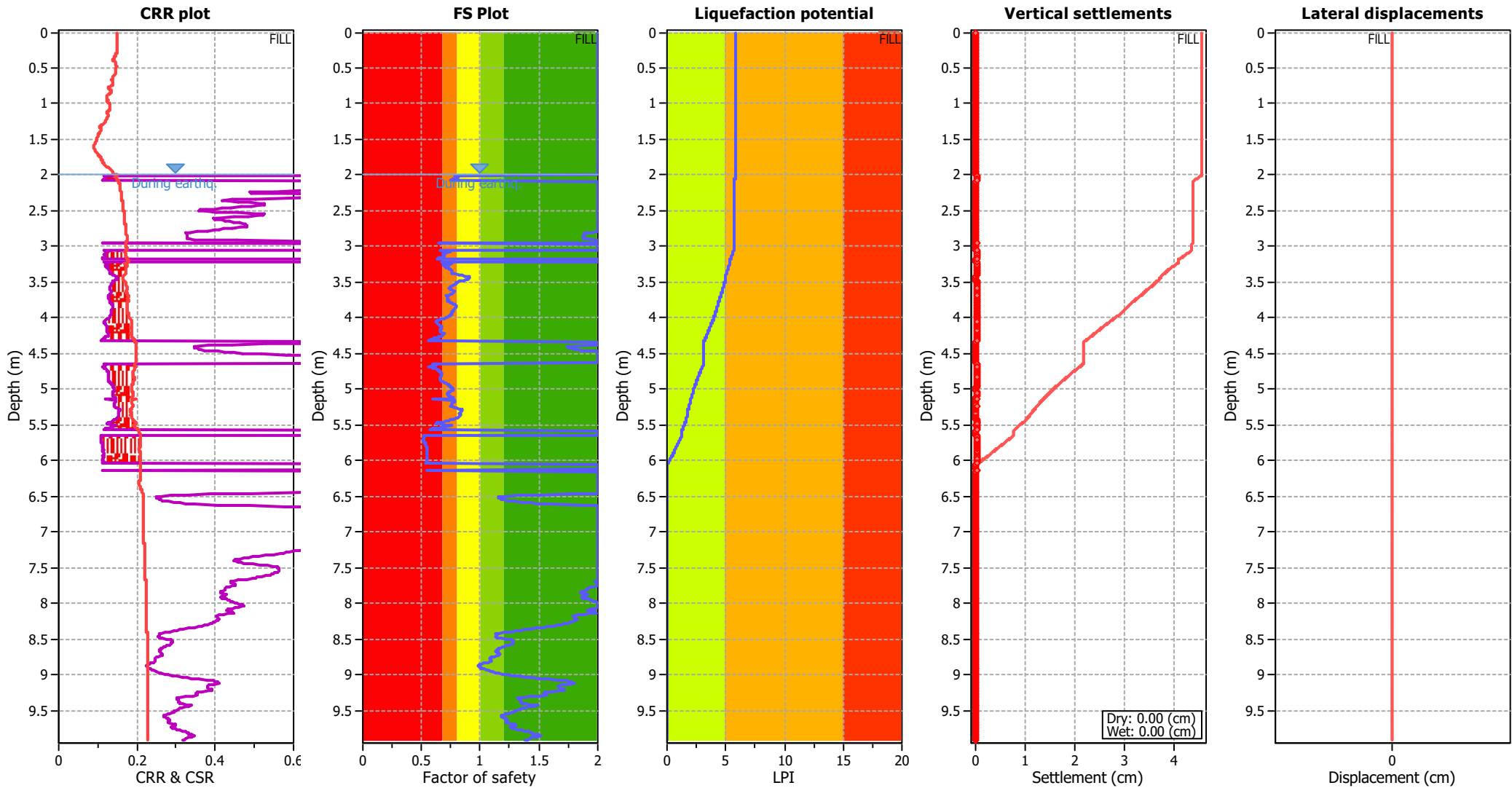
F.S. color scheme

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Light Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

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Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	3.00 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.00 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

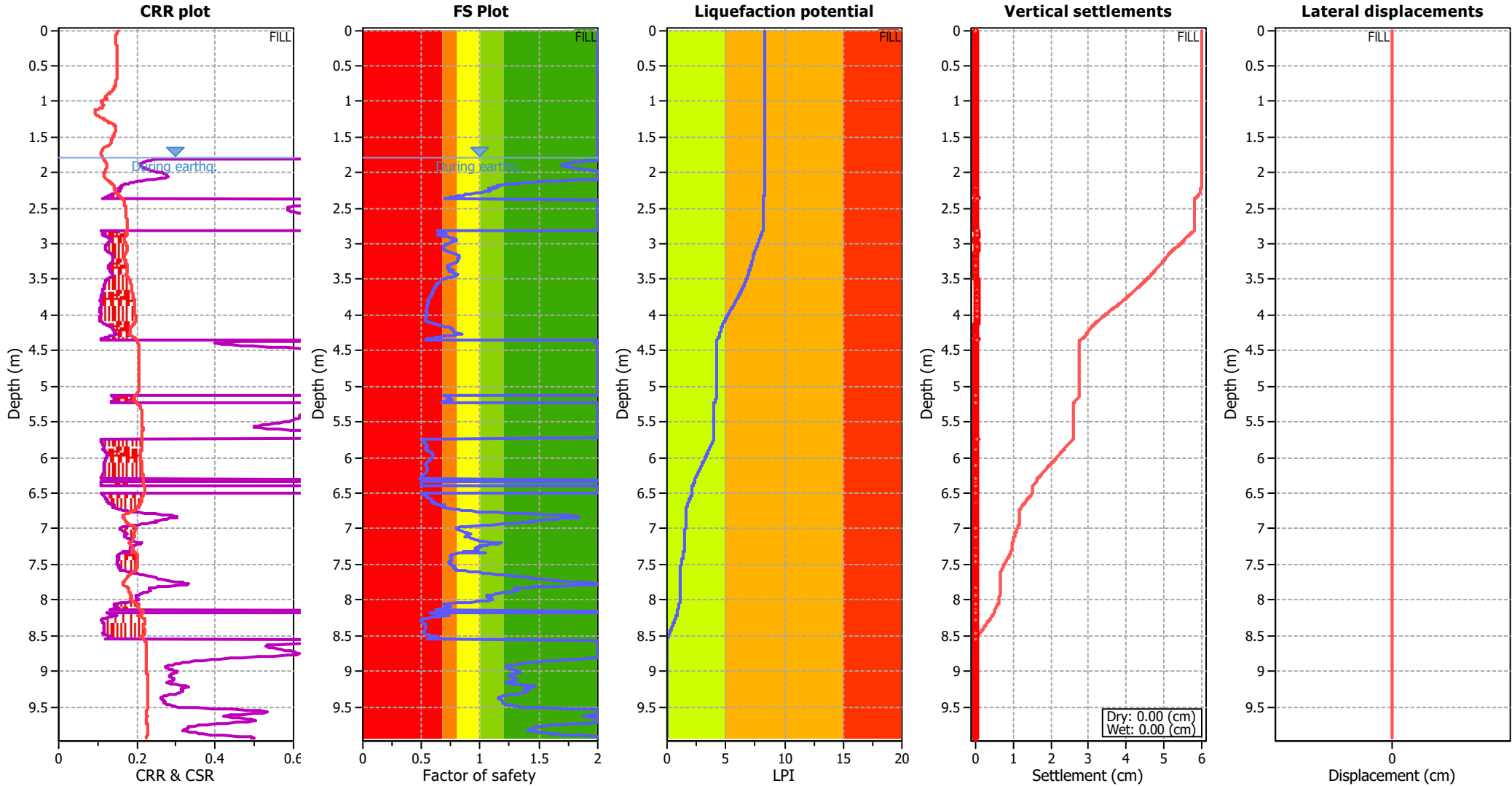
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LPI color scheme

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- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	2.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.80 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

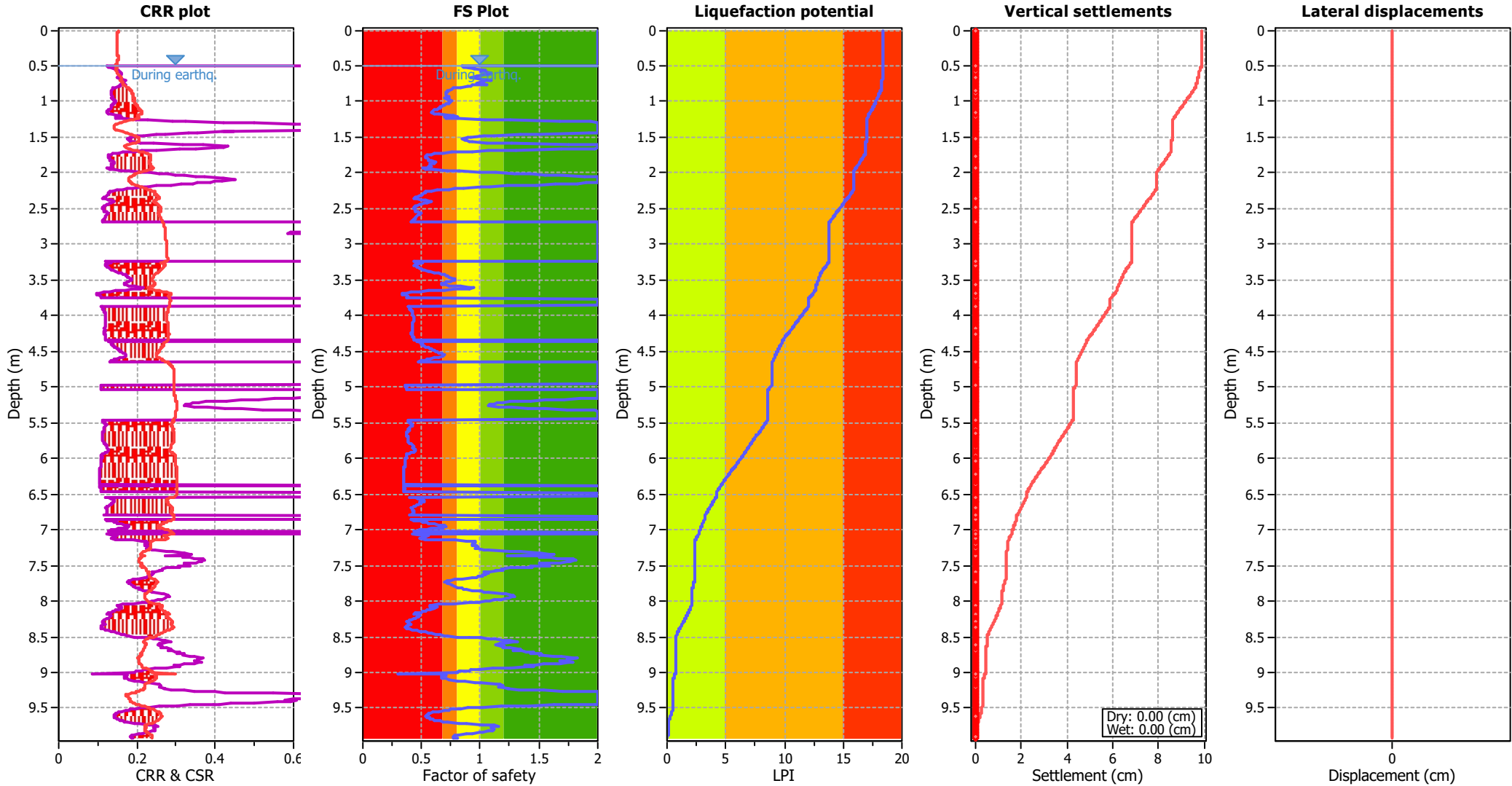
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LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	0.50 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.50 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

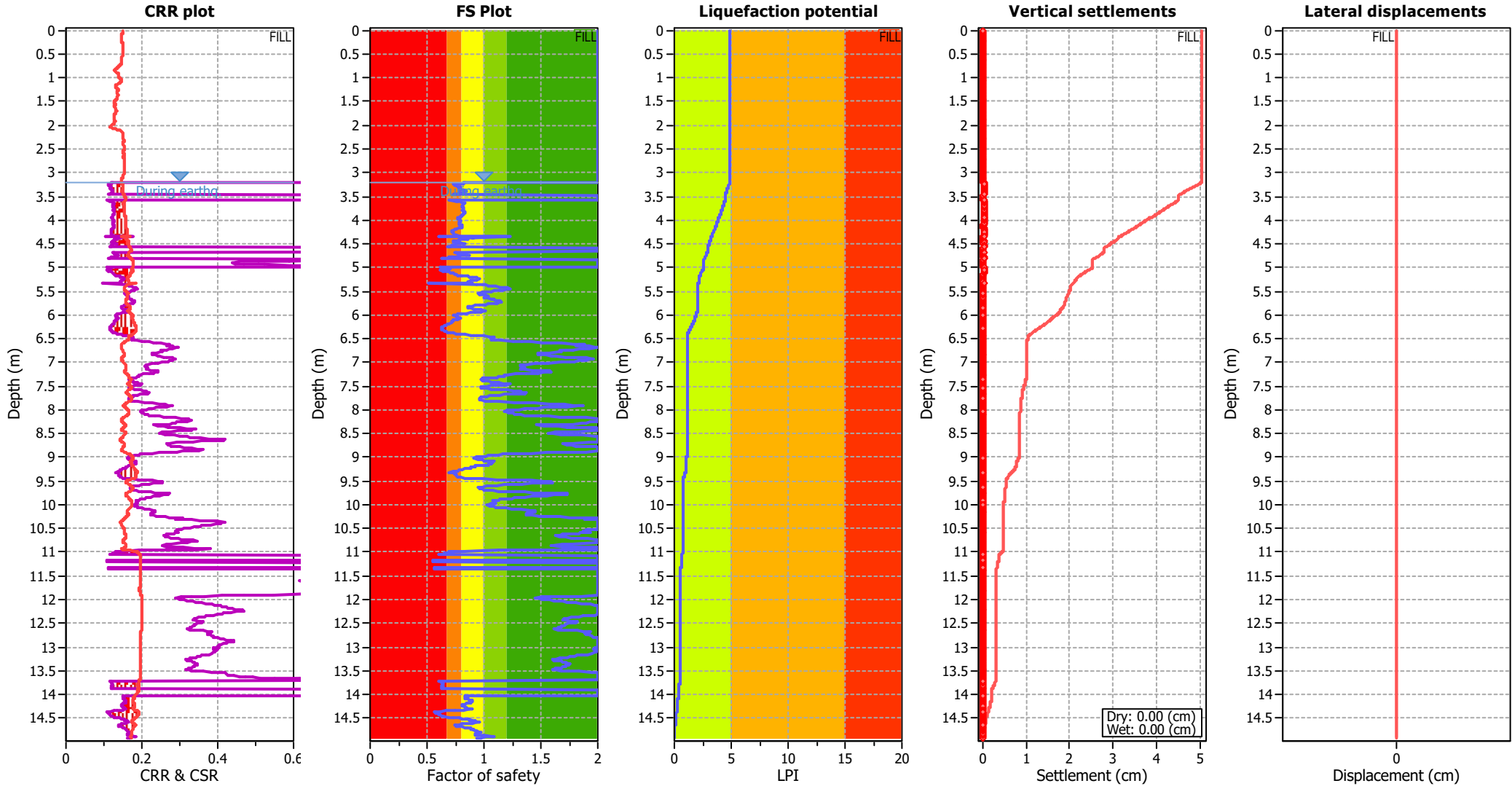
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Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	4.20 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	3.20 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

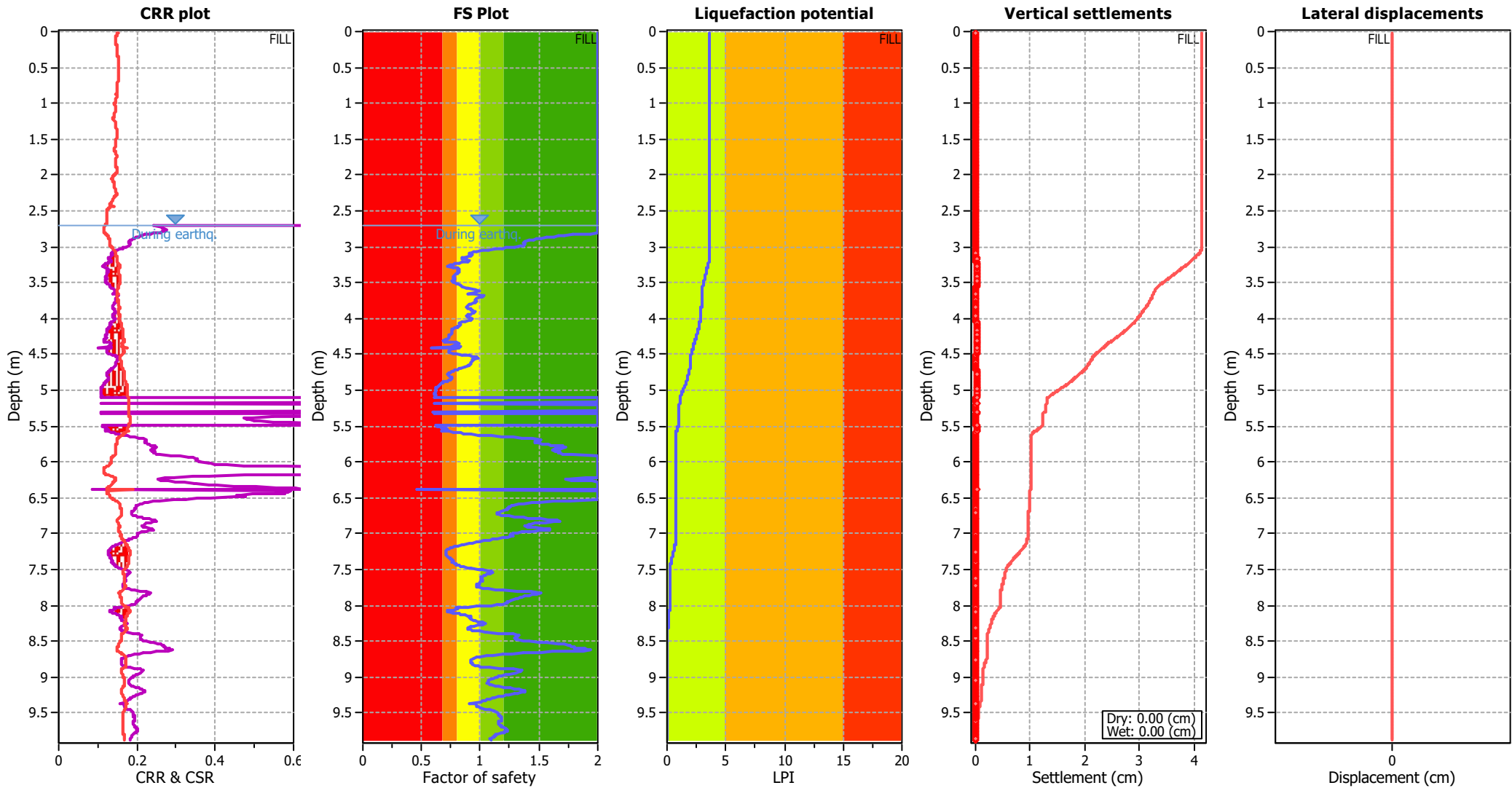
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LPI color scheme

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Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	4.70 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.70 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

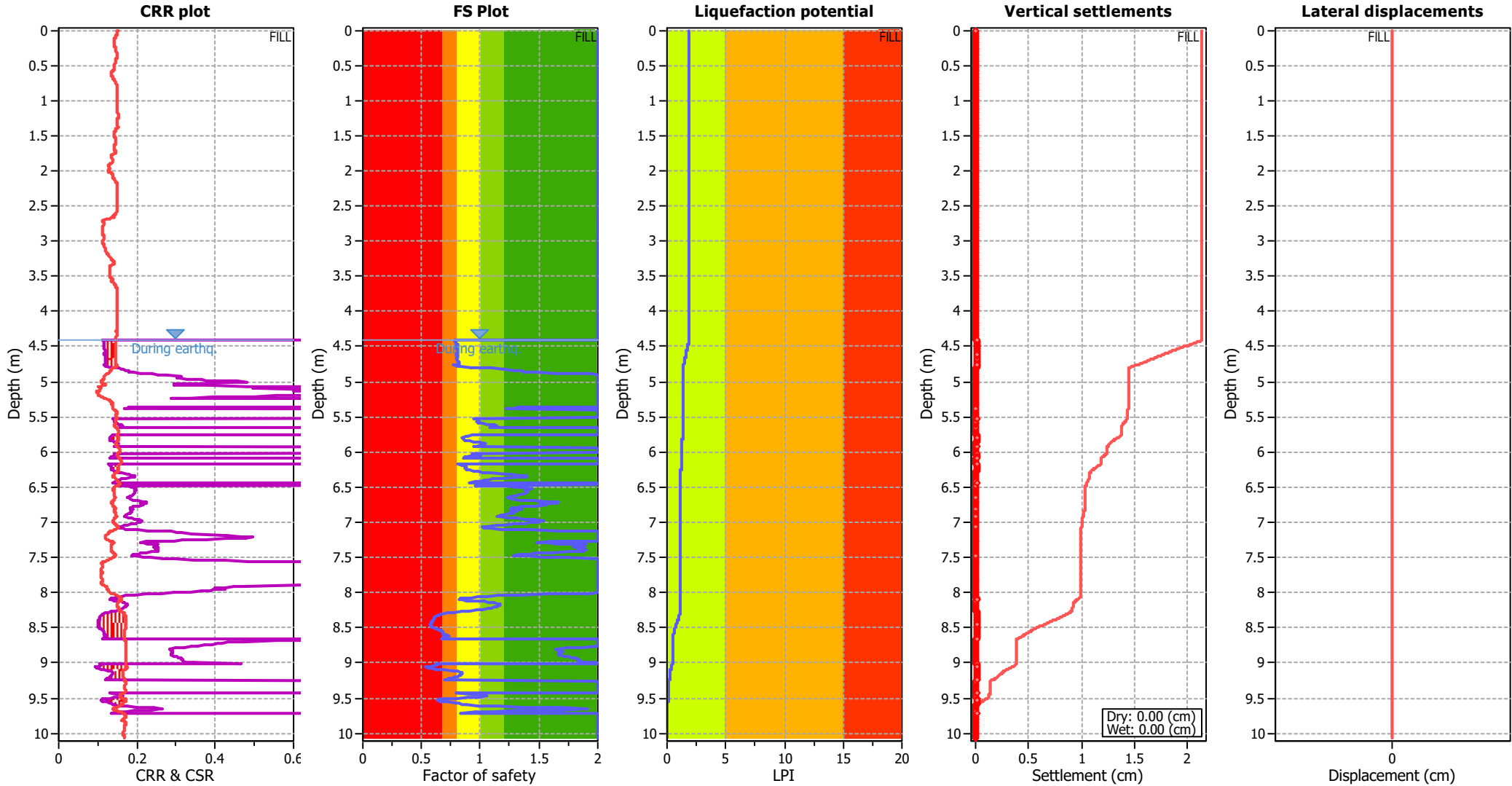
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LPI color scheme

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Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	6.40 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	6.40 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

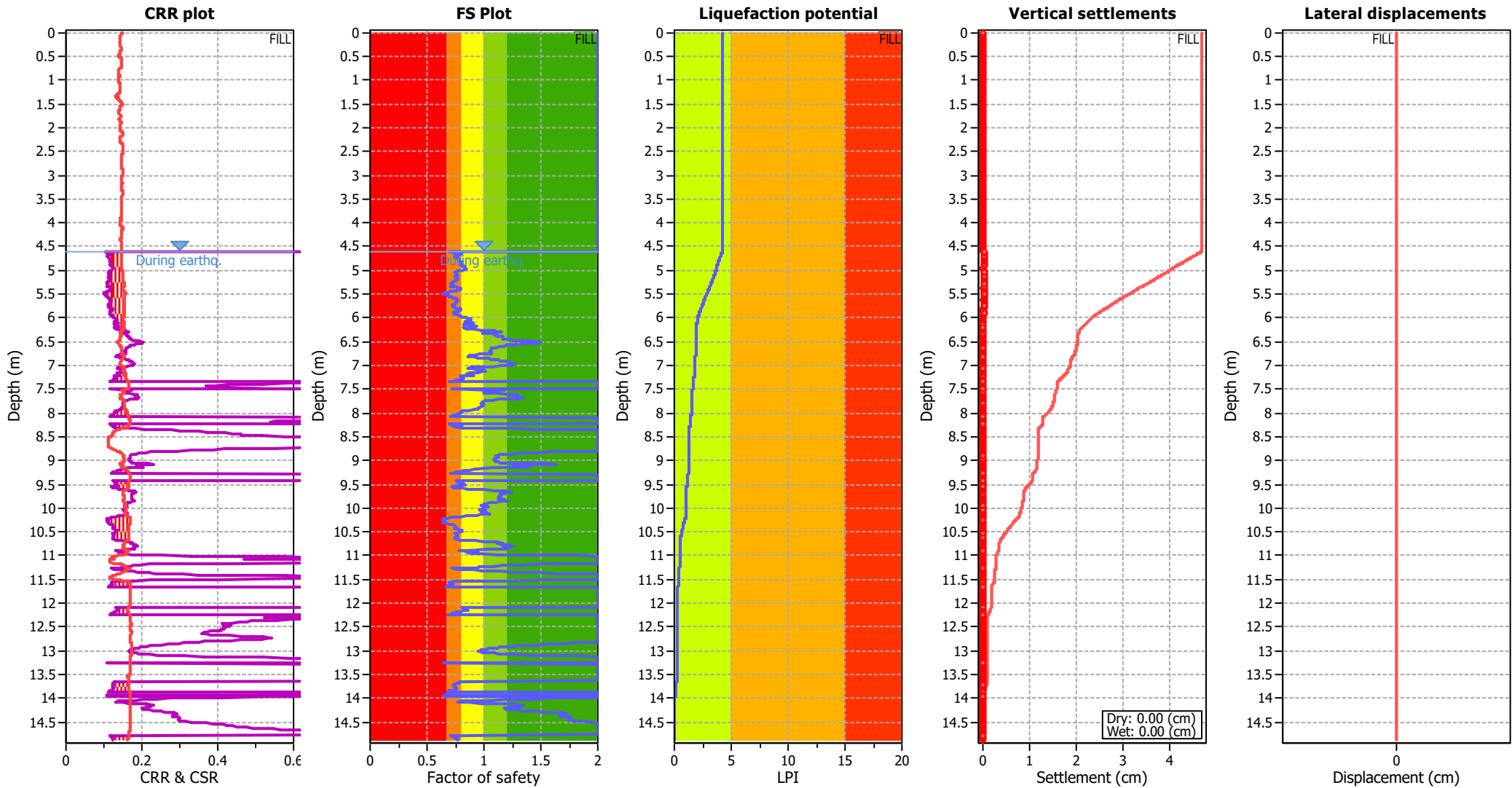
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Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	6.60 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	4.60 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

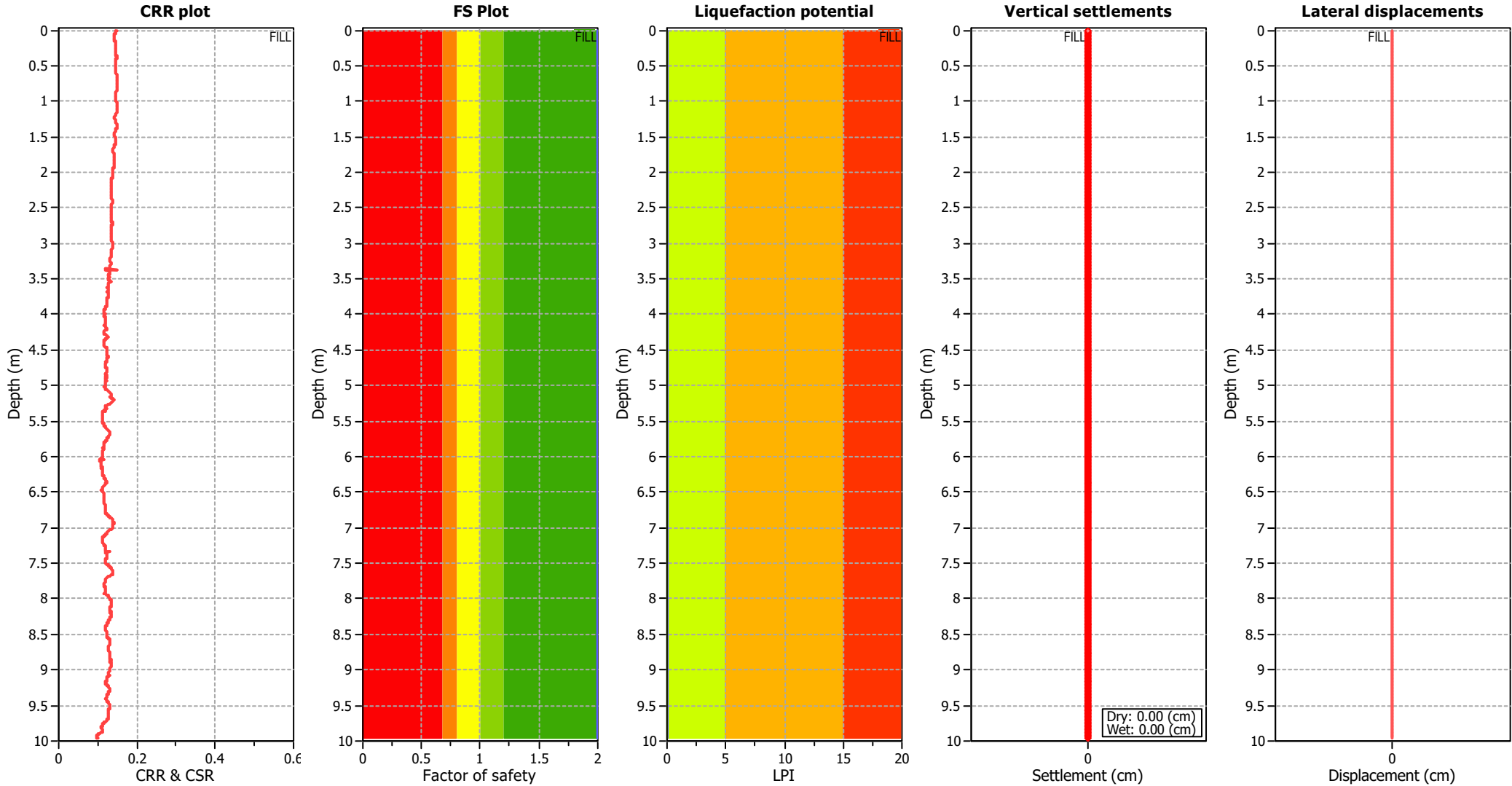
F.S. color scheme

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- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	13.50 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	13.50 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

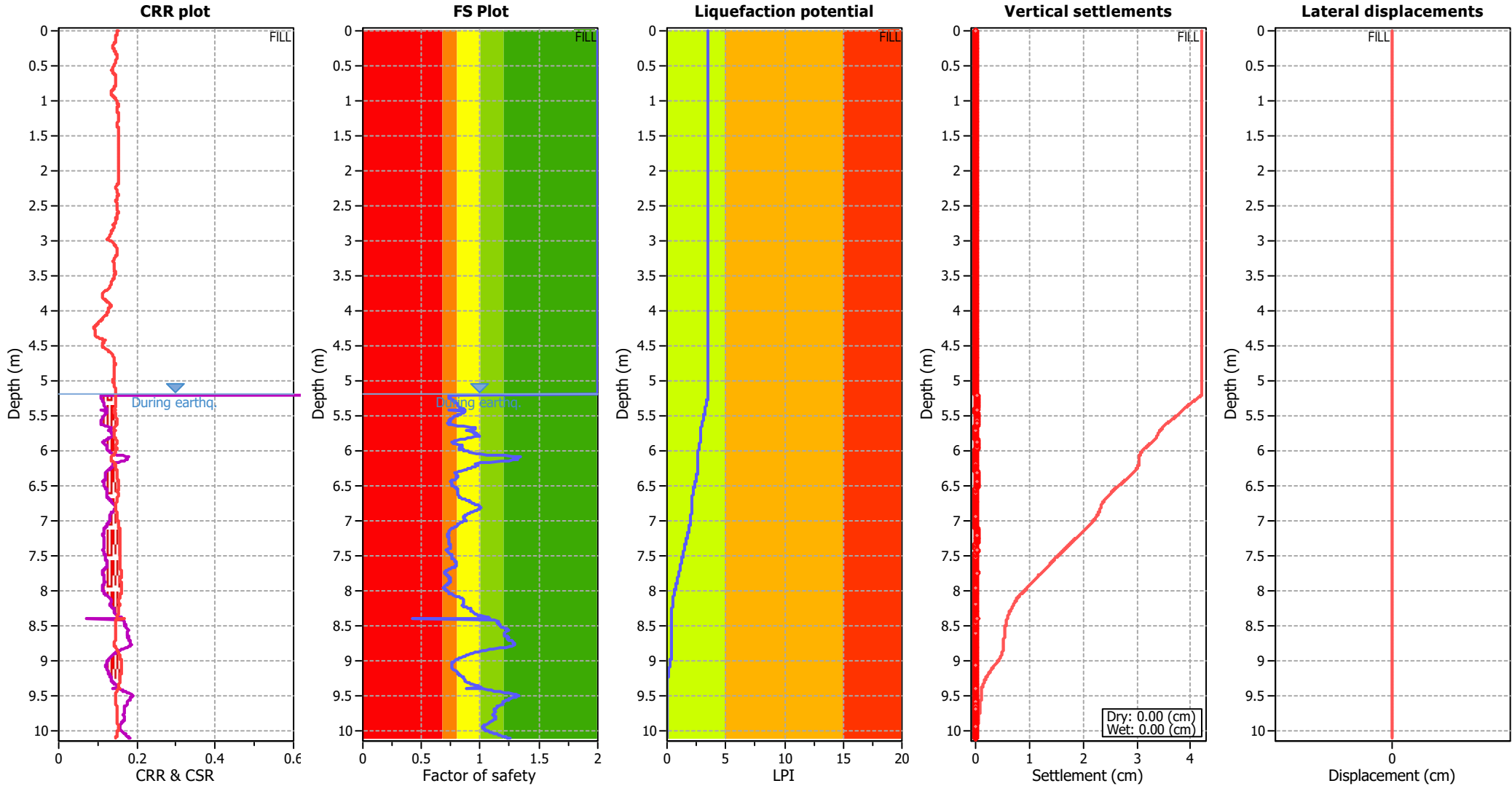
F.S. color scheme

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Unlike to liquefy
Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Very high risk
High risk
Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots

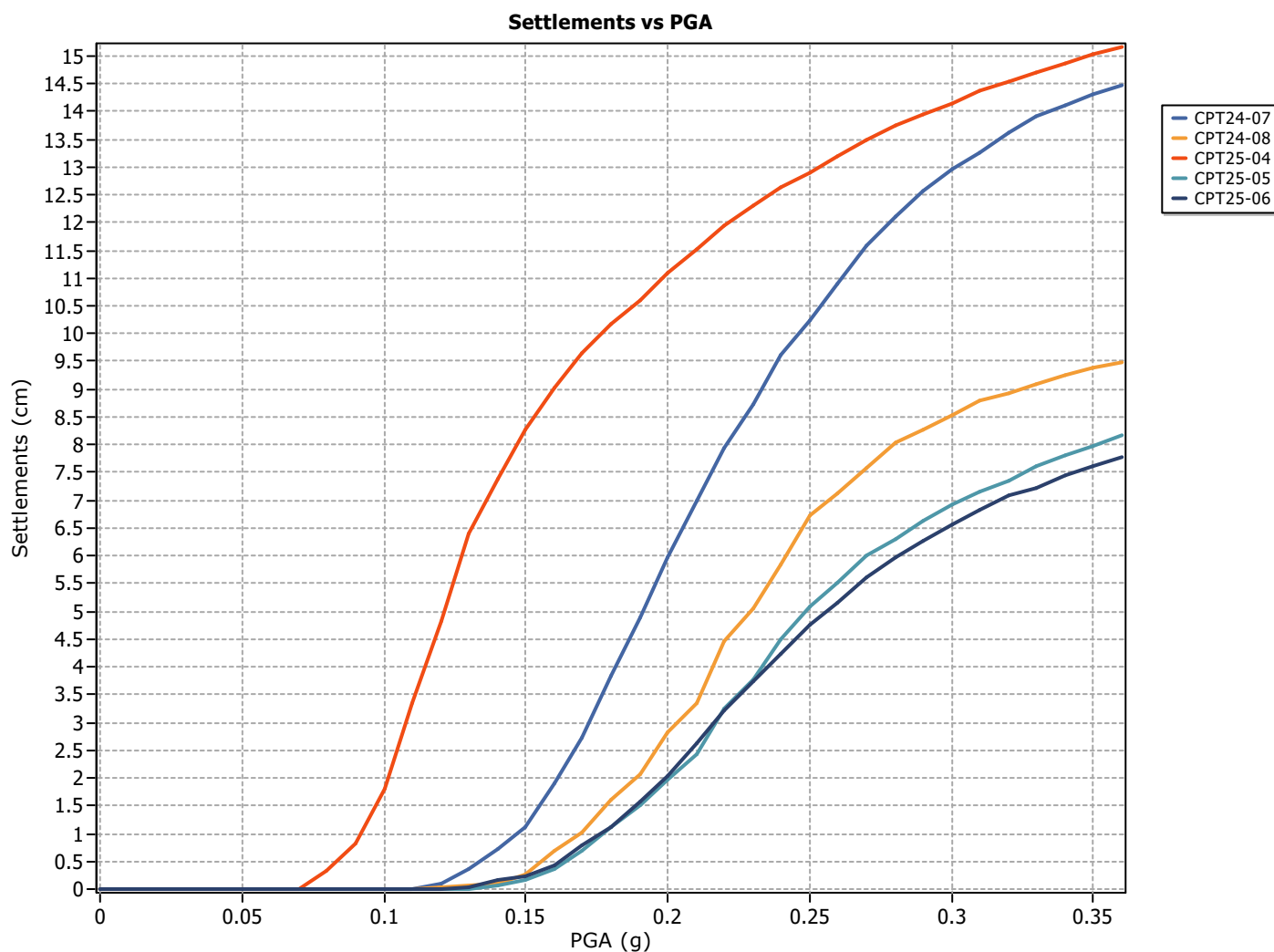


Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	7.20 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.28	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	5.20 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

IL3 INDEX LIQUFACTION RESULTS

PGA Based Parametric Analysis



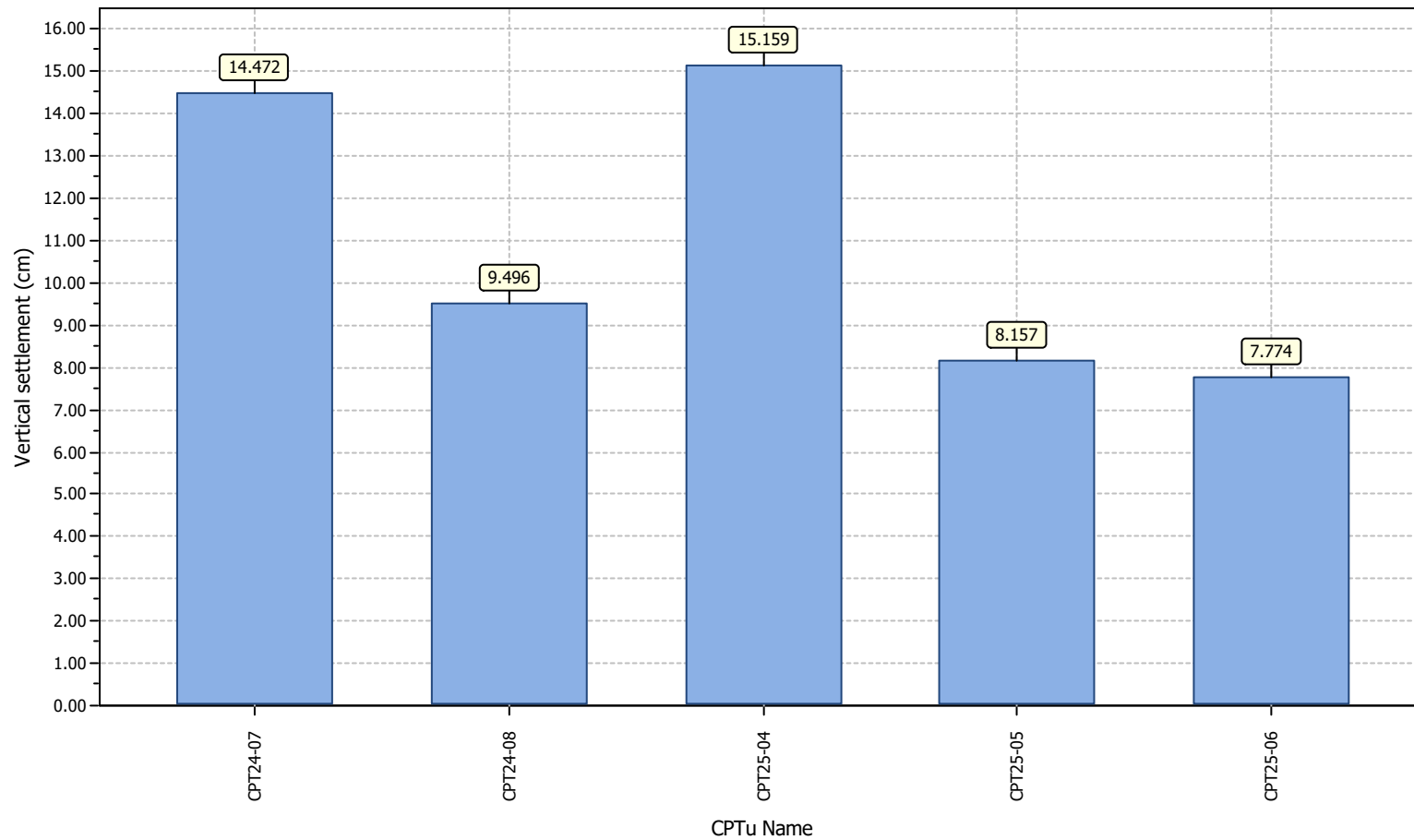
:: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70

Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

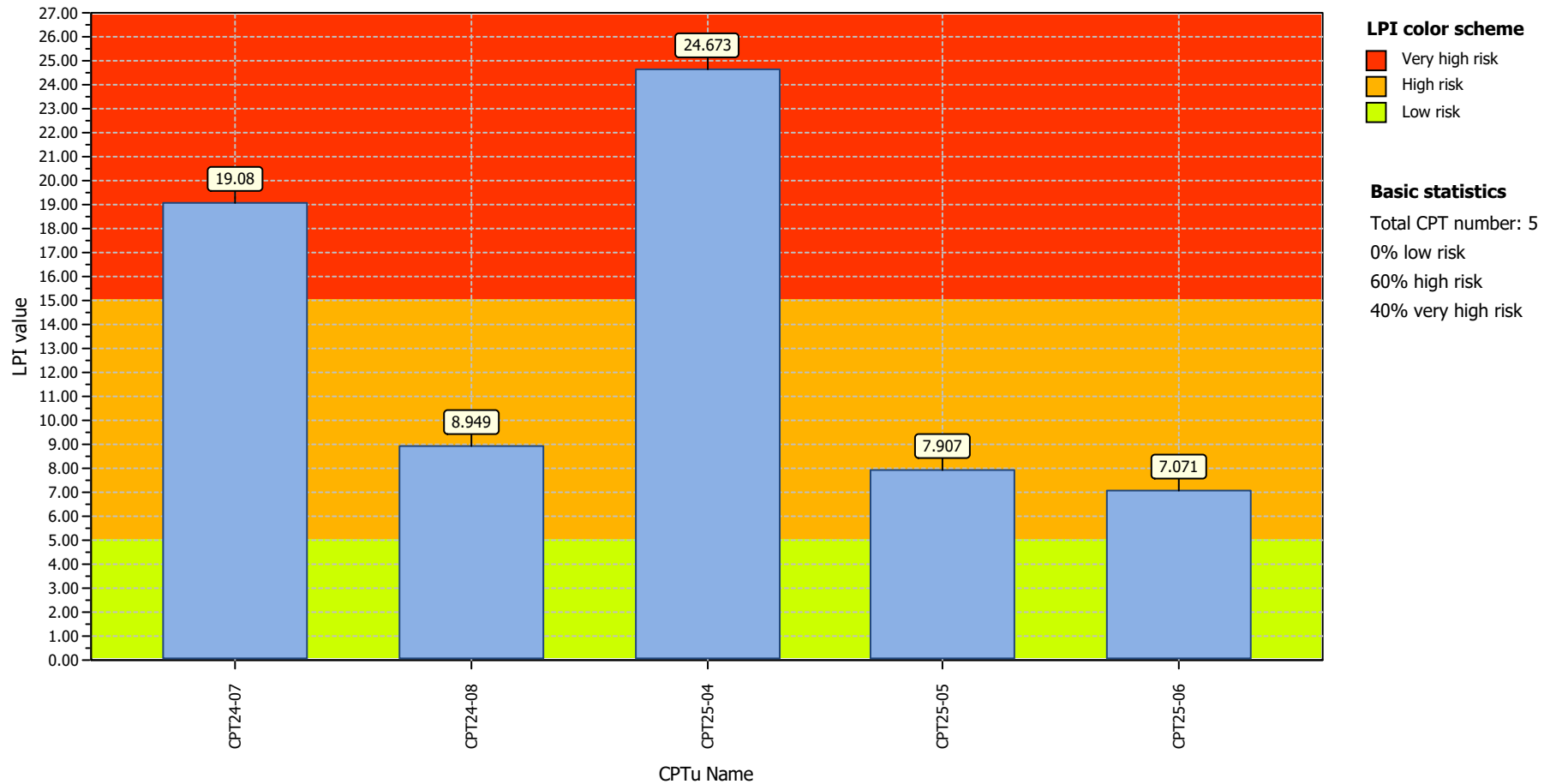
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

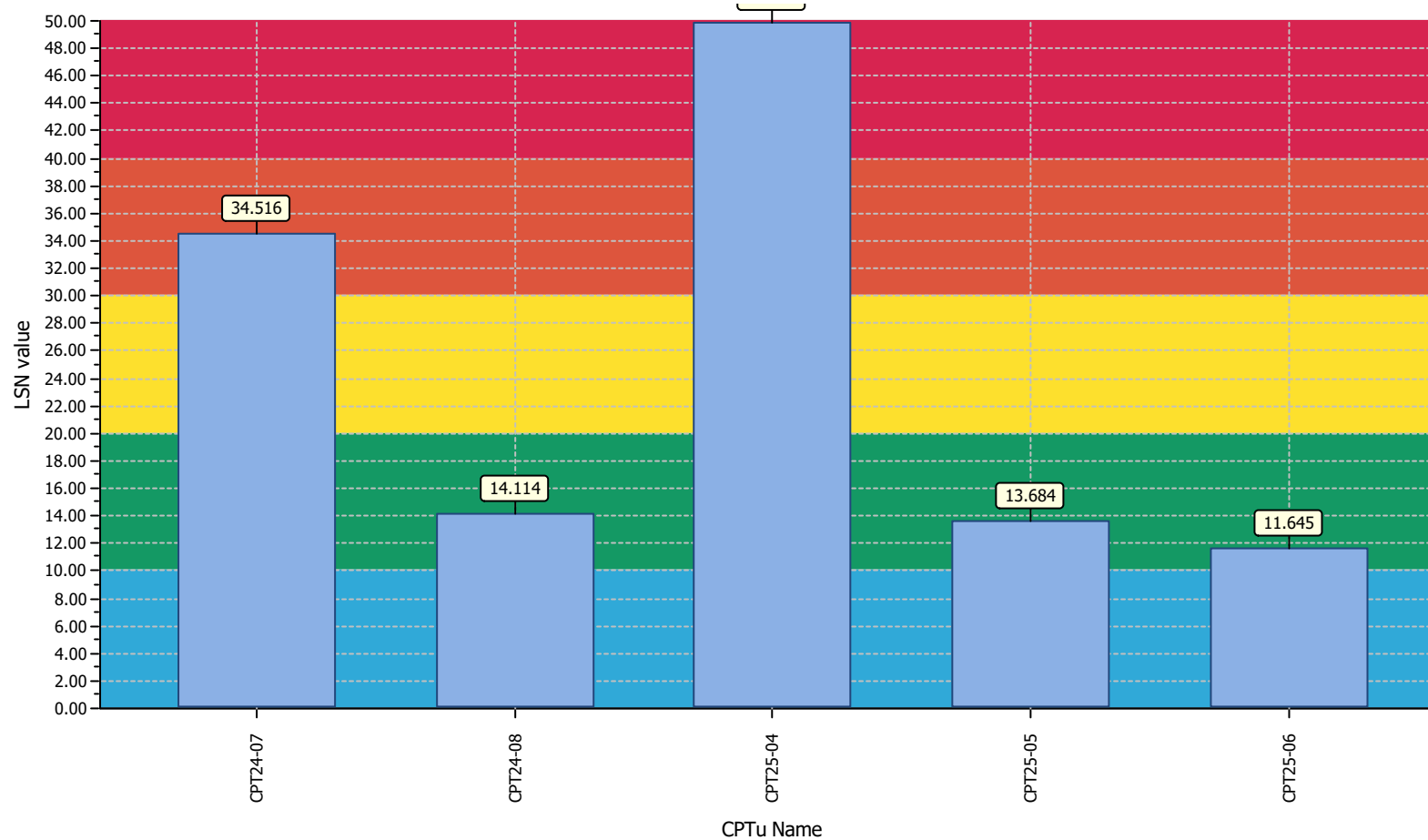
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



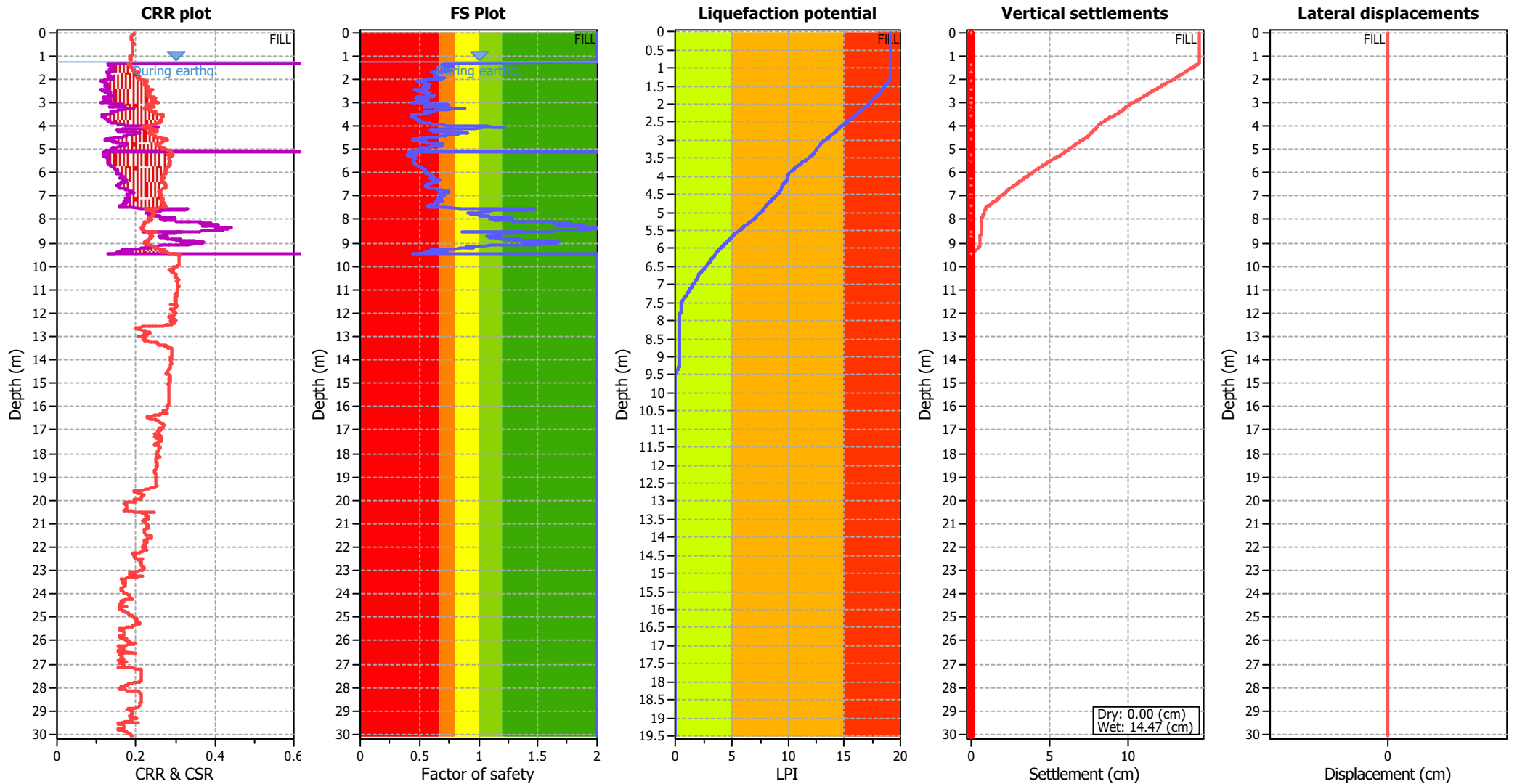
LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

- Total CPT number: 5
- 0% little liquefaction
- 60% minor liquefaction
- 0% moderate liquefaction
- 20% moderate to major liquefaction
- 20% major liquefaction
- 0% severe liquefaction

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	1.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.30 m	Fill height:	0.50 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

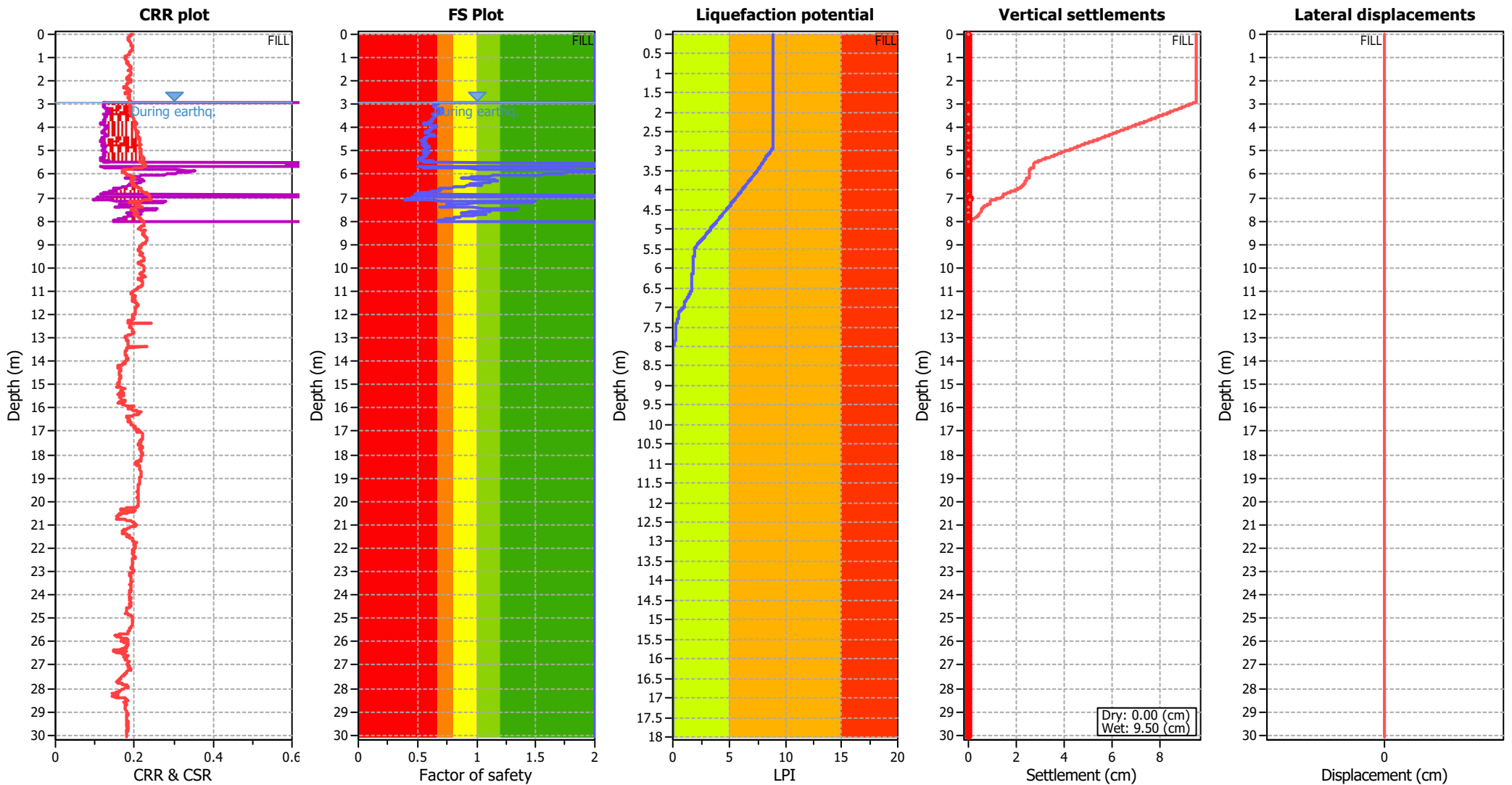
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	4.90 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.90 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

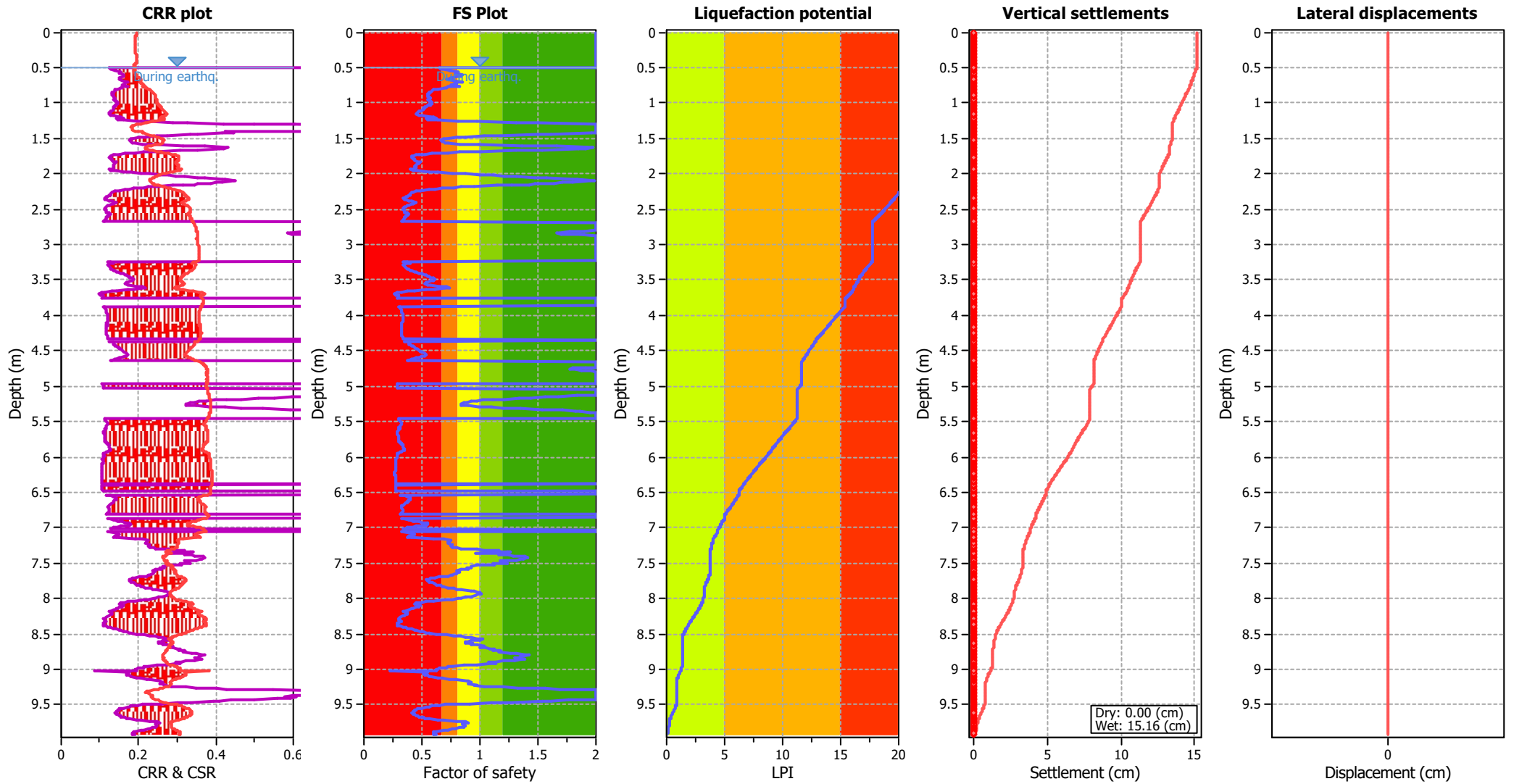
F.S. color scheme

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LPI color scheme

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Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	0.50 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.50 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	10.00 m

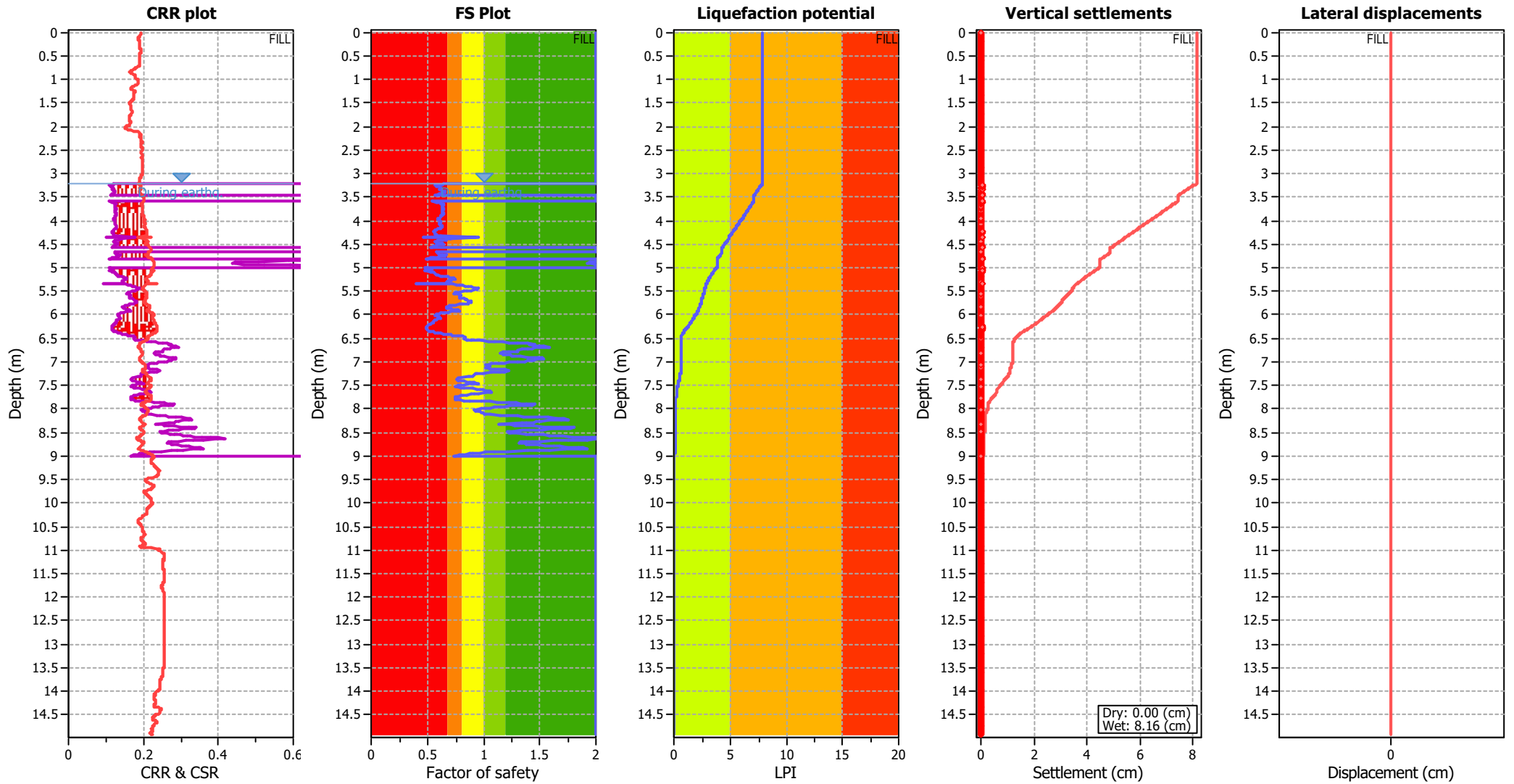
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LPI color scheme

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Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	4.20 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	3.20 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

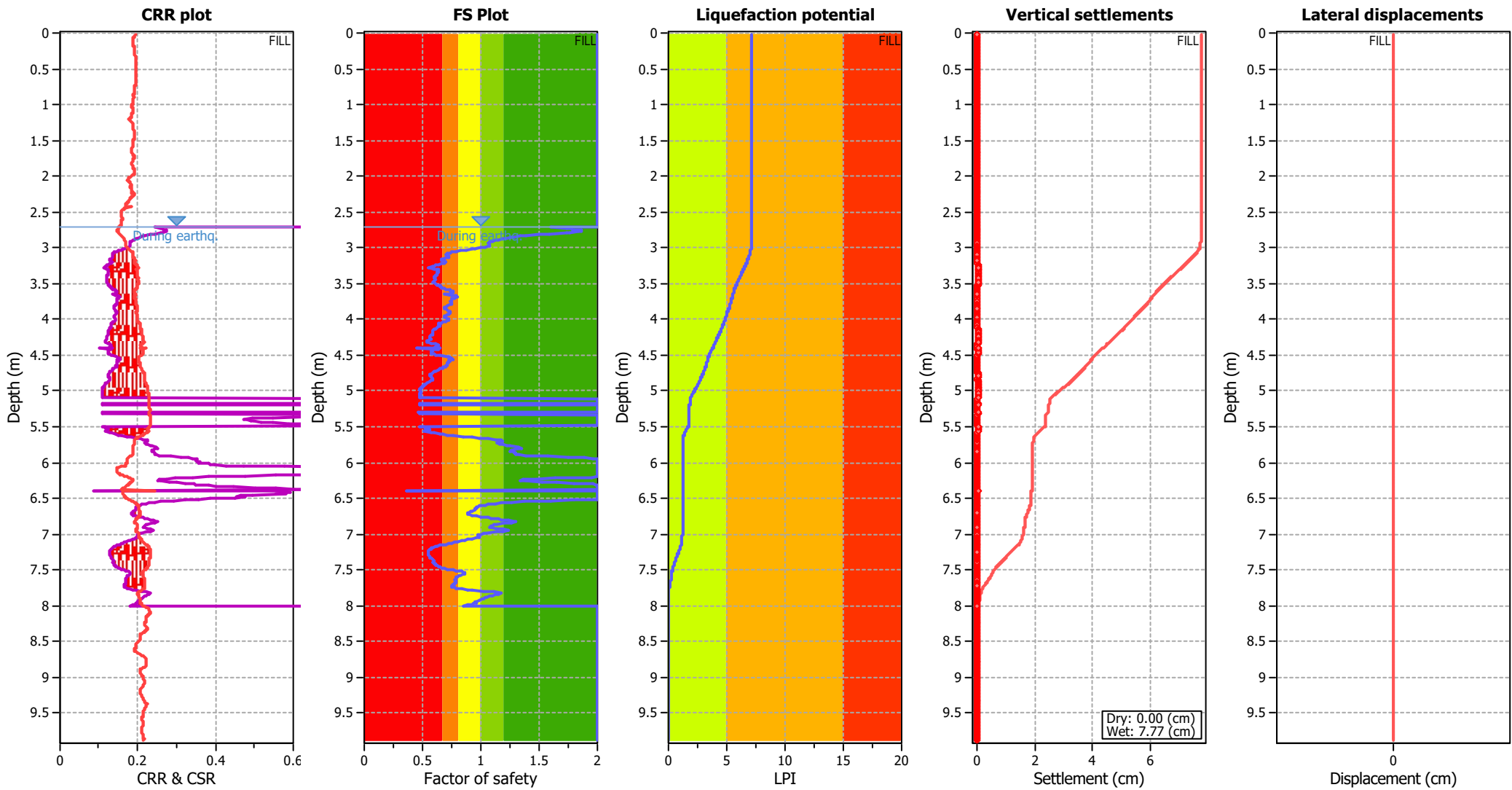
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LPI color scheme

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Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	4.70 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	Yes
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.70 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	10.00 m

F.S. color scheme

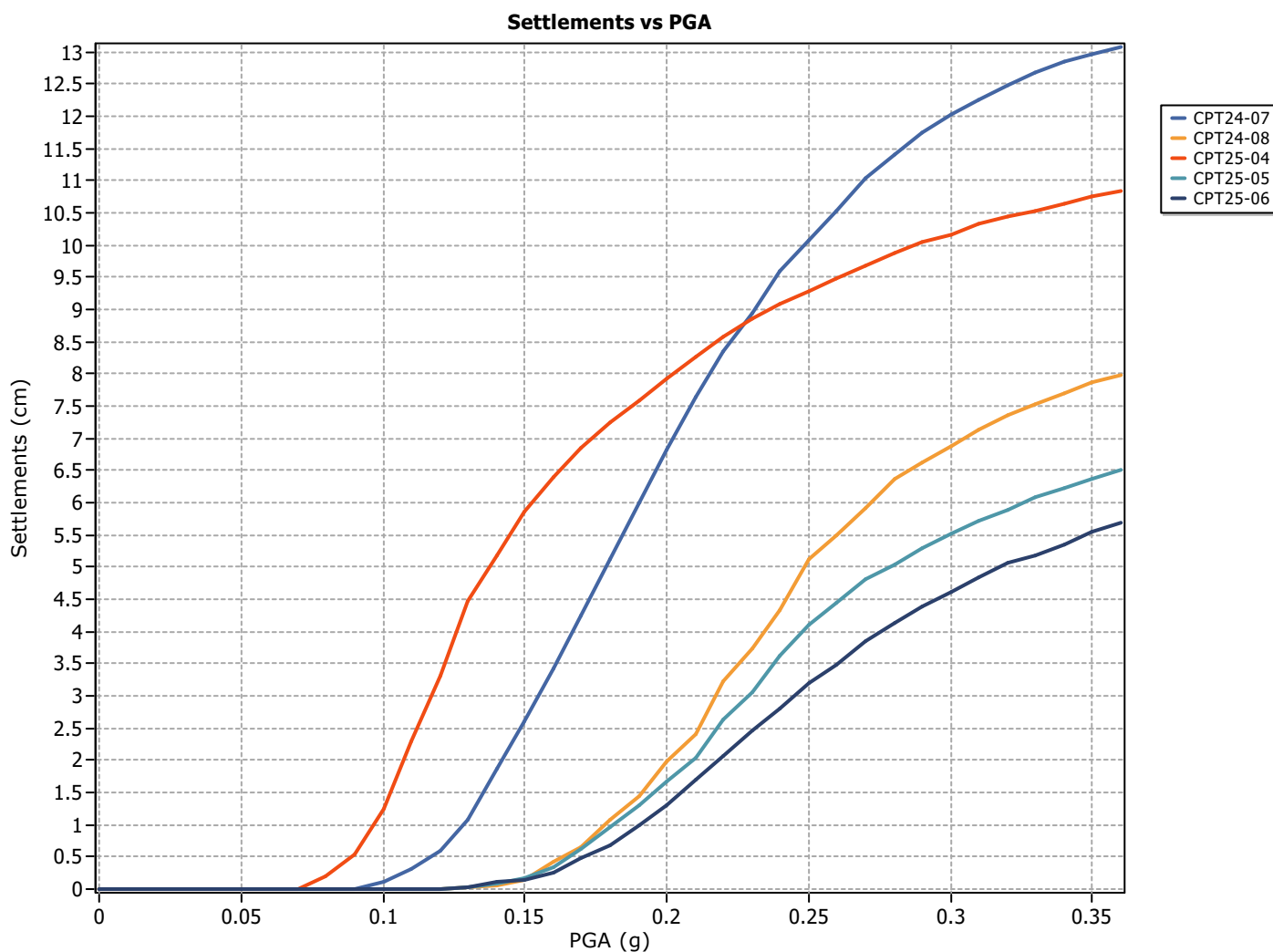
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IL3 FULL DEPTH LIQUFACTION RESULTS

PGA Based Parametric Analysis



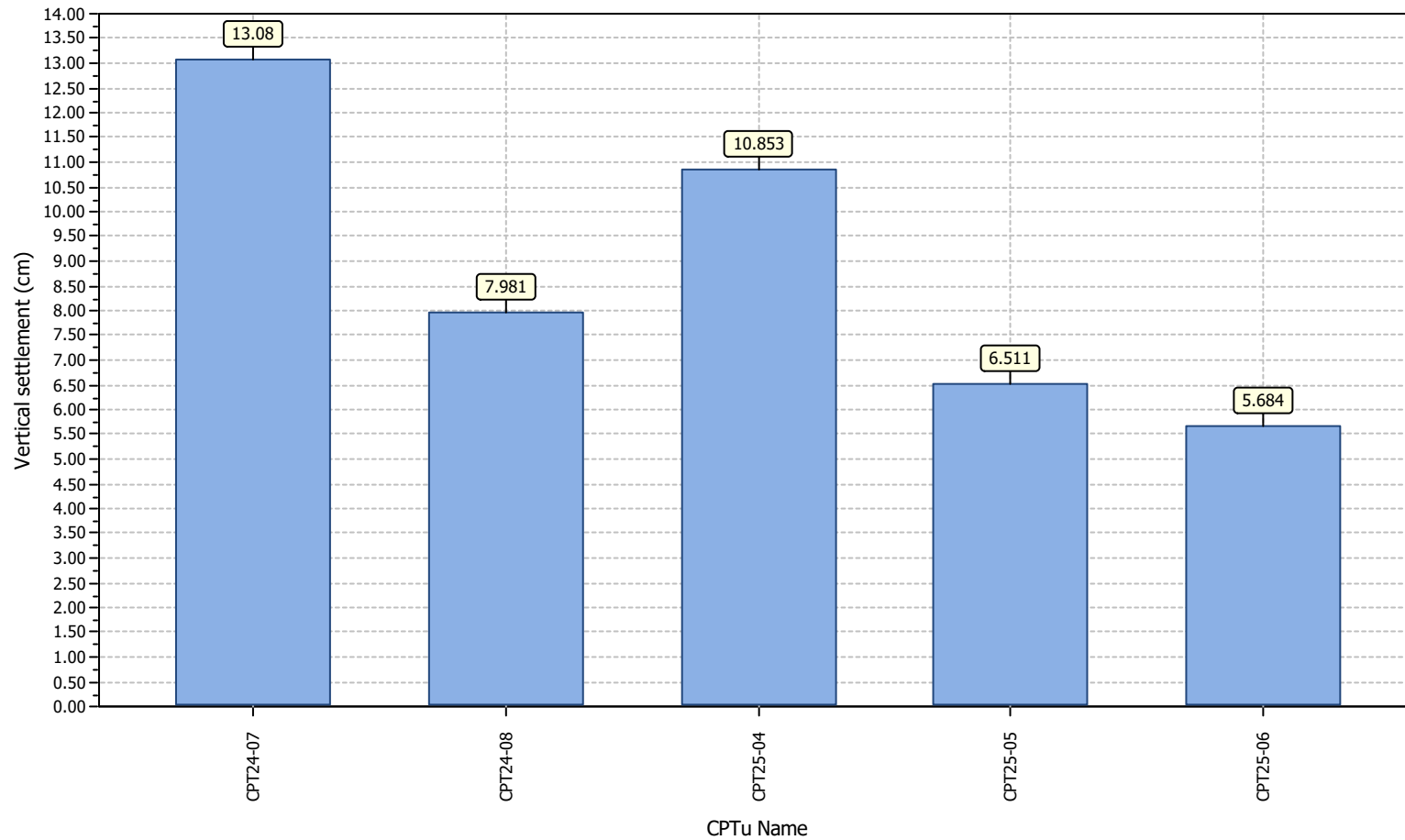
:: CPT main liquefaction parameters details ::

CPT Name	Assesment method	Earthquake Mag.	GWT in situ (m)	GWT earthq. (m)
CPT24-07	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	1.30	1.80
CPT24-08	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.90	4.90
CPT25-04	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	0.50	0.50
CPT25-05	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	3.20	4.20
CPT25-06	Boulanger & Idriss (2014)	5.90	2.70	4.70

Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

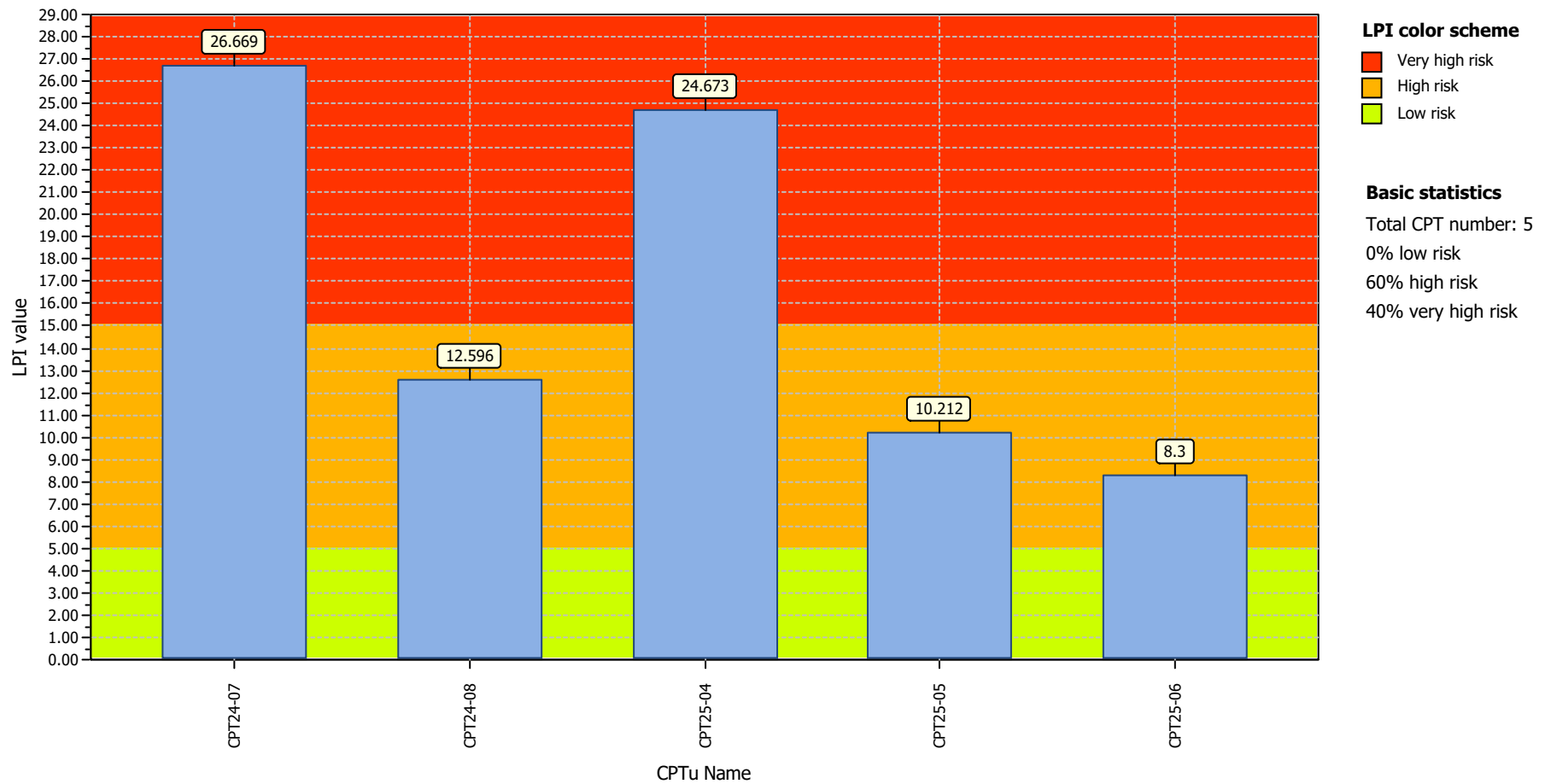
Overall vertical settlements report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

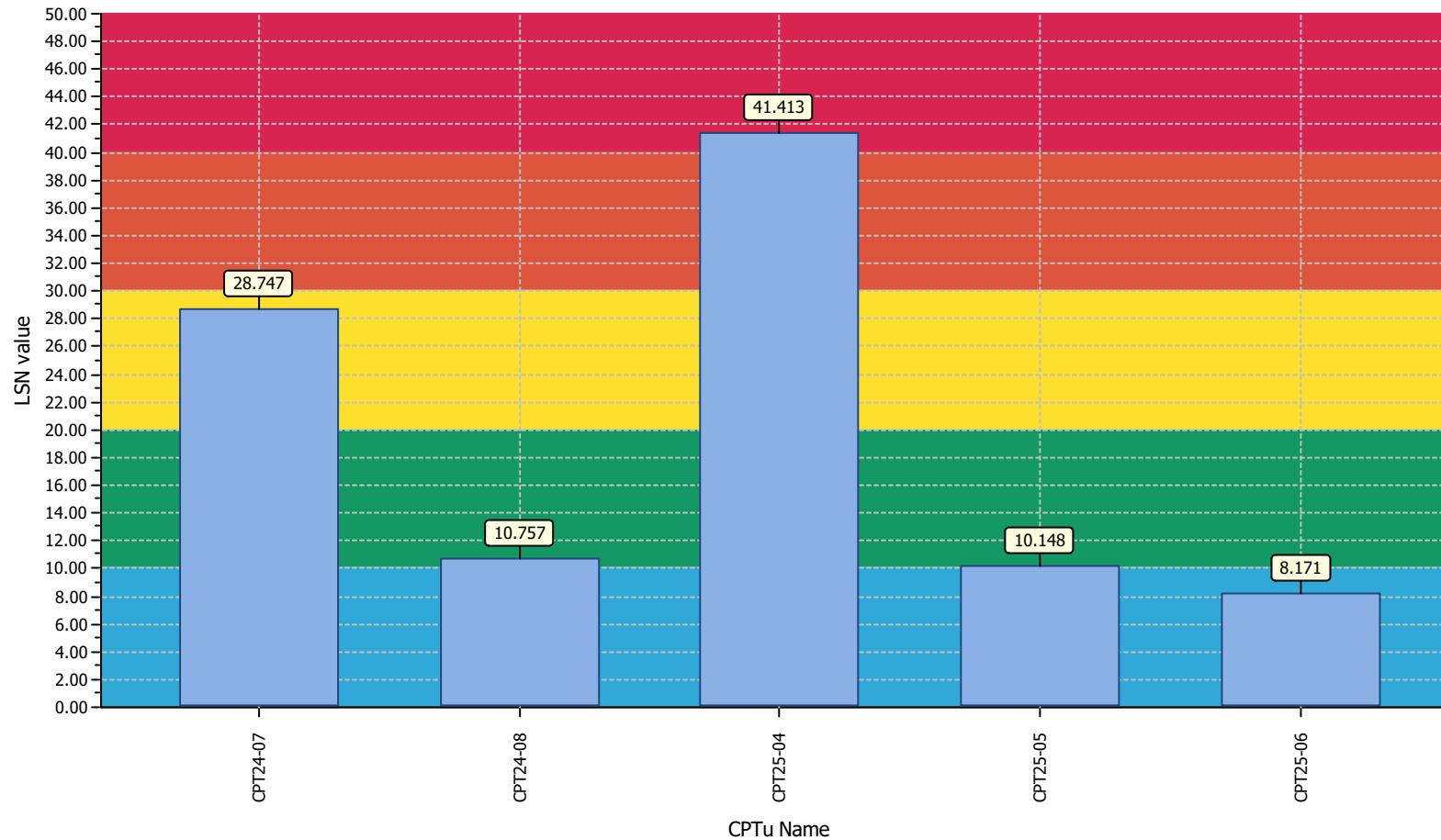
Overall Liquefaction Potential Index report



Project title : HAM2023-0124

Location : Ashbourne Development, Matamata

Overall Liquefaction Severity Number report



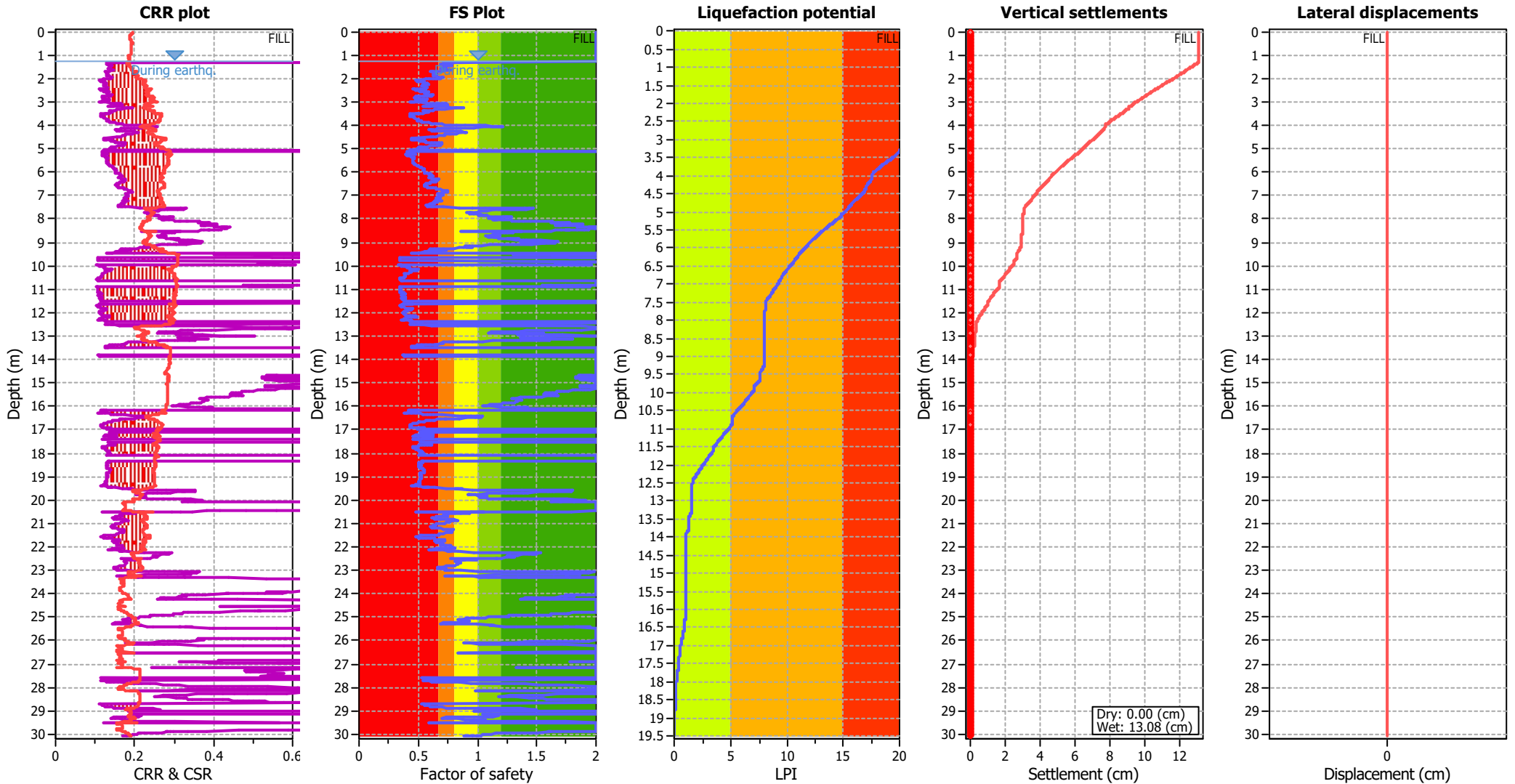
LSN color scheme

- Severe damage
- Major expression of liquefaction
- Moderate to severe exp. of liquefaction
- Moderate expression of liquefaction
- Minor expression of liquefaction
- Little to no expression of liquefaction

Basic statistics

Total CPT number: 5
 20% little liquefaction
 40% minor liquefaction
 20% moderate liquefaction
 0% moderate to major liquefaction
 20% major liquefaction
 0% severe liquefaction

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	1.80 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	1.30 m	Fill height:	0.50 m	Limit depth:	N/A

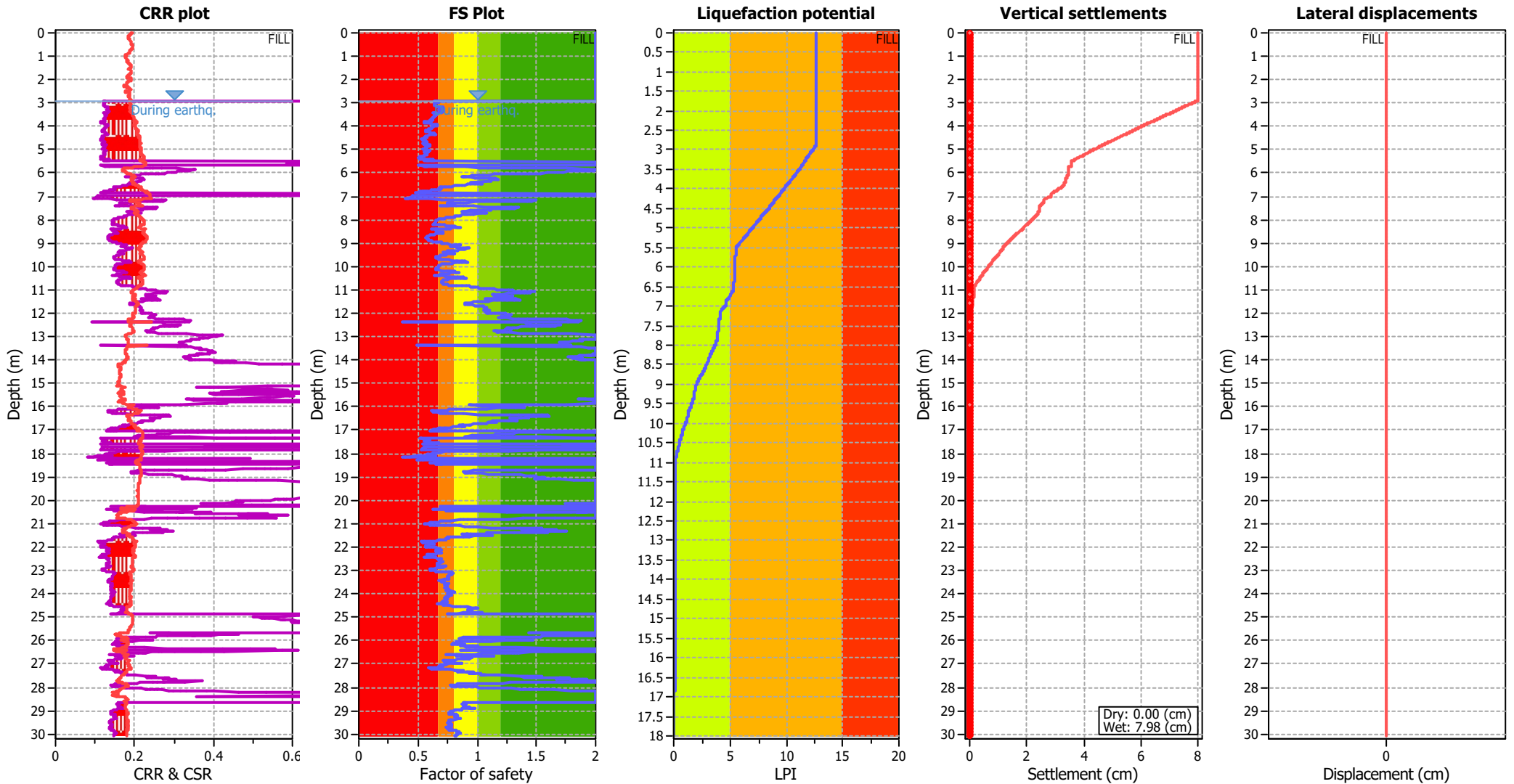
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	4.90 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.90 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

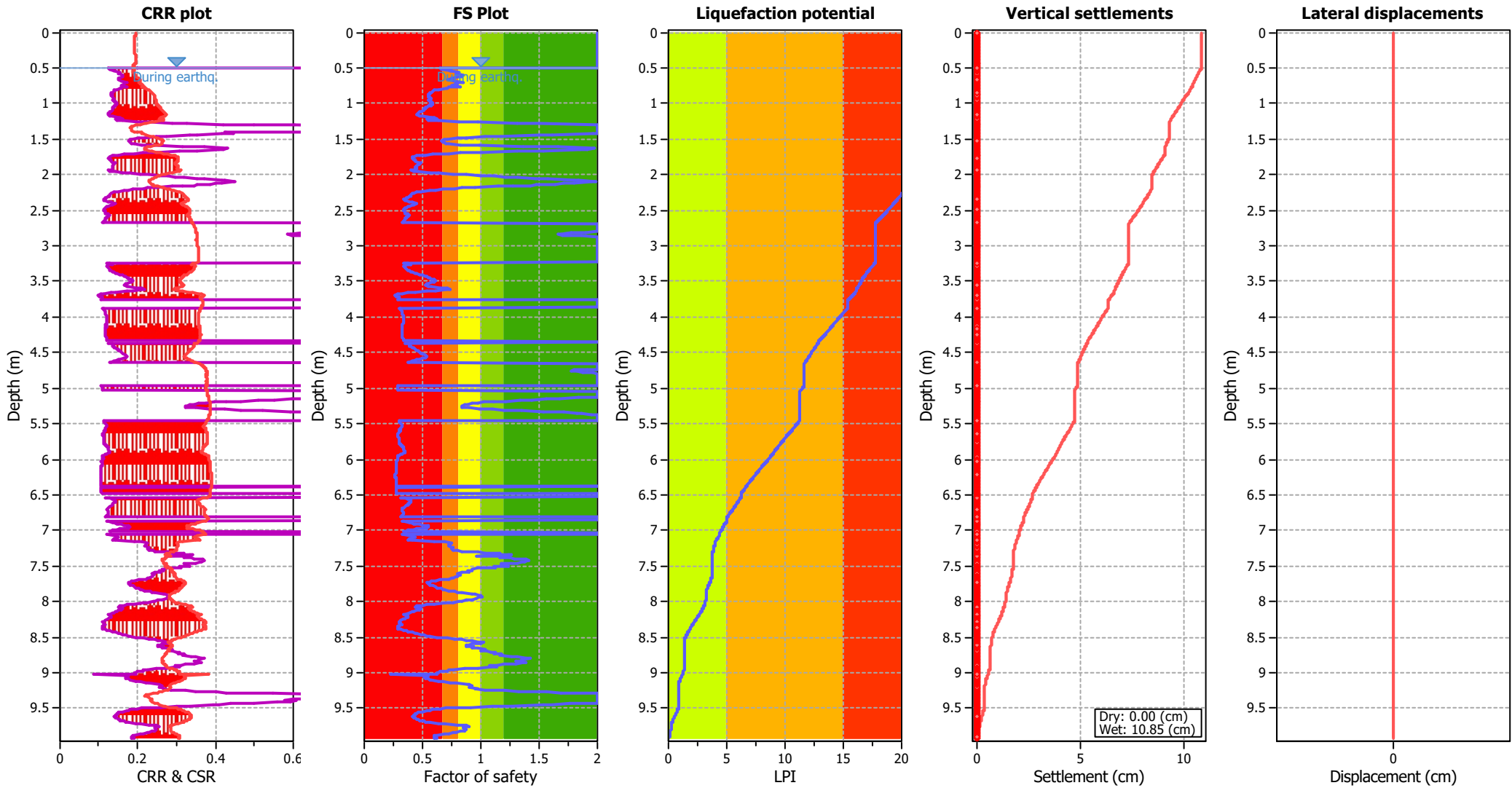
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	0.50 m	Fill weight:	N/A
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	No	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	0.50 m	Fill height:	N/A	Limit depth:	N/A

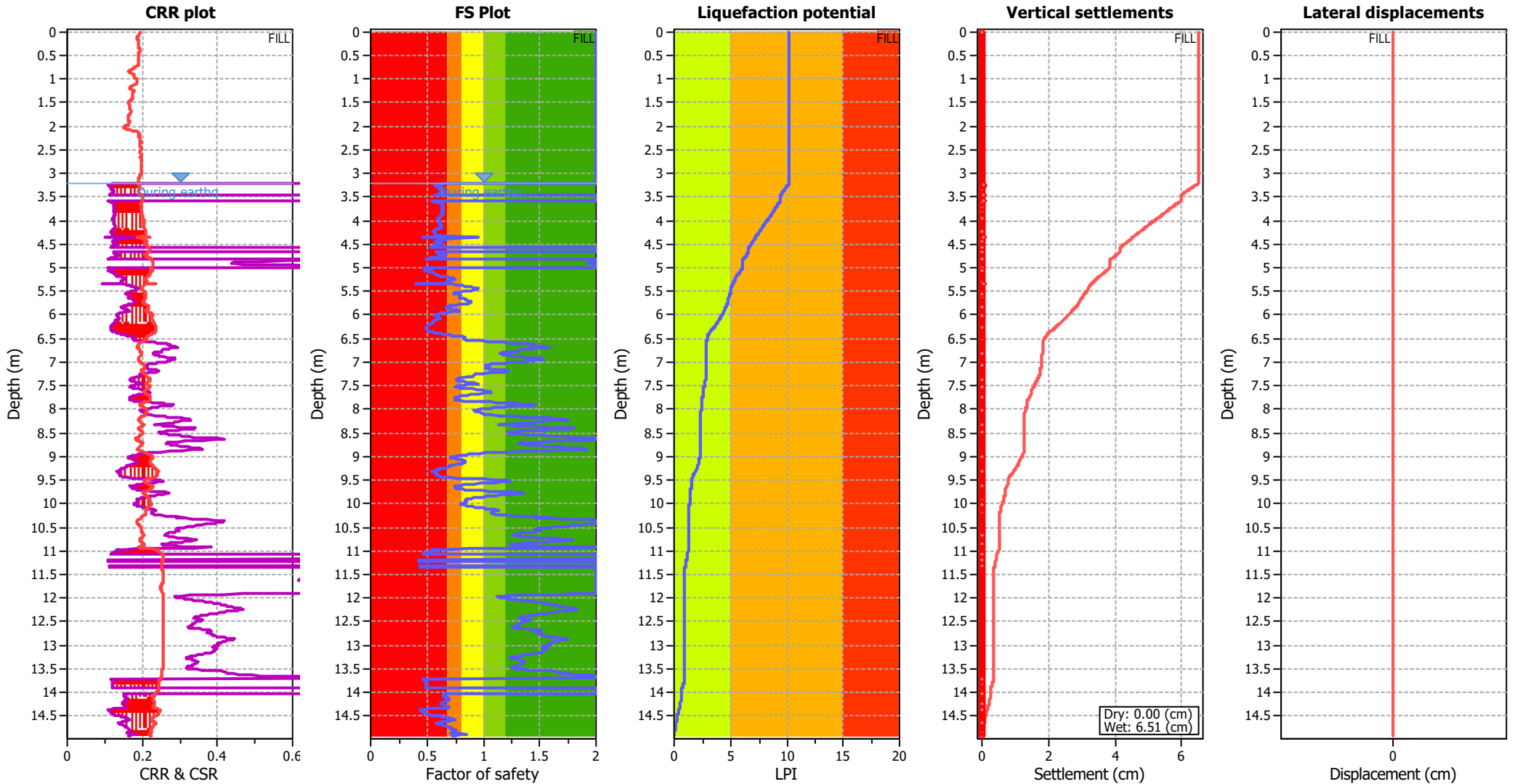
F.S. color scheme

Red	Almost certain it will liquefy
Orange	Very likely to liquefy
Yellow	Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
Green	Unlike to liquefy
Dark Green	Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

Red	Very high risk
Orange	High risk
Yellow	Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (erthq.):	4.20 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	3.20 m	Fill height:	1.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

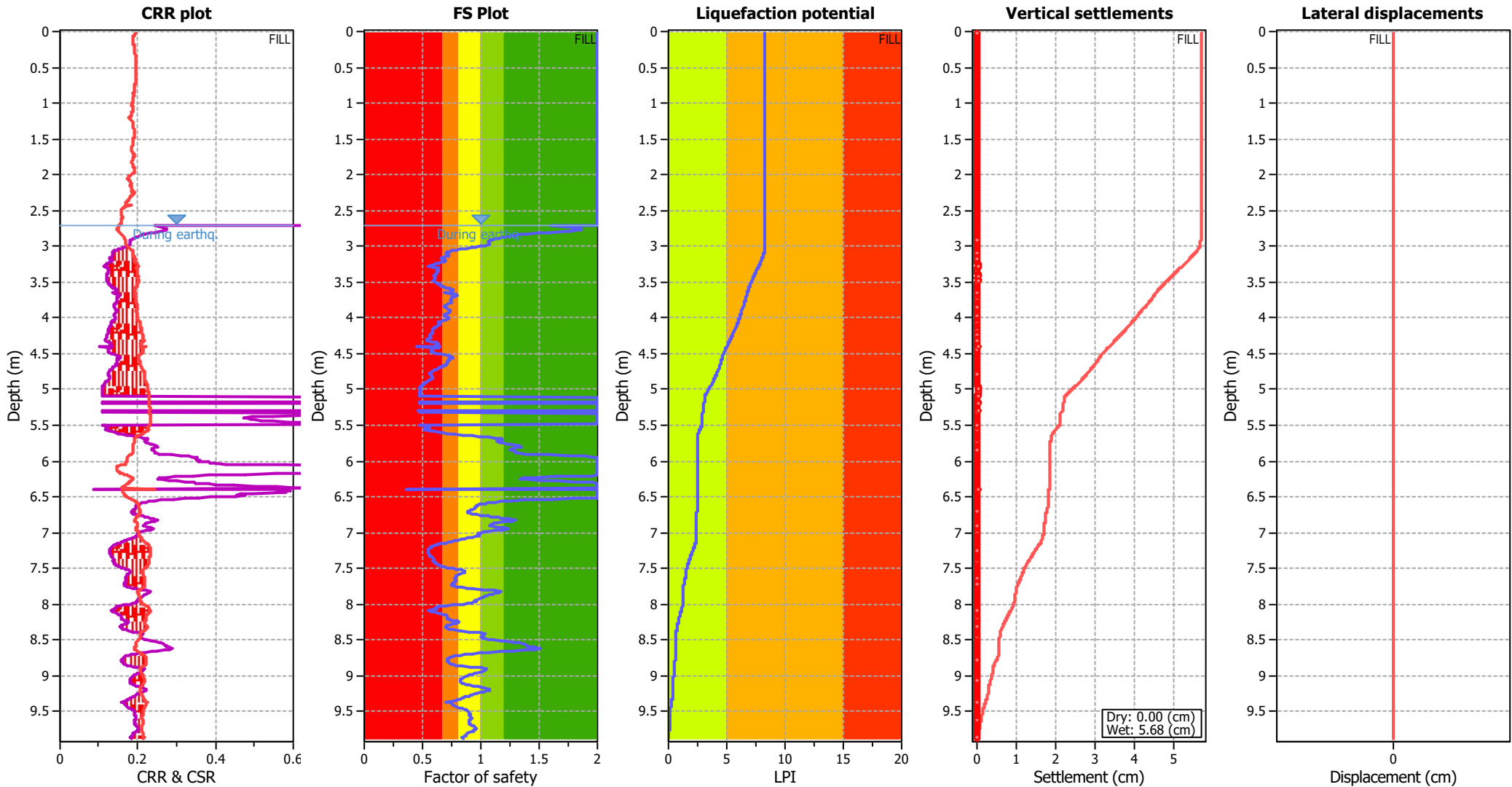
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

Liquefaction analysis overall plots



Input parameters and analysis data

Analysis method:	B&I (2014)	Depth to GWT (earthq.):	4.70 m	Fill weight:	17.00 kN/m ³
Fines correction method:	B&I (2014)	Average results interval:	3	Transition detect. applied:	No
Points to test:	Based on Ic value	Ic cut-off value:	2.60	K ₀ applied:	Yes
Earthquake magnitude M _w :	5.90	Unit weight calculation:	Based on SBT	Clay like behavior applied:	Sand & Clay
Peak ground acceleration:	0.36	Use fill:	Yes	Limit depth applied:	No
Depth to water table (insitu):	2.70 m	Fill height:	2.00 m	Limit depth:	N/A

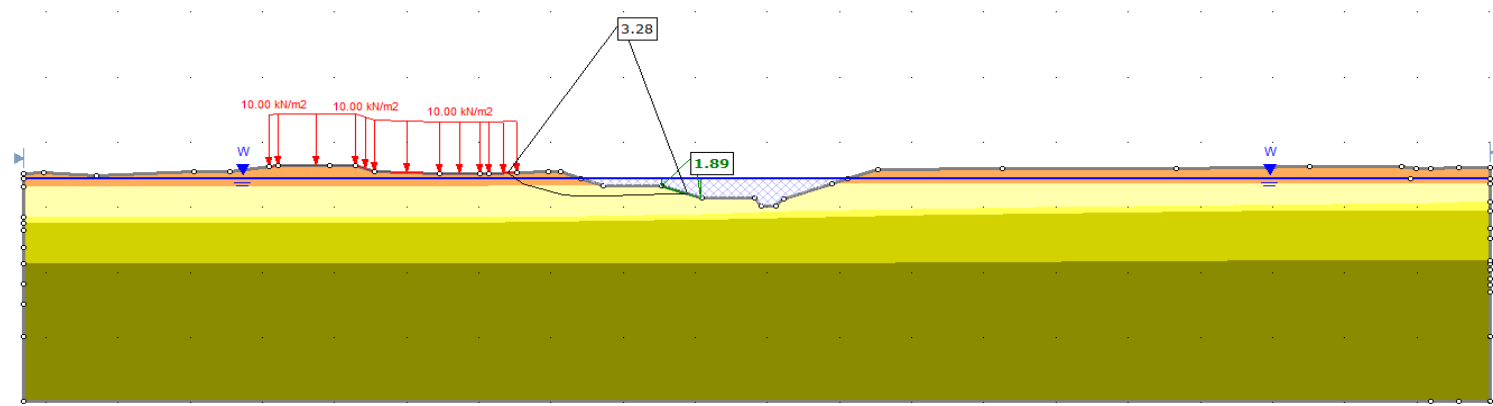
F.S. color scheme

- Almost certain it will liquefy
- Very likely to liquefy
- Liquefaction and no liq. are equally likely
- Unlike to liquefy
- Almost certain it will not liquefy

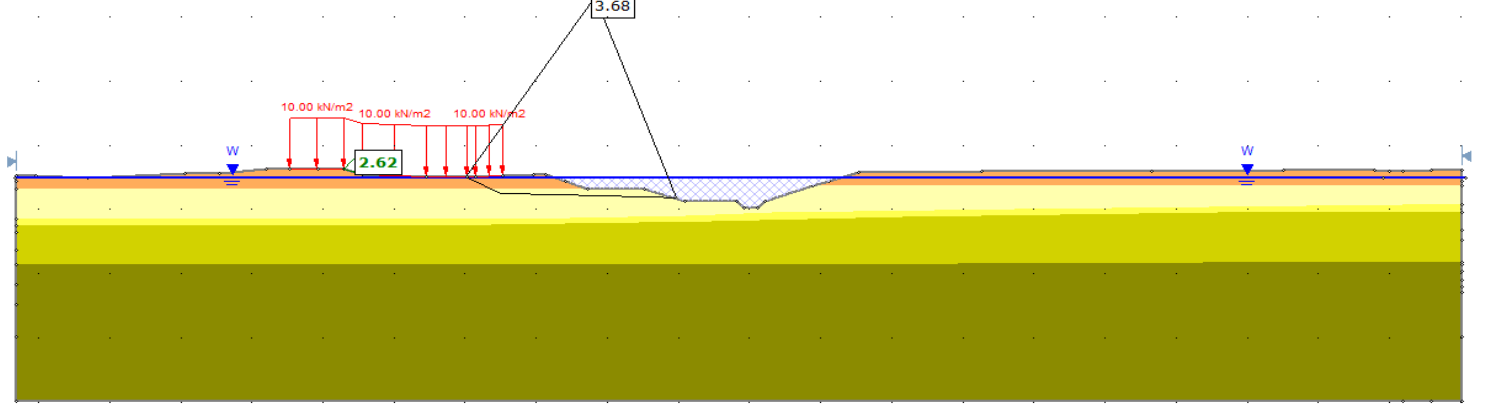
LPI color scheme

- Very high risk
- High risk
- Low risk

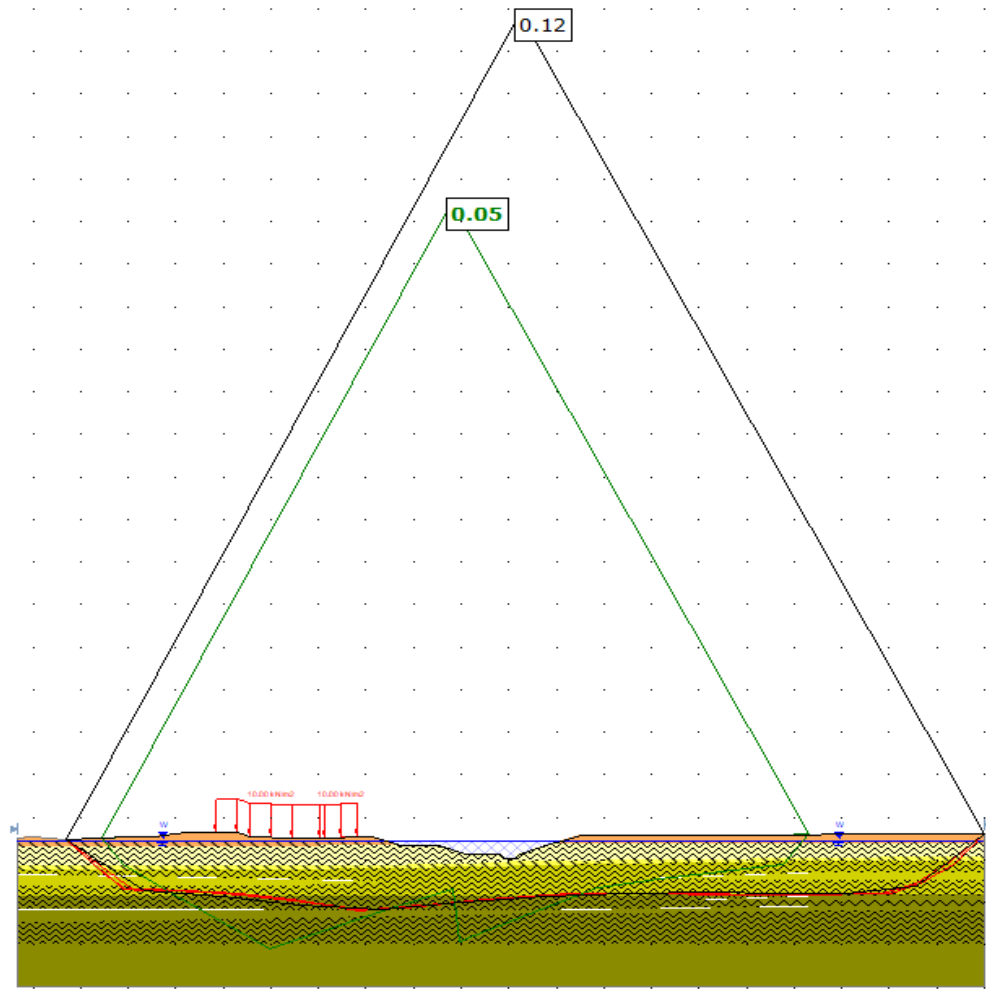
APPENDIX K: SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS RESULTS



Proposed Profile - Normal Groundwater Conditions



Proposed Profile - Worst Credible Groundwater Conditions



Yield Seismic Event (Displaying PGA with FoS >1)

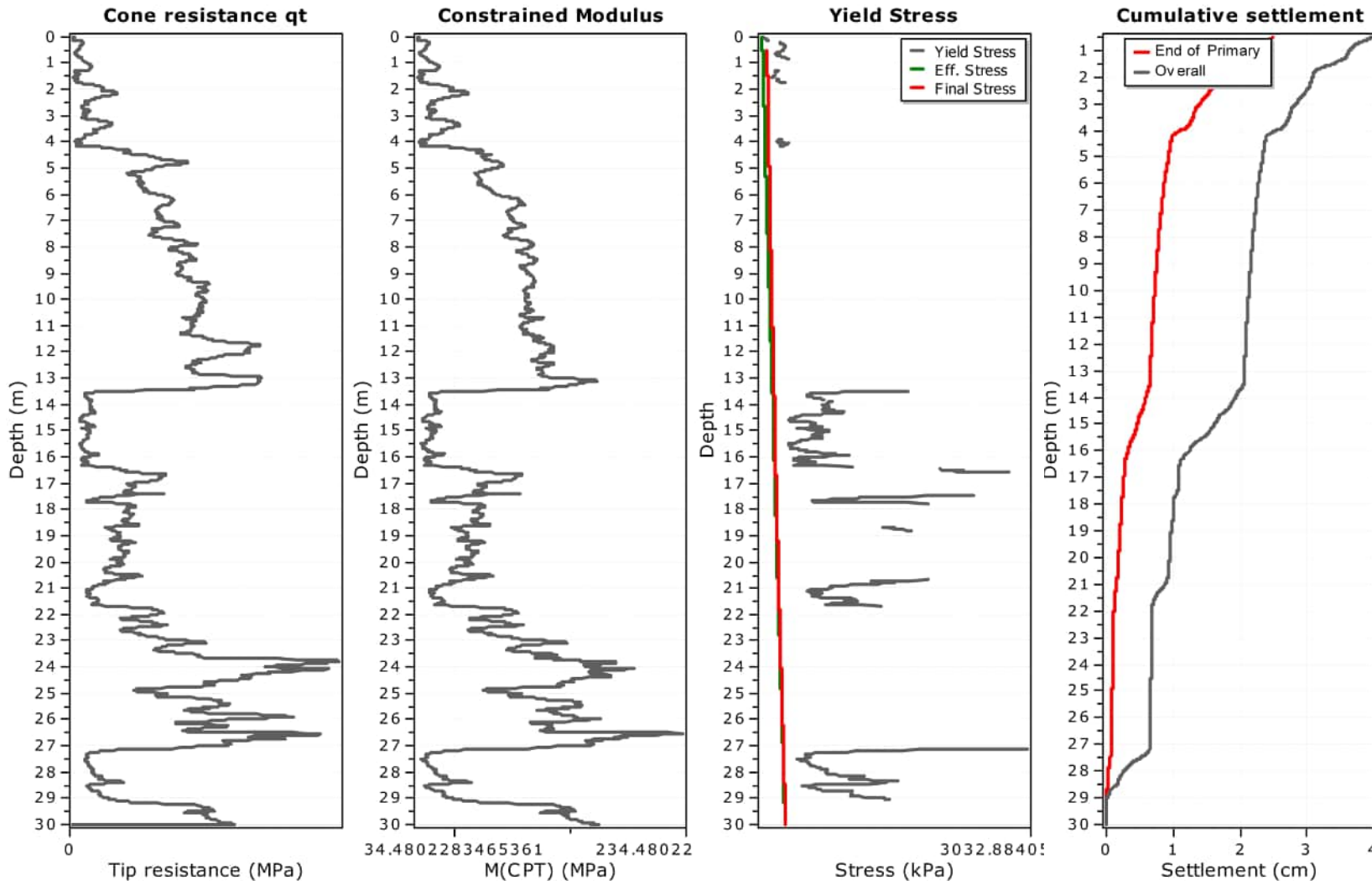
Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (kN/m ³)	Strength Type	Cohesion (kPa)	Phi (°)	Cohesion Type	Vertical Stress Ratio	Minimum Shear Strength (kPa)	Water Surface	Hu Type
St SILT/CLAT (Recent Deposits)		16	Mohr-Coulomb	2	30				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(UD) St SILT/CLAT (Recent Deposits)		16	Undrained	80	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(SOFTENED) St SILT/CLAT (Recent Deposits)		16	Undrained	64	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
MD SAND (Hinuera Formation)		17	Mohr-Coulomb	0	32				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(LIQUEFIED) MD SAND (Hinuera Formation)		17	Vertical Stress Ratio				0.15	5	Water Table	Automatically Calculated
St-VSt CLAY/SILT (Hinuera Formation)		17	Mohr-Coulomb	4	28				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(UD) St-VSt CLAY/SILT (Hinuera Formation)		17	Undrained	100	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(SOFTENED) St-VSt CLAY/SILT (Hinuera Formation)		17	Undrained	80	0	Constant			Water Table	Automatically Calculated
Interbedded L-MD SAND/St SILT (Hinuera Formation)		17	Mohr-Coulomb	1	30				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(LIQUEFIED) Interbedded L-MD SAND/St SILT (Hinuera Formation)		17	Vertical Stress Ratio				0.08	5	Water Table	Automatically Calculated
MD-D SAND (Hinuera Formation)		17	Mohr-Coulomb	0	35				Water Table	Automatically Calculated
(LIQUEFIED) MD-D SAND (Hinuera Formation)		17	Vertical Stress Ratio				0.15	5	Water Table	Automatically Calculated

Parameters

	Project Ashbourne Development, Matamata	Analysis Cuckoo	Project No. HAM2023-0124
	Title Section B - Proposed	Date 13/10/2025	Drawing STAB 01

APPENDIX L: SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS RESULTS

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

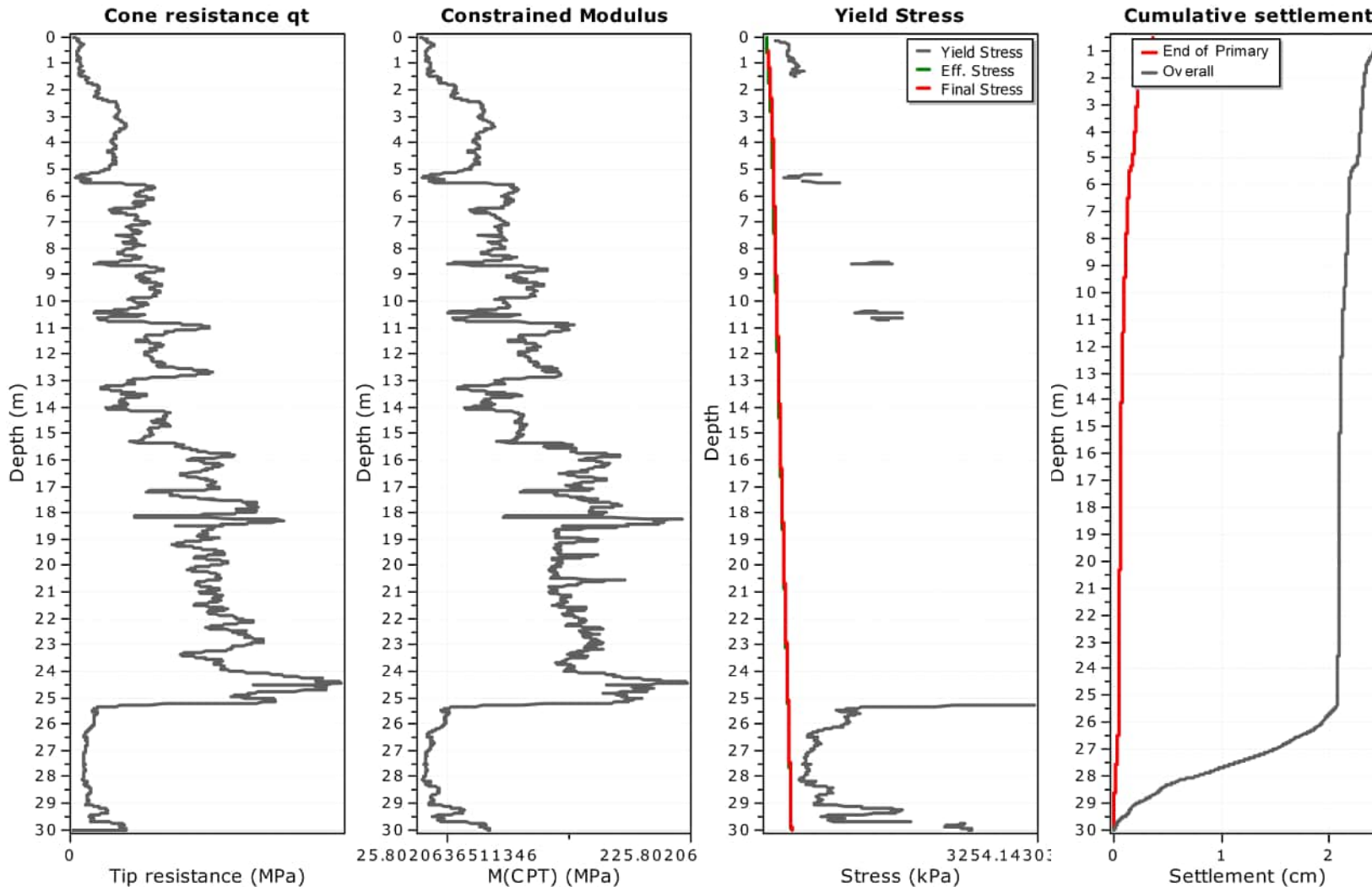
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{pri} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 10.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

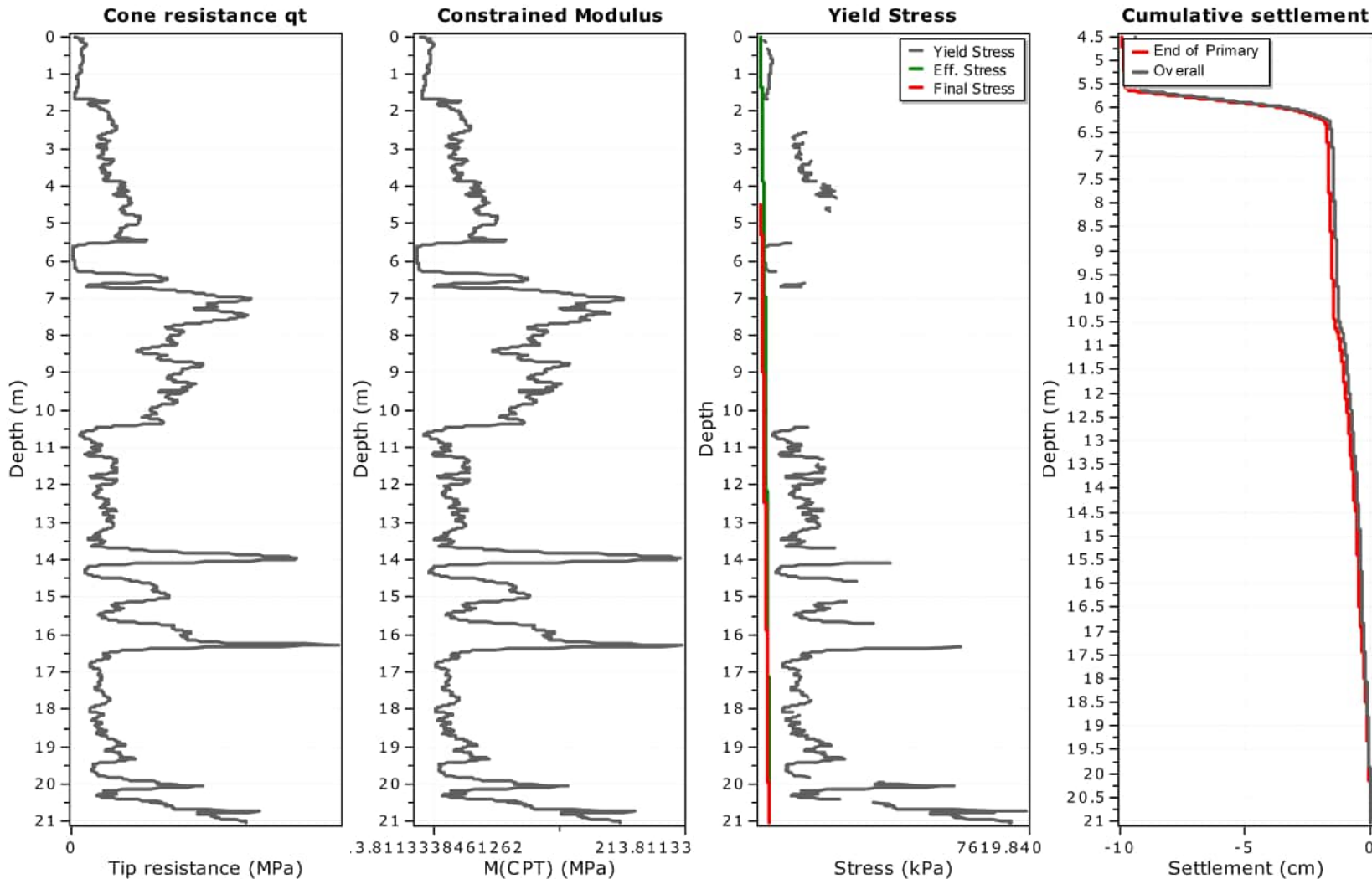
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{secondary} = S_{primary} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 10.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 4.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: Yes
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 12 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

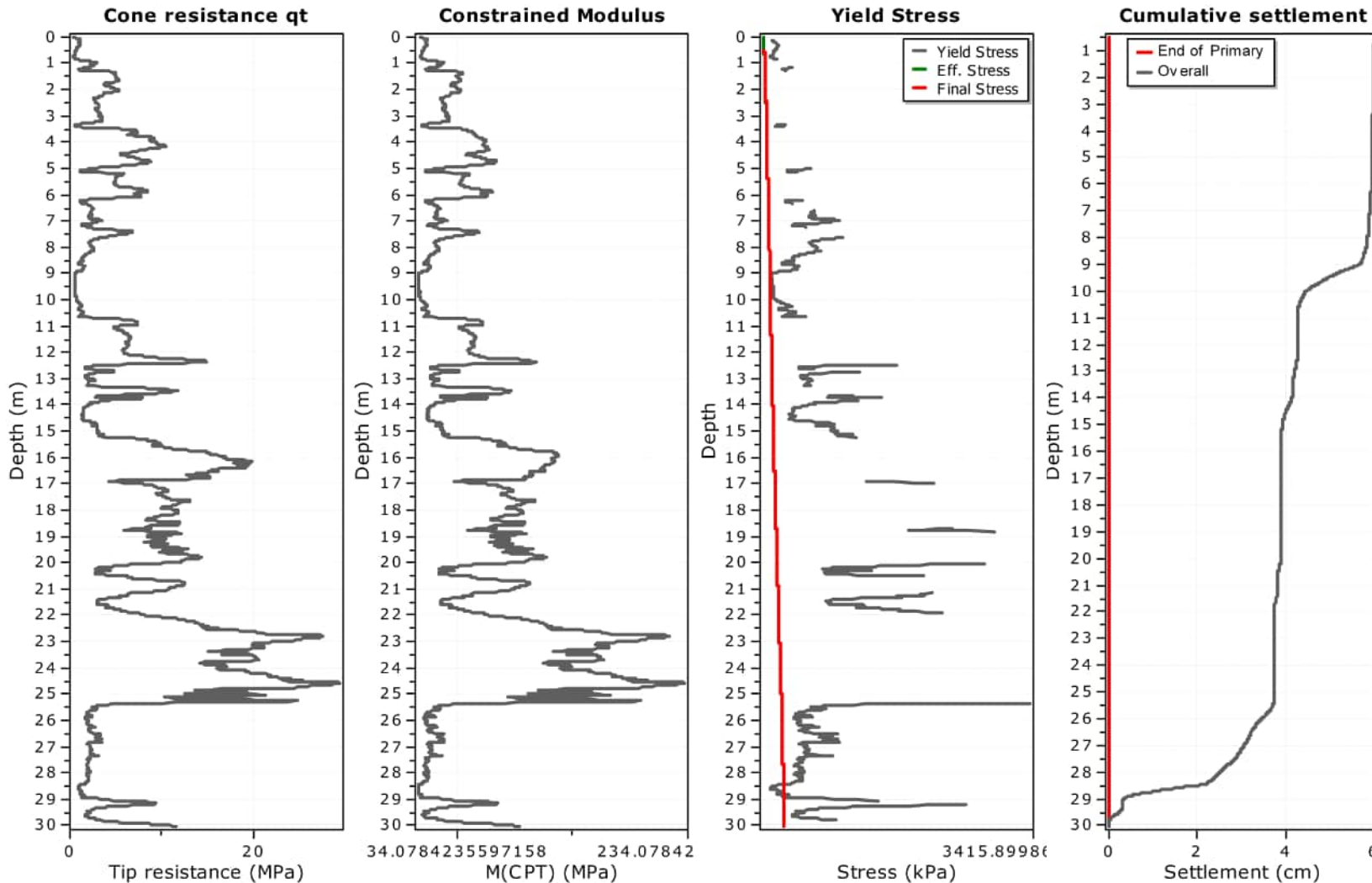
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = S_p \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 1.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

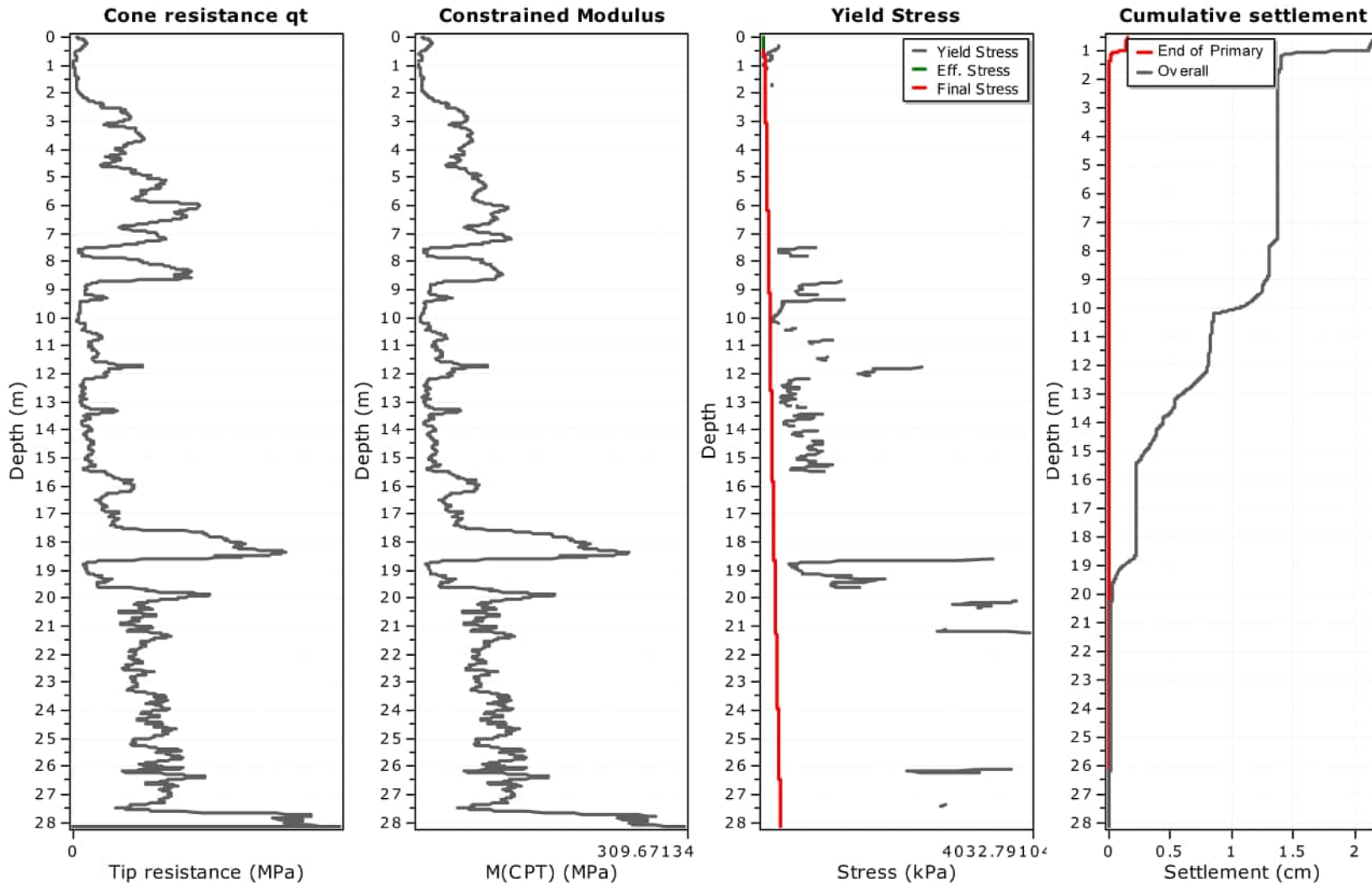
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{p} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 1.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

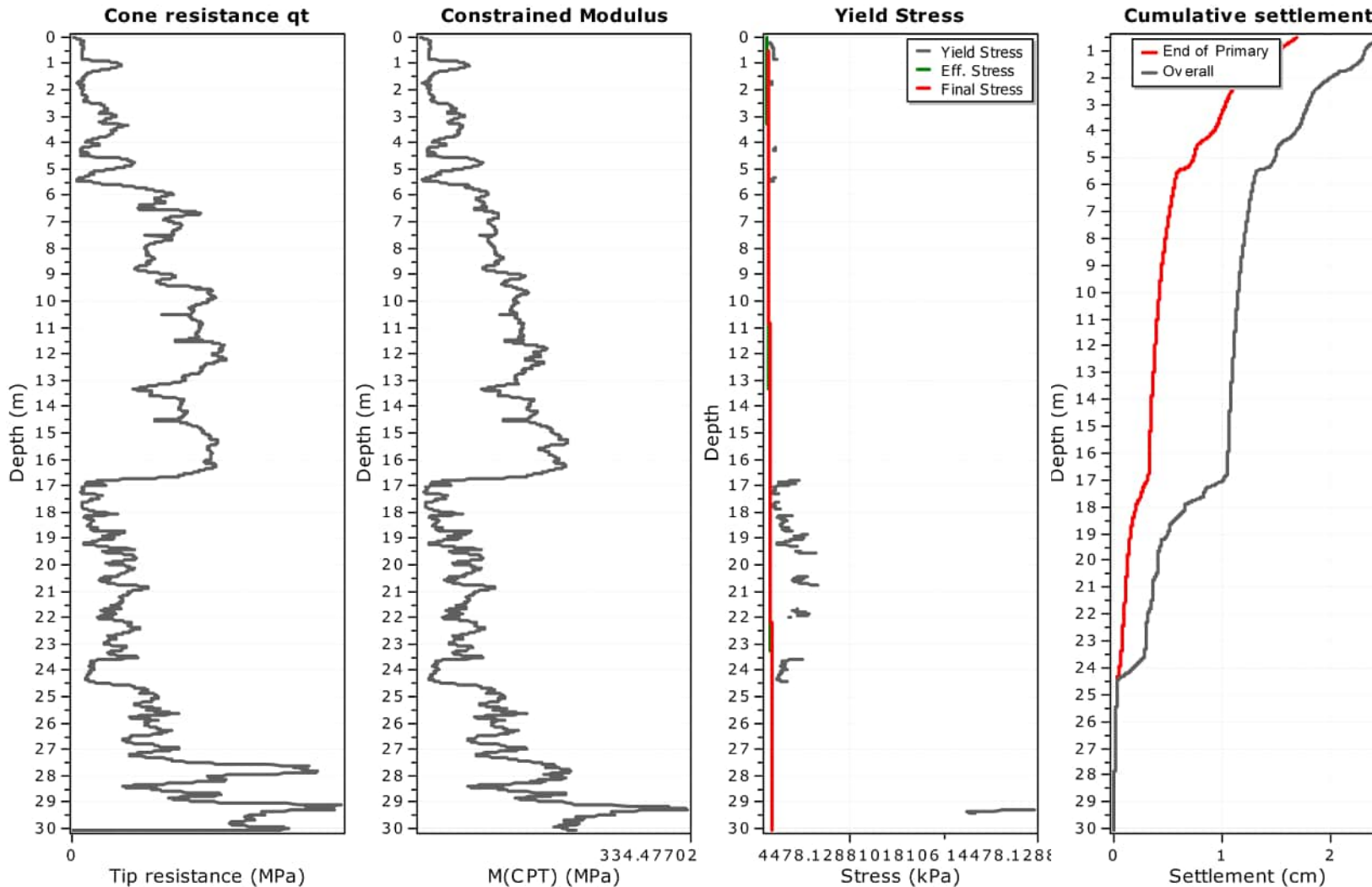
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = S_p \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

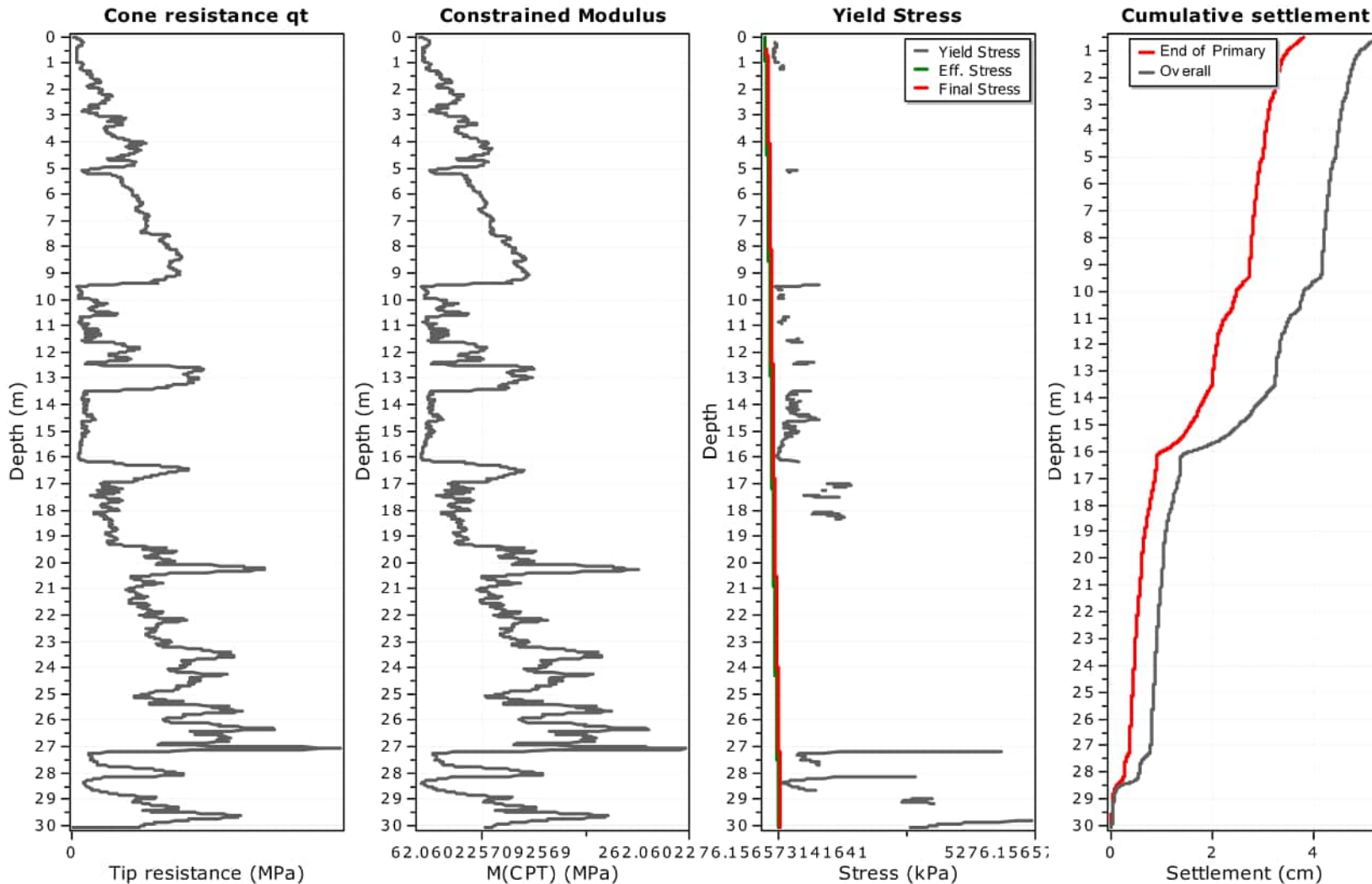
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{secondary} = S_{primary} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
 Footing width: 150.00 (m)
 L/B: 1.0
 Footing pressure: 37.00 (kPa)
 Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
 Footing is rigid: No
 Remove excavation load: No
 Apply 20% rule: No
 Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
 Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
 Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

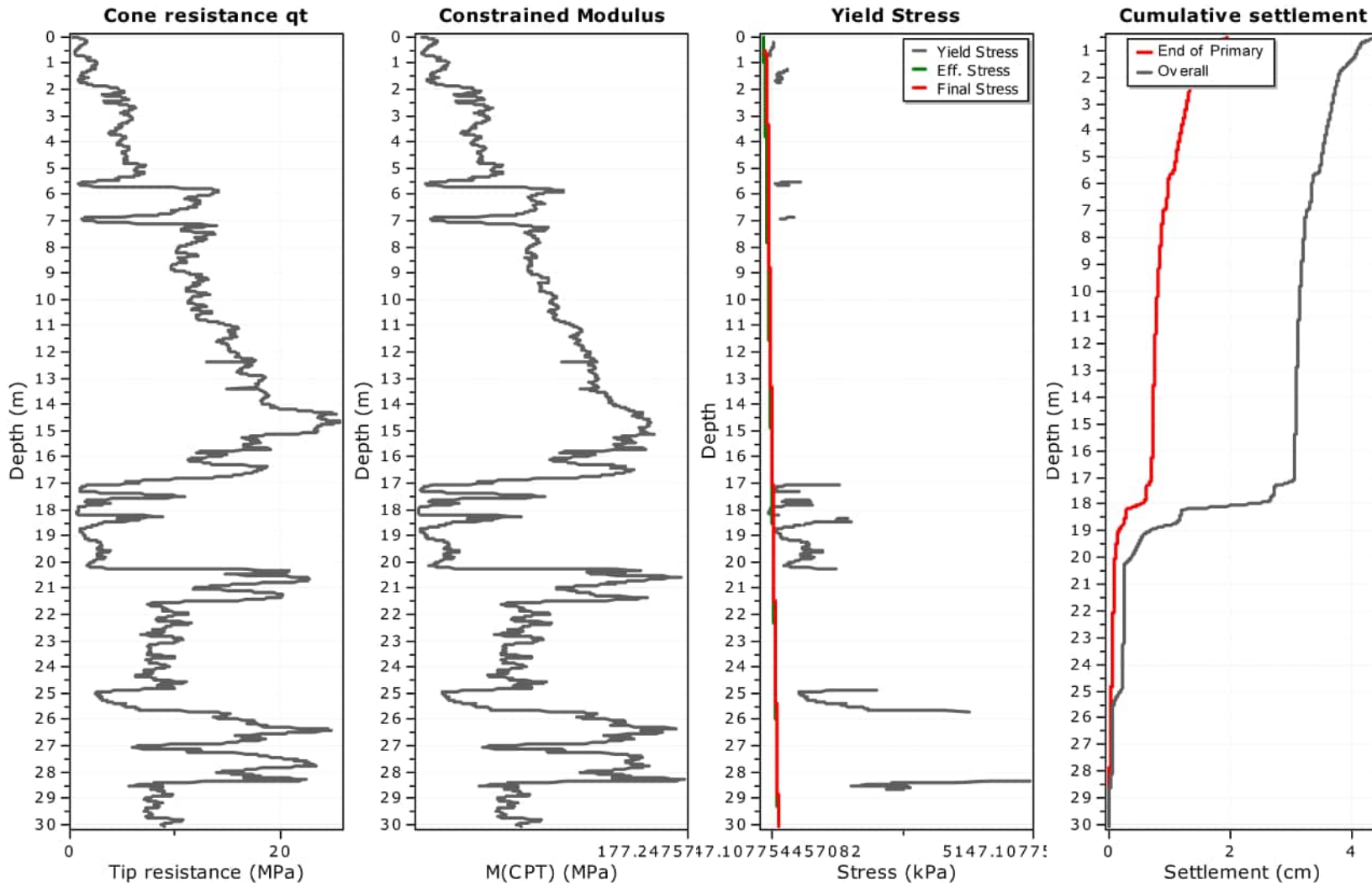
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{secondary} = S_{primary} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 37.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

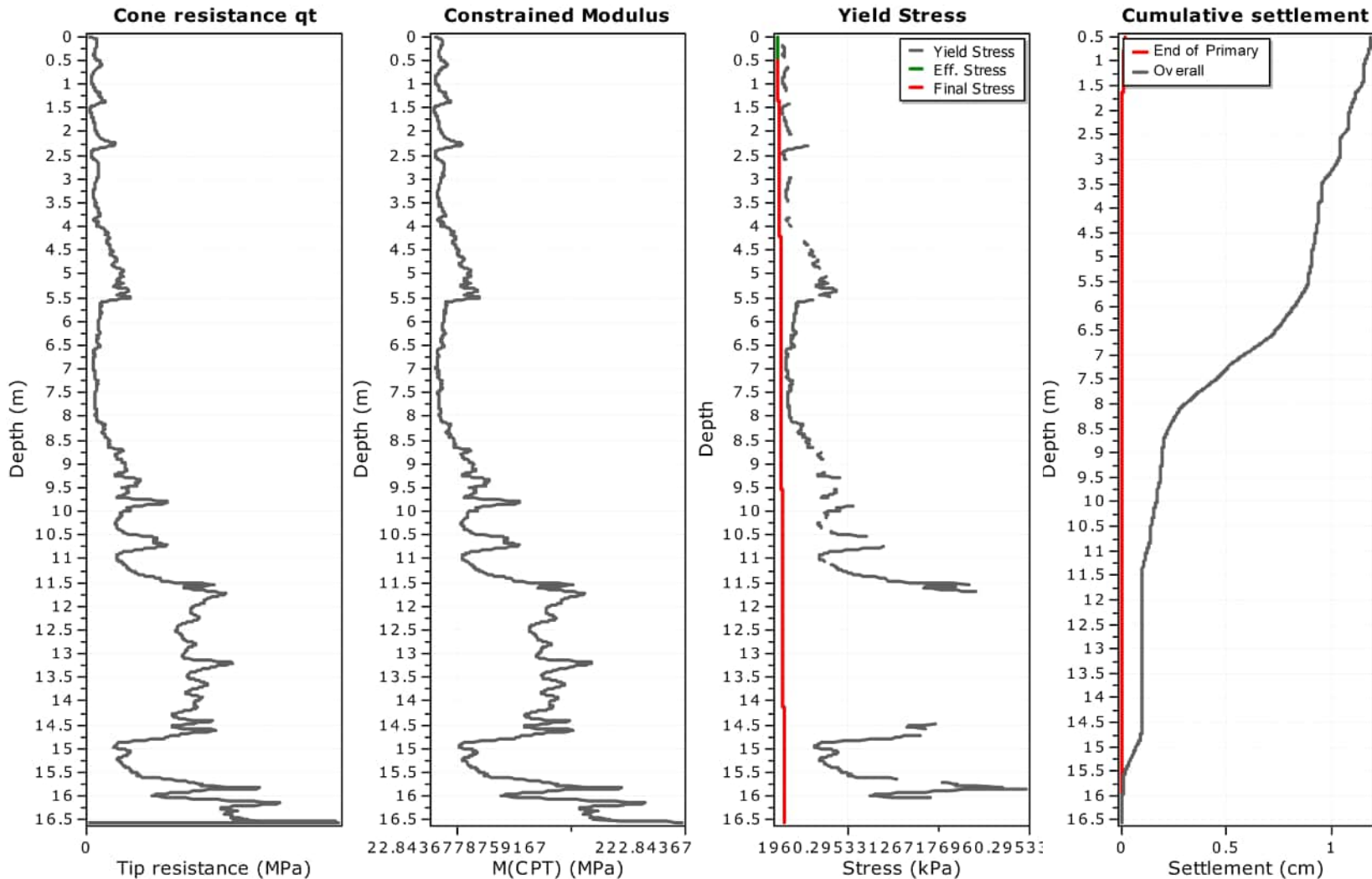
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{p} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 1.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

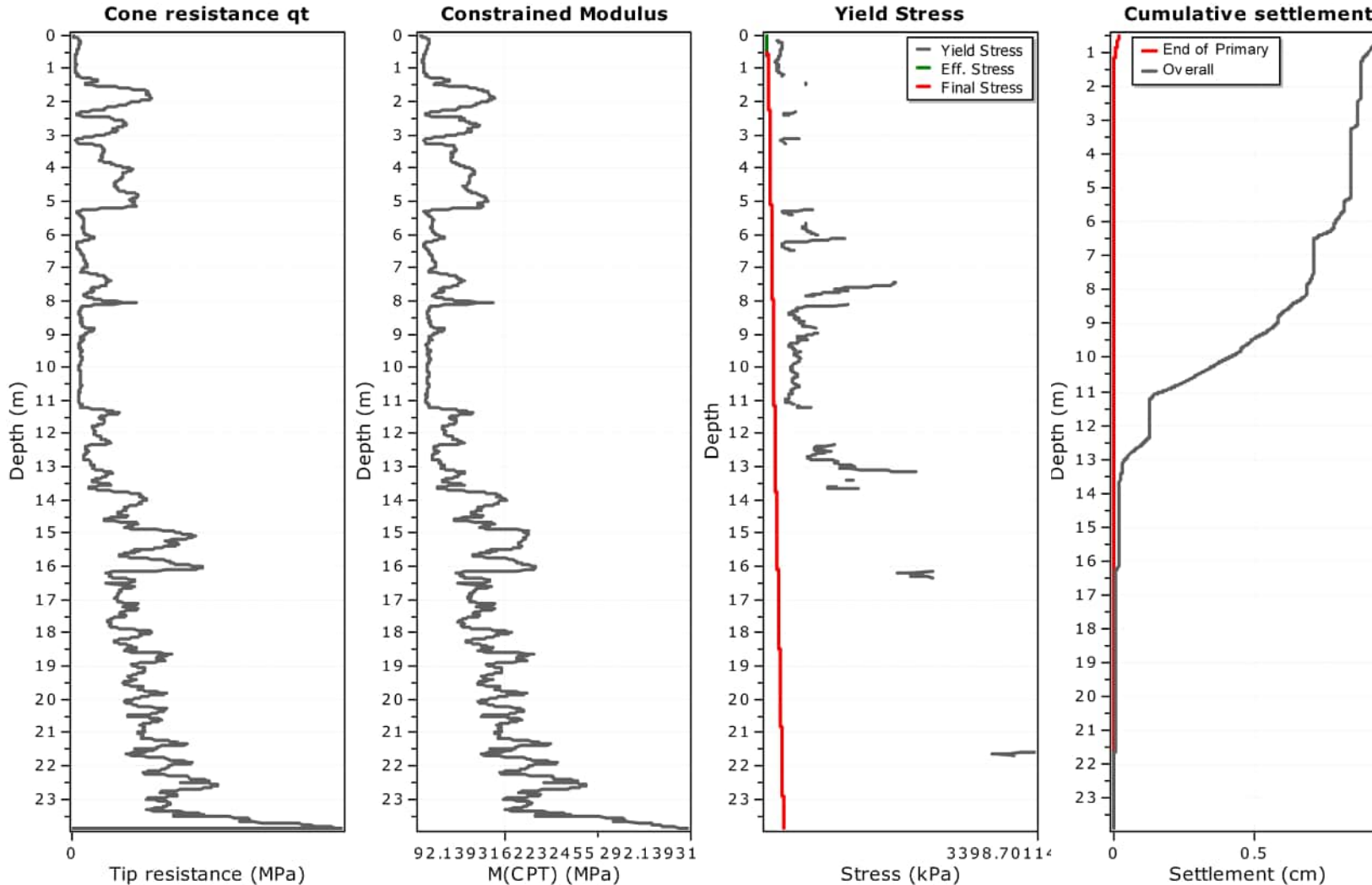
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{secondary} = S_{primary} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 1.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

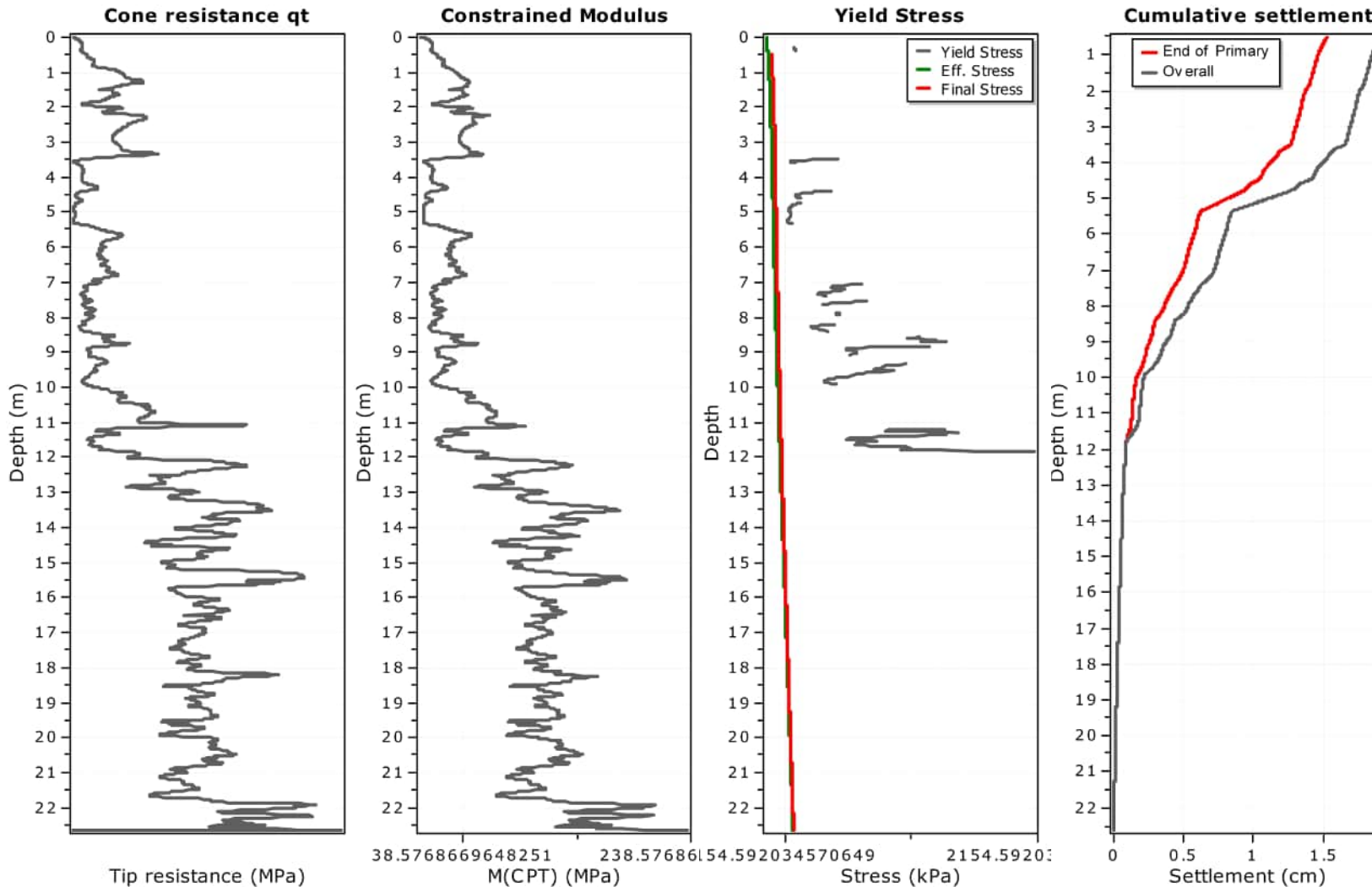
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{p} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 28.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

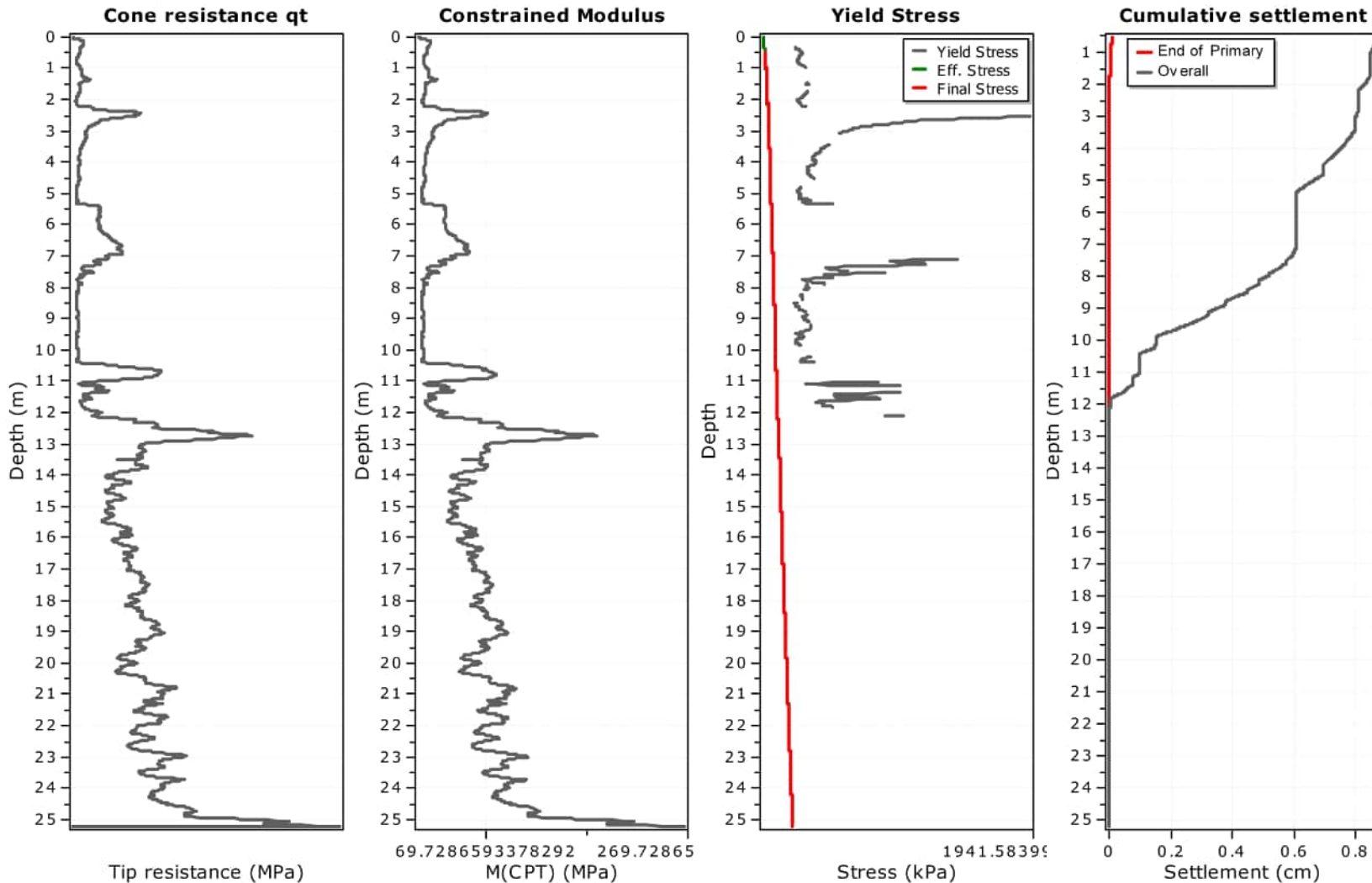
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = S_p \left(\frac{t}{t_p} \right)^n$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 1.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

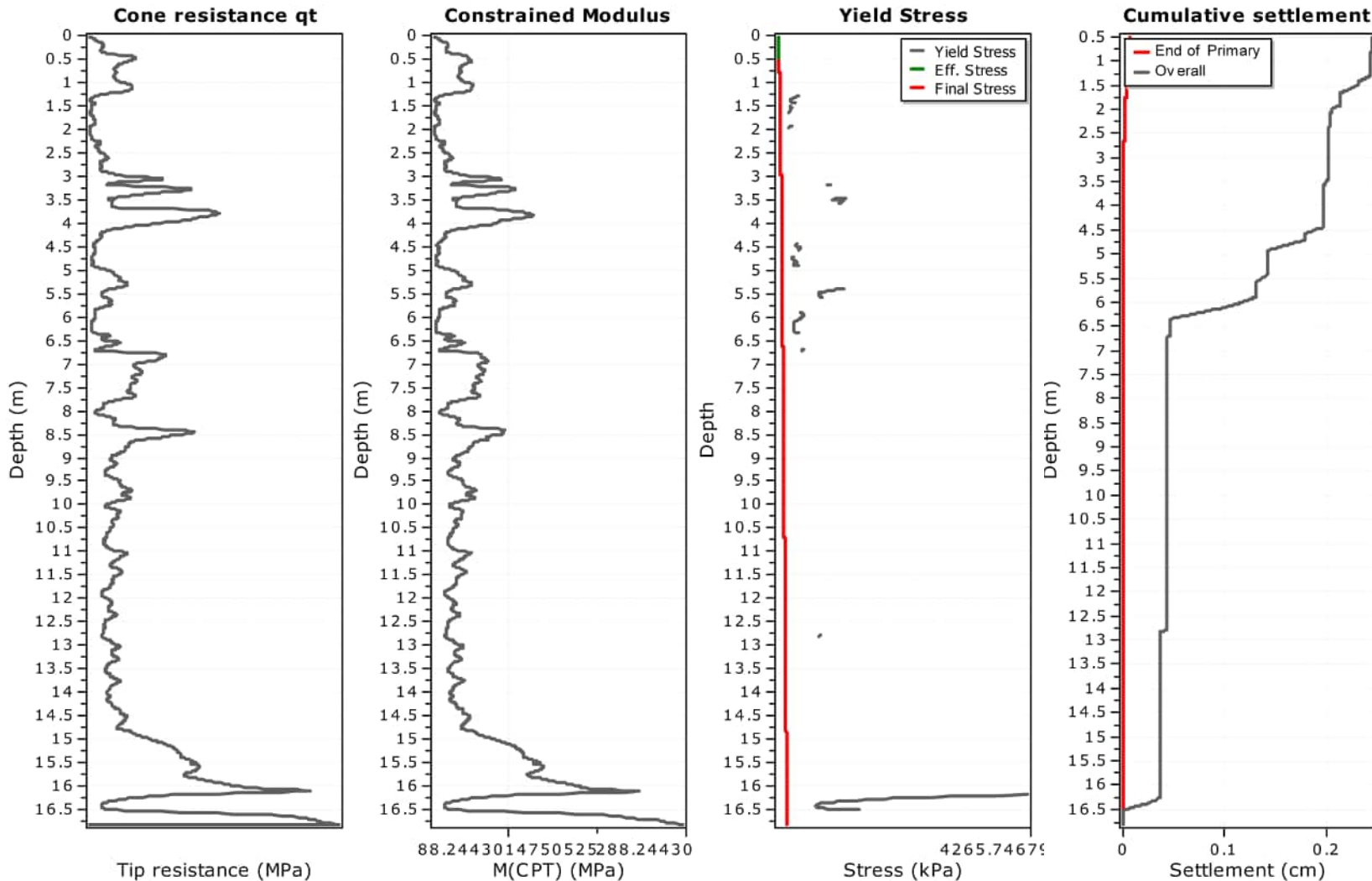
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{p} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 1.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

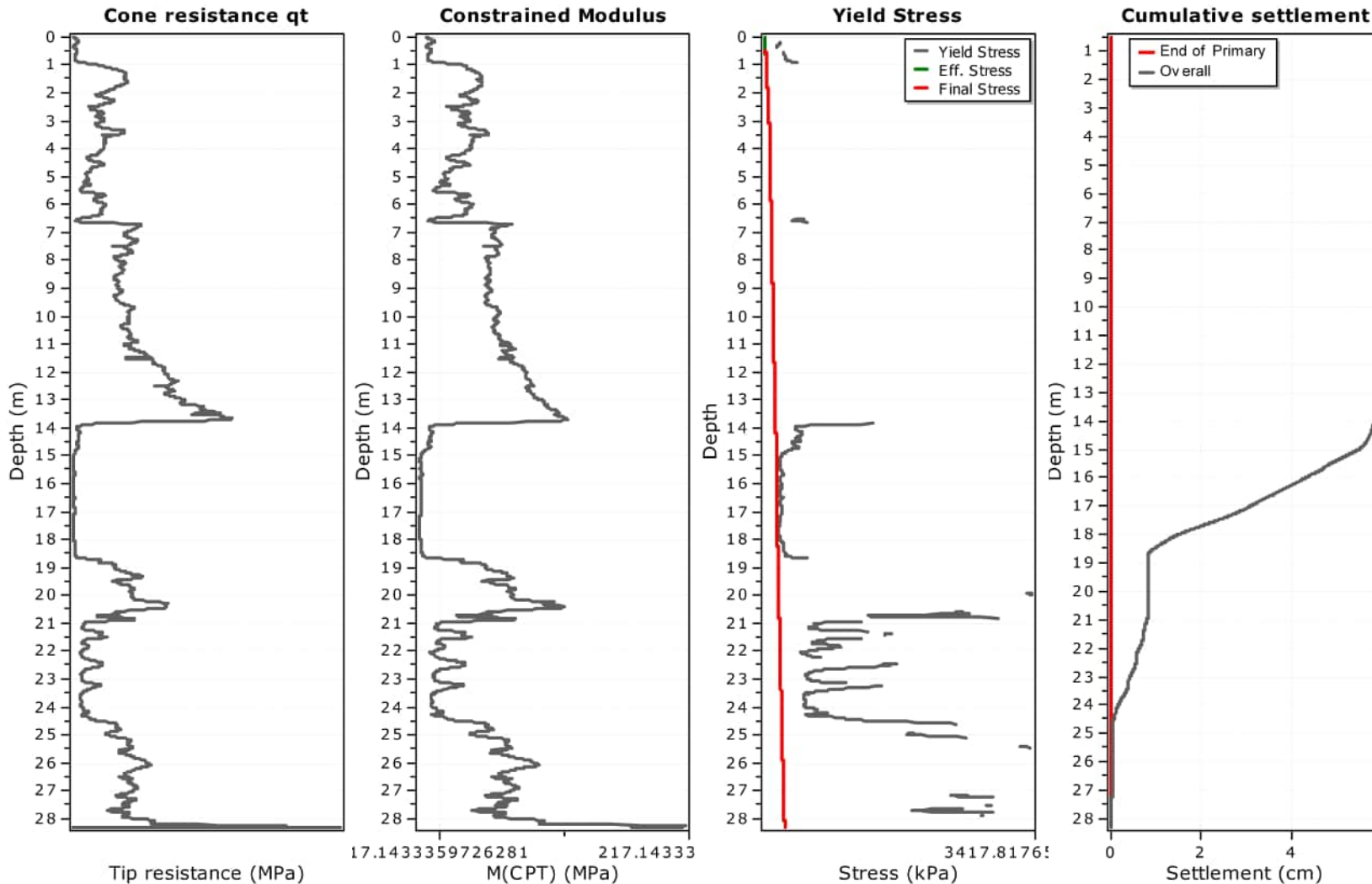
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = S_p \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 1.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

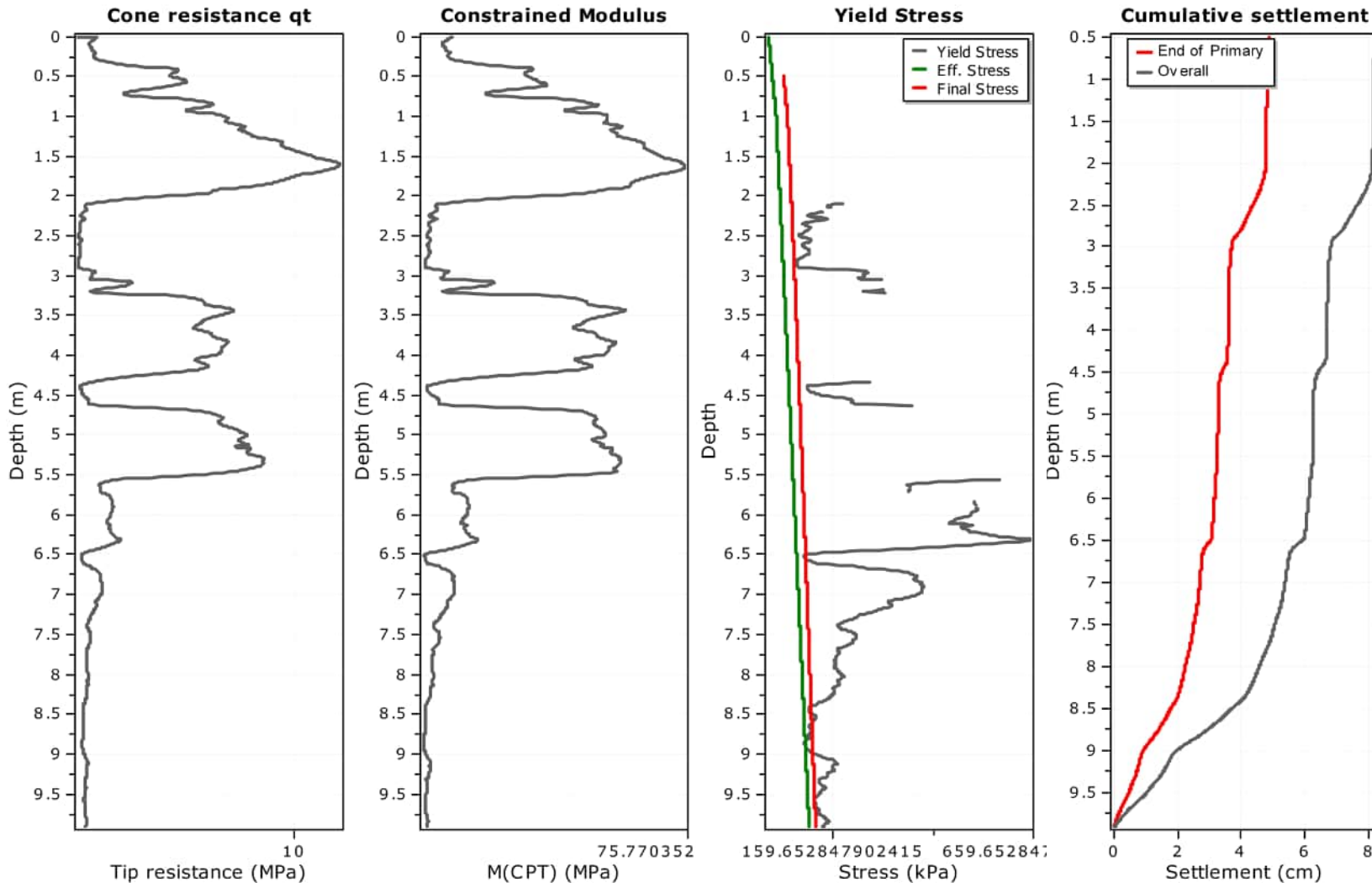
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{p} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 28.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

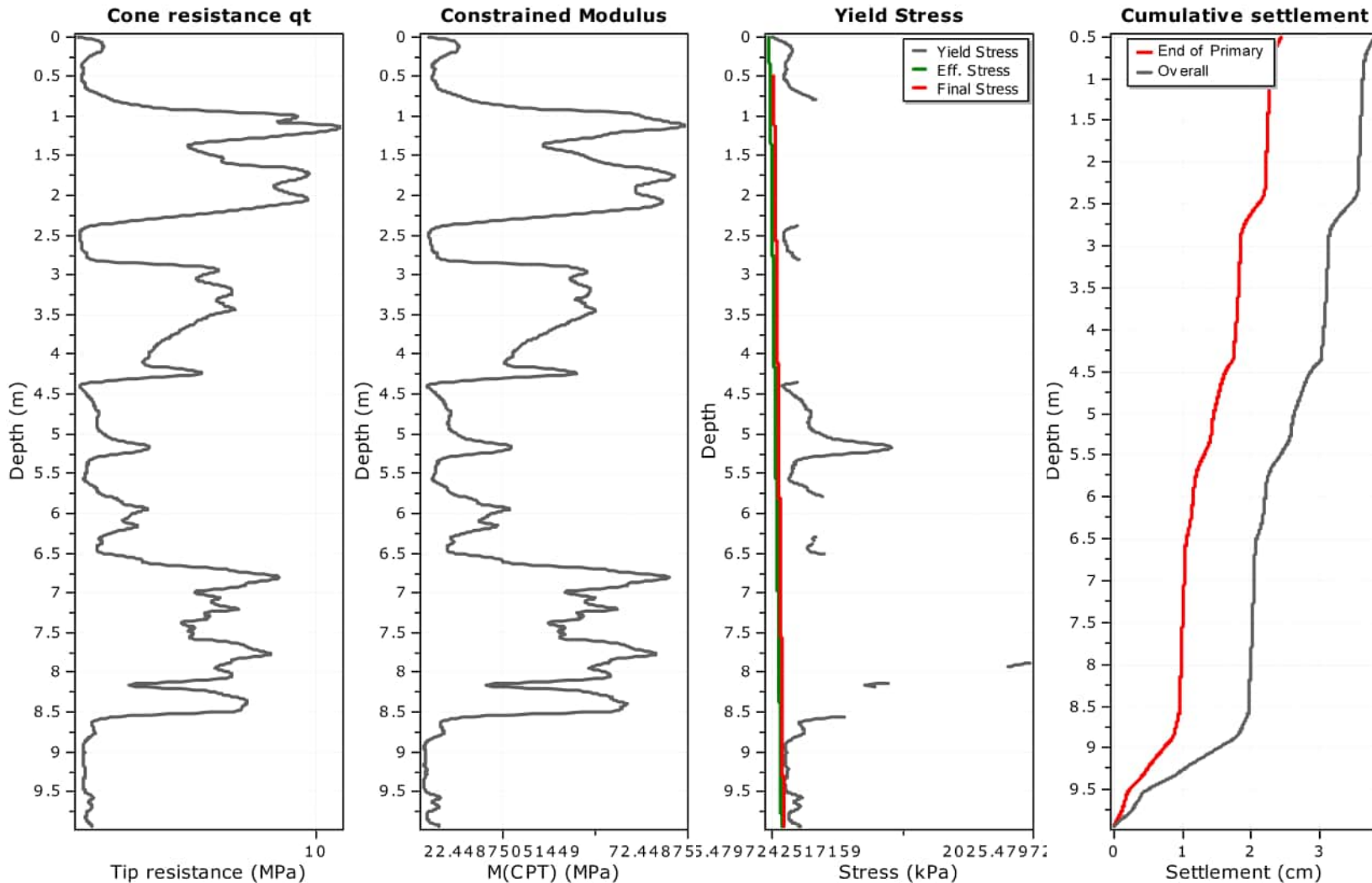
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{\text{secondary}} = S_{\text{primary}} \left(1 - \exp \left(- \frac{t}{t_p} \right) \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 28.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

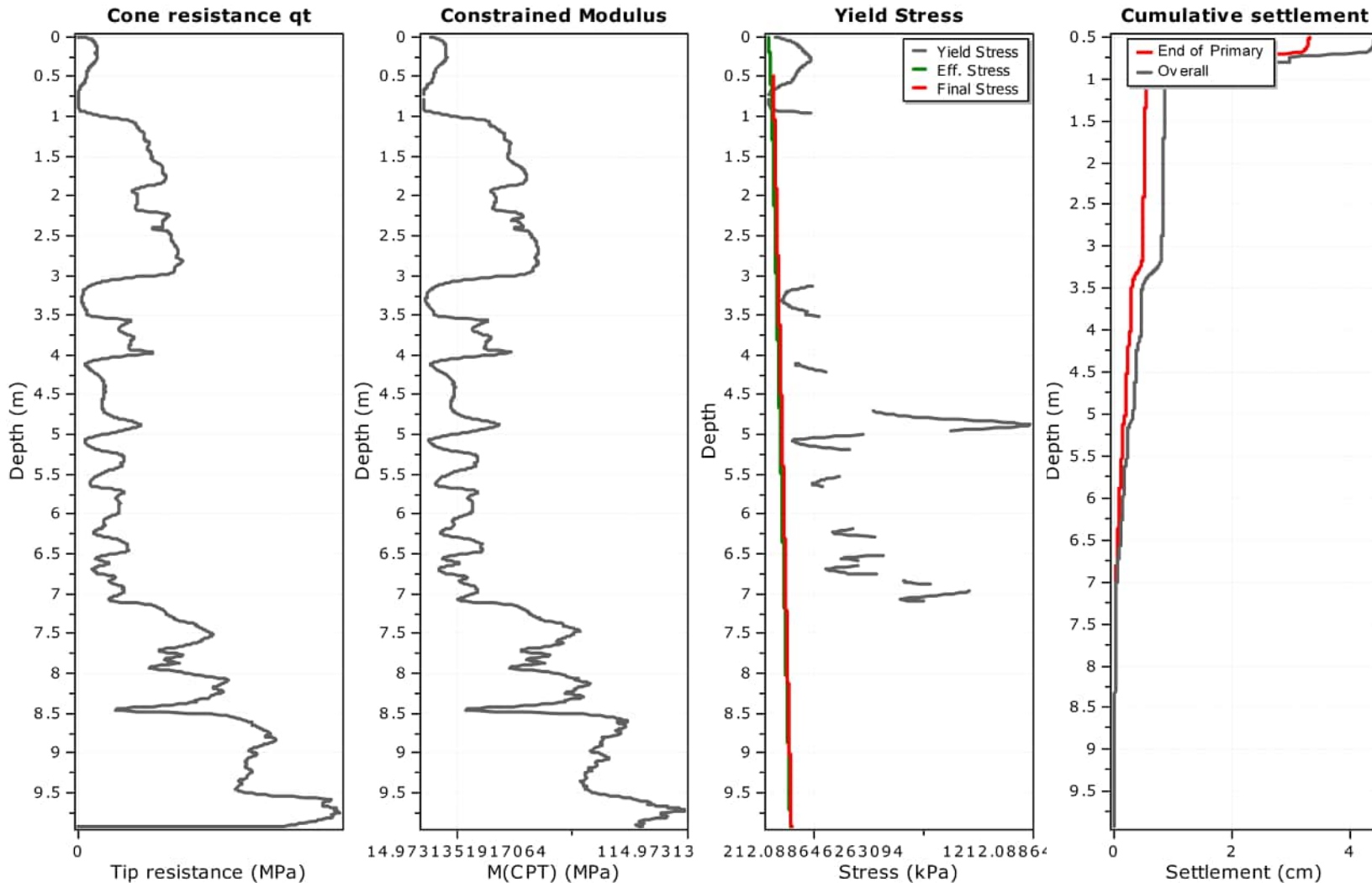
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = S_p \left(\frac{t}{t_p} \right)^n$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 10.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

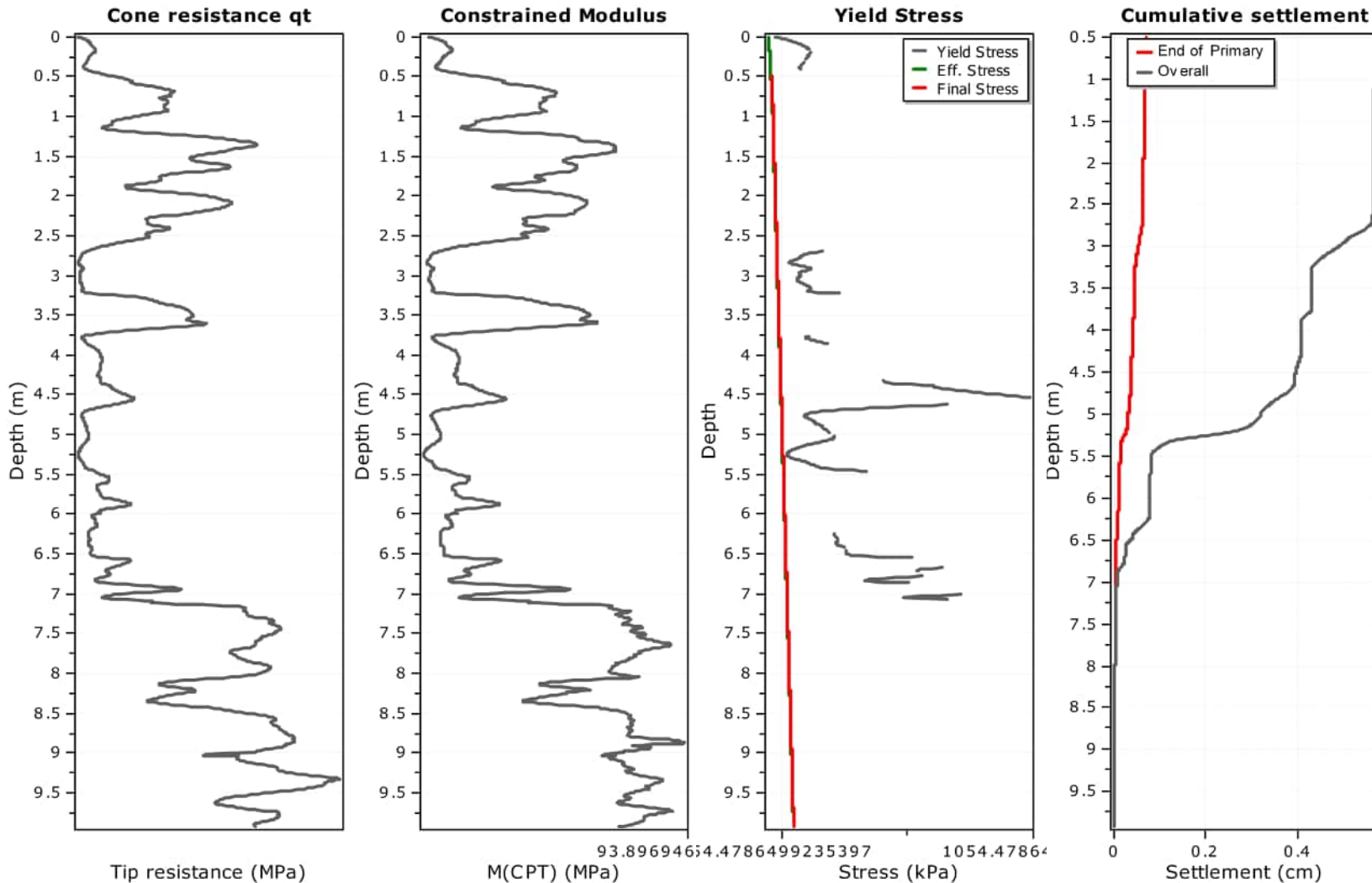
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{pri} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 1.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

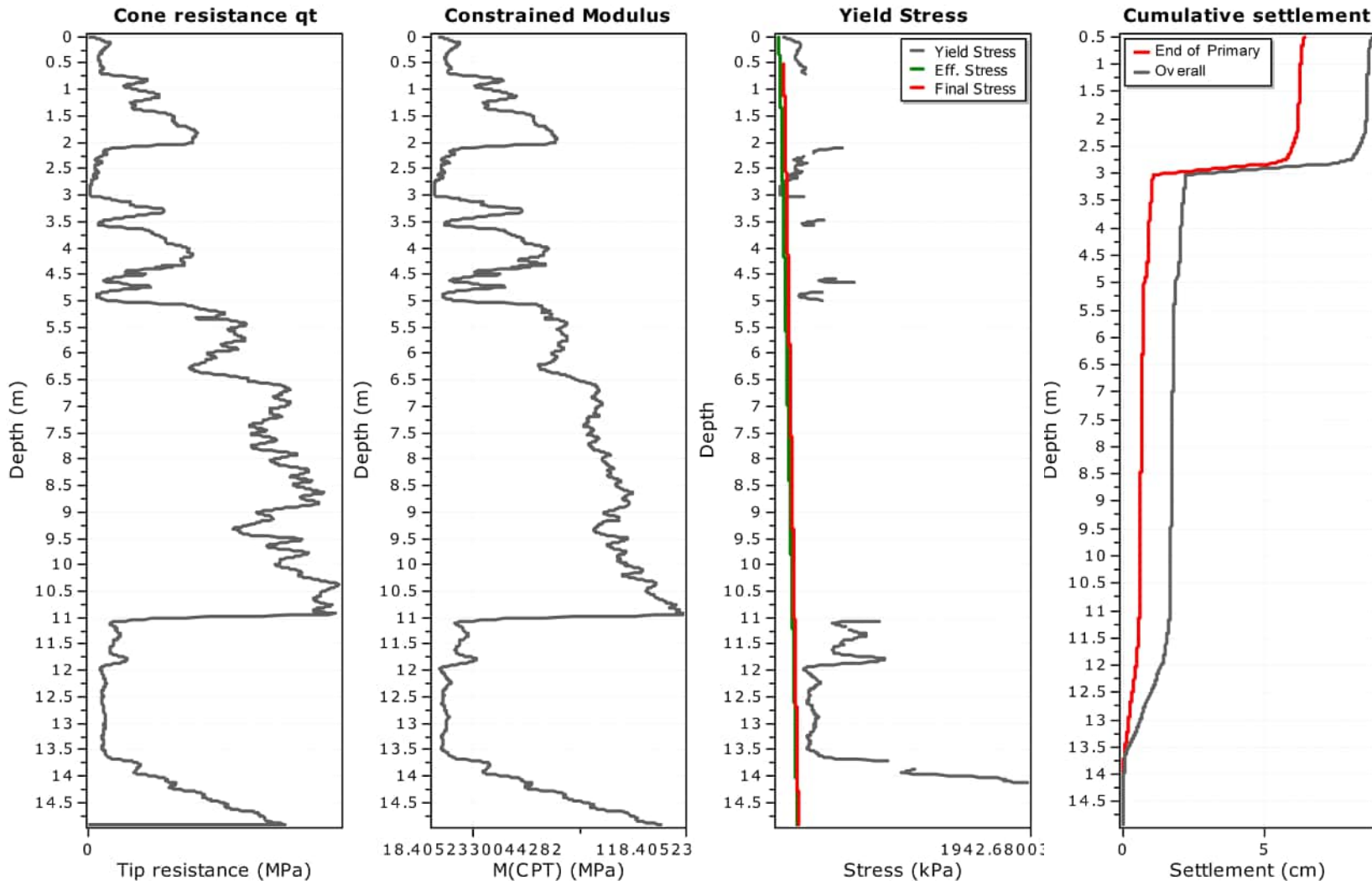
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = S_p \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 28.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

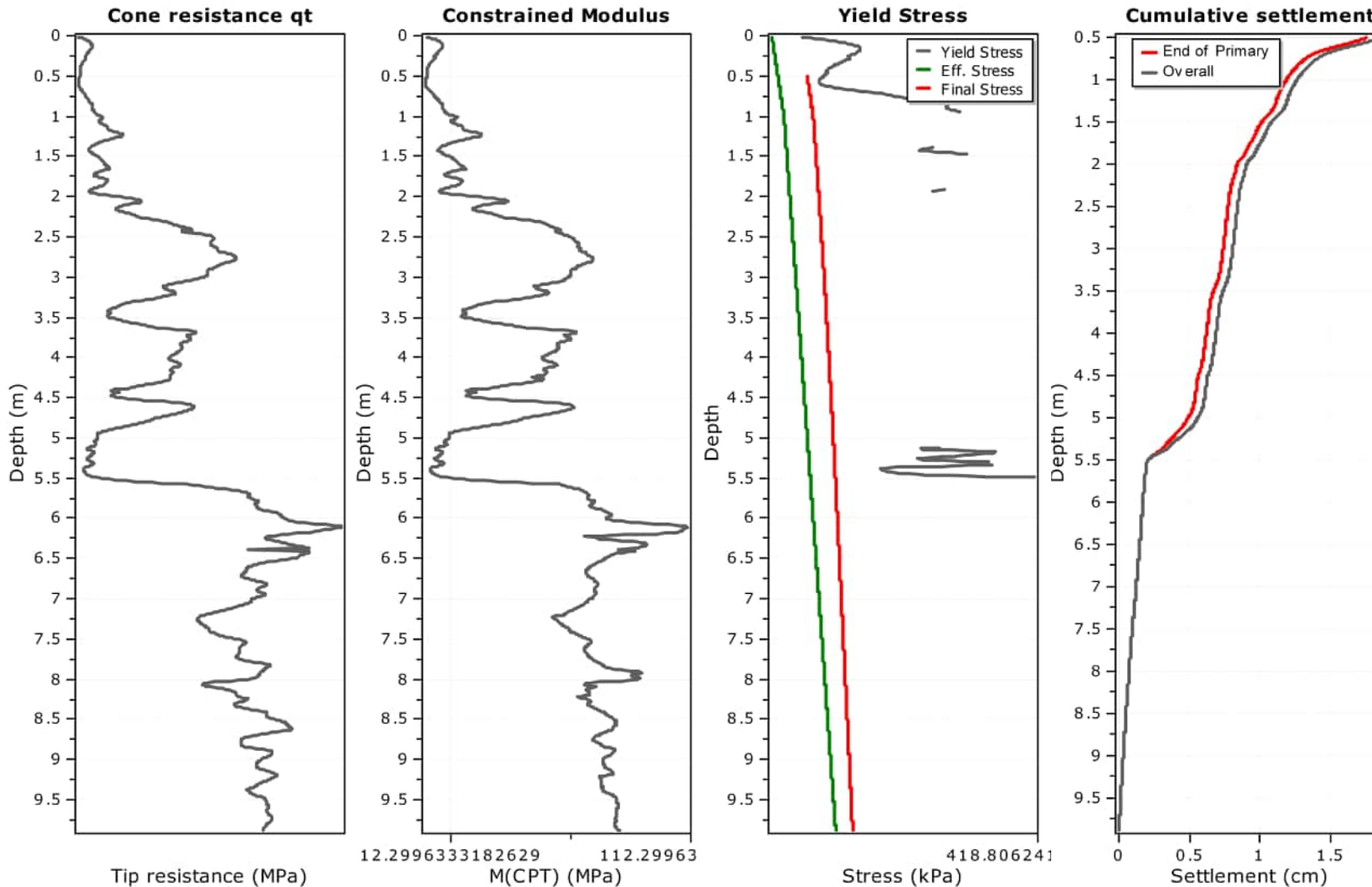
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{p} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

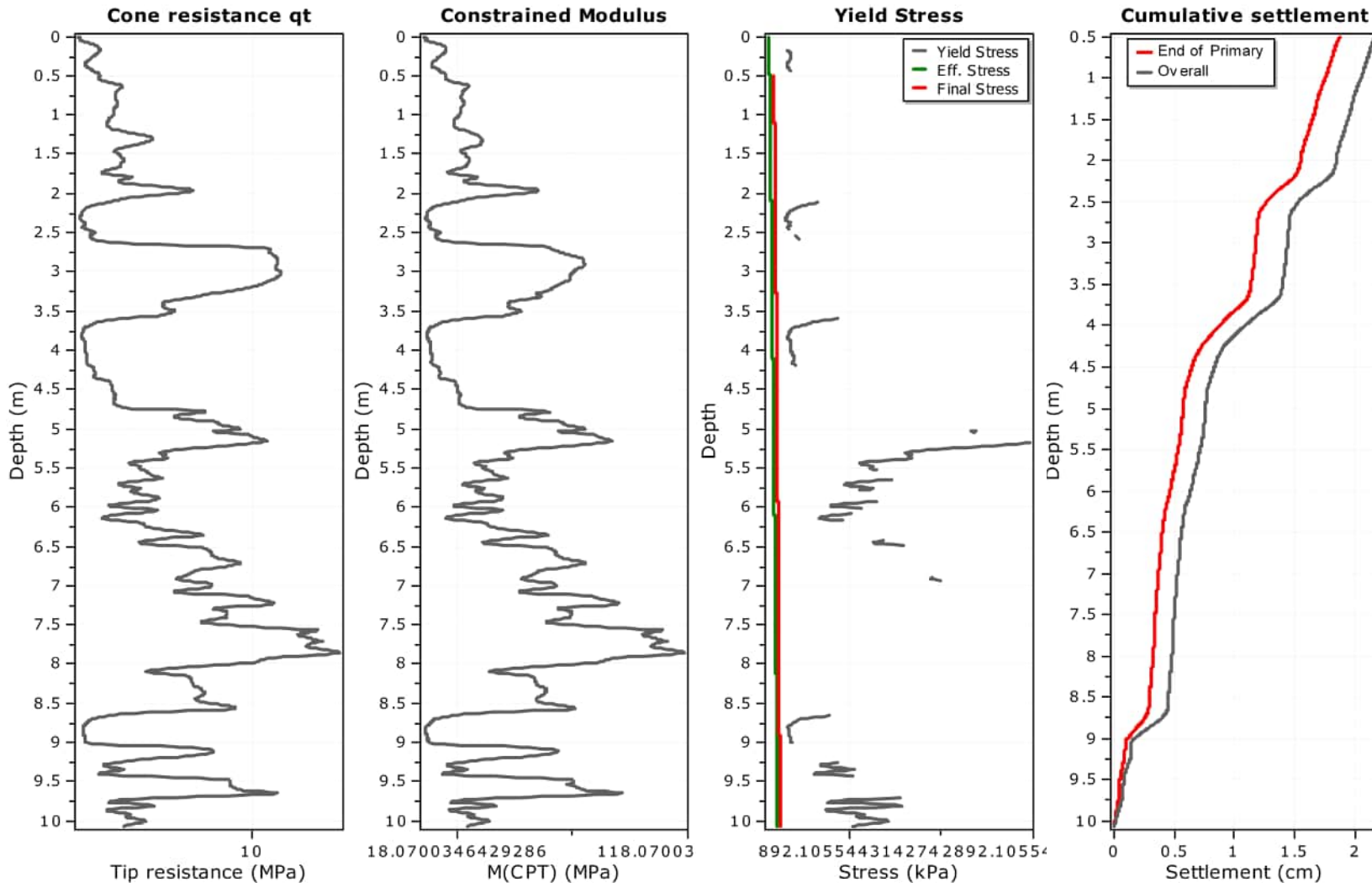
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_c = S_p \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

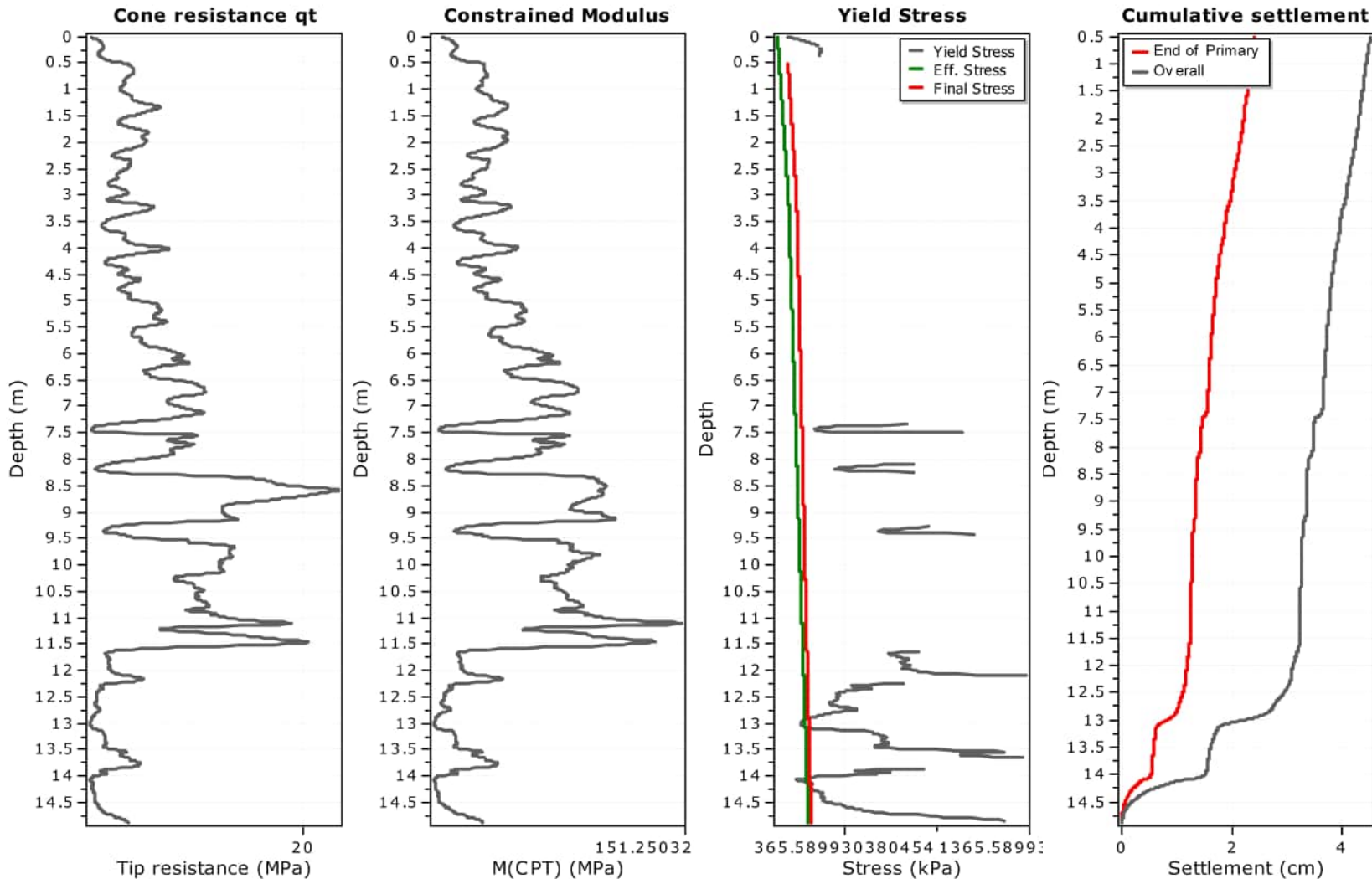
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{\text{secondary}} = S_{\text{primary}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

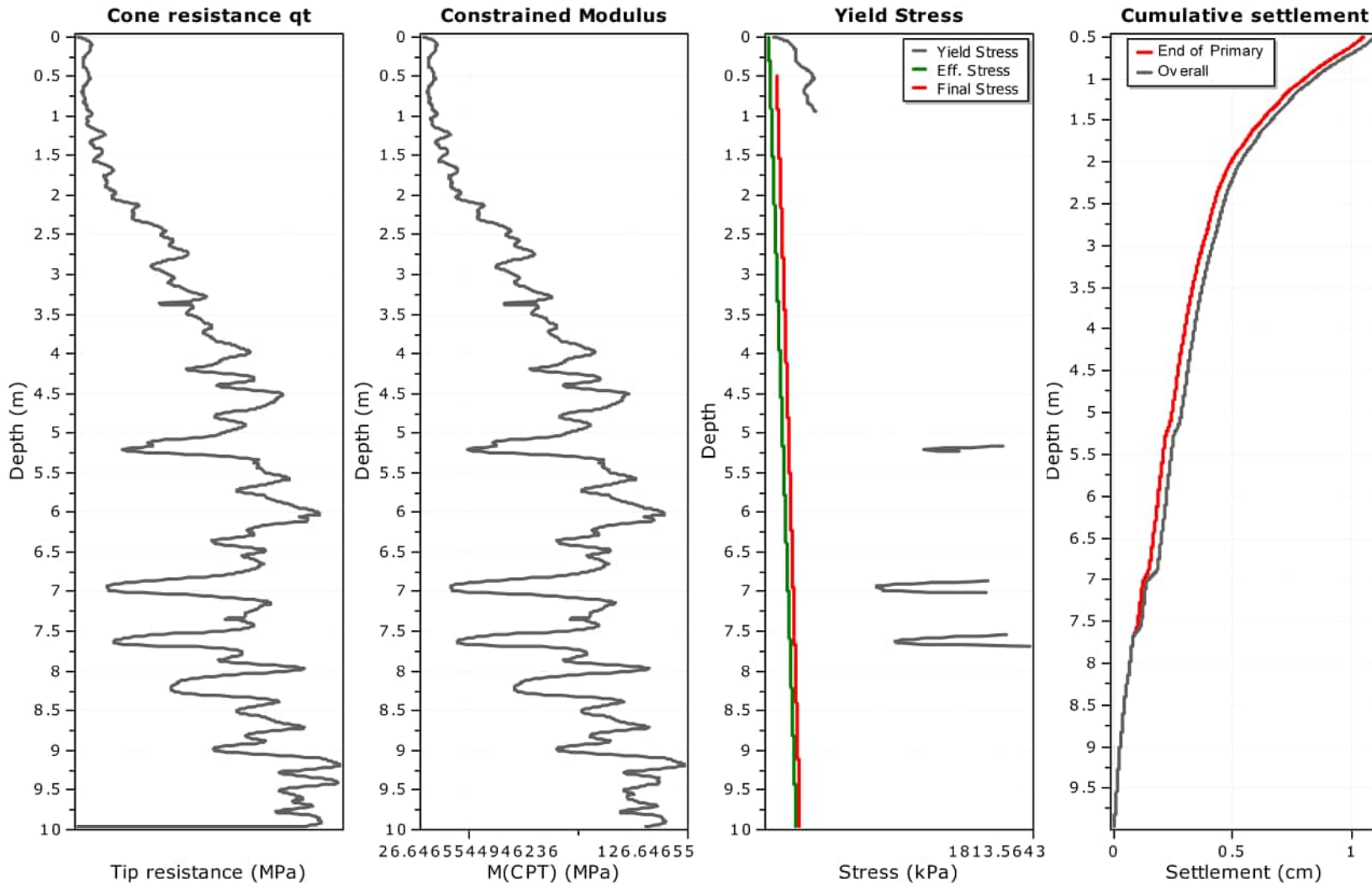
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{\text{secondary}} = S_{\text{primary}} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

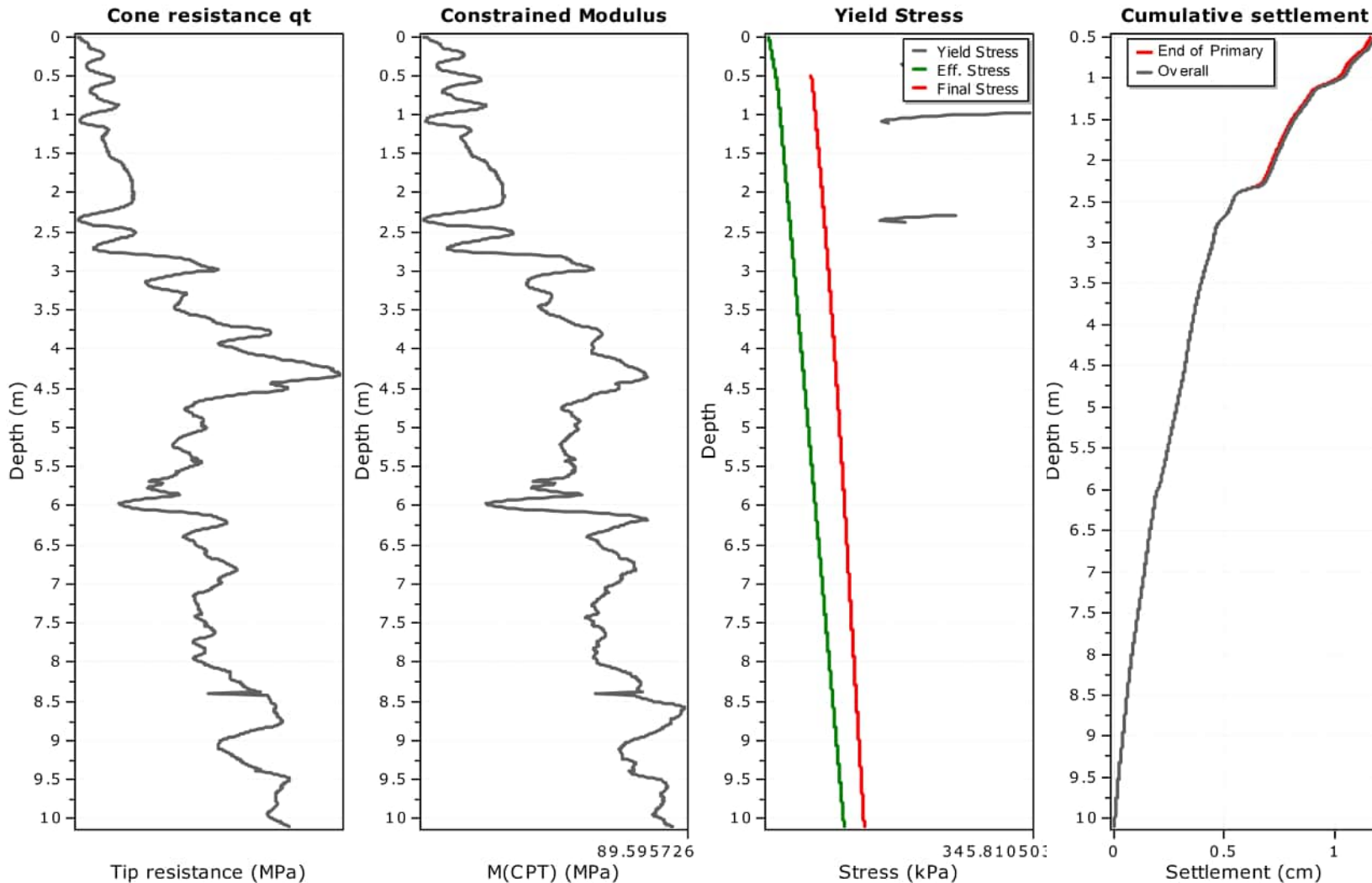
$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{pri} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

Settlements calculation according to theory of elasticity*



Calculation properties

Footing type: Rectangular
Footing width: 15.00 (m)
L/B: 1.0
Footing pressure: 46.00 (kPa)
Embedment depth: 0.50 (m)
Footing is rigid: No
Remove excavation load: No
Apply 20% rule: No
Calculate secondary settlements: Yes
Time period for primary consolidation: 6 months
Time period for second. settlements: 600 months

* Primary settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S = \sum \frac{\Delta \sigma_v}{M_{CPT}} \Delta z$$

* Secondary (creep) settlement calculation is performed according to the following formula:

$$S_{sec} = S_{pri} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{t_p}} \right)$$

where t_p is the duration of primary consolidation

APPENDIX M: SID MATRIX

CMW Safety in Design Risk Assessment									
HAM2023-0124 - Station Road Proposed Subdivison and Solar Farm									
Design Element	Hazard	Description	Assessed Risk			Controls Incorporated in Design	Residual Risk		
			Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating		Consequence	Likelihood	Risk Rating
Retaining Walls (If required)	Falling from height	Injury to construction staff while constructing or public once wall is constructed.	4	3	12	Temporary barrier fence to avoid public climbing, permanent fencing to be considered to prevent falls access.	1	3	3
	Striking underground services	Injury to construction staff if live services are struck.	4	2	8	All sites cleared for services prior to construction requiring digging or boring into the ground.	1	2	2
	Moving Machinery	Lifting and swing area of machinery may cause injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Separate moving machinery from light vehicles and person movements with fencing and/or safe distances from exposed construction staff operations.	1	3	3
	Working at edges of excavations	Injury to construction staff or public by falling into excavations.	4	3	12	Site to be made safe if excavations are to be left open and public can access, excavations to be filled or securely covered on same day of excavation, safe distances from excavations to be maintained and demarked with boundary fence.	1	3	3
	Excavation collapse	Injury to construction staff or persons able to access the excavation after hours.	4	3	12	Staged excavation to be undertaken where able, boundary fence where excavations are under construction or other means of separation for staff or public from potential collapse.	1	3	3
	Retaining wall failure	Exceed specified loading conditions, wall drainage blockage.	4	2	8	Appropriate construction and permanent loading conditions allowed for, design adequate drainage measures, assess impact of blocked drainage on design.	1	2	2
	Falling objects from above	Injury to construction staff or persons under the proposed wall.	4	3	12	Hard hats to be worn at all times as the wall is constructed and where lifting is undertaken, safe distance from any lifting or movements above when being undertaken.	1	3	3
Earthworks	Falling from height	Injury to construction staff while constructing steep temporary or permanent earthworks cut or fill faces.	4	3	12	Temporary barrier fence or other means to be used to ensure persons cannot access to the edge of steep excavations	1	3	3
	Striking underground services	Injury to construction staff if live services are struck.	4	2	8	All sites cleared for services prior to site investigations and earthworks construction	1	2	2
	Moving Machinery	Injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Separate moving machinery from light vehicles and person movements with fencing and/or safe distances from exposed construction staff operations.	1	3	3
	Working at edges of excavations	Injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Install safety barriers, exclusion zones, signage as necessary to warn of hazard.	1	3	3
	Trench excavation collapse	Injury to construction staff or persons due to crushing/impact injury.	4	3	12	Follow Worksafe requirements, trench shields or benching of excavations to be used. No staff to enter the trench without appropriate and approved measures already in place.	1	3	3
	Cut / fill batter collapse	Injury to construction staff during construction.	3	2	6	Safe distances and appropriate temporary slope gradients and heights to be assessed prior to construction and monitored during to confirm as appropriate, safe distances and barrier fencing to be used on site where deemed necessary.	1	3	3
	Excessive noise during construction	Damage to hearing of construction staff or persons adjacent to the site.	3	2	6	Comply with appropriate allowances for noise on site, ear protection to be worn where appropriate, setback distances from adjacent sites or notified working hours to avoid conflict with adjacent property inhabitants.	1	2	2
	Machinery rollover	Machinery trafficability over soft, wet or uneven ground.	4	2	8	Appropriate construction of temporary haul roads, implement drainage and geofabrics, appropriate driver training.	1	2	2
	Contaminated Soils	Airborne or in-ground contaminants affecting construction staff.	4	1	4	Perform an environmental assessment of the site prior to construction.	1	1	1
Plant Platform	Moving Machinery	Injury to construction staff.	4	3	12	Separate moving machinery from light vehicles and person movements with fencing and/or safe distances from exposed construction staff operations.	1	3	3
	Plant platform instability	Injury to construction staff or persons due to crushing/impact injury.	4	3	12	Design to incorporate adequate factor of safety, prepare lift management plans to ensure adequate separation between plant and persons.	1	3	3
	Excessive plant settlement	Plant / equipment damage, injury to construction staff or persons due to sudden plant / load movements.	4	3	12	Undertake trial lift with adequate separation of plant and load from persons, monitor settlements during lift.	1	3	3
NOTE: It is the Contractors responsibility to cover construction related risks in a more comprehensive manner (being the competent party in that respect).									

Safety in Design Assessment Framework						
Risk Matrix		Consequence				
		Insignificant 1	Minor 2	Moderate 3	Major 4	Catastrophic 5
Likelihood	Event Will Occur 5	Medium 5	High 10	High 15	Extreme 20	Extreme 25
	Event Almost Certain to Occur 4	Low 4	Medium 8	High 12	Extreme 16	Extreme 20
	Event May Occur 3	Low 3	Medium 6	High 9	High 12	High 15
	Event Not Likely to Occur 2	Low 2	Low 4	Medium 6	Medium 8	High 10
	Event Rarely Occurs 1	Low 1	Low 2	Low 3	Low 4	Medium 5

APPENDIX N: STATEMENT OF PROFESSIONAL OPINION

17 October 2025

Document Ref: HAM2023-0124AI | Rev 2

RE: STATEMENT OF PROFESSIONAL OPINION AS TO THE GEOTECHNICAL SUITABILITY OF LAND FOR DEVELOPMENT ASHBOURNE DEVELOPMENT, STATION ROAD, MATAMATA

Development: Ashbourne Development, Matamata

Owner: Matamata Developments Limited

Location: Station Road, Matamata

I, Dave Sullivan, of CMW Geotechnical NZ Limited (Level 1, Block C/401 Grey Street, Hamilton)

Hereby confirm that:

1. I am a geo-professional as defined in Clause 1.5.1 of Part 1 General Information of the Matamata-Piako District Council Development Manual 2010 and was retained by the developer as the geo-professional on the above development.
2. The extent of my preliminary investigations is described in report HAM2023-0124AI Rev2 dated 17 October 2025.
3. In my professional opinion, not to be construed as a guarantee, I considered that the proposed works give due regards to land slope, liquefaction and foundation stability and settlement considerations and that the land is suitable for the proposed development provided the geotechnical constraints outlined within my geotechnical investigation report have been considered.
4. The professional opinion is furnished to the Council and the owner for the purpose along, on the express condition that it will not be relied upon by any other person and does not remove the necessity for further inspection during the course of the works.

For and on behalf of CMW Geosciences

Prepared by:



Dave Sullivan
Principal Geotechnical Engineer
CMEngNZ, CPEng

