HDC feedback

The HDC feedback, reflecting the recommendations of the HDC specialists are shown as: red <u>underline</u>, <u>strikethrough</u>, and supplemented with a corresponding red comment in the comment column, and/or the source of the recommended amendment

Mitchell Daysh refinements are shown in blue. These refinements also draw on input from the specialist consultants engaged to assist the applicant. A number of short memoranda are attached to these conditions where these specialist consultants have provided specific comments on conditions.

WAIHI NORTH PROJECT - Proposed Conditions for the Hauraki District Council Land Use Consents

[Note – the 'comment' column has been provided for guidance and interpretation purposes only, and is not proposed to form part of the consent conditions]

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SCOPE

	Condition	Comment
1	The activities authorised by this consent include those listed below, as described in the Application and supporting technical documents submitted by OceanaGold New Zealand Limited to the Environment Protection Authority in support of authorisations for the Waihi North Project under the Fast-track Approvals Act 2024 ("Act"). The areas within which these activities will occur are depicted on Map 1 provided in Attachment 1 to this consent. The consent shall be exercised in accordance with those existing authorisations contained in Part E.02 of the Application and supporting technical documents submitted by OceanaGold New Zealand Limited to the Environment Protection Authority in support of authorisations for the Waihi North Project under the Act. Prior to the exercise of the consent, the consent holder shall confirm which of these authorisations (and related conditions) are to be superseded by this consent, and make application to surrender or vary those consents accordingly. Until such time as that occurs, the conditions of those consents continue to apply. a. Within the Biodiversity Project Area: i. Pest control and habitat enhancement works; and ii. Ecological monitoring activities b. Within Area 1: i. Clearance of indigenous vegetation within a Significant	Bentley & Co: Inserted to address the HDC identified issue of the coordination of the project overlapping several existing consents/authorisations Mitchell Daysh: Accepted Mitchell Daysh: Updated
	Natural Area (SNA) to enable the establishment of <u>D</u> drill	terminology throughout for consistency

Condition		Comment
	<u>S</u> sites <u>and</u> , <u>Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sites</u> pumping test sites, and <u>ventilation shaft sites</u> ; 1	purposes and defined these sites in the
ii.	Exploration, mining operations and underground mining, including:	footnote.
	 Establishment of tunnels to the Wharekirauponga orebody (Wharekirauponga Mine Dual Tunnel); 	
	ii. Establishment of up to four ventilation shafts and associated surface ventilation sites, including ventilation evasé and onsite construction amenities;	
	iii. Establishment of drill site Drill Sites, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test sites, and ventilation shaft sites in the Coromandel Forest Park ("CFP"), including drilling platforms and all necessary infrastructure;	Mitchell Daysh: Updated
	iv. Establishment of Water Pump Sites ² to take surface water from streams to service drilling activities;	terminology throughout for consistency
	v. Exploration and investigative drilling, allowing for simultaneous operation of six surface drill rigs, of which a maximum of 5 may be platform-based rigs (the balance (1) being portable rig(s)). This is inclusive	purposes and defined these sites in the footnote.
	of previously authorised exploration activity within Area 1;	Bentley & Co. Inserted for clarity
	vi. Establishment and use of, camp facilities and supporting amenity facilities such as portaloos, showers, and kitchens on sites previously	Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
	cleared/used for Exploration and investigative drilling;	Bentley & Co. Inserted for clarity
	vii. Use of existing helipads and establishment of new helicopter landing facilities at investigative/exploratory drill site Drill Sites, and Vent Shaft / Pump Test Siteventilation shaft sites (a total of 4 sites used as helipads);	Mitchell Daysh: Not accepted as the Man- portable sites also require helicopter access.
	viii. Accessing drill site Drill Sites, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site pumping test sites and ventilation shaft sites by	

For the purpose of these conditions, a "Drill Site" means a site used for exploration or investigative drilling, which is undertaken using a fixed drill rig mounted on a platform, and a "Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site" means a site used for constructing a vent shaft or undertaking a pumping test.

For the purpose of these conditions, a Water Pump Site means any site where a water pump is situated to pump water from a stream.

Condition		Comment
	helicopter, with landing limited to approved helipad sites;	Bentley & Co. Inserted for clarity
ix.	Erection and maintenance of security fencing;	
x.	Exploration and investigative drilling from underground and surface drill site Drill Sites and portable rig locationPortable Rig Sites ³ ;	Bentley & Co. Inserted for clarity to exclude portable drill sites
xi.	Establishment of walking tracks to access drill site Site Site Ventilation shafts, and monitoring equipment;	Mitchell Daysh: Updated terminology throughout
xii.	Establishment of mine access tunnels;	for consistency
xiii.	Development, stoping and mining of the orebody;	purposes and defined these sites in the
xiv.	Drilling, blasting, earthworks and the removal of waste material and ore;	footnote.
xv.	Injection of cementation or other grout / sealant into ground for geotechnical and/or hydrogeological requirements;	
xvi.	Backfilling of underground voids with rock, cemented rock fill (CRF) or cemented aggregate fill (CAF);	Bentley & Co. Added for clarity
xvii.	Underground rock storage and stockpile areas;	Mitchell Daysh:
xviii.	Establishment of an underground explosives magazine;	Accepted
xix.	Establishment of <u>an underground</u> workshop to service and maintain mine equipment;	
xx.	Establishment of communications and general amenities within the tunnels;	
xxi.	Establishment of refuge chambers, tunnel recesses and other areas necessary to effectively complete mining of the orebody;	
xxii.	Establishment of sumps, pumps, pipelines, electrical equipment, ventilation infrastructure and other equipment to effectively and efficiently complete mining of the orebody;	
xxiii.	Use of a range of mining equipment to service the mine;	
xxiv.	Storage and use of hazardous substances;	

For the purpose of these conditions, a "Portable Rig Site" means any location at which a man-portable drilling rig is used for any purpose.

Con	dition			Comment
		xxv.	Installation and use of monitoring equipment including piezometers, standpipes, telemetry nodes, weather stations, vibration monitoring equipment, level loggers and any ancillary monitoring equipment necessary to exercise this consent;	
		xxvi.	Maintenance of all equipment and installations;	
		xxvii.	Restoration, mitigation and enhancement planting, habitat enhancement and pest control;	
		xxviii.	Fauna salvage and monitoring;	
		xxix.	The establishment and maintenance of electric fencing around fauna release sites and fencing within fauna release sites;	
		xxx.	The establishment and maintenance of frog / lizard exclusion fences around drill siteDrill Sites; Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test sites and ventilation shaft sites;	
		xxxi.	Any necessary fauna salvage in accordance with the ELMP-WUG;	
		xxxii.	Rehabilitation and closure activities.	
		xxxiii.	Installation of surface and groundwater monitoring devices, including piezometers installed in drilled holes, adjacent to Natural State Water Bodies and Natural Inland Wetlands; and	
		xxxiv.	Undertaking of surface and groundwater monitoring in Natural State Water Bodies and Natural Inland Wetlands.	
c.	Withi	in Area	2:	
	i.		blishment and use of the Willows Portal and ociated infrastructure;	
	ii.	Willo (tuni the 0	blishment and use of the Willows Access Tunnel from ows Portal to the Wharekirauponga Mine Dual Tunnel nel decline to the boundary of the property shared with Coromandel (Indigenous Forest) Zone) and associated estructure;	
	iii.	grou	ction of cementation or other grout / sealant into and for geotechnical and/or hydrogeological iirements;	

Condition		Comment
iv.	Establishment of refuge chambers, tunnel recesses and other areas necessary to effectively complete mining of the orebody;	
v.	Establishment of sumps, pumps, pipelines, electrical equipment, ventilation infrastructure and other equipment to effectively and efficiently complete mining of the orebody;	
vi.	Drilling, blasting, earthworks and the removal of material;	
vii.	Establishment and use of a ventilation shaft for the Willows Access Tunnel and associated infrastructure;	
viii.	Vegetation clearance;	
ix.	Earthworks including topsoil removal and stockpiling and the implementation of sediment control measures;	
х.	Establishment of bunds / screens and security fencing;	
xi.	Establishment of services and water management systems;	
xii.	Establishment and use of the Willows Rock Stack and associated infrastructure;	
xiii.	Establishment and use of topsoil, limestone and other non-acid forming material stockpiles;	
xiv.	Establishment of silt, collection, and sediment ponds, and chemical treatment devices;	
xv.	Establishment of a surface explosives magazine;	
xvi.	Installation and use of a substation and switch room;	
xvii.	Installation and use of electricity generators;	
xviii.	Establishment, use and lighting of offices, amenity facilities and workshops; laydown yards, water and wastewater services, emergency response facilities, security hut, boom gate, and other mine services (such as a first aid room, crib room, change house, and stores building);	
xix.	Establishment and use of refuelling facilities, including fuel storage tanks;	
xx.	Establishment of vehicle crossings from Willows Road to the Willows SFA;	
xxi.	Construction of internal access roads and parking areas;	
xxii.	Establishment and operation of a helipad and associated carparking.	

Con	dition		Comment
	xxiii.	Erection of internal signs to provide directions, safety instructions and information for staff and visitors within the site;	Bentley & Co. This is not an activity occurring
	xxiv.	Storage and use of hazardous substances;	'within; Area 3. Is it
	XXV.	Installation and use of monitoring equipment, including piezometers in subsurface drilled holes, standpipes, vibration monitoring equipment, subsidence monitoring and all other necessary monitoring equipment necessary to exercise this consent;	meant to say 'within Area 3 from' ? Mitchell Daysh: Have amended
	xxvi.	Disturbance of soil and change of the land use at a Hazardous Activities and Industries List (HAIL) site;	
	xxvii.	Underground and surface infrastructure including conveyance of compressed air, water, communications and electricity;	
	xxviii.	Maintenance of all equipment and installations;	
	xxix.	Rehabilitation and closure activities;	
	XXX.	Restoration, mitigation and enhancement planting, habitat enhancement and pest control; and	
	xxxi.	Any necessary fauna salvage in accordance with the ELMP.	
d.	Within	Area 3:	Bentley & Co. Added as
	i.	Construction, operation and maintenance of the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel and associated infrastructure, including the new access portal for the Tunnel;	this activity is missing from this Area Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
	ii.	Drilling, blasting, earthworks and the removal of material;	·
	iii.	The removal placement of excavated rock material from Area 3 for placement into in existing underground mines for backfill;	
	iv.	Injection of cementation or other grout / sealant into ground for geotechnical and/or hydrogeological requirements;	
	V.	Erection and maintenance of security fencing and a security hut;	Bentley & Co. Added for clarity
	vi.	Establishment and use of monitoring equipment, including piezometers in subsurface drilled holes, standpipes, vibration monitoring equipment, subsidence monitoring and all other necessary monitoring equipment necessary to exercise this consent;	Mitchell Daysh: Accepted Bentley & Co. This is not an activity occurring 'within' Area 5. Is it

Con	dition		Comment
	vii.	Use of hazardous substances;	meant to say 'within
	viii.	Maintenance of all equipment and installations;	Area 5 from'?
	ix.	Restoration, mitigation and enhancement planting, habitat enhancement and pest control; and	As above.
	х.	Any necessary fauna salvage in accordance with the ELMP; and	
	xi.	Rehabilitation and closure activities.	
e.	Within	Area 5:	
	Activit	ties Specifically Related to the Gladstone Open Pit	
	i.	Surface mining of GOP (including drilling and blasting);	
	ii.	Partial backfilling and lining of GOP in preparation for tailings disposal;	
	iii.	Disposal of tailings within GOP TSF;	
	iv.	Capping of the GOP TSF with rock and soil, and undertaking rehabilitation activities;	
	V.	Capping of any potentially acid forming (PAF) pit walls above the spillway level;	
	Other	(Non-Gladstone Open Pit Specific) Activities	
	vi.	Establishment and use of a new access portal(s) for the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel and to provide a new access Portal to the existing Martha Underground Mine;	
	vii.	Drilling, blasting, earthworks and the removal of material	
	viii.	The removal placement of excavated rock material from Area 5 for placement in existing underground mines for backfill;	
	ix.	Injection of cementation or other grout / sealant into ground for geotechnical and/or hydrogeological requirements;	
	х.	Underground and surface infrastructure including conveyance of compressed air, water, communications and electricity;	
	xi.	Exploration and investigative drilling and the installation of piezometers and other monitoring equipment associated with the establishment and operation of GOP and associated infrastructure;	

Condition		Comment
xii.	Clearance of vegetation, earthworks including stripping and stockpiling of topsoil, and the implementation of sediment control measures;	
xiii.	Erection and maintenance of security fencing;	
xiv.	Establishment and use of a topsoil stockpile adjacent to GOP;	
XV.	Establishment of bunds / screens;	
xvi.	Establishment and use of water management infrastructure, including new diversion and dewatering drains and storage ponds;	
xvii.	Formation and use of internal access roads;	
xviii.	Transportation of crushed rock, either by conveyor or vehicular;	
xix.	Disestablishment of the existing Favona Portal and related infrastructure;	
xx.	Upgrades to the conveyor system;	
xxi.	Hauling and/or conveying of rock to, from and between the new access portal(s), GOP, Polishing Pond Stockpile, Run of Mine Stockpile, Favona Stockpile, the Northern Rock Stack or TSF 3;	
xxii.	Temporary stockpiling of limestone;	
xxiii.	Establishment and operation of new carparking facilities;	
xxiv.	Relocation of any existing overhead or underground power lines, water and / or communication cables;	
XXV.	Upgrade and operation of the Processing Plant to process up to 2.25 million tonnes of ore per annum;	
xxvi.	Upgrade and operation of the Water Treatment Plant;	
xxvii.	Continued use of other existing facilities and infrastructure within the Waihi SFA, including the helipad, maintenance workshop, store, office and amenity facilities (as identified in Section 2.10 of the Substantive Application Report);	Bentley & Co. This is not an activity occurring 'within' Area 6. Is it meant to say 'within Area 6 from' ?
xxviii.	Erection of internal signs to provide directions, safety instructions and information for staff and visitors within the site;	As above
xxix.	Continued storage and use of hazardous substances;	
XXX.	Disturbance of soil and change of the land use at a HAIL site;	

Con	dition		Comment
	xxxi.	Maintenance of all equipment and installations;	
	xxxii.	Rehabilitation and closure activities;	
	xxxiii.	Restoration, mitigation and enhancement planting, habitat enhancement and pest control; and	
	xxxiv.	Any necessary fauna salvage in accordance with the ELMP.	
f.	Within	Area 6:	
	i.	Vegetation clearance;	
	ii.	Temporary and permanent storage of rock, including the establishment and operation of the Northern Rock Stack and associated infrastructure;	
	iii.	Earthworks including stripping and stockpiling of topsoil and subsoil from the Northern Rock Stack footprint;	
	iv.	Removal or relocation of existing structures, including an OGNZL owned dwelling, workshop structures, a fuel bowser and grease storage facilities;	
	V.	Relocation of any existing overhead or underground power lines, water and / or communication cables;	
	vi.	Establishment and use of water management infrastructure including diversion drains, pumps, pipelines and silt and collection ponds and associated spillways and discharge channels;	
	vii.	Installation and use of monitoring equipment, including piezometers in subsurface drilled holes, standpipes, vibration monitoring equipment, subsidence monitoring and all other necessary monitoring equipment necessary to exercise this consent;	
	viii.	Upgrades to the conveyor system;	
	ix.	Mining activities, including drilling, blasting and excavation at the Western Borrow Area;	
	х.	The removal placement of excavated rock material from Area 6 for placement in existing underground mines for backfill;	
	xi.	Establishment and use of an explosives magazine;	
	xii.	Formation and use of internal access roads and parking areas;	
	xiii.	Installation of security fencing;	
	xiv.	Storage and use of hazardous substances;	

Condition		Comment
xv.	Erection of internal signs to provide directions, safety instructions and information for staff and visitors within the site;	Bentley & Co. The surrounding area is not within Area 7
xvi.	Disturbance of soil and change of land use at a HAIL site associated with rehabilitation works;	Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
xvii.	Excavation at the western borrow area;	
xviii.	Maintenance of all equipment and installations;	
xix.	Rehabilitation and closure activities;	
xx.	Restoration, mitigation and enhancement planting, habitat enhancement and pest control; and	
xxi.	Any necessary fauna salvage in accordance with the ELMP.	
g. Within	Area 7:	
i.	Erection and maintenance of security fencing;	
ii.	Clearance of indigenous vegetation, including clearance within a SNA;	
iii.	Establishment and operation of TSF 3 and associated infrastructure;	
iv.	Earthworks, including stripping topsoil and subsoil from the TSF 3 footprint, with associated erosion and sediment control measures;	
V.	Establishment and use of soil and non-acid forming material stockpiles adjacent to TSF 3;	
vi.	Establishment and use of water management infrastructure including diversion drains, perimeter drains, subsurface drains, pipelines and silt and collection ponds including the realignment of a section of the Ruahorehore Stream;	
vii.	The installation and use of monitoring equipment including piezometers in subsurface drilled holes, standpipes, vibration monitoring equipment, subsidence monitoring and all other necessary monitoring equipment necessary to exercise this consent;	
viii.	Extension of existing TSF services to TSF 3, including, but not limited to, electricity for the leachate and pumping systems, existing tailings delivery lines, decant water return pipes and electricity for the decant return pumps, and extension of the overhead powerline;	Bentley & Co. Without this qualifier, this discretion is too broad

Con	dition		Comment
	ix.	Construction of the TSF 3 embankment and impoundment and associated infrastructure, including placement of soil, limestone and other material and geomembrane liners;	Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
	х.	Discharge of tailings;	
	xi.	Formation and use of internal access roads, haul roads and parking areas, and use of existing OGNZL haul roads in the surrounding area;	
	xii.	Use of hazardous substances;	
	xiii.	Erection of internal signs to provide directions, safety instructions and information for staff and visitors within the site;	Bentley & Co. Added to replace suggested edits above
	xiv.	Change of land use at a HAIL site associated with rehabilitation works;	As above
	xv.	Mining activities, including drilling, blasting, and excavation at the central and eastern borrow areas;	
	xvi.	Maintenance of all equipment and installations;	
	xvii.	Rehabilitation and closure activities;	
	xviii.	Restoration, mitigation and enhancement planting, habitat enhancement and pest control; and	
	xix.	Any necessary fauna salvage in accordance with the ELMP.	
h.		de the Biodiversity Project Area and Areas 1 – 7 (as defined r in Section 2.13 of the Substantive Application Report):	
	i.	Upgrade and use of the Kenny Street carpark;	
	ii.	Upgrade of Willows Road and the Willows Road / State Highway 25 intersection;	
	iii.	Operation of the conveyor in a reverse direction (i.e. from Area 6 to Area 5) to transport rock from the Northern Rock Stack to GOP or the WUG via the underground tunnels;	
	iv.	Restoration and enhancement planting, habitat enhancement and pest control;	
	v.	Installation of surface and groundwater monitoring devices, including piezometers installed in drilled holes, adjacent to Natural State Water Bodies and Natural Inland Wetlands;	
	vi.	Undertaking of surface and groundwater monitoring in Natural State Water Bodies and Natural Inland Wetlands; and	

	Condition	Comment
	vii. Establishment and operation of any infrastructure which may be required to supplement water into Natural State Water Bodies and Natural Inland Wetlands.	
	Activities not listed above may also be carried out, but only provided they are directly related to, and form part of, the Waihi North Project and correspond to an activity as described in the Application and supporting technical documents submitted by OceanaGold New Zealand Limited to the Environment Protection Authority in support of authorisations for the Waihi North Project under the Fast-track Approvals Act 2024.	
	Advice Note: Vegetation clearance associated with drill site Drill Sites, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site pumping test sites, and ventilation shaft sites	
	will comprise the clearance of any / all vegetation in the identified areas.	
	Vegetation clearance associated with portable drill rig sitePortable Rig Sites and water pump siteWater Pump Sites does not require tree	
	to lower equipment into the site via helicopter, and the movement of any on groundcovers, wood debris, and forest duff within the identified area.	
	The placement of excavated rock material from Area 1, 3, 5 and 6 in existing underground mines for backfill	
2	Pursuant to Section 87(b) of the Fast-track Approvals Act 2024, this consent shall lapse if not given effect to within 10 years of its date of commencement.	
3	Pursuant to Section 96 of the Fast-track Approvals Act 2024, this consent is for an unlimited period.	
4	At least 20 working days prior to the first exercise of this consent, the Consent Holder must advise the Hauraki District Council in writing of the date upon which the exercising of this consent is to be commenced.	

SCHEDULE ONE (COMMON CONDITIONS)

5	The Consent Holder must comply with the common conditions between the Hauraki District Council and the Waikato Regional Council in Schedule One.
	Advice Note: Schedule One includes conditions which address the following:

	a.	Interpretation (Definitions and acronyms)	
	b.	Management Plans	
	c.	Tangata Whenua Conditions	
	d.	Annual Work Programme	
	e.	Company Liaison Officer	
	f.	Complaints Procedure	
	g.	Accidental Discovery Protocols	
	h.	Waihi North Biodiversity Project	
	i.	Dewatering and Settlement	
	j.	Ecology and Landscape Management	
	k.	Peer Review Panel	
	l.	Rehabilitation and Closure	
	m.	Public Provision of Management Plans and Monitoring Reports	
	n.	Rehabilitation Bond and	
	0.	The Martha Trust & Capitalisation Bond.	
	Constru	uction Noise	
6	Condition	ons 7 - 14 apply to the following construction activities:	These are the activities
	a. W	ithin all Areas:	that the Marshall Day noise report has
	i.	Construction of access roads;	recommended be
	ii.	Clearance of vegetation, stripping and stockpiling subsoils and topsoil;	subject to the construction noise limits
	iii	. Excavation and backfilling of the excavations where necessary;	
	iv	Construction of clean and dirty water drains, underdrains, and silt and collection ponds and associated spillways; and	
	v.	Deconstruction works on closure of the facilities, e.g. removal of infrastructure and earthworks, and rehabilitation for future land use.	
	b. W	ithin Area 2:	
	i.	All construction of buildings and structures within the Willows SFA, and construction and maintenance of all site roads and access tracks;	
	ii.	Construction of Willows Portal and associated infrastructure, and initial 100 metre length of the Willows Access Tunnel;	
L	1		I .

- iii. Construction of drill pads, ventilation shaft and evasé;
- iv. Upgrades required to Willows Road; and
- v. Rock stack preparatory work, including subsoil and topsoil stripping and stockpiling, foundations, underdrains, surface water diversion drains and silt ponds.

c. Within Area 3:

 Construction of the underground components of the access portal to the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel and associated infrastructure, and the underground components of the Martha access portal, including the initial 100 metres of the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel.

d. Within Area 5:

- i. Relocation of services, including overhead powerlines;
- All activities associated with installing replacement and new facilities within the Processing Plant and Water Treatment Plant;
- Construction of noise barriers (bunds or walls) and soil stockpiles;
- iv. Initial stripping of soil, subsoil and overburden within the footprint of the GOP for the purpose of bund construction and soil stockpiling; and
- Construction of the surface components of the access portal to the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel and associated infrastructure, and the surface components of the Martha access portal.

e. Within Area 6:

- Rock stack preparatory work, including subsoil and topsoil stripping and stockpiling, and the construction of foundations, compacted liner, underdrains, surface water diversion drains and silt ponds;
- ii. Local material borrowing activities; and
- iii. Relocation of existing facilities: workshop, amenities; and
- iv. Establishment and use of an explosives magazine

f. Within Area 7:

- i. Construction of the upstream clean water diversion drains;
- Placement and compaction associated with the ongoing operation of the Tailing Storage Facility 3;
- iii. Local material borrowing activities; and

v. Foundation preparation for the soil stockpiles and then stripping and stockpiling soil from construction activities.

g. Other activities:

- Upgrade works at State Highway 25 / Willows Road intersection; and
- ii. Upgrade of the Kenny Street carpark.

For the avoidance of doubt, these construction activities must not be operational activities and must meet the definition of "Construction Work" in NZS6803:1999 Acoustics – Construction Noise

Styles Group

Marshall Day: Accepted

	Construction Noise Stand	aius			
7	Subject to Condition 8 an activities must be manage with NZS 6803:1999 Acounoise level from all constructions to limits set out in the	ed, measured and a stics - Constructio cuction activities ar	assessed in a n Noise <u>. The</u>	accordance cumulative	The residential receivable limits are the construction noise limits recommended the Marshall Day noi
	Day	Time	L _{Aeq}	L _{Amax}	report
	Residential Receivers: mea residentially zoned site or t the Rural Zone.		-		Styles Group Marshall Day: Accep
	0630h Monday to 0630h	0630h – 0730h	55 dB	75 dB	
	Saturday	0730h – 1800h	70 dB	85 dB	
		1800h – 2000h	65 dB	80 dB	
		2000h – 0630h	45 dB	75 dB	
	0630h Saturday to 0630h	0630h – 0730h	45 dB	75 dB	
	Sunday	0730h – 1800h	70 dB	85 dB	
		1800h – 2000h	45 dB	75 dB	
		2000h – 0630h	45 dB	75 dB	
	0630h Sunday and Public	0630h – 0730h	45 dB	75 dB	
	Holidays to 0630 the following morning	0730h – 1800h	55 dB	85 dB	
		1800h – 2000h	45 dB	75 dB	
		2000h – 0630h	45 dB	75 dB	
	Commercial and Industrial occupied building.	Receivers: measured	1 1 m from the	façade of any	
	All	0730h – 1800h	70 dB		
		1800h – 0730h	75 dB		

		T
	Advice Note: Noise from helicopters hovering as part of construction activities is subject to this condition. Noise from helicopters taking-off and landing at defined helipads is controlled by condition 20.	
8	The limits in Condition 7 do not apply in circumstances where:	Styles Group
	a. A certified CNMP (in accordance with Condition C5 of Schedule 1) specifically identifies the activity and authorises an infringement of the limits in Condition 7. The activity causing the exceedance of the noise limits in Condition 7 is first identified within and subject to a certified Construction Noise Management Plan (in accordance with Condition C5 of Schedule One) and is undertaken using the Best Practicable Option ("BPO") for minimising the noise effects of the activity to ensure they are reasonable; or	Marshall Day: Accepted
	 The exceedance of the noise limits in Condition 7 is no greater than 5 decibels; and 	
	c. The exceedance of the noise limits only occurs:	
	 between 0700 and 2200 for 1 period of no more than 2 consecutive weeks in any 2 months; or 	
	ii. between 2200 and 0700 for 1 period of up to 2 consecutive nights in any 10 days.	
9	The construction noise limits in Conditions 7 and 8 do not apply to any property or site that is:	This clause applies to all of OGNZL's existing resource consents.
	 a. Owned by the Consent Holder or a related company; or b. Owned or occupied by a third party which is subject to either a registered covenant or a written agreement (a copy of which has been provided to the Hauraki District Council) whereby noise effects on the property caused by activities authorised by this consent are not to be taken into account for monitoring and compliance purposes. 	
	Construction Hours	
10	Construction activities listed in Condition 6 must only occur between 0730 to 1800 on weekdays and Saturdays unless those activities are first specified in terms of their location, duration, timing and predicted noise levels and then authorised in a certified Construction Noise Management Plan.	
Construct	ion Noise Management Plan	
11	Other than <u>underground activities in</u> for Area 1 and Area 3 (where activities are to occur underground), for each Area described in Condition C1(i) of Schedule One, the Consent Holder must provide a	Styles Group Mitchell Daysh: Accepted

	Construction Noise Management Plan for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One.	
	Certification is required to verify that the Construction Noise Management Plan:	
	 Includes actions, methods, monitoring programmes and trigger levels as appropriate to meet the objective in Condition 12; and 	
	b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 13	
	Advice Note: Construction Noise Management Plans may be submitted for each Area separately or multiple Areas combined (if submitted separately, it may be necessary to cross reference Construction Noise Management Plans in other areas).	
12	The objective of the Construction Noise Management Plan is to provide procedures for the development and implementation of the BPO for the minimisation of all construction noise effects, how the requirements of Condition 7 will be achieved, circumstance where Condition 8 applies, and to define the procedures to be followed if the noise standards in Condition 7 will be exceeded.	
13	The Construction Noise Management Plan must as a minimum, address the noise management measures set out in Annexure E of the NZS6803:1999 Acoustics - Construction Noise and address the following matters:	Styles Group Mitchell Daysh: rejected. All construction noise
	a. Construction sequencing;b. Machinery and equipment to be used, including the use of non-	needs to be monitored, not just noise that
	percussive or low noise machinery where practicable;	exceeds the requirements of
	 Hours of operation, including times and days when noisy construction work will occur; 	condition 14.
	 The design of noise mitigation measures such as temporary barriers or enclosures; 	
	e. Construction noise limits for specific areas;	
	f. A specific section that specifies and requires the adoption of mitigation strategies where full compliance with the noise standards in Condition 7 cannot be achieved. This must include consultation with occupiers of affected buildings to achieve the BPO. This may include consideration of temporary relocation of building occupants where applicable;	
	 g. Procedures for notifying nearby residents of activities that are likely to generate noise levels above the limits in Condition 7; 	
	h. Methods for monitoring and reporting on construction noise for activities that are authorised by a certified CNMP to exceed the	

noise limits in condition 7 and to meet the requirements of condition 14; and

 Methods for receiving and responding to complaints about construction noise.

Construction Noise Monitoring

The In addition to any specific noise monitoring requirements in any certified CNMP, the Consent Holder must provide a summary report on compliance with Condition 7 to the Hauraki District Council every three months.

Advice note: compliance may be assessed by recording representative noise levels on a weekly basis during construction activities.

This is the same monitoring frequency as is required on OGNZL's Project Martha resource consents for construction activities.

Styles Group

Mitchell Daysh: rejected as the change is superfluous

OPERATIONAL NOISE

For the purposes of Conditions 16-25, operational noise is all noise associated with activities authorised by these consents other than construction noise arising from activities specified in Condition 6.

Advice note: For avoidance of doubt, operational noise includes:

- i. noise associated with any activity undertaken in Area 1;
- ii. noise arising from maintenance activities in any Area.

a. The noise rating level from operational activities authorised by this consent assessed cumulatively must not exceed the limits specified below when measured at or within the boundary of any residentially zoned site or the notional boundary of any occupied dwelling in the Rural Zone:

0700 - 2200	Monday to Saturday	50 dB L _{Aeq}
	All other times	40 dB L _{Aeq}
2200 – 0700 (the following day)	Every day	70 dB L _{AFmax}

b. The noise level arising from road traffic associated with the Project or Willows Road must not exceed a level of 50dB LAeq(1hr) when measured and assessed 1m from the façade of 111 Willows Road and 122 Willows Road. No adjustments for special audible character or duration apply to this noise limit.

These are the noise limits recommended in the Marshall Day noise report. They apply to all activities not listed as 'construction activities' in Condition 6.

Styles Group

Mitchell Daysh: Change to a. is acceptable to Marshall Day.

Addition of <u>b. is not</u>
necessary as the
applicant has an
agreement with both
property owners to

	Advice Note: Noise from helicopters hovering as part of construction activities is subject to this condition. Noise from helicopters taking-off and landing at defined helipads is controlled by condition 20.	purchase these properties. OIA approval should be forthcoming in September
17	Operational noise must be measured in accordance with the provisions of New Zealand Standard NZS 6801:2008 Acoustics – Measurement of Environmental Sound and assessed in accordance with the provisions of New Zealand Standard NZS 6802:2008 Acoustics – Environmental Noise.	
18	The Consent Holder must: a. Once every six months, record representative noise levels from all Areas and those activities outside of Areas 1 – 7 (as identified in Condition 1(h)) subject to active operations and assess them against the requirements of Condition 16; and b. Provide a summary report on compliance with Condition 16 to the Hauraki District Council every three months.	
19	The operational noise limits in Condition 16 and 23 do not apply to any property or site that is: a. Owned by the Consent Holder or a related company; or b. Owned or occupied by a third party which is subject to either a registered covenant or a written agreement (a copy of which has been provided to the Hauraki District Council) whereby noise effects on the property caused by activities authorised by this consent are not to be taken into account for monitoring and compliance purposes.	This clause applies to all of OGNZLs existing resource consents. Styles Group Mitchell Daysh: Not accepted. No limits are set out in condition 23.
Helicopter	Flights	
20	Helicopter flights from the Willows Road, Baxter Road and Golden Cross helipads must not exceed the following rolling 7-day averages: a: Willows Road / Golden Cross combined: 50 movements b: Baxter Road: 10 movements	
	Advice Note: A helicopter movement is any departure from or arrival at a helipad. These movements are inclusive of and not in addition to any movements that form part of any authorisations identified in Part E.02 of the Application and supporting technical documents submitted by OceanaGold New Zealand Limited to the Environment Protection Authority in support of authorisations for the Waihi North Project under the Act	Bentley & Co. Inserted reflective of the recommendation to Condition 1, and reflective of the applicant's acoustic assessment which does

		not assess/address the proposal as being in addition to those movements that are authorised. Mitchell Daysh: Marshall Day advises that this
		condition is no longer necessary on the basis that new condition 23A sets noise limits, which by their nature control flight frequency.
21	Helicopters must not fly over the Waihi Township area shown in Map 1 provided in Attachment 2 .	
22	Other than flights arriving or departing the Golden Cross helipad, helicopter movements must not occur between 8pm and 7am Monday – Saturday or at any time on a Sunday or statutory public holiday.	
Operation	al Noise Management Plan	
23	For each Area described in Condition C1(ba) of Schedule One other than for Area 3 where activities are to occur underground, the Consent Holder must provide an Operational Noise Management Plan for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One. Certification is required to verify that the Operational Noise Management Plan: a. Includes actions, methods, monitoring programmes and trigger levels as appropriate to meet the objectives in Condition 24; and b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 25. Advice Note: Operational Noise Management Plans may be submitted for each Area separately or multiple Areas combined.	Bentley & Co. Correction Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
224	The consent holder must ensure that the noise from helicopter	Styles Group
23A	movements does not exceed the following noise limits when measured and assessed at the notional boundary of any dwelling on land not owned by the consent holder: 50dB Ldn when assessed as the rolling average over any 7-day period	Mitchell Daysh: the redacted part of the condition is not required due to the pending sale
	53dB Ldn on any single day 70dB LAFmax between 10pm and 7am the following day	of the said properties to the applicant.

Except that the noise from helicopter movements must be at least 5dB below these LDN levels when measured and assessed at the notional boundary of 111 and 122 Willows Road. The measurement and assessment of helicopter noise must be undertaken in accordance with NZS6807:1994 Noise management and land use planning for helicopter landing areas The objectives of the Operational Noise Management Plan are to ensure: This condition specifies the objective of the a. Compliance with Condition 16 of this consent; and ONMP and the consent b. That Noise from the operational activities authorised by this consent conditions it is designed is minimised in accordance with the requirements of Section 16 of to assist with the Resource Management Act 1991 and adopts the BPO to ensure implementing. the emission of noise from the activities does not exceed a Note the section 16 reasonable level. requirement referred to applies to the activities irrespective of the consent limits imposed on the consent The Operational Noise Management Plan must as a minimum, address This condition specifies the following matters: the minimum contents of the Operational Noise a. The proposed measures to be used to control operational noise; Management Plan. b. Monitoring programmes It contains additional c. The procedures that will be followed by the Consent Holder to requirements in respect receive, record, and respond to any complaint in relation to of GOP because the operational noise be received; and noise modelling shows those activities may, d. The role of the Consent Holder's staff in the management of without appropriate operational noise, including the nomination of specific staff management, exceed member(s) responsible for overseeing the implementation and noise limits in Condition upkeep of the Operational Noise Management Plan. 16 at a number of e. The methods and procedures to ensure that the road traffic noise properties. limit set out in condition 16B is complied with. This could include physical measures (such as barriers) or management measures The measures listed in (such as speed restrictions). (e) - (j) are those the Marshall Day report f. The specific noise management and mitigation methods that will be considers necessary to used to minimise noise effects on users of the Coromandel Forest include in the Park, including minimising the noise of surface plant in the park such as pumps, compressors and other stationary plant.

24

25

The Operational Noise Management Plan must include a specific section which demonstrates how operational activities at the GOP and the Processing Plant will be undertaken to achieve compliance with Condition 16, including:

Operational Noise Management Plan for the Hauraki District Council and public to have confidence the activity will be / is being managed to achieve the

- e. The activity and location of noise sources associated with the works;
- f. The timing and duration of the activities generating noise;
- g. The noise-generating plant and equipment and their sound power levels;
- h. The specific noise mitigation measures that will need to be adopted to maintain compliance with the noise limits in Condition 16;
- Daily helicopter flight number limits and flight exclusion times and dates;
- j. The requirement for noise monitoring of the Processing Plant following its upgrade in relation to (g); and
- k. Procedures for noise monitoring and reporting to demonstrate compliance with the noise limits in Condition 16.

Advice note:

- Specific management and mitigation measures are required for the GOP and the processing plant, where operational noise levels have potential to adversely affect amenity at dwellings located on Moore Street, Barry Road and George Street.
- Use of real time monitoring will assist to provide verification of compliance and to inform the scheduling and adaptation of activities to minimise noise effects if required.

consent limits in Condition 16.

Styles Group

Mitchell Daysh: e. is not required – see above.
The remaining changes are accepted.

The Consent Holder must provide a Helicopter Noise Management Plan for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One. The Helicopter Noise Management Plan applies to the use of helicopters for construction and operational use.

<u>Certification is required to verify that the Helicopter Noise Management Plan:</u>

- <u>a.</u> <u>Includes actions, methods and monitoring programmes and trigger <u>levels</u> as appropriate to meet the objectives in this condition; and</u>
- b. To ensure that helicopter noise meets the noise limits in condition 23.

<u>The objectives of the Helicopter Noise Management Plan are to ensure:</u>

- a. Compliance with Condition 23A of this consent; and
- b. That noise from all helicopter use authorised by this consent is minimised managed in accordance with the requirements of Section 16 of the Resource Management Act 1991 and adopts the BPO to ensure the emission of noise from the activities does not exceed a reasonable level.

Styles Group

Marshall Day accepts
the concept of a
management plan but
for operational reasons
some of the
requirements have been
redacted. Trigger levels
in a. - it is difficult to see
what type of trigger level
is necessary aside from
the actual noise limits.

Ivand vi are operationally impractical.

<u>The Helicopter Operational</u> Noise Management Plan must as a minimum, address the following matters:

- i. Defined approach and departure tracks from each formal landing area to minimise noise effects for receivers near to all landing areas;
- ii. Preferred flight paths, flight procedures and any minimum altitude requirements for regular helicopter movements to minimise noise to all receivers under the flight paths;
- iii. Procedures to ensure that idling time on the ground is kept to a minimum:
- iv.—Procedures to ensure that helicopters must not fly, land or hover within 400m of the Wharekirauponga track when the track is open between 1 December and 28 February (inclusive).
- v. methods and procedures to record flight numbers and track movements and helicopter types to ensure that compliance with the noise limits in condition 23A can be robustly determined on a daily basis.
- vi. In addition to iv, the methods and procedures that will be adopted to minimise noise effects for users of the Coromandel Forest Park. This may include specified flight, approach and departure tracks to avoid or minimise noise effects in sensitive areas, limiting helicopter use entirely over the peak park usage periods, timing helicopter movements to avoid or minimise conflict with park users or any other methods that may be practicable and effective.
- vii. Methods and procedures to ensure that all pilots are aware of the requirements of all conditions relating to helicopter activity, including the noise limits, the need to minimise noise as far as practicable and the need to comply with the certified ONMP.

BLASTING AND VIBRATION

26

All blast events must comply with the limits and standards set out in Conditions 28 and 29 as measured at the boundary of any allotment, or at the notional boundary of rural property, not owned by the agency responsible for creating the vibration residential, low density residential or town centre zoned site that is lawfully used for residential purposes, or the notional boundary of any lawfully occupied rural dwelling.

Blastechnology

Mitchell Daysh: Not accepted.

The vibration limits are designed to protect amenity and therefore should only be applicable to residential properties. This has been the approach for all previous mining projects at Waihi.

		Refer to advice from Heilig & Partners.
27	The standards in Conditions 28 and 29 do not apply to any property or site that is: a. Owned by the Consent Holder or a related company; or b. Owned or occupied by a third party which is subject to either a registered covenant or a written agreement (a copy of which has been provided to the Hauraki District Council) whereby vibration effects on the property caused by activities authorised by this consent are not to be taken into account for monitoring and compliance purposes.	
28	For all blasting within Areas 2, 3 and 5 associated with the establishment of access portals and underground tunnels: a. The peak particle velocity (vector sum) at the surface must be no more than: i. 5mm/s for 95% of blast events between the hours of 1000 and 1500, Monday to Friday and 1000 to 1200 Saturday 0700 and 2000, Monday to Saturday (excluding public holidays); and ii. 1mm/s for 95% of blast events at all other times; The duration of the underground development blasts must be limited to no more than 12 seconds; c. Compliance with the 95% limit must be determined based on the highest recorded vibration for each blast event measured at any monitor installed in accordance with Condition 42 9(f) or 42(g); and d. The maximum overpressure must not be greater than 120 dBL for any blast.	These are the limits recommended in the Heilig vibration report. It allows night time blasting but subject to a much more stringent vibration limit. Blastechnology Mitchell Daysh: not accepted. The times in this condition align with conditions on underground and portal development associated with OGL's existing consents. Restricting the 5 mm/s limit to a shorter window would limit advance to one blast per day. Refer to advice from Heilig & Partners.
29	For all GOP Blasting within Area 5, and borrow pit blasting at the western borrow pit in Area 6, and the central and eastern borrow pits in Area 7: a. The peak particle velocity (vector sum) at the surface must be no more than: i. 5mm/s for 95% of blast events between the hours of 0700 and	These are the limits recommended in the Heilig vibration report. Blastechnology Mitchell Daysh: d. not
	1800, Monday to Saturday (excluding public holidays)	accepted, remaining parts are accepted.

	Blast events will occur between the hours of 1000 and 1500,	Heilig and partners advises that based on previous projects, overpressure associated with open pit blasting rarely occurs. Therefore, an automated monitoring system is not deemed necessary. The existing system of periodic monitoring and complaint investigation is deemed sufficient. Refer to advice from Heilig & Partners.
30	 a. For all blasting within Area 1 the peak particle velocity (vector sum) at the surface must be no more than 15 mm/s for 95% of blast events. b. Compliance with this limit must be determined by: For development blasting (prior to the first stope blast), monitoring vibration at the surface above tunnelling activities within Area 2 to confirm that development blasting will not exceed the peak particle velocity (vector sum) limit set out in a. above at any location where subsequent tunnelling occurs in Area 1; For production blasting, monitoring vibration at three representative locations within the upper levels of the underground mine; and Using a predictive algorithm and the vibration recorded at the three underground locations to calculate vibration from production blasting at representative assessment locations on the surface. 	This condition requires vibration in the CFP to be generally in accordance with that described in the Heilig report on which the assessment of effects on native frogs and recreation was based.
	The predictive algorithm for assessing compliance in this manner must continue to be included in any amended version of the VMP referred to in Condition C4.	
31	 When applying Conditions 28 and 29: a. The percentile calculations must be based upon all recorded vibration data. Where the level of vibration does not exceed the threshold level of vibration, the blast shall be assumed to generate 0.5mm/s and be included in the calculation of the 95% statistics. 	These requirements are as per the Project Martha LUC. As per the recommendations in the Heilig report (a) requires

- b. For the first 100 blast events at each of:
 - i. GOP;
 - ii. Western Borrow Pit;
 - iii. Central Borrow Pit;
 - iv. Eastern Borrow Pit;
 - v. Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel and Portal; and
 - vi. Willows Access Tunnel and Portal;

compliance with the 95% limit will be satisfied if no more than five of those first 100 events have a maximum particle velocity (vector sum) that exceeds 5mm/s.

When applying Conditions 28 and 29 and 30:

c. For the Gladstone Open Pit, unless b applies, compliance with the 95% limit must be measured over a rolling six-month period.

For the other areas listed above in b, compliance with the 95% limit must be measured over a rolling 100 blast events.

 d. A 'Blast Event' is defined as an individual or number of linked individual blasts. the threshold level for applicable vibration be set in the Vibration Management Plan Blasting Management Plan. In accordance with the Heilig report Condition 45.f. specifies a default value of 0.75 mm/s be used unless location specific circumstances dictate an alternative number is appropriate.

Minimising, Mitigating and Compensating Blasting Impacts

33

- In addition to complying with the requirements of Conditions 28 29, the Consent Holder must minimise, to the extent practicable, the impacts of blasting vibrations on the community. The measures to be applied must continue to be set out in any amended version of the VMP referred to in Condition C4, and must include, as a minimum:
 - a. Restricting the magnitude and duration of blast events to a minimum consistent with safe and efficient mining operations;
 - b. Implementing timely blast notification procedures using a methodology appropriate for the receiving environment(s); and
 - c. Reporting blast event vibration results in a timely manner.
 - Prior to the commencement of blasting within GOP, the Western Borrow Area, the Central Borrow Area and the Eastern Borrow Area, the Consent Holder must conduct a risk assessment, the objective of which is to set out procedures that minimise the risks associated with flyrock having considered all relevant and material factors including but not limited to:
 - a. Proximity of blasting to any pit crest, neighbouring property and areas with public access;

Blastechnology

Heilig & Partners advise that compliant results have been achieved during OGL's previous projects using minimum risk practices. Given no verified fume events have been observed from any previous

- Blast design parameters such as stemming length, loading horizon, explosive quantity, explosive density, blast hole inclination, blast orientation and degree of ground fracturing;
- c. Identification and treatment of any uncharged holes or voids;
- d. Degree of ground saturation; and
- e. Potential risk control measures <u>including but not limited to the</u>
 monitoring of of every blasblasts-using video cameras and the rating
 of collar and free-face venting intensity in the Blast Report for every
 blast fired in GOP and the borrow pits.

The assessment must be undertaken by a person suitably qualified or experienced in risk assessment. The risk control measures, and the methods and procedures for implementing them, must continue to be set out in any amended version of the VMP referred to in Condition C4.

blasting and only a single flyrock event has occurred, it is not deemed necessary to film every single blast.

Some of the proposed text has been retained to identify potential risk control measures that may be used if the risk assessment deems them necessary.

Amenity Effect Programme

35

36

Until blasting has been completed, the Consent Holder must continue to implement an the Amenity Effect Programme in respect of vibration as set out in Conditions 35 – 41 below, provided that owners and / or tenants who have entered into a separate arrangement with the Consent Holder and / or have otherwise agreed not to receive the Amenity Effect Programme will not be eligible to receive Amenity Effect Programme payments under this condition.

Advice note: The Amenity Effect Programme is can be a continuation of the existing Amenity Effect Programme which has been conditioned on previous OGNZL consents in Waihi. The Amenity Effect Programme required by this consent can be implemented in conjunction with the existing Amenity Effect Programme implemented by the Consent Holder.

The Consent Holder must use the recorded data from the vibration compliance monitoring required by Conditions 28-30 to predict the vibration received from blasting at occupied residences, and must make payments to the occupiers of those residences in accordance with the table and criteria below:

Vibration Magnitude (mm/s)	Payment Per Blast Event (\$)	
1.5 – 3.5	23.89	
≥ 3.5	71.52	
≥ 5	238.86	
≥ 6	475.02	

The rates in Condition 35 are those existing at 1 January 2024. The rates will be adjusted for the start of each calendar year by the Consumer

Bentley & Co.
Correction

Mitchell Daysh: Accepted

	Price Index ("CPI") published by Statistics New Zealand and made publicly available on the Consent Holder's website.	
37	Any permanently occupied residence (including properties lawfully used for residential purposes in the Town Centre Zone or Low Density Residential Zone) shall be eligible to receive Amenity Effect Programme payments if in any month it receives two or more blast events generating vibration of 1.5 mm/s or greater.	
38A	For the purpose of Condition 37 a permanently occupied residence means a building that has been the normal place of residence for one or more persons for a period of at least 6 months prior to the trigger blast events where residential living is a permitted activity, a lawful existing use under section 10 of the RMA, or is authorised by a resource consent.	
38	The Amenity Effect Programme does not apply to any unoccupied houses or undeveloped residential property.	
39	Occupiers of eligible residences must receive a minimum payment of \$250 per six-monthly period.	
40	Payments to occupiers of eligible residences must be calculated sixmonthly, and payment made within two months of those calculations being made or as soon as practicable thereafter.	
41	Should Amenity Effect Programme payments become taxable, the Consent Holder shall not be liable for any taxes associated with the payments. Nor shall the Consent Holder be liable for any future changes to national superannuation or other benefits as a result of an eligible occupier receiving the Amenity Effect Programme payments in accordance with this consent.	
Blasting and Vibration Monitoring		
42	a. The Consent Holder must monitor impulsive vibration from all blast events at GOP, the Western Borrow Area, the Central Borrow Area and the Eastern Borrow Area, and all blast events associated with the development of the WUG, Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel and the Willows Access Tunnel;	These monitoring requirements are as per the existing Project Martha land use consent.
	b. The equipment used for monitoring, equipment calibration and vibration measurement procedures must comply with the current Australian Standard AS2187.2 (or equivalent international standards) and equipment manufacturers' recommendations;	The monitoring locations specified in clause (e) and (f) are those identified in Figure
	c. The fixed monitoring system must be automated to allow for the prompt analysis of each blast event;	8 and 9 of the Heilig vibration assessment as appropriate.
	d. The monitoring must be conducted by suitably trained personnel, including the installation of roving monitors;	In accordance with the recommendations of the

- e. Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki
 District Council, the vibration monitoring for GOP blasting must
 include fixed monitoring at the sites shown in the figure annexed as
 Attachment 3 to this consent throughout the period of its
 development and mining operations;
- f. Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki District Council, the vibration monitoring for the Western Borrow Area, Central Borrow Area and Eastern Borrow Area blasting must include fixed monitoring at the sites shown in the figure annexed as Attachment 3 to this consent throughout the period of its development and mining operations;
- g. Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki District Council the vibration monitoring for the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel blasting must include fixed or roving monitoring units at the sites shown in the figure annexed as **Attachment 3** to this consent throughout the period of its development;
- h. Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki
 District Council the vibration monitoring for the Willows Access
 Tunnel blasting must include a roving monitor sited at or near a
 representative residence (to be determined by a suitably qualified
 and experienced expert) throughout the period of its development;
- Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki
 District Council the vibration monitoring for the WUG must include:
 - Monitoring vibration using geophones placed at three locations within the upper levels of the underground mine;
 - Use of a predictive algorithm to predict the vibration levels at the surface using the monitoring data collected in accordance with (i); and
 - iii. Periodic monitoring undertaken at least one of the indicative surface assessment locations shown in **Attachment 3** to this consent sufficient to ensure the accuracy of the predictive algorithm and reliability of the predicted vibration levels
- j. Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki District Council, the overpressure monitoring for GOP blasting must include fixed monitoring at the sites shown in **Attachment 3** to this consent;
- k. Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki District Council, the overpressure monitoring for the Western Borrow Area, Central Borrow Area and Eastern Borrow Area blasting must include fixed monitoring at the sites shown in **Attachment 3** to this consent;
- Unless otherwise required or confirmed in writing by the Hauraki
 District Council, the overpressure monitoring for the establishment
 of access portals and underground tunnels within Areas 2, 3 and 5

Heilig vibration
assessment clause (f)
and (g) allow use of
roving monitors for
compliance given the
short duration of the
effects that would be
experienced as the
blasting proceeds
through the tunnel
length.

must include a temporary monitor sited at or near a representative residence for the first 50m of tunnel development from all new access portals; m. The fixed monitoring locations must not be on, or inside, a building or structure; n. Pursuant to (e), (f) or (g), data received from a roving monitor may identify a new or additional permanent monitoring location; o. A roving monitor must be deployed to record vibrations in locations where complaints regarding vibration have been made in accordance with a procedure specified in the VMP referred to in Condition C4; and p. A complete record of each blast event must be maintained which includes: Types of measurement instrument used; Time and duration of blast event; Locations of blasts; Locations of monitoring positions; Distances from the blasts to the monitoring position and nearest residence (except for blasting within Area 1); Measured vibration levels; Total amount of explosive used; viii. Delay sequence of the blast event; Maximum instantaneous charge; ix. Volume of rock blasted; Complaints (including the nature of effects, for example rattling window, was the complainant awoken) and whether the vibration mitigation action process has been undertaken; and xii. Design criteria not covered in items (i) to (xi) above. **Blasting Vibration** Management Plan The Consent Holder must implement the B₩MP referred to in Condition 43 C4 of Schedule One, subject to any amendments that may be made under Condition C8-C8D of Schedule One. Any amendment to the VMP made under Condition C8-C8D must ensure Mitchell Daysh: 44 that the following objective is met: Vibration Management Plan renamed as a. The impacts of blasting vibrations on the community in accordance **Blasting Management** with Condition 31, as well as ecological habitat values within Area 1, are minimised to the extent practicable.

<u>Advice note</u>: The <u>B</u>₩MP may be separate for each Area and/or cover multiple Areas combined.

The B\to MP may be combined with any similar management plans, including Vibration Management Plans, required under other resource consents held by the Consent Holder which authorise mining in the Waihi area, however must be clear as to the scope / extent of content and coverage.

Plan, as requested by HDC.

Any version of the BVMP amended under Condition C8-C8D must continue to include as a minimum:

- a. The measures to be adopted to ensure that the objective identified in Condition 44 is met, including, where relevant providing:
 - A description of the blast design criteria and blast design review procedures required to achieve the ground vibration level limits specified in Conditions 28 – 30;
 - The numbers, times and duration of blast events, and in general terms the coordination of blasts and steps to minimise the duration of blast events;
 - iii. Procedures to be adopted where vibration levels approach the maximum limits and mitigation actions to be implemented in the event of an exceedance of the ground vibration level limits stated in Conditions 28 – 30;
 - iv. The methods and procedures to be adopted for managing and monitoring of overpressure, including detailed analysis of measured overpressure traces, to achieve and demonstrate compliance with the overpressure limits specified in Conditions 28 30, and to ensure that no perceptible overpressure is experienced at any location where the overpressure limits in those conditions apply between the hours of 2000 and 0700;
 - The methods and procedures identified by the risk assessment required by Condition 33 which are to be adopted to manage flyrock;
 - vi. The methods and procedures to be adopted in deploying the roving monitor(s), data usage from the roving monitors, procedures for converting a roving monitor location to a fixed monitoring location and identifying circumstances where vibration monitoring within structures must be considered;
 - vii. The methods and procedures for managing vibration related complaints and responses to those complaints; and
 - viii. The methods and procedures for identifying and addressing anomalous vibration results recorded at any monitored site, including sites monitored with roving monitors;

The requirements of the Vibration Management
Blasting Management
Plan align with those in the Project Martha LUC.

Notable exceptions are:

- It allows the use of roving monitors for determining compliance for the access tunnels in accordance with the recommendations of the Heilig report; and
- It requires the monitoring vibration threshold level for individual sites be specified in this document in accordance with the Heilig report. The default value specified in (d) is that the Heilig report identifies as being appropriate in most situations.
- Blastechnology Mitchell Daysh: g. Not accepted. Refer to Heilig & Partners advice in Condition 33.

- b. The fixed monitoring locations to be established in accordance with Condition 42 (e), (f), and (g);
- c. The locations of the roving monitor to be established in accordance with Condition 42 (g), (h) and (i);
- d. The methods and procedures for differentiating between blast sources for vibration monitoring purposes immediately prior to the firing of the blast event for the various sites to allow for unambiguous classification of the source of the vibration event.
- e. Measures to be adopted to demonstrate compliance with Condition 28, including:
 - The underground monitoring locations to be established in accordance with Condition 42 (i)(i);
 - The software and algorithm to be used to calculate surface vibration using the vibration recorded at those underground monitoring locations;
 - iii. The location of the representative surface assessment locations where surface vibration will be calculated to assess compliance with Condition 30; and
 - iv. The methodology for undertaking periodic surface monitoring in accordance with Condition 42 (i)(ii) to calibrate the software and algorithm used for calculating surface vibration;
- f. The monitoring vibration threshold level for individual sites. This must be set at 0.75 mm/s unless elevated background vibration at a site means an alternative threshold is appropriate;
- g. Detail on the conditions which could cause post blast fumes at GOP, the Western Borrow Area, Central Borrow Area, or Eastern Borrow Area, and measures to monitor, and if necessary, manage, post blast fume generation in GOP or any of the borrow areas, including the assessment by video analysis lasting for at least 30 seconds after the last blasthole has fired, and the reporting of fume rating following the AEISG Code of Practice "Prevention and Management of Blast Generated NOx Gases in Surface Blasting", dated (2011) in the Blast Report for every blast fired in GOP and the borrow pits:
- h. Further detail on the Amenity Effect Programme required under Condition 34;
- i. The properties to be surveyed in accordance with Condition 50; and
- j. Records to be kept, including blast design data.

Management and Reporting

At the start of each calendar month throughout the period of developing the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel, the Consent Holder must prepare

a two-dimensional plan showing the existing Access Tunnel and the proposed areas where blasting will occur and where the face of the Access Tunnel will progress during that month. The plan must be loaded onto the Consent Holder's website and must also be available for collection in hard copy form from the Waihi Information Centre and Hauraki District Council's Waihi Service Centre. No blasting operations in relation to development of the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel may take place outside work areas defined on the plan. In the event that blast monitoring shows that the vibration standards in 47 Conditions 28 - 30 have been exceeded, the Consent Holder must: a. Implement mitigation actions to ensure compliance in accordance with the VMP; and b. Submit a report to the Hauraki District Council within one month of the exceedance event which includes: The records for the blast event collected in accordance with Condition 42 (l); and The mitigation actions taken to ensure future compliance. The Consent Holder must provide a Vibration Summary Report to the 48 Hauraki District Council at three-monthly intervals. The report must include the following: a. Confirmation of blasting actions (including all blasts for maintenance / safety purposes) taken during the previous reporting period; b. All vibration related complaints received during the current reporting period and mitigation actions taken by the Consent Holder; c. Results of vibration monitoring separately for: GOP; i. The Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel; The Willows Road Access Tunnel; The WUG; v. The Western Borrow Area; vi. The Central Borrow Area; and vii. The Eastern Borrow Area. d. All roving monitor data results recorded during the quarter.

Monitoring records, reports and complaint schedules must be stored 49 securely and maintained in a systematic manner for 12 months. Records must be provided to the Hauraki District Council on request.

Damage to Permanent Dwellings and Associated Structures

51

Before undertaking any blasting within each Area of this consent, and provided the property owner consents, the Consent Holder must engage an independent structural engineer suitably qualified and experienced in domestic building design and construction (the Engineer) to undertake a structural condition survey for at least five representative properties (non-company owned) located in the vicinity of vibration monitors, and at 'control' properties removed from the influence of any potential vibration effects from mining. The Engineer must:

This is the same protocol as applies to **OGNZLs** existing blasting activities in Waihi.

- a. Undertake a visual inspection and make video recordings of all existing built surfaces and defects including concrete accessways; and
- b. Identify, in written reports with accompanying photographs, any noted defects which were apparent at the time of the survey.

This is the same protocol as applies to **OGNZLs** existing blasting activities in

Waihi.

- - a. Upon receipt of a complaint of damage to a permanent dwelling or associated structures suspected by the property owner to be caused from activities authorised by this consent, an appropriately qualified representative of the Consent Holder must investigate and respond to the complaint as soon as is practicable, but no later than five working days later.
 - b. If the property owner does not agree with advice from the Consent Holder's representative, or if the cause of the damage is unclear, the Consent Holder must engage an appropriately qualified independent third party to investigate and report to both the property owner and Consent Holder within 30 working days unless considered urgent by the independent third party in which case the report must be made available as soon as practicable. If the property owner does not agree with the advice or the Consent Holder does not engage a third party then if the Hauraki District Council determines after investigation that a third-party investigation is warranted, the Consent Holder must commission and meet the reasonable costs of that investigation.
 - c. If the advice of the independent third party or the Consent Holder's representative determines that the cause of the damage is attributable to the activities authorised by this consent, then the Consent Holder must remedy the damage at its cost as soon as practicable in accordance with any recommendation by the Consent Holder's representative or by the third party and to the reasonable satisfaction of the property owner.

d. If any dispute arises in respect of this condition the matter must be referred to arbitration in accordance with the provisions of the Arbitration Act 1996. An arbitrator shall be appointed by the President of the Institute of Professional Engineers in New Zealand. The arbitrator will be instructed to use their best endeavours to provide their determination within 30 working days of their appointment, unless the Consent Holder and the property owner agree that time shall be extended. In all other respects, the provisions of the Arbitration Act 1996 shall apply. If the property owner chooses not to participate in the arbitration, the Consent Holder will have no further obligations under this condition.

UNDERGROUND AND SURFACE STABILTY

<u>51A</u>

Prior to the commencement of stoping, detailed 3D modelling of the final underground mine (WUG) stoping plan shall be conducted to assess the predicted stability of the final crown pillar geometry and provide a prediction of deformation of its surface due to mining.

Results are to be provided to the HDC for verification.

Stoping in the underground mine (WUG) within Area 1 shall be conducted to ensure ground surface stability is maintained. This shall include at least the following measures:

- a. Mining methods shall be restricted to those that require all stope voids created or enlarged to be backfilled on completion.
- b. All surface drillholes passing directly above stopes shall be fully grouted before stoping commences.

For the surface directly above stoping, before the commencement of stoping, a satellite scan of the surface topography is to be undertaken at the highest available resolution. Thereafter, scans of the same area are to be undertaken at least every two (2) years.

Once stoping commences, a report shall be provided to the Council every two (2) years thereafter to include but not be limited to:

- a. The cumulative stope void volume and the cumulative volume of backfill placed in stope voids.
- b. Results from satellite scans presented as contours of cumulative differential surface movement above the stoping area.

Dalmour Pty Ltd

EGL: Accept from a geotechnical perspective

Mitchell Daysh – unsure what HDC is to verify in first paragraph.

GLADSTONE OPEN PIT GROUND CONTROL MANAGEMENT PLAN

51B

Prior to the commencement of GOP mining, the Consent Holder must submit a Ground Control Management Plan (GCMP) for the Gladstone Open Pit for certification under Condition C5.

Certification is required to verify that the GCMP:

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EGL: Accept

- a. Includes actions and methods as appropriate to meet the Purpose below; and
- b. Addresses the Actions required below.

<u>Purpose</u>

- a. To further define and confirm geotechnical properties of materials, structures and groundwater conditions
- b. To identify areas of pit walls with potential stability issues, and
- c. To define potential remedial treatments for those areas.

Actions required

<u>The Ground Control Management Plan shall include at least the following measures:</u>

- a. A detailed staged pit development plan to allow rock mass
 conditions, geological structures and geology to be confirmed
 before committing to the final pit crest position and specifications
 of overall pit slopes.
- b. A series of hold points to reassess and confirm slope designs.
- c. A network of installed piezometers must be in place around the pit before mining commences to measure groundwater levels and pore water pressures.
- d. Definition of fault and shear characteristics and continuity.
- e. Confirmation of strength characteristics of pit wall materials.
- f. A plan of horizontal drain holes around the pit wall.
- g. Details of horizontal grading of benches to direct rainfall runoff.
- h. Stability conditions in areas of potential slope instability and proposed remediation treatment measures to be applied to those during mining.

LIGHTING

52

Any night lighting established in Areas 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7 must be designed and installed in order that the level of lighting measured at the boundary of any site not owned by the Consent Holder or related company, or not subject to an agreement with the Consent Holder or related company, is no greater than 8.0 lux. This condition does not apply to any street light installed for safety purposes insofar as it causes light spill on a public road.

53	Where luminaires are visible from external locations or are high output floodlights:	
	They must be installed such that their light producing faces are horizontal to the ground; or	
	b. Luminaires must be aimed away from external locations, i.e. into the site, or	
	c. They must be of luminous intensity not exceeding the limits set out for the applicable environmental zone in AS/NZS 4282 "Obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting" or any subsequent version (in which case the latter standard prevails)	
54	Lighting associated with locations within Area 1 must be designed and installed in accordance with the National Light Pollution Guidelines for Wildlife published by the Australian Government's Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water, version 2.0, May 2023 or any subsequent version (in which case the latter version prevails).	
<u>54A</u>	At least 20 working days prior to the commencement of activities authorised by this consent, the Consent Holder shall submit a Lighting Management Plan to the Hauraki District Council for certification. The Lighting Management Plan must:	Kern Consultants Limited Pedersen Read:
	a. Set out the requirements for all fixed, mobile, and construction artificial lighting to be used,	Accepted except that (ix) and c. are not practicable from an
	including:	operational perspective nor necessary given the
	(i) Set out the Plan purpose	other matters that need
	(ii) Reference to applicable legislation and standards	to be included in the
	(iii) Identify key roles and responsibilities	management plan.
	(iv) Requirements for lighting design and installation to balance operational and safety requirements with best practice lighting design in cognisance of Hauraki District Plan requirements, AS/NZS 4282: 2023 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting" and The Australian Government's "National Light Pollution Guidelines for Wildlife"	
	(v) Plant location and luminaire directions/aiming to minimise spill light and glare effects i.e. aim lights away from dwellings, roadways and sensitive ecological areas.	
	(vi) Limiting the intensity/output of light fittings.	
	(vii) Tilt light fittings downward.	
	(viii) Install light shields where necessary.	
	(ix) Avoid high points which are visible outside of the Willows Road site.	
	(x) Install blinds to windows and glass doors where site support facilities (e.g. Portacoms) are to be used after dark.	

- b. Identify how lighting throughout the project will be minimised as far as practicable, so it meets the permitted standards of the relevant zone and effects on the night sky.
- c. Include the placement and direction of lights to avoid high points which are visible outside of Area 2.
- d. Identify where light shields should be used where necessary, and all lighting shall be down facing to minimise effects on the night sky
- e. Identify specific operational requirements
- f. Include Lighting Audit Requirements and Periodic Review
- g. Be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced lighting professional

LANDSCAPE MITIGATION

In addition to the requirements of the ELMP, and rehabilitation and closure requirements specified in Conditions C60 – C69 of Schedule One, the Consent Holder must comply with the following:

a. In Area 1:

- i. All buildings and fixed structures within the Coromandel Forest Park must be finished in recessive, natural colours and/or cladding materials that minimise their visual prominence and enable them to blend with the surrounding landscape. Colour from Groups A and B of BS 5252 Colour Range, that do not exceed a Light Reflectance Value (LRV) of 32 are suitable.
- ii. At the completion of the ventilation evasé construction activities at each location in Area 1, the Consent Holder must remove all materials including rubbish, equipment and structures associated with the ventilation evasé construction activities (except the ventilation evasé, supporting foundations, perimeter fencing and signage). All areas of bare earth or ground disturbance resulting from the construction of the evasē shall be stabilised and revegetated as soon as practicable following completion of construction, using the species identified in by the ecological survey for each site (refer Condition 139) and in a manner consistent with the ELMP-WUG.

Advice Note: The intent of (i) is to ensure that all buildings and structures within the park are visually, unobtrusive. The use of alternative colours, that achieve this intent may be considered. b. In Area 2:

- Existing shelterbelts, trees and hedges at the Willows SFA outside disturbed areas must be retained where it is practicable to do so;
- ii. Upon completion of construction, the noise bunds and the earth mounding at the explosives magazine shall be grassed as soon as possible to prevent soil erosion, with the subsequent planting of native terrestrial planting (in accordance with the Proposed Integrated Mitigation Planting Stages - WUG Surface Facilities Area Plan – Figure A) to occur no later than the first planting season following construction.
- Advise note: Stabilisation is expected to occur by using either a tackifier or similar adhesive product applied to bind the soil together to help prevent erosion while grass or planting becomes established, or by mechanical means such as biodegradable fibrous matting
- iii. Cuts and batters for access roads must be contoured to visually integrate within the adjoining natural landform and all exposed soil must be scarified and seeded with pasture and/or native vegetation to assimilate within the surrounding land cover; and
- vi. All buildings and fixed structures must be finished in recessive, natural colours and/or cladding materials that minimise their visual prominence and enable them to blend with the surrounding landscape. Colour from Groups A and B of BS 5252 Colour Range, that do not exceed a Light Reflectance Value (LRV) of 32 are suitable.

Advice Note: The intent of (vi) is to ensure that all buildings and structures are visually, unobtrusive. The use of alternative colours, that achieve this intent may be considered.

c. In Area 5:

- Removal of the landform to construct the GOP must be undertaken from east to west with the objective of concealing the works from wider views to the south west of the activity;
- New and replacement structures within the Waihi SFA must be finished in the same colour palette as the existing structures in that Area;
- All areas of plantation pine, including the established pine trees on Winner Hill, shall be retained for the duration of mining in the Gladstone Pit;
- iv. Following the completion of the mining of the GOP and concurrent with the backfilling of the GOP pit with tailings, the existing plantation pines shall be removed and replaced with native vegetation in accordance with the ELMP-WA; and

 On completion of backfilling, the GOP tailings storage area shall be contoured to integrate with the surrounding natural landscape in accordance with the ELMP-WA.

Advise note: The final landform surrounding the pit is intended to be re-established in pasture and native shrubs in a way that offers further opportunities to assimilate the modified landform within a working rural landscape.

d. In Area 6:

 Temporary topsoil stockpiles must be seeded in pasture grass as soon as possible following their establishment and maintained in pasture until required for rehabilitation.

e. In Area 7:

- Temporary topsoil stockpiles must be seeded in pasture grass as soon as possible following their establishment and maintained in pasture until required for rehabilitation;
- ii. Vegetation proposed to be removed in SNA T13UP166, and along existing watercourses must be replaced in accordance with the ELMP;
- iii. Rehabilitation of the TSF3 embankment surface must occur progressively as practicable areas become available. This must include the provision of a rooting medium suiting to the establishment of pasture, shaping of the embankment to ensure it integrates with the adjacent landform, and drainage as necessary to ensure the establishment and maintenance of a stable surface that protects water quality and prevents soil erosion;
- iv. Rehabilitation of the TSF 3 tailings deposition area with native wetland plants at the completion of tailings operations. Prior to this occurring the Consent Holder shall submit to the Council for certification, a TSF3 Wetland Restoration Plan in accordance with Condition C5(o) of Schedule One. The plan shall identify the location of the planting and a schedule of plants that identifies the species to be used (botanical and common names), the number or percentage mix of each species, size at time of planting and spacing; and
- v. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Hauraki District Council, the Consent Holder must revegetate the lift undertaken in the previous season (i.e. the lift undertaken in the previous season is to be revegetated while the current season's lift is being undertaken).

Buildings in Area 2, Area 5 and Area 6

56	The location, height and form of any new building established within Area 2, Area 5 and Area 6 must be consistent with those shown in Attachment 4 of this consent (Drawings showing the location, layout and form of new buildings in Area 2, Area 5 and Area 6).
57	To demonstrate compliance with Condition 56 the Consent Holder must: a. Supply construction drawings for all new buildings within Area 2, Area 5 and Area 6 to the Hauraki District Council prior to commencement of construction activities in each of those areas; and b. On completion of construction activities in each of Areas 2, Area 5, and Area 6, supply written confirmation stating that the buildings within that Area have been constructed in accordance with the design referred to in (a).

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

58 A	All hazardous substances must be stored in bunded containment in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substance) 2017 regulations (HSW-HS) or the Environmental Protection Authority's Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017 ('EPA Notice'), as applicable, or any subsequent version of those documents (in which case the latest document prevails). This condition does not apply to the use of portable jerry cans which are necessary for refuelling in emergency situations.	Resource Consulting Tonkin and Taylor: Accept
58B	Secondary containment of pooling hazardous substances shall ensure effective containment at all times. This includes provisions for stormwater which requires either containment capacity in addition to minimum workplace safety requirements and the ability to manually drain stormwater or roofing where appropriate to prevent stormwater from entering the secondary containment system. Advice note: The minimum containment requirements for relevant hazardous substances in accordance with the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substance) 2017 Regulations (HSW-HS) or the Environmental Protection Authority's Hazardous Substances (Hazardous Property Controls) Notice 2017 ('EPA Notice'), or any subsequent version of these documents (in which case the latest document prevails), apply regardless.	Resource Consulting Tonkin and Taylor: Accept
58C	Any hazardous substance emergency which has the potential to adversely affect people, or the environment must be reported to the Hauraki District Council at the earliest opportunity, including the type of	

	emergency, remedial ac required to fully restore		en, and any further actions ore the emergency.		
59	 a. Any hazardous substance spill above ground which is greater than 20 litres must be reported to the Hauraki District Council at the earliest opportunity, including the amount spilled, remedial action undertaken, and any further actions required to fully remediate the site. b. If any spill set out in Condition 59(a) occurs in Area 1, these are to be reported to the Department of Conservation at the earliest opportunity, including the amount spilled, remedial action undertaken, and any further actions required to fully remediate the 				
	site.	,	,		
60	A spill kit must be held immediately should a s		g area at all times and used		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour	nd:	Storage Location	1	
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour Substance	Maximum Volume	,		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour Substance ANFO (UN 0082)	nd: Maximum	Underground explosives		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour Substance ANFO (UN 0082) Booster (UN 0042)	Maximum Volume	,		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour Substance ANFO (UN 0082)	Maximum Volume	Underground explosives magazines		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour Substance ANFO (UN 0082) Booster (UN 0042) Packaged explosive	Maximum Volume	Underground explosives magazines		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour Substance ANFO (UN 0082) Booster (UN 0042) Packaged explosive (UN 0241) Detonators (UN 0030 /	Maximum Volume 6,100 kg 100 kg (100,000	Underground explosives magazines (max 1,000 kg in any chamber) Underground chamber		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergrour Substance ANFO (UN 0082) Booster (UN 0042) Packaged explosive (UN 0241) Detonators (UN 0030 / UN 0456 / UN 0360)	Maximum Volume 6,100 kg 100 kg (100,000 articles)	Underground explosives magazines (max 1,000 kg in any chamber) Underground chamber (separate to others)		
	a(i). Area 1: Undergroun Substance ANFO (UN 0082) Booster (UN 0042) Packaged explosive (UN 0241) Detonators (UN 0030 / UN 0456 / UN 0360) Diesel Ammonium nitrate	Maximum Volume 6,100 kg 100 kg (100,000 articles) 6,000 L	Underground explosives magazines (max 1,000 kg in any chamber) Underground chamber (separate to others) Underground Oxidiser storage area –		

Substance	Maximum volume	Storage Location
LPG	9 kg	Segregated from all flammable liquids or solids and oxidising substances
Diesel	1,500 L	Bunded storage at drill site
Petrol	40 L	Bunded storage at drill site
Maintenance oils	80 L	Bunded storage at drill site
Grease	6 kg	Bunded storage at drill site
Soda ash (sodium carbonate)	15 kg	No specific requirements
Trigene disinfectant	10 L	No specific requirements

b. Area 2:

Substance	Maximum Volume	Storage Location
ANFO (UN 0082)	7,350 kg	Explosive magazines compound
Booster (UN 0042)		(max 1,300 kg in any magazine)
Packaged explosive (UN 0241)		
Detonators (UN 0030 / UN 0456 / UN 0360)	10 kg (10,000 articles)	Explosive magazine (separate to others)
Diesel	80,000 L	Services bay
	6,000 L	Underground
	550 L	Generator tank
	150 L	Fire pump
Ammonium nitrate emulsion (ANE)	40,800 kg	Oxidiser storage area
Gasser	8,000 L	Oxidiser storage area
Lime	70,000 kg	Lime silo
Oxygen gas	60 m ³	Workshop located in the SFA
Acetylene gas	20 m ³	Workshop located in the SFA
Oils, greases	8,000 L	Workshop stores

Waste oils	6,000 L	Workshop stores

c. Area 5:

	•	
Substance	Maximum	Storage Location
	Volume	
High calcium hydrated	306,000 L	Three tanks (102,000 L each) at
lime	000,000 =	the north of the WTP
ume		the north of the WTF
High calcium quicklime	70,000 kg	Silo west of the Processing
		Plant
Caustic soda	24,000 L	Tanks on the western side of
		the electrowinning area.
(Sodium hydroxide)		
Hydrochloric Acid	24,000 L	Tanks on the western side of
(>25%)		the electrowinning area.
Ammonium nitrate	20,400 kg	Oxidiser storage area (north of
emulsion (ANE)		the WTP)
Oxygen gas	30,000 L	Cryogenic pressure vessel, east
		of the Processing Plant.
Carbon Dioxide	40.000 1:2/1	Two on to gonio nancovana vestala
Carbon Dioxide	40,000 kg/L	Two cryogenic pressure vessels
		in the WTP
Diesel	200,000 L	Various units: Self-bunded
		isotainers (20,000 L) or portable
		tanks (<6,000 L)
		, ,
Workshop Maintenance	8,000 L	Various units (tank, IBC or 205 L
oils and greases*		drum) located at the workshop
Waste oils	6,000 L	Various units (tank, IBC or 205 L
		drum) located at the workshop
Transformer oil	8,640 L	Bunded transformer units: two
Transformer oil	0,040 L	
		3,500 L transformers and one
		1,740 L transformer.
Cyanide (Liquid 30%)	112,000 L	Tank within the Processing
		_
		Plant. Located on the eastern
		=
Cyanide (solid)	77 180 kg	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage.
Cyanide (solid)	77,180 kg	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the
Cyanide (solid)	77,180 kg	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on
Cyanide (solid)	77,180 kg	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent
Cyanide (solid)	77,180 kg	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on
Cyanide (solid) Ferric chloride	77,180 kg	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent
		Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage.
Ferric chloride	30,000 L	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Two tanks (20,000 L and 10,000 L) in the WTP
		Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Two tanks (20,000 L and 10,000 L) in the WTP Two tanks (17,500 L each) in
Ferric chloride	30,000 L	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Two tanks (20,000 L and 10,000 L) in the WTP
Ferric chloride	30,000 L	Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Boxed storage within the Processing Plant. Located on the eastern side of the reagent storage. Two tanks (20,000 L and 10,000 L) in the WTP Two tanks (17,500 L each) in

	Building) through the retort
	processes

d. Area 6:

Substance	Maximum Volume	Storage Location
ANFO	6,400 kg NEQ	Surface magazines – Split
(UN 0082)		between 5 magazines
Booster		
(UN 0042)		
Packaged explosive		
(UN 0241)		
Detonators	12,000 units	In one magazine
(UN 0030 /	(12 kg NEQ)	
UN 0456 /		
UN 0360)		
LPG	80,000 L	Two pressure vessels (40,000 L
		each), east of the Processing
		Plant (across the Ohinemuri
		River), adjacent to Baxter Road.
Diesel	40,000 L	Various units: Self-bunded
		isotainers (20,000 L) or portable
		tanks (<6,000 L)
Oils and greases	8,000 L	Various units (tank, IBC or 205 L
		drum) located at the workshop
Waste oils	6,000 L	Various units (tank, IBC or 205 L
		drum) located at the workshop

Hazardous Substances Management Plans

The Consent Holder must submit for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One a Hazardous Substances Management Plan covering the storage and use of hazardous substances in Areas 1, 2 and 5, and 6 no later than 30 working days prior to the commencement of activities in the respective Area.

Certification is required to verify that the Hazardous Substances Management Plan:

- a. Includes actions, methods and monitoring programmes as appropriate to meet the objective in Condition 63; and
- b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 64.

<u>Advice Note</u>: A Hazardous Substances Management Plan may be submitted for Areas 1,2, 5 and 6 combined, or for each area separately.

Resource Consulting

Tonkin and Taylor:

Accept.

63	The objective of the Hazardous Substances Management Plan is to identify details of hazardous substances to be stored and used, containment methods, management of spills/leaks and any emergency precautions.
64	The Hazardous Substances Management Plan must include, as a minimum:
	a. Details of the nature and quantities and locations of hazardous substances to be stored;
	b. Means of containment;
	c. Incident reporting procedures;
	d. Spill response plan(s);
	e. Emergency response procedures.

PROPERTY PROGRAMME

65	At least three months prior to the Wharekirauponga Access Tunnel first passing immediately beneath any land not owned by, or under the control of the Consent Holder, the Consent Holder must offer to provide a one-off ex gratia payment to that land owner equal to 5% of that land's market value.	
	The location of any mining operation, and in particular whether any obligation under this condition has been triggered, must be determined by reference to the plan of existing and proposed operations required under Condition 46.	
	This condition does not apply to land administered by the Department of Conservation or road reserves administered by the New Zealand Transport Agency or Hauraki District Council.	
	Advice Note: For the avoidance of doubt, once the Consent Holder has p made tan offer in relation to a residential property in accordance with Condition 47 or 48, the consent holder may commence mining activities beneath that residential property.	
66	For the purpose of Condition 65, "market value" is the value determined by a registered valuer at the time of making the valuation, ignoring the announcement of, and the existence / operation of the WNP, but including sales data from outside Waihi if appropriate, and any other relevant information.	
67	The determination of market value required by Condition 66 must be undertaken by two independent registered valuers paid for by the	

	Consent Holder. The registered proprietor must be given the option of selecting one of the valuations.	
68	A recipient of an ex gratia payment made under Condition 65 shall be eligible for the Amenity Effect Programme pursuant to Conditions 35 - 42.	
69	The processes described in Condition 65 must be managed by an independent third party engaged and funded by the Consent Holder.	
70	Conditions 65 - 69 do not apply if the Consent Holder and the landowner have entered into a separate agreement that constitutes an agreement for the purposes of these conditions.	
71	Within three months of the commencement of this consent, and annually thereafter until all offers required under Condition 65 have been made, the Consent Holder must provide a report to Council on the offers made, unless the property owner concerned requests privacy, in which case the offer, but not the ownership or property details, must be reported.	

TRANSPORT

llows R	Road Upgrades	
72	The Consent Holder must upgrade Willows Road and the intersection of State Highway 25 and Willows Road at its cost in accordance with Conditions 73 and 74:	NZTA: Amendments made on basis of adviction Stantec. Accepted
	Prior to heavy vehicle movements as measured at the entrance to the Willows SFA reaching greater than 40 vehicle movements per day; or	
	b. No later than six months after any construction activity listed in Condition 6 begins in Area 2;	
	whichever occurs first.	
	The Consent Holder must:	
	c. Submit final designs for the upgrades to the Hauraki District Counc for certification that they meet the requirements of Conditions 73 and 74 prior to commencing the upgrade works, including the results of the independent design safety audits required by Conditions 73 and 74; and	il
	d. Provide documentary evidence that the upgrades certified under (c have been completed to the satisfaction of Hauraki District Council	

and the New Zealand Transport Agency within 1 month of the upgrades being completed.

The Consent Holder must maintain a log of vehicles at the Area 2 access gate for the first six months of construction or until the upgrades required by this condition are complete, whichever occurs first. The vehicle log must be provided to the Hauraki District Council on request.

- Unless the New Zealand Transport Agency provides written confirmation that one or both of these upgrades is not required, the upgrade of the intersection of Stage Highway 25 and Willows Road must include:
 - a. A right turn bay into Willows Road from SH25 which meets the minimum requirements of the New Zealand Transport Agency Traffic Control Devices Manual Part 4 (Intersections) Version 1 December 2020 Section 15 (including Figure 15.5 "Markings for right turn bays in rural areas") or any subsequent version of the guideline (in which case the latter prevails) and meets the New Zealand Transport Agency requirements for forward visibility; and
 - b. Widening the left turn shoulder into Willows Road from SH25 to 2.5 m in accordance with Diagram E in the NZTA Planning Policy Manual version 1 2007 or any subsequent version of that standard (in which case the latter prevails).
 - c. Street lighting located on both sides of SH25 and in accordance with the requirements of the New Zealand Transport Agency M30 Specifications and Guidelines for Road Lighting Design or any subsequent version of that standard (in which case the latter prevails).
 - d. Prior to the detailed design plans being prepared for the right hand turn bay and left turn shoulder widening, benching, and associated works an appropriately qualified and experienced professional as certified by the New Zealand Transport Agency is commissioned by the applicant to undertake detailed design.
 - e. When completed, the detailed engineering plans are to be certified by the New Zealand Transport Agency that they have been prepared in accordance with the applicable New Zealand Transport Agency design standards.
 - f. Once the works are completed, written confirmation that the works detailed in the certified engineering plans have been completed to meet New Zealand Transport Agency requirements. This will be undertaken at the applicant's cost by a New Zealand Transport Agency approved safety auditor.

The design of the proposed upgrade of the intersection between SH25 and Willows Road must be subject to an independent design safety audit and post construction safety audit in accordance with the New

NZTA: Amendments
made on basis of advice
from Stantec. Accepted
with some amendments
to generalise content of
d - f.

Zealand Transport Agency Safe System Audit Guidelines 2022 or any subsequent version of the guideline (in which case the latter prevails). Those audits are to be carried out by safety auditors experienced in highway intersection design, appointed in consultation with the New Zealand Transport Agency. Any changes recommended as a result of the safety audits, including design changes and post construction changes, must be implemented by the Consent Holder provided they are agreed to by the Hauraki District Council and the New Zealand Transport Agency. Advice Note: Before the commencement of any physical work on the state highway, including the upgrade of the intersection between SH 25 and Willows Road, the Consent Holder is legally required to apply to the New Zealand Transport Agency for a Corridor Access Request (CAR) and for that request to be approved. The consent holder is to submit the CAR application via the Submitica portal (www.submitica.com) a minimum of fourteen working days prior to the commencement of any works on the state highway; longer is advised for complex works. The New Zealand <u>Transport Agency and Hauraki District Council-approved TTMP must be</u> submitted as part of the CAR application. At least 40 working days prior to the commencement of the activities 73B **NZTA: Amendments** authorised as part of the upgrade to the intersection between State made on advice from Stantec. Accepted with Highway 25 and Willows Road, the consent holder must submit a amendment of 'traffic Temporary Traffic Management Plan (TTMP) prepared by a suitably engineer' to 'suitably qualified and experienced traffic management specialist to Hauraki qualified traffic <u>District Council and New Zealand Transport Agency for certification. The</u> management specialist' TTMP must be in accordance with the New Zealand Guide for Temporary and rejected NZTA <u>Traffic Management and be implemented for the duration of the</u> certification roleconstruction works being undertaken on the intersection of State Highway 25 and Willows Road. The design of the proposed upgrade of Willows Road must be subject to 74 an independent design safety audit and post construction safety audit. Those audits are to be carried out by safety auditors experience in highwater intersection design, appointed in consultation with the New Zealand Transport Agency. Any changes recommended as a result of the safety audits, including design changes and post construction changes, must be implemented by the Consent Holder provided they are agreed to by the Hauraki District Council and the New Zealand Transport Agency. The upgrade of Willows Road must include: a. Marking a road centreline over the full length of road;

- Any curve seal widening identified in the safety audit as being necessary to ensure safety and that the design vehicle is able to negotiate all curves within its lane;
- c. Upgrading the single lane bridge approaches in accordance with the specifications for single lane bridge approaches and controls in New Zealand Transport Agency Traffic control devices manual (Part 5) Version 1 December 2020 or any subsequent version of the guideline (in which case the latter prevails).;
- d. Constructing a 6.0m wide sealed road extension between the end of the existing two way section of the road and the proposed site access in accordance with the Hauraki District Council Engineering Manual;
- e. Installing a roadside barrier system on both sides of the road at the culvert located 0.4 km from the Willows Road / State Highway 25 intersection (labelled no. 40) or, alternative safety measures installed to the satisfaction of the Hauraki District Council's Transportation Manager; and
- f. Constructing a turning head at the northern end of the existing twolane road or at the proposed access location to allow the public to turn around.

Willows Road Maintenance

Manager.

76

At least two months prior to the commencement of construction activities in Area 2, and prior to commencing the upgrade of Willows Road required by Condition 72, the Consent Holder must engage a suitably qualified and experienced road maintenance engineer to prepare a programme to assess and record the condition of the existing road pavement and bridge on Willows Road. This programme must be submitted to the Hauraki District Council for certification before the assessment is conducted. The inspection and recording of the road pavement condition, and bridge condition, must be undertaken in consultation with the Hauraki District Council's Transportation

The pavement condition rating (including vehicle counts) is to be used as the baseline for assessing the works required to return the road pavement to at least its standard / condition prior to the commencement of the construction of the Willows SFA.

For the period from construction of the Willows SFA to final closure and restoration, the Consent Holder must, in conjunction with a Council representative, undertake a road pavement inspection of Willows Road annually or at such other intervals as may be agreed in writing by the Hauraki District Council.

77	The Consent Holder must reimburse the Hauraki District Council for the cost of any road pavement maintenance (potholes / surface rutting etc) caused by the activities authorised by this consent. The maintenance cost will be calculated on a pro-rata basis against the baseline heavy vehicle traffic volumes and taking into account any financial assistance received by Council for maintenance.	
78	At the completion of the rehabilitation and closure of Area 2, and where not otherwise reimbursed in accordance with Condition 77, the Consent Holder must return the road pavement condition of Willows Road to that identified in the road pavement condition survey carried out in accordance with Condition 75 of this consent at the Consent Holder's expense and to the satisfaction of the Hauraki District Council.	
Baxter Road	d	
79	At least two months prior to the commencement of construction activities in Areas 5, 6 or 7, the Consent Holder must engage a suitably qualified and experienced road maintenance engineer to prepare a programme to record the condition of the existing road pavement and bridge on Baxter Road. This programme must be submitted to the Hauraki District Council for certification before the assessment is conducted. The inspection and recording of the road pavement condition, and bridge condition, must be undertaken in consultation with the Hauraki District Council's Transportation Manager. The pavement condition rating (including vehicle counts) is to be used as the baseline for assessing the works required during the period in which mining operations authorised by this consent are occurring, to return the road pavement to at least its standard / condition prior to the	
	commencement of the construction works in Areas 5, 6 or 7.	
80	The Consent Holder must, in conjunction with a Council representative, undertake an annual road pavement inspection of Baxter Road during the term of the consent.	
81	The Consent Holder must reimburse the Hauraki District Council for the cost of any road pavement maintenance (potholes / surface rutting etc) on Baxter Road caused by the activities authorised by this consent. The maintenance cost will be calculated on a pro-rata basis against the baseline heavy vehicle traffic volumes and taking into account any financial assistance received by Council for maintenance.	
82	At the completion of construction works at Areas 5, 6 and 7, and where not otherwise reimbursed in accordance with Condition 81, the Consent Holder must return the road pavement condition of Baxter Road to that identified in the road pavement condition survey carried out in accordance with Condition 79 of this consent at the Consent Holder's expense and to the satisfaction of the Hauraki District Council.	

Parking		
83	The Consent Holder must provide sufficient off street parking to accommodate all expected staff, contractor and visitor vehicles entering the Mine Site, in order that those persons will not need to park in public areas.	
Construc	tion Traffic Management Plan	
84	For each Area described in Condition C1(a) of Schedule One the Consent Holder must submit a Construction Traffic Management Plan for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One.	
	Certification is required to verify that the Construction Traffic Management Plan:	
	Includes actions, methods and monitoring programmes as appropriate to meet the objectives in Condition 85; and	
	b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 86.	
	<u>Advice Note</u> : Construction Traffic Management Plans may be submitted for each Area separately or multiple Areas combined.	
	Advice Note: While no direct traffic access provisions are associated with Areas 1 and 3 of the project, the Construction Traffic Management Plan(s) are to provide coverage of matters relating to the transportation of workers to and from these areas (including parking provisions for these workers).	
85	The objectives of the Construction Traffic Management Plan are to set out how the Consent Holder will manage traffic to and from each Area to:	
	a. Protect public safety; and	
	b. Minimise delays to road users.	
86	The Construction Traffic Management Plan must include, as a minimum:	
	Details of how legislative requirements and consent conditions in relation to construction traffic will be satisfied;	
	b. The proposed construction programme, traffic volumes and routes;	
	c. Driver protocols;	
	d. Measures to manage over-weight and over-dimension loads;	
	e. Measures to maintain access to manage effects on adjacent properties and farm operations, including stock crossings;	
	f. School bus routes and timetables;	
	g. Communication arrangements;	

- h. Monitoring requirements (including in relation to road pavements);
- i. Management measures for work within the public road corridor, including;
 - To manage existing road users with respect to construction traffic associated with work in the road corridor;
 - ii. To ensure that all roads remain open to traffic at all times, except where temporary traffic control may be employed to partially close lanes or shoulders, provided that any traffic delays do not exceed five minutes at any one time during the day, or a cumulative period of 30 minutes within an hour, unless otherwise agreed upon with the Consent Authority. When the site is unattended the maximum length of single lane shall be managed by automated signals to minimise delays to less than one minute;
 - iii. To ensure access to properties is maintained at all times unless otherwise agreed with the property owner;
- j. Measures to manage arrivals and departures over the construction period, including:
 - Monitoring of traffic distribution and performance at the intersection of Baxter Road and State Highway 2 during periods of high traffic volume; and
 - ii. An adaptive management approach which triggers modification of management measures where monitoring shows the acceptable levels of service at the intersection are not being achieved;
- Management of aggregate cartage routes, including any necessary measures relating to the use of Crean Road by heavy vehicles travelling to and from Areas 5, 6 and 7 via Baxter Road;
- Identification and provision of adequate on-site (or offsite) parking for each Area for the project duration to ensure compliance with Condition 83;
- m. Measures to facilitate and manage the bussing of shift workers to the Willows Road Surface Area Facilities located in Area 2;
- n. Management of deliveries to each Area; and
- o. For Areas 5, 6 or 7, management of any use of Moore Street to gain access in the event of a flooding event should this be required.

Kenny Street Carparking

No later than 30 working days prior to enlarging the Kenny Street carpark, the Consent Holder must submit a Kenny Street Carpark

	Subsidence Hazard Zone Management Plan for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One.
	Certification is required to verify that the Kenny Street Carpark Subsidence Hazard Zone Management Plan includes monitoring, trigger levels, warning systems, Standard Operating Procedures, assembly areas, and emergency action plans to ensure the safety of people.
88	The Consent Holder must maintain a secure fence around the carparking area that prevents public access.

HERITAGE FEATURES

89	The Consent Holder must maintain a representative photographic record of any pre-1900 workings encountered as part of the mining activities authorised by this consent and must use its best endeavours to retrieve items from the historic workings that might be useful for displays and interpretation, subject to the safety of staff and the mining	
	activities being undertaken.	

SITE MANAGEMENT PLAN (CONTAMINATED LAND)

90	The Consent Holder must submit a Site Management Plan - Contaminated Land for each Area other than Areas 1 and 3 for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One.
	Certification is required to verify that the Site Management Plan – Contaminated Land: a. Includes actions, methods, monitoring programmes and trigger
	levels as appropriate to meet the objective in Condition 91; and b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 92.
91	The objective of the Site Management Plan - Contaminated Land is to specify suitable management measures to avoid, remedy or mitigate and, in any event, minimise to the greatest extent practicable, the risks from soil disturbance to the following: a. the health of workers; b. the on-site environment; and c. the off-site environment (including the health of neighbouring site users).

The Site Management Plan - Contaminated Land must be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced professional in accordance with Contaminated Land Management Guideline No.1: Reporting on Contaminated Sites in New Zealand, Ministry for the Environment (revised 2021) or any subsequent version of the guideline (in which case the latter prevails).

The Site Management Plan – Contaminated Land must include, as a minimum:

- a. A summary of the known site history, identified HAIL areas and expected contamination conditions as well as the investigation methodology for sampling to be undertaken prior to works commencing in the identified HAIL areas;
- b. The contaminated land-related soil management requirements; and
- The contaminated land-related procedures to guide contractors in materials management, reuse, disposal, health and safety and response to unexpected contamination encounters.

SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT CONDITIONS

93	The Consent Holder must establish implement and monitor a Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan. a. The Consent Holder must invite stakeholders (as per Condition 96c) to work in partnership as the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Group. The Group shall determine the frequency of meetings, and any working groups if required, and how it will meet the requirements set out within Conditions 94-99.	Quigley & Watts Ltd Mitchell Daysh: Not accepted, unnecessary duplication
94	The Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan referred to in Condition 93 must be submitted for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule 1 no later than 1846 months after the commencement of this consent. The plan must be updated annually, with special consideration of WUG Development (from year three) and OGC operations (from year nine). Certification is required to verify that the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan: a. Includes actions, methods and monitoring programmes as appropriate to meet the objectives in Condition 95; and b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 96.	Quigley & Watts Ltd Rejected: See Konigkramer evidence

The objectives of the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan are to work in partnership with the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Group to:

Quigley & Watts Ltd

Rejected: See Konigkramer evidence

- a. enhance local skills of Waihi individuals; and
- b. increase Waihi local workforce participation:
- c: support small Waihi businesses to upskill their staff and improve processes so that small local businesses are able to meet OGNZL's procurement and operational requirements; and

d. stimulate the local economy.

96

The Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan must include, but need not be limited to:

Quigley & Watts Ltd

Rejected: See Konigkramer evidence

- a. Preparation of a skills matrix that identifies workforce requirements and skills needed by the Consent Holder and its suppliers in relation to mining activities in and around Waihi;
- b. Identification of work areas where the skills identified pursuant to
 (a) are in short supply;
- c. Collaboration to be undertaken with secondary and tertiary education providers, relevant transitional industry training organisations, iwi/ hapū entities, local employers and suppliers, and with relevant government and local government agencies to facilitate targeted training for secondary students and currently unemployed persons and others to develop skill sets, microcredentials and certificates that will enable them to contribute to enhance the local workforce servicing the Waihi mining activities (directly and indirectly through suppliers);
- d. Identification of work experience opportunities for <u>people</u> trainees and tertiary students who meet the Consent Holder's employment and health and safety requirements;
- e. A detailed programme of activity which identifies how and when opportunities for local skills development and training for the duration of the project first 3 years following the commencement of activities authorised by this consent are likely to be offered and implemented;
- Measurable and time bound performance targets and associated monitoring, including specific indicators of tangata whenua participation and achievements, for determining Plan effectiveness; and
- g. The reporting and review process for the Plan-;
- h. A programme of activity which identifies how and when local businesses will be supported to build capacity to bid for contract work/services, achieve necessary certification, create capability statements, and facilitate networking; and

	i. For people gaining employment via the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan, identify what social support may be required within the first 6-12 months of employment, and who will deliver those.	
97	The Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan may be reviewed and updated at any time by the Consent Holder.	
98	Any version of the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan revised under Condition 97 must be submitted for certification in accordance with Condition C.8.	
99	The Consent Holder must incorporate the objectives and performance indicators associated with the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan into the Social Impact Management Plan required by Condition 104 and report performance against them in the monitoring report required by Condition 108.	Quigley & Watts Ltd Rejected: See Konigkramer evidence
	The Consent Holder must provide an annual report to the Hauraki District Council 12 months after provision of the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan under Condition 92, and annually thereafter, which reports on:	
	a. The development, activities, limitations and achievements of the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Group.	
	b. Determination of the effectiveness of the Waihi Skill Development and Training Action Plan with respect to the objectives and performance indicators:	
	c. The making of recommendations to further enhance the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan.	
	Every three years, the Consent Holder must undertake a process, impact and outcome evaluation of the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan, independent of the company and existing service providers to determine what is working well, less well, and make recommendations for change.	
Workforce	Accommodation Assessment	
100	The Consent Holder must submit a Workforce Accommodation Assessment for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One within six months of granting of this consent and every two years following at least six months prior to commencement of each of the following:	Quigley & Watts Ltd Rejected: See Konigkramer evidence
	a. Mine development and production; andb. Mine remediation and closure activities.	

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	Certification is required to verify that each Workforce Accommodation Assessment:	
	Includes actions, methods and monitoring programmes as appropriate to meet the objective in Condition 101; and	
	ii. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 102.	
101	The objectives of the Workforce Accommodation Assessment are to:	Quigley & Watts Ltd
	 a. analyse local accommodation supply in relation to workforce demand including Fly-In Fly-Out workers; and and, 	
	b. reduce as far as practicable the extent to which the activities authorised by this consent contribute to any local accommodation shortages:	Mitchell Daysh: proposed e. and f. are health and safety matters, and the
	c. assess actual effects and future effects on availability and capacity of:	applicant applies suitable policies and
	i. Emergency accommodation;	protocols to meet health and safety obligations.
	ii. Temporary accommodation e.g., motels;	These requirements have no resource
	iii. Homes to buy:	management purpose.
	iv. Rental affordability, with a particular need to consider low income people	Remaining changes – see Konigkramer
	d. analyse company policies, procedures and practices that contribute to safe worker travel;	evidence
	e. assess the risk of road traffic accidents for workers travelling to/from their day-to-day accommodation at the end of their shift, and for their start/end-of rotation travel back to their distant home;	
	f. reduce as far as practicable the extent to which the activities authorised by this consent contribute to road traffic accidents by mine workers travelling to/from their day-to-day accommodation at the end of	
	their shift, and for their start/end-of rotation travel back to their distant home.	
102	The Workforce Accommodation Assessment must include, as a minimum:	Quigley & Watts Ltd
	a. An analysis of actual availability, and future of the availability and capacity of housing and accommodation in the local area and within the township of Waihi, a 30km radius, and 60-minute commute area;	Mitchell Daysh: d. and e see above Remaining changes –
	b. An analysis of actual requirements, and future workforce requirements for the activities authorised by this consent and any projected population changes attributable to those activities, including an estimate of the number of workers and their households who may live in, or move into, the local area and within	see Konigkramer evidence
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the township of Waihi, a 30km radius, and 60-minute commute area:

- c. An assessment of the actual capacity and future accommodation capacity in the local area and within the township of Waihi, 30km radius, and 60-minute commute area to accommodate the workforce, including the long and short term housing market and seasonal impacts, and the significance of the contribution to any housing impacts; and
- d. An assessment of company policies, procedures, and travel to work options for their contribution to safe travelling to/from their day-to-day accommodation at the end of their shift, and for their start/end-of rotation travel back to their distant home:
- e. An assessment of the risk of road traffic accidents for workers

 travelling to/from their day-to-day accommodation at the end of
 their shift, and for their start/end-of rotation travel back to their
 distant home;
- df. Based on the outcomes of (c, d, and e), measures to be implemented over the life of the project to:
 - i. manage the impact of the project workforce on local accommodation and road traffic accidents; and
 - ensure there is sufficient accommodation to support the workforce requirements and achieve a low significance of effect on accommodation and road traffic accident;
- e. The monitoring, reporting and review process for the Plan over the life of the project.

For the purpose of this condition, the local local areas to be assessed include the township of Waihi, a 30km radius, and 60-minute commute area means the area annexed to these conditions in **Attachment 5**.

The Consent Holder must incorporate the measures and monitoring requirements from Condition 102 (d) and (e) into the Social Impact Management Plan required by Condition 104.

The Consent Holder must provide a report to the Hauraki District

Council 6 months after certification of the Workforce Accommodation

Assessment under Condition 99, and two yearly thereafter, which reports on:

- a. The development, results, activities, limitations and achievements of the Workforce Accommodation Assessment;
- <u>b.</u> <u>The effectiveness of the Workforce Accommodation Assessment</u> <u>with respect to the objectives and performance indicators;</u>

a.c. Any recommendations to amend the parameter of the Workforce Accommodation Assessment, while maintaining its objectives.

Quigley & Watts Ltd

Rejected: See Konigkramer evidence

Social Im	npact Management Plan	
104	Prior to the first exercise of this consent, the Consent Holder must prepare a Social Impact Management Plan Framework which addresses the effects of the WNP and also takes account of the Social Impact Management Plan certified under the conditions of Land Use Consent LUC 202.2018.00000857.001.	The Consent Holder is required to maintain and implement a Social Impact Management Plan under the conditions of its existing resource consents from Hauraki District Council for mining activities. These conditions are intended to complement those conditions.
105	The Social Impact Management Plan prepared under Condition 104 must be certified under Condition C5 of Schedule One. Certification is required to verify that the Social Impact Management Plan: a. Includes actions, methods and monitoring programmes as appropriate to meet the objective in Condition 106; and b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 107.	
106	The objective of the Social Impact Management Plan is to provide a framework to identify, assess, monitor, and manage the social effects (positive and negative) of activities authorised by this consent, together with the mining projects undertaken by the Consent Holder in the area on the community.	
107	 The Social Impact Management Plan must: a. Be prepared by a suitably qualified social impact specialist; b. Be based on best practice guidelines and procedures for social impact assessment; and c. Include a set of indicators covering the drivers and outcomes of potential social effects attributable to mining activities authorised as part of this consent in combination with the other mining projects undertaken by the Consent Holder in Waihi township, a 30km radius, and 60-minute commute area, including as appropriate: i. Numbers employed in the mine operations, including direct employees and contractors ("workers"), and the level of Māori participation in employment; 	Quigley & Watts Ltd Rejected: see Konigkramer evidence

- Location of mine workers prior to employment, and location of mine workers after accepting employment residing locally, regionally and beyond;
- iii. Workers' housing (rental vs owner occupied, new builds and existing houses);
- iv. Location and number of OGNZL owned houses in Waihi
 township and breakdown between employee / contractor
 renters and public renters of said properties;
- Changes in housing market, emergency accommodation, temporary accommodation, using publicly available data – house and rent prices and affordability (especially lower quartile) and relationship to mine operations, including variations or trends in property sales and enquiries;
- vi. Local hl-lousing and accommodation capacity (current and future) and the ability to address workforce accommodation requirements for all workers and including for Fly-In Fly-Out workforce;
- vii. The effectiveness of the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan in increasing local workforce participation;
- viii. The relationship of mine operations to any impacts on local services (i.e. education, health community groups, sports groups);
- ix. The relationship of mine operations to any impacts on emergency services (i.e. fire, civil defence, ambulance);
- x. Changes in participation of voluntary and recreational groups;
- xi. Changes in local business activity arising from mining activity;
- xii. Take up of the Consent Holder's property purchases and top up policy;
- xiii. Distribution and use of the Amenity Effect Programme; and
- xiv. Any complaints and associated information received by the Consent Holder and the response to those complaints.
- xv.—Business-level activities undertaken to support small Waihi
 businesses to upskill their staff, improve processes and bid for
 work;
- xvi.—Individual skill development and training activities undertaken
 to support local employment, but especially from the
 township of Waihi;
- xvii.—Social support delivered for people gaining employment via
 the Waihi Skills Development and Training Action Plan,
 including effectiveness of those people remaining employed.

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	xviii Detailed information on road traffic accidents involving mine	
	workers	
	d. Describes the quality and frequency of collaboration undertaken with	
	stakeholders and community, especially for Waihi skills	
	development and training, and workforce accommodatio n	
Reporting		
108	The Consent Holder must engage a social impact assessment specialist	
100	to prepare a report that details the monitoring of indicators set out in the	
	Social Impact Management Plan, analysis of those results, and	
	management of effects. The report will also include any	
	recommendation on changes to the agreed indicators. The report must	
	be prepared annually for the first five years and every two years	
	thereafter and be provided to the Hauraki District Council and made	
	publicly available.	
109	The Social Impact Management Plan may be reviewed in accordance	
109	with Condition C8 of Schedule One at any time, but must be reviewed at	
	least every five years, or as necessary to address any matter raised in	
	the report required by Condition 108. The Consent Holder must consult	
	with the Hauraki District Council and with key stakeholders identified in	
	the Social Impact Management Plan in undertaking any review.	
Socio-Ecc	onomic Impact Assessment of Closure	
110	The Consent Holder must provide the Hauraki District Council a Socio-	
110	Economic Impact Assessment of Closure (Closure SEIA) at least 5 years	
	prior to the planned closure date for the WNP should, at that date, the	
	WNP represent the end of the Consent Holder's authorised and planned	
	mining activities in Waihi.	
	THIRING GOLIVILIES III VVAIIII.	
	The purpose of the Closure SEIA is to identify, assess and manage the	
	social effects (positive and negative) of the closure of the Consent	
	Holder's mining projects in Waihi.	
	The Closure SEIA must be prepared by a suitably qualified and	
	experienced person and be based on best practice guidelines and	
	procedures for social impact assessment.	
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ECOLOGY AND LANDSCAPE - AREA 1 SPECIFIC

Advice Note: Ecological management in Area 1 is subject to the WUG Ecology and Landscape Management Plan (ELMP-WUG) referred to in Conditions C4 and C47-C48.

The ELMP-WUG includes the following sub-plans:

- i. Terrestrial Ecological Management Plan;
- ii. Vegetation Remediation Plan;
- iii. Aquatic Fauna Salvage and Relocation Plan; and
- iv. Kauri Dieback Management Plan.

Native Fauna Release Area

Prior to undertaking vegetation clearance in Area 1, the Consent Holder must establish a Native Fauna Release Area within the WAPMA in accordance with the requirements of the ELMP-WUG.

Conditions 111 and 112: specify the requirement for a single release area for fauna within the WAPMA. This is inconsistent with Condition 132, which requires fauna to be released at least 100m away from the drill site, and with the Native Frog Monitoring Plan which states there will be six 20m x 20m prepared release sites for Archey's frog. This inconsistency requires addressing, including for the release site(s) to require pest reduction targets to be demonstrably reduced to stated levels prior to relocation of salvaged individuals

Alliance Ecology.

Mitchell Daysh: The inconsistency has been

		addressed. For avoidance of doubt, any salvaged fauna should be translocated into the Native Fauna Release Area.
112	The purpose of the Native Fauna Release Area required under Condition 111 is to provide suitable and protected habitat which supports the release of native lizards, Archey's frogs and invertebrate species that are required to be relocated from Area 1 under the conditions of this consent. The Native Fauna Release Area shall: a. Be a minimum of 5 ha in size with no streams or rivers running through it; b. Have ≥50% cover of species favoured by frogs in Wharekirauponga, favouring kiekie, fern, gahnia and leaf litter; c. Have a surveyed resident frog population density of between 5 and 10 frogs / 100 m²; d. Have predator control in place prior to translocation; and e. Pest abundance must meet the monitoring targets set out in the ELMP-WUG.	
Area 1: Dri	Il Sites, Pumping Test Sites, Ventilation Shaft Sites and Portable Drill Rig Locations	Refer to ELMP- WUG for management plan provisions
113	The numbers of new drill site Drill Sites, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sites pumping test sites, and ventilation shaft sites and Pportable drill Rrig Sites locations in Area 1 authorised by this consent inclusive of those identified in Part E.02 of the Application and supporting technical documents submitted by OceanaGold New Zealand Limited to the Environment Protection Authority in support of authorisations for the Waihi North Project under the Act shall not exceed: a. A combined total of 20 exploration and investigative drill siteDrill Sites comprising: i. Eight exploration Drill Sitesdrill sites; ii. Four geotechnical investigative drill siteDrill Sites within the existing Access Arrangement area; iii. Four geotechnical investigative drill siteDrill Sites above the WUG Dual Tunnel; and iv. Four hydrogeological investigative drill siteDrill Sites	The ventilation shaft sites may also be used for pump testing Bentley & Co. To address the identified issue of the coordination of the project overlapping several existing consents/authori sations Mitchell Daysh: Accepted

	c. 50 portable drill rig locations.	
114	At least 40 working days prior to the establishment of any drill site Drill Site, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site pumping test site, ventilation shaft site, Pportable drill Rrig Ssite, or water pump site Water Pump Site in Area 1, the Consent Holder must prepare a list of suitable sites based on its technical requirements for the drilling.	"Drill site" doe not include a portable drill r location (see definitions)
115	At least 20 working days prior to clearing vegetation or undertaking drilling or construction activities at any of the sites listed pursuant to Condition 113, the Consent Holder must:	
	a. For drill site locations:	
	 Undertake ecological surveying in accordance with Condition 119 at any of the sites listed pursuant to Condition 114; 	
	ii. For those sites which the surveying required by Condition 115(a)(i) determine to be suitable for drill site Drill Site locations, apply the requirements of the Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol, annexed as Attachment 6 to this consent;	
	iii. Prepare a Siting Report which provides:	
	The results of the site assessment undertaken in accordance with	
	the Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol;	
	The locations of the selected sites; and	
	 The expected duration of construction and operations at each site; and 	
	iv. Submit the Siting Report to Hauraki District Council and Waikato Regional Council for certification that the Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol has been appropriately applied.	
	Advice Note: The same Siting Report will be submitted to the Department of Conservation for certification under the requirements of the Waihi North Project - Wharekirauponga Access Arrangement and the Waihi North Project - Northern Area Concession.	
	b. For <u>Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test sites</u> , <u>Pp</u> ortable <u>drill Rrig S</u> ites, or <u>water pump site</u> Water <u>Pump Site</u> s in Area 1:	
	 Select the site location(s) from the list prepared in accordance with Condition 114 by first applying the requirements of the Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol annexed as Attachment 6 to this consent; and 	
	ii. Prepare a Siting Report which provides:	
	The results of the site assessment undertaken in accordance with the Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol;	

- The locations of the selected sites; and
- The expected duration of construction and operations at each site;
 and
- iii. Submit the Siting Report to Hauraki District Council, Waikato Regional Council, and the Department of Conservation for certification that the Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol has been appropriately applied.

Vegetation clearance, construction or operations at any drill siteDrill Site, portable drill rig sitePortable Rig Site, water pump siteWater Pump Site. Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test site, and ventilation shaft site in Area 1 must not commence until the corresponding Site Siting Report is certified pursuant to (a)(iii) and (b)(iii).

Portable Drill Rig Site and Water Pump Site Locations

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At least 20 working days prior to clearing vegetation or undertaking drilling or construction activities at any of the portable drill rig site Portable Rig Site or water pump site Water Pump Site s the Consent Holder must:

- a. Select the site location(s) from the list prepared in accordance with
 Condition 114 by first applying the requirements of the Waihi North Project
 Site Selection Protocol, annexed as Attachment 6 to this Resource
 Consent; and
- b. Prepare a Siting Report which provides:
 - The results of the site assessment undertaken in accordance with the Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol;
 - ii. The locations of the selected sites; and
 - iii. The expected duration of construction and operations at each site; and
 - iv. Submit the Siting Report to the Hauraki District Council for certification that the *Waihi North Project Site Selection Protocol* has been appropriately applied.

Advice Note: The Siting Report will be prepared in conjunction with the Siting Report prepared in accordance with the Waihi North Project – Wharekirauponga Access Arrangement, and the Waihi North Project – Northern Area Concession'.

At least 10 working days prior to drilling at any Portable rig location in Area 1, the Consent Holder must provide Hauraki District Council and the Department of

	Conservation with notice of the GPS information and/or NZTM co-ordinates of the location.			
Vegetation Clearance and Site Disturbance Associated with Drill Sites				
118	Vegetation clearance at each drill siteDrill Site in Area 1 must: a. not exceed: i. 150 m² per drill siteDrill Site; b. limit ground disturbance and vegetation clearance only to that necessary to accommodate the required equipment; and c. Be undertaken in accordance with the ELMP-WUG. Advice Note: Vegetation clearance associated with drill siteDrill Sites will comprise the clearance of any / all vegetation in the identified areas.			
119	Prior to undertaking vegetation removal at any proposed drill site in Area 1, the Consent Holder must ensure that that an ecological survey is undertaken by one or more suitably qualified ecologist(s) (including a suitably qualified herpetologist). The survey(s) must be undertaken over 20 m X 20 m plot(s) centred on the approximately 12 m X 12 m site(s) in accordance with Condition 116. The purpose of the ecological survey(s) is to provide a description of the wildlife and vegetation, including all species of flora and fauna detected present, and the number, size (height and diameter at breast height) and estimated age of mature canopy and emergent trees.	Alliance Ecology. Amended as there will be individuals present that are not detected in most instances Mitchell Daysh: Accepted		
120	a. Surveys undertaken under Condition 119 will be undertaken at least 3 times at night for frogs (i.e. over 3 separate nights) and at least 3 times at night and 3 days for lizards, during climatic conditions that maximise the chance of native frog emergence (warm – at least 12 degrees C, after rain – i.e. ground and understory vegetation must be wet or moist, and little or no wind) and lizards (at least 12 degrees C and fine weather).			
121	Surveys undertaken under Condition 119 must include the use of automatic bat detectors, which must be in place for a minimum of 2 weeks when weather is forecast to be fine, with relatively warm nights (e.g. when dusk temperature is ≥ 7°C) between October and March (when bats are most active).			
122	If surveys are undertaken during the Archey's frog breeding season (October to February inclusive) when male frogs are not emerging and are thus undetectable and highly vulnerable to disturbance (as are eggs / froglets), and if four or less 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found, the site must be fenced (as per the fencing required by Condition 123) and the site resurveyed for an additional night (under environmental conditions outlined in Condition 120) outside of the breeding			

season (March to September inclusive) as per the methodology and climatic conditions detailed in Condition 120 to confirm the minimum number of native frogs present. If five or more 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found, then Condition 124 applies. If survey(s) are undertaken outside of the breeding season (March to September inclusive) as per the methodology and climatic conditions detailed in Condition 120 and if four or less 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found, then Conditions 125 - 129 apply. Best practice survey methods will be employed by the suitably qualified ecologist(s). The Consent Holder will erect an exclusion fence within 5 days after the final frog 123 Bentley & Co. survey (i.e. after the 3rd night). Exclusion fences will be regularly inspected and **c**Correction maintained. If an exclusion fence cannot be erected within 5 days of a survey, then the site will be resurveyed for an additional night (under environmental Mitchell Daysh: conditions outlined in Condition 120). Once constructed, the integrity of fences **Accepted** will be maintained at all times and a final fence inspection will be completed by the Consent Holder no earlier than 2 days before works commence. If the integrity of the fence is not continuously maintained, the fence will be repaired, and the site will be resurveyed for frogs for an additional night (as outlined in Condition 120). Sites with fences in place for more than 6 months will also be resurveyed for frogs for an additional night (under environmental conditions outlined in Condition 120) to remove any doubt that frogs have accessed the site during this period. If any resurvey occurs when climatic conditions do not maximise the chance for native frog emergence, the Consent Holder will seek advice from the Huaauraki District Council and the Department of Conservation on how to proceed, this may include delaying works until surveys can be completed in suitable conditions. Fenced sites with camps and/or rigs on them are exempt from the 6 month re-survey requirement. If five or more 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards are found during any 124 ecological survey(s), or one or more northern striped gecko (Toropuku inexpectatus) are found in a survey undertaken under Condition 119, or during any ecological survey(s), then the Consent Holder shall determine if there is an alternative 20 m X 20 m area within the ecological survey area(s) that is suitable for use as a drill site Drill Site (i.e. a 20 m X 20 m area where four or less frogs, lizards, or northern striped gecko have been found, and where the boundaries of that 20 m X 20 m area have applied a 3 m buffer from any frog, lizard, or northern striped gecko that have been found within the ecological survey area(s)). If no such alternative 20 m X 20 m area is available, an alternative site selected.

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125	If four or less 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found during any ecological
	survey(s), the Consent Holder will mark and record each location with
	biodegradable flagging tape and GPS to give an error of no more than \pm 20 m.
126	The Consent Holder will impose a minimum buffer of 3 m around any 'At Risk' or
	'Threatened' frog found during the ecological survey(s) and select drill site Drill
	Site accordingly.
127	Within 20 working days of the ecological survey(s) being undertaken, the Consent
127	Holder will provide the Hauraki District Council and Department of Conservation
	with written report(s) that include:
	The findings of the full ecological survey(s) required by Condition 113, including
	the GPS information and / or NZTM coordinates of any Archey's frog (Leiopelma
	archeyi) and/or Hochstetter's frog (Leiopelma hochstetteri), and / or Northern
	striped gecko (<i>Toropuku inexpectatus</i>) found; and
	A description of systematic search methods used, survey timing (date and time of
	day) and effort (number of person hours/site and site area in ha), the number of
	frogs and lizards observed and all biometric data collected (SVL, weight, habitat
	used etc), weather conditions prior to and at time of survey (at a minimum; mm of
	rain in the previous 24 hours, mm of rain during time of survey, air temperature,
	moisture on ground and vegetation (wet, damp or dry) and relative humidity) and
	a discussion of the results and any limitations to the data.
	The details of the species and individuals found and the NZTM coordinates of the
	ecological survey site(s) in any situation where 10 or more 'At Risk' or
	'Threatened' lizards are found during any ecological survey(s) required by
	Condition 119 and / or found at any drill site Drill Site.
128	All topsoil, felled trees, slash and other leafy materials removed at any drill
	site Drill Site must be kept on or adjacent to the site and stockpiled in such a
	manner that they can be replaced on/ restored at the site on completion of operations.
	On completion of all operations at each drill siteDrill Site, all equipment and
	materials shall be removed, the stockpiled topsoil and other leafy materials
	replaced in their correct order and the site revegetated using the species
	identified by the ecological survey required by Condition 119.
129	Vegetation removal must be undertaken in a manner that minimises the impacts
	on the surrounding vegetation and uses best practice tree felling techniques,
	including avoidance of felling of trees into waterways.

130	A suitably qualified and experienced ecologist must be present onsite during any vegetation clearance to survey habitat refugia and undertake any capture for native lizards and frogs in accordance with the protocols set out in the ELMP-WUG.	
131	If one or more northern striped gecko (<i>Toropuku "Coromandel"</i>) or five or more 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards are found immediately prior to, or during vegetation clearance then all exploration operations at the <u>drill siteDrill Site(s)</u> will immediately cease and alternative site(s) may be selected.	
132	If four or less 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards are found on the proposed drill siteDrill Site(s) immediately prior to, or during vegetation clearance than they will be salvaged and moved to the Native Fauna Release Area specified in Condition 111. suitable habitat as assessed by the onsite herpetologist. The release site(s) will be at least 100 m away from the drill site(s).	Alliance Ecolog This is inconsistent wit Conditions 111 and 112 discussed abov Mitchell Daysh: accepted
133	The Consent Holder must provide the Hauraki District Council and the Department of Conservation with the details (e.g. weight, length, location) of any northern striped gecko (<i>Toropuku "Coromandel"</i>) found and any other 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards found and relocated and the NZTM coordinates of the release site(s) within 20 working days of the relocation.	
134	The Consent Holder will not reduce the connectivity of the habitat at the location where any 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frog(s) are found with adjacent undisturbed habitat by more than 25%.	Alliance Ecolog This condition is considered difficult to quantify, and if- be retained requires further direction Mitchell Daysh: this condition is current requirement of OGL's AA conditions with

135	The Consent Holder will erect sheer polythene fence(s) around any sump(s) or site(s) containing sump(s). The sheer polythene fence(s) will remain erected until the sump(s) have been removed, and the sump site(s) rehabilitated.	
136	The Consent Holder must mark out access routes for access to, and between Drill Sites and thereafter only access sites using the marked routes to access these sites.	
137	The Consent Holder must erect a frog / lizard exclusion fence around the perimeter of any drill site Drill Site in Area 1 within 5 days following the final survey or native species translocation (whichever is the latter). Exclusion fences must be inspected periodically and maintained so as to ensure their integrity.	
	Vegetation Clearance and Site Disturbance Associated with Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sites	
138	Vegetation clearance at each Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site pumping test site, ventilation shaft site in Area 1 must: a. not exceed: ii. 900 m² per Vent Shaft / Pump Test Siteventilation shaft / pumping test site; b. limit ground disturbance and vegetation clearance only to that necessary to accommodate the required equipment; and c. Be undertaken in accordance with the ELMP-WUG. Advice Note: Vegetation clearance associated with Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site pumping test sites, and ventilation shaft sites will comprise the clearance of any / all vegetation in the identified area.	
139	Prior to undertaking vegetation removal at any proposed vent shaft / pump test site, the Consent Holder will ensure that that an ecological survey is undertaken by one or more suitably qualified ecologist(s) (including a suitably qualified herpetologist). The survey(s) will be undertaken over the area of the proposed site, plus a 10 m wide buffer surrounding the site. Advice Note: The purpose of the survey(s) undertaken is to provide a description of the wildlife and vegetation present, including all species of flora and fauna present and the number, size (height and diameter at breast height) and estimated age of mature canopy and emergent trees.	

140	If one or more northern striped gecko (<i>Toropuku "Coromandel</i> ") is found during vegetation clearance, then all work on the site clearance must immediately cease and an alternative site should be selected.	
141	Vegetation removed at a pumping test / vent shaft site or water pump site Water Pump Site must be managed and remediated in accordance with the ELMP-WUG.	
142	Vegetation removal must be undertaken in a manner that minimises the impacts on the surrounding vegetation and uses best practice tree felling techniques, including avoidance of felling of trees into waterways.	
	ent of 'At Risk' and/or 'Threatened' Herpetofauna associated with vegetation d with Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sites in Area 1.	clearance
143	A suitably qualified and experienced ecologist must be present onsite during any vegetation clearance to survey habitat refugia and undertake any capture for native lizards and frogs in accordance with the protocols set out in the ELMP-WUG.	
144	Any 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards found during vegetation clearance must be salvaged in accordance with procedures set out in the ELMP-WUG and moved to the Native Fauna Release Area specified in Condition 111 and 112.	Alliance Ecology. Correction Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
145	The Consent Holder must adhere to the national Frog Hygiene Protocol annexed as Attachment 7 to this consent, or any future updates thereof.	
146	The Consent Holder must mark out access routes for access to, and between Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitespumping test sites, and ventilation shaft sites, in Area 1 and thereafter only use the marked routes to access these sites.	This is to minimise trampling and disturbance of herpetofauna and their habitat by using the same marked access routes for access to, and between sites.
147	The Consent Holder must erect a frog / lizard exclusion fence around the perimeter of any Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test site, or ventilation shaft site in Area 1 within 5 days following the final survey or native species	

translocation (whichever is the latter). Exclusion fences must be inspected periodically and maintained so as to ensure their integrity.

Management of "At Risk" and/or 'Threatened Flora Associated with Drill Sites and, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sites in Area 1.

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Any Pterostylis puberula, Pterostylis tasmanica or king fern Ptisana salicina individuals found when establishing any drill site Drill Site, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site pumping test site, and/or ventilation shaft site in Area 1 must be translocated to a suitable alternative site containing similar light, soil and vegetation community characteristics as determined by a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist. The Hauraki District Council and Department of Conservation must be notified of GPS information and/or NZTM coordinates of the transfer location within 20 working days of the transfer having occurred.

Disturbance of *Pterostylis puberula, Pterostylis tasmanica* or king fern *Ptisana salicina must be avoided* when establishing any portable rig location Portable Rig Site in Area 1 or Area 3.

Alliance Ecology. It is noted that (subject to size), it would be unlikely that a King-Fern would survive translocation, and there is a question as to whether (relative to size) the site survey site methodology should exclude such sites where a King Fern present.

Mitchell Daysh:

This condition aligns with the requirements of OGL's existing AA with DOC. King fern presence will be identified during the site selection process using the MCA and will be avoided if possible. Condition 148 requires complete avoidance of king ferns in portable rig sites.

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149	The transfer of any <i>Pterostylis puberula</i> and/or <i>Pterostylis tasmanica</i> must include a minimum 30cm diameter 'clump' of soil around the roots (to protect root structure and to retain any mycorrhizal associations).			
Vegetation	Clearance and Site Disturbance Associated with Portable Drill Rig Sites and Water Pu	ımp Sites		
150	150 Vegetation clearance and disturbance at each portable drill rig sitePortable Rig			
	Site and water pump site Water Pump Site must not exceed:			
	a. 32 m² per portable drill rig site Portable Rig Site or water pump			
	siteWater Pump Site			
	and must limit ground disturbance and vegetation clearance only to that			
	necessary to accommodate the required equipment.			
	Advice Note: Vegetation clearance associated with portable drill rig site Portable Rig Sites			
	and water pump site Water Pump Sites does not require tree clearance but will comprise the			
	clearance of canopy material required to lower equipment into the site via helicopter, and			
	the movement of any on groundcovers, wood debris, and forest duff within the identified			
	area.			
151	There must be no felling of trees at portable drill rig sitePortable Rig Sites and			
	water pump siteWater Pump Sites.			
152	Prior to undertaking vegetation removal at any portable drill rig site Portable Rig			
	Site or water pump site Water Pump Site, the Consent Holder will ensure that			
	that an ecological survey is undertaken by one or more suitably qualified			
	ecologist(s) (including a suitably qualified herpetologist). The survey(s)_must be			
	undertaken over 18 m x 13 m plot(s) centred on the approximately 8 m x 3 m			
	site(s) in accordance with Condition 116. will be undertaken over the area of the			
	proposed site, plus a 10 m wide buffer surrounding the site.			
153	The purpose of the survey(s) undertaken under Condition 152 is to provide a			
. 55	description of the wildlife and vegetation present, including all species of flora			
	and fauna present and the number, size (height and diameter at breast height)			
	and estimated age of mature canopy and emergent trees.			
154	Surveys undertaken under Condition 152 will be undertaken once at night for			
104	frogs and once at night and once at day for lizards, during climatic conditions			
	that maximise the chance of native frog emergence (warm – at least 12 degrees			
	C, after rain – i.e. ground and understory vegetation must be wet or moist, and			
	little or no wind) and lizards (at least 12 degrees C and fine weather).			
	atta of no wind, and azardo (at teast 12 degrees o and fine weather).			

If surveys are undertaken during the Archey's frog breeding season (October to 155 February inclusive) when male frogs are not emerging and are thus undetectable and highly vulnerable to disturbance (as are eggs / froglets), and if four or less 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found, the site must be fenced (as per the fencing required by Conditions 156) and the site resurveyed for an additional night (under environmental conditions outlined in Condition 154) outside of the breeding season (March to September inclusive) as per the methodology and climatic conditions detailed in Condition 154 to confirm the minimum number of native frogs present. If five or more 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found, then Condition 157 applies. If survey(s) are undertaken outside of the breeding season (March to September inclusive) as per the methodology and climatic conditions detailed in Condition 154 and if four or less 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found, then Conditions 158 - 161 apply. Best practice survey methods will be employed by the suitably qualified ecologist(s). The Consent Holder will erect an exclusion fence within 5 days after the frog 156 survey. Exclusion fences will be regularly inspected and maintained. If an exclusion fence cannot be erected within 5 days of a survey, then the site will be resurveyed for an additional night (under environmental conditions outlined in Condition 154). Once constructed, the integrity of fences will be maintained at all times and a final fence inspection will be completed by the Consent Holder no earlier than 2 days before works commence. If the integrity of the fence is not continuously maintained, the fence will be repaired, and the site will be resurveyed for frogs for an additional night (as outlined in Condition 154). Sites with fences in place for more than 6 months will also be resurveyed for frogs for an additional night (under environmental conditions outlined in Condition 154) to remove any doubt that frogs have accessed the site during this period. If any resurvey occurs when climatic conditions do not maximise the chance for native frog emergence, the Consent Holder will seek advice from the Hauraki District Council and the Department of Conservation on how to proceed, this may include delaying works until surveys can be completed in suitable conditions. Fenced sites with camps and/or rigs on them are exempt from the 6 month re-survey requirement. If five or more 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards are found during any 157 ecological survey(s), or one or more northern striped gecko (Toropuku "Coromandel") is found during any ecological survey(s), then the Consent Holder shall determine if there is an alternative 18 m X 13 m area within the ecological survey area(s) that is suitable for use as a drill site (i.e. a 18 m X 13 m area where four or less frogs, lizards, or northern striped gecko have been found, and where the boundaries of that 18 m X 13 m area have applied a 3 m buffer from any frog,

	lizard, or northern striped gecko that has been found within the ecological survey
	area(s)). If no such alternative 18 m X 13 m area is available, an alternative site
	should be selected. If five or more 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards are
	found during any ecological survey(s), or one or more northern striped gecko
	(Toropuku "Coromandel") is found during any ecological survey(s), then the
	Consent Holder shall determine if there is an alternative 8 m X 3 m area within the
	ecological survey area(s) that is suitable for use as a drill sitesite (i.e. a 8 m X 3 m
	area where four or less frogs, lizards, or northern striped gecko have been found,
	and where the boundaries of that 8 m X 3 m area have applied a 3 m buffer from
	any frog, lizard, or northern striped gecko that has been found within the
	ecological survey area(s)). If no such alternative 8 m X 3 m area is available, an
	alternative site should be selected.
158	If four or less 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs are found during any ecological
	survey(s), the Consent Holder will mark and record each location with
	biodegradable flagging tape and GPS to give an error of no more than + 20 m.
159	The Consent Holder will impose a minimum buffer of 3 m around any 'At Risk' or
	'Threatened' frog found during the ecological survey(s) and select drill siteDrill
	Site(s) accordingly.
160	Within 20 working days of the ecological survey(s) being undertaken, the Consent
	Holder will provide the Hauraki District Council with written report(s) that include:
	THE ST. A. CH. A. S. L. A. C.
	a. The findings of the full ecological survey(s) required by Condition 154,
	including the GPS information and / or NZTM coordinates of any Archey's
	frog (Leiopelma archeyi) and/or Hochstetter's frog (Leiopelma hochstetteri),
	and / or Coromandel striped gecko (<i>Toropuku "Coromandel"</i>) found; and
	b. A description of systematic search methods used, survey timing (date and
	time of day) and effort (number of person hours/site and site area in ha), the
	number of frogs and lizards observed and all biometric data collected (SVL,
	weight, habitat used etc), weather conditions prior to and at time of survey
	(at a minimum; mm of rain in the previous 24 hours, mm of rain during time
	of survey, air temperature, moisture on ground and vegetation (wet, damp
	or dry) and relative humidity) and a discussion of the results and any
	limitations to the data.
	c. The details of the species and individuals found and the NZTM coordinates
	of the ecological survey site(s) in any situation where 10 or more 'At Risk' or
	'Threatened' lizards are found during any ecological survey(s) required by
	Condition 152 and / or found at any drill site Drill Site.

161	Vegetation removed at a portable drill rig sitePortable Rig Site or water pump	
	siteWater Pump Site must be managed and remediated in accordance with the	
	Ecology and Landscape Management Plan - Wharekirauponga Underground	
	Mine.	
	ent of 'At Risk' and/or 'Threatened' Herpetofauna during vegetation clearance Associa	ted with Portable
Drill Rig Sit	es and Water Pump Sites	
162	A suitably qualified and experienced ecologist must be present onsite during	
	any vegetation clearance to survey habitat refugia and undertake any capture	
	for native lizards and frogs in accordance with the protocols set out in the	
	Ecology and Landscape Management Plan - Wharekirauponga Underground	
	Mine.	
163	Except as required by Condition 157, any 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs, or 'At	Mitchell Dougle
163	Risk' or 'Threatened' lizards found during vegetation clearance must be	Mitchell Daysh: resolved
	salvaged in accordance with procedures set out in the Ecology and Landscape	inconsistency, as
	Management Plan - Wharekirauponga Underground Mine and moved to suitable	requested by
	habitat at least 100m from the portable drill rig site Portable Rig Site or water	Alliance Ecology.
	pump siteWater Pump Site, as recommended by the onsite ecologist. the	
	Native Fauna Release Area specified in Condition 111.	
	reactor admit notado and opposited in obligation and	
164	The Consent Holder must provide the Hauraki District Council with the details	
	(e.g. weight, length, location) of any 'At Risk' or 'Threatened' frogs or lizards	
	found and relocated and the NZTM coordinates of the release site(s) within 20	
	working days of the relocation.	
165	The Consent Holder must mark out access routes for access to portable drill rig	
	sitePortable Rig Sites and water pump siteWater Pump Sites, and thereafter	
	only access sites using the marked routes to access these sites.	
Manageme	ent of "At Risk" and/or 'Threatened Flora Associated with Portable Drill Rig Sites and W	/ater Pump Sites
400	Disturbance of Pterostylis puberula, Pretrostylis tasmanica or king fern Ptisana	
166	salicina to establish any portable drill rig site Portable Rig Site or water pump	
	site Water Pump Site must be avoided.	
	ono trator i amp ono must be avoided.	

LEIOPELMATID FROG SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

Wharekirauponga Animal Pest Management Area

7	hectares in the W		nimal Pest Manage	nt over an area of at l ment Area ("WAPMA onsent.	
8	The objective of t		ent required by Cor	ndition 167 is to enha	ance the
Э	management targ		the thresholds for	t seek to meet the initiating additional (et out in the followin	
	Pest Species	Management Target	Threshold	Monitoring frequency	
	Mice	<5% CCI (year-round)	≥10% CCI (year-round)	Before and after toxic	
	Rats	<2.5% CCI (Nov-Feb); <5% (Mar-Oct)	≥ 5% CCI (Nov- Feb); ≥10% (Mar-Oct)	control, four monitors per year in February, May,	
	Possums	<1% CCI and/or RTC (Nov-Feb); <5% (Mar-Oct)	≥ 5% CCI and/or RTC (Nov-Feb); ≥10% (Mar- Oct)	August, and November. Ongoing monitoring using automated	
	Mustelids (stoats and ferrets)	A combination of camera trap indices (<3 detections per 2000 CH) and catch rates	>3 detections per 2000 CH	technology	
	Feral cats	A combination of camera trap indices (<3 detections per 2000 CH) and catch rates	>3 detections per 2000 CH		
	Ungulates	Zero density	Any observation (incl. sign)		
	Advice note: CCI = Chew Card RTC = Residual To CH = Camera Ho	rap Catch	1		

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170	The Consent Holder must implement the WPAMP referred to in Condition C4 of Schedule One, subject to any amendments that may be made under Condition C8 – C8D of Schedule One.	
171A	Any amendments WPAMP that may be made under Condition C8 – C8D of Schedule One must continue to: a. Include protocols, methods, monitoring programs, targets and thresholds as appropriate to meet the objective in Condition 171B; and b. Satisfy the requirements in Condition 171C.	
171B	The objective of the WPAMP is to outline methods that will be used to control mammalian pests and wasps at a specified site to address residual ecological effects associated with the Waihi North Project.	Alliance Ecology. Wasp control is such a key component of the animal pest control programme Applicant Ecology Team: Accepted
171C	The WPAMP must continue to include as a minimum:	Alliance Ecology
	a. Be consistent with the objective of the WPMAP (as set out in Condition 171B);	Applicant
	b. Include a description of the current ecological values and the proposed animal pest management;	Ecology Team: Accepted, apart
	c. Include map(s) showing:	from g. and k.
	i. the animal pest management area(s); and	The numbers cited in Alliance
	ii. control area(s) reference areas to be used for comparative monitoring purposes of animal pests and frog densities.	Ecology's suggested
	iii. control area(s) to be used for comparative monitoring purposes of frog densities.	changes to k. are not the numbers used as the
	d. Detail target pest species;	basis for
	e. Detail pest animal monitoring protocols;	ecological offset modelling.
	f. Set out timing and duration of control;	These targets
	g. Identify Achieve Detail performance standards of pest animal control as	have been set at 3 times the
	follows, with targets and thresholds for additional control based on monitoring results; and	current population level for Archey's and Hochstetter's frogs after 15 years of pest
		control.

				•	
		Pest Species	Management Target	Threshold	Monitoring frequency
		Mice Rats	<5% CCI (year-round) <2.5% CCI (Nov-Feb); <5% (Mar-	≥10% CCI (year-round) ≥ 5% <u>CCI (</u> Nov-Feb); ≥10%	Before and after toxic control, four monitors
		Possums	Oct) <1% CCI and/or RTC (Nov-Feb); <5% (Mar-Oct).	(Mar-Oct) ≥ 5% CCI and/or RTC (Nov-Feb); ≥10% (Mar-Oct)	per year in February, May, August, and November. Ongoing
		Mustelids (stoats and ferrets)	A combination of camera trap indices (<3 detections per 2000 CH) and catch rates, based on DOC best-practice ¹	>3 detections per 2000 CH ¹	monitoring using automated technology
		Feral cats	A combination of camera trap indices (<3 detections per 2000 CH) and catch rates, based on DOC best-practice ¹	>3 detections per 2000 CH ¹	
		Ungulates	Zero density	Any observation (incl. sign)	
	i	ncreasing th	nitiate additional control r	•	
		out in Condit			
	<u>i</u>	ncreasing th	nitiate additional control r e area of the animal pest o chieved (as set out in Con	control) if the population	
	ŗ		management and reporting on itoring, to determine su	-	_
			ears of implementation of an increase in the popula		
	<u>t</u>	imes the cur	rent population for Arche Hochstetter's frog within	y's frog, and 4 times pop	ulation
			eshold to initiate further a	•	
	<u>(</u>	Conditions 1	egime of Archey's and Hoo 74, 175, 176 and 177) not or these two species;		
	ŧ	Jopatation ic	n triese two species,		
172	WAPN	ሳA in accord	er must commence on the ance with the WPAMP at l stoping at the WUG.		
., .			er must continue pest con	ntrol within the WAPMA i	n accordance
	a. Tv	wo years afte	er the completion of stopin	ng activities within the W	/UG; or
	re		dertaken in accordance w ondition 174 shows leiope	_	

	Native Frog Monitoring Plan	
174	The Consent Holder must provide a Native Frog Monitoring Plan for certification under Condition C5 of Schedule One.	
	Certification is required to verify that the Native Frog Monitoring Plan:	
	 a. Includes actions, methods, monitoring programmes and trigger levels as appropriate to meet the objective in Condition 175; and b. Satisfies the requirements in Condition 176. 	
175	The objective of the Native Frog Monitoring Plan is to ensure appropriate monitoring of is being undertaken with regard to potential vibration, potential dewatering, and animal pest control effects on and response of native frogs, and to determine whether pest control measures are achieving a net gain in native frogs within the WAPMA, and set out: a. The actions and methods required to adaptively manage minimise and mitigate adverse vibration, dewatering, and pest control effects on native frogs; b. The monitoring programmes and trigger levels required to ensure the best practicable options are being utilised to manage minimise and mitigate adverse effects on native frogs; and c. To confirm to describe how the Hauraki District Council is able to determine that the effects management measures will generate stated net gain outcomes for native frogs the activities are being undertaken in a manner which appropriately minimises and mitigates adverse effects on native frogs, and which enables determination as to whether pest control measures are achieving a net gain in native frogs within the WAPMA.	Alliance Ecology Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
176	 The Native Frog Monitoring Plan must include, as a minimum: a. A description of the monitoring programme to be implemented to meet the objective of Condition 175; b. Specific measures designed to monitor: i. Surface vibrations from underground blasting undertaken for the project on Archey's frogs; ii. Reductions in stream flow and wetted width as a result of mine dewatering on Hochstetter's frogs; and iii. Pest control on both species of frogs within and outside areas likely to be affected by vibration or dewatering caused by the proposed project. c. A minimum of 2 years of baseline monitoring within the project footprint, WAPMA and selected reference site(s) prior to commencement of construction and mammalian pest management activities. 	Alliance Ecology. Also query why Hochstetter's frog is not included in b. i Mitchell Daysh: Accepted
	Reporting	
177	Not less than two years prior to the Consent Holder commencing stoping activities at the WUG, the Consent Holder must engage a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist to prepare an annual Leiopelmatid Frog Monitoring Report.	

The Leiopelmatid Frog Monitoring Report must include:

- 1. A summary of the results of the monitoring undertaken in accordance with the Native Frog Monitoring Plan;
- 2. Any important trends arising from the monitoring;
- Any works that have been undertaken to further support a net gain of native frogs within the WAPMA or that are proposed to be undertaken in the upcoming year to further support a net gain of native frogs within the WAPMA; and
- 4. A comparison of leiopelmatid frog populations in 3 zones:
 - a) Within the >2 mm/ second vibration zone (314 ha footprint) where frogs are also subject to intensive pest animal control;
 - b) In an adjoining area (the 318 ha offset area) where frogs are not subject to mine-related vibration, but are subject to intensive pest animal control; and
 - c) In an area to the west of the WUG intensive pest animal control area, where frogs are not subject to vibration or additional pest animal control as a result of this project.

A copy of the Annual Leiopelmatid Frog Monitoring Report must be provided to Hauraki District Council, the Department of Conservation and the lwi Advisory Group by 30 June each year, until stoping activities have ceased.

The Annual Leiopelmatid Frog Monitoring Report may be combined with the Waihi North Ecological and Landscape Monitoring Report required under Condition 208.

By 30 June each year the Consent Holder must prepare an Annual Pest
Management Report, which summarises pest management activities undertaken
within the WAPMA in accordance with the WPAMP for the previous year. This
reporting must commence after the completion of the first year of pest
management activities undertaken pursuant to Condition 170 and continue whilst
active pest management is being undertaken by the Consent Holder.

The Annual Pest Management Report must include, but need not be limited to:

- A summary of all pest control (plant and animal) activities undertaken within the WAPMA in the preceding 12 months, detailing dates, and methods of each control activity;
- b. Maps of control devices/area, labelled by type;

178

- c. Summaries of trap catch statistics by species (both target and any non-target catch), including by trap type, trap location, lure type as well as chew card index of rats, possums, and camera capture hours for mustelids and feral cats, with comparison to management targets and thresholds for additional control;
- d. Summaries of results of toxic control operations, including target species, bait type and bait take;

- e. Any trends in the data, such as high-catch/high bait-take locations, the main species caught and comparisons to previous years;
- f. Incursions and incursion responses within the pest exclusion fence; and
- g. Any challenges/issues encountered in undertaking control or monitoring, and how these difficulties were overcome or if they remain ongoing.

A copy of the Annual Pest Management Report must be provided to Hauraki District Council, the Department of Conservation and the lwi Advisory Group.

The Annual Pest Management Report may be combined with the Waihi North Ecological and Landscape Monitoring Report required under Condition 208.

Archey's Frog Research Fund

180

181

Within 3 months of the commencement of this consent, the Consent Holder must establish a fund to provide financial support for research, the objective of which is to assess the efficacy of pest control regimes for frog recovery within the area of the WUG and wider WAPMA.

Advice Note: The research fund is to be administered by OGNZL or a suitably identified relevant independent body. The allocation of funds will be at the discretion of the administering party.

Archey's Frog is specifically identified as the target for research in the Boffa Miskell Terrestrial Ecology Report

At present the research fund conditions contemplate the fund being administered by OGNZL.

OGNZL is investigating options for the fund being administered by a relevant independent body.

The Consent Holder must provide written confirmation to the Hauraki District Council within 10 working days of the fund being established.

The Consent Holder must place in the fund bank account:

- a. \$25,000 when it is first established under Condition 179;
- b. \$25,000 annually thereafter for so long as stoping activities are continuing at the WUG.

	Within 10 working days of each payment being made, the Consent Holder must provide written confirmation to Hauraki District Council that the payment has occurred. The amounts in a. and b. will be adjusted for the start of each calendar year by the annual CPI published by Statistics New Zealand and made publicly available on the Consent Holder's website.	
182	The monies in the fund must be utilised for the purposes set out in accordance with Condition 179, and following consultation with Hauraki District Council, the Department of Conservation and the lwi Advisory Group	
183	The Consent Holder must provide a report to the Hauraki District Council, annually on the anniversary of the establishment of the fund required in accordance with Condition 179 that demonstrates that the consent holder is meeting pest control requirements in an effective manner, and sets out: a. The activities which have been funded in the previous year and how those activities are intended to contribute to the matters set out in Condition 179; b. Any funding committed for the coming year; and c. The balance of the fund.	Bentley & Co. Inserted to clarify the purpose Mitchell Daysh: Accepted

MANAGEMENT OF AVIFAUNA ASSOCIATED WITH VEGETATION CLEARANCE IN AREA 1

184	Any reference to birds in these conditions means birds protected under the Wildlife Act 1953.	
185	If vegetation clearance in Area 1 is undertaken in March, trees within the clearance area must be surveyed by a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist for active bird nests within 24 hours of planned felling. If active bird nests are detected, a 20 mthe area surrounding the nest must be clearly demarcated, and trees must not be felled until the nest is vacated or it has failed.	Alliance ecology. Should state that the area to be demarcated includes a minimum 20m distance from nest, consistent with the management plans Mitchell Daysh: Accepted

MANAGEMENT OF BATS ASSOCIATED WITH VEGETATION CLEARANCE IN AREA 1

186	All vegetation clearance in Area 1 must be undertaken in accordance with the methodology specified in: <i>Protocols for minimising the risk of</i>
	felling bat roosts (Bat Roost Protocols) Version 4: October 2024 approved by the New Zealand Department of Conservation's Bat

Recovery Group, or alternative method agreed to in writing by the	
Hauraki District Council.	

MANAGEMENT OF TERRESTRIAL INVERTEBRATES ASSOCIATED WITH VEGETATION CLEARANCE IN AREA 1

187	Any Paua slug (Schizoglossa novoseelandica) and/or 'At Risk' or	
	'Threatened' invertebrates listed in the Department of Conservation's	
	Threat Classification Lists (http://www.doc.govt.nz/nztcs) found during	
	any vegetation clearance in Area 1, must be salvaged in accordance	
	with procedures set out in the ELMP and released into the Native Fauna	
	Release Area specified in Condition 111.	
i		

REPORTING

188	Within 20 working days of the completion of vegetation clearance at any drill site Drill Site, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Site pumping test site or ventilation shaft site in Area 1, the Consent Holder must provide a report prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist to the Hauraki District Council and Department of Conservation which	
	documents how the requirements to the extent they are relevant of Conditions 130-137, 143-149, 162-166, 184-187 have been addressed.	
	Advice note: For the avoidance of doubt this condition does not apply to portable rig locationPortable Rig Sites	

KAURI DIEBACK MANAGEMENT

a 1 must be undertaken in accordance with the CFP-
n Condition C4.

WEED AND PLANT PEST CONTROL

190	The Consent Holder must ensure that all equipment to be used for drilling and construction activities authorised by this consent are clean and free of any exotic weed and seed material prior to entry to Area 1.	
191	The Consent Holder must control any exotic weeds present within any sites in Area 1 which have been cleared as part of the WNP for a period of two years following the completion of WNP activities at that site.	

WASTE DISPOSAL AND TOILETS

192	Self-contained toilets/ "portaloos" in Area 1 must be provided for staff at all times within the defined cleared area of the camp / drill site Drill Site to ensure the containment of human waste.
193	All waste and effluent must be removed from Area 1 and disposed of at an appropriate facility.

ECOLOGY AND LANDSCAPE – AREAS 2, 5, 6, AND 7, AND PLANTING OUTSIDE AREAS 1-7

Advice note:

Ecological management in Area 2 is subject to the Willows Site section of the WUG Ecology and Landscape Management Plan referred to in Conditions C4 and C47-C47A.

Ecological management in Areas 5,6 and 7 and planting outside areas 1-7 is subject to the Waihi Area Ecology and Landscape Management Plan (ELMP-WA) referred to in Conditions C4 and C47-C47A.

The ELMP-WA includes the following sub-plans:

- i. Residual Effects Offset Plan;
- ii. Planting Plan;
- iii. Lizard Management Plan;
- iv. Avifauna Management Plan;
- v. Bat Management Plan; and
- vi. Aquatic Fauna Salvage and Relocation Plan.2

Lizard Habitat Enhancement Area

Prior to undertaking vegetation clearance in any of Areas 5, 6 or 7, the
Consent Holder must establish the Lizard Habitat Enhancement Area in
accordance with the requirements of the ELMP-WA.

Planting Areas

r tanting A	1643	
195	Subject to Condition 194, the Consent Holder must undertake the planting identified in Figures A and B in Attachment 9 and Table 1 in Attachment 10 .	Alliance Ecology. The areal extents of each vegetation type to be planted (as required by Condition 195) should be clarified in Table 1, attachment 10 to the

		conditions to provide greater certainty that the quantum of plantings will be adhered to Mitchell Daysh: Accepted.
196	Should there be a delay in the completion of planting in the timeframe set out in the ELMP due to: a. The unavailability of suitable seedlings; or b. Natural conditions resulting in poor seed production, or poor seed condition, or otherwise adversely affecting seedling propagation for indigenous plant species; The Consent Holder must provide the Hauraki District Council with an amended timeframe within which pioneer and enrichment planting must occur. This timeframe must not exceed four planting seasons. The Consent Holder must complete the planting as soon as reasonably possible within the agreed timeframe and must inform the Hauraki District Council when planting is complete.	
197	All planting required under Condition 195 must: a. Use plants which are eco-sourced from the Coromandel or Bay of Plenty Ecological Plant Regions; and b. Use seed collected locally and germinated and raised at a NZPPI-accredited nursery or from a suitable alternative community-based nursery.	Alliance Ecology
198	All planting required under Condition 195 must be subject to annual maintenance, including releasing of plants from weeds and replacement of dead plants. Any species that consistently fails must be replaced with an alternative similar species listed as suitable for that purpose in the ELMP. Maintenance must commence following pioneer planting and continue for the later of: a. 5 years following the completion of enrichment planting in the Planting Area; or b. Until 90% of the original density and species, with an 80% canopy closure, has been achieved. This condition does not apply to Buffer Planting of the Coromandel Forest Edge shown in Figure A annexed as Attachment 11 to these conditions.	

Terrestrial Biodiversity Offset Areas Specific Requirements

199

The Waihi Biodiversity Offset Area, Waihi Biodiversity Offset Enhancement Area, and Ventilation Shaft Offset Area must be managed to achieve the biodiversity attribute values (e.g. canopy height, canopy cover and species richness) specified for those areas in accordance with the ELMP.

Bentley & Co.
Correction

Mitchell Daysh:
Accepted

This must include implementing any additional management actions deemed necessary in any 5 yearly Offset Monitoring report submitted in accordance with Condition 200 1201

200

The Consent Holder must commission a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist to undertake ecological monitoring of the Waihi Biodiversity Offset Area, Waihi Biodiversity Offset Enhancement Area, and Ventilation Shaft Offset Area to determine the success of the modelled ecological outcomes and the Biodiversity Attributes specified for each Planting Area in the ELMP.

The monitoring must commence five years after the canopy species have been planted in a Planting Area and at 5-yearly intervals for at least 20 years.

After 20 years, if all Biodiversity Attributes in a Planting Area are met, monitoring of that Planting Area may cease. If Biodiversity Attributes are yet to be met in a given Planting Area, then monitoring in that Planting Area must continue and adaptive management contingency measures implemented in accordance with the ELMP until such time as the Biodiversity Attributes in a Planting Area are met.

The monitoring must include:

- a. Vegetation monitoring within 20m x 20m plots, including:
 - i. Four plots within enhancement planting (pine dominant SNA 166) and three plots within revegetation planting (one in each of the main planting areas). Final locations must be determined during the first monitoring period once access is confirmed with GPS coordinates and/or permanent markers used to establish boundaries.
 - ii. Identification of all plant species to determine groundcover, understory and canopy species;
 - iii. Recording percentage canopy cover; and
 - iv Recording canopy height; and
- b. Bird monitoring at the same locations as the vegetation plots comprising 5 – minute bird counts at each location, replicated four times.

Alliance Ecology. For completeness, this condition should state the specific biodiversity attributes that will be measured to verify net gain, along with the expected timeframe within which net gain will be achieved for each attribute so that there is greater certainty around net gain outcomes.

Alliance Ecology consider that this would mean 7 bird monitoring sites, which will provide

		limited information as the replication is too low
Reporting		
201	The Consent Holder must submit an Offset Monitoring Report to the Hauraki District Council following each 5 yearly monitoring programme required by Condition 200 which includes, as a minimum:	
	 The results of all aspects monitored including how they are tracking against the Biodiversity Attributes; 	
	b. Records of any weeds encountered during monitoring;	
	c. Records of any dead/dying plants encountered;	
	d. Recommendations on any additional planting, enhancement or management actions that should be undertaken to ensure the Biodiversity Attributes for each Planting Area in the provisions included in the ELMP.	
Access and	Protection	
202	Except as provided for in Condition 203, within 5 years of the commencement of this consent, the Consent Holder must enter into appropriate covenants and/or encumbrances (or similar legal mechanism) to ensure that, regardless of any future ownership/tenure changes, the areas of land required for revegetation planting specified under Condition 195 .are protected in perpetuity. This condition does not apply to road reserves or land under DOC or other public administration.	
203	In the event that, despite best endeavours:	
	1 The Consent Holder is unable to secure for any given area(s) the legal agreements and/or other authorisations specified in Condition 202: or	
	2 A planting area identified in Condition 195 proves to be non-viable for any other reason(s):	
	a. The Consent Holder must identify alternative area(s) for planting which have been assessed by a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist (the Ecologist) to be of equal or greater ecological value to the area(s) for which access could not be secured; and	

	 The Consent Holder must provide a written report to the Hauraki District Council which sets out details of the replacement area(s), including; 	
	i. the ownership and legal title of the land;	
	ii. the existing ecological condition;	
	iii. the proposed enhancement works; and	
	iv. a statement from the Ecologist demonstrating that the ecological value of planting in the replacement area(s) is of equal or greater ecological value to planting in the area(s) for which access could not be secured; and	
	Condition 195 applies to the new area(s) as if they were those they are intended to replace.	
204	The Consent Holder must not sell any of the land required for revegetation planting specified under Condition 195 until any covenant and/or encumbrance (or similar legal mechanism) required under Condition 202 is registered against each relevant title.	
Reporting		
205	By 30 June each year following commencement of the first trigger activity specified in the EMLP the Consent Holder must engage a suitably qualified and experienced ecologist to prepare a Waihi North Ecological and Landscape Monitoring Report which covers activities addressed in the ELMP for the previous year's monitoring season. The Waihi North Ecological and Landscape Monitoring Report must include: a. A description of the works and other actions completed by the Consent Holder in the previous twelve months; b. Where aspects of the ELMP have not been implemented in accordance with expected timeframes, the reasons why, and the reasonably practicable measures that have been taken by the Consent Holder to address this; c. An assessment of the effectiveness of the ELMP in achieving its objectives and performance indicators. Where the report identifies that the performance indicators have not been achieved or maintained the Report must include: i. The reasons why the performance indicators have not yet been achieved; ii. Advice as to specific measures that have already been implemented, or are intended to be implemented to address	Alliance Ecology consider that these performance indicators need to be set out in consent conditions
	implemented, or are intended to be implemented to address the this to achieve performance indicators; and	

d. Whether there should be amendments made to the ELMP or any sub management plan which would better assist the Consent Holder and in meeting the objectives of the ELMP.

A copy of the Waihi North Ecological and Landscape Monitoring Report must be provided to Hauraki District Council, the Department of Conservation and the lwi Advisory Group.

PUBLIC ACCESS, AWARENESS AND SAFETY IN THE COROMANDEL FOREST PARK

		I
206	Prior to the commencement of activities authorised by this consent at each drill siteDrill Site, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test site or ventilation shaft site in Area 1, clear signage and/or markers must be erected around the drill siteDrill Site, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test site or ventilation shaft site to prevent members of the public accidentally accessing the drill siteDrill Site, Vent Shaft / Pump Test Sitepumping test site or ventilation shaft site while construction activities are occurring.	
207	The Consent Holder must place signs approved by the Department of Conservation at the entrance to the Wharekirauponga Track and at the Kauaeranga Visitor Centre at least two days prior to the commencement of activities authorised by this consent, to alert visitors to the Wharekirauponga Track of the hazards associated with the exploration and mining operations.	
Area 1 – Ai	rcraft <mark>Safety</mark>	
208	The Consent Holder must ensure that helicopter landing sites in Area 1 are maintained to ensure public safety and post notices at the sites advising the public of the hazards associated with the helicopter landings.	
209	The Consent Holder will ensure that aircraft idle times on the ground are kept to a practicable minimum.	Styles Group. These matters are to be incorporated into recommended Condition 25A Mitchell Daysh; Accepted
210	The Consent Holder will not undertake any helicopter activity to service drill sites within 400 m of the Wharekirauponga Track from 1 December to 28 February (inclusive) when the track is open.	Styles Group. These matters are to be incorporated into

	recommended Condition 25A
	Mitchell Daysh: Accepted

ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES

The Consent Holder must pay to the Hauraki District Council all actual and reasonable charges arising from the monitoring of the conditions of this consent and any other administrative charges fixed in accordance with Section 36 of the Act, or any charge prescribed in accordance with regulations made under Section 360 of the Act.

REVIEW OF CONDITIONS

- Pursuant to Sections 128(1)(a)(i) and (iii) of the Resource Management Act 1991, the Hauraki District Council may, within one month of the second anniversary of the date of commencement of this consent and every 24 months thereafter, or on receipt of any of the reports required by this consent, review the conditions of this consent for the following purposes:
 - a. To review the effectiveness of the conditions of this consent in avoiding, remedying or mitigating any adverse effects on the environment that may arise from the exercise of this consent, and if necessary to avoid, remedy or mitigate such effects by way of further or amended conditions. In deciding to undertake a review and where further or amended conditions are deemed necessary, the Hauraki District Council must have regard to all of the information contained in the reports required under the conditions of this consent – including data obtained from fixed and roving vibration monitors; or
 - b. To address any adverse effects on the environment which have arisen as a result of the exercise of this consent that were not anticipated at the time of commencement of the consent; or
 - To review the adequacy of, and necessity for, any of the monitoring programmes or management plans that are part of the conditions of this consent; or
 - d. For the purposes of amending the vibration limits in Condition 27, and/or the Wharekirauponga Pest Animal Management Plan to ensure the activity is having a neutral or net positive effect on Archey's Frog.

	Any review under this condition must, in addition to the matters set out in the Resource Management Act 1991, also recognise and provide for the purpose of the Fast-Track Approvals Act 2024.	
213	Pursuant to Section 128(1)(a)(i) and (iii) of the Resource Management Act 1991, the Hauraki District Council may review Common Conditions C82 to C85 in Schedule One of this consent following any change made to the Trust Deed referred to in Condition C82 of Schedule One.	
	Any review under this condition must, in addition to the matters set out in the Resource Management Act 1991, also recognise and provide for the purpose of the Fast-Track Approvals Act 2024 as set out in section 3 of that Act.	
	Advice Notes: Such a review should only be commenced after consultation between the Consent Holder and the Hauraki District Council and the Waikato Regional Council, and the Consent Holder must pay the actual and reasonable costs of the review.	
	Notwithstanding Condition 213, where the Hauraki District Council elects to review Conditions C82 to C85 of Schedule One of this consent, such a review should be undertaken after consultation with the Waikato Regional Council.	