#### APPENDIX 4: RYANS ROAD INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - APPLICANT SECTION 55 RESPONSE

#### FAST-TRACK CONDITIONS – CANTERBURY REGIONAL COUNCIL CONSENTS

#### **UPDATED 24 NOVEMBER 2025**

The consent conditions below form a revised set of conditions proposed by Carter Group Limited (CGL) in response to the Section 53 (s53) comments received from Canterbury Regional Council (CRC), The Department of Conservation (DOC), Selwyn District Council (SDC) and Christchurch City Council (CCC).

As comments have been received from a number of parties it is not possible to provide a single track changed copy of the conditions previously offered by the applicant and track changed by CRC and other parties in their s53 comments. Instead, the below lists the applicant's proposed Section 55 (s55) Response wording in the first column and notes in the second whether these are unaltered from the applicants or CRC's previous set or if changed which comments the change is made in response to.

Part 1: CRC Land Use / Earthworks Conditions

Part 2: CRC Water Permit Conditions

Part 3: CRC Stormwater Discharge Conditions (Construction Phase)

Part 4: CRC Stormwater Discharge Conditions (Operational Phase Roads, Berms and Footpaths)

Part 5: CRC Stormwater Discharge Conditions (Operation Phase Individual Lots)

### Column 1: Applicant's Proposed Conditions - Section 55 Response

Column 2: Summary of Section 53 Comments and Response to Changes Requested

Note: Green cells indicate the condition wording is agreed between CGL and CRC with no changes from CRC's Appendix 5 conditions.

Note: Orange cells indicate the condition wording has been changed (red text) from CRC's Appendix 5 set and explains why the change have been made in response to s53comments. The proposed changes have subsequently been agreed with CRC on 19 November 2025.

#### Part 1 Canterbury Regional Council: S9 Land Use Conditions

#### **Duration sought: 5 years**

Limits	Limits		
1.	The works authorised by this resource consent are limited to the excavation of land associated with the development of an industrial subdivision at 104 Ryans Road and 20 Grays Road legally described as Pt Lot 3 DP 22679, Lot 4 DP 22679 and Pt Lot 1 DP 2837 and has a total area of approximately 57.64 hectares (ha).	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
2.	The works shall be undertaken in accordance with the attached design plan, Plan CRC 254900 which forms part of this consent.  Note: Plan attached at end of conditions.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
3.	The maximum depth of excavation for the works authorised by this resource consent must not exceed 7 m below ground level.	Original applicant condition. See supporting ground water quality assessment from Tom Garden at PDP submitted with the s55 response to support the 7m depth.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	



	Advice Note: It will be up to the Consent Holder to demonstrate compliance with the maximum excavation depth. This can be done, for example, via reference to a specified datum and reduced levels from that datum or via site specific survey points or other measurements.	
Prior to	o Commencement	
4.	All contaminated land identified in the DSI must be remedied in accordance with the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) required by Condition (6) prior to any earthworks occurring within 50m of the identified contamination.	Condition updated to introduce a distance/separation of any earthworks from any identified contamination in a DSI and to require it be remedied in accordance with the RAP. A distance of 50m is recommended by Chris Thompson at Tetra Tech Coffey.  While it is intended that the contamination will be remediated early on in the development process, CGL is looking to avoid a scenario whereby the contamination which is confined to small area in the southeast corner of the site would prevent any development earthworks occurring on other parts of the site with no contamination.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
5.	Prior to commencement of the works described in Condition (1), all personnel working on the site must be made aware of, and have access to, the following:  a. The contents of this resource consent document and all associated documents;  b. The Site Environmental Management Plan;  c. Remedial Action Plan (RAP) in Condition (6) and  d. Resource Consents and all associated documents, including the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) as set out in Condition (9).	Updated to insert 'Remedial Action Plan (RAP)' to deal with contamination and required by Condition 6.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
6.	At least 15 working days prior to the commencement of works to remediate contaminated land, the Consent Holder must submit a RAP to Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager for certification that it complies with the conditions a - e below.  The RAP required under this condition must:  a. Be prepared by a Suitably Qualified and Experienced Practitioner (SQEP) in contaminated land;  b. Outline the proposed soil sampling procedure to identify the extent of contamination, including	Updated to reflect CRC final comments on conditions received 19 November.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	guidelines used to analyse samples;  c. Detail a procedure for managing any discovery of contaminated soil or material;  d. Describe the methodology for soil removal and how soil will be prevented from being entrained in stormwater;  e. Outline where the contaminated soil will be disposed of; and  f. Describe any validation sampling that will be undertaken.	
7.	<ul> <li>The RAP in Condition (6) above may be amended at any time. Any amendments must be:</li> <li>a. Only for the purpose of improving the efficacy of the management of contaminated soil and must not result in an increase of sediment being discharged from the site; and</li> <li>b. Consistent with the conditions of this resource consent; and</li> <li>c. Submitted in writing to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, prior to any amendment being implemented.</li> </ul>	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.



8.	After the removal of buildings/contaminated land in the southeast corner of the site and identified in the DSI:	Updated to reflect CRC expert comments in their Appendix 3 from Ms Mirabueno. This condition was initially missed off CRC's Appendix 5 full condition list.
	a. Further sampling and investigation shall be undertaken by a SQEP in contaminated land to assess areas of interest (e.g. under buildings).	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC, following 19 November updates.
	<ul> <li>Results in the form of a letter update to the DSI shall be submitted in writing to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, 10 days prior to start of works.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Results of the additional investigation shall be included into the Remedial Action Plan (RAP) in accordance with Condition 7.</li> </ul>	
9.	The earthworks authorised under this resource consent must occur in accordance with an ESCP. The ESCP must:	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	a. Include a map showing the location of all works;	Condition wording agreed between CCL and CNC.
	b. Detailed plans showing the location of sediment control measures, on-site catchment boundaries, and sources of run-off;	
	c. Detail how best practicable measures are taken to minimise discharges of sediment-laden stormwater run-off beyond the boundaries of the site;	
	<ol> <li>Include drawings and specifications of designated sediment control measures, if these are not designed and installed in accordance with the Erosion and Sediment Control Toolbox for the Canterbury Region (ESCT);</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Detail the methodology for stabilising the site entrance and exit points and any measures employed to prevent off-site tracking of sediment and other materials from the site;</li> </ol>	
	<ul> <li>Include a confirmation that the erosion and sediment control devices have been sized appropriately in accordance with the ESCT;</li> </ul>	
	e. Include a programme of works, including a proposed timeframe for each stage of the works and the earthworks methodology;	
	f. Detail the management of any stockpiled material;	
	g. Detail inspection and maintenance of the sediment control measures;	
	h. Detail sampling procedures and protocols;	
	i. Define the discharge points where stormwater is discharged onto land / infiltrates into land;	
	<ul> <li>j. Include a description of dust mitigation to be used and details of best practicable options to be applied to mitigate dust and sediment discharge beyond the site boundary;</li> </ul>	
	k. Detail the methodology for stabilising the site if works are paused for more than five working days or abandoned;	
	Detail the methodology for stabilising the site and appropriate decommissioning of all erosion and sediment control measures after works have been completed; and	



	<ul> <li>Include measures such as a Chemical Treatment Plan should the use of water treatment chemicals be required.</li> </ul>	
	<b>Advice Note:</b> The use of Water treatment chemicals may require additional consent under section 15 of the Resource Management Act.	
10.	<ul> <li>The ESCP in Condition (9) above must be submitted to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, after the commencement of resource consent and at least 10 working days prior to works commencing, for approval certification that it complies with the ESCT and the conditions of this resource consent;</li> </ul>	Updated to change the word 'approval' to 'certification'.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	b. The discharge must not commence until approval certification has been received from the Canterbury Regional Council that the ESCP is consistent with the ESCT or equivalent industry guideline; and	
	c. Notwithstanding Condition (10a), if the ESCP has not been reviewed and/or approved certified within ten working days of the Compliance Manager receiving the ESCP, the discharge may commence.	
11.	The ESCP may be amended at any time. Any amendments must be:	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.
	a. Only for the purpose of improving the efficacy of the erosion and sediment control measures and must not result in reduced discharge quality; and	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	b. For the purpose of applying best practicable measures to mitigate [dust and] sediment transport off-site;	
	c. Consistent with the conditions of this resource consent; and	
	d. Submitted in writing to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, prior to any amendment being implemented.	
12.	Erosion and sediment control measures must be inspected at least once per day, as well as following any rainfall event that results in more than five millimetres of rainfall at the site. Any accumulated sediment must be removed, and repairs made, as necessary, to ensure effective functioning of measures and devices. Records of any inspections must be kept and provided to the Canterbury Regional Council on request.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
13.	If the consent holder abandons work on-site, or pauses works for more than five working days, adequate preventative and remedial measures must be taken to control sediment discharged from exposed or unconsolidated surfaces. These measures must be maintained for so long as necessary to prevent sediment discharges from the earth worked areas.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
14.	At least 10 working days prior to the commencement of works on site, the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager (via <a href="mailto:ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz">ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz</a> ) must be informed of the commencement of works.	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
15.	At least 10 working days prior to the commencement of works on site, the consent holder must request a pre-construction site meeting with the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager (via <a href="mailto:ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz">ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz</a> ), and all relevant parties, including the primary contractor. At a minimum, the following must be covered at the meeting:	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	a. Scheduling and staging of the works;	
	b. Responsibilities of all relevant parties, including confirmation that the person [or persons] implementing the ESCP on the site is [are] suitably trained and/or experienced;	
	c. Contact details for all relevant parties;	



	d. Expectations regarding communication between all relevant parties;	
	e. Procedures for implementing any amendments;	
	f. Site inspection; and	
	g. Confirmation that all relevant parties have copies of the contents of this resource consent document and all associated erosion and sediment control plans and any other discharge treatment methodologies employed.	
During	Works	
16.	All practicable measures must be taken to:	Original applicant condition.
	a. Minimise soil disturbance to that necessary to carry out the works described under Condition 1;	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	b. Prevent soil erosion;	
	c. Avoid placing excavated material in a position where it may enter:	
	i. Any neighbouring site;	
	ii. A surface water body; and/or	
	iii. The Christchurch City Council's reticulated stormwater network, or any other private or public stormwater devices.	
17.	All earthworks shall be managed to avoid the potential for cross-contamination of materials to occur, in particular movement of contaminated soil around the site and/or deposition of contaminated soil on other parts of the site shall be avoided.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
18.	Tracking of material off-site during the works must be avoided at all times. In the event that material is tracked off-site, the tracked material must be removed as soon as practicable.	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
19.	Excess soil or waste materials removed from the application site shall be taken to a consented site whose waste acceptance criteria would be met. Evidence of waste disposal such as weighbridge receipt shall be reported in the SVR.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
Installa	tion of Culverts	
20.	The consent holder shall engage a suitable qualified and experienced Freshwater Ecologist to undertake surveys of aquatic ecology values in the approximate 920m of water race adjacent to the site. This shall include targeted searches for freshwater mussels (kākahi). Results shall be entered into the NZ Freshwater Fish Database and supplied to be submitted to Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager (via ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz).	The CRC comments and conditions in Appendix 5 contained place holder positions required in relation to the installation of culverts in the water race. The comments requested further consultation with the applicant over the content/ wording of the conditions to address ecology matters, specifically freshwater mussels (kākahi) and fish passage.  That further consultation has now occurred (meetings on 6 and 12 November 2025) resulting in conditions 20 - 23.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
21.	If freshwater mussels (kākahi) are found to be present in the water race, where possible (recognising other constraints such as power pole locations and transport safety matters) culvert placement should avoid identified mussel locations. Where avoiding mussel location is not possible, prior to culverts being installed the mussels shall be relocated by the Project Freshwater Ecologist to a suitable location within the water race.	Condition wording agreed between COL and CNC.
22.	The consent holders Engineer shall prepare detailed design plans of the road culverts and the vehicle access culverts. The detailed design culvert plans are to be certified by the consent holders suitably qualified Freshwater Ecologist as meeting the relevant best practice guidelines for fish passage.	



	The engineering plans and Ecologist certification shall be submitted to Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager (via <a href="mailto:ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz">ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz</a> ) at least 10 working days before construction of the culverts installation begins.	
23.	Installation of each culvert in the water race shall take no more than two weeks.	
Discov	ery of Contaminated Soil or Materials	
24.	In the event that any contaminated soil or material is uncovered by the works, a contamination discovery protocol must be implemented, including but not limited to the following steps:  a. Earthworks within ten metres of discovered contaminant soil or material must cease immediately;  b. All practicable steps must be taken to prevent the contaminated material becoming entrained in stormwater. Immediate steps must include, where practicable:  i. Diverting any stormwater runoff from surrounding areas away from the contaminated material; and  ii. Minimising the exposure of the contaminated material, including covering the contaminants with an impervious cover;  c. Notification of the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Contaminated Sites Manager, within 24 hours of the discovery;  d. Earthworks within ten metres of discovered contaminant soil or material must not recommence until a suitably qualified and experienced contaminated land practitioner (SQEP) confirms to Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, that continuing works does not represent a significant risk to the environment;	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	All records and documentation associated with the discovery must be kept and copies must be provided to the Canterbury Regional Council upon request.	
25.	Any material removed from the site during the works that is potentially or confirmed as contaminated, must be disposed of at a facility authorised to receive such material.  a. Disposal dockets shall be retained and provided to Canterbury Regional Council upon request, Attention: Compliance Manager.	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
Spills		
-	All practicable measures must be taken to avoid spills of fuel or any other hazardous substances within the site. These measures must include:  a. Refuelling of machinery and vehicles must not occur within 20 metres of:  i. Open excavations;  ii. Exposed groundwater; and  iii. Stormwater devices.  b. A spill kit must be kept on site that is capable of absorbing the quantity of oil and petroleum products that may be spilt on site at any one time, remains on site at all times.  c. In the event of a spill of fuel or any other hazardous substance, the spill must be cleaned up as soon as practicable, the stormwater system must be inspected and cleaned, and measures taken to prevent a recurrence;	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.



- d. The Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, must be informed within 24 hours of a spill event exceeding five litres and the following information provided:
  - The date, time, location and estimated volume of the spill;
  - ii. The cause of the spill;
  - iii. The type of hazardous substance(s) spilled;
  - iv. Clean up procedures undertaken;
  - v. Details of the steps taken to control and remediate the effects of the spill on the receiving
  - vi. An assessment of any potential effects of the spill; and
  - vii. Measures to be undertaken to prevent a recurrence.

#### **Artesian Aquifer Interception**

- 27. In the event of an interception of unanticipated levels of artesian flows, all practicable measures must be undertaken to remedy or mitigate any change in aquifer pressure water quality or temperature. This must include:
  - The contractor must immediately cease all works within the immediate area of excavation that caused the interception of the artesian flows;
  - b. The contractor must determine and document whether the flow is constant or increasing, if the turbidity is constant or increasing and if the flow is confined to the excavation.
  - c. The contractor must notify the site engineer and/or other appropriate personnel to determine the emergency measures required to arrest the artesian flow. Emergency measures must include, but not be limited to:
    - The installation of a layer of impermeable material to the extent required to reform a capping layer over the aquifer to prevent the upward movement of groundwater through the confining layer; or
    - ii. Inserting a vertical pipe in the aquifer interception point (if practicable) and provide for a secure seal against the pipe to enable the stabilisation of the artesian flow in the pipe, and to determine the above ground water level to assess any further measures.
  - d. The temporary artesian flow beyond the excavation must be controlled and mitigated with appropriate erosion and sediment control measures;
  - e. The Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager must be notified as soon as practicable but no later than two working days after the interception; and
  - f. Upon remediation and arresting of flow from the aquifer interception, the construction methodology must be reconsidered and, if required, revised to avoid future interceptions of the aquifer.

Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.

Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.

### **Accidental Discovery of Archaeological Material** 28. a. Any activity which may modify, damage or destroy a pre-1900 archaeological site or material must Original applicant condition. follow the archaeological authority process under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC. An archaeological authority is required from Heritage New Zealand to modify, damage or destroy any archaeological site, whether recorded or not in the New Zealand Heritage List/Rārangi Kōrero. b. In the event of accidental discovery of any archaeological material, all works must cease immediately in the part of the site known, or suspected, to be an archaeological site. c. The Canterbury Regional Council, Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga and Papatipu Rūnanga, as well as the New Zealand Police in the case of discovery of kōiwi/human bones, must be informed immediately of the disturbance, and the archaeological authority process under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014 must be followed. d. In the event of the accidental discovery of Māori archaeological sites or material, the attached accidental discovery protocol for Māori archaeology must be followed in addition to the process under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014. e. To ensure that all statutory and cultural requirements have been met, any works in the part of the site subject to the archaeological discovery must not recommence until authorised by the Canterbury Regional Council and: i. Upon completion of the archaeological authority process referred to under (c); and ii. In the event of the accidental discovery of Māori archaeological sites or material, and in addition to (c) upon completion of the process referred to under (d); and iii.In the event of the discovery of kōiwi/human bones, immediately advise the New Zealand Police. **Management of Geranium retrorsum** Original applicant condition. a. Prior to the commencement of any earthworks or construction activities, the consent holder shall engage a suitably qualified ecologist or botanist to undertake a survey of the development site Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC. to determine the presence of the indigenous plant species Geranium retrorsum. b. The findings of the survey shall be documented in a brief report and submitted to Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager (via ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz) at least 10 working days before construction begins. 30 Updated to reflect the CRC Ecology comments by Ms Jack that monitoring of the translocated *Geranium* plants a. In the event that Geranium retrorsum is identified on site, the consent holder shall ensure that individual occurs both while in pots and once replanted on the site (noting these were not attached to the CRC Comments and were only summarised in the overall response of Mr Davie). This change also reflects CGL's Ecologist Mr plants are carefully removed and translocated into appropriately sized pots by appropriately qualified persons. Translocation shall occur between late autumn and early spring to support plant viability. Arthur's latest advice in the applicant's s55 response to ecology comments. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC. b. The consent holders qualified person shall maintain and propagate the plants as necessary while in pots and prior to replanting in (c) below. as required in (d). c. Upon completion of construction works, original and/or propagated plants shall be replanted in suitable locations within the development site, at a minimum ratio of 2:1 compared to the number of plants removed. d. Replanting shall occur between late autumn and early spring, in areas that are regularly maintained or where appropriate weed management practices are in place to support successful re-establishment.

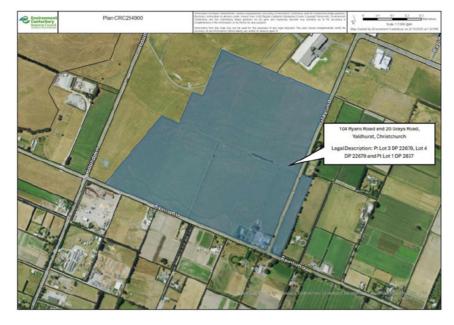


	e. The replanted <i>Geranium's</i> shall be monitored by the consent holders qualified person to ensure that they are maintained in a healthy condition for a period of 2 years.		
Fish Pr	rotection		
	The consent holder shall ensure that all practicable measures shall be undertaken to ensure that there is no stranding of fish in pools or channels up and downstream of the works.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
32.	A Fish Management Plan shall be prepared by a suitably qualified freshwater ecologist and submitted to the Canterbury Regional Council for their records (via <a href="mailto:ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz">ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz</a> ).  The plan should include the following as a minimum:  a. Locations where the plan will be implemented;  b. Methods to ensure fish cannot access works areas;  c. Protocols to be followed including methods to rescue and relocate fish;  d. Person/s responsible ensuring the plan is implemented;  e. Protocols if pest fish are encountered;  f. Protocols to ensure fish are not entrained in pumps during pumping (water pumping should have fish screens with a maximum mesh width and height size of three millimetres).	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
33.	In the event that fish are required to be salvaged and relocated to an appropriate waterway. The fish salvage must include the following measures:  a. Be conducted by or under supervision of a certified, suitably qualified and experienced freshwater ecologist;  b. Be in general accordance with Canterbury Regional Council and Christchurch City Council's "Fish Salvage Guidance for Works in Waterways" (12 October 2017) attached as Appendix CRC 254900.  c. The fish must be relocated to a habitat deemed suitable by the certified, suitably qualified and experienced freshwater ecologist after consultation with appropriate experts from the Ministry for Primary Industries, the Department of Conservation, and Fish and Game;  d. The certified, suitably qualified and experienced freshwater ecologist must hold any necessary permits and approvals required by the Ministry for Primary Industries, Department of Conservation and Fish and Game to conduct fish salvage.	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.  Addition from DOC in b. to include MfE's "National works in waterways guidelines".  Addition from DOC in c. to include consultation with MPI, DOC and Fish and Game.	
34.	Following the completion of works, the consent holder shall provide to the Canterbury Regional Council records (via <a href="mailto:ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz">ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz</a> ) of any fish captured and relocated. This record shall include:  a. The location where fish were captured; b. The species and number of fish captured; and c. The location where fish were relocated.	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
After C	fter Completion of Works		
35.	Within two weeks of the completion of each stage of works authorised by this resource consent:	Original applicant condition.	



	<ul> <li>a. All disturbed areas must be stabilised and/or revegetated; and</li> <li>b. All spoil and other waste materials from the works must be removed from site.</li> <li>Advice Note: The use of polymers for site stabilisation purposes, including those forming a component of hydro-seeding formulas, may require separate authorisations under the Resource Management Act 1991. Further, polymers are not considered a long term or permanent stabilisation technique and may require repeated application to ensure the site remains stabilised.</li> </ul>	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
36.	Within 3 months of the completion of earthworks on the site, a Site Validation Report (SVR) shall be provided to Canterbury Regional Council. The SVR shall be prepared by a SQEP in contaminated land.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
Admini	stration	
37.	The Canterbury Regional Council may annually, on the last working day of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this resource consent for the purposes of:  a. Dealing with adverse effect on the environment which may arise from the exercise of this resource consent, and which is not appropriate to deal with at a later stage; or  b. Requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
38.	If this resource consent is not exercised before 31 March 2031, it lapses in accordance with Section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991.  **Advice note: 'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this consent and undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.	Original applicant condition with new date added.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.

Canterbury Regional Council: S9 Land Use: Plan CRC254900 (note: this plan was provided by CRC for inclusion and may require further update to reflect the current plans as the application progresses through the process).



# PART 2: Canterbury Regional Council: S14 Water Permit Conditions

# **Duration sought: 5 years**

Limits	imits		
1.	The activities authorised by this consent shall be limited to:  a. The temporary instream damming of the Paparua Water Race Network at 104 Ryans Road and 20 Grays Road legally described as, Pt Lot 3 DP 22679, Lot 4 DP 22679 and Pt Lot 1 DP 2837 to facilitate the take and use of water for non-consumptive purposes; and	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
	b. The temporary non-consumptive take and use of water from the Paparua Water Race Network at 104 Ryans Road and 20 Grays Road legally described as, Pt Lot 3 DP 22679, Lot 4 DP 22679 and Pt Lot 1 DP 2837 for the purpose of bypassing flows around the locations of culvert installations.		
2.	The works shall be undertaken in accordance with the attached design plans, Plan CRC254897A and Plan CRC254897B which form part of this consent.  Note: Plans attached at end of conditions.	New condition added following final 19 November feedback.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
3.	Water may only be taken under Condition (1) for no longer than 12 weeks as an overall total with each stage being no longer than 2 weeks continuous.  Note: this work will occur in stages to complete the installation of the culverts, and the take must only occur for the time required to carry out the works within the stage.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Water Take			
4.	Over-pumping of the Paparua Water Race Network must be carried out at a rate that maintains existing water levels at the time of pumping. Over-pumping must not result in a reduction of water levels in the upstream reach.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
5.	Water taken from over-pumping the Paparua Water Race Network and removing water from the culvert installation sites shall be returned to the Paparua Water Race Network, immediately downstream of the culvert installation sites.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Fish Pr	rotection		
6.	Any pump used to take water in accordance with Condition (1) must be fitted with fish screens in general accordance with the Christchurch City Council's "Standards for Temporary Fish Screens on Christchurch City Council Projects" (2023) attached as Appendix CRC 254897.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Record	Records of Water Taken		
7.	A record of all water taking procedures within the site shall be kept and provided to the Canterbury Regional Council on request. This record shall include:  a. The date, time, rate and duration of the water take.	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Admini	istration		
8.	The Canterbury Regional Council may, once per year, on any of the last five working days of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this consent for the purposes of:	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.	



	<ul><li>a. Dealing with any adverse effect on the environment that may arise from the exercise of the consent or</li><li>b. Requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment.</li></ul>	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
9.	If this resource consent is not exercised before 31 March 2031, it lapses in accordance with Section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991.  **Advice note: 'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this consent and undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5 and new lapse date.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.

Canterbury Regional Council: S14 Water Permit Plans (note: these plans were provided by CRC for inclusion and may require further update to reflect the current plans as the application progresses through the process).

## Plan CRC254897A



# Plan CRC254897B



# PART 3: Canterbury Regional Council: S15 Discharge Permit Conditions – Construction Phase Duration sought: 5 years

Limits	Limits		
1.	<ul> <li>The discharges authorised under this resource consent are limited to:</li> <li>a. The discharge of surface water to the lateral channel of the Paparua Water Race Network at 104 Ryans Road and 20 Grays Road legally described as, Pt Lot 3 DP 22679, Lot 4 DP 22679 and Pt Lot 1 DP 2837 associated with the non-consumptive take and use authorised by resource consent CRC254897 as shown in Plan CRC254898A.</li> <li>b. Sediment-laden stormwater from exposed areas during earthworks to land via temporary soak pits within the site at 104 Ryans Road and 20 Grays Road legally described as, Pt Lot 3 DP 22679, Lot 4 DP 22679 and Pt Lot 1 DP 2837 as shown in Plan CRC254898B.</li> <li>Note: Plans attached at end of conditions.</li> </ul>	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5 and consent number.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
2.	Sediment laden stormwater must be discharged:  a. In accordance with the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) required by Condition (6) of this resource consent.  b. Onto and/or into land via temporary soak pits.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Prior to	Commencement		
3.	Prior to commencement of the works described in Condition (1), all personnel working on the site must be made aware of, and have access to, the following:  a. The contents of this resource consent document and all associated erosion and sediment control plans and other discharge treatment methodologies; and  b. Resource Consents CRC 254900 and CRC 254897 and all associated documents.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5 and consent numbers.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
4.	All erosion and sediment control measures detailed in the ESCP required by Condition (6) of this resource consent must be installed prior to the commencement of any earthworks or stripping of vegetation and topsoil occurring on the site.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
5.	At least 10 working days prior to the commencement of works on site, the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager (via ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz) must be informed of the commencement of works.	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Erosio	n and Sediment Control		
6.	The discharges authorised under this resource consent must occur in accordance with an ESCP. The ESCP must:  a. Detail best practicable sediment control measures that will be implemented to ensure compliance with the conditions of this resource consent;  b. Be prepared by a suitably qualified person with experience in erosion and sediment control in accordance with:  i. Canterbury Regional Council's Erosion and Sediment Control Toolbox for the Canterbury Region (ESCT), which can be accessed under http://esccanterbury.co.nz/; or	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	



	<ol> <li>An equivalent industry guideline. If an alternative guideline is used, the ESCP must provide</li> </ol>	
	details of the relevant alternative methods used and an explanation of why they are more appropriate than the ESCT; and  c. Be signed by an engineer or suitably qualified person with experience in erosion and sediment control, confirming that the erosion and sediment control measures for the site are appropriately sized and located in accordance with the ESCT or alternative guideline.	
7.	The ESCP must:	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.
	a. Include a map showing the location of all works;	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	<ul> <li>Detailed plans showing the location of sediment control measures, on-site catchment boundaries, and sources of run-off;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Detail how best practicable measures are taken to minimise discharges of sediment-laden stormwater run-off beyond the boundaries of the site;</li> </ul>	
	<ol> <li>Include drawings and specifications of designated sediment control measures, if these are not designed and installed in accordance with the ESCT;</li> </ol>	
	<ul> <li>Detail the methodology for stabilising the site entrance and exit points and any measures employed to prevent off-site tracking of sediment and other materials from the site;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Include a confirmation that the erosion and sediment control devices have been sized appropriately in accordance with the ESCT;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Include a programme of works, including a proposed timeframe for each stage of the works and the earthworks methodology;</li> </ul>	
	f. Detail the management of any stockpiled material;	
!	g. Detail inspection and maintenance of the sediment control measures;	
	h. Detail sampling procedures and protocols;	
	i. Define the discharge points where stormwater is discharged onto land / infiltrates into land;	
j	<ol> <li>Include a description of dust mitigation to be used and details of best practicable options to be applied to mitigate dust and sediment discharge beyond the site boundary;</li> </ol>	
	<ul> <li>Detail the methodology for stabilising the site if works are paused for more than five working days or abandoned;</li> </ul>	
	<ol> <li>Detail the methodology for stabilising the site and appropriate decommissioning of all erosion and sediment control measures after works have been completed; and</li> </ol>	
	m. Include measures such as a Chemical Treatment Plan should the use of water treatment chemicals be required.	
	Advice Note: The use of Water treatment chemicals may require additional consent under section 15 of the Resource Management Act	
	The ESCP must be submitted to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, after the commencement of the resource consent and at least 10 working days prior to works commencing.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.



		Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
9.	The ESCP may be amended at any time. Any amendments must be:  a. Only for the purpose of improving the efficacy of the erosion and sediment control measures and must not result in reduced discharge quality; and  b. For the purpose of applying best practicable measures to mitigate sediment transport off-site;  c. Consistent with the conditions of this resource consent; and  d. Submitted in writing to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, prior to any amendment being implemented.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
10.	Erosion and sediment control measures must be inspected at least once per day, as well as following any rainfall event that results in more than five millimetres of rainfall at the site. Any accumulated sediment must be removed, and repairs made, as necessary, to ensure effective functioning of measures and devices. Records of any inspections must be kept and provided to the Canterbury Regional Council on request.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
11.	If the consent holder abandons work on-site, or pauses works for more than five working days, adequate preventative and remedial measures must be taken to control sediment discharged from exposed or unconsolidated surfaces. These measures must be maintained for so long as necessary to prevent sediment discharges from the earth worked areas.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
During	the Works	
12.	The discharge to surface water described in Condition (1)(a) must not at any time:  a. Have a concentration of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) exceeding 50 milligrams per litre; and  b. Result in within the receiving waterbodies:  i. the production of any oil or grease films;  ii. the production of any floatable or suspended materials;  iii. the production any sludge or emulsion deposited on the bed.	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
13.	<ul> <li>a. Prior to the discharge of water in accordance with Conditions (1)(a) of this resource consent, a set of laboratory calibrated samples must be made up in clear bottles containing the following concentrations of TSS:  <ol> <li>i. 0 milligrams per litre;</li> <li>ii. 50 milligrams per litre;</li> <li>iii. 100 milligrams per litre;</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. The calibrated samples must be:  <ol> <li>i. prepared using representative soil samples from the site and then calibrated by a suitable laboratory to the unique combination of soil types at the site and the TSS concentrations detailed under (a); and</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.



	ii. be replaced by a newly prepared sample every six months.	
	c. The set of calibrated samples must be held on site.	
	<ul> <li>Records of the laboratory calibration, including records of replacement samples prepared must be kept and provided to Canterbury Regional Council on request.</li> </ul>	
14.	During the discharge to surface water described in Condition (1)(a), samples of discharge water must be:	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.
	a. Taken by a suitably qualified person and in accordance with best practicable sampling methodology;	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	<ul> <li>Collected in clean containers at the end of the sediment treatment system prior to the discharge to land or water;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Collected one, two, four, and 24 hours after the discharge has commenced, and once per day thereafter if discharge exceeds one working day; and</li> </ul>	
	d. Visually compared to the calibrated samples prepared in accordance with Condition (13).	
15.		Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.
	that a maximum TSS concentration of 50 milligrams per litre in the discharge will not, or is unlikely to be achieved, or if the visual assessment and observations undertaken in accordance with Condition (14) indicate a sheen of oil or grease or discoloration, or any sludge or emulsion below the water surface, then:	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	a. The discharge must cease immediately;	
	b. The discharge can only recommence once amendments have been made to the treatment process such that:	
	i. a TSS concentration of 50 milligrams per litre in the treated discharge is achieved; or	
	<ol> <li>the source of the sheen of oil or grease, discoloration, or any sludge or emulsion below the water surface, has been removed.</li> </ol>	
16.	All practicable measures must be taken to:	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.
	Minimise soil disturbance to that necessary to minimise the potential for sediment-laden stormwater runoff to be generated;	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	b. Prevent soil erosion as a result of stormwater runoff generated from the works area;	
	c. Avoid placing excavated material in a position where it may become entrained in stormwater runoff and discharged to:	
	i. any surface water body;	
	ii. any neighbouring site; and	
	iii. the Christchurch City Council's reticulated stormwater network, or any other private or public stormwater devices.	
17.	Tracking of material off-site during the works must be avoided at all times.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.
	a. Tracking of material oil-site during the works must be avolued at all tillies.	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.



	<ul> <li>In the event that material is tracked off-site, the tracked material must be removed as soon as practicable.</li> </ul>	
Discov	ery of Contaminated Soil or Materials	
18.	In the event that any contaminated soil or material is uncovered by the works, a contamination discovery protocol must be implemented, including but not limited to the following steps:	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	a. Earthworks within ten metres of discovered contaminant soil or material must cease immediately;	Condition wording agreed between COL and Orto.
	b. All practicable steps must be taken to prevent the contaminated material becoming entrained in stormwater. Immediate steps must include, where practicable:	
	<ul> <li>i. Diverting any stormwater runoff from surrounding areas away from the contaminated material; and</li> <li>ii. Minimising the exposure of the contaminated material, including covering the contaminants with an impervious cover;</li> </ul>	
	c. Notification of the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Contaminated Sites Manager, within 24 hours of the discovery;	
	d. Earthworks within ten metres of discovered contaminant soil or material must not recommence until a suitably qualified and experienced contaminated land practitioner (SQEP) confirms to Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, that continuing works does not represent a significant risk to the environment;	
	e. All records and documentation associated with the discovery must be kept and copies must be provided to the Canterbury Regional Council upon request.	
Stockp	iling of Contaminated Material/Soil	
19.	Stockpiling of contaminated material or soils must be avoided where possible. In the event that temporary stockpiling of suspected contaminated or contaminated material is required, then the contaminated material stockpiles must be managed as below:	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	a. Stockpiled contaminated material or soils must be kept separate from uncontaminated excavated soils stockpiles and any virgin aggregate or other material also stockpiled on-site; and	
	b. Stockpiled contaminated material must be placed on polythene sheeting or similar impervious material to prevent contamination of underlying material; and	
	<ul> <li>Stockpiled contaminated material must include a perimeter bund or berm installed to prevent runoff leaving the area and stormwater from other areas entering the stockpile area; and</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Stockpiled material must be covered or dampened during dry and windy conditions so as to prevent wind erosion; and</li> </ul>	
	e. If any rainfall is forecasted that has the potential to cause runoff from the stockpiles, or if the stockpiles are left overnight, over the weekend or over public holidays, the stockpiled material must be covered with plastic sheeting or a suitable material such as clean topsoil, or otherwise stabilised, to prevent stormwater runoff coming into contact with contaminated material.	
	<b>Advice Note:</b> For the purpose of this condition, temporary stockpiling means material being stockpiled for no longer than the overall construction period or the stage of construction if construction occurs in stages, whichever is the shorter period, and only for as long as reasonably necessary. The overall requirement to avoid, where possible, the stockpiling of contaminated material or soils prevails.	

Spills		
20.	All practicable measures must be taken to avoid spills of fuel or any other hazardous substances within the site. These measures must include:  a. Refuelling of machinery and vehicles must not occur within 20 metres of:  i. Open excavations;  ii. Exposed groundwater; and	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	<ul><li>iii. Stormwater devices.</li><li>b. A spill kit must be kept on site that is capable of absorbing the quantity of oil and petroleum products</li></ul>	
	that may be spilt on site at any one time, remains on site at all times.  c. In the event of a spill of fuel or any other hazardous substance, the spill must be cleaned up as soon as practicable, the stormwater system must be inspected and cleaned, and measures taken to prevent a recurrence;	
	d. The Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager, must be informed within 24 hours of a spill event exceeding five litres and the following information provided:	
	<ul><li>i. The date, time, location and estimated volume of the spill;</li><li>ii. The cause of the spill;</li></ul>	
	iii. The type of hazardous substance(s) spilled;	
	<ul> <li>iv. Clean up procedures undertaken;</li> <li>v. Details of the steps taken to control and remediate the effects of the spill on the receiving environment;</li> </ul>	
	vi. An assessment of any potential effects of the spill; and	
Upon C	vii. Measures to be undertaken to prevent a recurrence.  ompletion of Works	
21.	Erosion and sediment control measures must not be decommissioned until the site is stabilised and the stormwater system for the developed site is functioning. Decommissioning of the measures must be undertaken in the following order:  a. All disturbed areas must be stabilised and re-vegetated within two weeks of the completion of the works;  b. Any visible debris, litter, sediment and hydrocarbons must be removed from all sediment control measures and disposed at a suitable facility; and  c. Erosion and sediment control measures must be removed.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	c. Erosion and sediment control measures must be removed.	



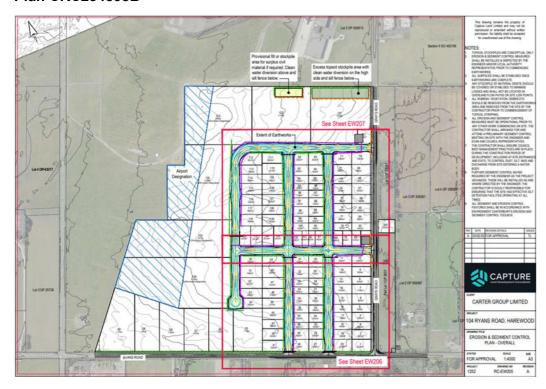
	<b>Advice Note:</b> The use of polymers for site stabilisation purposes, including those forming a component of hydro-seeding formulas, may require separate authorisations under the Resource Management Act 1991. Further, polymers are not considered a long-term or permanent stabilisation technique and may require repeated application to ensure the site remains stabilised.	
22.	Upon completion of works and the removal of erosion and sediment control measures, any visible sediment accumulated on impervious surfaces within or immediately adjacent to the works site must be removed to minimise the risk of sediment becoming entrained in stormwater. All sediment removed must be disposed of at a suitable facility.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
Admini	stration	
23.	The Canterbury Regional Council may annually, on the last working day of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this resource consent for the purposes of:	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	<ul> <li>Dealing with adverse effect on the environment which may arise from the exercise of this resource consent, and which is not appropriate to deal with at a later stage; or</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment.</li> </ul>	
24.	If this resource consent is not exercised before 31 March 2031, it lapses in accordance with Section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991.  **Advice Note: 'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this resource consent and undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.

Canterbury Regional Council: S15 Discharge Permit Plans – Construction Phase (note: these plans were provided by CRC for inclusion and may require further update to reflect the current plans as the application progresses through the process).

# Plan CRC254898A



# Plan CRC254898B



# Part 4: Canterbury Regional Council: S15 Discharge Conditions – Operational Phase: Roads, Berms and Footpaths Duration sought: 35 years

Limits	I imits		
1.	The activity authorised under this resource consent is limited to the discharge of stormwater generated from:  a. Roads;  b. Berms;  c. Footpaths;  associated with the proposed industrial subdivision of Pt Lot 3 DP 22679, Lot 4 DP 22679 and Pt Lot 1 DP 2837, located at 104 Ryans Road and 20 Grays Road, as show on Plan CRC 254899A attached to and forming part of this consent.  Note: Plans attached at end of conditions.	Updated to:  Reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5 and consent numbers.  Split the operational phase discharge consent conditions into two sets to enable the later transfer of the relevant SW conditions to the individual lot owners. This set only covers roads, berms and footpaths that will become public roads vested with CCC.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
2.	Stormwater must only be discharged onto and into land within the boundary of the site in accordance with Conditions (4) to (10) of this resource consent.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
	Unless treatment is provided, the discharge of roof stormwater must not arise from:  a. Copper building materials; or  b. Unpainted galvanised sheet materials.	Deleted as stormwater discharge from roofs is now covered in the individual lot consent conditions in Part 5 below.  Condition deletion agreed between CGL and CRC.	
3.	For any discharge areas (e.g. soakpits) on HAIL sites:  a. The discharge areas shall either meet the background levels, or the adopted values stated in Table C-3 of the Technical Guidelines for Disposal to Land (WasteMINZ, 2022).; and  b. Evidence of the discharge areas compliance with Condition (3a) shall be provided to Canterbury Regional Council prior to discharge occurring via email to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz.	Updated to reflect CRC expert comments in their Appendix 3 from Ms Mirabueno. This condition was initially missed off CRc's Appendix 5 full condition list.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Individ	lual Lot Stormwater Systems		
	Stormwater must be discharged into land via the following stormwater system:  a. Stormwater from roofs shall be discharged via a sealed system that excludes all other stormwater to soakage pits;  b. A minimum of one infiltration test at the location of each of the proposed soakage pits;  c. Stormwater from hardstand and impervious areas on individual lots must be discharged via an onsite proprietary treatment device for treatment of the 'first flush' flow prior to disposal to ground via soakage	Conditions 5 – 10 deleted as they relate to individual lots.  Condition deletion agreed between CGL and CRC.	
	d. The soakpits and associated detention shall have a minimum capacity to attenuate and dispose all rainfall events up to and including the 24 hour duration two (2) percent annual exceedance probability event from the contributing catchment;		



e. Stormwater in excess of the specified event in Condition (4)(d) must be directed towards the road
reserve.
The proprietary treatment device shall be designed and constructed to:
a. Have the capacity to treat stormwater flows equal to runoff from a minimum of 5 mm/rainfall intensity
on the contributing impervious catchment before bypassing.
The individual lot soakpits must:
a. Along with its associated detention, store and dispose of all rainfall events up to and including the 24
hour duration two (2) percent annual exceedance probability event from the contributing catchment;
b. Have a base that extends into free draining soil strata; and
e. Have a factor of safety of three incorporated into the soak pit design to account for reduction of
infiltration performance over time (clogging);
d. Be sized and designed based on infiltration tests completed at the proposed soakpit location and target
depth;
e. Have a maximum depth to the base of 7 meters below natural ground level.
Treatment of the first flush runoff shall be via one of the following systems:
5 ,
a. A raingarden designed in accordance with CCC's Rain Garden Design Construction and Maintenance  Manual 2015;
Marida 2010,
b. A soil absorption basin or sedimentation basins and wetland treatment train designed in accordance
with WWDG to treat a volume of runoff equal to that generated from 25mm rainfall depth;
a. One of the following proprietary treatment devices designed to treat the flow generated from a 5mm/hr
intensity rainfall event:
Hynds UpFlo Filter with CPZ Media
Stormwater 360 Stormfilter with ZPG Media
Stormwater 360 Filterra
SPEL Hydrosystem
SPEL Spelfilter
Stormwater generated within each individual site must only be discharged onto and into land within the boundary of each individual site.
boundary or each marviadar site.
The discharges must not arise from a site where any of the activities or industries listed in Schedule 3 of
the Land and Water Regional Plan attached as Appendix CRCXXXXXX, which forms part of this consent,
are conducted or operated.
For the avoidance of doubt, Conditions (12) to (18) do not apply to the individual lot discharges covered by
Conditions (5) to (10).



Overall	Overall Subdivision Stormwater System		
4.	Stormwater from roads, footpaths, and berms, within the public road reserve, must be conveyed via kerb and channel to submerged outlet sumps and treated via a first flush infiltration basin Stormwater360 Filterra Bioscape and/or soakpits system to meet the water quality requirements of the Land and Water Regional Plan water quality outcomes and standards set out in Table 1, Schedules 5 and 8 and Section 5 to 15 (whichever applies) are being met or will be met prior to being discharged to ground as shown on the attached Plans CRC 254899B and CRC254899C which forms part of this resource consent.  Note: Plans attached at end of conditions.	Condition updated to reflect new Stormwater360 Filterra Bioscape stormwater proposal by PDP.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
5.	The infiltration basin Stormwater360 Filterra Bioscape and/or soakpits shall:	Condition updated to reflect new Stormwater360 Filterra Bioscape stormwater proposal by PDP.	
	Along with its associated detention, store and dispose of all rainfall events up to and including the 24 hour duration two (2) percent annual exceedance probability event from the contributing catchment;	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
	b. Have a base that extends into free draining soil strata; and		
	<ul> <li>Have a factor of safety of [three] incorporated into the soak pit design to account for reduction of infiltration performance over time (clogging);</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Be sized and designed based on infiltration test(s) completed at the proposed soakpit location and target depth.</li> </ul>		
	e. Have a maximum depth to the base of 7 meters below natural ground level.		
6.	Where the capacity of the primary stormwater system is exceeded, stormwater must be directed towards the internal roading network.	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
7.	All sumps must be fitted with submerged outlets capable of trapping at least 60 litres of hydrocarbons.	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
8.	Stormwater shall not pond in any open detention area for longer than 48 hours after the cessation of any storm event.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
9.	Stormwater shall only be discharged onto and into land via the stormwater system detailed under Conditions (4) and (5) of this resource consent.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
10.	Stormwater management for the site shall be in general accordance with Stormwater Management Report prepared by PDP, <u>and any subsequent associated reports and memos</u> attached to and forming part of this resource consent.	Condition updated to reflect additional memo's have been submitted with the application since the original PDP report was lodged with the application back in March.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Design	Plans		
11.	At least 20 working days prior to the installation of the reticulated stormwater system, the consent holder <del>or lot owner</del> shall submit to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager:	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
	a. Final detailed design plans for the stormwater system/component.		
	<ul> <li>A certificate signed by a Chartered Professional Engineer (CPEng) with stormwater system design and construction experience confirming that:</li> </ul>		



		Т
	c. The stormwater system has been designed in accordance with the Conditions of this resource consent; and	
	d. A statement signed by the CPEng confirming that they are competent to certify the engineering work.	
12.	Within 10 working days of the installation of the stormwater system, the consent holder shall submit to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager:  a. All as built design plans of the [stormwater system/component/etc.] installed;	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	<ul> <li>A certificate signed by a CPEng with stormwater system design and construction experience confirming that confirming that the installed [stormwater system/component/etc.] complies with the conditions of this resource consent; and</li> </ul>	
	c. A statement signed by the CPEng confirming that they are competent to certify the engineering work.	
Inspect	ions and Maintenance	
13.	The stormwater system shall be maintained by:	Original applicant condition.
	a. Inspecting the proprietary treatment device or other chosen treatment system, trapped sumps, outlet manholes and soakage pit inlets] at least once every six month(s) depending on which treatment solution has been designed for the individual site.	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	b. Removing any visible hydrocarbons, debris or litter within ten working days of the inspection.	
	c. Removing any accumulated sediment in the infiltration soak pits within five working days of the inspection.	
	d. Removing any accumulated sediment in the sumps and manholes when the sediment occupies more than one quarter of the depth below the invert of the outlet pipe.	
	e. Repairing any scour or erosion within ten working days of the inspection.	
14.	Any material removed from the devices in accordance with Condition (13) shall be disposed of at an appropriate location.	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
15.	The proprietary treatment device shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the Manufacturers Specifications.	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
Record	s and Reporting	
16.	Records of the inspection and maintenance of the stormwater system must be kept. The records must include, but not be limited to, information that demonstrates compliance with Conditions (13), (14) and (15) of this consent. Copies of these records must be provided to the Canterbury Regional Council on request. These records must include, but not be limited to:	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	a. Date and details of inspections of the stormwater system;	
	<ul> <li>Date and details of any maintenance work, repairs and upgrades to the stormwater system, including removal of material and its disposal;</li> </ul>	



	c. Any complaints received about the stormwater discharge.		
Spills	pills		
_	All practicable measures shall be taken to avoid spills of fuel or any other hazardous substances within the site. In the event of a spill of fuel or any other hazardous substance:  a. The spill shall be cleaned up as soon as practicable, the stormwater system shall be inspected and cleaned, and measures shall be taken to prevent a recurrence;  b. The Canterbury Regional Council, Compliance Manager shall be informed within 24 hours of a spill event exceeding five litres and the following information provided:  i.The date, time, location and estimated volume of the spill;  iii.The cause of the spill;  iii.The type of hazardous substance(s) spilled;  iv.Clean up procedures undertaken;  v.Details of the steps taken to control and remediate the effects of the spill on the receiving environment;	Original applicant condition. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
	vi.An assessment of any potential effects of the spill; and vii.Measures to be undertaken to prevent a recurrence.		
18.	All best practicable options shall be used to contain spills or leaks of any hazardous substance from being discharged via the stormwater system. These shall include, but not be limited to the following:  a. Using a tank filling procedure to minimise spills during any fuel delivery;  b. Making spill kits available to contain or absorb any hazardous substances used or stored on the site;  c. Maintaining signs to identify the location of the spill kits; and  d. Maintaining written procedures in clearly visible locations that are to be undertaken to contain, remove and dispose of any spilled hazardous substance.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Admini	stration		
19.	The Canterbury Regional Council may, once per year, on any of the last five working days of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this consent for the purposes of:  a. Dealing with any adverse effect on the environment that may arise from the exercise of the consent or;  b. Requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
20.	If this resource consent is not exercised before 31 March 2031, it lapses in accordance with Section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991.  **Advice note: 'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this consent and undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	

Canterbury Regional Council: S15 Discharge Plans— Operational Phase: Roads, Berms and Footpaths (note: these plans were provided by CRC for inclusion and may require further update to reflect the current plans as the application progresses through the process).

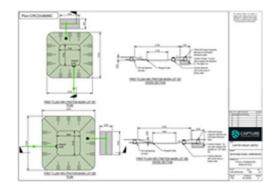
## Plan CRC254899A



# Plan CRC254899B



# Plan CRC254899C



# Part 5: Canterbury Regional Council: S15 Discharge Conditions – Operational Individual Lots: Roofs, Impervious Surfaces and Hardstand Areas Duration sought: 35 years

Limits	Limits		
1.	The activity authorised under this resource consent is limited to the discharge of stormwater generated from:  a. Roofs;  b. Hardstand areas;  c. Impervious areas;  associated with the proposed industrial subdivision of Pt Lot 3 DP 22679, Lot 4 DP 22679 and Pt Lot 1 DP 2837, located at 104 Ryans Road and 20 Grays Road, as show on Plan CRCXXXXXXA attached to and forming part of this consent.	<ul> <li>Updated to:</li> <li>Reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.</li> <li>Split the operational phase discharge consent conditions into two sets to enable the later transfer of the relevant SW conditions to the individual lot owners. This set only covers roofs, hardstand and impervious surfaces from lots being crated and does not cover roads etc.</li> <li>Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.</li> </ul>	
2.	Stormwater must only be discharged onto and into land within the boundary of the site in accordance with Conditions (5) to (11) of this resource consent.	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
3.	Unless treatment is provided, the discharge of roof stormwater must not arise from:  a. Copper building materials; or  b. Unpainted galvanised sheet materials.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
4.	<ul> <li>For any discharge areas (e.g. soakpits and basins) on HAIL sites:,</li> <li>a. The discharge areas shall either meet the background levels, or the adopted values stated in Table C-3 of the Technical Guidelines for Disposal to Land (WasteMINZ, 2022); and</li> <li>b. Evidence of the discharge areas compliance with Condition (3a) shall be provided to Canterbury Regional Council prior to discharge occurring via email to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager ECInfo@CRC.govt.nz.</li> </ul>	Updated to reflect CRC expert comments in their Appendix 3 from Ms Mirabueno. This condition was initially missed off CRC's Appendix 5 full condition list.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	
Individ	ual Lot Stormwater Systems		
5.	Stormwater must be discharged into land via the following stormwater system:  a. Stormwater from roofs shall be discharged via a sealed system that excludes all other stormwater to soakage pits;  b. A minimum of one infiltration test at the location of each of the proposed soakage pits;  c. Stormwater from hardstand and impervious areas on individual lots must be discharged via an onsite proprietary treatment device for treatment of the 'first flush' flow prior to disposal to ground via soakage pits;  d. The soakpits and associated detention shall have a minimum capacity to attenuate and dispose all rainfall events up to and including the 24 hour duration two (2) percent annual exceedance probability event from the contributing catchment;	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.	



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	<ul> <li>Stormwater in excess of the specified event in Condition (5)(d) must be directed towards the road reserve.</li> </ul>	
6.	The proprietary treatment device shall be designed and constructed to:	Original applicant condition.
	<ul> <li>Have the capacity to treat stormwater flows equal to runoff from a minimum of 5 mm/rainfall intensity on the contributing impervious catchment before bypassing.</li> </ul>	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
7.	The individual lot soakpits must:	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5.
	<ul> <li>Along with its associated detention, store and dispose of all rainfall events up to and including the 24 hour duration two (2) percent annual exceedance probability event from the contributing catchment;</li> </ul>	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	b. Have a base that extends into free draining soil strata; and	
	<ul> <li>Have a factor of safety of three incorporated into the soak pit design to account for reduction of infiltration performance over time (clogging);</li> </ul>	
	d. Be sized and designed based on infiltration tests completed at the proposed soakpit location and target depth;	
	e. Have a maximum depth to the base of 7 meters below natural ground level.	
8.	Treatment of the first flush runoff shall be via one of the following systems:	Condition updated to delete both (a) and (b) as they potentially result in ponding water. Such devices have been
	c. A raingarden designed in accordance with CCC's Rain Garden Design Construction and Maintenance Manual 2015;	removed for the application to address concerns raised by CIAL. The intent as per PDP reports is to use proprietary devices on the individual lots, so (c) alone covers it.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	d. A soil absorption basin or sedimentation basins and wetland treatment train designed in accordance with WWDG to treat a volume of runoff equal to that generated from 25mm rainfall depth;	
	One of the following proprietary treatment devices designed to treat the flow generated from a 5mm/hr intensity rainfall event:	
	Hynds UpFlo Filter with CPZ Media	
	Stormwater 360 Stormfilter with ZPG Media	
	Stormwater 360 Filterra	
	SPEL Hydrosystem	
	SPEL Spelfilter	
9.	Stormwater generated within each individual site must only be discharged onto and into land within the boundary of each individual site.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
10.	The discharges must not arise from a site where any of the activities or industries listed in Schedule 3 of the Land and Water Regional Plan attached as Appendix CRCXXXXXX, which forms part of this consent, are conducted or operated.	Updated to reflect CRC track changes in their Appendix 5. Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
11.	Stormwater management for the site shall be in general accordance with Stormwater Management Report prepared by PDP, and any subsequent associated reports and memos attached to and forming part of this resource consent.	Moved from condition 18 below. Condition updated to reflect additional memo's/reports have been submitted with the application since the original PDP report was lodged with the application back in March.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.



	For the avoidance of doubt, Conditions (12) to (18) do not apply to the individual lot discharges covered by Conditions (5) to (10).	Deleted as these consent conditions now only relate to individual lots.  Condition deletion agreed between CGL and CRC.
Overall	Subdivision Stormwater System	
	Stormwater from roads, footpaths, and berms, within the public road reserve, must be conveyed via kerb and channel to submerged outlet sumps and treated via a first flush infiltration basin <a href="Stormwater360">Stormwater360</a> <a href="Filterra-Bioscape">Filterra-Bioscape</a> and/or soakpits system to meet the water quality requirements of the Land and Water Regional Plan water quality outcomes and standards set out in Table 1, Schedules 5 and 8 and Section 5 to 15 (whichever applies) are being met or will be met prior to being discharged to ground as shown on the attached Plans CRCXXXXXXXXB and CRCXXXXXXXXC which forms part of this resource consent.	Conditions 12 – 17 deleted as they relate to the overall subdivision system for roads etc.  Condition deletion agreed between CGL and CRC.
	The infiltration basin Stormwater 360 Filterra Bioscape and/or soakpits shall:  a. Along with its associated detention, store and dispose of all rainfall events up to and including the 24 hour duration two (2) percent annual exceedance probability event from the contributing catchment;	
	b. Have a base that extends into free draining soil strata; and	
	<ul> <li>Have a factor of safety of [three] incorporated into the soak pit design to account for reduction of infiltration performance over time (clogging);</li> </ul>	
	d. Be sized and designed based on infiltration test(s) completed at the proposed soakpit location and target depth.	
	e. Have a maximum depth to the base of 7 meters below natural ground level.	
	Where the capacity of the primary stormwater system is exceeded, stormwater must be directed towards the internal roading network.	
	All sumps must be fitted with submerged outlets capable of trapping at least 60 litres of hydrocarbons.	
	Stormwater shall not pond in any open detention area for longer than 48 hours after the cessation of any storm event.	
	Stormwater shall only be discharged onto and into land via the stormwater system detailed under Conditions (12) and (13) of this resource consent.	
	Stormwater management for the site shall be in general accordance with Stormwater Management Report prepared by PDP, and any subsequent associated reports and memos attached to and forming part of this resource consent.	
Design	Plans	
12.	At least 20 working days prior to the installation of the reticulated stormwater system, the consent holder or lot owner shall submit to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager:  a. Final detailed design plans for the stormwater system/component.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.
	<ul> <li>b. A certificate signed by a Chartered Professional Engineer (CPEng) with stormwater system design and construction experience confirming that:</li> </ul>	



	c. The stormwater system has been designed in accordance with the Conditions of this resource consent; and				
	d. A statement signed by the CPEng confirming that they are competent to certify the engineering work.				
13.	Within 10 working days of the installation of the stormwater system, the consent holder shall submit to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Compliance Manager:  a. All as built design plans of the [stormwater system/component/etc.] installed;	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.			
	a. All as built design plans of the [stormwater system/component/etc.] Installed,				
	<ul> <li>A certificate signed by a CPEng with stormwater system design and construction experience confirming that confirming that the installed [stormwater system/component/etc.] complies with the conditions of this resource consent; and</li> </ul>				
	c. A statement signed by the CPEng confirming that they are competent to certify the engineering work.				
Inspect	Inspections and Maintenance				
14.	The stormwater system shall be maintained by:	Original applicant condition.			
	a. Inspecting the proprietary treatment device or other chosen treatment system, trapped sumps, outlet manholes and soakage pit inlets at least once every six month(s) depending on which treatment solution has been designed for the individual site.	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.			
	b. Removing any visible hydrocarbons, debris or litter within ten working days of the inspection.				
	<ul> <li>Removing any accumulated sediment in the infiltration soak pit within five working days of the inspection.</li> </ul>				
	d. Removing any accumulated sediment in the sumps and manholes when the sediment occupies more than one quarter of the depth below the invert of the outlet pipe.				
	e. Repairing any scour or erosion within ten working days of the inspection.				
15.	·	Original applicant condition.			
	appropriate location.	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.			
16.	. The [proprietary treatment device] shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the Manufacturers	Original applicant condition.			
	Specifications.	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.			
Record	s and Reporting				
17.	Records of the inspection and maintenance of the stormwater system must be kept. The records must	Updated to reflect CRC new condition in their Appendix 5.			
	include, but not be limited to, information that demonstrates compliance with Conditions (14), (15) and (16) of this consent. Copies of these records must be provided to the Canterbury Regional Council on request. These records must include, but not be limited to:	Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.			
	a. Date and details of inspections of the stormwater system;				
	<ul> <li>Date and details of any maintenance work, repairs and upgrades to the stormwater system, including removal of material and its disposal;</li> </ul>				



	c. Any complaints received about the stormwater discharge.					
Spills	Spills					
18.	All practicable measures shall be taken to avoid spills of fuel or any other hazardous substances within the site. In the event of a spill of fuel or any other hazardous substance:  a. The spill shall be cleaned up as soon as practicable, the stormwater system shall be inspected and	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.				
	<ul> <li>cleaned, and measures shall be taken to prevent a recurrence;</li> <li>b. The Canterbury Regional Council, Compliance Manager shall be informed within 24 hours of a spill event exceeding five litres and the following information provided:</li> </ul>					
	i. The date, time, location and estimated volume of the spill;					
	ii. The cause of the spill;					
	iii. The type of hazardous substance(s) spilled;					
	iv. Clean up procedures undertaken;					
	<ul> <li>Details of the steps taken to control and remediate the effects of the spill on the receiving environment;</li> </ul>					
	vi. An assessment of any potential effects of the spill; and					
	vii. Measures to be undertaken to prevent a recurrence.					
19.	All best practicable options shall be used to contain spills or leaks of any hazardous substance from being discharged via the stormwater system. These shall include, but not be limited to the following:  a. Using a tank filling procedure to minimise spills during any fuel delivery;	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.				
	b. Making spill kits available to contain or absorb any hazardous substances used or stored on the site;					
	c. Maintaining signs to identify the location of the spill kits; and					
	d. Maintaining written procedures in clearly visible locations that are to be undertaken to contain, remove and dispose of any spilled hazardous substance.					
Admini	stration					
20.	The Canterbury Regional Council may, once per year, on any of the last five working days of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this consent for the purposes of:	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.				
	a. Dealing with any adverse effect on the environment that may arise from the exercise of the consent or;					
	<ul> <li>Requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment.</li> </ul>					
21.	If this resource consent is not exercised before 31 March 2031, it lapses in accordance with Section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991.	Original applicant condition.  Condition wording agreed between CGL and CRC.				
	<b>Advice note:</b> 'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this consent <u>and</u> undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.					

Clare Dale Joanne Mitten From: Monday, 24 November 2025 1:55 pm Sent: Clare Dale; Sam Prystupa To: Anna Stewart Cc: Subject: RE: Final PDF Conditions [Filed 24 Nov 2025 14:37] Categories: Filed by Mail Manager Hi Clare. We've had a final review of the CRC consent conditions for Ryan's Road and agree with the conditions attached. We do note that you have added some additional detail to condition 33- regarding additions from DOC- we are fine with those additions. Thanks for working with us on these-collaboration has produced a robust set of conditions. Cheers, lo From: Clare Dale Sent: Monday, 24 November 2025 1:35 pm To: Joanne Mitten Sam Prystupa Subject: Final PDF Conditions Caution: This is an email from an external party. Please take care when clicking links or opening attachments. Hi Jo and Sam, Attached is the final PDF version of the conditions we will be lodging with the EPA. This will likely occur tomorrow or Wednesday. In the meantime while we are waiting for out final airport reports to be finalised, is there any chance you could send me back an email of letter outlining CRC's agreement with the attached? **Thanks** Clare Clare Dale Senior Planner Hours of work: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday 8.30am - 2.30pm and Thursday 8.30am - 3pm. Please note I do not work on Friday.

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