Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs



Prepared for National Green Steel Limited

Prepared by Earthtech Consulting Limited

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Client: National Green Steel Limited

Author: Lindsay Strachan, Senior Engineer, CMEngNZ, CPEng

lindsay.strachan@earthtech.co.nz

Reviewer: Aidan Nelson, Principal Geotechnical Engineer, CMEngNZ, CPEng

Earthtech Consulting Limited
47 West Street, PO Box 721, Pukekohe 2340
+64 9 238 3669
admin@earthtech.co.nz

www.earthtech.co.nz

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1. Background

National Green Steel Limited is a specialist steel and metals recovery and recycling company in New Zealand with plants located across the country in Manukau, Auckland and Christchurch. The company largely recovers metal resources from end-of-life vehicles (ELVs), most of which are sent offshore (e.g. India) for processing and upcycling into useable products. Circularity of these resources is not currently embedded in the country since no processing plants are available and/or there is no available capacity. New Zealand's Waste Strategy (MfE, March 2023) emphasises that the country moves towards a Circular Economy (CE), expressing that "We need high-quality systems and infrastructure for the whole country that enable widespread circular management of products and materials, including reuse, repair and recycling."

Aligned to a national vision to achieve a low-emissions, low-waste society, embedding circular economy principles by 2050 in New Zealand, National Green Steel Limited proposes to establish *in-country* processing of recovered metals to recycle ELVs.

The development of a steel smelter and processing facility is proposed at 61 Hampton Downs Road, a property that combines five (5) lots, as shown in Figure 2.1. The steel smelter and processing complex will require the construction of a large main building platform for the proposed arc furnace, mill areas, transformers and switches, stores and administration buildings, covering a combined area of some 21.2ha, as shown in Figures 2.1, 2.2 and Appendix A. The extent of the earthworks for the main platform is 32.7ha, and for the development overall, comprising the *main platform* and several proposed *perimeter platforms*, is approximately 48.7ha across the property area of 53.7ha, as shown in Figures 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4.

Earthtech Consulting Limited conducted site visits on 28 December 2023 and 9 January 2024. Site-specific field work consisting of ten CPTs (cone penetrometer test) and eight hand auger bore logs was undertaken from 25 to 26 January 2024. A piezometer was installed in CPT04. Field mapping was undertaken on 26 March 2024. Additionally, ten test pits were excavated and profiled on 23 April 2025 to directly observe the soil stratigraphy and evaluate soil characteristics for use as fill material in the proposed earthworks. This report provides a preliminary geotechnical assessment based on available information. Preliminary site development geometrics and details of estimated earthworks requirements are provided in this report. Provisional stormwater management and sediment controls have also been included.



2. Site Conditions

2.1 Site Location and Access

The site is located at 61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs, Waikato. Access is via State Highway 1 (SH1), turning west into Hampton Downs Road and entering the property from the northern side via a section of Harness Road and an existing tar-sealed road (turning south).

The Hampton Downs Motorsport Park is located immediately north of the property, and the operational Hampton Downs Landfill site is situated to the west (Figure A below) – both are accessed from Hampton Downs Road. The Hampton Downs Landfill site serves the solid waste disposal needs of the cities of Auckland and Hamilton, as well as several other areas of North Island. The Spring Hill Corrections Facility is situated to the south, as shown in Figure A below. A site location plan is presented in Figure 1.1.



Figure A: The site at 61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs, Waikato, viewing southwards from the hillside on the northern side of Harness Road.

2.2 Site Description

The property comprises five (5) lots: Lot 1 of DPS45893 and Lots 1 to 4 of DP310030. None of the five lots have been developed as rural living lots.

The northern portion of the site is defined by lower-lying flat ground at approximately RL3.5*m*, stepping up to higher ground in the central area varying in elevation from approximately RL7.5*m* to RL10*m*, then stepping up to an area of gently sloping ground varying in elevation from approximately RL12*m* to RL18*m*. The ground then rises moderately to the south, southeast and southwest at an approximate overall grade of 16° to 20°, forming a peripheral *horseshoe* ridge around the proposed development, as shown in Figures 2.1 and 3.1.

An existing farm race (horse track) is situated in the western portion of Lot 1, at an elevation of approximately RL3.5m. The proposed development area is located within an area on the northern and western side of the peripheral *horseshoe*-shaped ridge line (Figure 2.2). A historical aircraft



landing strip is situated on the northwest-facing spur line, on the boundary between Lots 4 and 5, in the southern portion of the site. High ground forming the southern perimeter of the *horseshoe* varies in elevation from approximately RL42*m* to RL51*m*.

Several existing flow paths originate from the ridgeline around the property, draining in a northerly direction. Additionally, several existing man-made farm drains transect the lower-lying ground in Lot 1. Outward-facing slopes from the property, i.e. southeast-facing in Lot 5 and south-facing in Lot 4, are steep with notable slip movement in parts.

2.3 Proposed Development

The proposed development comprises the construction of building platforms and linking embankments, as shown in the layout plan Figure 2.2, long section Figure PD5.1 and cross-sections Figure PD5.2. It is currently envisaged that a large single-level building platform (*main platform*) is to be constructed at the finished platform level of RL14m. Several *perimeter platforms* are to be constructed at provisionally proposed elevations RL14m, RL35m and RL45m, as shown in Figure 2.3, and the long section and cross sections in Figure PD5.1 and Figure PD5.2, respectively. Figures A, B and C below illustrate the proposed development area.



Figure A: Viewing southwards from Hampton Downs Road



Figure B: Viewing westwards from the peripheral access road





Figure C: Viewing eastwards from the hilltop in Lot 5

3. Geological Mapping and Ground Conditions

3.1 Published Geology

The New Zealand Geological Map (GNS Science, <u>Geology 2.0.0 (gns.cri.nz)</u>) indicates only three units underlying the site (Figure 3.1):

- Q1a Taupo Pumice Alluvium referred to as Young Alluvium. This unit underlies the very low-lying ground (≤RL4*m*) and includes numerous open channel drains constructed for farm drainage purposes. The drains discharge to the Waipapa Stream, which is controlled by a pumped outlet into the Waikato River.
- eQa Rhyolitic Terrace Deposits shown on the eastern side of the site and the eastern arm of the *horseshoe*.
- Mwa Amokura Formation underlies the balance of the site. This unit consists of alternating layers of siltstone and sandstone and is a sub-unit of the Waitemata Group rocks.

3.2 Geological Conditions Encountered at Nearby Sites

Earthtech Consulting Limited has direct experience with at least three sites in the vicinity, all of which have been mapped with similar geology. These are:

- i. The Hampton Downs Landfill to the west.
- ii. The Spring Hill Corrections Facility to the south.
- iii. The SH1 interchange to the northeast.

Site-specific investigations at all three sites indicated different conditions to the mapped units; therefore, the mapping needs to be reviewed upon completion of detailed site investigations.



3.3 Historical Photographs

Historical photographs, attached in Appendix C, provide useful information - interpreted as follows:

- 1942: Man-made farm drains constructed across the northern portion, outlet under Harness Road to the northeast, and a *herringbone spine*-like apparent drain conveying seepage waters from the central to southeastern areas of the property. Possibly a farm track running along the drain course. Vegetation along incised seepage lines is clearly visible. Intact steep slopes section close to the boundary in the northern-central portion. Farming activities and small structures are evident to the northeast.
- 1963: Farming buildings in the northeastern portion constructed with established row of trees (windbreak). Central *herringbone spine* drain slightly further extended into the site and additional farm drain in the northern portion. Access track constructed leading off Harness Road in the north and farm track accessing the southeastern area to the boundary (from the farm buildings). Access to the farm buildings from the east, i.e. from the current SH1. Apparent curved exposed crest line close to the southwestern boundary but no evidence of ground movement.
- 1977: Access farm track entering the site on the northeastern boundary and several exposed soil areas across the site where farm track access points have been seemingly located. Farm buildings are more established with small tree grove to the immediate southeast.
- 1986: Construction of large oval race and new buildings and track to the north, just outside the property to the north on the northeastern boundary. Established plant growth along farm drains. New access farm track constructed from farm buildings running along the crest along the southeastern and southern boundary. Airstrip established in southern portion orientated southeast-northwest. Established vegetation in low-lying drainage area in the northwestern portion of the property.
- 1991: New oval-shaped race constructed against the boundary in the northwestern portion and established farm track to Harness Road. Several contour terracettes (from cattle?) to the southwest. Peripheral access track extends further along the crest around the southeastern and southern boundaries. Cutting down of windbreak treeline apparent near farm buildings.
- Well-established vegetation in the northern portion of the property. Significant vegetation growth in the localised landslide northwest of the farm buildings. Peripheral access track extends further (along the crest around the southeastern and southern boundaries), accessing through the gully area to the southwest. Both previously mentioned races grassed over but still visible. Apparent borrow site to the west of the airstrip. Depression and ground cracking evident in this photo in the southwestern portion of the property. No immediately visible indication of ground movement along the southern portion of the site.



3.4 Ground Conditions Encountered on the Site

Analysis of the electronic cone penetrometer testing (CPT) data is included in Appendix B, together with the hand auger logs and test pit logs. Refusal of the CPT probe is expected to be on the surface of the weak Amokura rock. Borehole drilling is required to confirm this assumption and to prove piling depths to at least six pile diameters below the refusal depth.

Test pit excavations (Test Pits TP1A, TP2-2, TP2-5, TP2-6, TP5, TP7, TP8, TP9, TP11A and TP11B) provided valuable physical checks against CPT data (or signatures) as well as key findings on the insitu characteristics of the soil types across the Green Steel site. By and large, a close correlation can be established with comparative CPT signatures, which can be applicable to any further CPT investigation. Several notes added to the test pit logs, e.g. *good fill material*, refer to the in-place characteristics of the soils encountered - applicable for potential use as cut-to-fill material. The information gained thus relates to soil characteristics, i.e. field moisture content, soil strength, plasticity and estimated conditioning requirements.

Ground conditions encountered comprise:

i. Topsoil

Allow for 0.2m to 0.4m depth.

ii. Gully Alluvium

All site gullies are expected to include weak alluvium, which consists of saturated, highly variable soft to firm silts and clays with organic matter (essentially slope wash re-deposited on top of vegetation by large storm events). Gully alluvium may require undercutting and placement in spoil heaps or landscape fill areas. The gullies are present within the *horseshoe* – approximately above RL5*m*.

iii. Stream Alluvium (Qla) – Young Alluvium

The large low-lying area has been influenced by the ancestral Waikato River and is likely to be underlain by weak peat deposits and soft organic silts. The deposits are some 6*m* deep and prone to severe settlement if loaded. The *peat soils*, or mixed organic clayey soils identified in TP1A, typifies the stream alluvium soils encountered (Figures PD5.1 and PD5.2).

Roads may require reinforcement over such soils, e.g. by placement of geogrid reinforcing layers. No significant structures should be placed in these areas unless fully undercut, preloaded or piled. Stockpiles of materials could be located by placing geogrids directly on the surface crust, followed by construction of a hardfill platform up to 1*m* thick. Settlements of 500*mm* to 1,000*mm* are expected to occur over time.



iv. Amokura Formation (Mwa)

This is the "bedrock material" which is expected to underlie the entire area to depths of

hundreds of metres thick, overlying greywacke at $500m^+$. The unit is very similar to the alternating sandstones and siltstones exposed as sea cliffs along Tamaki Drive in Auckland.

Weathering depth is typically 3m to 10m, forming a highly plastic clay crust.

The unit underlies large areas of the Auckland Region, with the soil profile only workable

during the summer months. The bedrock itself is easily worked as engineered fill. The unit (and any engineered fill) is suitable for light structures with a design allowable bearing capacity

of 100kPa (ultimate bearing capacity of 300kPa).

No Amokura Formation has been identified on the site surface. The geological information

suggests that the Amokura was eroded to low levels (below RL20m), followed by deposition

of significant depths of alluvium – shown as Terrace Alluvium. At this stage of the

 $investigation, there \ appears \ to \ be \ little \ to \ no \ Amokura \ material \ within \ the \ cut/fill \ profile \ shown.$

Mapping of the southeast area slopes outside of the *horseshoe* indicates large-scale and deep-seated instability due to erosion at the toe by the ancestral Waikato River. This zone is clear of

the development site.

Highly loaded structures can be founded on bored piles which are typically socketed 2m to 6m

into the bedrock. Piling in this unit is very common in the Auckland Region. The CPT refusal

depth in all profiles has been interpreted as weak Amokura rock. This must be confirmed with

borehole drilling.

v. Kaawa Formation (Pk)

This is a very sand-rich profile that was identified on the prison site. It is better suited to bulk

earthworks than the weathered Amokura Formation.

The Kaawa Formation is not geologically mapped on or near the site but may be present in

CPT11. Drilling is required to confirm this. Kaawa sands are exposed in the deep road cutting

to the north of the site.

vi. Rhyolitic Terrace Deposits (eQa) – Terrace Alluvium

These appear to overlie the Amokura Formation in all areas above RL4m and consist of

ancestral river terraces. Materials can be highly variable and prone to some settlement under

high fill loads or high building loads. Further testing (i.e. soil laboratory analysis of test pit

samples) is required ahead of detailed design.

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vii. Hamilton-Kauroa Ashes (H-K Ash)

This has been identified as a 1m to 3m mantle over some of the higher ground. The material

consists of stiff to very stiff sandy clay that reworks easily as engineered fill.

The unit is not mapped but was identified in some track cuttings and gully erosion areas.

viii. Karapiro Formation (eQk)

This is mapped 1km or more to the west but is easily confused with the Rhyolitic Terrace

deposits (eQa). The material is generally a sensitive silt; cut to waste or use with caution.

ix. Whangamarino Formation

Not mapped but found on-site to the west, below the Karapiro Foundation. The material has a

low pH and can affect concrete structures. Generally cut to waste and needs to be capped if

exposed.

x. Fill

Fill has been identified in CPT07 on the old airstrip. There is also fill on the low-lying ground

above RL4m.

Lowering the proposed building platform, possibly segmented into a series of stepped platforms, will

increase some cut depths and reduce the volume of compacted fill required. Interpretation of the CPT

data has been applied to the sections (Figures PD5.1 and PD5.2); however, these units may change

with more detailed investigations.

Test pit excavations and profiling has allowed for direct observation and logging of soil stratigraphy,

as well as the identification of in-situ soil characteristics in the upper 4 to 6*m* depth soil profile across the site. A tabulated summary of all test pits, including soil descriptions, consistency and engineering

earthworks suitability, is presented in Table 1. Specific to test pit investigations, the following was

encountered:

• *Topsoil* of 0.1*m* to 0.2*m* thickness is consistently present across all test pits.

• Terrace Alluvium forms the dominant soil type beneath the topsoil across the site. It consists

primarily of clayey silts with minor sand of varying consistency/strength from firm to very

stiff. This unit is moderately to highly plastic and good for cut-to-fill operations after minor

drying.

• Ash soils (*H-K Ash*) at the TP2-5, TP2-6, and TP8 locations are very stiff to hard, and their

properties (plasticity and remoulded strength characteristics) make them suitable for

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engineered fill material. These soils will require short conditioning times for optimal placement.

- Organic and poor materials were observed in:
 - o TP1A: organic clays and peat-like material encountered at shallow depths with high plasticity and moisture content, unsuitable for engineered fill material. Note: the existing surface was found to be firm in-situ, displaying very little penetration of the tracks of the 13t excavator. We suggest placing the fill material directly on this surface.
 - \circ TP7: Soft clayey silt with organics (at 3m to 3.5m depth, i.e. approximately at RL11.5m to RL12m) of low undrained shear strength (Su), which may require undercutting.
- Dense silty sands (TP5, TP9) represent good fill material. The presence of Kaawa Sands appeared to be the geology encountered at the TP5 and TP9 locations. This could be proven by core drilling.
- Groundwater and Moisture Observations:
 - Water ingress was noted at 1.2m depth (\sim RL2.6m) in TP1A and 4.5m depth (\sim RL9.7m) in TP7. Groundwater was not observed in other test pit locations.
- Geological Contacts
 - Amokura Formation was encountered at depth >3.5m in TP7, confirming earlier CPT interpretation.
- Probable *Kaawa Sands* at TP5 location encountered at depth >4m.

Grab samples were taken at 1m depth intervals from all test pits and placed in core boxes, allowing for additional assessment. Soil sample "cores" are shown in photographs attached in Appendix B3.



Table 1: Test pit summary of soil types and characteristics across the Green Steel site.

Test Pit	Depth (m)	Soil description	Engineering Suitability Comment	Consistency
TP1A	3.5	Organic clays and peat. Hardened crust surface. Groundwater at 1.2 <i>m</i> .	Unsuitable for engineered fill. Either undercut or leave in-situ and expect settlement under load.	Firm to very soft. Hardened crust surface.
TP2-2	4.0	Clayey silts. Groundwater not encountered.	Suitable for engineered fill, est. half-day conditioning required	Very stiff to hard
TP2-5	6.0	Ash soils (clayey silts) and clayey silts. Groundwater not encountered.	Good fill material – est. one-day drying required	Very stiff
TP2-6	5.0	Ash soils (clayey silts) and clayey silts. Groundwater not encountered.	Very good fill material, est. half-day to one-day drying required	Very stiff to hard
TP5	4.5	Clayey silts (up to 4 <i>m</i>), silty sands (Kaawa Sands) from 4 <i>m</i> . Groundwater not encountered.	Good fill material (in-situ) for direct cut-to-fill	Very stiff Medium-dense to dense sands
TP7	5.0	Clayey silts and some silty sands. Clayey silts with organics at 3m to 3.5m. Amokura silty sands >3.5m. Groundwater at 4.5m.	sands. Clayey silts with organics at 3m to 3.5m. Amokura silty sands >3.5m. Groundwater at	
TP8	4.5	Ash soils (clayey silts) and clayey silts. Groundwater not encountered.	Good fill material, est. one-day drying required.	Very stiff to hard
TP9	5.0	Clayey silts (0.2 <i>m</i> -2 <i>m</i>), clayey sandy silts (2 <i>m</i> -4 <i>m</i>), silty sands (Kaawa Sands) >4 <i>m</i> depth. Groundwater not encountered.	Good fill material throughout TP depth, est. half-day drying required.	Very stiff to hard. Medium-dense to dense sands.
TP11A	5.5	Clayey silts. Groundwater not encountered	Good fill material. Est. one-day drying required.	Very stiff to hard.
TP11B	6.0	Clayey silts. Groundwater not encountered	Good fill material - workable with minor drying. Below 4.4 <i>m</i> , est. one-day drying required.	Very stiff.

3.5 Key Engineering Properties

• All organic soils, including peats to be cut to spoil or landscaping embankment fill, preloaded (requires specific design), or left in place where large settlements are acceptable.

- All terrace deposits are potentially compressible and need to be confirmed for strength and depth. The base of the ancestral Waikato River is approximately RL-5m, thus limiting the maximum depth to the terrace deposits.
- For bulk fill, target Amokura Formation (both weathered and unweathered) or Kaawa Formation if present. Neither of these have been positively identified within the cut profiles. Limited quantities of H-K Ash were present.
- Design preliminary cut and fill slopes at 1 on 3 unless retained. Note that there is obvious landslip movement on the outer slopes of the *horseshoe*. Detailed investigation of these areas may provide valuable information on the nature of the terrace deposits and possibly identify and confirm the Amokura bedrock.
- The Amokura Formation slopes are prone to gully failures, rotational failures, and, in some
 areas, deep-seated block slides controlled by very thin clay seams. The mapping walkover
 indicated large-scale instability on the southern and southwestern boundary of the site (i.e. clear
 of the inner *horseshoe* development area).
- All silts and clays are prone to shrink/swell movements.
- All gullies and drains will require undercutting and inclusion of subsoil drains.
- The liquefaction risk is low in these materials but cannot be ruled out entirely. Seismic design will need to be applied to all major structures, office buildings and workshop areas.

3.6 Geotechnical Design Parameters

A combination of site-specific sampling and laboratory testing, interpretation of in-situ test results (shear vane, CPT and SPT values), and published literature were used to derive shear strengths for the various materials and combinations of materials encountered on the nearby sites. Properties of the in-situ soils that are anticipated to be encountered on-site are provided in Table 2 below.

Table 2: Provisional Soil Properties of the 61 Hampton Downs Road Site

	Cohesion	Friction Angle	Unit Weight
	c'	Φ'	γ
Stream Alluvium (Young Alluvium)	1 <i>kPa</i>	25°	$12kN/m^3$
Rhyolitic Terrace Deposits (Old Alluvium)	4kPa	28°	$18kN/m^3$
Compacted Amokura Formation (Bulk Fill)	10 <i>kPa</i>	36°	$20kN/m^3$
Compacted Kaawa Formation (Bulk Fill)	5kPa	36°	$18kN/m^3$
Compacted Hamilton-Kauroa (H-K) Ash	10 <i>kPa</i>	30°	$18kN/m^3$



4. Seismic Design Considerations

The site is classified subsoil class C in terms of NZS1170:5, and seismic Importance Level 2 has been adopted for the proposed development with a 100-year design life – for ordinary consequences of failure presenting a low degree of hazard to life and other property.

Peak Ground Accelerations (PGA's) and magnitudes for use in seismic design have been adopted from Earthquake Geotechnical Engineering Practice Module 1 (NZGS, 2021) for the Huntly area, this being the closest location (Table A1 of Appendix A, NZGS, 2021). This includes current guidance on PGA and magnitude values for use in geotechnical design with respect to recent updates to the New Zealand Seismic Hazard Model. There are no active fault lines running through the site or near the property. The seismic design parameters for the site are as follows:

Design Event	PGA	Magnitude
Serviceability Limit State, SLS (1/25yr)	0.06g	5.8
Ultimate Limit State, ULS (1/500yr)*	0.24g	5.8

^{*} Governed by minimum design criteria.

5. Groundwater Regime

Groundwater was identified on the site on the lower terrace area to the north of the property at approximately 0.5*m* to 1*m* below existing ground level. Groundwater level was dipped (measured) in the CPT04 piezometer as 1.9*m* below ground level, translating to approximately RL4*m*. Groundwater level can, provisionally, be considered to be at approximately RL2.5*m* to RL4*m*. Several groundwater seepages were identified in the geotechnical mapping shown in Figure 2.1, found to emanate between approximately RL25*m* and RL35*m* inside the *horseshoe* (refer to Figures 2.1 and 3.1) area of the site.

Groundwater level can be expected to be perched upslope as indicated in CPT07, encountered at approximately 3m below existing ground level at this location (Figure 2.1). Boreholes will need to confirm the actual groundwater depth above RL4m areas.

Sandy soils below the groundwater table are potentially liquefiable but generally too old to be of concern.

6. Earthworks

6.1 Platform Layout

The smelter complex will require the construction of a single large main building platform for the proposed arc furnace, mill areas, stores and administration buildings, and an additional raised platform for transformers and switches, as shown in Figures 2.1, 2.2 and in the proposed provisional plant layout in Appendix A. The extent of the earthworks for the development, comprising the *main platform* and several proposed *perimeter platforms*, is shown in Figures 2.2, 2.3 and 2.4.



6.2 Cut and Fill Footprints

The main building platform (*main platform*) is to be constructed at finished platform level of RL14*m*, with a secondary *MRSS platform* elevated at RL19*m* situated in the southeastern corner for the MRSS equipment, i.e. transformer(s), switchgears, switches. Several *perimeter platforms* are to be constructed at provisionally proposed elevations RL14*m* and RL35*m*, as shown in Figure 2.2, and the long section and cross sections in Figure PD5.1 and Figure PD5.2, respectively.

Final proposed contours and extent of earthworks shown in Figures 2.2 and 2.3 show encroachment into the mapped area of large-scale instability. This area will require site-specific investigation and geotechnical design to establish suitable platform arrangements. Indicative cut and fill depths are illustrated in Figure 2.4. The balance of earthworks is provisionally some $-17,120m^3$ (minor deficit) from $1,918,000m^3$ cut and $1,935,120m^3$ fill, i.e. $\sim 1(\text{cut}):1(\text{fill})$. Fills over the peat soils can be expected to settle by 2m and possibly more, and other probable undercuts may be required across the platform areas. This 'surplus' material is expected to be fully utilised.

As previously mentioned, the development area is situated within the *horseshoe* area on the northern and western side of an existing peripheral *horseshoe*-shaped ridge line. Earthworks involving large cuts and fills will be required to provide suitable platforms within the available area (Figure 2.4). Estimated volumes are provided in Table 3 below. Cut slopes not exceeding 1(v) on 3(h), i.e. 18.4°, are recommended around the platform areas at this stage, which have been adopted for the final contours in Figure 2.3. Possible retaining may be required along the platform intersect lines to suit the required fitment.

Undercuts of up to 1m to 2m may be required across the soils of the northern part of the main platform, and possibly 0.5m elsewhere could be anticipated. This is to be determined by further investigation. Our experience on neighbouring sites is that there could be a variance in geology across sections of the proposed development area, and unfavourable soils for engineered fill may be encountered. Allowance for such (spoil) volumes is provided in Table 3. The main platform area is $212,000m^2$; thus, an estimated 0.5m of undercut = $106,000m^3$. Estimated undercut across the *perimeter platforms* is $20,000m^3$.

Applying geosynthetic soil reinforcement materials, such as geogrids, may enhance geotechnical design requirements and potentially reduce the cost of earthworks and soil foundations. Extensive preloading was used on the adjacent Springhill Corrections Facility site to reduce predicted long-term settlements in some of the terrace alluvium areas.

Any earthworks surplus material, if encountered, will require either placement to a stockpile terrace, utilised for the construction of a screening embankment, used as landscaping material, or the platforms could be raised (or lowered) to accommodate this net volume difference. However, any surplus can be expected to be largely lost in the settlement of the required fills across the site and remaining material utilised for landscaping.



Table 3: Estimated Preliminary Cut and Fill Volumes

Platform	Cut	Fill	Possible Undercut and/or Unsuitable Material		
	(m³)	(m³)	(m³)		
Main	1,033,800	878,700	Est. 106,000		
Perimeter	254,100	215,800	Est. 20,000		
Totals	$1,287,900m^3$	$1,094,500m^3$	$126,000m^3$		
Monofills	$504,100m^3$	$0m^3$			
Adjusted fill (allowing for undercuts)	$+126,000m^3$	$+126,000m^3$			
Adjusted fill (allowing for use of excess fill material)	$+0m^{3}$	+714,620 <i>m</i> ³			
Adjusted Totals	1,918,000m ³	1,935,120m ³			
Variance	-1%				

^{*}Earthworks cut/fill balance overall is an estimated -17,120m³

7. Subsoil Drainage

Suitably engineered subsoil drainage is to be provided below or within the proposed building platforms. Subsoil drains are required to be constructed prior to the placement of compacted engineered fill of the embankments and building platforms to provide both appropriate drainage from the foundations and a secure and stable toe zone for the building platforms.

Subsoil drainage waters should be drained to inspection chambers to allow for functionality checks, possible flushing and quality monitoring where required.

8. Stormwater Drainage and Management

The proposed development is situated largely within a single catchment area, noted earlier as an inner *horseshoe* area, and stormwater flows can be suitably channelled around the site by strategically located contour drains. The final disposal and discharge of stormwater into and from the property will be determined at the detailed design stage. Attenuation ponds are likely to be required to reduce the impact of peak flows off roofs and paved areas. We understand the client's intention to capture and store rainwater runoff from roofed areas.

The nearest rainfall gauging station is located at Meremere, which provides rainfall data dating back to the 1960s. Preliminary design rainfall is as follows:

Allow: Ten minutes duration rainfall intensity (in mm/hr) for New Zealand shall be determined for ARIs of 10 years (10% AEP) and 50 years (2% AEP) using rainfall frequency duration information available from: the National Institute for Water and Atmospheric Research (NIWA) High Intensity Rainfall Design Systemu (HIRDS). [use: HIRDS V4 (Oct. 2023), https://hirds.niwa.co.nz/]

Design rainstorm event (50 years) = 24 hours 10% AEP storm of 99.7mm, i.e. 100mm (depth in 24 hours).



The catchment area is 40*ha*; thus, several stormwater retention ponds (SRPs) for a 5*ha* design are to be provided, possibly along with stormwater buffering storage ponds. Existing farm drains can be appropriately utilised for stormwater and sediment controls. Preliminary stormwater and sediment controls are indicatively shown in Figure 6.1.

A combined Earthworks Management Plan and Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) has been prepared to support a Resource Consent application for the proposed Green Steel Project development by Earthtech (2025a). The ESCP has been prepared in general accordance with the Waikato Regional Council Technical Report No. 2009/02 *Erosion and Sediment Control Guidelines for Soil Disturbing Activities, January* 2009 (TR2009/02), and supporting factsheets.

9. Erosion and Sediment Control

Earthworks will require careful engineering and management with the provision of strategically positioned stormwater retention and settlement/stilling pond(s). There will be a staging of erosion and sediment control measures, detailed in the ESCP (Earthtech, 2025a), as the construction of the main platform progresses from the cut earthworks from the southern areas. Synchronisation with the earthworks, construction and operation will be crucial. Figure 6.1 provides preliminary details for the enabling works that must be in place at 'Day 1', showing the placement of erosion and silt control infrastructure as well as stormwater sediment retention ponds (SRPs).

10. Stability

There are no identifiable concerns with instability within the *horseshoe* development area of the site. Areas of large-scale instability have been mapped on the geotechnical mapping plan (Figure 2.1). As previously mentioned, final proposed contours and extent of earthworks shown in Figures 2.2 and 2.3 indicate encroachment into the mapped area of large-scale instability. This area will require site-specific investigation and geotechnical design to establish suitable platform arrangements.

Ongoing erosion and creep can be expected along the steep slopes away from the *horseshoe*, i.e. along the southeastern, southern and southwestern boundaries. The localised landslide area to the northwest of the farm buildings has shown very little to no change in the last 80 years and lies outside the *main platform* area.

11. Conclusions and Recommendations

- i. The proposed development comprises the construction of a main building platform (*main platform*) at a provisional finished platform level of RL14m, with a secondary MRSS platform elevated at RL19m. The latter is to be situated in the southeastern corner for the transformer(s), switchgears and electrical switching. Several *perimeter platforms* are to be constructed at provisionally proposed elevations RL14m and RL35m.
- ii. Limited site investigations indicate the ground conditions as interpreted and shown in the sections. The difference between geological units is not easily identified by the CPTs and could be significant



in relation to earthworks parameters in particular. Several (10 No) test pits were excavated and profiled in April 2025, providing useful cross-checking interpretation of the CPT signatures. Investigations on neighbouring sites indicated different conditions to the mapped units. Hence, current site mapping (Figure 2.1) may require review with additional site investigation data.

- iii. It is recommended that the preliminary design of cut and fill slopes be at 1(v) on 3(h) unless retained.
- iv. For bulk fill material, the Amokura Formation should be targeted (both weathered and unweathered), but preliminary data indicates little cut in these materials. Limited quantities of H-K Ash are present, and Kaawa Sands were also encountered on the property, both representing suitable soil types for engineered fill.
- v. The Amokura Formation slopes are prone to potential gully failures, rotational failures, and in some areas (and encountered on nearby sites) to deep-seated block slides controlled by very thin clay seams. A preliminary walkover indicated large-scale instability effects on the western boundary of the site (i.e. clear of the inner *horseshoe* development area). Such instability would be overcome by excavation and lowering of the western/southwestern areas, as is intended by a proposed monofill site (Earthtech, 2025b).
- vi. All silts and clays are prone to shrink/swell movements, and further earthworks (laboratory) testing is required.
- vii. All gullies and drains will require undercutting and the inclusion of subsoil drains.
- viii. The site is subsoil class C in terms of NZS1170:5, and seismic Importance Level 2 has been currently adopted for the proposed development with a 100-year design life. Liquefaction risk is expected to be low to negligible in these materials.
- ix. The application of geosynthetic soil reinforcement materials, such as geogrids, can be considered to enhance geotechnical design requirements and potentially reduce the cost of earthworks and soil foundations.
- x. The proposed platform layout design translates to a required fill of some 1,033,800m³ and total cut volume of approximately 878,700m³. With consideration of possible undercuts, estimated cut and fill volumes are 1,287,900m³ and 1,094,500m³, respectively. It is recommended that the final geometrics of the platforms only be adjusted following site investigations to verify ground conditions and volumes of suitable material for engineered fill.
 - Fills over the peat soils can be expected to settle significantly, and any estimated 'surplus' (cut/fill balance) material is expected to be fully utilised.
- xi. A minimum design 24-hour rainstorm depth of 100mm is recommended.



Groundwater seepages encountered across the site can be suitably diverted and conveyed to discharge xii. areas within the property boundary.

xiii. Stormwater and sediment can be appropriately managed on this site with the application of

recommended controls. Sediment control measures will require the strategic placement of stormwater

retention ponds (SRPs) and silt/sediment control fences during the development phase of the proposed

project.

xiv. With application of appropriate engineering design, there is adequate available land to develop the

proposed arc furnace project on this site and to suitably manage the diversions and discharges of

stormwater and groundwater within the property boundary.

Geotechnically, we are confident that the site is suitable for the proposed development, provided XV.

engineering recommendations are followed, and further geotechnical investigations are conducted

ahead of detailed design, as indicated in this report.

12. Next Steps

Some of the materials are highly sensitive and are generally not suited to compacted fill platforms. No significant quantity of Amokura Formation material has been identified in the cut areas. Given the scale of

the proposed earthworks, further investigations should include:

1. Deep machine boreholes to recover full soil profiles for logging and laboratory testing (recommend

eight boreholes).

2. Laboratory testing of test pit samples obtained to gain key geotechnical information on soil

characteristics for cut materials, including Atterberg Limits and compaction curve testing.

3. The installation of standpipe piezometers will be used to identify the groundwater levels under the

proposed building platforms (estimate four piezometers).

4. Note: the boreholes should be taken at least six pile diameters (say 6m) below the top of rock level

(currently identified as CPT refusal depth).

13. Drawings Disclaimer

The are several drawings attached to this report, numbered as Figure 1.1 through 6.1, which are referred to

in the technical content of this Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report. Certain details may differ

slightly from similar drawings (Figures) appearing in other technical reports we have authored for the Green

Steel project. This is primarily due to revision updates which are specific to the report. The Green Steel

Project Development Drawings (PDDs), numbered PD5.1 and PD5.2, attached to this report, are consistent

throughout our reports - current to the revision and date shown.

EARTHTECH

14. References

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2020: Waikato stormwater management guideline. Erosion and sediment

control guidelines for soil disturbing activities (TR2009/02).



EARTHTECH

Earthtech Consulting Ltd.

P.O. Box 721, Pukekohe Phone: 64 9 238 3669 Email: admin@earthtech.co.nz

61 HAMPTON DOWNS ROAD

Site Location Plan					DRAWING NO.: FIG. 1.1			
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							CRS:	NZTM



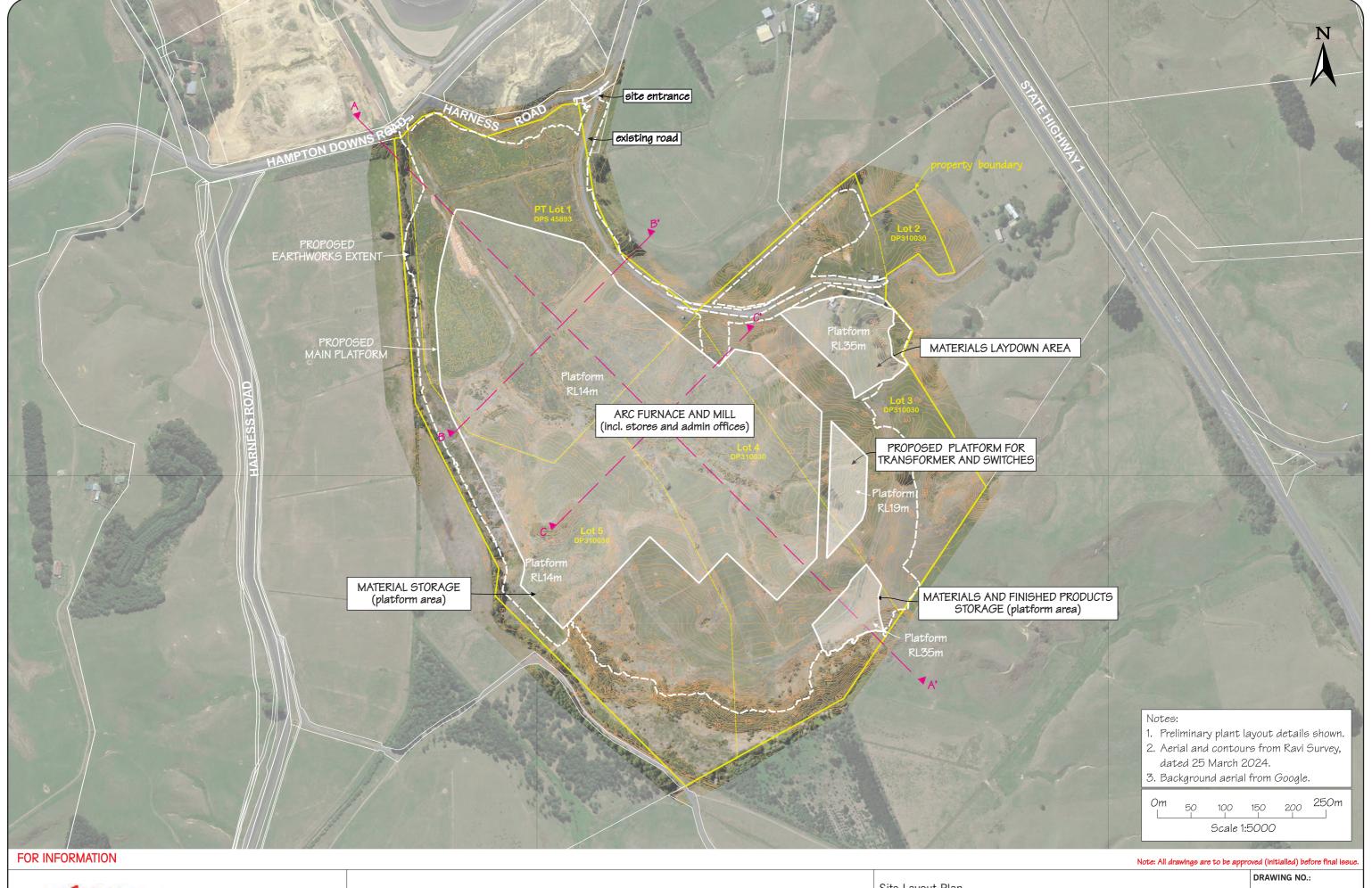
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61 HAMPTON DOWNS ROAD

Site Ir	nvestiga	ation and Mapping Plan					DRAWIN F	IG. 2.1	
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В	29-04-24	FOR REPORT R4392-2 REV B	L.S	A.N	S.SW	8/2	SCALE:	1:5000	
С	03-03-25	UPDATE PLATFORM	L.S	A.N	S.SW		SCALE:	1:3000	J
D	28-04-25	ADD TEST PITS	L.S	A.N	S.SW		CRS:	Mt Eden 2000	
F	20-05-25	UPDATE FARTHWORKS EXTENT	L.S	A.N	S.SW		DATUM:	AVD46	/



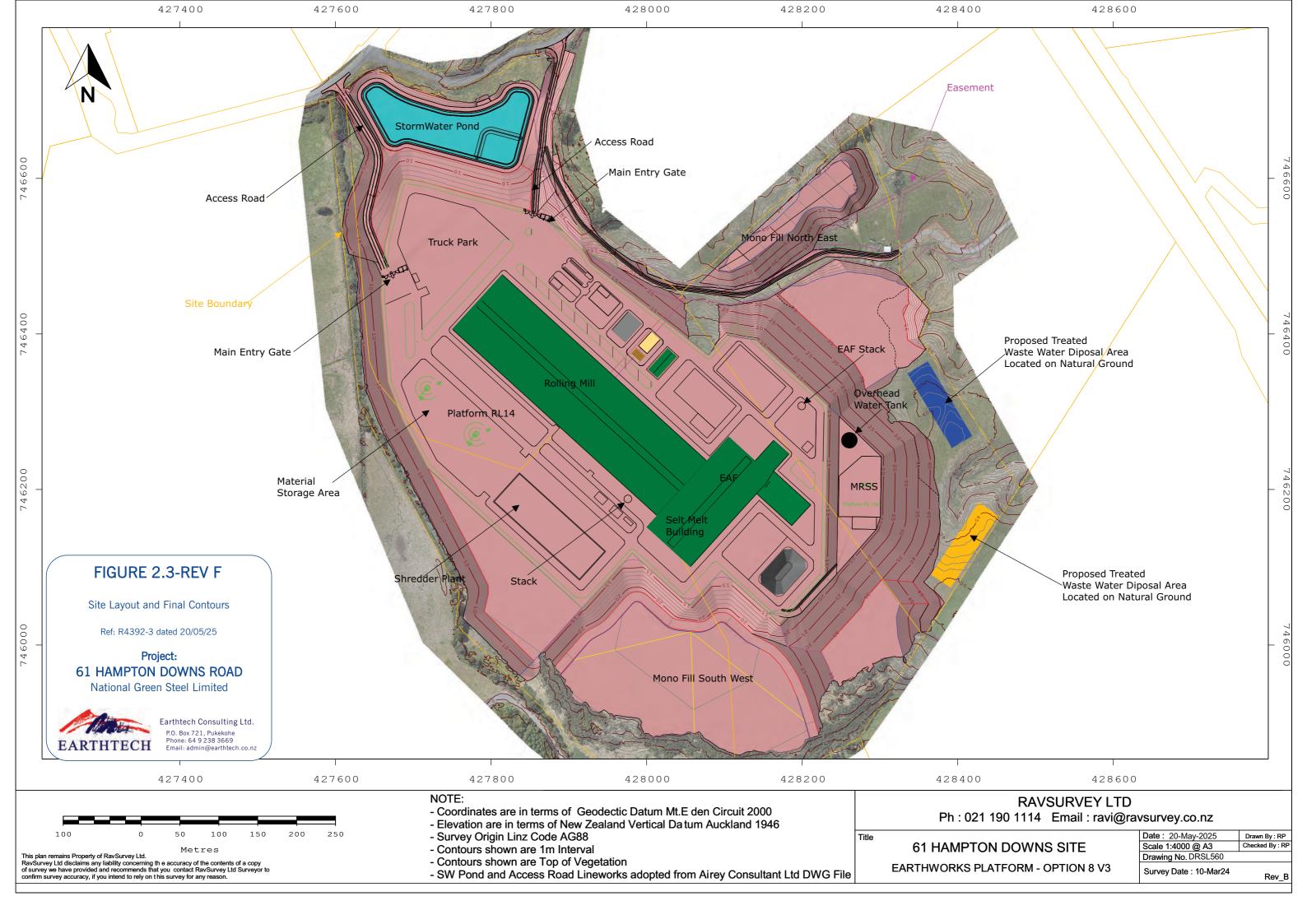
EARTHTECH

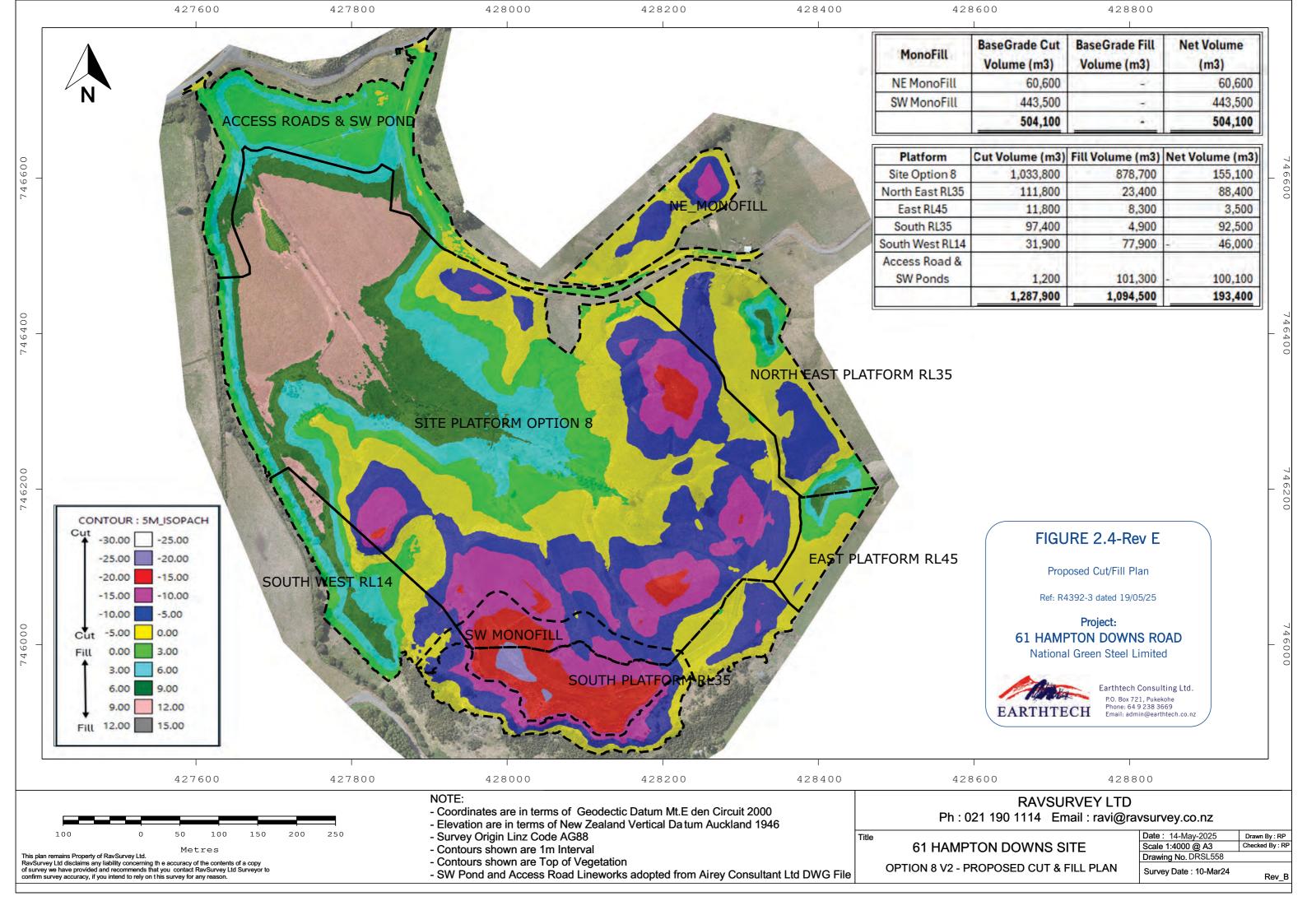
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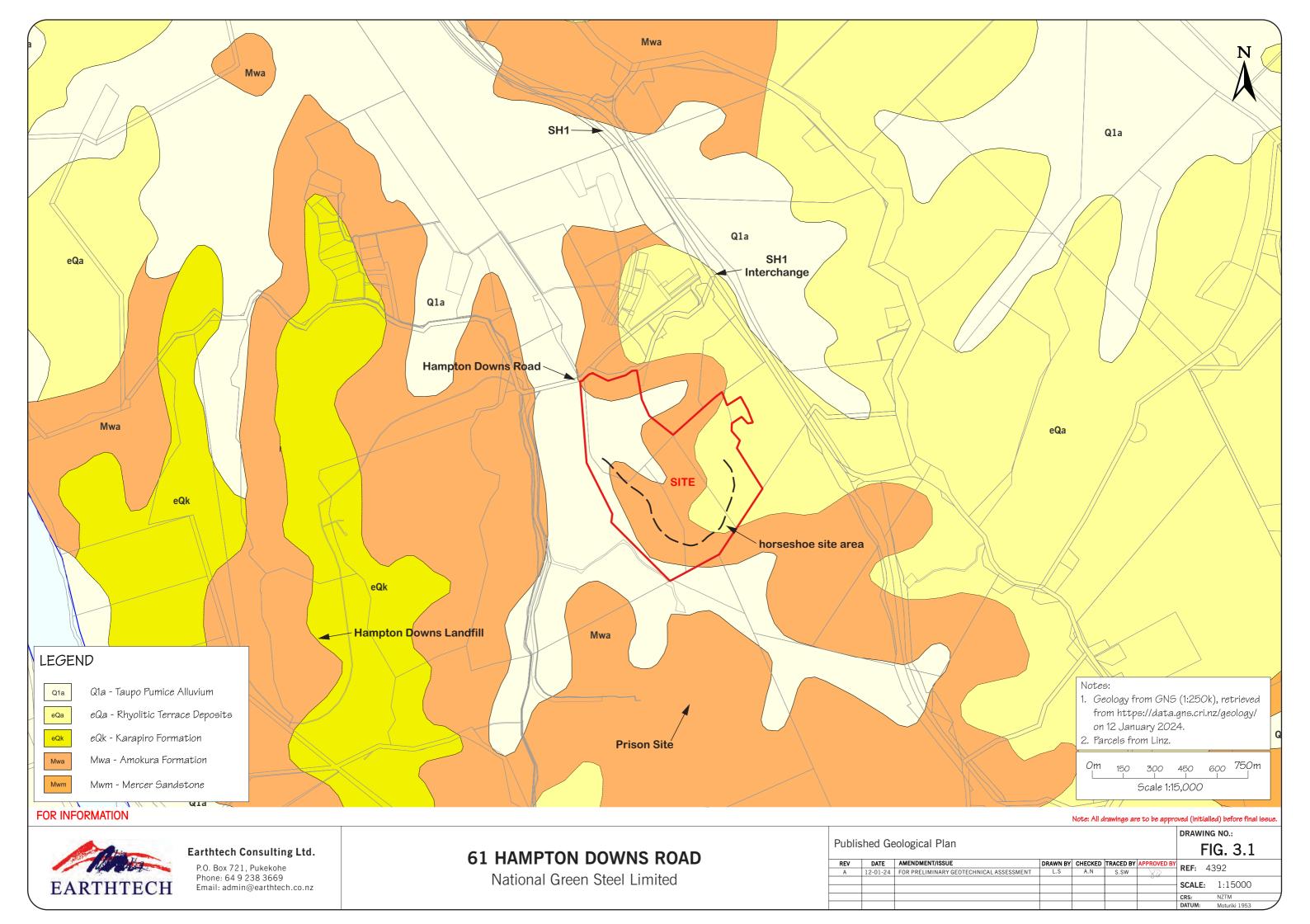
P.O. Box 721, Pukekohe Phone: 64 9 238 3669 Email: admin@earthtech.co.nz

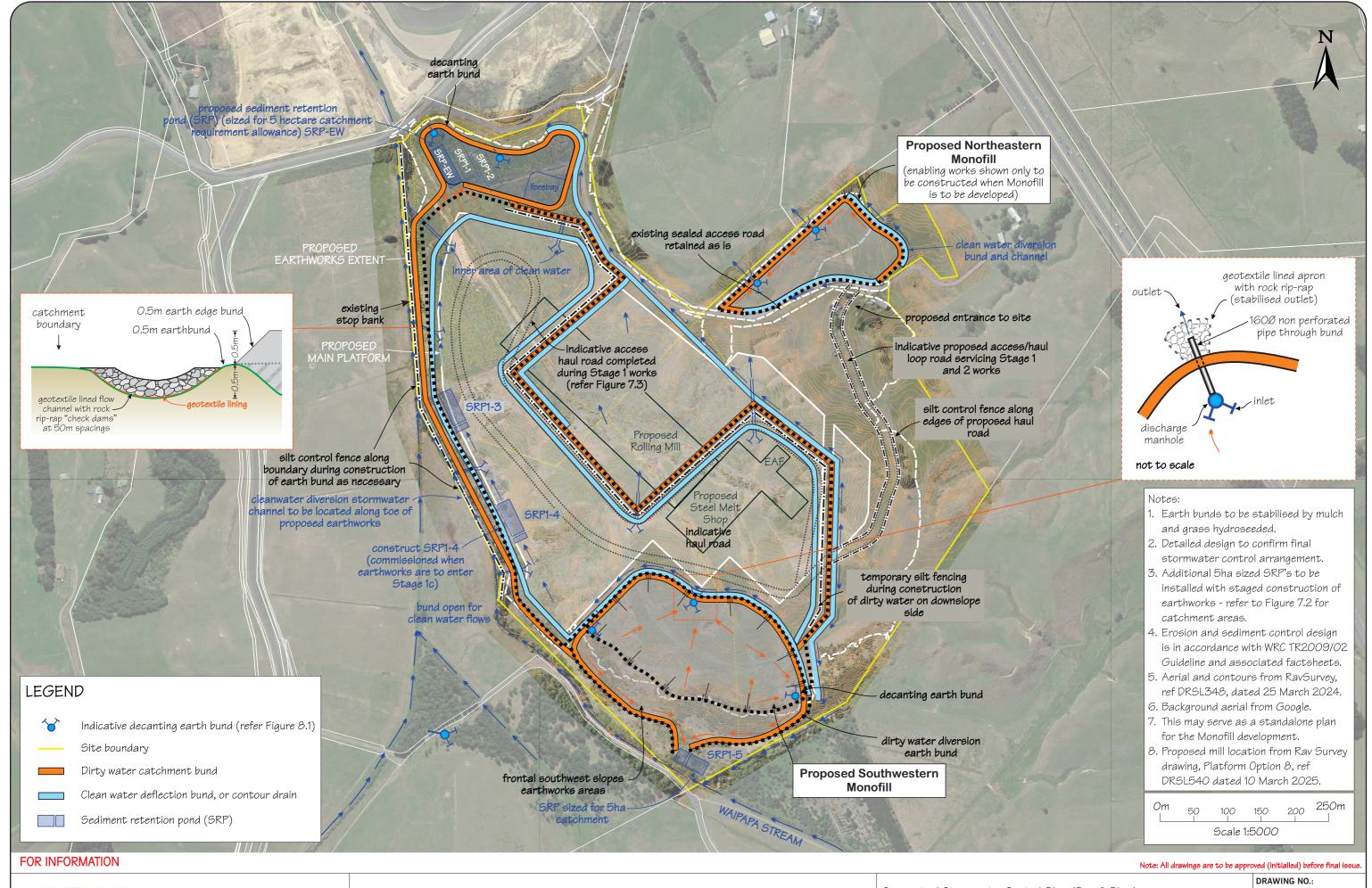
61 HAMPTON DOWNS ROAD

	Site L	ayout F	Plan						FIG. 2.2	
ĺ	REV	DATE	AMENDMENT/ISSUE	DRAWN BY	CHECKED	TRACED BY	APPROVED BY	DEE.	4392-R2	
l	Α	23-04-24	FOR REPORT R4392-2 REV A	L.S	A.N	S.SW	- VD	KEF:	4392-82	
I	В	29-04-24	FOR REPORT R4392-2 REV B	L.S	A.N	S.SW	800	SCALE	1.5000	
I	С	03-03-25	UPDATE PLATFORMS	L.S	A.N	S.SW	10-6	SCALE	1:3000	
I	D	20-05-25	UPDATE PLATFORMS	L.S	A.N	S.SW		CRS:	NZTM	
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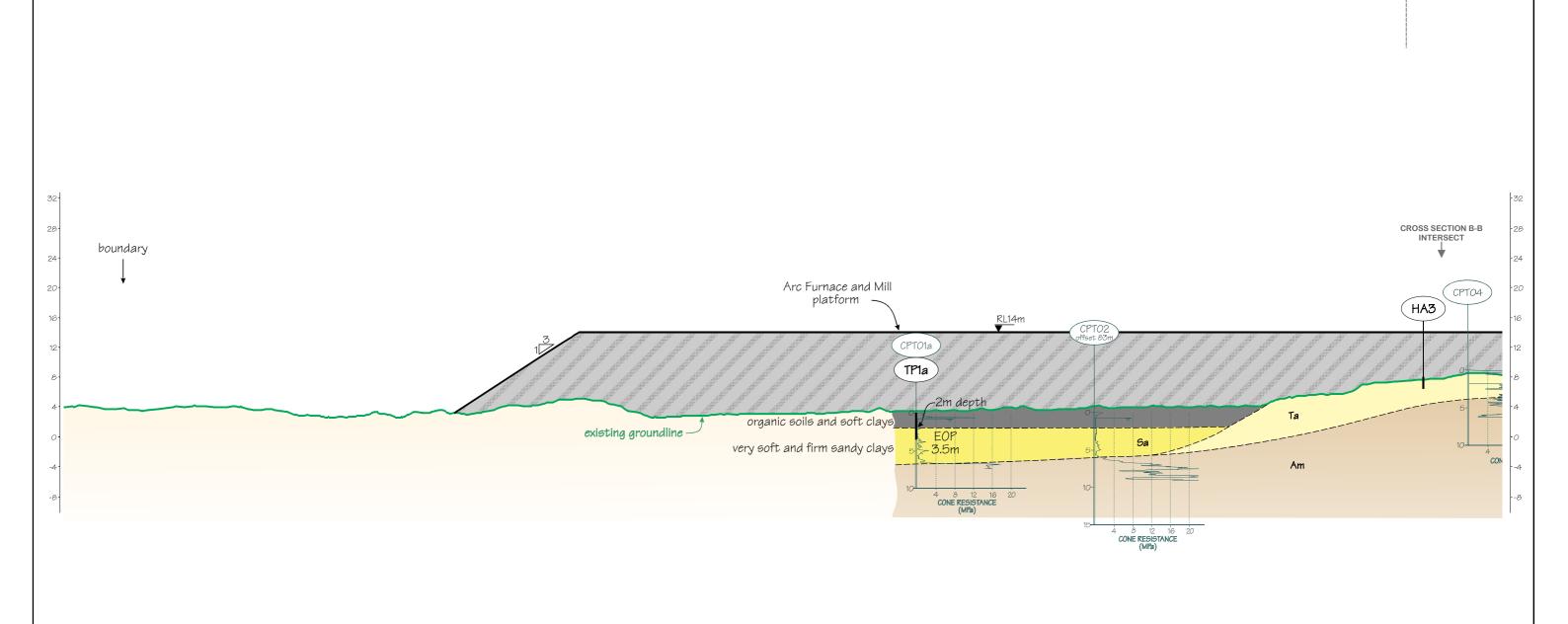
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61 HAMPTON DOWNS ROAD

Conceptual Stormwater Control Plan (Day 1 Plan)						FIG. 6.1		
REV	DATE	AMENDMENT/ISSUE	DRAWN BY	CHECKED	TRACED BY	APPROVED BY	DEE.	4392
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С	28-11-24	DRAFT FOR REPORT R4392-3	L.S	A.N	S.SW	10 46	SCALE	: 1:5000
D	03-03-25	DRAFT FOR REPORT	L.S	A.N	S.SW	V	SCALE	: 1:3000
E	30-04-25	UPDATE EARTHWORKS	L.S	A.N	S.SW	842	CRS:	Mt Eden 2000
F	23-05-25	UPDATE EARTHWORKS AND STAGING	L.S	A.N	S.SW		DATUM:	AVD46



LEGEND

Sa Stream Alluvium

Organic soils and clays



Terrace Alluvium

HK-A

H-K Ash

Am

Amokura Formation

- Geology shown is as mapped by GNS and needs to be proven by site investigations, which include test pits and deep boreholes.
- 2. Groundline and design line from RavSurvey drawing DRSL371 Rev B, Long Section Line A, dated 10 March 24.



FOR INFORMATION



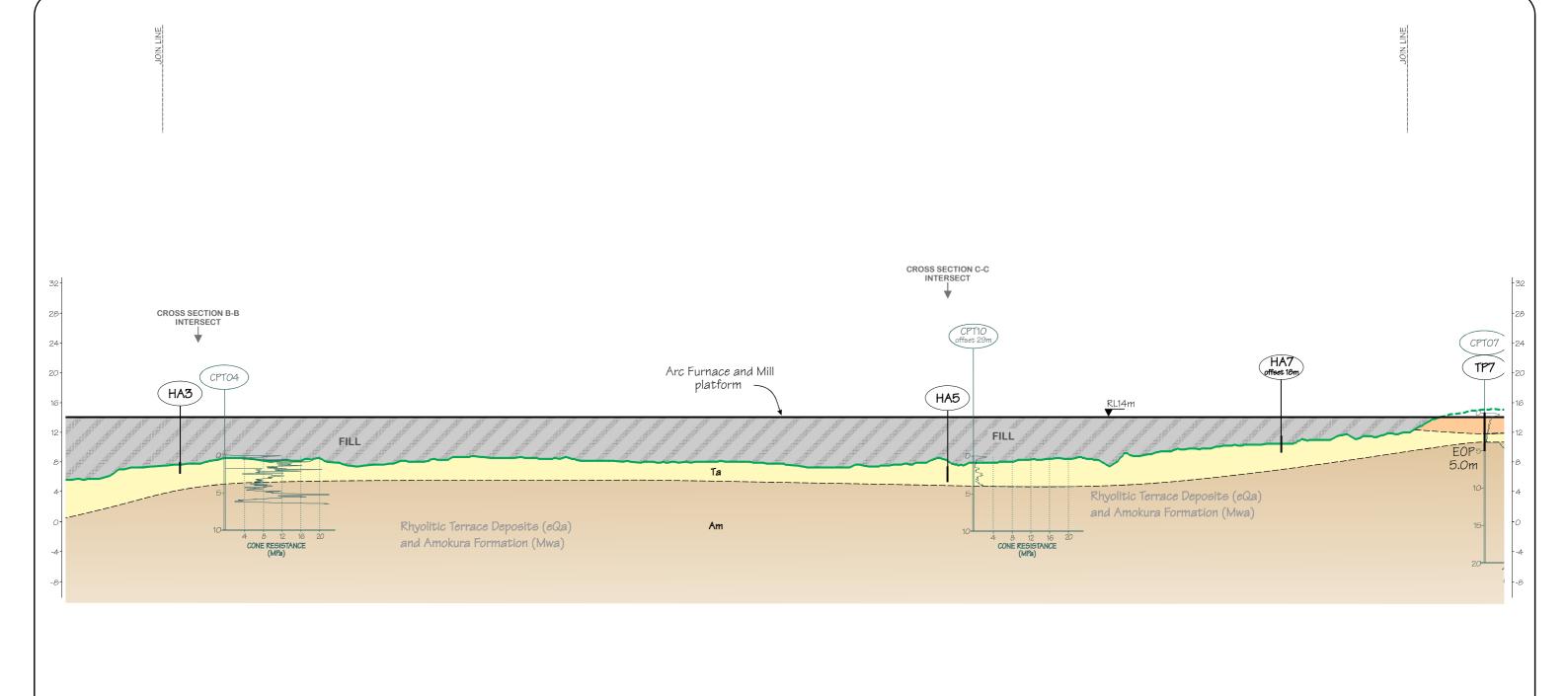
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61 HAMPTON DOWNS ROAD

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Section A-A - Page 1 of 3				

Lulig	ng Section A-A - 1 age 1 of 5				FIG. PD5.1/1				
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						04	CRS:	Mt Eden 2000	J
							DATUM:	AVD46	/



LEGEND

Organic soils and clays

Sa Stream Alluvium

Ta Terrace Alluvium

HK-A H-K Ash

Amokura Formation

Note.

- Geology shown is as mapped by GNS and needs to be proven by site investigations, which include test pits and deep boreholes.
- Groundline and design line from RavSurvey drawing DRSL371 Rev B, Long Section Line A, dated 10 March 24.

Om 10 20 30 40 50m Scale 1:1000

Note: All drawings are to be approved (initialled) before final issue

FOR INFORMATION

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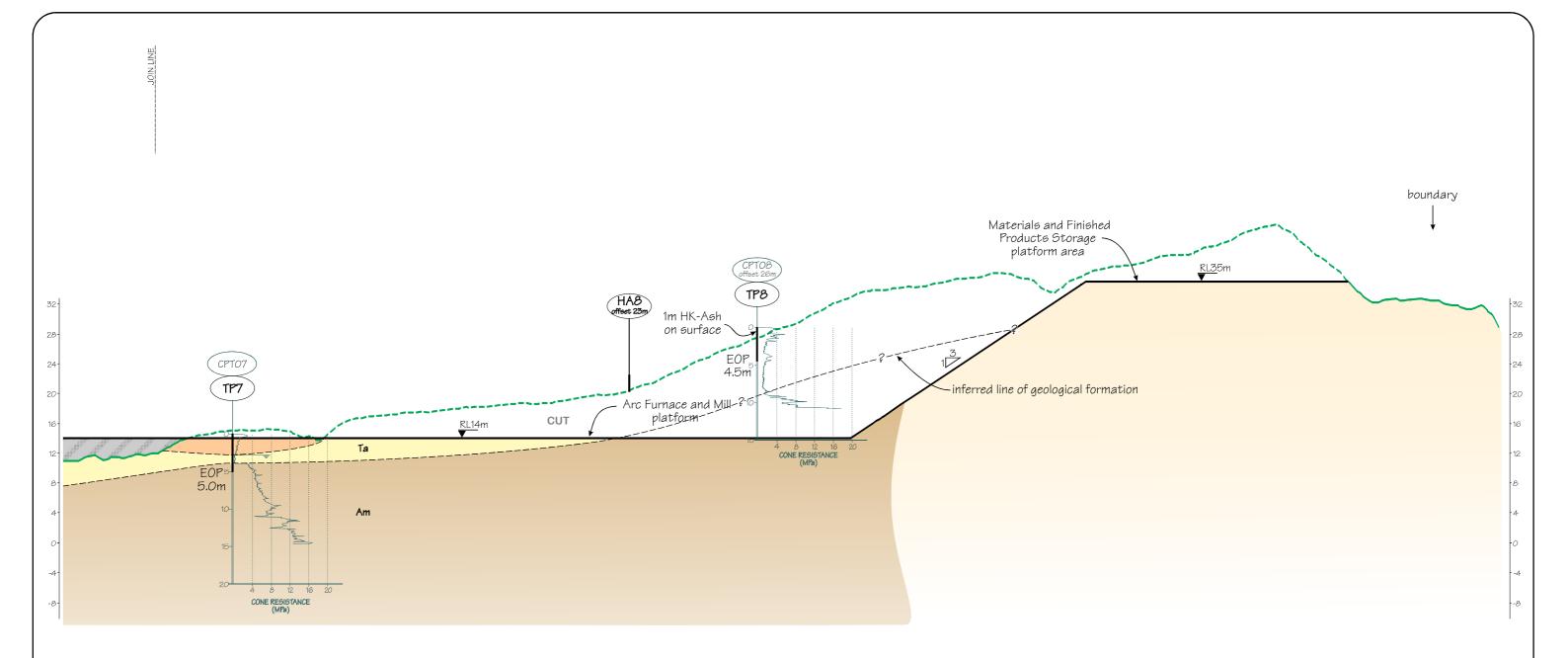


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Organic soils and clays



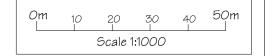
Terrace Alluvium

HK-A

H-K Ash

Amokura Formation

- Geology shown is as mapped by GNS and needs to be proven by site investigations, which include test pits and deep boreholes.
- 2. Groundline and design line from RavSurvey drawing DRSL371 Rev B, Long Section Line A, dated 10 March 24.



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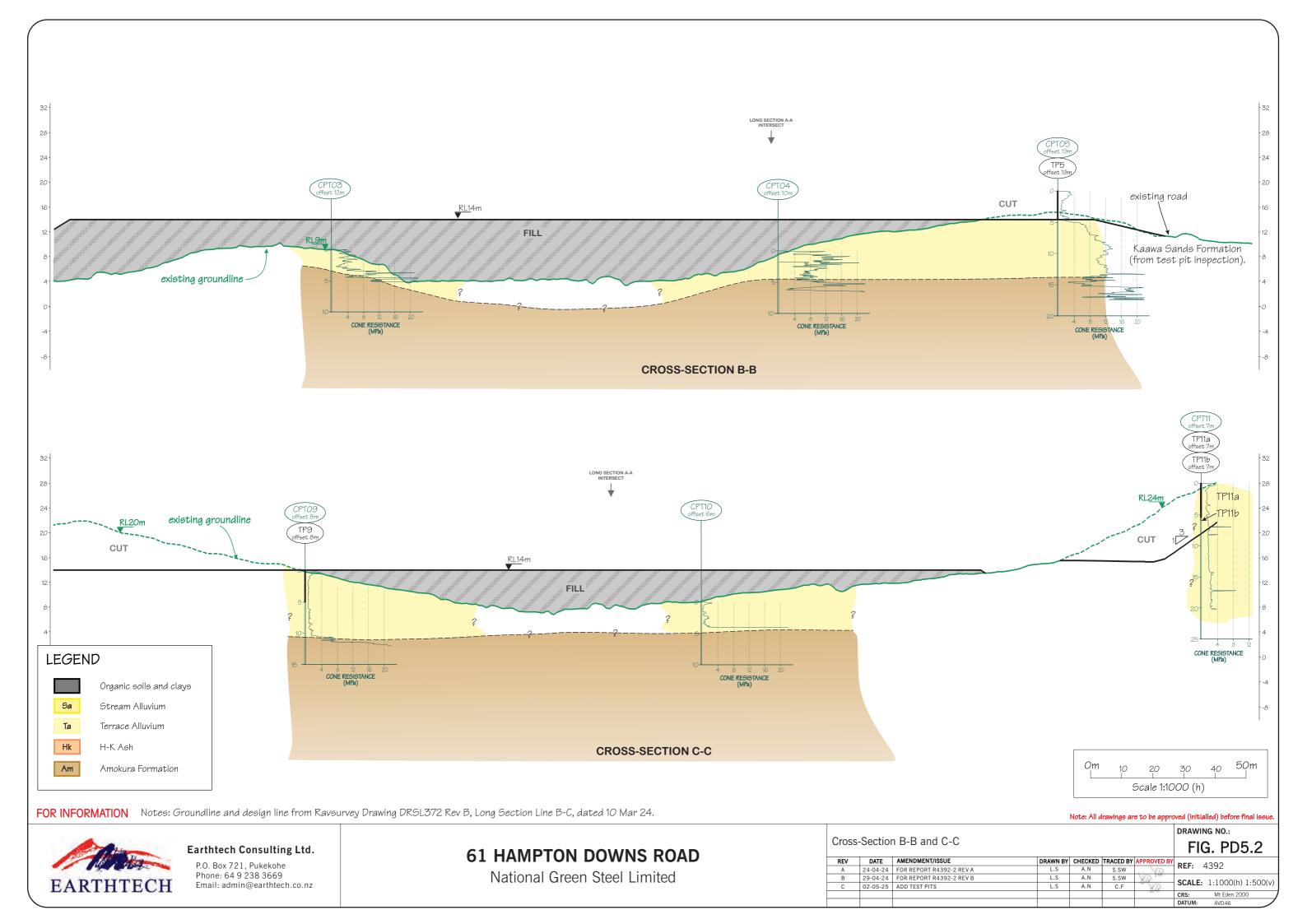
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61 HAMPTON DOWNS ROAD

	DRAWING NO.:
Long Section A-A - Page 3 of 3	

	Long :	Long Section A-A - Page 3 of 3					FIG. PD5.1/3		
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Appendices

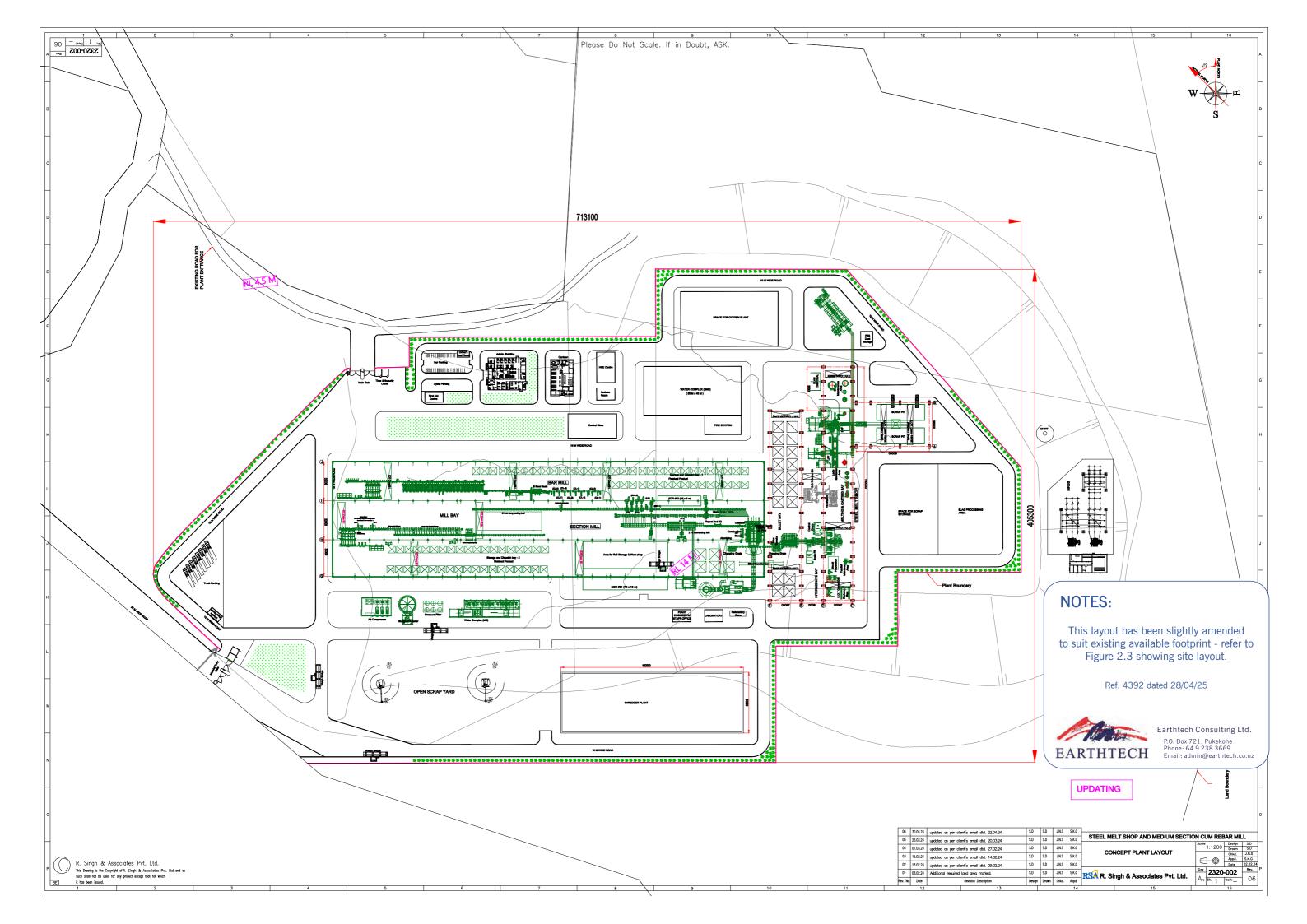
Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs

Appendix A

Concept Plant Layout





Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs

Appendix B

Site Investigation Data

- B1) CPT's CPT01a to CPT05, CPT07 to CPT11
- B2) Hand Augers HA1 to HA8
- B3) Test Pits TP1A, TP2-2, TP2-5, TP2-6, TP5,
 TP7, TP8, TP9, TP11A and TP11B
 Test Pit Grab-Samples Photographs



Appendices

Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs

Appendix B1

CPT Data

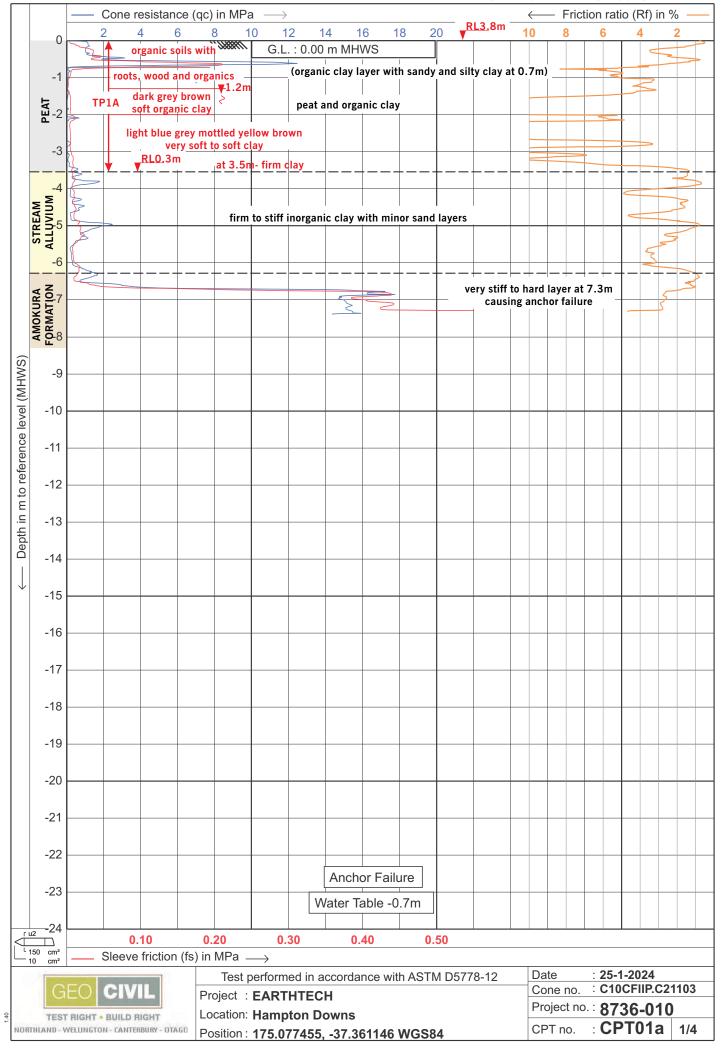
CPT01a to CPT05, CPT07 to CPT11

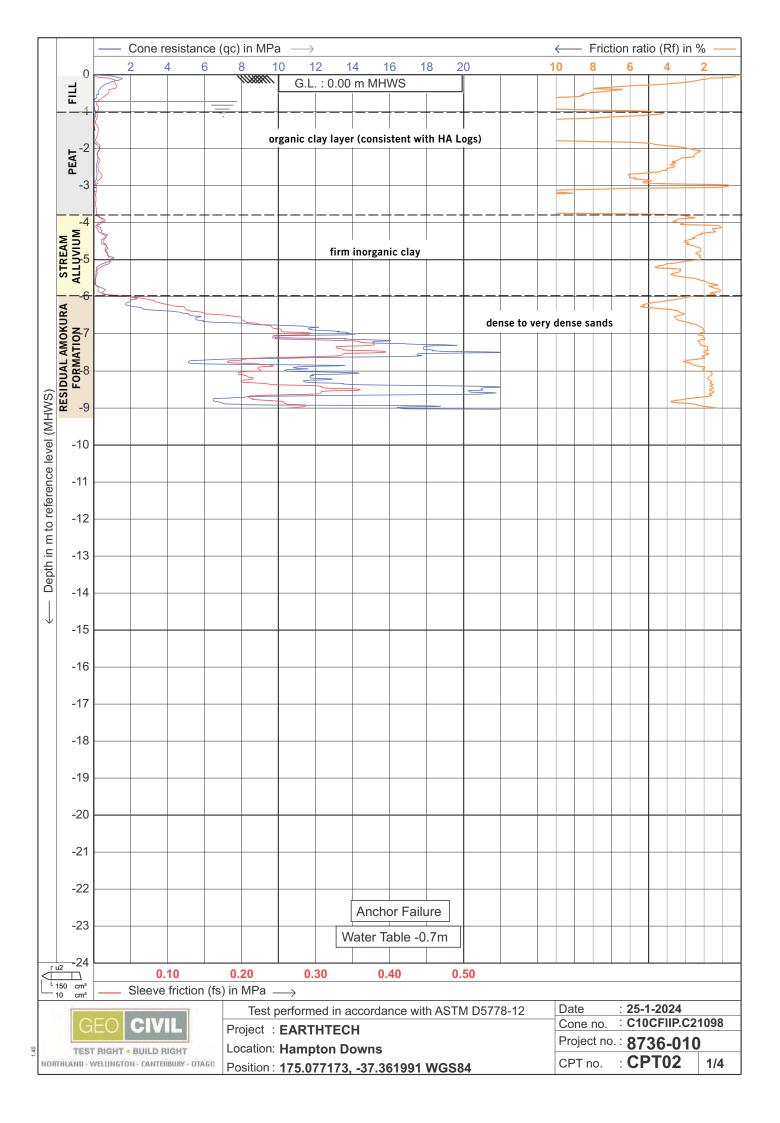


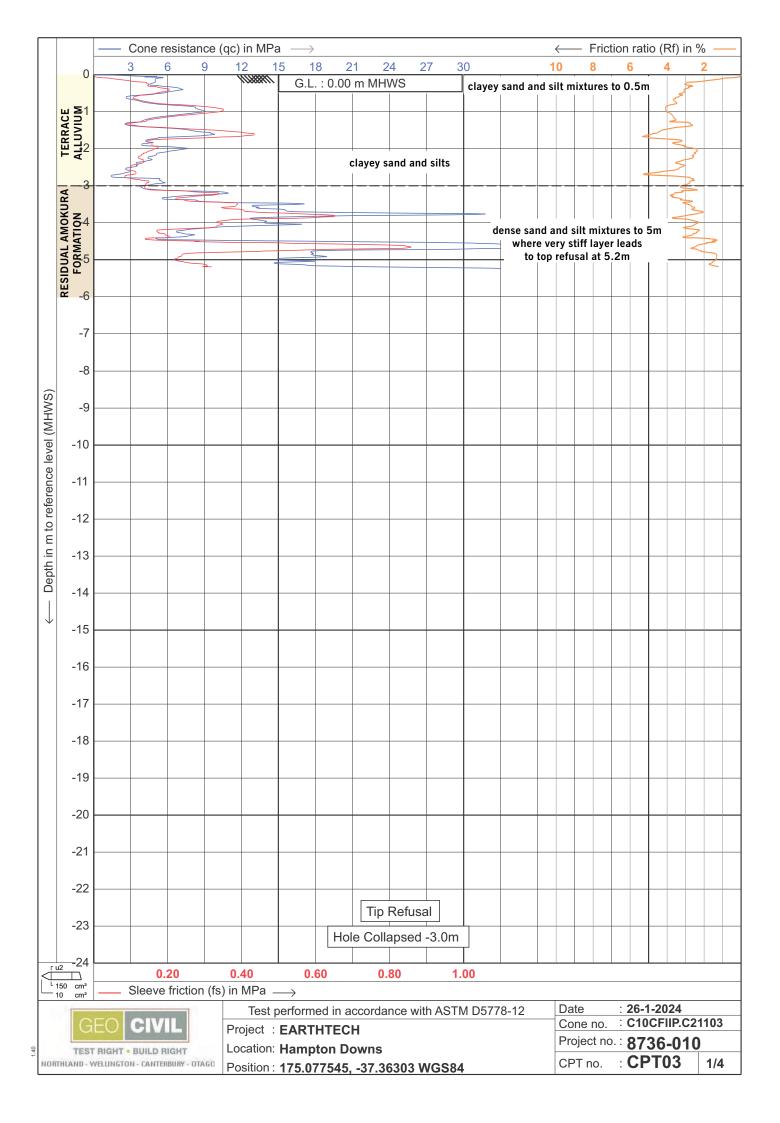
APPENDIX B1

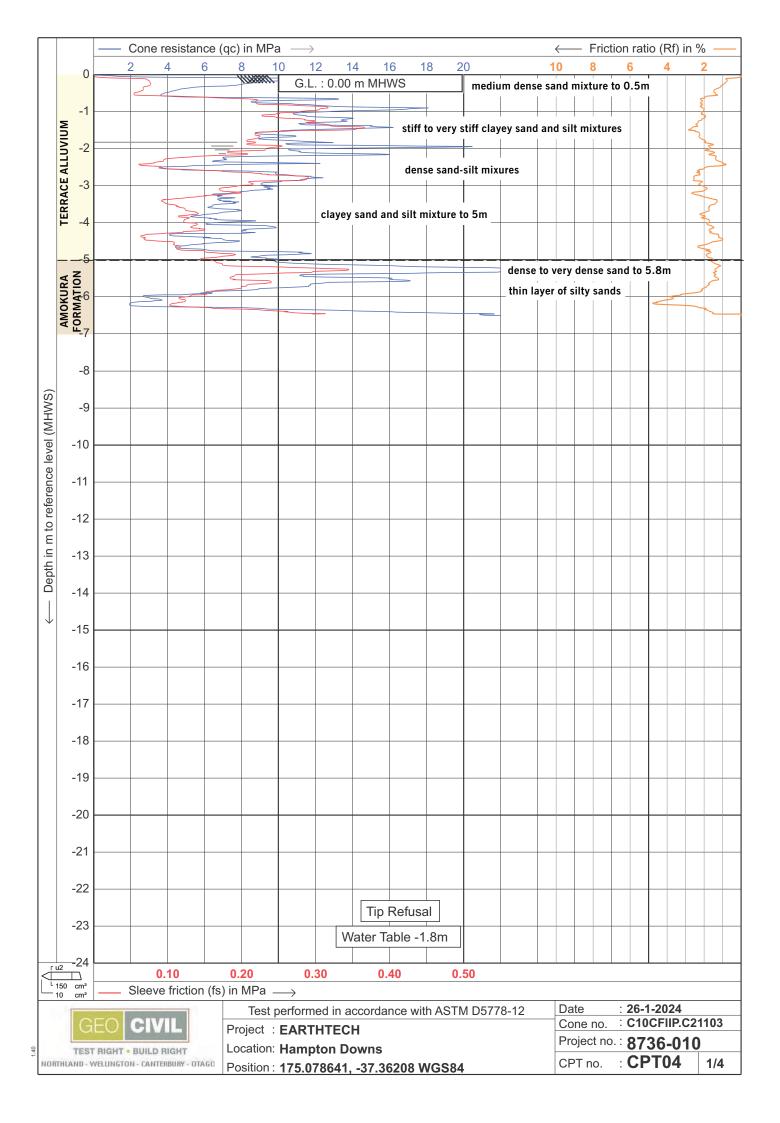
CPT DATA - 2024 TESTING

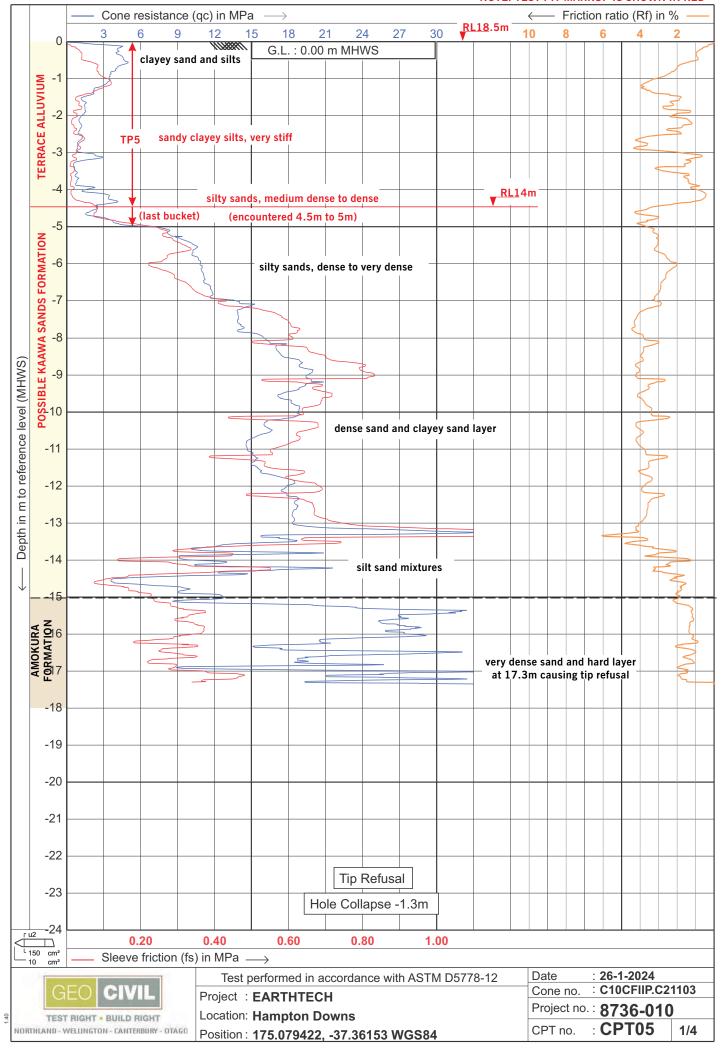
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				Northing	Easting	
CPT01A	C10CFIIP.C21103	7.39m	3.8m	5863038.786	1783976.611	
CPT02	C10CFIIP.C21103	9.08m	4 <i>m</i>	5862945.575	1783949.571	
CPT03	C10CFIIP.C21103	5.27m	9m	5862829.562	1783979.980	
CPT04	C10CFIIP.C21103	6.54 <i>m</i>	9m	5862932.836	1784079.371	
CPT05	C10CFIIP.C21103	17.38m	18.5 <i>m</i>	5862992.340	1784149.887	
CPT07	C10CFIIP.C21103	14.59m	14.2 <i>m</i>	5862695.752	1784319.328	
CPT08	C10CFIIP.C21103	10.8m	29 <i>m</i>	5862574.930	1784396.587	
CPT09	C10CFIIP.C21103	12.13 <i>m</i>	14 <i>m</i>	5862718.441	1784151.206	
CPT10	C10CFIIP.C21103	4.05 <i>m</i>	9 <i>m</i>	5862811.975	1784239.130	
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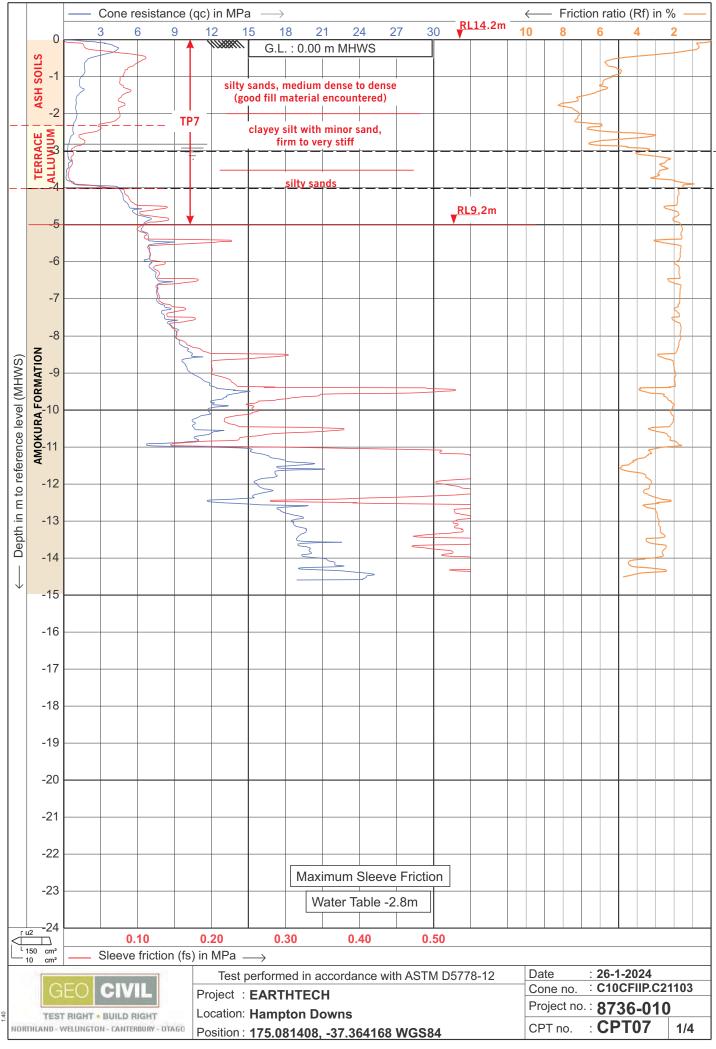




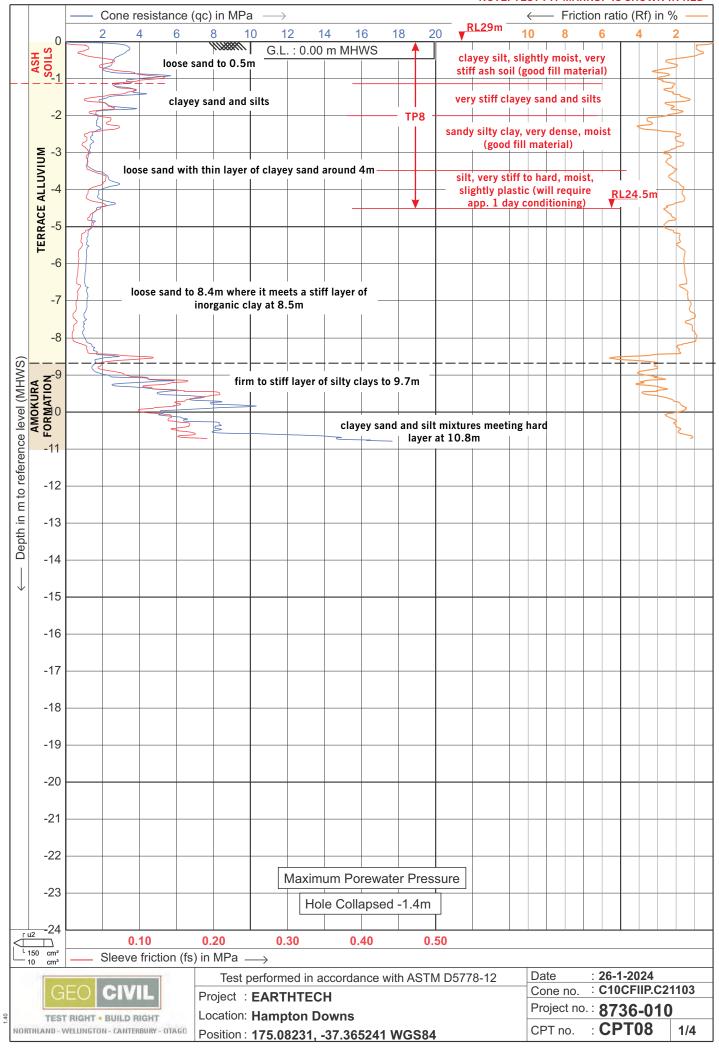


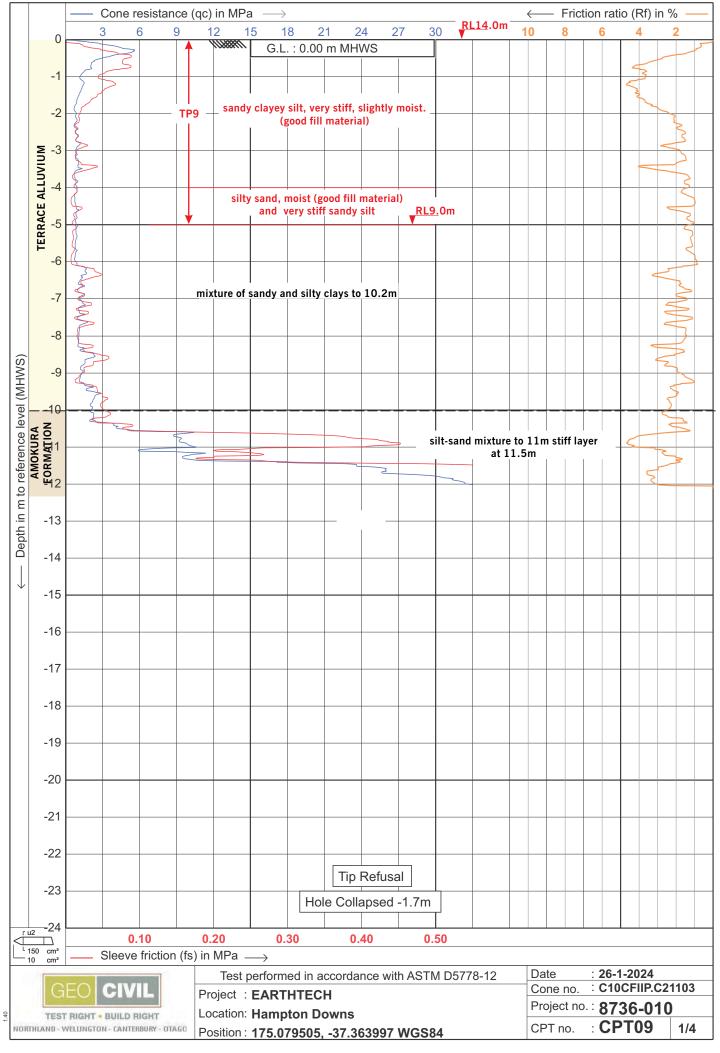


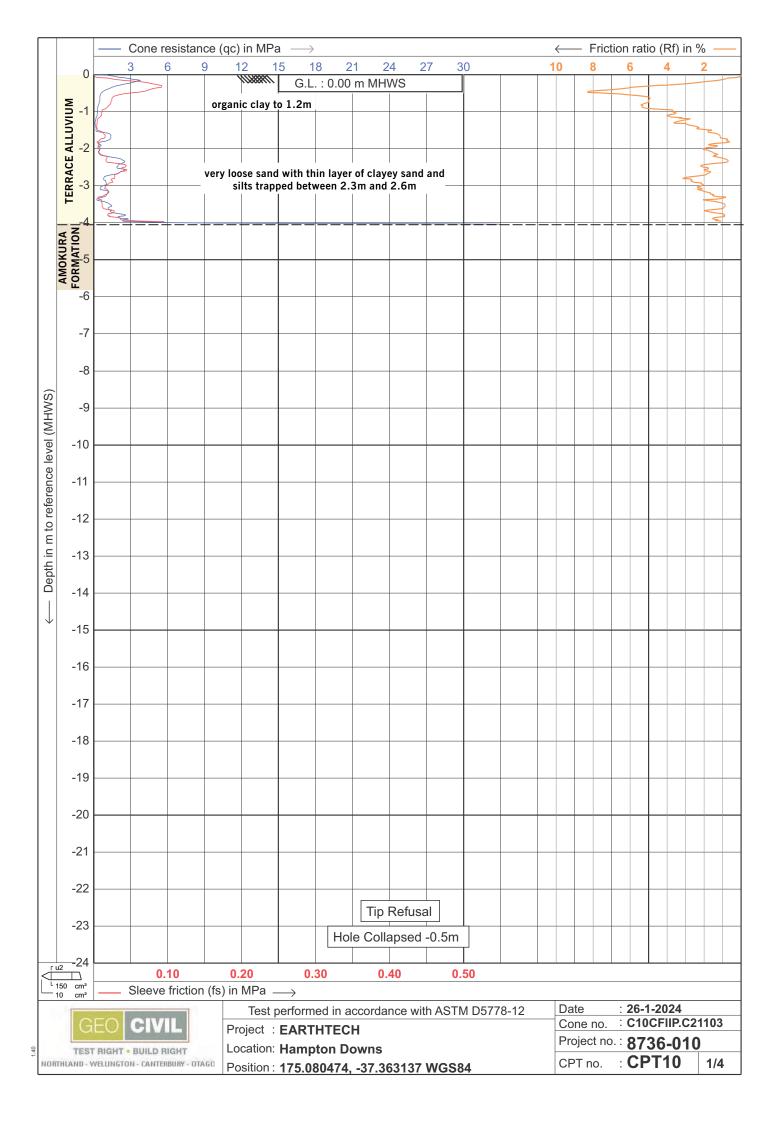


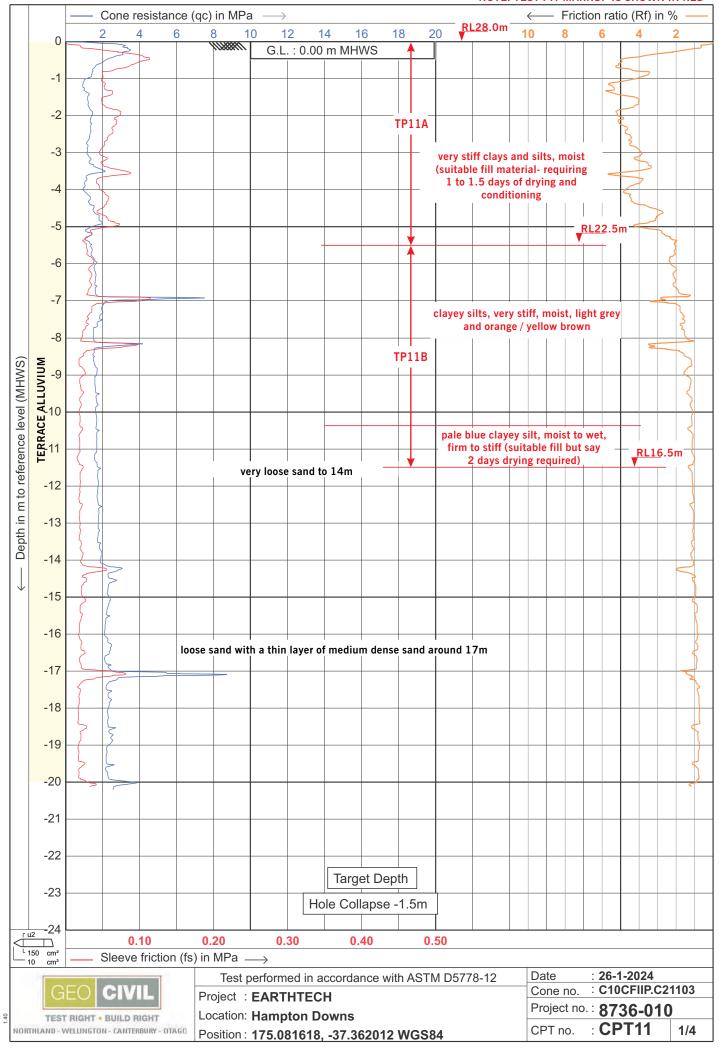


NOTE: TEST PIT MARKUP IS SHOWN IN RED









Appendices

Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs

Appendix B2

Hand Auger Data

HA1 to HA8



APPENDIX B2

HA DATA - 2024 TESTING

HA Number	Depth	RL		TM linates
			Northing	Easting
HA1	1.0 <i>m</i>	3.8 <i>m</i>	5863025.816	1783978.131
HA2	3 <i>m</i>	4 <i>m</i>	5862945.594	1783940.621
HA3	1.5 <i>m</i>	8 <i>m</i>	5862942.253	1784071.196
HA4	1.5 <i>m</i>	12 <i>m</i>	5862867.858	1784198.241
HA5	2.0 <i>m</i>	7.5 <i>m</i>	5862795.822	1784215.100
HA6	1.5 <i>m</i>	4 <i>m</i>	5862853.011	1783991.806
HA7	2.2 <i>m</i>	12.5m	5862716.952	1784265.840
HA8	2.2 <i>m</i>	23 <i>m</i>	5862598.677	1784375.061

HAND AUGER LOG											Bore No.: HA1 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 1					
Clier Proje oca	t: ct: tion:	Nati Stee 61 I	onal Steel I Smelter Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs r CPT01a	Coordinates: CRS: Elevation: Located by:					Log Pre	t Dati ged I pared ecked	oy: I by:	CF SS	1/202 S	24		
			0.1014				Undraii	ned					mete	er		
Depth (m)	Geology	log I			Water Level		Shear Str	ength								
<u>6</u>	Geo	Soil Symbol	Soil Description		Wat	Q	(KPa)	200	0 1	2 3 4		/100mi 7 8	m 9 10 1	1 12 13		
0.5	PEAT		Peat, large tree roots and organic material with minor strown with light grey deposits. Loose; moist to wet; no	silt; black on-plastic.												
	Ā				>											
1.0		~ ~														
1.5																
2.0																
2.5																
3.0																
3.5																
4.0																
4.5																
5.0									0 2				20 23 2	6 28 30		
		1: 1.0m	Termination: Refusal on buried tree.					Shear vane	ID:	Shea	ır van					
		Logged e	ater encountered at 0.6m. xcavated drain approximately 10m from pegged locatio							seria	l No.	392	2			
Soil	is desc	ribed in g	eneral accordance with NZGS 'Field Description of Soil and Roc	ck' (2005).				UTP =	= un	able t	o per	netrat	e			

HAND AUGER LOG										Bore No.: Project No.: Sheet:	HA 2 4392 1 of 1		
Clien Proje Locat	t: ct: tion:	Nati Stee 61 I	onal Steel el Smelter Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs	Coordinates: CRS: Elevation: Located by:	Man					Test Date: Logged by: Prepared by Checked by	:SS	2024	
	Local	ion. Nea	1 01 102	Localed by.			IJ	ndrair	ned	Scala Pe		eter	
Depth (m)	Geology	Soil Symbol	Soil Description		Water Level			ar Stre	ength	Blov	vs/100mm		
- 0.5 - 1.0 - 1.5 - 2.0 - 2.5 - 3.5 - 4.0	PEAT	\$232323222222232323233334	Soil Description Organics (Peat); black brown. Soft; dry; non-plastic. Wit fibres and bark. 0.4m: Moist Bark; Wet Core loss, no return. SILT; grey. Wet; highly plastic.	th plant	Vatr Watr			(RPa)		Blov 0 0 1 2 3 4 5		10 11 1	213
- 4.5 										0 2 4 6 8 10	13 16 18 20	23 26 2	28 30
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>							Inferre	d CBR 10%		
		1: 3m Groundw	Termination: Target depth reached. rater encountered at 0.7m.						Shear van	e ID: Shear va serial No			
Soil i	s desc	ribed in g	eneral accordance with NZGS 'Field Description of Soil and Rocl	k' (2005).					UTP	= unable to p	enetrate		

F	ΔR	THT	HAND A	UGER	L	0	G				Pro	re No ject l eet:		HA 439 1 of	92		
lier roje oca	it: ect: tion:	Nati Stee	onal Steel I Smelter Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs	Coordinates CRS: Elevation: Located by:							Tes Log Pre	st Dar gged epare ecke	by: d by	18/ CF/S	01/2 SS	024	
			0.101	Locatou Sy:				Jndra			_	Scala	_			eter	
Depth (m)	Geology	Soil Symbol	Soil Description		Water Level		Sh	ear St	a)		0 1	2 3		s/100i		0.11	1010
	TOP G SOIL	\sim	TOPSOIL, with roots; black brown. Dry.		>	Ť		100		200		2 3	4 5	0 /	5 9 1	J 11	1213
	L S	~~~~~ - × × - - x - x - - x x - - x x - - x - x	CLAY with some silt; brown with orange and black mot dry.	ttling. Stiff;													
0.5		-xx-	Silty CLAY; light brown/beige. Friable; very stiff; dry; no	n plastic.	-												
1.0		x _ x _ x _ x _ x _ x _ x _ x _ x _ x _	CLAY with some silt; light brown with orange and beige Stiff; slightly moist; slightly plastic.	e mottling.		_											
		xx_	Clayey SILT; beige with reddish brown mottling. Very st slightly moist; non plastic.	iff to hard;													
1.5		× - × ×															
2.0																	
2.5						_											
3.0																	
3.5																	
4.0																	
4.5																	
5.0											0 2		8 10 1			3 26	28 30
		h: 1.50n Groundw	n Termination: Refusal ater not encountered.		I	1			Sh	ear van	i ID:		ar va al No		22		
			eneral accordance with NZGS 'Field Description of Soil and Roc	ck' (2005).						UTP	= un	ıable	to pe	netra	ate		

E	AR	THT	HAND A	UGER	L	0	G				Bore Proje Shee	ct No.:	HA 439 1 of	92		
Clier Proje Loca	ıt:	Nati Stee 61 F	onal Steel I Smelter Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs	Coordinates CRS: Elevation: Located by:							Logg	Date: ed by: ared by cked by	LS /: SS	01/20	024	
				Located by:				Jndrair				cala Pe			eter	
Depth (m)	Geology	Soil Symbol	Soil Description		Water Level		She	ear Str	ength		0 0 1 2	Blov 2 3 4 5	vs/100r		∩ 11 1	212
	TOP G SOIL	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	TOPSOIL; black brown. Stiff; dry; non plastic			Ť		100		200		3 4 5	0 / 6	5 9 10	J 1 1 1	213
- - - - -	SO	???? ???? ???											##	 		ļ
- -		× - × ^ × - × -	Clayey SILT and some fine and medium coarse pumic yellow brown with beige and brown mottling. Very stif													
0.5		*	slightly plastic to non plastic.			-			20	3kPa						
-		×_ × - × - × ×														
- - -		× - × [*]							20	3kPa						
1.0		× - × ×	Clayey SILT and some fine and medium coarse pumic	eous sand;		$ \cdot $							##			
-		×_ × _ × _ ×	yellow brown with beige and brown mottling. Very sti moist; non plastic.						203/8	_						
-		× - × × - × -	motel, non practice							UTP						i
- - 1.5		` × - × *														
- -																
-														}		
- - 2.0													1			
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5.0											0 2 4	6 8 10	13 16 1	8 20 2	3 26 2	28 30
-امال	Dazu	. 1 -	Tormination, Tarrell death						ı				d CBR			
		1: 1.5m Groundw	Termination: Target depth reached. ater not encountered.						She	ar vane		Shear va serial No		22		
0 ::		.,	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 (0005)												
			eneral accordance with NZGS 'Field Description of Soil and Rolling between shear vane and scala penetrometer values.	CK' (2005).						UTP	= unal	ble to p	enetra	ate		

E	AR	THT	HAND A	UGER	L	OG			Bore No.: Project No.: Sheet:	HA 5 4392 1 of 1	
Clien Proje Locat Test	ct:	Stee 61 H	ional Steel el Smelter Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs	Coordinates: CRS: Elevation: Located by:					Test Date: Logged by: Prepared by: Checked by:	:SS	2024
Depth (m)	ogy	pol			Water Level		Undrai ear St	rength	Scala Pe		eter
	Geology	Soil	Soil Description		Wate	0	(kPa	•	l	s/100mm 6 7 8 9	10 11 12 13
: =	TOP SOIL	????? ????? ????? ?????	TOPSOIL; black brown. Loose; dry; non plastic.					02/601-D-		 	
- - - - - 0.5		× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	Clayey SILT; dark yellow orange. Stiff to very stiff; moi H-K Ash soil.	ist; plastic.				93/62kPa 75/70kPa			
- - - -		~									
1.0		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	Silty CLAY; dark yellow orange. Very stiff; moist; highl (Apparent H-K Ash soil, possibly hill wash deposits?)	y plastic.				100/7015			
- - - - 1.5		× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×						102/70kPa			
- 1.5 		- ^ - × · × · × · × · × · × · × · × · × · ×						102/78kPa			
-		~ - × ^ × ^ × _ × _ × _ × _ × _ × _ × _ × _									
- 2.0 - - - -]	134/105kPa			
2.5											
3.0											
- - - - - 3.5											
- - - - -											
4.0											
- - -											
- 4.5 - - -											
- - - 5.0									0 2 4 6 8 10 1	3 16 18 20 CBR 10%	23 26 28 30
Hole	Depth	1։ 2.0m	Termination: Target depth reached.					Shoar von	ID: Shear va		
			vater not encountered.					- Silear vane	serial No		
Soil i	s desc	ribed in g	general accordance with NZGS 'Field Description of Soil and Ro	ock' (2005).				UTP =	= unable to pe	netrate	

F	A D	THT	HAND AL	JGER	L	O	G				1	No.: ect No.	HA : 439	92		
Clien				Coordinates:	!							Date:		01/2	024	\dashv
Proje				CRS:								ged by:		01,2	021	
Loca	ion:	61H	lampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs	Elevation:								ared b				
Test	Locat	ion:		Located by:							Che	cked b	y: AN/	LS		
Œ					Water Level				ained		S	cala P	enetr	ome	eter	
Depth (m)	Geology	Soil Symbol			ter L		Sh	ear S	Streng (Pa)	th		Blo	ws/100i	mm		
Det	ge	Soi	Soil Description		Wa	Q			00		0 1	2 3 4 5		8 9 1	0 11 1	213
-	TOP	~~~~	TOPSOIL; dark brown. Loose; dry.											ļ 		
- - - - - - - - - -		× × ×	Clayey SILT; dark brown and yellow brown. Stiff; slightly	y moist;		-				1031/Da						
-			low plasticity.							03kPa				 		
- - - 0.5		~^ × ×							2	03kPa_						
		× × ×				-							-	ļ <u>†</u>		
-		×							1///1	08kPa						
- - - - - -		× × × ×	Clayey SILT with H-K Ash; grey brown with orange tint.	Stiff;	-							<u> </u>				
- - 1.0		× × ×	slightly moist; low plasticity.													
		- ^ - ~ - ·							2	03kPa				ļ 		
- - - - -		_x - x _x _				-			2	03kPa				H		
-		× × ×	1.4m: Colour changed to dark yellow brown.											l 		
- - 1.5		× x - x ×	<u> </u>													
-														ļ <u>-</u>		
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- 5.0							1 1	1 1	<u> </u>		0 2 4	4 6 8 10	13 16 1	8 20 2	3 26 2	8 30
						L_						Inferre	ed CBR	10%		
		1: 1.5m	Termination: Target depth reached.						Sł	near van						
Rema	irks: (Groundw	ater not encountered.									serial N		22		
			eneral accordance with NZGS 'Field Description of Soil and Rock lied between shear vane and scala penetrometer values	(2005).						UTP	= una	ble to p	enetra	ate		

E	AR	THT	HAND AU	JGER	L	OG				Bore No.: Project No.: Sheet:	HA 7 4392 1 of 1	
Clien Proje Locat Test	ct: tion:	Stee	el Smelter Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs E	Coordinates: CRS: Elevation: Located by:						Test Date: Logged by: Prepared by: Checked by:	:SS	2024
Depth (m)	Geology	Soil Symbol			Water Level	S	Undra hear S	trength	ו	Scala Pe		eter
Deb	95	Soil	Soil Description		Wat	0	10		200	0 1 2 3 4 5	5/100mm 6 7 8 9	10 11 12 13
- 0.5	FILL SOIL	22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	TOPSOIL; dark brown. Loose, dry. Clayey SILT; beige brown with dark yellow and grey mott stiff; moist; plastic.	tling. Very				165/5 174/11 120/6	6kPa			
- - -	Ξ	× × ×	Clayey SILT; light grey with beige brown mottling, dark y	ellow and								
1.5			orange blotches. Very stiff; moist; high plasticity.						5kPa 4kPa 2kPa			
- - 2.0			SILT; pale grey. Hard; wet; slightly plastic. Negative pres- bore hole.	sure in				172/8	7kPa			
- 2.5 - 3.0 - 3.5 - 4.0 - 4.5		X X X X	Very stiff to hard silt at the base of hand auger.		▼ ~				UTP		3 16 18 20 CBR 10%	23 26 28 30
		1: 2.2m	Termination: Target depth reached.			I		She	ear vane	ID: Shear va		
			rater encountered at 2.2m. eneral accordance with NZGS 'Field Description of Soil and Rock'	(2005).					LITD	serial No		
No.	ا داده	ian ia ir	lied between shear vane and scala penetrometer values					1	UIP =	= unable to pe	netrate	

HAND AUGER LOG									Bore No.:	HA 8				
F	AR	THT	ECH	П	ANDA	UGER	L	UG			Project No. Sheet:	: 4392 1 of 1		
Clien			onal Steel			Coordinates	:				Test Date:	26/0		24
Proje	ct:	Stee	l Smelter			CRS:					Logged by:			
Loca			Hampton Downs Ro	oad, Hampton Dow	ns	Elevation:					Prepared by			
Test	Locat	ion:Nea	r CPT08			Located by:					Checked by			
(m)	λ	_					Water Level		Undrair		Scala P	enetro	mete	er
Depth (m)	Geology	Soil Symbol		O. II D I			ate	51	hear Str	engtn	Blo	ws/100mr	m	
	Ge	ૹૢૹૼ	Cilty condy TODCO	Soil Descri		dni	≥	0	100	200	0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8	9 10 1	1 12 13
- 0.5	TOP SOIL	~~~~ ~~~~ ~~~	Silly sandy TOPSC	JIL WITH Organics; o	ark brown. Loose	e; ary.								
-	S	~~~~~								172/94kPa				
-		^_× ×^_× ×		ash type soil; orang wn particles and lig						110/41kPa				
- - 0.5		~×	Stiff to very stiff; n	noist.	, , ,	· ·				110/41KFa				
-		^- × ^ ·	0.5m: Very stiff; s	lightly plastic.					-	99/35kPa			+	
-		× × ×												
-		× × ×							20	03/146kPa				
- - 1.0		_× _× <u>*</u> _× ×_× ××_,												
-	_									00/174kPa				
-	FILL	×_× _×_× ×_× _×_×	Clavev SILT with a	apparent pumice; b	eige brown and li	ight grev with				203kPa				
- - - -		× - ^ × - - × - × - ×	dark black brown	mottling and occas	ional dark brown	coarse								
1.5		`_× ×^_× × -	grains. Very stiff; r	moist; slightly plasti	C.					203kPa				
-		× × × ×								0031.0				
-		_ × _ × × ×								203kPa				
- - - - - - - - -		×_ × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×		brown with dark o	range mottling. V	ery stiff;				203kPa				
- - 2.0		× × ¸×× ×	moist; highly plast	tic.						2 2 2 2				
- -		×-^.×-								203kPa			-1-1	
		× × ×								203kPa			++-	
- -														
2.5														
-													+	
-														
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-														
5.0								<u> </u>	: :		0 2 4 6 8 10			6 28 30
			l .	-					-		Inferre	ed CBR 10)%	
		1: 2.2m	Terminat ater not encountere	tion: Target depth	reached.					Shear vane	ID: Shear v		2	
r veri le	air\3; (aiouiiūW	ater not encountere	u.							serial N	o. 3922	2	
Soil	is donn	rihed in a	eneral accordance with	h N7GS 'Field Descrip	tion of Soil and Po-	rk' (2005)								
			lied hetween shear vai			on (2000).				UTP =	= unable to p	enetrat	e	

Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs

Appendix B3

Test Pit Data

TP1A, TP2-2, TP2-5, TP2-6, TP5, TP7, TP8, TP9, TP11A and TP11B Test Pit Grab-Samples Photographs



APPENDIX B3

TEST PIT DATA - 2025 TESTING

TP Number	Depth	RL	NZ Co-ord	TM linates
			Northing	Easting
TP1A	3.5m	3.8 <i>m</i>	5863038.786	1783976.611
TP5	4.5m	18.5 <i>m</i>	5862992.340	1784149.887
TP7	5 <i>m</i>	14.2 <i>m</i>	5862695.752	1784319.328
TP8	4.5m	29m	5862574.930	1784396.587
TP9	5 <i>m</i>	14m	5862718.441	1784151.206
TP11A	5.5m	28 <i>m</i>	5862934.570	1784343.204
TP11B	6 <i>m</i>	22.5m	5862934.570	1784343.204
TP2-2	4 <i>m</i>	25 <i>m</i>	5862784.036	1784417.537
TP2-5	6 <i>m</i>	36.5 <i>m</i>	5862454.328	1784295.24
TP2-6	5 <i>m</i>	27 <i>m</i>	5862599.255	1784162.211

E	TEST P	PIT L	.00	3			Test Pit No.: TP1A Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 1
Client Project Locat	: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~3.8n			Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	1	ndrained or Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
TOP	TOPSOIL.	~~~~	<u> </u>	0,1			
<u> </u>	Mixed ORGANIC clayey soils with wood, roots and organic matter; dark brown-black. Soft to firm; moist. (firm crust surface, very little penetration of 13t excavator) 1.2m: Water ingress. CLAY; dark brown grey. Soft; saturated; highly plastic. Pockets		-0.5	↓ ^		25/19kPa	
PEAT	2.0m: CLAY; light blue grey with yellow brown staining. Soft to firm; saturated; highly plastic.		2.0			25/19kPa	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEST	PIT	PHOT	 [O	S	CALE: NTS
TES Targ Near SAN bulk tube distu	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 3.5m et Depth						

E	TEST F	PIT L	-00	}		Test Pit No.: TP2-2 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 1
Clien Proje Locat	t: National Green Steel ct: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~26m GIS/We		Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm
<u>~</u>	TOPSOIL.	& & ~~~~~		တို≧	0 100 200	0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
TOP	Clayey SILT with minor sand; light grey and dark yellow. Very stiff; slightly moist; slightly plastic. (Good fill material.)	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	0.5			
LLUVIUM	Clayey SILT; light grey and dark yellow. Very stiff; slightly moist; slightly plastic.	X	1.0		204/70kPa	
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	Sandy SILT; dark yellow brown with light grey layers. Very stiff to hard; slightly moist.	X	2.5		UTP	
	Clayey SILT with fine sand grains; light grey with dark yellow layers. Hard; moist; plastic. Friable.	X	3.0		UTP	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
EXC	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t					
OPE	ERATOR: Grant Fitzgerald	TEST	PIT	PHOT	ro s	SCALE: NTS
Targ Nea SAM bulk tube distu	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 4m et Depth					

E	TEST P	PIT L	-00	}		Test Pit No.: TP2-5 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 2
Clien Projec Locat	t: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~38m GIS/W	n /eb Map	Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm 00 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1011 1213
TOP	TOPSOIL; dark brown.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	‡ <u> </u>	0,1		
ASH SOIL S	Clayey SILT with fine sand; dark orange brown. Very stiff to hard; moist. (Good fill material.)	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	0.5			
	Clayey SILT; dark orange brown with black mottling. Very stiff; moist; plastic.	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	1.0		220/83kPa	
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	2.0m to 3.7m: Clayey SILT with minor coarse and fine sand; dark orange brown with minor black mottling. Stiff; moist to wet; plastic.		2.5		108/73kPa	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	3.7m: Clayey SILT; light grey mottled dark yellow and black with dark orange staining. Very stiff to hard; moist; friable. (Good fill material.)	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	4.0			
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEST	PIT F	PH01	то	SCALE: NTS
TES Targ Nea SAN bulk tube	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 6m et Depth					

F	TEST P	IT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP2-5 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 2 of 2
Client Project Locat	: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordir CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~38m GIS/We		Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer
TERRACE ALLUVIUM GEC	Clayey SILT; light grey mottled dark yellow and black with dark orange staining. Very stiff to hard; moist; friable. (Good fill material.) 5.5m: Clayey SILT; light grey mottled dark yellow and black with dark orange staining, yellow brown layering. Very stiff to hard; moist; friable. (Good fill material.)		66 -1	San Typ	O 100	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30
			- - - - - - - 8.0			Inferred CBR 10%
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t CRATOR: Grant Fitzgerald	TEST	PIT F	РНОТ	го	SCALE: NTS
TES Targe Near SAM bulk tube	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 6m et Depth Refusal Flooding IPLE TYPE: sample Shear vane Hand penetrometer P rbed profile sample Estimate only FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: Shear vane V Estimate only E					

ARTHTECH TEST F	PIT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP2-6 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 2
t: National Green Steel ot: Green Steel ion: 61 Hampton Downs Road occation:	CRS: Elevation	on:			Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Soil Description	oil	epth (m)	ample ype	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213
TOPSOIL; dark brown.	~~~~	<u> </u>	٦,		
Clayey SILT with some fine sand; orange brown and dark yellow brown. Hard; slightly moist; slight plastic. (Very good fill material.)	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~				
Clayey SILT; light grey with dark yellow mottling and dark orange pink staining. Very stiff to hard; slightly moist; slightly plastic. (Good fill material.)		1.0		220/48kPa	
3.0m to 4.0m: clayey SILT with some sand; dark yellow with light grey striations. Very stiff to hard; moist; plastic.		3.0		191/96kPa	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
CAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TECT	· DIT I	י ח שמ	ro 6	SCALE: NTS
	1231	F11 1	1101		JOALL. MIS
et Depth Refusal Refusal Flooding MPLE TYPE: Sample Shear vane Shear vane Flooding Fleud SHEAR STRENGTH: Sample Hand penetrometer Purbed profile sample Stimate only Refer TP1A note. UTP- Unable to penetrate					
	ARTHTECH It: National Green Steel It: Green Steel It: Green Steel It: G1 Hampton Downs Road Cocation: Soil Description TOPSOIL; dark brown. Clayey SILT with some fine sand; orange brown and dark yellow brown. Hard; slightly moist; slight plastic. (Very good fill material.) Clayey SILT; light grey with dark yellow mottling and dark orange pink staining. Very stiff to hard; slightly moist; slightly plastic. (Good fill material.) 3.0m to 4.0m: clayey SILT with some sand; dark yellow with light grey striations. Very stiff to hard; moist; plastic. CAVATOR TYPE: 13t ERATOR: Grant Fitzgerald T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5m et Depth Refusal Grant Fitzgerald T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5m et Depth Refusal Grant Fitzgerald T PLE TYPE: FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: sample Shear vane V sample Hand penetrometer P trick: Sample Estimate only E trick: Sample Stemate only St	ARTHTECH It: National Green Steel It: Green S	ARTHTECH In the National Green Steel in Green Stee	REAL National Green Steel Referen Steel Referen Steel Referen Steel Rocation: Soil Description Soil Description TOPSOIL; dark brown. Clayey SILT with some fine sand; orange brown and dark yellow brown. Hard; slightly moist; slight plastic. (Very good fill material.) Clayey SILT light grey with dark yellow mottling and dark orange pink staining. Very stiff to hard; slightly moist; slightly plastic. (Good fill material.) 3.0m to 4.0m: clayey SILT with some sand; dark yellow with light grey striations. Very stiff to hard; moist; plastic. AWATOR TYPE: 13t REATOR: Grant Fitzgerald T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5m the Depth Refusal Flooding Refusal Flooding Refusal Flooding Hand penetrometer Refusal Flooding Refusal F	ARTHTECH I: National Green Steel I: Green Steel In Green St

E	TEST F	PIT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP2-6 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 2 of 2
Client Project Locat	: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~28m	1 /eb Map	Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm
TERRACE ALLUVIUM C	Sandy clayey SILT; dark yellow brown with light grey mottling. Very stiff; moist; plastic. (Good for direct fill.)		4.5			200 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t CRATOR: Grant Fitzgerald	TEST	PIT F	PH01	го	SCALE: NTS
TES Targe Near SAN bulk tube distu	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5m et Depth					

E	TEST F	PIT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP5 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 2
Client Project Locat	: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~19m GIS/We		Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213
SOIL	TOPSOIL; dark brown.	> ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~		0)_		10 1 2 3 4 3 0 7 8 9 10111213
<u> </u>	Clayey SILT; light grey mottled dark yellow. Very stiff; slightly moist; plastic.	X	0.5			
	Clayey SILT; light grey mottled dark yellow and dark orange. Very stiff; moist; plastic. (Suitable fill material with little drying conditioning required.)	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	1.0		191/102kPa	
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	2.0m to 3.0m: clayey SILT with minor coarse and fine sand; beige with dark yellow layering. very stiff; moist; plastic.	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	-2.0		150/121kPa	
	3.0m to 3.5m: same material characteristics but changes to clayey SILT; dark yellow and light grey. 3.5m: Clayey SILT with sand particles; light grey with dark yellow and orange layering. Very stiff; moist; plastic. Very good	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	3.0		166/57kPa	
	fill material.	*				0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
EXC	AVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEGT	DIT I		TO 6	CALE NITO
	RATOR: Grant Fitzgerald	IEST	PIT	HUI	IU S	CALE: NTS
Targ Near SAN bulk tube	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 4.5m et Depth					
						16.36

E	TES'	ΤP	IT L	.00	}				Test Pit No.: Project No.: Sheet:	
Client Project Locat	t: National Green Steel ct: Green Steel		Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	n: -	~19m GIS/We				Test Date: Logged by: Prepared by: Checked by:	SSW/SP
λ	Soil Description		o	(m)	e		ndrain		Scala Pe	netrometer
Geology			Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Ŷ	ear Stre	20		s/100mm 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
KAAWA	Silty SAND; yellow brown with dark orange mottling. Med dense to dense; moist; non plastic.	dium	× × × × × ×	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						
				- - - - - - - 5.0						
				- - - - - - - - - - - -						
				6.0						
				6.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						
				- - - - - - - 7.5						3 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 CBR 10%
				- - - - 8.0						
EXC	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t									
	ERATOR: Grant Fitzgerald		TEST	PIT P	тон	0			SCALE: NTS	
Targ Near SAN bulk tube distu	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 4.5m et Depth	✓								
Rema	rks: 2m to 3.0m: Half day conditioning required. Cut to fi Refer TP1A note.	III								

E.	TEST P	PIT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP7 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 2
Client Projec Locat Test L	t: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~15m		Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm
요	TOPSOIL; dark brown.	~~~~~ ~~~~~	<u>ă</u> -	ıÿı≥	0 100 200	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
TOP	Silty SAND; light grey with yellow brown staining. Very dense; moist; non plastic. (Good fill material.)	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	0.5			
ггилим	Clayey SILT with some fine sand; light grey with yellow brown staining. Very stiff to hard; moist to hard; plastic.	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	1.0		UTP	
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	2m to 3.0m: Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; light grey motlled dark yellow brown. Firm to very stiff; moist to wet; highly plastic.	X	2.0		118/64kPa	
	3.0m to 3.5m: Clayey SILT with organics; blue with mixed dark brown and dark grey. Soft; wet; highly plastic. Smell. (Poor fill material, undercut required.)	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	3.0			
AMOKURA	Silty SAND; blue grey. Medium dense to dense; moist to wet. (Good fill material.)	× × × × × × × × × × × × ×	3.5		92/39kPa	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	AVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEST	PIT F	ΡΗΟΊ	ro s	CALE: NTS
TES Targe Near SAN bulk tube distu	RATOR: Grant Fitzgerald T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5m et Depth	-				

F	TEST P	PIT L	-00	}			Test Pit No.: TP7 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 2 of 2
Client Project Locat	t: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~15m GIS/We	Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN		
Geology	Soil Description	loqu	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undraine Shear Stren		Scala Penetrometer
9		Soil Symbol	Dep	Sar	(kPa) 0 100	200	Blows/100mm 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
AMOKURA	Silty SAND; blue grey. Medium dense to dense; moist to wet. (Good fill material.) 4.5m: Water ingress	× × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	4.5				
			5.0				0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TECT	PIT F	тоцс	-0	S	CALE: NTS
	RATOR: Grant Fitzgerald T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5m	[23]	F11 F	1101	Action to the second	3	CALL. IVIO
Targ Near SAN bulk tube distu	et Depth Refusal Refusal Flooding FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: sample Shear vane Hand penetrometer Purbed profile sample Refusal Flooding FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: Sample Shear vane Estimate only E Refusal Flooding FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: Shear vane Purbed profile sample Refusal Flooding FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: Shear vane FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: FIELD SHE						

E.	TEST F	PIT L	-00	}		Test Pit No.: TP8 Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 2
Clien Projec Locat Test I	ct: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~29m GIS/We	n Veb Map	Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
g d	Soil Description	_	(E)	в	Undrained	Scala Penetrometer
Geology		Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Shear Strength	Blows/100mm 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
TOP	TOPSOIL; dark brown.	~~~~~				
ASH SOIL S	Clayey SILT with minor fine sand; pinkish light grey and dark yellow. Very stiff to hard; slightly moist; Plastic. Possible ash soil. (Good fill material.)	× - × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	0.5			
	Clayey SILT "sugary" with some fine sand; light grey and dark yellow. Very stiff to hard; moist; friable; plastic.	X	1.0		223/i127kPa	
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	Clayey SILT with some fine and coarse sand; light grey mottled dark brown and yellow. Hard; moist; friable. (Good fill material.)	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	2.5		207/70kPa	
	3.5m: becomes beige brown mottled yellow SILT. Very stiff to hard; moist to wet; plastic. (will require $\sim\!1$ day of drying conditioning.)	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	3.5			0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
EXC	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEGT	DIT		TO 6	CALE NTO
TES Targ Near SAN	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 4.5m et Depth	IESI	PIT	-nUl		CALE: NTS
	sample Hand penetrometer P urbed profile sample Estimate only				W. H.	
Rema	rks: Sample at 4m. From 3m: workable with 1 day drying. Refer TP1A note. UTP- Unable to penetrate.				建立	

P	TEST P	PIT L	00	}			Test Pit No.: Project No.: Sheet:	
Client Project Locat	t: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordina CRS: Elevation Located	n:	~29m GIS/We				23/04/2025 LS SSW/SP
Geology	Soil Description	li	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undraine Shear Stre			netrometer
TERRACE Geol	4.0m: changes to beige brown mottled reddish pink. Moist to wet.	Soil Soil	4.5 	Sam Type	O ((KPa) 100			100mm 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEST	7.0 	SECT	ION	S		16 18 20 23 26 28 30 CBR 10%
TES Targe Near SAM bulk tube	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 4.5m et Depth Refusal Flooding IPLE TYPE: sample Shear vane Hand penetrometer P Irbed profile sample Estimate only ### Estimate only ### ### ### ### ### #### #### ########							

E	ARTH	TECH	TEST P	IT L	.00	}				Test Pit No.: Project No.: Sheet:	
Project: Green Steel Location: 61 Hampton Downs Road		Coordinates: Test Date: 23/04/202 CRS: Logged by: LS Elevation: ~14.5m Prepared by: SSW/SP Located by: GIS/Web Map Checked by: AN						SSW/SP			
) do		Soil Des	scription	loc	Depth (m)	ole		ndrained ar Strengt	h	Scala Pe	netrometer
Geology				Soil Symbol	Dept	Sample Type	0	ar Strengt	. 200		s/100mm 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
TOP	TOPSOIL	; dark brown.		2							
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	Sandy cl slightly r	ayey SILT; light beige woods. Good fill material	d; light grey with dark yellow thy moist; slightly plastic. Ash with dark yellow staining. Hard; .						31kPa UTP 23kPa		3 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 CBR 10%
EXC	 CAVATO	R TYPE: 13t			- 4.0						
		Grant Fitzgerald		TEST	PIT S	ECT	ION		S	CALE: NTS	
TES Targ Nea SAN bulk tube distu	et Depth r Refusal MPLE TYI sample sample urbed prof rks: 3m mois Refe	RMINATED AT: 5m	Refusal Flooding FIELD SHEAR STRENGTH: Shear vane V Hand penetrometer Estimate only required. Close to optimum								

EARTHTECH Client: National Green Steel Project: Green Steel	Coordin	nates:				Sheet: 2 of 2
Location: 61 Hampton Downs Road Test Location: At CPT9 location	Elevation Located		~14.5 GIS/We			Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undraine Shear Strer		Scala Penetrometer
	S Sign	Dep	San	(kPa) 0 100	200	Blows/100mm 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
Fine silty SAND. Medium dense to dense; moist; non plastic. (Good fill material.) 5m: Silty SAND; light blue grey. Very dense; moist; non plastic.	× · · · × · · · × · · · · × · · · · × · · · · × · · · · × · · · · · × · · · · · × · · · · · × · · · · · × · · · · · × · · · · · × · · · · · · × · · · · · · × · · · · · · × · · · · · · · · · × ·	-4.5				
						0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
EXCAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TECT	DIT C	ECT	ION	C	CALE. NITS
OPERATOR: Grant Fitzgerald TEST PIT TERMINATED AT: 5m Target Depth	TEST	PILS	DEC I	ION	5	CALE: NTS

E	TEST F	PIT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP11A Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 2
Clien Proje Loca	t: National Green Steel ct: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~28m		Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil Symbol	Depth (m)	Sample Type	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	Clayey SILT with minor sand; light grey and dark yellow. Very stiff; moist; highly plastic. Clayey SILT with minor sand; mid pinkish grey. Very stiff; moist; highly plastic. (Suitable fill material with minor drying.) 1m-1.5m: shrink swell occurring. Clayey SILT with minor sand and fine gravels; dark yellow mottled light grey. Very stiff; moist; plastic.	X X X X X X X X X X	1.0		207/103kPa 191/102kPa 191/103kPa	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t ERATOR: Grant Fitzgerald	TEST	PIT F	РНОТ	ro s	SCALE: NTS
TES Targ Nea SAN bulk tube dist	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5.5m The top th					

E	TEST P	IT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP11A Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 2 of 2
Client Project Locat	t: National Green Steel Ct: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation	on:	~28m	n /eb Map	Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	Soil	Depth (m)	Sample Sample Iye	Undrained	Scala Penetrometer Blows/100mm 00 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	Clayey SILT with minor sand; light white-grey with occasional pink striations/layering. Very stiff; slightly moist; plastic.	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	4.5	81		
Œ	Clayey SILT with minor fine sand and gravels; thinly layered grey/pink/white. Very stiff; slightly moist; slightly plastic. 5.5m: Clayey SILT with minor fine sand and gravels; light grey/ white grey. Very stiff; moist; slightly plastic.	<pre></pre>	5.0			
			6.5			0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t CRATOR: Grant Fitzgerald	TEST	PIT F	PH01	то	SCALE: NTS
TES Targ Near SAN bulk tube distu	T PIT TERMINATED AT: 5.5m et Depth					

E.	TEST P	IT L	.00	}		Test Pit No.: TP11B Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 1 of 2
Client Projec Locat Test L	t: Green Steel	Coordir CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~22.5 GIS/W		Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
ogy	Soil Description	loc	Depth (m)	ple	Undrained Shear Strength	Scala Penetrometer
Geology	TARCAL	Soil	Dept	Sample Type	Shear Strength 0 100 200	Blows/100mm 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
TOP	TOPSOIL.	~~~~	Ē			
	Clayey SILT with minor sand and organics; mottled orange and white. Stiff; moist; highly plastic.		0.5			
.UVIUM	Clayey SILT; orange yellow with mottled light grey. Very stiff; moist; plastic.		1.0		127/76kPa	
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	Clayey SILT; dark orange with mottled yellow and dark brown. Very stiff; moist; plastic. Staining on fissures.	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	2.0		151/86kPa	
	Clayey SILT; yellow (thinly layered yellow and white). Very stiff; moist; plastic.	X	3.0		150/73kPa	0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	AVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEST	DIT I	רחשכ	TO S	CALE: NTS
TES Targe Near SAN bulk tube distu	RATOR: Grant Fitzgerald T PIT TERMINATED AT: 6m et Depth	IEST	PIT	-HU	S S	CALE: NTS
	Refer TP1A note.				dias dispersion	

E	TEST P	IT L	.00	}			Test Pit No.: TP11B Project No.: 4392 Sheet: 2 of 2
Client Project Locat	: National Green Steel t: Green Steel	Coordin CRS: Elevation Located	on:	~22.5			Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS Prepared by: SSW/SP Checked by: AN
Geology	Soil Description	log Q	Depth (m)	ple	Undrained Shear Strengt	th	Scala Penetrometer
9		Soil Symbol	Depi	Sample Type	(kPa) 0 100		Blows/100mm 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
TERRACE ALLUVIUM	Clayey SILT; yellow (thinly layered yellow and white). Very stiff; moist; plastic. 4.4m: Clayey SILT; pale blue with minor orange stained fissures. Firm to stiff; moist to wet; plastic.	X	4.5				
	Clayey SILT with minor sand; pale blue. Very stiff; moist to wet; plastic.	X	5.5				
EW	AVATOR TVRE 10:		-6.0 6.5 7.0 7.5 7.5				0 2 4 6 8 10 13 16 18 20 23 26 28 30 Inferred CBR 10%
	CAVATOR TYPE: 13t	TEST	PIT F	РНОТ	го	SC	CALE: NTS
TES Targ Near SAN bulk tube distu	RATOR: Grant Fitzgerald T PIT TERMINATED AT: 6m et Depth						



National Green Steel

61 Hampton Downs Road

Green Steel

Client:

Project:

Location:

Test Location:

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

Test Pit No.: TP 2-2 Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

23/04/2025 Test Date:

Logged by: LS Prepared by: SP Checked by: LS

Coordinates: CRS:

> Elevation: ~26m Located by: GIS/Web Map

0.0m-4.0m



Test Pit No.: TP 2-5 Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

Client: National Green Steel

Project: Green Steel

Location: 61 Hampton Downs Road

Test Location:

Coordinates:

CRS:

Elevation: ~38m

Located by: GIS/Web Map

Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS



0.0m-6.0m



Location:

Test Location:

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

Test Pit No.: TP 2-6 Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

Test Date: 23/04/2025 Client: National Green Steel Coordinates: CRS:

Project: Green Steel

> 61 Hampton Downs Road Elevation: ~28m Located by: GIS/Web Map

Logged by: LS Prepared by: SP Checked by: LS



0.0m-5.0m



Location:

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

Test Pit No.: TP 5 Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

Client: National Green Steel Coordinates: Project: CRS:

Green Steel

61 Hampton Downs Road Elevation: ~19m Test Location: At CPT5 location Located by: GIS/Web Map Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS



0.0m-4.5m



Client:

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

Test Pit No.: TP 7 Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

National Green Steel Coordinates: Test Date: 23/04/2025 CRS: Logged by: LS

Project: Green Steel

Location: 61 Hampton Downs Road Elevation: ~15m Test Location: At CPT7 location

Prepared by: SP Located by: GIS/Web Map Checked by: LS



0.0m-5.0m



Location:

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

Test Pit No.: TP 8 Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

Client: National Green Steel Coordinates: Test Date: 23/04/2025 CRS: Logged by: LS

Project: Green Steel

61 Hampton Downs Road Elevation: ~29m Prepared by: SP Test Location: At CPT8 location Located by: GIS/Web Map Checked by: LS



0.0m-4.5m



Test Pit No.: TP 9
Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

Client: National Green Steel

Project: Green Steel

Location:

61 Hampton Downs Road

Test Location: At CPT9 location

Coordinates:

CRS:

Elevation: \sim 14.5m Located by: GIS/Web Map Test Date: 23/04/2025 Logged by: LS



0.0m-5.0m



CRS:

Test Pit No.: TP 11A Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

Coordinates: Test Date: 23/04/2025

Logged by: LS
Prepared by: SP
Checked by: LS

Client: National Green Steel
Project: Green Steel

Location: 61 Hampton Downs Road

Test Location:

Elevation: ~28m Located by: GIS/Web Map



0.0m-5.5m



Test Pit No.: TP 11B Project No.: 4392

Sheet: 1 of 1

23/04/2025

Client: National Green Steel

Project: Green Steel

Location: 61 Hampton Downs Road Test Location: Downslope of TP11A

Coordinates: CRS:

Elevation: ~23m Located by: GIS/Web Map Logged by: LS

Test Date:



0.0m-6.0m

Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment Report

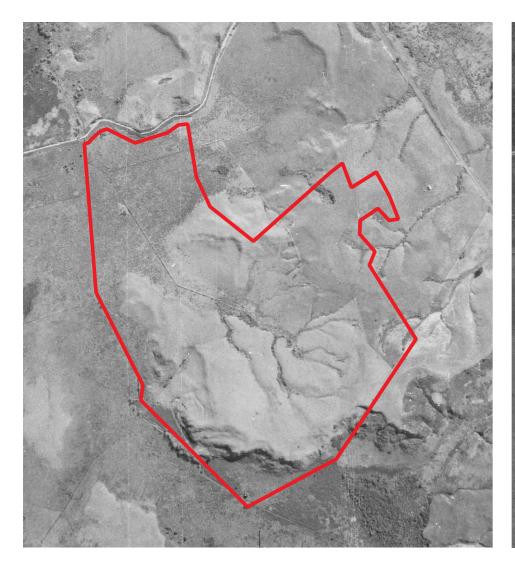
61 Hampton Downs Road, Hampton Downs

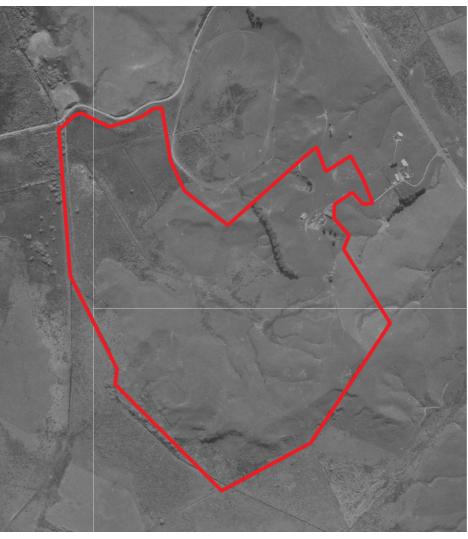
Appendix C

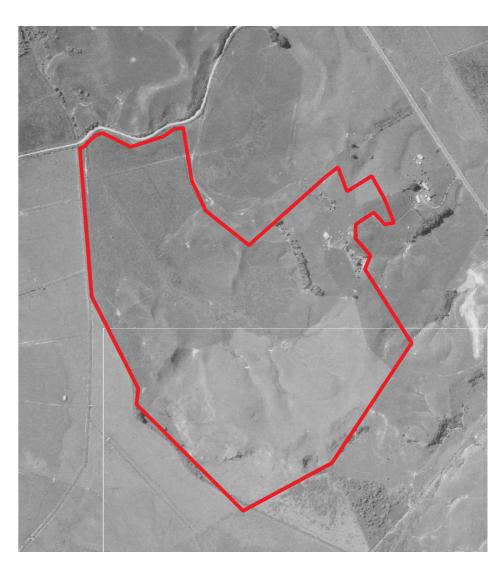
Historic Aerial Photographs

Figure C1 – 1942 to 1977 Figure C2 – 1986 to 2013









1942 1963 1977

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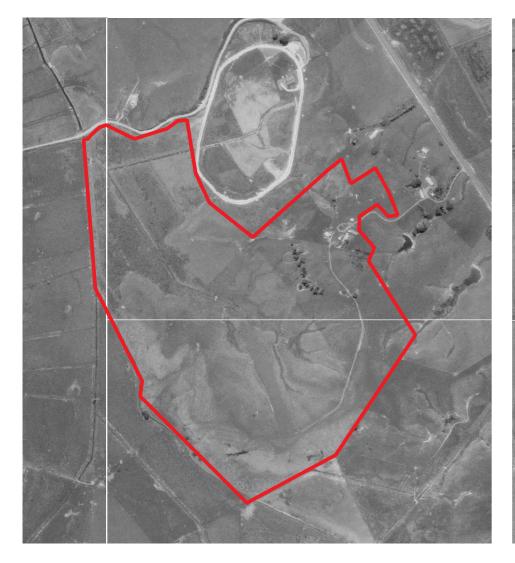
P.O. Box 721, Pukekohe Phone: 64 9 238 3669 Email: admin@earthtech.co.nz

61 HAMPTON DOWNS ROAD

National Steel

Note: All drawings are to be approved (initialled) before final issue. Historic Aerial Photographs 1942 to 1977 | DRAWING NO.: FIG. C1

| Name |







1986 1991 2013

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	DRAWING NO.:	
Historic Aerial Photographs 1986 to 2013	FIG C2	

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