

## AUP(OP) Activities and Standards Assessment

Proposal: Milldale Substantive Application – Stages 10-13 Rules Assessment

Address: Stage 10-11: 131 and 168 Argent Lane

Stage 12-13: 81 Milldale Drive, 131, 147, 167 Argent Lane, Lots 2 and 3 DP 488814

Cemetery Road and 107 Cemetery Road

Unitary Plan: Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part)

Site Zoning	Stage 10-11	Stage 12-13	
Zone	Residential – Mixed Housing Urban (small section in Stage 10); Residential – Mixed Housing Suburban; Residential – Single House Zone; and Open Space – Conservation Zone	Residential – Mixed Housing Urban; Residential – Mixed Housing Suburban; Residential – Single House Zone; Business – Neighbourhood Centre; and Open Space – Conservation Zone.	
Precinct	Wainui Precinct		
Overlays	Nil		
Controls	Macroinvertebrate Community Index – Rural		
	Macroinvertebrate Community Index – Exotic  Macroinvertebrate Community Index – Native		
Designations	N/A	N/A	
Non-statutory	Floodplains	Floodplains	
information	Overland flow paths	Overland flow paths	
	Streams (permanent)	Streams (permanent and ephemeral)	
Other limitations	'Piece of land' under the National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managin Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health ('NESCS')		
	'Natural wetlands' under the National Environmental Standard for Freshwater		



# National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health

Regulation	Compliance	Non-Compliance
8 Permitted Activities		
(3) Disturbing the soil of the piece of land is a permitted activity while the following requirements are met:  (A) controls to minimise the exposure of humans to	Complies. Works will be undertaken in accordance with	
mobilised	the CSMP/RAP.	
(B) the soil must be reinstated to an erosion-resistant state within 1 month after the serving of the purpose for which the activity was done	Complies. The site will be reinstated to an erosion-resistant state within 1 month of earthworks.	
(C) the volume of the disturbance of the soil of the piece of land must be no more than 25 m3 per 500 m2		Does not comply. The volume of disturbance exceeds more than 25 m3 per 500 m2.
(D) soil must not be taken away in the course of the activity, except that,  a. for the purpose of laboratory analysis, any amount of soil may be taken away as samples  b. for all other purposes combined, a maximum of 5 m3 per 500 m2 of soil may be taken away per year:		Does not comply. The soil removal will exceed 5m³ per 500m².
(E) soil taken away in the course of the activity must be disposed of at a	Complies. Soil will be disposed at an appropriate facility.	



facility authorised to receive soil of that kind  (F) the duration of the activity must be no longer than 2 months		Does not comply. The duration of works will exceed 2 months.
(G) the integrity of a structure designed to contain contaminated soil or other contaminated materials must not be compromised	Assumed compliance.	
10 Restricted Discretionary Activit	ies	
<ul> <li>(a) This regulation applies to an activity described in any of regulation 5(2) to (6) on a piece of land described in regulation 5(7) or (8) that is not a permitted activity or a controlled activity.</li> <li>(b) The activity is a restricted discretionary activity while the following requirements are met: <ul> <li>(a) a detailed site investigation of the piece of land must exist:</li> <li>(b) the report on the detailed site investigation must state that the soil contamination exceeds the applicable standard in regulation 7:</li> <li>(c) the consent authority must have the report:</li> <li>(d) conditions arising from the application of subclause (3), if there are any, must be complied with.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		Consent required. As assessed above, the soil disturbance will not comply with the permitted activity standards, and a DSI exists for the site. Therefore, the proposal requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 10(2) of the NESCS.



#### National Environmental Standard for Freshwater ('NESF')

Regulation	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Part 3 Standards for other acti Subpart 1 – Natural Inland We	ivities that relate to freshwater	
45 Specified Infrastructure Discretionary activities.		
(1) Vegetation clearance with or within a 10 m setback fron natural inland wetland is discretionary activity if it is for purpose of constructing specifinfrastructure.	n, a a the	Consent required. The proposal involves vegetation clearance within 10m of a natural inland wetland for the purpose of constructing specified infrastructure. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(1) of the NESF.
(2) Earthworks or la disturbance within, or within a m setback from, a natural inla wetland is a discretionary activifit is for the purpose constructing specifinfrastructure.	and vity of	Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks within and within a 10m setback from a natural inland wetland for the purpose of constructing specified infrastructure. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(2) of the NESF.
(3) Earthworks or la disturbance outside a 10 m, within a 100 m, setback from natural inland wetland is discretionary activity if it—  (a) is for the purpose constructing specifinfrastructure; and  (b) results, or is likely to result the complete or partial drains of all or part of the natural inlawetland.	n a a of fied c, in age	Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks outside of a 10m setback but within a 100m setback from a natural inland wetland for the purpose of constructing specified infrastructure. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(3) of the NESF.
(4) The taking, use, damming diversion of water within, within a 100 m setback from natural inland wetland is discretionary activity if—  (a) the activity is for the purp of constructing or upgrad specified infrastructure; and	or n, a a ose	Consent required. The proposal involves the taking, use or damming of water within a 100m setback from a wetland which is for the purpose of constructing specified infrastructure, there is a hydrological connection between the water take and the wetland and the works will change the



(b) there is a hydrological connection between the taking, use, damming, or diversion and the wetland; and (c) the taking, use, damming, or diversion will change, or is likely to change, the water level range or hydrological function of the wetland.		water level of the wetland. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(4) of the NESF.
(5) The discharge of water into water within, or within a 100 m setback from, a natural inland wetland is a discretionary activity if—  (a) the discharge is for the purpose of constructing or upgrading specified infrastructure; and  (b) there is a hydrological connection between the discharge and the wetland; and  (c) the discharge will enter the wetland; and  (d) the discharge will change, or is likely to change, the water level range or hydrological function of the wetland.	N/A. The proposal does not involve the discharge of water within or within 100m from a wetland with a hydrological connection.	
45C Urban development – Restricted discretionary activities		
(1) Vegetation clearance within, or within a 10 m setback from, a natural inland wetland is a restricted discretionary activity if it is for the purpose of constructing urban development.		Consent required. The proposal involves vegetation clearance within 10m of a natural inland wetland for the purpose of constructing urban development. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(1) of the NESF.
(2) Earthworks or land disturbance within, or within a 10 m setback from, a natural inland wetland is a restricted discretionary activity if it is for the purpose of constructing urban development.		Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks within and within a 10m setback from a natural inland wetland for the purpose of constructing urban development. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(2) of the NESF.



- (3) Earthworks or land disturbance outside a 10 m, but within a 100 m, setback from a natural inland wetland is a restricted discretionary activity if it—
- (a) is for the purpose of constructing urban development; and
- (b) results in, or is likely to result in, the complete or partial drainage of all or part of the wetland.
- (4) The taking, use, damming, or diversion of water within, or within a 100 m setback from, a natural inland wetland is a restricted discretionary activity if—
- (a) the activity is for the purpose of constructing urban development; and
- (b) there is a hydrological connection between the taking, use, damming, or diversion and the wetland; and
- (c) the taking, use, damming, or diversion will change, or is likely to change, the water level range or hydrological function of the wetland.
- (5) The discharge of water into water within, or within a 100 m setback from, a natural inland wetland is a restricted discretionary activity if—
- (a) the discharge is for the purpose of constructing urban development; and
- (b) there is a hydrological connection between the discharge and the wetland; and
- (c) the discharge will enter the wetland; and
- (d) the discharge will change, or is likely to change, the water level

Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks outside of a 10m setback but within a 100m setback from a natural inland wetland for the purpose of constructing urban development. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(3) of the NESF.

Consent required. The proposal involves the diversion of water within a 100m setback from a wetland which is for the purpose constructing urban development, there is hydrological connection between the water take and the wetland and the works will change the water level of the wetland. This is a restricted discretionary activity under regulation 45(4) of the NESF.

N/A. The proposal does not involve the discharge of water within or within 100m from a wetland with a hydrological connection.



range or hydrological function of the wetland.		
(6) A resource consent for a restricted discretionary activity under this regulation must not be granted unless the consent authority has first—	As addressed in the AEE, the works are for urban development that will contribute to a well-functioning urban environment and will provide significant	
(a) satisfied itself that the urban development—	regional and district benefits.	
<ul><li>(i) will contribute to a well- functioning urban environment; and</li></ul>		
(ii) will provide significant national, regional, or district benefits; and		
<ul><li>(b) satisfied itself that—</li><li>(i) there is no practicable alternative location for the activity within the area of the development; or</li></ul>	As addressed in the AEE, there is no practicable alternative for the activity within the area or the development.	
(ii) every other practicable alternative location in the area of the development would have equal or greater adverse effects on a natural inland wetland; and		
(c) applied the effects management hierarchy.	As addressed in the AEE, the effects management hierarchy has been applied.	
(7) A resource consent for a restricted discretionary activity under this regulation must not be granted if the activity—	The works are on land identified for urban development.	
(a) occurs on land other than land that is identified for urban development in the operative provisions of a regional or district plan; or		
(b) occurs on land that is zoned in a district plan as general rural, rural production, or rural lifestyle.		
Subpart 2 – Reclamation of rivers		
57 Discretionary activities		Consent required. The engineering drawings show earthworks proposed within streams which will result in some



(1) Reclamation of the bed of any	reclamation.	This	is	а
river is a discretionary activity.	discretionary	activity	un	der
	regulation 57(1	) of the N	ESF.	

#### Subpart 3 – Passage of fish affected by structures

#### 70 Permitted activities

- (1) The placement, use, alteration, extension, or reconstruction of a culvert in, on, over, or under the bed of any river or connected area is a permitted activity if it complies with the conditions.
- Complies. Culverts have been designed to comply with fish passage requirements.
- (2) The conditions are that—
- (a) the culvert must provide for the same passage of fish upstream and downstream as would exist without the culvert, except as required to carry out the works to place, alter, extend, or reconstruct the culvert; and
- (b) the culvert must be laid parallel to the slope of the bed of the river or connected area; and
- (c) the mean cross-sectional water velocity in the culvert must be no greater than that in all immediately adjoining river reaches; and
- (d) the culvert's width where it intersects with the bed of the river or connected area (s) and the width of the bed at that location (w), both measured in metres, must compare as follows:
- (i) where  $w \le 3$ ,  $s \ge 1.3 \times w$ :
- (ii) where w > 3,  $s \ge (1.2 \times w) + 0.6$ ; and
- (e) the culvert must be openbottomed or its invert must be placed so that at least 25% of the culvert's diameter is below the level of the bed; and



(f) the bed substrate must be present over the full length of the culvert and stable at the flow rate at or below which the water flows for 80% of the time; and	
(g) the culvert provides for continuity of geomorphic processes (such as the movement of sediment and debris).	



### Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) ('AUP (OP)')

Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Chapter C General Rules		
	Compliance	The following activities are sought which are not provided for in the AUP(OP) as a discretionary activity under C1.7(1):  Blanket land use consent is sought to exclusively apply Residential - Mixed Housing Suburban zone standards on those parts of Lots 40-44, 69-76, 101-105, 118-123, 136-138, 158, 172, 186-187, 191-192, 209-213, 215-216, 240, 242-248, 292-294, 302-305, 383-399,
		570-573 & 580-582 that are split zoned Residential Single House Zone / Residential - Mixed Housing Suburban Zone. This requires consent as a discretionary activity under rule C1.7(1).
		Blanket land use consent is sought to exclusively apply Residential - Mixed Housing Suburban zone standards on those parts of Lots 1, 8, 1001-1003 & 1006 that are split zoned Residential - Mixed Housing Suburban Zone / Open Space - Conservation Zone. This requires consent as a discretionary activity under rule C1.7(1).
		Blanket land use consent is sought to exclusively apply Residential - Mixed Housing Suburban zone standards on those parts of Lot 263-265 & 462 that are split zoned Residential - Mixed Housing Suburban Zone /





Rule		Compliance	Non-Compliance
			• Blanket land use consent is sought to apply the height in relation to boundary standard to new development from the top of the proposed retaining walls and not the approved ground level at the time of subdivision. This requires consent as a discretionary activity under rule C1.7(1). This applies to Lots 2-5, 20-25, 188, 193, 198, 203-216, 237-239, 273-281, 266-272, 1022, 317-322, 403-405, 441-454, 468-471, 472-473, 497-502, 475-482, 556-560, 567-
			573 & 1024-1025.
Chapter E Auckland-Wide			
E1 Water quality and integrated	d management a	and E2 Water quantity, alloc	ation and use
N/A. These chapters are not re standards.	levant to the rul	les assessment as they do no	ot contain any activity rules or
E3 Lakes, Rivers, Streams and V	Vetlands		
E3.4.1 Activity table			
(A19) Diversion of a river or stream to a new course and associated disturbance and sediment discharge outside overlays – D			Consent required. The proposal involves diversion of 1,134m of intermittent streams. This is a discretionary activity under E3.4.1(A19).
(A21) The operation, use, ma repair of existing structures costandards in E3.6.1.11 outside	mply with the	N/A. The proposal does not involve the operation, use, maintenance or repair of existing structures.	
(A22) Minor upgrades to existing infrastructure related structure complying with the standards in E3.6.1.12 outside overlays – P		N/A. The proposal does not involve the upgrade of existing structures.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(A23) Replacement, upgrading or extension of existing structures complying with the standards in E3.6.1.12 P - outside overlays - P	N/A. The proposal does not involve the replace, upgrade or extension of existing structures.	
(A32) Culverts or fords less than 30m in length when measured parallel to the direction of water flow complying with the standards in E3.6.1.18 P	Complies. All culverts will be less than 30m when measured parallel to the direction of water flow and comply with standards in E3.6.1.18.	
(A49) New reclamation or drainage, including filling over a piped stream NC		Consent required. The proposal involves the reclamation of 1,028.5m of streams. Consent is required as a non-complying activity consent under E3.4.1(A49).
E3.6.1.1 General standards		
<ul> <li>(1) The activity must not, after reasonable mixing, result in any of the following effects in receiving waters:</li> <li>(a) the production of conspicuous oil or grease films, scums or foams, or floatable or suspended materials;</li> <li>(b) any conspicuous change in the colour or visual clarity;</li> <li>(c) any emission of objectionable odour;</li> <li>(d) the rendering of fresh water unsuitable for consumption by farm animals; and</li> <li>(e) any significant adverse effects on aquatic life.</li> </ul>	Complies. The scenarios listed in (a) to (e) will not arise.	
(2) The activity must not result in an increase of existing flood levels up to and including the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood plain on land or structures other than that owned or controlled by the person undertaking the activity.	Complies. As assessed in the Stormwater Assessment, the proposed works will not increase existing flood levels on third party land.	
(3) The activity must not result in more than minor erosion or land instability.	Complies. Culvert works will be managed so as not to generate more than minor erosion or land instability.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(4) Machinery must not sit directly on the wetted cross-section of the bed at the time of the work.	Complies. Machinery will not sit on the stream bed.	
(5) Explosives must not be used in the bed.	Complies. Explosives will not be used.	
(6) Mixing of construction materials and refuelling or maintenance of equipment must not occur within 10m of the bed and best site management practice must be used to avoid contaminant discharging into the water.	Complies. Mixing of construction materials and refueling or maintenance of equipment will occur at least 10m from the river bed.	
(7) The activity must not destroy, damage or modify any sites scheduled in the Historic Heritage Overlay or the Sites and Places of Significance to Mana Whenua Overlay.	N/A. None of these overlays apply to the site.	
(8) The activity must not prevent public access along the lake, river, stream or wetlands.	Complies. Public access to rivers, streams and wetlands will not be affected.	
E3.6.1.10. Standards for works on structures lawfully existing on or before 30 September 2013 and the associated bed disturbance or depositing any substance, diversion of water and incidental temporary damming of water		
(1) All works on existing structures must comply with all of the following standards: (a) during the activity bed disturbance upstream or downstream of the structure must not exceed 10m either side, excluding the length of the structure;	Complies. The proposal involves the removal of existing structures only with no further works upstream or downstream of the structures proposed.	
(b) best practice erosion and sediment control measures must be used to minimise any discharge of sediment, including sediment impounded behind an existing structure;	Complies. Best practice erosion and sediment control will be undertaken to minimise discharge of sediment.	
(c) debris or other material must not be re- deposited elsewhere in the bed of the lake,	Complies. Debris and material will not be re-	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
river or stream, or within the one per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood plain;	deposited in the bed of the stream or floodplain.	
(d) the activity must not cause more than minor bed erosion, scouring or undercutting immediately upstream or downstream; and	Complies. Measures will be undertaken to prevent more than minor bed erosion, scouring or undercutting immediately upstream or downstream.	
(e) the activity must not compromise the structural integrity of the structure.	Complies. The structural integrity of the structures will be maintained.	
E3.6.1.11. Works on structures lawfully existing on or before 30 September 2013 and the associated bed disturbance or depositing any substance, diversion of water and incidental temporary damming of water for the operation, use, maintenance, repair and upgrading of existing structures		
(1) The activity must comply with the standards in E3.6.1.10 above.	Complies. As assessed above, the works comply with standard E3.6.1.10.	
(2) For all structures, except culverts, do not prevent the passage of fish upstream and downstream in waterbodies that contain fish, except that temporary restrictions to fish passage may occur to enable construction work to be carried out.	Complies. Fish passage will be provided.	
(3) For culverts do not have a perched entry or exit which prevents the passage of indigenous fish upstream or downstream in waterbodies that contain fish, except that temporary restrictions to fish passage may occur to enable construction work to be carried out.	N/A. No replacement of upgrading works proposed on existing structures. However, new culverts have been designed to comply with standards for fish passage and do not constitute works on existing structures.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(4) Do not cause more than minor bed erosion, scouring or undercutting immediately upstream or downstream.	Complies/N/A. Works will not cause more than minor bed erosion, scouring or undercutting.	
(5) The structure must be maintained in a structurally sound condition at all times.	Complies/N/A. The structures will be maintained in a structurally sound condition.	
(6) Construction material and ancillary structures must be removed from the bed following completion of the activity.	Complies/N/A. Any construction materials within the bed will be removed following completion of works.	
(7) The activity must not change the area occupied by the structure.	Complies/N/A.	
E3.6.1.12. Works on structures lawfully existing on or before 30 September 2013 and the associated bed disturbance or depositing any substance, diversion of water and incidental temporary damming of water for the replacement, upgrading or extension of structures		
(1) The activity must comply with the standards in E3.6.1.10 above.	N/A. No replacement of upgrading works proposed on existing structures.	
(2) Structure length must comply with all of the following requirements:  (a) the total length of any extended structure must not exceed 30m measured parallel to the direction of water flow. This includes the length of any existing structure and the proposed extension but excludes erosion or scour management works; and	N/A. No replacement of upgrading works proposed on existing structures. All new culverts are under 30m in length.	
(b) any required erosion or scour management works must not exceed 5m in	N/A. No replacement of upgrading works proposed on existing	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
length, either side of the extended structure. Such works protruding into the bed do not require a separate consent as they are authorised under this rule.	structures. However, any erosion or scour management works will not exceed 5m in length.	
(3) Construction material and ancillary structures must be removed from the bed following completion of the activity.	N/A. No replacement of upgrading works proposed on existing structures.	
(4) Other than provided for by another rule, the activity must not increase the height or storage capacity of any existing dam.	N/A. No dams are proposed.	
(5) The structure must not prevent the passage of fish upstream and downstream in waterbodies that contain fish.	N/A. No replacement of upgrading works proposed on existing structures.	
(6) Temporary restrictions to fish passage may occur to enable construction work to be carried out.	N/A.	
(7) For modification of a dam or weir:  (a) the modification must not commence until as much of the impounded sediment as is reasonably practicable has been removed from behind the structure; and  (b) best practice endeavours must be used to minimise the discharge of sediment impounded by the structure.	N/A. No dams or weirs are proposed.	
<ul><li>(8) For modification of a mooring:</li><li>(a) the mooring anchor or pile is not relocated on the bed; and</li><li>(b) the length of the mooring chain is not extended by more than 25 per cent.</li></ul>	N/A. No moorings are proposed.	
E3.6.1.14. Standards for new structures and the associated bed disturbance or depositing any substance, diversion of water and incidental temporary damming of water		
<ul><li>(1) Structure length must comply with all of the following:</li><li>(a) the total length of any extended structure must not exceed 30m measured parallel to the direction of water flow. This includes the length of any existing structure and the</li></ul>	Complies. All culverts are under 30m in length and fish passage is provided.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
proposed extension but excludes erosion or scour management works;		
(b) any required erosion or scour management works must not exceed 5m in length, either side of the extended structure. Such works protruding into the bed do not require a separate consent as they are authorised under this rule; and	Complies. Any erosion or scour management works (headwall and riprap) will not exceed 5m in length.	
(c) a new structure must not be erected or placed in individual lengths of 30m or less where this would progressively encase or otherwise modify the bed of a river or stream.	Complies. All culvert structures will be less than 30m in length.	
(2) During construction bed disturbance upstream or downstream of the structure must not exceed 10m either side, excluding the length of the structure.	Complies. Disturbance will not exceed 10m either side of the structure.	
(3) The structure must not prevent the passage of fish upstream and downstream in waterbodies that contain fish, except that temporary restrictions to fish passage may occur to enable construction work to be carried out.	Complies. Fish passage is provided for.	
(4) The structure must not cause more than minor bed erosion, scouring or undercutting immediately upstream or downstream.	Complies. Works will not cause more than minor bed erosion, scouring or undercutting.	
(5) Construction material and ancillary structures must be removed from the bed following completion of the activity.	Complies. Any construction materials within the bed will be removed following completion of works.	
(6) Other than provided for by another rule, the activity must not increase the height or storage capacity of any existing dam.	N/A. No dams are proposed.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(7) The 1per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood shall be accommodated by the structure and/or by an overland flow path without increasing flood levels up stream or downstream of the structure, beyond the land or structures owned or controlled by the person undertaking the activity.  (8) Calculation of flow rates will be made using the Applicant Council Technical Publication	Complies. This is confirmed in the stormwater report.  N/A.	
the Auckland Council Technical Publication 108: Guideline for stormwater runoff modelling in the Auckland Region, April 1999.	14/7.	
E3.6.1.18. New structures and the associated bed disturbance or depositing any substance, diversion of water and incidental temporary damming of water for culverts or fords less than 30m in length when measured parallel to the direction of water flow		
(1) The activity must comply with the standards in E3.6.1.14 above.	Complies.	
(2) The 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood shall be accommodated by the structure and/or by an overland flow path without significantly increasing flood levels up stream or downstream of the structure.	Complies. This is confirmed in the stormwater report.	
(3) Culverts must be constructed of inert materials with a design life of at least 50 years.	Complies. Standard design parameters included.	
E4 Other Discharge of Contaminants, E5 On-site Wastewater Network Management	e and Small-Scale Wastewate	er Treatment and Disposal, E6
N/A. These sections are not relevant as the p managed in chapter E4, on-site wastewater tre wastewater onto/into land or water under chap	atment and disposal under o	9
E7 Taking, Damming and Diversion of Water an	d Drilling	
E7.4.1 Activity Table		
(A28) The diversion of groundwater caused by any excavation, (including trench) or tunnel that does not meet the permitted activity standards or not otherwise listed in all zones - RD		Consent required. As assessed in the groundwater assessment, the proposal involves the diversion of groundwater caused by an excavation which does not



Compliance	Non-Compliance
	meet permitted activity standard E7.6.1.10(2). This is a restricted discretionary activity under E7.4.1(A28).
Complies. The diversion of stormwater runoff to the reticulated stormwater network is provided for by the approved Milldale SMP.	
nerating Carparks and High I	Use Roads
Complies. Argent and Wainui Road are subject to separate consents and therefore no high use roads are considered to be part of the scope of this application.	
N/A. No high use roads proposed within scope of this application.	
N/A. As above.	
	Complies. The diversion of stormwater runoff to the reticulated stormwater network is provided for by the approved Milldale SMP.  The reating Carparks and High wainui Road are subject to separate consents and therefore no high use roads are considered to be part of the scope of this application.  N/A. No high use roads proposed within scope of this application.



Compliance Non-Compliance

N/A F10 does not apply because the site is not within the Stormwater Management Area Overlay — Flow

N/A. E10 does not apply because the site is not within the Stormwater Management Area Overlay – Flow 1 or Flow 2.		
E11 Land Disturbance - Regional		
Table E11.4.1 Activity table – all zones and roads		
(A5) General earthworks greater than 50,000m <sup>2</sup> where land has a slope less than 10 degrees outside the Sediment Control Protection Area (SCPA) – restricted discretionary		Consent required. The proposal will involve earthworks greater than 50,000m², with approximately 310,795m² proposed, where land has a slope less than 10 degrees outside the SCPA. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E11.4.1(A5).
(A8) Greater than 2,500m2 where the land has a slope equal to or greater than 10 degrees - RD		Consent required. The proposal will include greater than 2,500m² of earthworks where the slope of the land is greater than 10 degrees, with approximately 211,843m² proposed. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E11.4.1(A8).
(A9) Greater than 2,500m² within the SCPA in a residential zone – restricted discretionary		Consent required. The proposal will include greater than 2,500m² of earthworks within the SCPA, with approximately 27.8ha proposed. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E11.4.1(A9).
E11.6.2 General standards		
<ul> <li>(1) Land disturbance must not, after reasonable mixing, result in any of the following effects in receiving waters:</li> <li>(a) the production of conspicuous oil or grease films, scums or foams, or floatable or suspended materials;</li> <li>(b) any conspicuous change in the colour or visual clarity;</li> <li>(c) any emission of objectionable odour;</li> </ul>	Complies. Erosion and sediment control measures are proposed which will ensure the effects listed in (a) to (e) do not arise as a result of the proposal.	



		E81*19/0
Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(d) the rendering of fresh water unsuitable for consumption by farm animals; or		
(e) any significant adverse effects on aquatic life.		
(2) Best practice erosion and sediment control measures must be implemented for the duration of the land disturbance. Those measures must be installed prior to the commencement of land disturbance and maintained until the site is stabilised against erosion.	Complies. As set out in the Infrastructure Report, best practice erosion and sediment control measures will be installed and maintained for the duration of earthworks.	
(3) Dewatering of trenches and other excavations must be done in accordance with best practice and must not result in a discharge of untreated sediment laden water to any stormwater reticulation system or water body.	Complies. Dewatering of trenches will be undertaken in accordance with best practice and for less than 5 days.	
(4) Trenching must be progressively closed and stabilised such that no more than 120m of continuous trench is exposed to erosion at any one time.	Complies. There will be no more than 120m of trenching at any one time.	
(5) Only cleanfill material may be imported and utilised as part of the land disturbance.	Complies. Only cleanfill material will be utilised (where required).	
(6) To prevent the spread of contaminated soil and organic material with kauri dieback disease, vehicle and equipment hygiene procedures must be adopted when working within 3 times the radius of the canopy drip line of a New Zealand kauri tree. Soil and organic material from land disturbance within 3 times the radius of the canopy drip line must not be transported beyond that area unless being transported to landfill for disposal.	N/A.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(7) Earthworks for maintenance and repair of driveways, parking areas, sports fields and major recreational facilities within the Significant Ecological Areas Overlay shall be limited to the area of earth previously disturbed or modified.	N/A.	
(8) Earthworks associated with a temporary activity within the Significant Ecological Areas Overlay shall be limited to the area of earthwork previously disturbed or modified.	N/A.	
E12 Land Disturbance - District		
Table E12.4.1 Activity table — all zones and roads		
(A6) Earthworks greater than 2500m <sup>2</sup> in residential zones, business zones and roads – restricted discretionary		Consent required. The proposal will involve greater than 2,500m <sup>2</sup> of earthworks, with approximately 68ha proposed in residential, business and open spaces zones, and 2ha proposed in future urban zones (for a temporary stockpile). This is a restricted discretionary activity under E12.4.1(A6).
(A10) — Earthworks greater than 2500m³ in residential zones, business zones and roads — restricted discretionary		Consent required. The proposal will involve greater than 2,500m³ of earthworks, with approximately 734,100m³ cut and 950,000m³ fill proposed in residential, business and open space zones. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E12.4.1(A10).
E12.6.2. General standards		
<ul> <li>(1) Land disturbance within riparian yards and coastal protection yards are limited to:</li> <li>(a) operation, maintenance and repair (including network utilities);</li> <li>(b) less than 5m2 or 5m3; for general earthworks;</li> </ul>		Does not comply. The proposal will involve greater than 5m² or 5m³ of general earthworks within the existing riparian yards, with approximately 65,786m² and 205,106m³ proposed. This is a restricted



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
<ul><li>(c) less than 10m2 or 5m3 for the installation of new network utilities;</li><li>(d) installation of fences and walking tracks; or</li><li>(e) burial of marine mammals.</li></ul>		discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
(2) Land disturbance must not result in any instability of land or structures at or beyond the boundary of the property where the land disturbance occurs.	Complies. The recommendations of the Geotechnical Investigation Report will be adhered to, ensuring the instability of land or structures beyond site boundaries will not occur.	
(3) The land disturbance must not cause malfunction or result in damage to network utilities, or change the cover over network utilities so as to create the potential for damage or malfunction.	Complies. The proposal will not damage any network utilities.	
(4) Access to public footpaths, berms, private properties, network utilities, or public reserves must not be obstructed unless that is necessary to undertake the works or prevent harm to the public.	Complies. Public access will be maintained.	
(5) Measures must be implemented to ensure that any discharge of dust beyond the boundary of the site is avoided or limited such that it does not cause nuisance.	Complies. Erosion and sediment control measures, along with standard construction conditions of consent, will ensure discharge of dust beyond site boundaries is minimised.	
(6) Burial of marine mammals must be undertaken by the Department of Conservation or the agents of the Department of Conservation.	N/A.	
(7) Land disturbance around Transpower NZ Ltd electricity transmission line poles must: (a) be no deeper than 300mm within 2.2m of a transmission pole support structure or stay wire; and (b) be no deeper than 750mm	N/A.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
within 2.2 to 5m of a transmission pole support structure or stay wire; except that (c) vertical holes not exceeding 500mm diameter beyond 1.5m from the outer edge of a pole support structure or stay wire are exempt from Standards E12.6.2(7)(a) and E12.6.2(7)(b) above.		
(8) Land disturbance around Transpower NZ Ltd electricity transmission lines towers must: (a) be no deeper than 300mm within 6m of the outer visible edge of a transmission tower support structure; and (b) be no deeper than 3m between 6-12m from the outer visible edge of a transmission tower support structure.	N/A.	
(9) Land disturbance within 12m of a Transpower NZ Ltd electricity transmission line pole or tower must not: (a) create an unstable batter that will affect a transmission support structure; or (b) result in a reduction in the ground to conductor clearance distances as required by New Zealand Electrical Code of Practice for Electrical Safe Distances NZECP34:2001.	N/A.	
(10) Only cleanfill material may be imported and utilised as part of the land disturbance.	Complies. Only cleanfill material (where required) will be utilised.	
(11) Earthworks (including filling) within a 100 year annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood plain: (a) must not raise ground levels more than 300mm, to a total fill volume up to 10m3 which must not be exceeded through multiple filling operations; and (b) must not result in any adverse changes in flood hazard beyond the site.  Note 1: This standard does not limit excavation and replacement of fill to form building platforms, where those works do not raise ground levels.		Does not comply. The proposal will involve approximately 62,821m³ of fill within floodplains. This is a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
(12) Earthworks (including filling) within overland flow paths must maintain the same		Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks within overland



	0 1:	
Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
entry and exit point at the boundaries of a site and not result in any adverse changes in flood hazards beyond the site, unless such a change is authorised by an existing resource consent.		flow paths which will result in diversion. This is a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
(13) Temporary land disturbance and stockpiling of soil and other materials within the one per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood plain and/or overland flow path for up to a maximum of 28 days in any calendar year may occur as part of construction or maintenance activities.	N/A. Stockpiling will not occur in floodplains or overland flow paths.	
(14) Earthworks for maintenance and repair of driveways, parking areas, sports fields and major recreational facilities on a site or places of Significance to Mana Whenua must be limited to the area and depth of earth previously disturbed or modified.	N/A.	
(15) Earthworks for maintenance and repair of driveways, parking areas, sports fields and major recreational facilities within the Historic Heritage Overlay must not extend more than 300 mm below the surface where additional rules for archaeological sites or features apply as listed in Schedule 14 Historic Heritage Schedule, Statements and Maps.	N/A.	
(16) Earthworks associated with a temporary activity on a site or place of significance to Mana Whenua shall be limited to the area of earthwork previously disturbed or modified.	N/A.	
(17) Earthworks/land disturbance for the planting of any tree within the Historic Heritage Overlay must not be undertaken where additional rules for archaeological sites or features apply as listed in Schedule 14 Historic Heritage Schedule, Statements and Maps, other than as a replacement for a preexisting tree; and, within the area previously occupied by the root plate of the pre-existing tree.	N/A.	
E13 Cleanfills, Managed Fills and Landfills, E14	Air Quality	

N/A. These chapters are not relevant as the proposal does not involve any cleanfills, managed fills or landfills under chapter E13 and there are no air discharges proposed under chapter E14.

E15 Vegetation Management and Biodiversity



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Table E15.4.1 Activity table - Auckland-wide vegetation and biodiversity management rules		
(A6) Pest plant removal - P	As set out in the arborist assessment, the proposal involves pest plant removal which is a permitted activity under E15.4.1(A5).	
(A18) Vegetation alteration or removal within 20m of a natural wetland, in the bed of a river or stream (permanent or intermittent), or lake - RD		Consent required. As confirmed at section 7.3.1 of the ecological assessment, the proposal involves the removal of vegetation within 20m of natural wetlands. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E15.4.1(A18).
(A19) Vegetation alteration or removal within 10m of urban streams – restricted discretionary		Consent required. As confirmed at section 7.3.1 of the ecological assessment, the proposal involves vegetation removal and alteration within 10m of urban streams. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E15.4.1(A19).
(A20) Vegetation removal within 20m of a natural wetland, bed of a river or stream or lake.		Consent required. As confirmed within the arboricultural assessment, the proposal involves the removal of vegetation within the riparian margin. This is a restricted discretionary activity under Rule E15.4.1(A20).
(A22A) Vegetation alteration or removal in all other zones and not covered above - P	As set out in the arborist report, the proposal involves vegetation alteration or removal which is not within a riparian margin or	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Tidic	proximate to a wetland can therefore be removed as a permitted activity under E15.4.1(A22A).	Non compliance
E16 Trees in Open Space Zones		
Table E16.4.1 Activity table — Auckland-wide Trees in open space zone rules		
(A4) Pest plant removal of any tree less than 4m in height and less than 400mm in girth – P	As set out in the arborist report, the proposal involves the removal of two dead pest plants within the Open Space zone which is a permitted activity under E16.4.1(A4).	
(A8) Works within the Protected Root Zone that do not comply with Standard E16.6.2 - RD		Consent required. The proposal involves works within the protected root zone of two trees in the Open Space zone that does not comply with standard E16.6.2. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E16.4.1(A8).
(A10) Tree removal of any tree greater than 4m in height or greater than 400mm in girth – restricted discretionary		Consent required. The proposal involves the removal of 133 (pest plant) trees greater than 4m in height or greater than 400mm in girth in the Open Space Zone. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity pursuant to rule E16.4.1(A10).
Standard E16.6.2. Works within protected root zone		
(1) For roots less than 60mm in diameter: (a) excavation undertaken by hand digging or air spade or hydro vac or machine excavator within the protected root zone without direction and/or supervision of a qualified arborist:		N/A



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(i) the surface area of a single excavation shall		
not exceed 1m²;		
(ii) works involving root pruning must not be on roots greater than 35mm in diameter at		
severance;		
(iii) works must not disturb more than 10 per		
cent of the protected root zone;		
(iv) any machine excavator must operate on		
top of paved surfaces and/or ground protection measures; and		
(v) any machine excavator must be fitted with		
a straight blade bucket.		
(b) excavation undertaken by hand digging, air spade, hydro vac or machine excavator within		N/A
the protected root zone with direction and/or		N/A
supervision of a works arborist:		
(i) works must not disturb more than 20 per cent of the protected root zone;		
(ii) works involving root pruning must not be		
on roots greater than 60mm in diameter at		
severance; (iii) any machine excavator must operate on		
top of paved surfaces and/or ground		
protection measures; and		
(iv) any machine excavator must be fitted with		
a straight blade bucket.		
(c) excavation undertaken by trenchless		
methods must not be undertaken at a depth		
less than 800mm below ground level.		
(d) replacement of existing structures, kerbs,		
and hard surfaces within the protected root		
zone must be done so that:		
(i) the removal of the surface is carried out without damage to any tree roots; and		
(ii) the machine excavator must operate on		
top of paved surfaces and/or ground		
protection measures and must be fitted with		
a straight blade bucket.		
(e) Standard E16.6.2(1)(a),(b),(c) and (d) does		See substandards not
not apply to any tree works undertaken inside		See substandards not complied with as below.
existing infrastructure such as pipes and		1
meter boxes.		Will not comply. Consent
		required as addressed
		above. The proposal



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
<ul> <li>(2) For roots greater than 60mm but less than 80mm in diameter:</li> <li>(a) excavation undertaken by hand digging, or air spade, or hydro vac or machine excavator within the protected root zone with direction and/or supervision of a qualified arborist:</li> <li>(i) works must not disturb more than 20 per cent of the protected root zone;</li> </ul>		involves works within the protected root zone of two trees in the Open Space zone that does not comply with standard E16.6.2. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E16.4.1(A8).
(ii) works involving root pruning must not be on roots greater than 80mm in diameter at severance;		Will not comply. Consent required as addressed above. The proposal involves works within the protected root zone of two trees in the Open Space zone that does not comply with standard E16.6.2. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E16.4.1(A8).
(iii) any machine excavator must operate on top of paved surfaces and/or ground protection measures;		Will not comply. Consent required as addressed above. The proposal involves works within the protected root zone of two trees in the Open Space zone that does not comply with standard E16.6.2. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E16.4.1(A8).
(iv) any machine excavator must be fitted with a straight blade bucket; and		Can comply.
(v) the Council's manager for Parks, Sports and Recreation must be notified prior to commencing work.		Can comply.
(b) Standard E16.6.2(2)(a) does not apply to any tree works undertaken inside existing infrastructure such as pipes and meter boxes.  E17 Trees in Roads		N/A
LIT-HEES III NOaus		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Table E17.4.1 Activity Table		The proposal involves removal of trees that are
Trees greater than 4m in height and 400mm in girth (A10)		greater than 4m in height or greater than 400m in girth in the road reserve. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under rule E17.4.1(A10).

E17 Trees in Roads, E18 Natural Character of The Coastal Environment, E19 Natural Features and Natural Landscapes in The Coastal Environment, E20 Māori Land, E21 Treaty Settlement Land, E22 Artworks, E23 Signs

These chapters do not apply as follows:

- The proposal involves the removal of trees in roads for the purpose of road widening/upgrading, which is covered under the E26 provisions, therefore E17 does not apply
- There are no activity rules or standards in chapters E18 and E19;
- The proposal does not involve any works on Māori Land or Treaty Settlement Land under chapters E20 and E21; and
- Artwork and signs are not proposed as part of the application, therefore chapters E22 and E23 are not relevant.

and L25 are not relevant.		
E24 Lighting		
Table E24.4.1 Activity Table  (A1) Activities that comply with all the relevant permitted activity standards - permitted	Complies. As set out in the AEE, a lighting plan is proposed to be provided as a condition of consent which will demonstrate compliance with the permitted activity standards. This is permitted under E24.4.1(A1).	
E25 Noise and Vibration		
Table E25.4.1 Activity table		
(A1) Activities that comply with all the relevant permitted activity standards - P	Complies. As assessed in the Construction Noise and Vibration Assessment at Appendix 2T, compliance with the permitted activity standards relating to construction and vibration will be met.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
E26 Infrastructure		
E26.2.3.1 Activity table - Network utilities and electricity generation		
(A49) Underground pipelines and ancillary structures for the conveyance of water, wastewater and stormwater (including above ground ancillary structures associated with underground pipelines) – permitted	The proposal involves underground pipelines for the conveyance of water, wastewater and stormwater which are permitted under E26.3.1(A49).	
(A51A) Water, wastewater and stormwater pump stations that do not comply with standards E26.2.5.2(2)(a) or E26.2.5.2 (3)(a) in a residential zone - C		Consent required. The proposal involves the construction of a booster pump water supply station in a residential zone which, as assessed below, does not comply with standard E26.2.5.2(2)(a) and E26.2.5.2(3)(a). This is a controlled activity under E26.2.3.1(A51A).
(A55) Stormwater detention / retention ponds / wetlands – controlled		Consent required. The proposal involves the construction of stormwater basins. This is a controlled activity under E26.2.3.1(A55).
(A56) Stormwater outfalls and ancillary structures - P	The proposal involves new stormwater outfalls. These are permitted under E26.2.3.1(A56).	
(A58) Stormwater treatment devices; erosion protection; culverts; measuring devices (flows structures) – permitted	The proposal involves stormwater treatment devices, erosion protection and culverts which are permitted under E26.3.1(A58).	
Table E26.2.3.2 Activity table for road network activities		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(A67) Construction, operation, use, maintenance and repair of road network activities – permitted	The proposal involves road network activities which are permitted under E26.2.3.2(A67).	
E26.2.5.2 Activities within zones in Table E26.2.3.1 Activity table		
(1) Temporary network utilities	N/A. Temporary network utilities are not proposed.	
(2) Building area: (a) the maximum aboveground building area for structures, excluding electricity and telecommunication support structures: (i) in residential zones is $20m^2$ ; (ii) in all other zones is $30m2$ ; (b) Standard E26.2.5.2(2)(a)(i) and (ii) excludes: (i) structures in industrial zones; and (ii) substations or telephone exchanges incorporated within a building complying with the rules for the relevant zone which are provided for as a separate activity.		Does not comply. The booster pump water supply station will be located within a pump house building with a total area of approximately 24m², where a maximum area of 20m² is permitted in residential zones. This is a controlled activity under E26.2.3.1(A51A).
<ul> <li>(3) Height:</li> <li>(a) the maximum height for structures, excluding electricity and telecommunication support structures, telecommunication devices, earth peaks, lightning rods, smart meters and GPS antennas, is 2.5m.</li> <li>Excludes:</li> <li>(i) structures in industrial zones, where the height controls of the relevant zone will apply;</li> <li>(ii) substations and telephone exchanges incorporated within a building complying with the rules for the relevant zone or otherwise approved; and</li> </ul>		Does not comply. The booster pump water supply station will be located within a pump house building with a total height of 4.2m, where a maximum height of 2.5m is permitted. This is a controlled activity under E26.2.3.1(A51A).
(iii) telecommunication shelters and electricity storage facilities in rural zones, where a maximum height of 3m applies; the maximum height for support structures for electricity lines and telecommunication lines is 25m. The maximum height for rainwater tanks is 3m		
(4) Yards: electricity and telecommunication support structures must be set back at least 1m from any adjoining site that is zoned	N/A. Electricity and telecommunication	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
residential or Special Purpose – Māori Purpose Zone.	support structures are not proposed.	
(5) Pole mounted transformers: The maximum dimension for transformers is 2m3	N/A. Pole mounted transformers are not proposed.	
(6) Electricity transmission and distribution (Electric and magnetic fields): network utilities that emit electric and magnetic field emissions must comply with the International Commission on Non-ionising Radiation Protection Guidelines for limiting exposure to time varying electric and magnetic fields (1Hz – 100kHz) (Health Physics, 2010, 99(6); 818836) and recommendations from the World Health Organisation monograph Environmental Health Criteria (No 238, June 2007).	N/A. Electricity transmission and distribution is not proposed.	
(7) Radio Frequency Fields (RF fields): network utilities should not result in radio-frequency fields produced by the network utility exceeding the maximum exposure level of the general public in the New Zealand Standard for Radiofrequency Fields Part 1: Maximum Exposure Levels 3 kHz to 300GHz (NZS 2772.1: 1999) measured at all places reasonably accessible to the general public.	N/A. Activities involving radiofrequency fields are not proposed.	
E26.2.5.3. Specific activities within zones in Table E26.2.3.1  Underground pipelines for the conveyance of gas, water, wastewater and stormwater		
<ul> <li>(24) Any aboveground section of underground pipelines for the conveyance of gas, water, wastewater and stormwater must not exceed:</li> <li>(a) 25m continuous length of pipe that is aboveground in any one section; and</li> <li>(b) 300mm in diameter.</li> </ul>	Complies. Any aboveground sections of pipelines will not exceed 25m in length and 300mm in diameter. Specifically, the above ground pipes proposed across the pedestrian bridge will be no greater than 15m in length and will be 300m or less in diameter.	
E26.2.5.4. Standards for road network activities in Table E26.2.3.2		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(1) Temporary works, buildings and structures must be removed from the road on completion of works.	Complies. Temporary structures will be removed upon completion of works.	
(2) After completion of works, the ground must be reinstated to at least the condition existing prior to any work starting.	Complies. Ground will be reinstated following completion of works.	
(3) Work within the formation width of the road must be incidental to, and serve a supportive function for the existing public road or is required for the safety of road users or is required for the safety of adjacent landowners or occupiers.	Complies. Works will support the function of public roads.	
(4) Road network activities involving the construction, renewal or minor upgrading of road pavement (excluding footpaths), bridges, retaining walls and tunnels, that are within 20m of any building or structure that is listed as a primary feature in Schedule 14.1, shall prepare a vibration management plan. The plan shall be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced person and shall demonstrate that vibration levels in E25.6.30 (1)(a) German Industrial Standard DIN 4150-3(1999): Structural vibration – Part 3 Effects of vibration on structures will be complied with. The plan must include the information set out in E26.8.8 and be provided to the council no less than 5 days prior to commencing the works.	N/A.	
E26.4.3.1 Activity table — Network Utilities and electricity generation — Trees in roads and open space zones and the Notable Trees Overlay.		
(A82) Pest Plant Removal of trees in roads – P	As outlined in the Arborist Assessment, the proposal involves the removal of pest plant species in roads which is permitted under E26.4.3.1(A82).	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(A90) Tree trimming, alteration or removal on roads adjoining rural zones and on roads adjoining the Future Urban Zone – P	As outlined in the arborist assessment, the proposal involves the alteration and removal of trees on roads adjoining the Future Urban Zone which is permitted under E26.4.3.1(A90).	
(A92) Tree alteration or removal of any tree greater than 4m in height and/or greater than 400mm in girth - RD		As outlined in the arborist assessment, the proposal involves the removal of 79 trees greater than 4m in height and/or girth in the road reserve for the purpose of earthworks associated with road upgrading works, which requires resource consent as a restricted discretionary activity under E26.4.3.1(A92).
Table E26.5.3.1 Activity table – Earthworks all zones and roads		
(A97) Earthworks greater than 2500m2 other than for maintenance, repair, renewal, minor infrastructure upgrading - RD		Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks greater than 2500m² in a road. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E26.5.3.1(A97).
(A97A) Earthworks greater than 2500m3 other than for maintenance, repair, renewal, minor infrastructure upgrading - RD		Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks greater than 2500m³ in a road. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E26.5.3.1(A97A).
Table E26.5.3.2 Activity table all zones and roads		
(A106) Greater than 2,500m2 where the land has a slope equal to or greater than 10 degrees other than for maintenance, repair, renewal, minor infrastructure upgrading - RD		Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks greater than 2500m² where the land has a slope equal to or greater than 10 degrees. This is a restricted discretionary



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		activity under E26.5.3.2(A106).
(A107) Greater than 2,500m2 within the Sediment Control Protection Area1 other than for maintenance, repair, renewal, minor infrastructure upgrading - RD		Consent required. The proposal involves earthworks greater than 2500m2 within the SCPA. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E26.5.3.2(A107).
E27 Transport		
E27.4.1 Activity Table		
(A1) Parking, loading and access which is an accessory activity and complies with the standards for parking, loading and access - P	All other accessory access complies. No parking or loading is proposed.	
(A2) Parking, loading and access which is an accessory activity but which does not comply with the standards for parking, loading and access – restricted discretionary		Consent required. As assessed below, the proposal seeks blanket land use consent to infringe the following standards, which is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A2):  E27.6.4.3(T150) Width of vehicle crossings E27.6.4.4(3) Gradient of vehicle access  The proposed vehicle crossing on Lot 474 will exceed the permitted width of 3m for residential sites with 1 or 2 parking spaces by providing a vehicle crossing of 5m. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under rule E27.4.1(A2).
(A3) Any activity or subdivision which exceeds the trip generation standards set out in Standard E27.6.1 - restricted discretionary		Consent required. As assessed under standard E27.6.1 below, the proposal exceeds the trip generation standard and is a restricted



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A3).
(A5) Construction or use of a vehicle crossing where a Vehicle Access Restriction applies under Standards E27.6.4.1(2) or E27.6.4.1(3) – restricted discretionary		Consent required. The proposal seeks blanket land use consent to enable the establishment of vehicle crossings within 10m of an intersection, where a VAR applies under E27.6.4.1(3) on Lots 6-7, 36, 80-82, 101-103, 119-122, 136-139, 238-239, 266-267, 274-276, 598-600 and 1021. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A5).
E27.6.1 Traffic Generation Standards		Consent required. The proposal will enable (via
Assessment required for more than 100 dwellings		vacant lot subdivision) the construction of more than 100 dwellings, and therefore exceeds the trip generation standard. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A3).
E27.6.2 Number of Parking and Loading Spaces	N/A. No parking spaces proposed.	
E27.6.2(6) Bicycle Parking	N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed (i.e. no dwellings are proposed which would warrant bicycle parking under E27.6.2(6).	
E27.6.2(7) End-of-Trip Facilities	N/A. Not required by vacant lot subdivision.	
E27.6.2(8) Loading	N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed (i.e. no development is proposed that would trigger the requirements for loading spaces under E27.6.2(8).	
<ul> <li>E27.6.3.1 Design of Parking and Loading Spaces</li> <li>Dimensions set out at E27.6.3.1.1</li> <li>Spaces must be located on the same site as the activity to which it relates; not be used for any other purpose; kept clear and available</li> </ul>	N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed. No on-lot parking spaces are proposed that warrant an assessment under E27.6.3.1.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
when the activity is in operation etc. Refer		
E27.6.3.1(1)(a)-(g).		
E27.6.3.2 Size and Location of Loading Spaces	N/A. Only vacant lot	
• Minimum dimensions set out at E27.6.3.2.1	subdivision is proposed.	
Spaces must be located on the same site as the activity to which it relates; be available when the activity is in operation etc. Refer E27.6.3.2(1)(a)-(d).		
<ul> <li>E27.6.3.3 Access and Manoeuvring</li> <li>Must accommodate 85<sup>th</sup> percentile tracking curves for cars</li> </ul>	N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed.	
<ul> <li>Loading must comply with the RTS 18 tracking curves</li> </ul>		
Only car parks for dwellings may be stacked		
E27.6.3.4 Reverse Manoeuvring Not permitted where:	N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed.	
<ul> <li>Four or more spaces are served by a single access</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>There is 30m between the parking space and the road boundary</li> </ul>		
Access is from an arterial road or Vehicle Access Restriction		
E27.6.3.5 Vertical Clearance	N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed	
E27.6.3.6 Formation and Gradient	N/A. Only vacant lot	
<ul> <li>Parking and access must be formed, drained, provided with an all-weather surface and be marked out or delineated (except in some rural zones)</li> </ul>	subdivision is proposed.	
<ul> <li>Maximum 1:25 for accessible spaces</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Maximum 1:20 for other spaces</li> </ul>		
Maximum 1:8 for manoeuvring		
E27.6.3.7 Lighting Lighting is required where there are 10 or more spaces which are likely to be used during hours of darkness	N/A. No parking spaces proposed due to nature of vacant lot subdivision.	
E27.6.4.1 Vehicle Access Restrictions		Consent required. The proposal seeks blanket land use consent to enable the establishment of vehicle crossings within 10m of an intersection, where a VAR applies under E27.6.4.1(3) on Lots 6-7, 36, 80-82, 101-103, 119-122, 136-139, 238-239, 266-267, 274-276, 598-



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		600 and 1021. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A5).
<ul> <li>E27.6.4.2 Width and Number of Vehicle Crossings</li> <li>1 crossing per 25m frontage</li> <li>Minimum 2m separation between crossings on adjacent sites, except that two crossings on adjacent sites can be combined to max 6m width</li> <li>Minimum 6m separation between crossings servicing the same site</li> <li>Must comply with E27.6.4.3</li> </ul>	N/A. No specific vehicle crossings are proposed as part of the vacant lot subdivision.	
<ul> <li>E27.6.4.3 Width of Vehicle Access and Queuing Requirements</li> <li>Passing bay requirements apply to accesses over 50m in length under 5.5m width</li> <li>(T150) Minimum crossing width 3m (oneway), maximum crossing width 3.5m (oneway) and minimum clear corridor of 3.5m</li> </ul>		Consent required. The proposal seeks blanket land use consent to enable vehicle crossings up to 4.8m, which exceeds the maximum 3.5m width for one-way access. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A2).
<ul> <li>E27.6.4.4 Gradient of Vehicle Access</li> <li>(T157) Vehicle access serving any other residential activities (including rear sites) = maximum 1:5 (20%)</li> <li>4m long 1:20 platform where adjoining road boundary</li> </ul>		Consent required. The proposal seeks blanket land use consent for driveway gradients that exceed the maximum gradients for safety platforms of 1 in 20 for the first 4m length. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A2).
E27.6.4.5 Sightlines for Road/Rail Level Crossings	N/A.	
E27.6.5 Design and Location of Off-Road Pedestrian and Cycling	N/A.	
E28 Mineral extraction from land, E29 Eminfrastructure	ergency management area	a — Hazardous facilities and
N/A. These chapters are not relevant as the pr E28, or any hazardous facilities or infrastructu under chapter E29.		
E30 Contaminated Land		
Table E30.4.1 Activity table  (A6) Discharges of contaminants into air, or into water, or onto or into land not meeting permitted activity Standard E30.6.1.2 - controlled		Consent required. As assessed below, the proposal will not comply with Standard E30.6.1.2, and is a controlled activity under E30.4.1(A6).



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
E30.6.1.2 Discharges of contaminants into air, or into water, or onto or into land from disturbing soil on land containing elevated levels of contaminants		,
(1) The volume of soil disturbed must not exceed: (a) 200m3 per site; or (b) 200m3 per project for sites or roads with multiple concurrent land disturbance projects, where the cumulative total volume of soil disturbance associated with each given project will be used when determining activity status; or (c) an average depth and width of 1m for linear trenching by network utilities in the road or rail corridor.		Does not comply. The volume of contaminated soil disturbance exceeds 200m³ per site. This is a controlled activity under E30.4.1(A6).
(2) Prior to the activity commencing:  (a) the Council must be advised of the activity in writing if the volume of soil disturbed on land containing elevated levels of contaminants exceeds 25m3, including details of the measures and controls to be implemented to minimise discharges of contaminants to the environment, and such controls are to be effective for duration of the activity and until the soil is reinstated to an erosion-resistant state; and  (b) controls on linear trenching must be implemented to manage discharges to the environment from trenches acting as migration pathways for contaminants.	Complies. The Council will be notified of the activity prior to works commencing.	
(3) Any discharge from land containing elevated levels of contaminants must not contain separate phase liquid contaminants including separate phase hydrocarbons.	Will comply.	
<ul><li>(4) The duration of soil disturbance on a site must not exceed two months.</li><li>(5) Any contaminated material removed from the site must be disposed of at a facility or site</li></ul>	Will comply.	Does not comply. Soil disturbance will exceed two months. This is a controlled activity under E30.4.1(A6).
authorised to accept such materials.  E31 Hazardous Substances, E32 Biosolids, E3.		vities F34 Agrichemicals and

E31 Hazardous Substances, E32 Biosolids, E33 Industrial and Trade Activities, E34 Agrichemicals and Vertebrate Toxic Agents, E35 Rural Production Discharges



Rule Compliance Non-Compliance

N/A. These chapters are not relevant as:

- The proposal does not involve any hazardous substances under chapter E31, biosolids under chapter E32 or industrial or trade activities under chapter E33;
- The proposal also does not involve agrichemical, vertebrate toxic agents under chapter E34 or rural production discharges under chapter E35.

E34 or rural production discharges under chapter E35.			
E36 Natural Hazards and Flooding			
E36.4.1 Activity table			
(A23) Fences and walls in the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) floodplain – P	The proposal involves fences and walls in the 1% AEP floodplain, which, as assessed below comply with Standard E36.6.1.5 and therefore is permitted under E36.4.1(A23).		
(A32) Construction of stormwater management devices or flood mitigation works that are to be vested in the Council or which are identified in a precinct plan incorporated into the Plan or an approved network discharge consent in the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) floodplain – P	N/A. While drain pipes are proposed within the 1% AEP floodplain, no stormwater management devices are proposed within floodplains.		
(A37) All other new structures and buildings (and external alterations to existing buildings) within the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) floodplain RD		Consent required. The proposal involves culverts in the 1% AEP floodplain. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E36.4.1(A37).	
(A38) Use of new buildings to accommodate more vulnerable activities, and changes of use to accommodate more vulnerable activities within existing buildings located within the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) floodplain RD	N/A. No buildings or change in use in floodplains is proposed.		
(A39) Fences and walls located within or over an overland flow path that do not obstruct the overland flow path P	The proposal involves fences over overland flow paths that do not obstruct the overland flow path. This is permitted under E36.4.1(A39).		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(A41) Diverting the entry or exit point, piping or reducing the capacity of any part of an overland flow path RD		Consent required. The proposal involves the diversion of overland flow paths. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E36.4.1(A41).
(A42) Any buildings or other structures, including retaining walls (but excluding permitted fences and walls) located within or over an overland flow path RD		Consent required. The proposal involves the construction of headwalls adjacent to proposed culverts. This is a restricted discretionary activity under
(A43) Buildings and structures on land which may be subject to land instability that comply with Standard E36.6.1.11 - P	N/A. No buildings are proposed on land which may be subject to instability.	E36.4.1(A42).
E36.6.1.5. Fences and walls in the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) floodplain		
(1) Fences and walls in the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) floodplain must be designed to allow for the passage of flood waters where those flood waters exceed 300mm in depth.	Complies. Fencing has been designed to enable the passage of flood waters. Refer to engineering plans at Appendix 2K.	
(2) Standard E36.6.1.5(1) above does not apply where the fence and wall design is controlled by a rule or standard elsewhere in the Plan. Note 1 The following fence designs would comply with Standard E36.6.1.5(1) Fences and walls in the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) floodplain:  • post and wire fences and wire mesh fences;  • railing type fences where at least 70 per cent of the surface area of the fence is not solid; or  • solid fences and walls with an opening of sufficient size at flood level that can convey the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) flood flow.	N/A.	
E36.6.1.10. Fences and walls located within or over an overland flow path that do not obstruct the overland flow path		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(1) Any ponding of floodwater caused by any fence or wall must not extend beyond (upstream of or adjacent to) the site.	N/A. Ponding of floodwater caused by a fence or wall will not occur.	
(2) Standard E36.6.1.10(1) above does not apply where the fence and wall design is controlled by a rule or standard elsewhere in the Plan. Note 1 The following fence designs would comply with Standard E36.6.1.10(1) above:  (a) post and wire fences and wire mesh fences;  (b) railing type fences where at least 70 per cent of the surface area of the fence is not solid; or  (c) solid fences and walls with an opening at ground level sufficient to convey the overland flow	N/A.	
E37 Genetically Modified Organisms, E39 Subd	I ivision – Rural	
N/A. The proposal does not involve any genetic	cally modified organisms (E3	7) or rural subdivision (E39).
E38 Subdivision – Urban		
E38.4 Activity Table		
E38.4.1 Activity Table – Subdivision for Specific Purposes		
(A2) Subdivision for a network utility P	The proposal involves subdivision for roads which is permitted under E38.4.1(A2).	
(A7) Subdivision of a site with two or more zones or subdivision along an undefined zone boundary RD		Consent required. The proposal involves subdivision of a site with two or more zones (being either Residential, Open Space Conservation or Business). This is a restricted discretionary activity under
(A8) Subdivision establishing an esplanade reserve RD	N/A. No esplanade reserves are required.	E38.4.1(A7).
(A11) Subdivision of land within any of the following natural hazard areas: • 1 per cent		Consent required. The proposal involves subdivision of land within



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
annual exceedance probability floodplain; • coastal storm inundation 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) area; • coastal storm inundation 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) plus 1m sea level rise area; • coastal erosion hazard area; or • land which may be subject to land instability. RD		the 1% AEP floodplain and of land that may be subject to instability. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E38.4.1(A11).
(A12) Any subdivision listed in this activity table not meeting the standards in E38.6 General standards for subdivision D	N/A. As assessed below, subdivision complies with E38.6.	
(A13) Any subdivision listed in this activity table not meeting the permitted, controlled, or restricted discretionary activities standards in E38.7 Standards for subdivision for specific purposes D	N/A. As assessed below, subdivision complies with E38.7.	
E38.4.2 Activity Table – Subdivision in Residential Zones		
(A19) Vacant sites subdivision involving parent sites of 1ha or greater not complying with Standard E38.8.3.1 NC		Consent required. As assessed below, the proposal involves vacant site subdivision involving parent sites of 1ha or more which does not comply with Standard E38.8.3.1. This is a non-complying activity under E38.4.2(A19).
(A30) Any subdivision listed in this activity table not meeting E38.6 General standards for subdivision D	N/A. As assessed below, the general standards are met.	
(A31) Any subdivision listed in this activity table not meeting the standards in E38.8 Standards for subdivision in residential zones D		Consent required. As assessed below, the proposal involves subdivision that does not comply with Standard E38.8.1.1(1). This is a discretionary activity under E38.4.2(A31).



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		'
E38.4.3 Activity Table – Subdivision in Business Zones		
(A35) Vacant sites subdivision complying with Standard E38.9.2.3 RD		Consent required.
(A37) Any subdivision listed in this activity table not meeting the standards in E38.6 General standards for subdivision D	N/A. As assessed above, subdivision complies with E38.6.	
(A38) Any subdivision listed in this activity table not meeting standards in E38.9 Standards for subdivision in the business zones D	N/A. As assessed below, subdivision complies with E38.9.	
E38.4.4 Activity Table – Subdivision in Open Space Zones		Consent required. The proposal involves subdivision in open space
(A43) Any subdivision not otherwise provided for in Tables E38.4.1 and E38.4.4 - D		zones that is not otherwise provided for. This is a discretionary activity under E38.4.4(A43).
E38.6.1 General standards for subdivision—Site size and shape		
<ul> <li>(1) Except where the purpose of the site is for a network utility (including a site to be vested in Council), sites must meet one of the following:</li> <li>(a) in residential zones and business zones - a shape factor that meets the requirements of Standard E38.8.1.1 Site shape factor in residential zones or Standard E38.9.1.1 Site shape factor in business zones;</li> </ul>	Complies. As assessed below, all lots will comply with standard E38.8.1.1 for residential zones or E38.9.1.1 for business zones.	
(b) be in accordance with an approved land use resource consent; or		
(c) be around an existing lawfully established development		
E38.6.2. General standards for subdivision – Access and entrance strips		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(1) All proposed sites must be provided with	Complies. All lots have	
legal and physical access to a road, unless they meet one of the following:	legal and physical access to a road.	
(a) are being created for reserves and network utilities; or		
(b) will be amalgamated with another site that already has legal and physical access to a road.		
(2) Entrance strips must be less than 7.5 metres wide unless otherwise stated.		
E38.6.3. General standards for subdivision – Services		
(1) For all proposed sites capable of containing a building, or for cross lease or unit title, strata title, company lease, each lot must be designed and located so that provision is made for the following services:	Complies. All lots will have provision for the services listed in (a) to (e).	
(a) collection, treatment and disposal of stormwater;		
(b) collection, treatment and disposal of wastewater;		
(c) water supply;		
(d) electricity supply; and		
(e) telecommunications.		
(2) Where no reticulated water supply is available, sufficient water supply and access to water supplies for firefighting purposes in accordance with the NZ Fire Service Fire Fighting Water Supplies Code of Practice SNZ PAS 4509:2008 must be provided.		
E38.6.4. General standards for subdivision – Staging		
<ul> <li>(1) Where a subdivision is to be carried out in stages, the applicant must provide adequate detail of the proposed timetable and sequencing of the staging at the time they apply for the overall subdivision consent. This must include all of the following:</li> <li>(a) the time period over which the development is likely to take place;</li> <li>(b) the areas of land subject to the proposed stages; and</li> <li>the balance area of the site remaining after</li> </ul>	Complies. Details regarding the timing and sequencing of staging has been provided within the engineering reporting prepared by Woods and are also detailed within Section 3.2.3 of the Assessment of Environmental Effects.	
the completion of each stage.		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
E38.6.5. General standards for subdivision – Overland flow paths		
(1) All subdivision must be designed to incorporate overland flow paths on the site.	Complies. The subdivision has been designed to incorporate overland flow paths.	
(2) Stormwater must exit the site in a location that does not increase the risk of hazards to downstream properties.	Complies. The stormwater report confirms that there is no increase in risk of hazards to downstream properties.	
E38.6.6. General standards for subdivision – Existing vegetation on the site		
(1) All subdivision plans, excluding subdivision plans for boundary adjustments, must show any of the following features that exist on, or on the boundary of, the land being subdivided:		
(a) any areas identified as Significant Ecological Area in the Significant Ecological Areas Overlay; or	N/A. There are no SEAs on the site.	
(b) any other areas of indigenous vegetation, wetlands, waterways, streams, rivers and lakes.	Complies. The plans at Appendix 2K show waterways and vegetation.	
E38.7.1.2. Subdivision for a network utility		
<ul><li>(1) The network utility activity must:</li><li>(a) be a permitted activity pursuant to E26 Infrastructure; or</li><li>(b) have all resource consents or notices of requirements approved.</li></ul>	Complies. New roads are permitted under E26 as road network activities.	
(2) A covenant or consent notice will be required to state that land that is no longer required for the network utility after it disestablishes must be amalgamated with the adjoining land.	N/A. Subdivision is for creation of roads, therefore covenants or consent notices are not required.	
(3) The balance sites must comply with the relevant overlays, Auckland-wide and zone standards, other than the minimum site size,	N/A. There are no balance sites as the 'balance sites' will be	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
unless resource consent has been granted for any infringements.	further subdivided into individual lots.	
(4) Sites must have access to a legal road through an appropriate legal mechanism.	N/A. Subdivision will create roads.	
E38.7.3.3. Standards for subdivision for specific purposes - Subdivision of a site within the one per cent annual exceedance probability floodplain		
<ul> <li>(1) Each proposed site within the one per cent floodplain that is to contain a more vulnerable activity must meet one of the following:</li> <li>(a) in residential zones and business zones - a shape factor that meets the requirements of Standard E38.8.1.1 Site shape factor in residential zones or Standard E38.9.1.1 Site shape factor in business zones; or</li> <li>(b) be in accordance with a land use consent that authorises development or building in the floodplain.</li> </ul>	Complies. The proposal involves subdivision of a site subject to a floodplain, however, no residential lots have been proposed in these areas, therefore the proposal complies with this standard.	
E38.8.1.1 General standards in residential		
zones - Site shape factor in residential zones  (1) Access and manoeuvring must meet the requirements of E27 Transport.		Does not comply. As assessed above, blanket land use consents are proposed to infringe standards of E27. This is a discretionary activity under E38.4.2(A31).
(2) All vacant sites must be able to contain a rectangle of 8 metres by 15 metres except the Residential - Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone must contain a rectangle of 15 metres by 20 metres, to accommodate a building that complies with all applicable standards of the zone and is located outside:	Complies. All residential lots will meet the 8m x 15m rectangle and will be located outside of the listed areas.	
(a) the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability floodplain;		
<ul> <li>(b) the coastal erosion hazard area;</li> <li>(c) the coastal storm inundation 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) area; and the coastal storm inundation 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) plus 1m sea level rise area;</li> </ul>		



Rul	e	Compliance	Non-Compliance
	land which may be subject to land		
( )	instability;		
(e)	the protected root zone of trees		
( )	identified in the Notable Trees Overlay;		
(f)	areas identified as significant ecological		
( )	areas, outstanding natural features,		
	outstanding natural landscapes,		
	outstanding natural character areas or		
	high natural character areas in the		
	Significant Ecological Areas Overlay, the		
	Outstanding Natural Features Overlay		
	and Outstanding Natural Landscapes		
	Overlay, or the Outstanding Natural		
	Character and High Natural Character Overlay.		
(g)	areas identified as scheduled historic		
(8)	heritage places, or sites and places of		
	significance to Mana Whenua in the		
	Historic Heritage Overlay or the sites and		
	Places of Significance to Mana Whenua		
	Overlay;		
(h)	network utilities, including private and		
	public lines;		
(i)	right-of-way easements;		
(j)	area of esplanade reserves required by		
	Standard E38.7.3.2 Subdivision		
	establishing an esplanade reserve; E38		
	Subdivision - Urban Auckland Unitary		
/1.\	Plan Operative in part		
(K)	yard setback requirements of the zone		
	including riparian, lakeside or coastal protection yards; and		
(1)	the National Grid Yard.		
(I)			
	8.8.1.2. General standards in residential es - Access to rear sites		
zon	es - Access to real Siles		
141	A simple initially considered to the second		
	A single jointly owned access lot or right-	Complies. The proposal	
	way easement must not serve more than proposed rear sites.	does not propose JOALs or ROWs that serve more	
ten	proposed rear sites.	than 10 rear sites.	
		than to real sites.	
(2)	Vohicle access to proposed sites without	Complies All proposed	
	Vehicle access to proposed sites without ect vehicular access to a formed legal road	Complies. All proposed access lots have been	
	st be by way of an entrance strip, jointly	designed to a minimum	
	ned access lot or right-of-way easement	legal width of 7m, with a	
	r adjoining land, or by a combination of	formed width of 5.5m.	
	se mechanisms, provided the total width		
	other dimensions of the access comply		
		l	<u> </u>



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
with the standards in Table E38.8.1.2.1 Access to rear sites below.		
(3) Accessways serving six or more rear sites must provide separate pedestrian access, which may be located within the formed driveway.	N/A. No accessways serving six or more rear sites.	
<ul> <li>(4) The pedestrian access required by E38.8.1.2(3) must meet all of the following:</li> <li>(a) have a minimum width of 1 metre;</li> <li>(b) can include the service strip; and</li> <li>(c) be distinguished from the vehicle carriageway through the use of a raised curb or different surface treatment.</li> </ul>	N/A. However, all JOALs have a footpath of 1m in width.	
E38.8.3.1. Vacant sites subdivision involving parent sites of 1 hectare or greater  (3) For other residential zones, each vacant site must comply with the minimum net site area in Table E38.8.3.1.1 Minimum net site areas for subdivisions involving parent sites of 1 hectare or greater.  (4) The minimum average net site area calculated over the total of all sites created must comply with Table E38.8.3.1.1 Minimum net site areas for subdivisions involving parent site of 1 hectare or greater.		<ul> <li>Does not comply as follows:</li> <li>Vacant sites within the Single House Zone not meeting the maximum average net site area requirement of 720m² (with an average lot size of 777m² proposed).</li> <li>Vacant sites within the Mixed Housing Suburban zone not meeting the minimum net site area requirement of 320m² (with a minimum lot size of 270m² proposed).</li> <li>Vacant sites within the Mixed Housing Suburban zone not meeting the maximum average net site area requirement of 480m² (with an average lot size of 483m² proposed).</li> <li>Vacant sites within the Mixed Housing Urban zone not meeting the maximum average net site area requirement of 360m² (with an average lot size of 437m² proposed).</li> <li>This is a non-complying activity under E38.4.2(A19).</li> </ul>



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
E38.9.1.1 General Standards for Business Zones - Site shape factor in business zones		
(1) All vacant sites must be able to contain a rectangle with an area equal to half the area of the site where the longer sides are no greater than twice the length of the shorter sides to accommodate a building that complies with all applicable controls of the zone and is located outside all of the following:  (a) the 1 per cent annual exceedance probability floodplain;  (b) the coastal storm inundation 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) area;  (c) the coastal storm inundation 1 per cent annual exceedance probability (AEP) plus 1 metre sea level rise area;  (d) the coastal erosion hazard area:  (e) land which may be subject to land instability;  (f) the protected root zone of trees identified in the Notable Trees Overlay;  (g) areas identified as significant ecological areas, outstanding natural features, outstanding natural landscapes, outstanding natural character areas or high natural character areas in the Significant Ecological Areas Overlay, the Outstanding Natural Features Overlay and Outstanding Natural Landscapes Overlay, or the Outstanding Natural Landscapes Overlay, or the Outstanding Natural Character and High Natural Character Overlay.  (h) areas identified as scheduled historic heritage place, or sites and places of significance to Mana Whenua in the Historic Heritage Overlay or the Sites and Places of Significance to Mana Whenua Overlay;  (i) private and public network utilities;  (j) private and public stormwater and wastewater lines;  (k) building line restrictions;  (l) right-of-way easements;	Complies. All vacant lots within the business zone will meet the required lot dimensions.	
(m) area of esplanade reserves required by Standard E38.7.3.2 Subdivision establishing an esplanade reserve;		
(n) yard setback requirements of the zone including riparian, lakeside or coastal protection yards; and		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(o) National Grid Yard (Uncompromised) (except that if the subdivision is for an activity sensitive to the National Grid, the building platform must not be located within the National Grid Yard (Uncompromised or Compromised).		
E38.9.1.2 Parking areas	N/A.	
E38.9.1.3 Signs and billboards	N/A.	
E38.9.2.1 Subdivision in accordance with an approved land use resource consent	N/A.	
(1) Any subdivision relating to an approved land use consent must comply with that consent, including all conditions and all approved plans.		
E38.9.2.2 Subdivision around existing buildings and development	N/A.	
E38.9.2.3 Vacant sites subdivision		
1) The following standards do not apply to subdivision that is in accordance with existing or concurrently approved land use consents, or for any lots around existing buildings.  (2) Site sizes for proposed sites must comply with the minimum net site areas specified in Table E38.9.2.3.1 Minimum net site size and frontage for vacant site subdivision below.  Table E38.9.2.3.1 Minimum net site size and frontage for vacant site subdivision — Neighbourhood Centre Zone  Minimum net site area — 200m²  Minimum frontage — N/A	Complies. The minimum business lot size proposed will meet the minimum net site area of 200m <sup>2</sup> .	
(3) Rear sites must not exceed 20 per cent of the total number of proposed sites.	Complies. The number of rear business sites (0) proposed is less than 20 per cent of the total number of proposed sites.	
(4) Entrance strips and accessways for rear sites must comply with Table E27.6.4.3.2 Vehicle crossing and vehicle access widths	Complies. All JOALs have been designed to a legal width of 7m, with a formed width of 5.5m.	



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
E38.10.1. Standards — open space restricted discretionary activities	N/A. None of these standards apply as they relate to subdivision in accordance with an approved land use resource consent or around existing buildings and development.	
E40 Temporary Activities		
E40.4.1 Activity table  (A24) Specific temporary activities that are not provided as a permitted activity in rules (A12) to (A23) - RD		The proposal will involve construction activities exceeding 24 months. This is a restricted discretionary activity pursuant to E40.4.1(A24).
H3 Residential – Single House Zone		
H3.4.1 Activity Table		
(A1) Activities not provided for - NC		Consent required. Blanket use consent is sought on Lot 1050 (Single House Zone) to enable building(s) and activities compliant with the listed permitted activities and standards stated within H12.4 and H12.6 respectively of the Neighbourhood Centre Zone. This requires consent as a non-complying activity under rule H3.4.1(A1).
(A6) More than one dwelling per site (other than the conversion of a principal dwelling in Rule H3.4.1(A4) or minor dwellings in Rule a H3.4.1(A5) – NC		Consent required. Blanket use consent is sought to construct more than one residential building within Residential — Single House Zone on Lots 1007-1013, 1017-1021 and 1027. This requires consent as a noncomplying activity under rule H3.4.1(A6).
(A34) Accessory buildings.		Does not comply as retaining walls are proposed within the front yard of lots (which are considered to be



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		'buildings' under the AUP(OP)) as follows:  • Lot 213 / Wall 5 - retaining over 24.4m varying between 0m to 3m in height is proposed within the front yard.
(A36) New buildings and additions to buildings - The same activity status and standards as applies to the land use activity that the new building or addition to a building is designed to accommodate		Consent required. Blanket land use consent is sought for new residential buildings that do not comply with the Residential — Single House Zone standards on Lots 37-39, 100, 139-141, 173-185, 189-190, 214, 217-220, 249-250, 295-298, 357-375, 574-579 & 583-588, 1007-1013, 1017-1021, 1027 and 1050 as listed at Section 4.1.2.5 of the AEE. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under H3.4.1(A36) and C1.9(2).
H4 Residential – Mixed Housing Suburban Zone		
H4.4.1 Activity table		
(A4) Four or more dwellings per site RD		Consent required. Blanket use consent is sought to construct four or more residential buildings within Residential – Mixed Housing Suburban Zone on Lots 1017 and 1018. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under rule H4.4.1(A4).
(A34) New buildings and additions - The same activity status and standards as applies to the land use activity that the new building or addition to a building is designed to accommodate		Consent required. Blanket land use consent is sought for new residential buildings that do not comply with the Residential – Mixed Housing Suburban zone standards on Lots 275, 306-311, 315-316, 424-431, 448, 468-470, 533-539 and 555-560, 1017 & 1018 as listed at Section 4.1.2.6 of the AEE. This



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		requires consent as a restricted discretionary under rules H4.4.1(A34) and C1.9(2).
(A31) Accessory buildings that meet the standards to be complied with are permitted activities.		Consent required. As assessed below, the proposal involves accessory buildings which do not comply with standards H4.6.7 and H4.6.14. This is a restricted discretionary activity under H4.4.1 (A31) and C1.9(2).
H4.6.7 Yards Front – 3m Side/rear – 1m Riparian – 10m from the edge of permanent and intermittent streams		Does not comply as retaining walls are proposed within the front yard of lots (which are considered to be 'buildings' under the AUP(OP)) as follows:
		<ul> <li>Lot 5 / Wall 1 – retaining over 1.5m varying between 0m to 1m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> <li>Lot 20 / Wall 2 – retaining over 31.35m varying between 0m to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> </ul>
		• Lot 25 / Wall 2 – retaining over 4.2m varying between 0m to 1m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		Lot 193, 4011 and 198 / Wall 3 — retaining over 51.6m varying between Om to 1m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		<ul> <li>Lot 188 and 4010 / Wall 4 – retaining over 51.6m varying between 0m to 1m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> <li>Lot 203 / Wall 5 –</li> </ul>
		retaining over 23m



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		varying between 0m to 2.5m in height is proposed within the front yard.  • Lot 213 / Wall 5 - retaining over 24.4m varying between 0m to 3m in height is proposed
		within the front yard.  Lot 239 / Wall 6 - retaining over 22.5m varying between 0m to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.  Lot 273 / Wall 7-
		<ul> <li>Lot 2/3 / Wall /-         retaining over 22.5m         varying between 0m to         2m in height is proposed         within the front yard.</li> <li>Lot 448 / Wall 12 -         retaining over 22.7m         varying between 0 to         2.5m in height is         proposed within the         front yard.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Lot 405 / Wall 15 – retaining over 17.3m varying between 0 to 2.5m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> </ul>
		• Lot 404 / Wall 16 – retaining over 15.9m varying between 0 to 2.5m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		<ul> <li>Lot 403 / Wall 17 – retaining over 17.9m varying between 0 to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> </ul>
		• Lot 441 / Wall 18 – retaining over 24.9m varying between 0 to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		<ul> <li>Lot 447 / Wall 18 – retaining over 22.7m varying between 0 to 3m</li> </ul>



Dula	Compliance	Non Compliance
Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		in height is proposed within the front yard.
		• Lot 468 / Wall 18 –
		retaining over 27m
		varying between 0 to
		2.5m in height is
		proposed within the front yard.
		• Lot 556 / Wall 21 –
		retaining over 1.5m
		varying between 0 to 1m
		in height is proposed
		within the front yard.  • Lot 567 / Wall 22 –
		retaining over 22.5m
		varying between 0 to 1m
		in height is proposed
		within the front yard.
		This is a restricted discretionary activity under
		C1.9(2).
H4.6.14 Front, side and rear fences and walls		Does not comply. The
		establishment of combined
(1) Fences or walls or a combination of these		retaining walls and 1.2m high fencing located within
structures (whether separate or joined together) must not exceed the height		the front, side and rear
specified below, measured from the ground		yards within the lots noted
level at the boundary:		above, is above the
(a) Within the front yard, either:		permitted maximum height of 2m. This requires consent
(i) 1.4m in height, or		as a restricted discretionary
(ii) 1.8m in height for no more than 50 per		activity under C1.9(2).
cent of the site frontage and 1.4m for the remainder, or		
(iii) 1.8m in height if the fence is at least 50		
per cent visually open as viewed		
perpendicular to the front boundary.		
(1) Maril 1		
(b) Within side, rear, coastal protection, lakeside or riparian yards: 2m.		
H5 Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone		
H5.4.1 Activity table		
113.7.1 Activity table		
(A31) Accessory buildings; and		As assessed below, the
		proposal involves new
(A34) New buildings and additions - The same		buildings (being retaining
activity status and standards as applies to the		walls within the front yard), development and fencing
land use activity that the new building or		which do not comply with



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
addition to a building is designed to		standards H5.6.8, H5.6.10,
accommodate		H5.6.11 and H5.6.15. This is
		a restricted discretionary
		activity under H5.4.1(A34) and C1.9(2).
H5.6.8. Yards		Does not comply as
113.0.6. Talus		retaining walls are proposed
Front – 2.5m		within the front yard of lots
Side/rear – 1m		(which are considered to be
Riparian – 10m from the edge of permanent and intermittent streams		'buildings' under the AUP(OP)) as follows:
and meetineene sereams		• Lot 281 / Wall 7 –
		retaining over 22.5m varying between 0m to
		3m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		• Lot 266 / Wall 8 –
		retaining over 25.8m
		varying between 0m to 1.5m in height is
		proposed within the front yard.
		• Lot 1022 / Wall 9 –
		retaining over 106.4m
		varying between 0m to
		2m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		• Lot 317 / Wall 10 -
		retaining over 23.7m varying between 0m to
		2m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		• Lot 322 / Wall 10 –
		retaining over 28.5m
		varying between 0m to
		3m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		• Lot 497 / Wall 11 –
		retaining over 1.5m
		varying between 0m to 1m in height is proposed
		within the front yard.
		• Lot 448 / Wall 12 –
		retaining over 22.7m
		varying between 0m to 2.5m in height is
		proposed within the
		front yard.
		• Lot 454 / Wall 12 –
		retaining over 22.6m



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		varying between 0m to 1m in height is proposed within the front yard.  • Lot 475 / Wall 13 — retaining over 23.9m varying between 0m to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.  • Lot 1024, 1025, 4018 and 4019 / Wall 14 — retaining over 173m varying between 0m to 2.5m in height is proposed within the front yard.
		<ul> <li>Lot 468 / Wall 19 – retaining over 27m varying between 0m to 2.5m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> <li>Lot 471 / Wall 19 – retaining over 23.8m varying between 0m to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Lot 472 / Wall 20 – retaining over 31.1m varying between 0m to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> <li>Lot 473 / Wall 20 – retaining over 18.3m varying between 0m to 1.5m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> </ul>
		Lot 556 / Wall 21 – retaining over 1.5m varying between 0m to 1m in height is proposed within the front yard.  This is a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
H5.6.10. Building coverage  Maximum 45% of the net site area		Does not comply. Blanket land use consent is sought to enable buildings with a maximum building coverage of 50% on all lots in the



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		Mixed Housing Urban zone. This is a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
H5.6.11 Landscaped area  Minimum 35% of the net site area		Does not comply. A landscaped area of 33.6% (or 146.3m²) is proposed on Lot 474 for the establishment of a Booster Pump Station where 35% (or 152m²) is required. This is a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
H5.6.15. Front, side and rear fences and walls (1) Fences or walls or a combination of these structures (whether separate or joined together) must not exceed the height specified below, measured from the ground level at the boundary:  (a) Within the front yard, either:  (i) 1.4m in height, or  (ii) 1.8m in height for no more than 50 per cent of the site frontage and 1.4m for the remainder, or  (iii) 1.8m in height if the fence is at least 50 per cent visually open as viewed perpendicular to the front boundary.  (b) Within side, rear, coastal protection, lakeside or riparian yards: 2m.		Does not comply. The establishment of combined retaining wall and 1.2m high fencing located within the rear yard above the permitted maximum height of 2m. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
H7 Open Space Zones		
H7.9.1 Activity table  (A1) Activities not provided for NC		Consent required. Blanket land use consent is sought to construct new residential buildings within the Open Space zone on Lots 1001-1003, 1006, 1024, 1025, 1, 8, 281, 455-457 & 478-486, an activity not provided for. This requires consent as a non-complying activity under rule H7.9.1(A1).
(A39) New buildings that do not comply with one or more standards – D		Consent required. As assessed below, the



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
		proposal does not comply with standard H7.11.3, which is a discretionary activity under H7.9.1(A39). Blanket land use consent is also sought to construct new buildings within the Open Space zone on Lots 1024, 1025, 281, 455-457, 478-486 that do not comply with one or more standards as set out in Section 4.1.2.7 of the AEE, which is a discretionary activity under H7.9.1(A39).
(A43) Fences on the front boundary less than 50 per cent transparent RD		Consent required. Blanket land use consent is sought for fences on the front boundary less than 50% transparent in the Open Space – Conservation zone on Lots 1024, 1025, 480-482. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under rule H7.9.1(A43).
(A50) Construction of vehicle access and parking areas D		Consent required. Blanket land use consent is sought for the construction of vehicle access and parking areas in the Open Space – Conservation zone on Lots 1001-1003, 1006, 1024, 1025, 1, 8, 281, 455-457, 478-486. This requires consent as a discretionary activity under rule H7.9.1(A50).
H7.11.3. Yards  Front yard – 5m  Side and rear yards - 6m where the open space zone adjoins a residential zone, special purpose zone or the Future Urban Zone otherwise 3m No side and rear yards are		Does not comply. Retaining walls are proposed within the front yard of lots (which are considered to be 'buildings' under the AUP(OP)) as follows:



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
required where the open space zone adjoins a business zone Riparian yard - 10m from the edge of permanent and intermittent streams		<ul> <li>Lot 281 / Wall 7 – retaining over 22.5m varying between 0m to 3m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> <li>Lot 482 / Wall 13 – retaining over 27.9m varying between 0m to 2m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> <li>Lot 1024, 1025, 4018 and 4019 / Wall 14 – retaining over 173m varying between 0m to 2.5m in height is proposed within the front yard.</li> <li>This is a discretionary activity under H7.9.1(A39).</li> </ul>
H12 Business – Neighbourhood Centre Zone		
(1) Dwellings including units within an integrated residential development must not locate on the ground floor of a building where the dwelling or unit has frontage to public open spaces including streets.		Does not comply. Blanket consent is sought to construct dwellings / buildings on Lots 1026, 486-492 that infringe H12.6.3 by enabling residential at ground level. This is a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
H12.6.4. Yards  Rear/side - 3m where the rear/side boundary adjoins a residential zone or the Special Purpose – Māori Purpose Zone  Riparian 10m from the edge of all permanent and intermittent streams		Does not comply. Blanket consent is sought to construct dwellings / buildings on Lots 1026, 486-492 that infringe H12.6.4 to enable buildings to be set back 1m from side and rear boundaries. This is a restricted discretionary activity under C1.9(2).
H18 Future Urban Zone		
N/A.		
I544 Wainui Precinct		
I544.4.1 Activity Table		Consent required. Blanket land use consent is sought for building and



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(A2) Subdivision, building and development in accordance with I544.10.1 Wainui: Precinct plan 1 RD		development in general accordance with Rule 1544.10.1 Wainui Precinct Plan 1. This requires consent as a restricted discretionary activity under rule 1544.10.1(A2).
I544.6.1. Open Space  (1) The location and width of the open space shall be minimum width of 25m for Waterloo Creek ecological corridor and 15m for secondary ecological corridors.	Complies. 15m ecological corridor provided adjacent to Stream 21.	
I544.6.2. Infrastructure		
(1) Subdivision, building or development is to be staged in accordance with the availability of bulk water, wastewater and road infrastructure, including on the wider transport network, to service development in the Wainui Precinct.	Complies.	
(2) No residential or commercial sites shall be occupied until bulk water, wastewater and road infrastructure, including the wider transport network, are available to service the sites in the Wainui Precinct.	Complies.	

## Plan Change 79 – Decisions Version

Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Chapter E24 Lighting		
Table E24.4.1 Activity table	Complies.	
(A1) Activities that comply with all the relevant permitted activity standards - P		
(A2) Activities that do not comply with a relevant permitted activity standard - RD		
E24.6.2. Artificial lighting standards for pedestrian access in residential zones	N/A - Vacant lot subdivision. See Standard E27.6.3.7(2)	
(1) Any pedestrian access serving two or more dwellings where there is no vehicle access or where there are 10 or more parking spaces or		
10 or more dwellings (excluding dwellings which have separate pedestrian access		



Rule Compliance Non-Compliance

provided directly from the front door to the road) must: When lighting for access in residential zones is required by Standard E27.6.3.7(2), it must:

(a) have lighting limits measured and assessed in accordance with Australian/New Zealand Standard Lighting for roads and public spaces (Part 3.1: Pedestrian Area (Category P) lighting — Performance and design requirements Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces (AS/NZS1158.3.1)

(b) must be lit to the appropriate P subcategory for pedestrian access as set out in AS/NZS1158.3.1

(c) meet the minimum P subcategories specified in Table 24.6.2.1 below:

Table 24.6.2.1 Minimum P subcategories

Access	P Subcategory
Pedestrian access only	PP3
Pedestrian access adjacent to vehicle access	PR2
Connecting elements, steps, stairwells and ramps	PA3
Parking spaces and adjacent pedestrian access	PC2
Vehicle access for 4-9 parking spaces or dwellings	PR5
Vehicle access for 10-19 parking spaces or dwellings	PR4
Vehicle access for 20 or more parking spaces or dwellings	PR2

(d) All light fittings must not project any light at or above the height of their light source.

(e) All light emitted from light fittings must have a correlated colour temperature of 3000K (Kelvin) or less.

(f) Spill light and glare from the lighting must meet the specifications of E24.6.1(8).

(g) The lighting must have automatic daylight controls such that the lights are on during the hours of darkness. Where—Aautomatic presence detection or sensor lighting is to be avoided and where proposed, this must be supported by a safety assessment.



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(h) Lighting required by Standard E27.6.3.7(2) must be supplied from a common electrical supply which cannot be disabled.		
Chapter E27 Transport		
Activity		Parking, loading, access and electric vehicle supply equipment which is an accessory activity, but which does not comply with the standards for parking, loading, access and electric vehicle supply equipment is a restricted discretionary activity under rule E27.4.1(A2  The proposal involves subdivision that will exceed the trip generation standard under E27.6.1.1(T3B) as it will enable more than 100 dwellings. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A3).
Standard E27.6.1 Trip generation  (1) Where a proposal (except where excluded in Standard E27.6.1(2)) exceeds one of the following thresholds: (a) a new development or subdivision in Table E27.6.1.1;  (b) 100 v/hr vehicles per hour (any hour) for activities not specified in Table E27.6.1.1 requiring a controlled or restricted discretionary land use activity consent in the applicable zone where there are no requirements for an assessment of transport or trip generation effects. This standard does not apply to development activities provided for as permitted in the applicable zone; or  (c) [deleted] a proposed subdivision of land which has capacity under this Plan to accommodate more than 100 60 dwellings		Consent required. The proposal involves subdivision that will exceed the trip generation standard under E27.6.1.1(T3B) as it will enable more than 100 dwellings. This is a restricted discretionary activity under E27.4.1(A3).



Rule Compliance Non-Compliance

resource consent for a restricted discretionary activity is required.

Table E27.6.1.1 New development <u>and subdivision</u> thresholds

Activity			New development or subdivision
(TA1)	Residential	Dwellings – threshold 1	40 dwellings
(T1)		Dwellings <u>- threshold</u> 2	400 60 100 dwellings
(T1A)		Integrated residential development – threshold 1	<u>100 units</u>
(T2)		Integrated residential development <u>=</u> threshold 2	500 100 500 units
<u>(T2A)</u>		Visitor accommodation – threshold 1	60 units
(T3)		Visitor accommodation <u>=</u> threshold 2	400- <u>60</u> <u>100</u> units
(T3A)		Residential subdivision – threshold 1	Capacity to accommodate more than 40 dwellings
(T3B)		Residential subdivision – threshold 2	Capacity to accommodate more than 100 dwellings
(T4)	Education facilities	Primary	167 students
(T5)		Secondary	333 students
(T6)		Tertiary	500 students
(T7)	Office		5,000 m <sup>2</sup> GFA
(T8)	Retail	Drive through	333 m <sup>2</sup> GFA
(T8A)		Retail activities (non- drive through)	1,667 m2 GFA
(T9)	Industrial activities	Warehousing and storage	20,000 m <sup>2</sup> GFA
(T10)		Other industrial activities	10,000 m <sup>2</sup> GFA

- (2) Standard E27.6.1(1) does not apply where:
- (a) a proposal is located in the Business City Centre Zone, Business Metropolitan Centre Zone, Business Town Centre Zone, or Residential Terrace Housing and Apartment Building Zone or Centre Fringe Office Control as shown on the planning maps;
- (b) [deleted] development is being undertaken in accordance with a consent or provisions approved on the basis of an Integrated Transport Assessment where the land use and the associated trip generation and transport effects are the same or similar in character, intensity and scale to those identified in the previous assessment;
- (c) the activity is permitted in the H7 Open space zones; or
- (d) there are requirements to assess transport, traffic or trip-generation effects for the activity in the any applicable zone rules or precinct rules for any controlled or restricted discretionary land use activities



Rule Compliance Non-Compliance Standard E27.6.2 Number of parking and loading spaces - Bicycle Parking (6) Bicycle parking: N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed (a) the activities specified in Table E27.6.2.5 must provide the minimum number of bicycle (i.e. no dwellings are proposed which would parking spaces specified; and warrant bicycle parking under E27.6.2(6). (aa) for residential developments, the required secure long-stay bicycle parking must be located and designed in a manner that (is): i) provided in either: a) a non-habitable room; or b) a storage or garden shed or equivalent; or c) A dedicated cycle parking facility; or d) Any combination of the above. ii) can accommodate a bicycle(s) with the following dimensions - 1.9m length x 1.25m height x 0.7m width i) not part of any required outdoor living space or landscaped area ii) in a location directly accessible from either the road, vehicle access, pedestrian access or car parking area; iii) fully sheltered from the weather; iv) lockable and secure; v) if located within a dwelling, not within a habitable room In addition, communal bicycle parking facilities must be designed to have: vi) spacing between racks of a minimum 1.2m; vii) clearance to a wall or edge of a minimum 0.9m; viii) width of an access aisle between rows minimum of 1.2m (3.0m stand centre centre); ix) mains outlets for charging electric bicycles at a minimum ratio of 1/10 bicycle parks; Two tiered bicycle stands must be designed to have: x) a spacing between bikes of a minimum of 0.4m; xi) access aisles of a minimum of 2.2m to allow access to the second tier;



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
xii) the following bicycle parking requirements		
apply to new buildings and developments.		
Table E27.6.2.5 Required bicycle parking rates		
Activity Visitor (short-stay) Secure (long-stay) Minimum rate (long-stay)		
developments Developments ef 20 or more dwellings dwelling without a dedicated		
dwellings garage or basement car		
parking space		
Note: Further guidance on bicycle parking		
design can be found in the Auckland Code of		
Practice for Land Development and Subdivision 2022. Also see the Waka Kotahi Cycling		
Network Guidance Technical Note, Cycle		
Parking Planning and Design December 2022.		
Standard E27.6.2 Number of parking and	N/A. Only vacant lot	
loading spaces – Loading Spaces	subdivision is proposed	
	(i.e. no dwellings are	
(8) Number of loading spaces:	proposed which would	
(a) all activities must provide loading as	warrant loading spaces	
specified in Table E27.6.2.7.	under E27.6.2(8)).	
(b) residential activities where part of the site		
has frontage to an arterial road as identified on		
the planning maps, must provide loading as specified in Table E27.6.2.7A.		
specifica in Tubic 22710.2.771.		
Table E27.6.2.7A Minimum small loading space		
requirements		
Activity GFA/Number of dwellings Minimum rate		
T111B  Developments where all dwellings have individual pedestrian access directly from a public road   No loading space required		
Up to 9 dwellings without individual pedestrian access directly from a public road required		
Greater than 9 dwellings up to 5,000m <sup>2</sup> without individual pedestrian access directly		
from a public road  Greater than 5,000m <sup>2</sup> NA		
* Refer to T137A of Table E27.6.3.2.1 Minimum loading space dimensions		
Standard E27.6.2 Number of parking and	N/A. Only vacant lot	
loading spaces – Fractional spaces	subdivision is proposed.	
(0) 5	Therefore, no fractional parking or loading spaces	
(9) Fractional spaces:	are proposed.	
(a) where the calculation of the permitted		
parking results in a fractional space, any fraction that is less than one-half will be		
disregarded and any fraction of one-half or		
more will be counted as one space. If there are		
different activities within a development, the		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
parking permitted for each activity must be added together prior to rounding.		
Note: Where parking is provided, parking spaces are to be provided for people with disabilities and accessible routes from the parking spaces to the associated activity or road as required by the New Zealand Building Code D1/AS1. The dimensions and accessible route requirements are detailed in the New Zealand Building Code D1/AS1 New Zealand Standard for Design for Access and Mobility — Buildings and Associated Facilities (NZS: 4121-2001).		
Standard E27.6.3.1 Size and Location of Parking Spaces	N/A. Vacant lot subdivision is only proposed.	
(1) Every parking space must: (a) comply with the minimum dimensions given in Table E27.6.3.1.1 and Figure E27.6.3.1.1; except accessible parking dimensions and accessible route requirements must be designed in accordance with the New Zealand Building Code D1/AS1 New Zealand Standard for Design for Access and Mobility — Buildings and Associated Facilities (NZS: 4121-2001); and		
(b) be located on the same site as the activity to which it relates unless one of the following criteria is met:		
(i) the parking is located in an H7 Open Space Zone and the reserve, park or recreation area consists of more than one adjoining Certificate of Title. In that case, the parking must be located within the same reserve, park or recreation area as the activity to which it relates; or		
(ii) resource consent is granted to an alternative arrangement, such as shared parking, offsite parking, or non-accessory parking.		
(c) [deleted]		
(d) be kept clear and available at all times the activity is in operation, except where stacked parking is permitted by Standard E27.6.3.3(3) below; and		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(e) be located outside any area designated for road widening; and		
(f) parking located in part of any yard on the site (where it is permitted in the zone) must not:		
(i) impede vehicular access and movement on the site; and		
(ii) infringe any open space and landscape requirements for the relevant zone; and		
(g) not to be sold or leased separately from the activity for which it provides parking as an accessory activity unless a resource consent is granted to an alternative arrangement such as shared parking or offsite parking.		
Standard E27.6.3.2 Size and Location of Loading Spaces	N/A. Vacant lot subdivision is only proposed.	
<ul><li>(1) Every loading space must:</li><li>(a) comply with the minimum dimensions given in Table E27.6.3.2.1; and</li></ul>		
(b) be located on the same site as the activity to which it relates and be available at all times while the activity is in operation; and		
(c) be located outside any area designated for road widening; and		
(d) comply with the following when any yard of a site is used to provide the loading space (where it is permitted within the zone):		
(i) ensure that the footpath or access to the rear of the site or access to an adjacent property is not blocked at any time; and		
(ii) the use of the loading space does not create a traffic hazard on the road at any time-; and		
(e) have a maximum crossfall of 1:50 (2%) in all directions.		
Table E27.6.3.2.1 Minimum loading space dimensions		



Rule			Compliance		Non-Compliance
Activity	Length of loading space (m)	Width of loading space (m)			
(T137A) Activities requiring a small loading space under Standard E27.6.2(8)(b)	6.4	3.5			
Residential activities denoted with a (*) in Table E27.6.2.7					
Standard E27.6.3.2(A) A	ccessible Pa	ırking	N/A. Vacant	lot	
Staridard EZ7.0.3.2(A) A	cccssibic i c	II KII I <u>S</u>	subdivision is	only	
(1) Accessible parking m	ust bo prov	ided for all	proposed.	Office	
new activities, changes of					
the expansion or intens					
activity in all zones, ex					
below in E27.6.3.2(A)(2)					
(2) Accessible parking	s not requ	ired in the			
following zones, unless					
on site, in which case th	ne required	number of			
accessible parking space					
in accordance with Tab	<u>le 1 or Tab</u>	<u>le 2 below,</u>			
whichever is relevant:					
Business Zones:	_				
(a) Business – City Ce					
(b) Business – Metro					
(c) Business – Town (		<del></del>			
(d) Business – Local (		<u>;</u>			
<u>(e) Business – Mixed</u>	Use Zone;				
<u>(f) Business – Neighb</u>	ourhood Ce	entre Zone.			
Residential zones:					
(a) Residential -		ousing and			
<u>Apartment Buildings</u>	<u>Zone.</u>				
(-) -					
(3) For residential devel					
zones (excluding the Apartment Buildings Zon					
provided on site), acce					
must be provided for d					
more dwellings on a site					
(4) The required number	er of onsite	accessible			
parking spaces provide					
using the following met	nod:				
(i) For non-residential la	nd uses;				
Step 1 - Use the Parking	Demand G	<u>uidelines in</u>			
Appendix 23 to deter	mine the	theoretical			
parking demand					



Step 2 - Use Table 1 - Number of accessible parking spaces - Non-Residential, below to determine the required number of accessible car park spaces based on either the number of parking spaces shad are proposed to be provided or the theoretical parking demand calculated in step 1, whichever is the higher.  Table 1 - Number of accessible parking spaces - Non-Residential land uses				
Step 2 - Use Table 1 - Number of accessible parking spaces - Non-Residential. below to determine the required number of accessible car park spaces based on either the number of parking spaces that are proposed to be provided or the theoretical parking demand calculated in step 1, whichever is the higher.  Table 1 - Number of accessible parking spaces - Non-Residential land uses accessible parking spaces or profit a serior assessible parking spaces or profit a serior assessible parking spaces for non-residential care, visitor accommodation and boarding houses  The same method for calculating the required number of onsite accessible parking spaces for non-residential uses in 4(1) applies.  (iii) For residential land uses accessible parking spaces provided must be in accordance with Table 2 below:  Table 2 - Number of accessible parking spaces - Residential land uses accessible parking spaces accessible parkin	Rule		Compliance	Non-Compliance
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- Non-Residential land uses    Total market of aparitina spaces   Number of accessible parking spaces   12-59   Number of accessible parking spaces   12-59   Number of accessible parking spaces   Number of accessible parki				
- Non-Residential land uses    Total market of aparitina spaces   Number of accessible parking spaces   12-59   Number of accessible parking spaces   12-59   Number of accessible parking spaces   Number of accessible parki	Table 1 – Number of a	accessible parking spaces		
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State   Stat		Number of accessible parking spaces		
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(ii) For retirement villages, supported residential care, visitor accommodation and boarding houses  The same method for calculating the required number of onsite accessible parking spaces for non-residential uses in 4(i) applies.  (iii) For residential land uses The required number of accessible parking spaces for non-residential uses in 4(i) applies.  (iii) For residential land uses The required number of accessible parking spaces provided must be in accordance with Table 2 below:  Table 2 – Number of accessible parking spaces – Residential land uses  Number of desilipsa   Number of accessible parking spaces – Residential land uses    Number of desilipsa   Number of accessible parking spaces   Number of accessible parking spaces   Number of desilipsa   Number of accessible parking spaces				
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Table 2 – Number of accessible parking spaces  — Residential land uses    Number of dwellings   Number of accessible parking spaces	spaces provided mus	t be in accordance with		
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Not less than 1   20 - 29   Not less than 2   30 - 3950   Not less than 3				
20–29 30–3950 Not less than 3 For every additional 10-25 dwellings or units  Standard E27.6.3.3 Access and manoeuvring  (2A) For every loading space required by Table E27.6.3.2.1.(T137A) the access and manoeuvring areas associated with that loading space must accommodate the 6.4m van tracking curves set out in Figure E27.6.3.3.3.				
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Standard E27.6.3.3 Access and manoeuvring  (2A) For every loading space required by Table E27.6.3.2.1.(T137A) the access and manoeuvring areas associated with that loading space must accommodate the 6.4m van tracking curves set out in Figure E27.6.3.3.3.				
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(2A) For every loading space required by Table E27.6.3.2.1.(T137A) the access and manoeuvring areas associated with that loading space must accommodate the 6.4m van tracking curves set out in Figure E27.6.3.3.3.	Statiuatu EZ7.0.3.3 AC	cess and manoeuving	•	
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E27.6.3.2.1.(T137A) the access and manoeuvring areas associated with that loading space must accommodate the 6.4m van tracking curves set out in Figure E27.6.3.3.3.	(2A) For every loading	space required by Table	proposed.	
manoeuvring areas associated with that loading space must accommodate the 6.4m van tracking curves set out in Figure E27.6.3.3.3.				
loading space must accommodate the 6.4m van tracking curves set out in Figure E27.6.3.3.3.				
van tracking curves set out in Figure E27.6.3.3.3.				
E27.6.3.3.3.	loading space must a	accommodate the 6.4m		
E27.6.3.3.3.	van tracking curve	s set out in Figure		
	•			
Figure E27.6.3.3.3 - 6.4m van tracking curve	<u>LZ1.U.J.J.J.</u>			
Figure E27.6.3.3.3 - 6.4m van tracking curve				
<u> </u>	Figure E27.6.3.3.3 - 6.	4m van tracking curve		
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Rule Non-Compliance Compliance Note 1: The dotted line about the vehicle depicts a 300mm clearance about the vehicle. See following key in Figure E27.6.3.3.4 Figure E27.6.3.3.4 Key for 6.4m van tracking curve 6.363 Delivery Van Overall Length Overall Width 6.363m 2.050m Overall Body Height 2.432m Min Body Ground Clearance 0.206m Track Width 1.810m Lock to Lock Time 4.00s Kerb to Kerb Turning Radius 7.200m Standard E27.6.3.4 Reverse manoeuvring N/A. Vacant lot subdivision is only proposed. (1) Sufficient space must be provided on the site so vehicles do not need to reverse off the site or onto or off the road from any site where any of the following apply: (a) four or more parking spaces are served by a single access; (b) there is more than 30m between the parking space and the road boundary of the site; or



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(c) access would be from an arterial road or		
otherwise within a Vehicle Access Restriction		
covered in Standard E27.6.4.1 <del>or</del> (d) vehicle access is required in accordance		
with E27.6.3.4.A.		
Standard E27.6.3.4A Heavy vehicle access	N/A. Vacant lot subdivision is only	
(1) Where a site in a residential zone provides heavy vehicle access it must:	proposed.	
(a) provide sufficient space on the site so an 8m heavy vehicle does not need to reverse onto or off the site or road, with a maximum reverse		
manoeuvring distance within the site of 12m-; and		
(b) provide pedestrian access in accordance with E27.6.6.2.		
(2) Heavy vehicle access and manoeuvring areas associated with access required by E27.6.3.4A.(1) must comply with the tracking		
curves set out in the Land Transport New Zealand Road and traffic guidelines: RTS 18: New Zealand on-road tracking curves for heavy motor vehicles (2007).		
Standard E27.6.3.5 Vertical Clearance	N/A. Vacant lot subdivision is only	
(1) To ensure vehicles can pass safely under overhead structures to access any parking and loading spaces, the minimum clearance between the formed surface and the structure must be:	proposed.	
(a) 2.1m where access and/or parking for cars is provided for residential activities;		
(b) 2.3m where access and/or parking for cars is provided for all other activities;		
(c) 2.5m where access and/or accessible parking for people with-disabilities is provided and/or required; or		
(ca) 2.8m where loading is required for residential activities denoted with an asterisk (*) in Table E27.6.2.7A; or		
(cb) 3.8m where heavy vehicle access in Standard E27.6.3.4A is provided; or		



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(d) 3.8m where loading is required in Table E27.6.2.7 for all other activities.		
Standard E27.6.3.7 Lighting	N/A. Vacant lot subdivision is proposed.	
(1) Lighting is required where there are 10 or more parking spaces which are likely to be used during the hours of darkness. The parking and manoeuvring areas and associated pedestrian routes must be adequately lit during use in a manner that complies with the rules in Section E24 Lighting.		
(2) Lighting is required, in residential zones, serving two or more dwellings where there is no vehicle access or where there are 10 or more parking spaces or 10 or more dwellings (except for dwellings which have separate pedestrian access provided directly from the front door to the road), Pedestrian access must be adequately lit during the hours of darkness in a manner that complies with the rules in Section E24 Lighting Lighting is required, in residential zones to primary pedestrian access, vehicle access, parking and manoeuvring areas, where any of the following apply:  (a) There are four or more dwellings accessible from a primary pedestrian access which is not adjacent to a vehicle access;  (b) There are 10 or more parking spaces; or  (c) There are 10 or more dwellings.		
hours of darkness in a manner that complies with the rules in Section E24 Lighting.		
Standard E27.6.4.3 Width of vehicle access, and queuing and speed management requirements  (1) Every on-site parking and loading space	N. 1041 5.5	
must have vehicle access from a road, with the vehicle access complying with the following standards for width:  (a) passing bays are provided in accordance with Table E27.6.4.3.1; and	No JOALs < 5.5m are greater than 50m. No passing bays required.	



Rule Compliance Non-Compliance

(b) meeting the minimum formed access width specified in Table E27.4.3.2.; and

## Table E27.6.4.3.2 Vehicle crossing and vehicle access widths

Location of site frontage		Number of parking spaces served	Minimum width of crossing at site boundary <sup>1</sup>	Maximum width of crossing at site boundary <sup>1</sup>	Minimum formed access width
(T151)	Residential zones	Serves 10 or more parking spaces	5.5m (two- way)	6.0m (two- way)	5.5m (providing for two-way movements). The formed width is permitted to be narrowed to 2.75m if there are clear sight lines along the entire access and passing bays at 50m intervals are provided. 1.0m-pedestrian access for rear-sites which may-be-located within the formed driveway

<sup>1</sup>Width of crossing at site boundary excludes any adjacent pedestrian access.

\* Provided that a maximum width of 9.0m is permitted where the crossing needs to accommodate the tracking path of large heavy vehicles

(c) meeting the minimum speed management measure spacing specified in Table E27.6.4.3.3.; and

## <u>Table E27.6.4.3.3 Speed management</u> requirements

E	Activity		Length of vehicle access	Location of minimum speed management measures
(	T156A)	Residential zones	Exceeds 30m	Not more than 10m from the site boundary with the legal road; and Not more than 30m spacing between speed management measures.

Note: Where heavy vehicle access and speed management measures are required, the design of speed management measures should include consideration of heavy vehicle requirements.

(d) meeting the minimum requirements specified in E38 Subdivision – Urban Table E38.8.1.2.1 for minimum legal width, minimum vertical clearance from buildings and structures, and minimum inside turning radius for bends.

Note 1

Will not comply. No speed management measures are proposed in relation to JOAL's exceeding 30m's. This is a restricted discretionary activity under rule E27.4.1(A2)



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Minimum vehicle crossing widths to the State Highway network may be greater than those above. All access to the State Highway network requires the approval of the New Zealand Transport Agency under the Government Roading Powers Act 1989. Applicants are advised to contact the New Zealand Transport Agency's Auckland Office.		
Where vehicle accessways are provided, consideration of fire emergency vehicle access is required by the New Zealand Building Code Clause C6.		
Emergency responder access requirements are further controlled by the Building Code. Plan users should refer to the Building Code to ensure compliance can be achieved at building consent stage. Granting of a resource consent does not imply that waivers of Building Code requirements will be granted. Fire and Emergency New Zealand publishes guidance in the context of Building Code requirements.		
Standard E27.6.6 Design and location of pedestrian access in residential zones  (1) Any pedestrian access, in residential zones, serving two or more dwellings, where there is no vehicle access must Where two or more dwellings are proposed in residential zones, primary pedestrian access must be provided which meets the following:  (a) have the minimum pedestrian access width and separation specified in Table E27.6.6.1 for its full length have a minimum formed access width of 1.8m;	N/A. Only vacant lot subdivision is proposed, therefore primary pedestrian access is not required.	
Table E27.6.6.13 Primary Pedestrian aAccess width and separation requirements adjacent to a vehicle access		



Rule Compliance Non-Compliance

				1
Location of frontage	of site	The total nNumber of parking spaces or dwellings served by a vehicle and/or Primary Pedestrian Access	Minimum formed Primary Pedestrian Access width where not adjacent to vehicle access	Minimum formed Primary Pedestrian Access width and separation where adjacent to vehicle access width and separation
(T156A)	Residential zones	Any development where all dwellings have separate pedestrian access provided directly from the front door to the road		No pedestrian access required adjacent to the vehicle access
(T156B)		Serves 1-9 parking spaces or 1-9 dwellings, whichever is the greater		No pedestrian access required adjacent to the vehicle access
(T156A)		Serves 2 – 3 dwellings	<u>1.8m</u>	No requirement under E27.6.6(1) to (3)
(T156BC)		Serves 410 to 19 parking spaces or 410 to 19 dwellings, whichever is the greater-excluding any dwellings which have separate pedestrian access provided directly from the front door to the road	1.8m	4.35 1.4m (including the kerb), which must be vertically separated from trafficable areas and designed to be clear of obstructions, as shown in Figure E27.6.4.3.1.
(T156CD)		Serves 20 or more parking spaces or 20 or more dwellings, whichever is the greater, excluding any dwellings which have separate pedestrian access provided directly from the front door to the road	1.8m	1.8m (including the kerb) which must be vertically separated from trafficable areas and designed to be clear of obstructions, as shown in Figure E27.6.4.3.1-and connected to every dwelling
(T56E)		Serves 1-9 dwellings and requires heavy vehicle access in accordance with E27.6.3.4A		1.35m which must be vertically separated from trafficable areas and designed to be clear of obstructions

Note 1: Works within the legal road, such as connections to public footpaths, require prior approval from Auckland Transport as the road controlling authority. This approval is separate and additional to any land use or subdivision approval required.

- (b) [deleted] provide passing bays in accordance with Table E27.6.6.1;
- (c) meet the maximum gradient, in accordance with Table E27.6.6.2 have a gradient no greater than:
- (i) 1 in 12 for pedestrian access which is not adjacent to vehicle access;
- (ii) the maximum vehicle access gradient as specified in Table E27.6.4.4.1 where the pedestrian access is adjacent to vehicle access;
- (d) [deleted] provide artificial lighting in accordance with Standard E24.6.2;



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(e) have a surface treatment which is firm, stable and slip resistant in any weather conditions;		
(f) provide direct and continuous access to the dwellings from a public footpath;		
(g) be free from permanent obstructions and have a clear height of at least 2.1m unobstructed for its full length.; and		
(h) [deleted] where the pedestrian access is not adjacent to vehicle access and includes steps, provide a step free option as specified in NZS 4121:2001 Design for access and mobility: Buildings and associated facilities.  *Except that a primary pedestrian access is not required for 2-3 dwellings where vehicle access is provided to dwellings.		
(2) A minimum clear width of 3m and a minimum clear height of 2.1m for its full length is required for primary pedestrian access where not adjacent to vehicle access and serving:  (a) up to three dwellings and has a length greater than 50m; or  (b) four or more dwellings.		
(3) For the purposes of (2) above, the clear width may include:  (a) the minimum 1.8m formed primary pedestrian access width;  (b) landscape treatment with a maximum mature height of 600mm;  (c) lighting infrastructure.		
(4) Standards E27.6.6(1), (2) and (3) above do not apply where:  (a) up to three dwellings are proposed on a site and vehicle access is provided to each dwelling; or  (b) a dwelling directly fronts and has direct access to a street.		



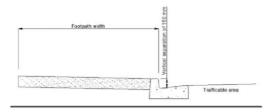
Rule Compliance Non-Compliance

(5) For four or more dwellings in residential zones, pedestrian access must be provided to each parking space within a parking area (excluding garages) consisting of four or more parking spaces served by the same vehicle access and:

(a) have a minimum width of 1.2m;

(b) be vertically separated from trafficable areas as shown in Figure E27.6.4.3.1;

## <u>Figure E27.6.4.3.1 Vertical separation of</u> pedestrian access



(c) connect to the primary pedestrian access or the dwellings associated with those parking spaces;

(d) have a surface treatment which is firm, stable and slip resistant in any weather condition; and

(e) be free from permanent obstructions and have a clear height of 2.1m for its full length.

This standard does not apply where the pedestrian access forms part of a primary pedestrian access.

(2) [deleted] Any pedestrian access in residential zones that is adjacent to a vehicle access serving 10 or more parking spaces or 10 or more dwellings (except for dwellings which have separate pedestrian access provided directly from the front door to the road), whichever is the greater, must:

(a) meet the minimum pedestrian access width and separation specified in Table E27.6.6.3;



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
(b) not exceed the maximum gradient, specified in Table E27.6.6.2;		
(c) have a surface treatment which is firm,		
stable and slip resistant in any weather		
conditions;		
(d) be unobstructed for its full length; and		
(e) where the pedestrian access includes steps,		
provide a step-free option as specified in NZS		
4121:2001 Design for access and mobility:		
<u>Buildings and associated facilities.</u>		
(3) [deleted] Any pedestrian access in		
residential zones that is adjacent to a vehicle		
access serving, to up to nine dwellings (except		
for dwellings which have separate pedestrian access provided directly from the front door to		
the road), which require heavy vehicle access		
in accordance with E27.6.3.4A must:		
(a) meet the minimum pedestrian access width		
and separation specified in Table E27.6.6.3;		
(b) meet the maximum gradient, specified in Table E27.6.6.2;		
(c) provide artificial lighting in accordance with		
Standard E24.6.2;		
(d) have a surface treatment which is firm,		
<u>stable and slip resistant in any weather</u> <u>conditions;</u>		
(e be unobstructed for its full length; and		
(f) where the pedestrian access includes steps,		
a step-free option must be provided as		
specified in NZS 4121:2001 Design for access		
and mobility: Buildings and associated		
<u>facilities.</u>		
Note: Emergency responder		
Note: Emergency responder access requirements are further controlled by the		
Building Code. Plan users should refer to the		
Building Code to ensure compliance can be		
achieved at building consent stage. Granting of		
a resource consent does not imply that waivers		
of Building Code requirements will be granted.		
Fire and Emergency New Zealand publishes		
guidance in the context of Building Code		
requirements.		
Standard E27.6.7 Electric vehicle supply	N/A. Vacant lot	
equipment Provision for electric vehicle	subdivision only is proposed.	
charging	ρι υρυσεα.	
		<u> </u>



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
1. Any dwelling with dedicated car parking		
must provide the following for each car parking		
space to support the charging of electric		
vehicles:		
a) Sufficient space on the switchboard(s) for		
RCD; and		
b) Appropriately sized mains; and		
c) The necessary conduit, cable route and/or		
cable ladders whichever is appropriate.		
Note: this standard does not apply to visitor car		
<del>parking.</del>		
Purpose: to ensure that any undercover car		
parks for new semi-detached dwellings or for		
new dwellings within a terrace or apartment		
building are provided with the capability to		
install Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment.		
(1) Any new dwellings with car parking (with		
the exception of new detached dwellings) must		
provide each undercover car park with the		
capability to install Electric Vehicle Supply		
Equipment with designated space for the		
necessary conduit, circuit and metering between the car park and an electrical		
distribution board on the same building storey,		
or ground level if the car parking space is at		
ground level.		
Note:		
(a) This standard applies to all new dwellings,		
with the exception of new detached dwellings		
(a) his standard does not apply to any car		
parking permanently allocated to visitors.		
parking permanently anocated to visitors.		
Refer to the following standards and		
Refer to the following standards and guidelines:		
- <u>Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules</u> AS/NZS 3000:2018		
- SNZ PAS 6011:2021 Electric Vehicle Charges for Residential Use		
- SNZ PAS 6011:2012 Electric Vehicle		
- SNZ PAS 6011:2012 Electric Vehicle Chargers for Commercial Applications		
- <u>WorkSafe EV charging safety</u> guidelines 2nd addition plus		
addendums 1 and 2		
	N1/A N1 1 11:	
Standard E27.6.8 Electric vehicle charging	N/A - No dwellings are	
<u>stations</u>	proposed. No EV charging	
	structures are proposed on the site.	
	on the site.	



						Еѕт.1970	Orban & Environmental
Rule					Compliance	Non-C	ompliance
(1) Any building or	r struct	ture f	or EV	charging			· '
must:							
(a) Not exceed a	ı maxi	mum	heigh	it above			
ground level of 3m							
and cable support s				_			
(b) If there are m	ore th	an tw	o EV	charging			
structures or EV							
with the front ya	ard an	id lan	dscap	<u>e buffer</u>			
standards of the un	derlyir	ng Zon	ie.				
Chapter E38 Subdiv	ision -	Urbar	า				
Standard E38.8.1.2	. Acces	s to re	ear site	2S			
(1) A single jointly o	wned a	access	s lot or	right-of-	Complies. The proposal		
way easement mus				_	does not propose JOALs or		
proposed rear sites					ROWs that serve more		
					than 10 rear sites.		
(2) Vehicle access	to nro	noseo	l sites	without	Complies. All proposed		
direct vehicular acc	-	-			access lots have been		
must be by way o					designed to a minimum		
owned access lot					legal width of 7m, with a		
over adjoining land	_		-		formed width of 5.5m.		
these mechanisms	, provi	ded t	he tot	al width			
and other dimensi				. ,			
with the standards		le E38	.8.1.2	1 Access			
to rear sites below.							
Table E38.8.1.2.1 A	ccess t						
			number of served				
Minimum legal width	1 3.0m	2 – <u>3</u> 5 3.5m	<u>4-5</u> <u>4.4m</u>	<u>6</u> -6 <u>4</u> - 10 6.9m75-6.5			
Minimum formed width Minimum service strip	2.5m 0.5m	3.0m 0.5m	3.0m 0.5m	5.5m 1.0m			
Maximum length	50m	50m	<u>50m</u>	100m Note 1			
Maximum gradient	1 in 4		1 in 5	Note 1			
Minimum vertical clearance from buildings or structures			3.8m				
Minimum inside turning radius for bends		6	.5m				
Dellus							
Note 1							
For accessways gr	reater	than	50 m	otros in			
length speed management measures should				s should			
be considered. Where vehicle accessways are				ways are			
provided, consideration of fire emergency				nergency			
vehicle access is re	quired	by th	e New	Zealand			
<b>Building Code Claus</b>	<del>se C6.</del>						



Rule	Compliance	Non-Compliance
Emergency responder access requirements are further controlled by the Building Code. Plan users should refer to the Building Code to ensure compliance can be achieved at building consent stage. Granting of a resource consent does not imply that waivers of Building Code requirements will be granted. Fire and Emergency New Zealand publishes guidance in the context of Building Code requirements.		
(3) Accessways serving six or more four to ten rear sites must provide separated pedestrian access, which may be located within the formed driveway.	Complies. All JOALs serving between 4 – 10 sites will be provided with separated pedestrian accesses.	
<ul> <li>(4) The pedestrian access required by E38.8.1.2(3) must meet all of the following:</li> <li>(a) have a minimum width of <u>1.435m_metre</u>;</li> </ul>	Complies.	
(b) can include the service strip; and	Complies.	
(c) be distinguished from the vehicle carriageway through the use of a raised curb or different surface treatment the requirements of Table E27.6.4.3.3 and Figure E27.6.4.3.1 be vertically separated from the vehicle carriageway through the use of a raised kerb as shown in; and		Does not comply. The proposed pedestrian access is not vertically separated. This is a discretionary consent under E38.4.2(A30).
(d) the requirements of Table E27.6.6.2. have a maximum gradient not exceeding the vehicle access gradient standard in Table E38.8.1.2.1.	Complies	
(5) Accessways exceeding 30m in length must meet the speed management measures specified by Table E27.6.4.3.3.		Does not comply. No speed management measures proposed.